





# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant** Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

FCC ID QISAGS2-L09

**Product** Tablet

Model AGS2-L09

**Report No.** R1806H0068-R7

Issue Date June 29, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in FCC CFR47 Part 15E (2018). The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Performed by: Zhengqiang Zhou

Zhengbiang Zhou

Approved by: Kai Xu

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3 FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000



# **TABLE OF CONTENT**

Report No: R1806H0068-R7

1.	Tes	t Laboratory	4
		Notes of the test report	
	1.2.	Test facility	4
	1.3.	Testing Location	5
		neral Description of Equipment under Test	
3.	App	olied Standards	ę
4.	DFS	S Technical Requirements and Radar Test Waveforms	.10
	4.1.	DFS Overview	10
	4.2.	DFS Detection Thresholds	.11
	4.3.	RADAR TEST WAVEFORMS	.12
	4.4.	Test set-ups	15
5.	Tes	t Case Results	. 17
	5.1.	In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and	
	Non-C	Occupancy Period	17
6	Mai	n Test Instruments	22



# Summary of measurement results

Number	Summary of measurements of results	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict	
1	DFS Detection Threshold	15.407/KDB 905462 5.2	NA	
2	U-NII Detection Bandwidth	15.407/KDB 905462 7.8.1	NA	
3	Channel Availability Check Time	15.407/KDB 905462 7.8.2	NA	
4	In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time	15.407/KDB 905462 7.8.3	pass	
5	In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time	15.407/KDB 905462 7.8.3	pass	
6	In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period(NOP)	15.407/KDB 905462 7.8.3	pass	
7	Statistical Performance Check	15.407/KDB 905462 7.8.4	NA	
Date of Te	Date of Testing: June 6, 2018 ~ June 22, 2018			



1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support

Report No: R1806H0068-R7

regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number: L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation

Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission

list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic

emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic

emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory

Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



## 1.3. Testing Location

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Company:

Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong

City: Shanghai

Post code: 201201

P. R. China Country:

Contact: Xu Kai

Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3

Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000

Website: http://www.ta-shanghai.com

E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com





2. General Description of Equipment under Test

#### **Client Information**

Applicant	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Applicant address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.China.		
Manufacturer	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Manufacturer address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.China.		

Report No: R1806H0068-R7

## **General information**

EUT Description				
Model	AGS2-L09			
IMEI	004401721144216			
Hardware Version	A6t6e			
Software Version	AGS2-L09 8.0.0.1(SP1C432log)			
Power Supply	Battery/AC adapter			
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna			
Test Mode	U-NII-2A(5250MHz-5350MHz) U-NII-2C(5470MHz-5725MHz)			
Modulation Type	802.11a(HT20) : OFDM 802.11n(HT20/HT40) : OFDM 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80):OFDM			
Operating Mode	☐Master ☐Client with radar detection ☑Client without radar detection			
Operating Frequency	U-NII-2A: 5250MHz-5350MHz			
Range(s)	U-NII-2C: 5470MHz-5725MHz  EUT Accessory			
	Manufacturer: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.			
Adapter 1	Model: HW-050100E01			
Adapter 2	Manufacturer: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Model: HW-050100B01			
Adapter 3	Manufacturer: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Model: HW-050100A01			
Adapter 4	Manufacturer: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Model: HW-050100U01			

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

TA-MB-04-007R

Page 6 of 22



Battery	Manufacturer: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. (SCUD) Model: HB2899C0ECW-C		
USB Extend Cable	100cm Cable, Signal Cable, USB2.0, 5V 1A		
Note: The information of the EUT is declared by the manufacturer.			



Report No: R1806H0068-R7 **FCCRF Test Report** 

## Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless	Technology	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency
		20 MHz	52	5260MHz
			56	5280MHz
			60	5300MHz
	U-NII-2A		64	5320MHz
		40 MHz	54	5270MHz
		40 MI⊓Z	62	5310MHz
		80 MHz	58	5290MHz
			100	5500MHz
			104	5520MHz
			108	5540MHz
			112	5560MHz
			116	5580MHz
		20 MH=	120	5600MHz
Wi-Fi	U-NII-2C	20 MHz	124	5620MHz
VVI-F1			128	5640MHz
			132	5660MHz
			136	5680MHz
			140	5700MHz
			144	5720MHz
			102	5510MHz
			110	5550MHz
		40 MHz	118	5590MHz
		40 IVI⊓Z	126	5630MHz
			134	5670MHz
			142	5710MHz
			106	5530MHz
		80 MHz	122	5610MHz
			138	5690MHz
Does this	device suppor	t TPC Function?	⊠No	
Does this device support TDWR Band? ⊠Yes □No				



## 3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC CFR47 Part 15E (2018) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices

FCC KDB 905462 D02UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02

FCC KDB 905462 D03 Client Without DFS New Rules v01r02





# 4. DFS Technical Requirements and Radar Test Waveforms

#### 4.1. DFS Overview

Table 1 Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar  Detection	
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Yes	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

Table 2 Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master Device or Client with	ClientWithout Radar		
	Radar Detection	Detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required		
Additional requirements for	Master Device or Client with	Client Without Radar		
devices with multiple bandwidth	Radar Detection	Detection		
modes	Radai Detection	Detection		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	All BW modes must be tested	Not required		
Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required		
Channel Cleaing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode	Test using the widest BW		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	available	mode available for the link		
Channel Move Time	Test using widest BW mode	Test using the widest BW		
Chame Wove Time	available	mode available for the link		
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required		

**Note:** Frequencies selected for statistical performance check should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.



#### 4.2. DFS Detection Thresholds

#### Table 3 DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection

Report No: R1806H0068-R7

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)	
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density	-62 dBm	
< 10 dBm/MHz	<b>42 42</b>	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power	-64 dBm	
spectral density requirement	-04 dBIII	

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

**Note 2:** Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

**Note3:** EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

#### **Table 4 DFS Response Requirement Values**

Parameter	Value	
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes	
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds	
Channel Move Time	10 seconds	
Charmer wove Time	See Note 1.	
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	milliseconds over remaining 10 second period.	
	See Notes 1 and 2.	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission	
O-MII Detection Dandwidth	power bandwidth. See Note 3.	

**Note 1:** Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

**Note 2:** The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

**Note 3:** During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic





## 4.3. RADAR TEST WAVEFORMS

#### Table5Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a  Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	Roundup	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregat	te (Radar	Types 1-4)		80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.



FCCRF Test Report Report Report No: R1806H0068-R7

Table 5a Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A

Pulse Repetition	Pulse Repetition Frequency	Pulse Repetition Interval
Frequency Number	(Pulses Per Second)	(Microseconds)
1	1930.5	518
2	1858.7	538
3	1792.1	558
4	1730.1	578
5	1672.2	598
6	1618.1	618
7	1567.4	638
8	1519.8	658
9	1474.9	678
10	1432.7	698
11	1392.8	718
12	1355	738
13	1319.3	758
14	1285.3	778
15	1253.1	798
16	1222.5	818
17	1193.3	838
18	1165.6	858
19	1139	878
20	1113.6	898
21	1089.3	918
22	1066.1	938
23	326.2	3066

The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4. For example, the following table indicates how to compute the aggregate of percentage of successful detections.

Radar Type	Number of Trials	Number of Successful  Detections	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection		
1	35	29	82.9%		
2	30	18	60%		
3	30	27	90%		
4	50	44	88%		
Aggregate (82.9% + 60% + 90% + 88%)/4 = 80.2%					



#### Table6 Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per <i>Burst</i>	Number of <i>Bursts</i>	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

**Table7 Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform** 

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same Burst parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm: The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 - 5724 MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.



#### 4.4. Test set-ups

#### Setup for Master with injection at the Master

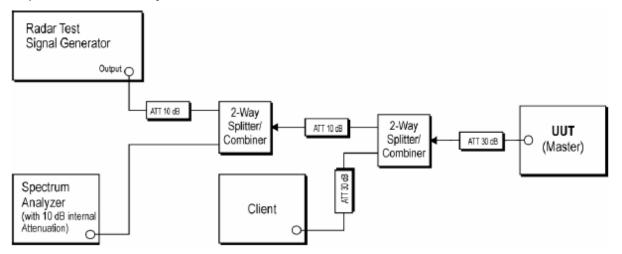


Figure 2: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Master and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master

#### Setup for Client with injection at the Master

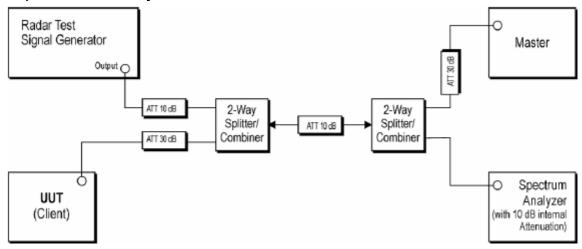


Figure 3: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master

## Setup for Client with injection at the Client

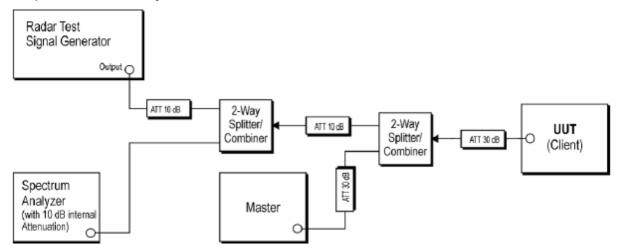


Figure 4: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Client





#### 5. Test Case Results

# 5.1. In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure		
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa		

#### **Methods of Measurement**

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring;

- Channel Closing Transmission Time
- Channel Move Time
- Non-Occupancy Period

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device (In- Service Monitoring).

- 1. One frequency will be chosen from the Operating Channels of the EUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands. For 802.11 devices, the test frequency must contain control signals. This can be verified by disabling channel loading and monitoring the spectrum analyzer. If no control signals are detected, another frequency must be selected within the emission bandwidth where control signals are detected.
- 2. In case the EUT is a U-NII device operating as a Client Device (with or without DFS), a U-NII device operating as a Master Device will be used to allow the EUT (Client device) to Associate with the Master Device. In case the EUT is a Master Device, a U-NII device operating as a Client Device will be used and it is assumed that the Client will Associate with the EUT (Master). In both cases for conducted tests, the Radar Waveform generator will be connected to the Master Device. For radiated tests, the emissions of the Radar Waveform generator will be directed towards the Master Device. If the Master Device has antenna gain, the main beam of the antenna will be directed toward the radar emitter. Vertical polarization is used for testing.
- 3. Stream the channel loading test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the test Channel for the entire period of the test.
- 4. At time  $T_0$  the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for one of the Radar Type 0 in Table 5 at levels defined in Table 3, on the Operating Channel. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the DFS Detection Threshold, accounting for equipment variations/errors.
- 5. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the



observation time (Channel Move Time). Measure and record the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time if radar detection occurs. Figure 17 illustrates Channel Closing Transmission Time.

- 6. When operating as a Master Device, monitor the EUT for more than 30 minutes following instant  $T_2$  to verify that the EUT does not resume any transmissions on this Channel. Perform this test once and record the measurement result.
- 7. In case the EUT is a U-NII device operating as a Client Device with In-Service Monitoring, perform steps 1 to 6.

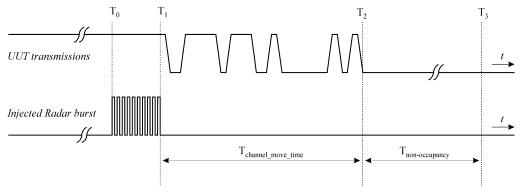


Figure 17: Example of Channel Closing Transmission Time & Channel Closing Time

#### Limits

Channel Move Time	≤10s		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	≤200ms + 60ms (over remaining 10s period)		
Non-Occupancy Period	≥30min		

**Note 1:** Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

**Note 2:** The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitateaChannel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

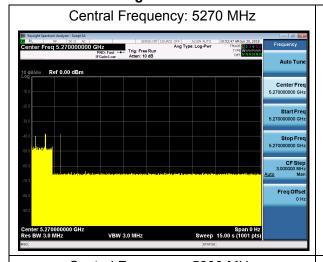
#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

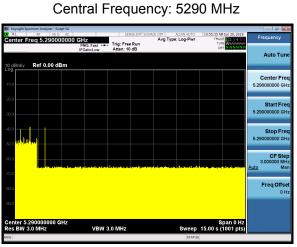
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96, U=2.69 dB.

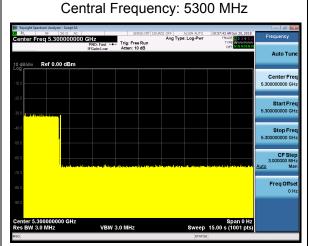


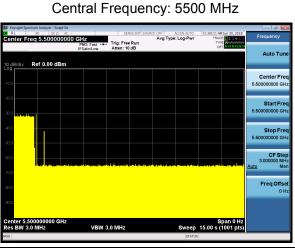
#### **Test Results:**

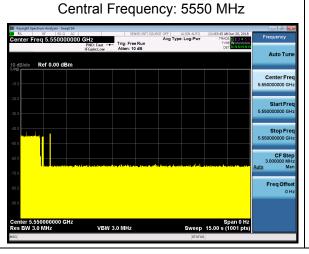
#### **In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time**

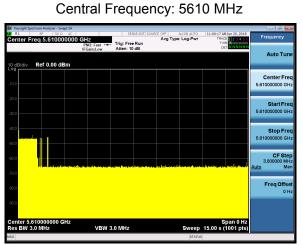












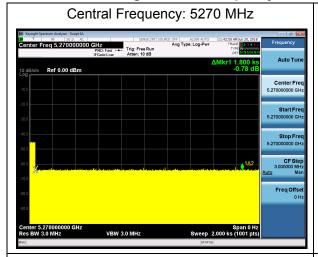
## In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time

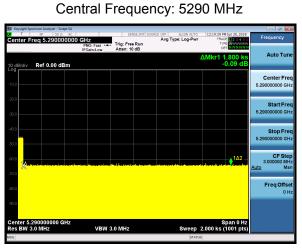




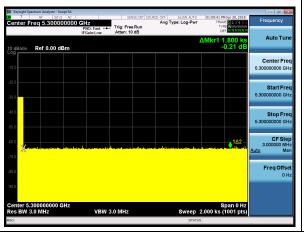


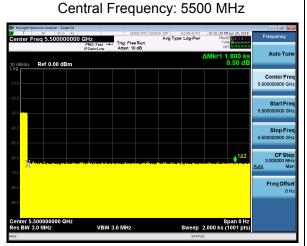
#### **In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period**

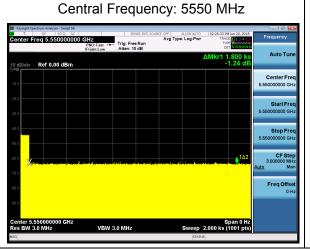


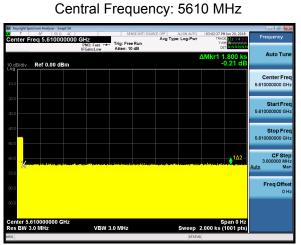


Central Frequency: 5300 MHz











## 6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
Splitter	UCL Microwave	2 way	UCL-PD0512-2S	2015-08-21	2018-08-20
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52330084	2017-12-17	2018-12-16
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	MY51350303	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	1	1
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0002	/	1
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0003	/	1
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0004	/	1
Software	Agilent	N7607B V3.0.0.0	1	1	/
WLAN AP	Cisco	Air-AP1262 N-A-K9	LDK102073 (FCC ID)	1	1

\*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*