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|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Prüfbericht-Nr.: Test report no.: | CN22KG8L 004 | Auftrags-Nr.: Order no.: | 168368607 | Seite 1 von 36 Page 1 of 36 | |
| Kunden-Referenz-Nr.: Client reference no.: | N/A | Auftragsdatum: Order date: | 2022-06-13 | | |
| Auftraggeber: Client: | SZ DJI TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. 14th Floor, West Wing, Skyworth Semiconductor Design Building No.18 Gaoxin South 4th Ave Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P.R. China | | | | |
| Prüfgegenstand: Test item: | DJI RC Motion 2 | | | | |
| Bezeichnung / Typ-Nr.: Identification / Type no.: | RM220 | | | | |
| Auftrags-Inhalt: Order content: | Test Report | | | | |
| Prüfgrundlage: Test specification: | CFR47 FCC Part 2.1093 | | | | |
| Wareneingangsdatum: Date of sample receipt: | | | | | |
| Prüfmuster-Nr.: Test sample no.: | A003318870-007 | | | | |
| Prüfzeitraum: Testing period: | 2022-09-27 to 2022-09-28 | | | | |
| Ort der Prüfung: Place of testing: | TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. | | | | |
| Prüflaboratorium: Testing laboratory: | TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. | | | | |
| Prüfergebnis*: Test result*: | Pass | | | | |
| geprüft von: tested by: | X | Hardy Suo | genehmigt von: authorized by: | Winnie Hou | |
| Datum: Date: | 2022-10-10 | | | | |
| Stellung / Position: | Sachverständige(r) / Expert | | Stellung / Position: | Sachverständige(r) / Expert | |
| Sonstiges / Other: | FCC ID: SS3-RM22022 | | | | |
| Zustand des Prüfgegenstandes bei Anlieferung: Condition of the test item at delivery: | Prüfmuster vollständig und unbeschädigt Test item complete and undamaged | | | | |
| * Legende: P(ass) = entspricht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) | 1 = sehr gut | 2 = gut | 3 = befriedigend | 4 = ausreichend | 5 = mangelhaft |
| * Legend: P(ass) = passed a.m. test specification(s) | F(ail) = entspricht nicht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) | | F(ail) = failed a.m. test specification(s) | N/A = nicht anwendbar | N/T = nicht getestet |
| 4 = sufficient | | | | | |
| 5 = poor | | | | | |
| N/A = not applicable | | | | | |
| N/T = not tested | | | | | |
| <p>Dieser Prüfbericht bezieht sich nur auf das o.g. Prüfmuster und darf ohne Genehmigung der Prüfstelle nicht auszugsweise vervielfältigt werden. Dieser Bericht berechtigt nicht zur Verwendung eines Prüfzeichens.</p> <p>This test report only relates to the a. m. test sample. Without permission of the test center this test report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This test report does not entitle to carry any test mark.</p> | | | | | |

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1. General Information

1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

| Equipment Class | Mode | Highest Reported Extremity SAR _{10g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg) |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| DTS | SDR-2.4GHz | 0.92 |
| | SDR-5.8GHz | 0.45 |

Note:

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (10-gram SAR for Product Specific 10g SAR, limit: 4.0W/kg) specified in CFR 47 FCC part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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1.2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

1.2.1. General Information

The EUT (Equipment Under Test) is a DJI RC Motion 2. It supports 2.4GHz SDR and 5.8GHz SDR functions.

*remark: SDR means specific defined radio, and cannot changes radio specification via software/firmware by end-users.

For details refer to the User Manual, Technical Description and Circuit Diagram.

1.2.2. Technical Specification of EUT

| General Information of EUT | Value |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Kind of Equipment | DJI RC Motion 2 |
| Type Designation | RM220 |
| Trademark | DJI |
| FCC ID | SS3-RM22022 |
| Operating Temperature Range | -10 °C ~ 40 °C |
| Operating Voltage | Internal battery operated (DC 3.6V@2600mAh) or Charged by USB port (DC 5V) |
| Testing Voltage | Fully charged battery |
| Radiofrequency operating mode | 1) 2.4GHz SDR: operating within 2400-2483.5MHz, supports 1.4MHz/10MHz/20MHz Bandwidth 2) 5.8GHz SDR: operating within 5725-5850MHz, supports 1.4MHz/10MHz/20MHz Bandwidth |

Technical Specification of 2.4GHz SDR

| | |
|--|--|
| Operating Frequency | 2407.5-2465.5MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth 2409.12-2467.12MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA mode) 2405.5-2476.5 MHz for 10MHz Bandwidth (RX Only) 2410.5-2472.5 MHz for 20MHz Bandwidth (RX Only) |
| Type of Modulation | OFDM (QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) |
| Channel Number | 30 channels for 1.4MHz Bandwidth 30 channels for 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA mode) 72 channels for 10MHz Bandwidth 63 channels for 20MHz Bandwidth |
| Channel Separation | 2MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth 2MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA mode) 1MHz for 10MHz Bandwidth 1MHz for 20MHz Bandwidth |
| Antenna Type | Dipole antenna |
| Antenna Number | 2Tx2Rx for MIMO mode (ANT0+ANT1), un-correlated signals, only supports MIMO |
| Antenna Gain | 0.5 dBi for ANT0 & ANT1 |
| The type of wideband data transmission equipment | DTS |

Technical Specification of 5.8GHz SDR

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Operating Frequency | 5728.5-5846.5MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth 5730.12-5848.12MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA mode) 5732.5-5844.5MHz for 10MHz Bandwidth (RX Only) |
|---------------------|--|

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|--|--|
| | 5735.5-5839.5MHz for 20MHz Bandwidth (RX Only) |
| Type of Modulation | OFDM (QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) |
| Channel Number | 60 channels for 1.4MHz Bandwidth 60 channels for 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA mode) 113 channels for 10MHz Bandwidth 105 channels for 20MHz Bandwidth |
| Channel Separation | 2MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth 2MHz for 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA mode) 1MHz for 10MHz Bandwidth 1MHz for 20MHz Bandwidth |
| Antenna Type | Dipole antenna |
| Antenna Number | 2Tx2Rx for MIMO mode (ANT0+ANT1), Un-correlated signals, only supports MIMO |
| Antenna Gain | 1.5 dBi for ANT0 & ANT1 |
| The type of wideband data transmission equipment | DTS |

Table 1: RF Channel and Frequency of 2.4GHz SDR

| 2.4GHz 1.4MHz Bandwidth (2407.5MHz-2465.5MHz) | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 2407.5 | 16 | 2437.5 |
| 2 | 2409.5 | 17 | 2439.5 |
| 3 | 2411.5 | 18 | 2441.5 |
| 4 | 2413.5 | 19 | 2443.5 |
| 5 | 2415.5 | 20 | 2445.5 |
| 6 | 2417.5 | 21 | 2447.5 |
| 7 | 2419.5 | 22 | 2449.5 |
| 8 | 2421.5 | 23 | 2451.5 |
| 9 | 2423.5 | 24 | 2453.5 |
| 10 | 2425.5 | 25 | 2455.5 |
| 11 | 2427.5 | 26 | 2457.5 |
| 12 | 2429.5 | 27 | 2459.5 |
| 13 | 2431.5 | 28 | 2461.5 |
| 14 | 2433.5 | 29 | 2463.5 |
| 15 | 2435.5 | 30 | 2465.5 |

| 2.4GHz 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA Mode) (2409.12MHz-2467.12MHz) | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 2409.12 | 16 | 2439.12 |
| 2 | 2411.12 | 17 | 2441.12 |
| 3 | 2413.12 | 18 | 2443.12 |

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| | | | |
|----|---------|----|---------|
| 4 | 2415.12 | 19 | 2445.12 |
| 5 | 2417.12 | 20 | 2447.12 |
| 6 | 2419.12 | 21 | 2449.12 |
| 7 | 2421.12 | 22 | 2451.12 |
| 8 | 2423.12 | 23 | 2453.12 |
| 9 | 2425.12 | 24 | 2455.12 |
| 10 | 2427.12 | 25 | 2457.12 |
| 11 | 2429.12 | 26 | 2459.12 |
| 12 | 2431.12 | 27 | 2461.12 |
| 13 | 2433.12 | 28 | 2463.12 |
| 14 | 2435.12 | 29 | 2465.12 |
| 15 | 2437.12 | 30 | 2467.12 |

| 2.4GHz 10MHz Bandwidth (2405.5MHz-2476.5MHz) | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 2405.5 | 19 | 2423.5 | 37 | 2441.5 | 55 | 2459.5 |
| 2 | 2406.5 | 20 | 2424.5 | 38 | 2442.5 | 56 | 2460.5 |
| 3 | 2407.5 | 21 | 2425.5 | 39 | 2443.5 | 57 | 2461.5 |
| 4 | 2408.5 | 22 | 2426.5 | 40 | 2444.5 | 58 | 2462.5 |
| 5 | 2409.5 | 23 | 2427.5 | 41 | 2445.5 | 59 | 2463.5 |
| 6 | 2410.5 | 24 | 2428.5 | 42 | 2446.5 | 60 | 2464.5 |
| 7 | 2411.5 | 25 | 2429.5 | 43 | 2447.5 | 61 | 2465.5 |
| 8 | 2412.5 | 26 | 2430.5 | 44 | 2448.5 | 62 | 2466.5 |
| 9 | 2413.5 | 27 | 2431.5 | 45 | 2449.5 | 63 | 2467.5 |
| 10 | 2414.5 | 28 | 2432.5 | 46 | 2450.5 | 64 | 2468.5 |
| 11 | 2415.5 | 29 | 2433.5 | 47 | 2451.5 | 65 | 2469.5 |
| 12 | 2416.5 | 30 | 2434.5 | 48 | 2452.5 | 66 | 2470.5 |
| 13 | 2417.5 | 31 | 2435.5 | 49 | 2453.5 | 67 | 2471.5 |
| 14 | 2418.5 | 32 | 2436.5 | 50 | 2454.5 | 68 | 2472.5 |
| 15 | 2419.5 | 33 | 2437.5 | 51 | 2455.5 | 69 | 2473.5 |
| 16 | 2420.5 | 34 | 2438.5 | 52 | 2456.5 | 70 | 2474.5 |
| 17 | 2421.5 | 35 | 2439.5 | 53 | 2457.5 | 71 | 2475.5 |
| 18 | 2422.5 | 36 | 2440.5 | 54 | 2458.5 | 72 | 2476.5 |

| 2.4GHz 20MHz Bandwidth (2410.5MHz-2472.5MHz) | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 2410.5 | 22 | 2431.5 | 43 | 2452.5 |
| 2 | 2411.5 | 23 | 2432.5 | 44 | 2453.5 |
| 3 | 2412.5 | 24 | 2433.5 | 45 | 2454.5 |
| 4 | 2413.5 | 25 | 2434.5 | 46 | 2455.5 |
| 5 | 2414.5 | 26 | 2435.5 | 47 | 2456.5 |

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|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|
| 6 | 2415.5 | 27 | 2436.5 | 48 | 2457.5 |
| 7 | 2416.5 | 28 | 2437.5 | 49 | 2458.5 |
| 8 | 2417.5 | 29 | 2438.5 | 50 | 2459.5 |
| 9 | 2418.5 | 30 | 2439.5 | 51 | 2460.5 |
| 10 | 2419.5 | 31 | 2440.5 | 52 | 2461.5 |
| 11 | 2420.5 | 32 | 2441.5 | 53 | 2462.5 |
| 12 | 2421.5 | 33 | 2442.5 | 54 | 2463.5 |
| 13 | 2422.5 | 34 | 2443.5 | 55 | 2464.5 |
| 14 | 2423.5 | 35 | 2444.5 | 56 | 2465.5 |
| 15 | 2424.5 | 36 | 2445.5 | 57 | 2466.5 |
| 16 | 2425.5 | 37 | 2446.5 | 58 | 2467.5 |
| 17 | 2426.5 | 38 | 2447.5 | 59 | 2468.5 |
| 18 | 2427.5 | 39 | 2448.5 | 60 | 2469.5 |
| 19 | 2428.5 | 40 | 2449.5 | 61 | 2470.5 |
| 20 | 2429.5 | 41 | 2450.5 | 62 | 2471.5 |
| 21 | 2430.5 | 42 | 2451.5 | 63 | 2472.5 |

Table 2: RF Channel and Frequency of 5.8GHz SDR

| 5.8GHz 1.4MHzBandwidth (5728.5MHz-5846.5MHz) | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 5728.5 | 21 | 5768.5 | 41 | 5808.5 |
| 2 | 5730.5 | 22 | 5770.5 | 42 | 5810.5 |
| 3 | 5732.5 | 23 | 5772.5 | 43 | 5812.5 |
| 4 | 5734.5 | 24 | 5774.5 | 44 | 5814.5 |
| 5 | 5736.5 | 25 | 5776.5 | 45 | 5816.5 |
| 6 | 5738.5 | 26 | 5778.5 | 46 | 5818.5 |
| 7 | 5740.5 | 27 | 5780.5 | 47 | 5820.5 |
| 8 | 5742.5 | 28 | 5782.5 | 48 | 5822.5 |
| 9 | 5744.5 | 29 | 5784.5 | 49 | 5824.5 |
| 10 | 5746.5 | 30 | 5786.5 | 50 | 5826.5 |
| 11 | 5748.5 | 31 | 5788.5 | 51 | 5828.5 |
| 12 | 5750.5 | 32 | 5790.5 | 52 | 5830.5 |
| 13 | 5752.5 | 33 | 5792.5 | 53 | 5832.5 |
| 14 | 5754.5 | 34 | 5794.5 | 54 | 5834.5 |
| 15 | 5756.5 | 35 | 5796.5 | 55 | 5836.5 |
| 16 | 5758.5 | 36 | 5798.5 | 56 | 5838.5 |
| 17 | 5760.5 | 37 | 5800.5 | 57 | 5840.5 |
| 18 | 5762.5 | 38 | 5802.5 | 58 | 5842.5 |
| 19 | 5764.5 | 39 | 5804.5 | 59 | 5844.5 |
| 20 | 5766.5 | 40 | 5806.5 | 60 | 5846.5 |

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| 5.8GHz 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA Mode) (5730.12MHz-5848.12MHz) | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 5730.12 | 21 | 5770.12 | 41 | 5810.12 |
| 2 | 5732.12 | 22 | 5772.12 | 42 | 5812.12 |
| 3 | 5734.12 | 23 | 5774.12 | 43 | 5814.12 |
| 4 | 5736.12 | 24 | 5776.12 | 44 | 5816.12 |
| 5 | 5738.12 | 25 | 5778.12 | 45 | 5818.12 |
| 6 | 5740.12 | 26 | 5780.12 | 46 | 5820.12 |
| 7 | 5742.12 | 27 | 5782.12 | 47 | 5822.12 |
| 8 | 5744.12 | 28 | 5784.12 | 48 | 5824.12 |
| 9 | 5746.12 | 29 | 5786.12 | 49 | 5826.12 |
| 10 | 5748.12 | 30 | 5788.12 | 50 | 5828.12 |
| 11 | 5750.12 | 31 | 5790.12 | 51 | 5830.12 |
| 12 | 5752.12 | 32 | 5792.12 | 52 | 5832.12 |
| 13 | 5754.12 | 33 | 5794.12 | 53 | 5834.12 |
| 14 | 5756.12 | 34 | 5796.12 | 54 | 5836.12 |
| 15 | 5758.12 | 35 | 5798.12 | 55 | 5838.12 |
| 16 | 5760.12 | 36 | 5800.12 | 56 | 5840.12 |
| 17 | 5762.12 | 37 | 5802.12 | 57 | 5842.12 |
| 18 | 5764.12 | 38 | 5804.12 | 58 | 5844.12 |
| 19 | 5766.12 | 39 | 5806.12 | 59 | 5846.12 |
| 20 | 5768.12 | 40 | 5808.12 | 60 | 5848.12 |

| 5.8GHz 10MHzBandwidth (5732.5MHz-5844.5MHz) | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
| 1 | 5732.5 | 39 | 5770.5 | 77 | 5808.5 |
| 2 | 5733.5 | 40 | 5771.5 | 78 | 5809.5 |
| 3 | 5734.5 | 41 | 5772.5 | 79 | 5810.5 |
| 4 | 5735.5 | 42 | 5773.5 | 80 | 5811.5 |
| 5 | 5736.5 | 43 | 5774.5 | 81 | 5812.5 |
| 6 | 5737.5 | 44 | 5775.5 | 82 | 5813.5 |
| 7 | 5738.5 | 45 | 5776.5 | 83 | 5814.5 |
| 8 | 5739.5 | 46 | 5777.5 | 84 | 5815.5 |
| 9 | 5740.5 | 47 | 5778.5 | 85 | 5816.5 |
| 10 | 5741.5 | 48 | 5779.5 | 86 | 5817.5 |
| 11 | 5742.5 | 49 | 5780.5 | 87 | 5818.5 |
| 12 | 5743.5 | 50 | 5781.5 | 88 | 5819.5 |
| 13 | 5744.5 | 51 | 5782.5 | 89 | 5820.5 |
| 14 | 5745.5 | 52 | 5783.5 | 90 | 5821.5 |
| 15 | 5746.5 | 53 | 5784.5 | 91 | 5822.5 |
| 16 | 5747.5 | 54 | 5785.5 | 92 | 5823.5 |

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| 17 | 5748.5 | 55 | 5786.5 | 93 | 5824.5 |
| 18 | 5749.5 | 56 | 5787.5 | 94 | 5825.5 |
| 19 | 5750.5 | 57 | 5788.5 | 95 | 5826.5 |
| 20 | 5751.5 | 58 | 5789.5 | 96 | 5827.5 |
| 21 | 5752.5 | 59 | 5790.5 | 97 | 5828.5 |
| 22 | 5753.5 | 60 | 5791.5 | 98 | 5829.5 |
| 23 | 5754.5 | 61 | 5792.5 | 99 | 5830.5 |
| 24 | 5755.5 | 62 | 5793.5 | 100 | 5831.5 |
| 25 | 5756.5 | 63 | 5794.5 | 101 | 5832.5 |
| 26 | 5757.5 | 64 | 5795.5 | 102 | 5833.5 |
| 27 | 5758.5 | 65 | 5796.5 | 103 | 5834.5 |
| 28 | 5759.5 | 66 | 5797.5 | 104 | 5835.5 |
| 29 | 5760.5 | 67 | 5798.5 | 105 | 5836.5 |
| 30 | 5761.5 | 68 | 5799.5 | 106 | 5837.5 |
| 31 | 5762.5 | 69 | 5800.5 | 107 | 5838.5 |
| 32 | 5763.5 | 70 | 5801.5 | 108 | 5839.5 |
| 33 | 5764.5 | 71 | 5802.5 | 109 | 5840.5 |
| 34 | 5765.5 | 72 | 5803.5 | 110 | 5841.5 |
| 35 | 5766.5 | 73 | 5804.5 | 111 | 5842.5 |
| 36 | 5767.5 | 74 | 5805.5 | 112 | 5843.5 |
| 37 | 5768.5 | 75 | 5806.5 | 113 | 5844.5 |
| 38 | 5769.5 | 76 | 5807.5 | | |

**5.8GHz 20MHz Bandwidth
(5735.5MHz-5839.5MHz)**

| RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) | RF Channel | Frequency (MHz) |
|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 5735.5 | 36 | 5770.5 | 71 | 5805.5 |
| 2 | 5736.5 | 37 | 5771.5 | 72 | 5806.5 |
| 3 | 5737.5 | 38 | 5772.5 | 73 | 5807.5 |
| 4 | 5738.5 | 39 | 5773.5 | 74 | 5808.5 |
| 5 | 5739.5 | 40 | 5774.5 | 75 | 5809.5 |
| 6 | 5740.5 | 41 | 5775.5 | 76 | 5810.5 |
| 7 | 5741.5 | 42 | 5776.5 | 77 | 5811.5 |
| 8 | 5742.5 | 43 | 5777.5 | 78 | 5812.5 |
| 9 | 5743.5 | 44 | 5778.5 | 79 | 5813.5 |
| 10 | 5744.5 | 45 | 5779.5 | 80 | 5814.5 |
| 11 | 5745.5 | 46 | 5780.5 | 81 | 5815.5 |
| 12 | 5746.5 | 47 | 5781.5 | 82 | 5816.5 |
| 13 | 5747.5 | 48 | 5782.5 | 83 | 5817.5 |
| 14 | 5748.5 | 49 | 5783.5 | 84 | 5818.5 |
| 15 | 5749.5 | 50 | 5784.5 | 85 | 5819.5 |
| 16 | 5750.5 | 51 | 5785.5 | 86 | 5820.5 |
| 17 | 5751.5 | 52 | 5786.5 | 87 | 5821.5 |

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| 18 | 5752.5 | 53 | 5787.5 | 88 | 5822.5 |
| 19 | 5753.5 | 54 | 5788.5 | 89 | 5823.5 |
| 20 | 5754.5 | 55 | 5789.5 | 90 | 5824.5 |
| 21 | 5755.5 | 56 | 5790.5 | 91 | 5825.5 |
| 22 | 5756.5 | 57 | 5791.5 | 92 | 5826.5 |
| 23 | 5757.5 | 58 | 5792.5 | 93 | 5827.5 |
| 24 | 5758.5 | 59 | 5793.5 | 94 | 5828.5 |
| 25 | 5759.5 | 60 | 5794.5 | 95 | 5829.5 |
| 26 | 5760.5 | 61 | 5795.5 | 96 | 5830.5 |
| 27 | 5761.5 | 62 | 5796.5 | 97 | 5831.5 |
| 28 | 5762.5 | 63 | 5797.5 | 98 | 5832.5 |
| 29 | 5763.5 | 64 | 5798.5 | 99 | 5833.5 |
| 30 | 5764.5 | 65 | 5799.5 | 100 | 5834.5 |
| 31 | 5765.5 | 66 | 5800.5 | 101 | 5835.5 |
| 32 | 5766.5 | 67 | 5801.5 | 102 | 5836.5 |
| 33 | 5767.5 | 68 | 5802.5 | 103 | 5837.5 |
| 34 | 5768.5 | 69 | 5803.5 | 104 | 5838.5 |
| 35 | 5769.5 | 70 | 5804.5 | 105 | 5839.5 |

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

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2. Test Sites

2.1. Test Facilities

TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

No. 362 Huanguan Road Middle Longhua District, Shenzhen 518110 People's Republic of China

A2LA Cert. No.: 5162.01

FCC Registration No.: 694916

IC Registration No.: 25069

2.2. Ambient Condition

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Ambient Temperature | 21.6°C – 21.9°C |
| Relative Humidity | 51% - 58% |

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2.3. List of Test and Measurement Instruments

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model | SN | Cal. Date | Cal. Interval |
|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 1014 | May. 19, 2021 | 3 years |
| System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D5GHzV2 | 1280 | May. 17, 2021 | 3 years |
| Dosimetric E-Field Probe | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 7506 | May. 31, 2022 | 1 year |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG | DAE4 | 1557 | Jan. 20, 2022 | 1 year |
| Signal Analyzer | R&S | FSV 7 | 103665 | Aug. 09, 2022 | 1 year |
| Vector Network Analyzer | R&S | ZNB 8 | 107040 | Aug. 09, 2022 | 1 year |
| Dielectric assessment Kit | SPEAG | DAK-3.5 | 1269 | May. 30, 2022 | 1 year |
| Signal Generator | R&S | SMB 100A | 180840 | Aug. 09, 2022 | 1 year |
| EPM Series Power Meter | Keysight | N1914A | MY58240005 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 2 years |
| Power Sensor | Keysight | N8481H | MY58250002 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Power Sensor | Keysight | N8481H | MY58250006 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| DC Power Supply | Topward | 3303D | 809332 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Coaxial Directional Couper | Keysight | 773D | MY52180552 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Coaxial Directional Couper | shhuaxiang | DTO-0.4/3.9-10 | 18052101 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Coaxial attenuator | Keysight | 8491A | MY52463219 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Coaxial attenuator | Keysight | 8491A | MY52463210 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Coaxial attenuator | Keysight | 8491A | MY52463222 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Digital Thermometer | LKM | DTM3000 | 3116 | Dec. 02, 2021 | 1 year |
| Power Amplifier Mini circuit | mini-circuits | ZHL-42W | SN002101809 | N/A | N/A |
| Power Amplifier Mini circuit | mini-circuits | ZVE-8G | SN070501814 | N/A | N/A |
| PHANTOM | SPEAG | SAM-Twin V8.0 | 1961 | N/A | N/A |

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3. Measurement Uncertainty

| Source of Uncertainty | Tolerance (± %) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci 1g | Ci 10g | Standard Uncertainty 1g (± %) | Standard Uncertainty 10g (± %) | V _i V _{eff} |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.65 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.65 | 6.65 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | 1 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.7 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| Detection Limits | 0.25 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | ∞ |
| Modulation Response | 2.4 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 0.3 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| Response Time | 0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 1.7 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient – Noise | 3 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient – Reflections | 3 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | 0.4 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | 2.9 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Evaluation | 2 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 2.2 / 2.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 30 |
| Device Holder | 3.3 / 3.4 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 30 |
| Power Drift | 5 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Power Scaling | 0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 7.5 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | 4.3 | 4.3 | ∞ |
| SAR correction | 1.2 / 0.97 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 0.84 | 0.7 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (Meas.) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 20 |
| Liquid Permittivity (Meas.) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 20 |
| Temp. unc. - Conductivity | 5.2 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.3 | 2.1 | ∞ |
| Temp. unc. - Permittivity | 0.8 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1) | | | | | | 11.11 | 11.13 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2) | | | | | | 22.2 | 22.3 | |

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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| Source of Uncertainty | Tolerance (± %) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci 1g | Ci 10g | Standard Uncertainty 1g (± %) | Standard Uncertainty 10g (± %) | Vi Veff |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.65 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.65 | 6.65 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | 2 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| Detection Limits | 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | ∞ |
| Modulation Response | 2.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 0.3 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| Response Time | 0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 1.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient – Noise | 3 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient – Reflections | 3 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | 6.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Evaluation | 4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 2.2 / 2.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 30 |
| Device Holder | 3.3 / 3.4 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 30 |
| Power Drift | 5 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Power Scaling | 0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 7.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 4.6 | 4.6 | ∞ |
| SAR correction | 1.2 / 0.97 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.84 | 0.7 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (Meas.) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 20 |
| Liquid Permittivity (Meas.) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 20 |
| Temp. unc. - Conductivity | 3.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.5 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Temp. unc. - Permittivity | 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1) | | | | | | 11.86 | 11.91 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2) | | | | | | 23.7 | 23.8 | |

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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4. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528- 2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures & manufacturer KDB inquiries:

- IC RSS-102 Issue 5:March 2015
- IEEE 1528:2013
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- [TCB workshop](#) April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids(TSL)

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SAR Measurement System

4.1. Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

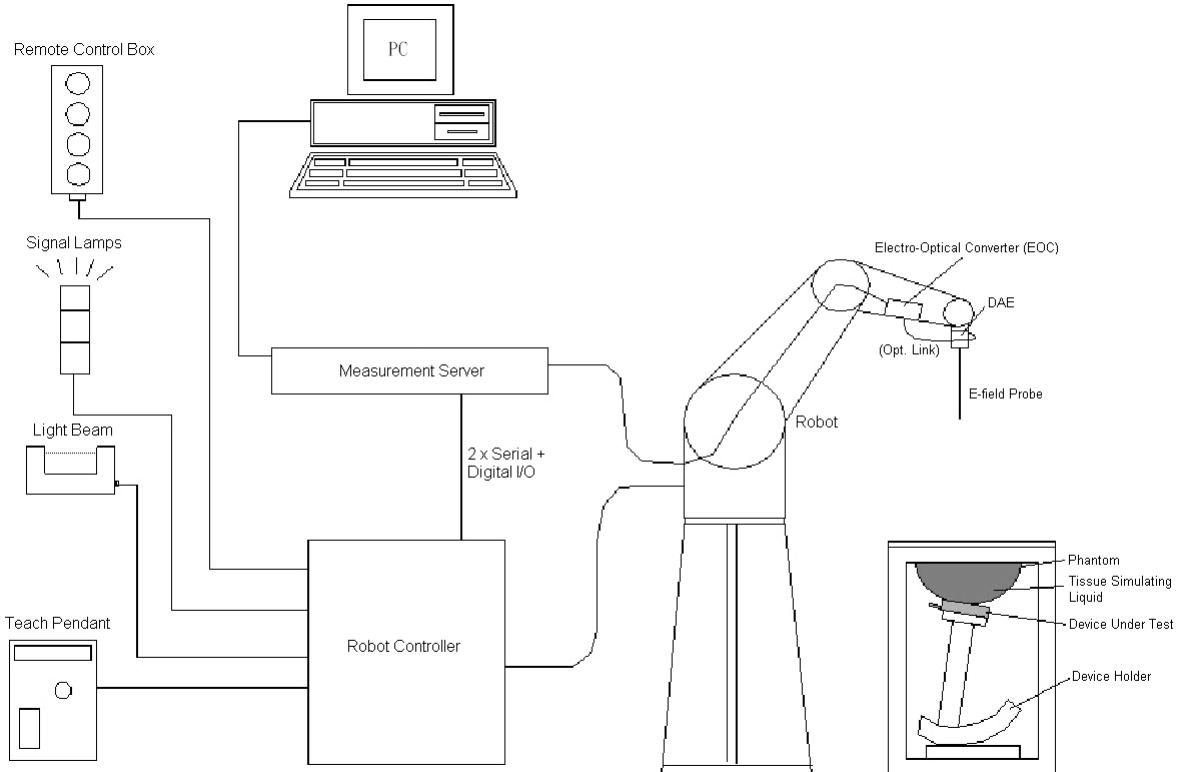
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2. SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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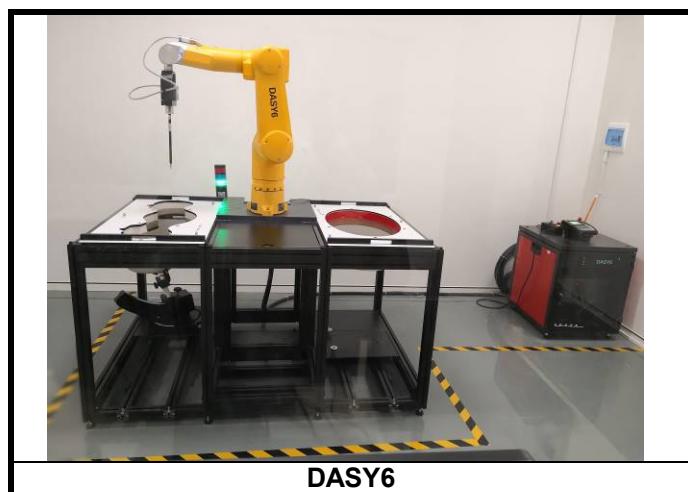


DASY System Setup

4.2.1.Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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4.2.2. Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

| | | |
|----------------------|--|---|
| Model | EX3DV4 |  |
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm | |

4.2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Model | DAE4 |  |
| Construction | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. | |
| Measurement Range | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV) | |
| Input Offset Voltage | < 5 μ V (with auto zero) | |
| Input Bias Current | < 50 fA | |
| Dimensions | 60 x 60 x 68 mm | |

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4.2.4. Phantoms

| | | |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Model | Twin SAM |  |
| Construction | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. | |
| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) | |
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point) | |
| Dimensions | Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet | |
| Filling Volume | approx. 25 liters | |

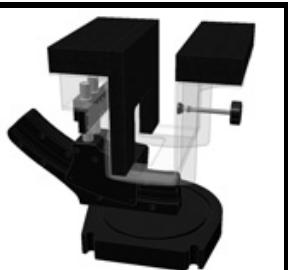
| | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Model | ELI |  |
| Construction | Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. | |
| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) | |
| Shell Thickness | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) | |
| Dimensions | Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm | |
| Filling Volume | approx. 30 liters | |

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4.2.5. Device Holder

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Model | Mounting Device |  |
| Construction | In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). | |
| Material | POM | |

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Model | Laptop Extensions Kit |  |
| Construction | Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. | |
| Material | POM, Acrylic glass, Foam | |

4.2.6. System Validation Dipoles

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Model | D-Serial |  |
| Construction | Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions. | |
| Frequency | 750 MHz to 5800 MHz | |
| Return Loss | > 20 dB | |
| Power Capability | > 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz) | |

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4.2.7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed.



Photo of Liquid Height for Head Position

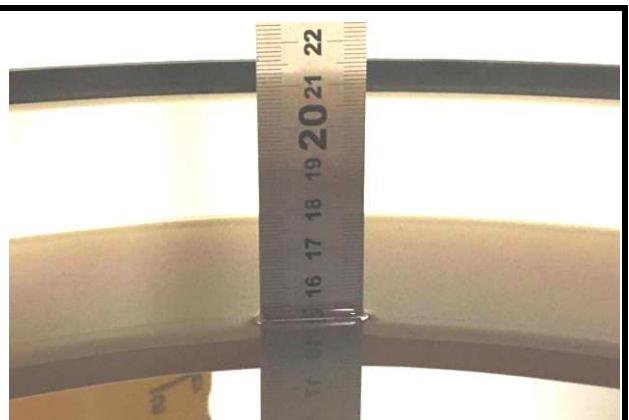


Photo of Liquid Height for Body Position

The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency (MHz) | Target Permittivity | Range of ±5% | Target Conductivity | Range of ±5% |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| For Head | | | | |
| 750 | 41.9 | 39.8 ~ 44.0 | 0.89 | 0.85 ~ 0.93 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 39.4 ~ 43.6 | 0.90 | 0.86 ~ 0.95 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 39.4 ~ 43.6 | 0.97 | 0.92 ~ 1.02 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 38.5 ~ 42.5 | 1.20 | 1.14 ~ 1.26 |
| 1640 | 40.3 | 38.3 ~ 42.3 | 1.29 | 1.23 ~ 1.35 |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 38.1 ~ 42.1 | 1.37 | 1.30 ~ 1.44 |
| 1800 | 40.0 | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 37.5 ~ 41.5 | 1.67 | 1.59 ~ 1.75 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 37.2 ~ 41.2 | 1.80 | 1.71 ~ 1.89 |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 37.1 ~ 41.0 | 1.96 | 1.86 ~ 2.06 |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 36.0 ~ 39.8 | 2.91 | 2.76 ~ 3.06 |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 34.2 ~ 37.8 | 4.66 | 4.43 ~ 4.89 |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 34.1 ~ 37.7 | 4.76 | 4.52 ~ 5.00 |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 33.8 ~ 37.4 | 4.96 | 4.71 ~ 5.21 |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 33.7 ~ 37.3 | 5.07 | 4.82 ~ 5.32 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 33.5 ~ 37.1 | 5.27 | 5.01 ~ 5.53 |
| For Body | | | | |
| 750 | 55.5 | 52.7 ~ 58.3 | 0.96 | 0.91 ~ 1.01 |
| 835 | 55.2 | 52.4 ~ 58.0 | 0.97 | 0.92 ~ 1.02 |
| 900 | 55.0 | 52.3 ~ 57.8 | 1.05 | 1.00 ~ 1.10 |
| 1450 | 54.0 | 51.3 ~ 56.7 | 1.30 | 1.24 ~ 1.37 |
| 1640 | 53.8 | 51.1 ~ 56.5 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 50.7 ~ 56.1 | 1.49 | 1.42 ~ 1.56 |
| 1800 | 53.3 | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52 | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52 | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 2000 | 53.3 | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52 | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 2300 | 52.9 | 50.3 ~ 55.5 | 1.81 | 1.72 ~ 1.90 |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 50.1 ~ 55.3 | 1.95 | 1.85 ~ 2.05 |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 49.9 ~ 55.1 | 2.16 | 2.05 ~ 2.27 |
| 3500 | 51.3 | 48.7 ~ 53.9 | 3.31 | 3.14 ~ 3.48 |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 46.6 ~ 51.5 | 5.30 | 5.04 ~ 5.57 |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 46.5 ~ 51.3 | 5.42 | 5.15 ~ 5.69 |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 46.2 ~ 51.0 | 5.65 | 5.37 ~ 5.93 |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 46.1 ~ 50.9 | 5.77 | 5.48 ~ 6.06 |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 45.8 ~ 50.6 | 6.00 | 5.70 ~ 6.30 |

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Tissue Type | Bactericide | DGBE | HEC | NaCl | Sucrose | Triton X-100 | Water | Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether |
|-------------|-------------|------|-----|------|---------|--------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| H750 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.5 | 56.0 | - | 42.1 | - |
| H835 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.5 | 57.0 | - | 41.1 | - |
| H900 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.4 | 58.0 | - | 40.2 | - |
| H1450 | - | 43.3 | - | 0.6 | - | - | 56.1 | - |
| H1640 | - | 45.8 | - | 0.5 | - | - | 53.7 | - |
| H1750 | - | 47.0 | - | 0.4 | - | - | 52.6 | - |
| H1800 | - | 44.5 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 55.2 | - |
| H1900 | - | 44.5 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 55.3 | - |
| H2000 | - | 44.5 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 55.4 | - |
| H2300 | - | 44.9 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 55.0 | - |
| H2450 | - | 45.0 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 54.9 | - |
| H2600 | - | 45.1 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 54.8 | - |
| H3500 | - | 8.0 | - | 0.2 | - | 20.0 | 71.8 | - |
| H5G | - | - | - | - | - | 17.2 | 65.5 | 17.3 |
| B750 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.8 | 48.8 | - | 50.0 | - |
| B835 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.9 | 48.5 | - | 50.2 | - |
| B900 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.9 | 48.2 | - | 50.5 | - |
| B1450 | - | 34.0 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 65.7 | - |
| B1640 | - | 32.5 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 67.2 | - |
| B1750 | - | 31.0 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 68.8 | - |
| B1800 | - | 29.5 | - | 0.4 | - | - | 70.1 | - |
| B1900 | - | 29.5 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 70.2 | - |
| B2000 | - | 30.0 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 69.8 | - |
| B2300 | - | 31.0 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 68.9 | - |
| B2450 | - | 31.4 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 68.5 | - |
| B2600 | - | 31.8 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 68.1 | - |
| B3500 | - | 28.8 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 71.1 | - |
| B5G | - | - | - | - | - | 10.7 | 78.6 | 10.7 |

Simulating Head Liquid (HBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

| Water (% by weight) | Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight) | Sodium salt (% by weight) |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 50 - 65% | 10 - 30% | 8 - 25% |

Simulating Body Liquid (MBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

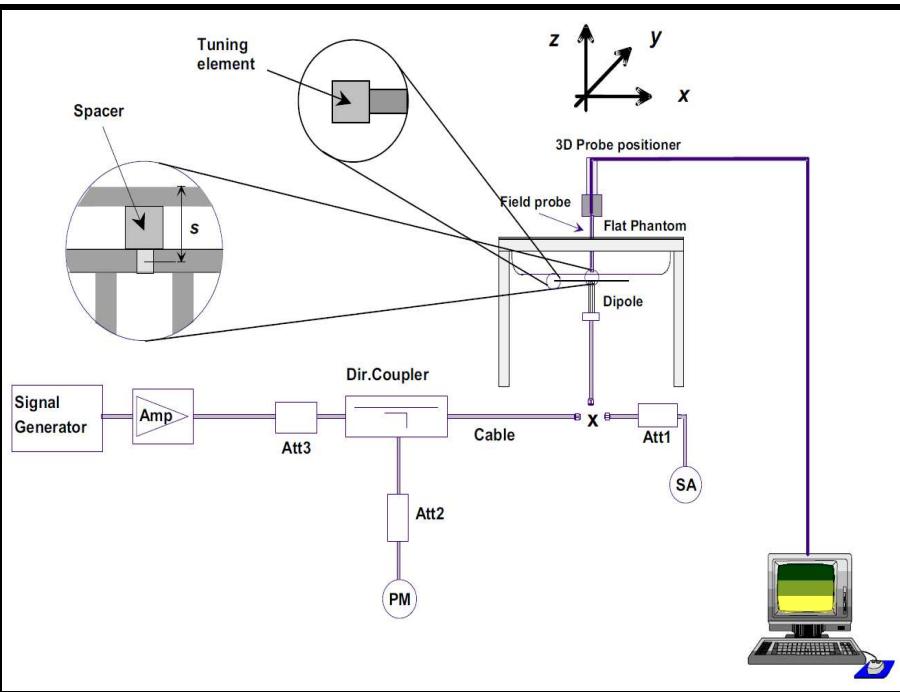
| Water (% by weight) | Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight) | Sodium salt (% by weight) |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 60 - 80% | 20 - 40% | 0 - 1.5% |

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4.2.8.SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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5. SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

5.1. Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

| Items | <= 2 GHz | 2-3 GHz | 3-4 GHz | 4-5 GHz | 5-6 GHz |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Area Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$) | <= 15 mm | <= 12 mm | <= 12 mm | <= 10 mm | <= 10 mm |
| Zoom Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$) | <= 8 mm | <= 5 mm | <= 5 mm | <= 4 mm | <= 4 mm |
| Zoom Scan (Δz) | <= 5 mm | <= 5 mm | <= 4 mm | <= 3 mm | <= 2 mm |
| Zoom Scan Volume | >= 30 mm | >= 30 mm | >= 28 mm | >= 25 mm | >= 22 mm |

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

5.2. Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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5.3. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

5.4. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

5.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1. EUT Configuration and Setting

This equipment SDR technology SAR test reference 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR

<Considerations Related to SDR for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed SDR engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During SDR SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for SDR transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining SDR transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

Test Reduction for SDR-5.1 GHz and SDR-5.2 GHz Bands

For devices that operate in both SDR-5.1G&5.2G bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in SDR 5.2G band by applying the SDR SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for SDR-5.1G band for that configuration
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

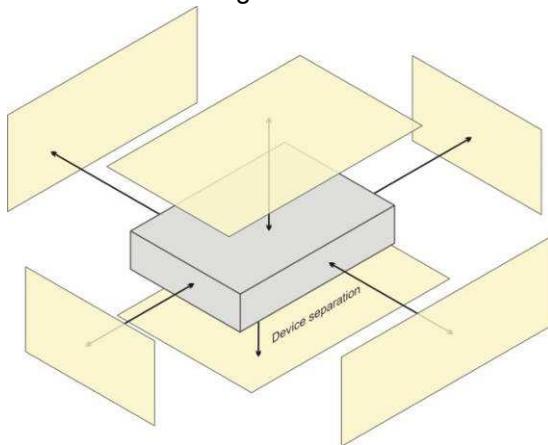
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6.2. EUT Testing Position

6.2.1. Extremity Exposure Conditions

The device is a handheld remote control. The 10-g extremity SAR test exclusions may be applied. We evaluated all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge.



Based on the antenna location shown on appendix D of this report, the SAR testing required for extremity mode is listed as below. This device [0,1] dual transmission (MIMO only, SISO not supported)

| Antenna | Front Face | Inside | Left Side | Right Side | Top Side | Bottom Side |
|-------------|------------|--------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| Antenna 0+1 | V | V | V | V | V | V |

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7. Maximum Output Power

7.1. Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

| Operating Mode | 2.4GHz SDR | 5.8GHz SDR |
|-------------------|------------|------------|
| 1.4MHz BW | 24.5 | 27.0 |
| 1.4MHz BW CA Mode | 24.0 | 27.0 |

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7.2. Measured Conducted Power Result

All combinations have been tested, the Worst average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<SDR-2.4GHz>

| Mode | 1.4MHz Bandwidth | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | Low (2407.5 MHz) | Mid (2435.5 MHz) | High (2465.5 MHz) |
| Average Power (Ant-0+Ant-1) | 23.93 | 24.00 | 23.74 |
| 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA Mode) | | | |
| Mode | Low (2409.12 MHz) | Mid (2437.12 MHz) | High (2467.12 MHz) |
| Average Power (Ant-0+Ant-1) | 23.83 | 23.70 | 23.58 |

<SDR-5.8GHz>

| Mode | 1.4MHz Bandwidth | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | Low (5728.5 MHz) | Mid (5786.5 MHz) | High (5846.5 MHz) |
| Average Power (Ant-0+Ant-1) | 26.212 | 26.568 | 26.690 |
| 1.4MHz Bandwidth (CA Mode) | | | |
| Mode | Low (5730.12 MHz) | Mid (5788.12 MHz) | High (5848.12 MHz) |
| Average Power (Ant-0+Ant-1) | 26.716 | 26.475 | 26.497 |

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7.3. SAR Testing Results

7.3.1. SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or 2.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
- (2) $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.5 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

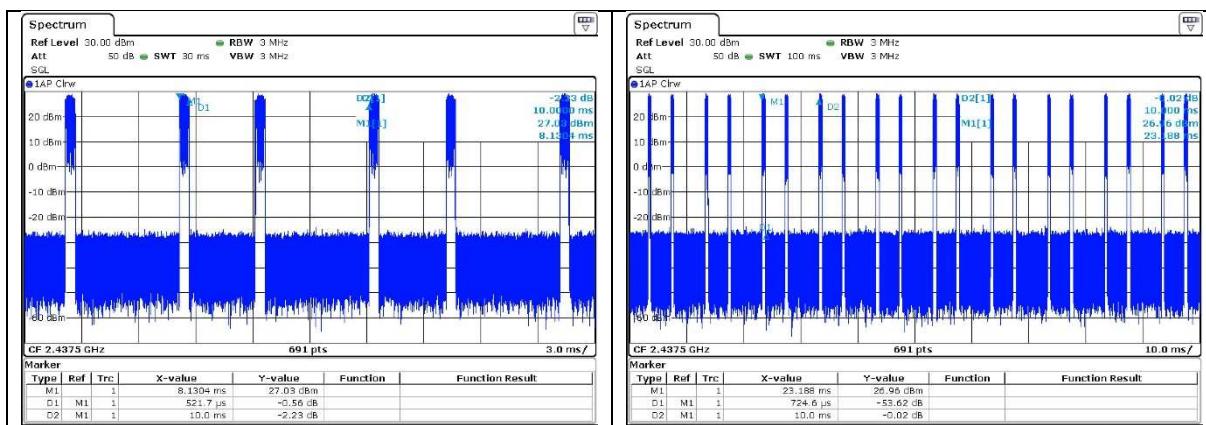
- (1) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
- (2) For WLAN MIMO mode, the power-based standalone SAR test exclusion or the sum of SAR provision in KDB 447498 to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion should be applied. Otherwise, SAR for MIMO mode will be measured with all applicable antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

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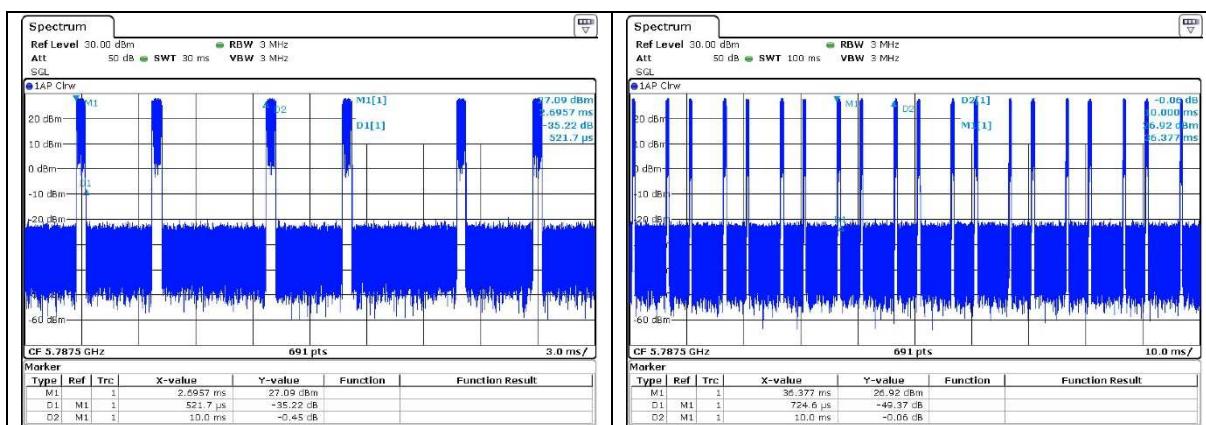
Remark: Max. duty cycle is 10.5% for 2.4GHz and 5.8GHz SDR.

1) 2.4GHz SDR



$$\text{Duty cycle} = (0.5217^*2)/10 = 10.434\%$$

2) 5.8GHz SDR



$$\text{Duty cycle} = (0.5217^*2)/10 = 10.434\%$$

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7.3.4. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are $\leq 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$ and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is $< 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is $\geq 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is $\geq 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is $\geq 1.5 \text{ W/kg}$, perform a third repeated measurement.

| Band | Mode | Test Position | Antenna | Ch. | Original Measured SAR-10g (W/kg) | 1st Repeated SAR-10g (W/kg) | L/S Ratio | 2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg) | L/S Ratio | 3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg) | L/S Ratio |
|----------|---------|---------------|-----------------|------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|
| SDR 2.4G | 1.4M | Bottom Side | Ant. 0 + Ant. 1 | Mid | 7.8 | 7.6 | 1.03 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| SDR 5.8G | 1.4M CA | Bottom Side | Ant. 0 + Ant. 1 | High | 3.84 | 3.81 | 1.01 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

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Appendices

All attachments are integral parts of this test report. This applies especially to the following appendix:

Appendix A: SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Appendix B: SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination

Appendix C: Calibration Certificate for probe and Dipole

Appendix D: Photographs of EUT and setup

Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Date: 2022/9/27

System Check-D2450V2_H2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2 SN:1014

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.827$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.982$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7506; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2022/1/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250 mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.1 W/kg

Pin=250 mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 114.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

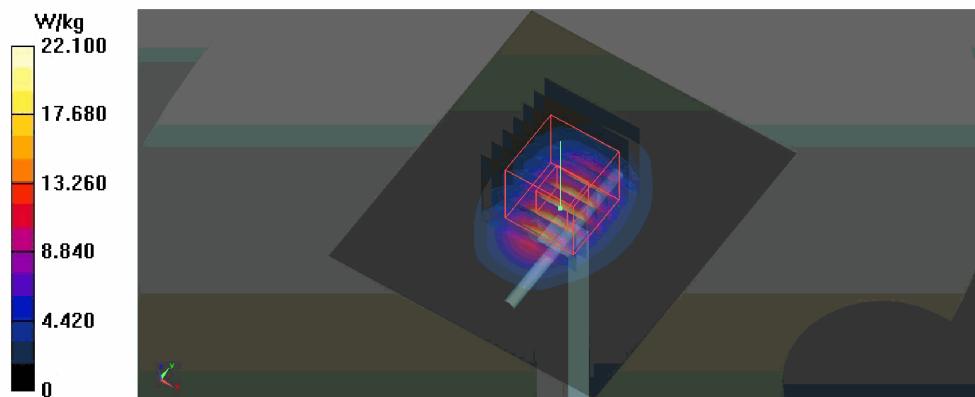
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.88 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Date: 2022/9/28

System Check-D5GHz_H5800

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2 SN:1280

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.315 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.445$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7506; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2022/1/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 71.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

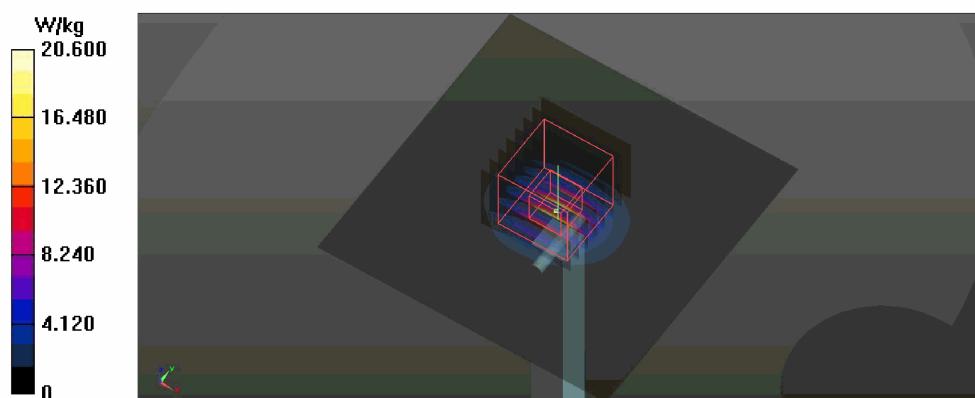
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 60.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Date: 2022/9/27

P01 SDR2.4G_1.4M_Bottom Side_0cm_Ch Mid_Antenna 0+1

DUT: EUT

Communication System: SDR; Frequency: 2435.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2435.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.997$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7506; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2435.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2022/1/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 41.3 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

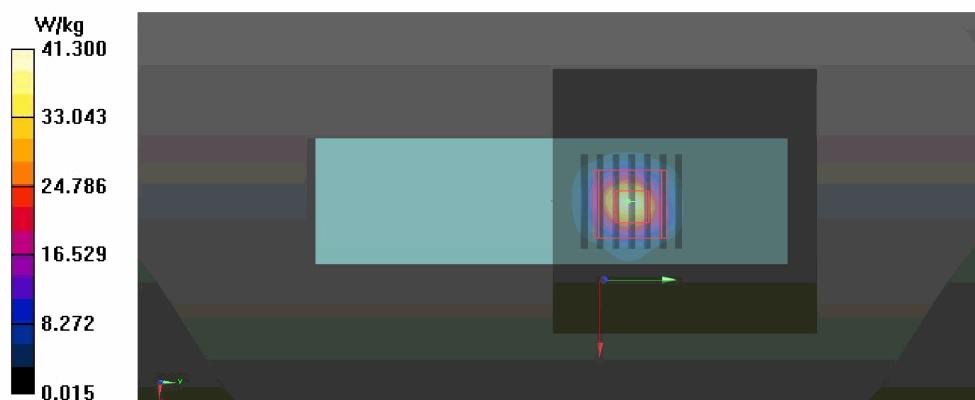
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 49.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 7.8 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 39.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 34.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Date: 2022/9/28

P02 SDR5.8G_1.4M CA_Bottom Side_0cm_Ch High_Antenna 0+1

DUT: EUT

Communication System: SDR; Frequency: 5848.12 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H5G Medium parameters used: $f = 5848.12 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.368 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.376$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7506; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5848.12 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1557; Calibrated: 2022/1/20
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: 1961
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 38.1 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 9.416 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

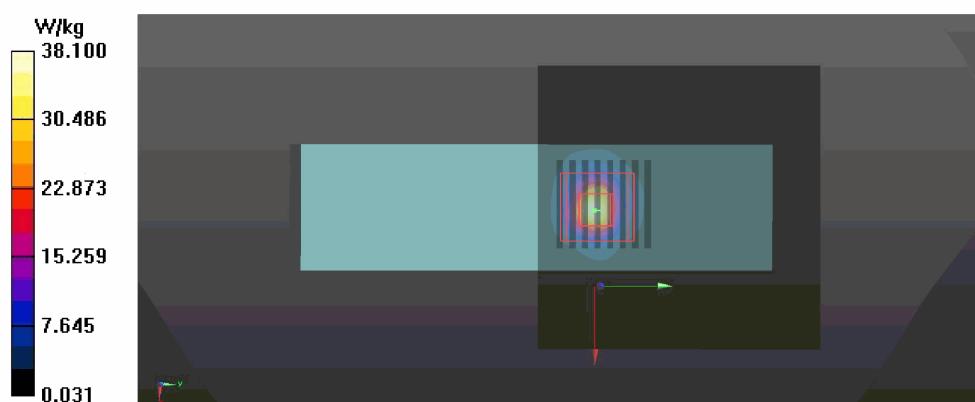
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 66.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.84 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 57.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.3 W/kg



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S p e a g
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, Chi
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: ctll@chinatll.com http://www.chinatll.cn



中国认可
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CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client

TUV-CN

Certificate No: Z21-60202

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 1014

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: May 19, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 106277 | 23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336) | Sep-21 |
| Power sensor NRP8S | 104291 | 23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336) | Sep-21 |
| ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 | SN 3848 | 26-Apr-21(CTTL-SPEAG, No.Z21-60084) | Apr-22 |
| DAE4 | SN 777 | 08-Jan-21(CTTL-SPEAG, No.Z21-60003) | Jan-22 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593) | Jan-22 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232) | Jan-22 |

| Calibrated by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | |

Issued: May 24, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: ctti@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: ctfl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY52 | V52.10.4 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.4 ± 6 % | 1.79 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.9 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.89 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

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E-mail: ctt@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8Ω- 1.16jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 28.3dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.053 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: ctii@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.19.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1014

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.788 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-04-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 2021-01-08
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

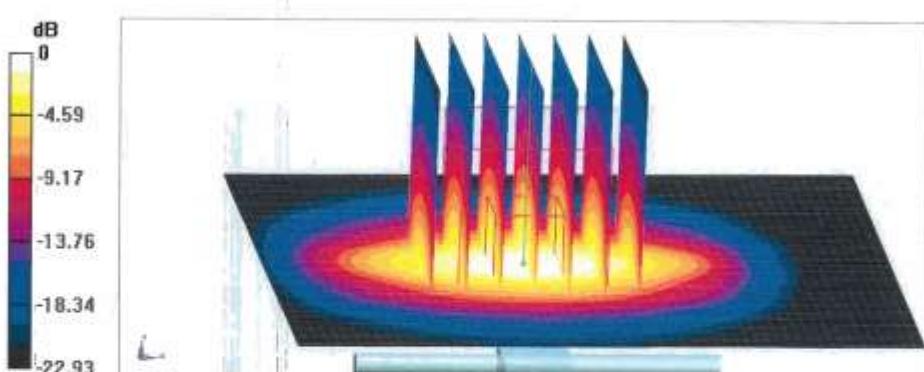
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg

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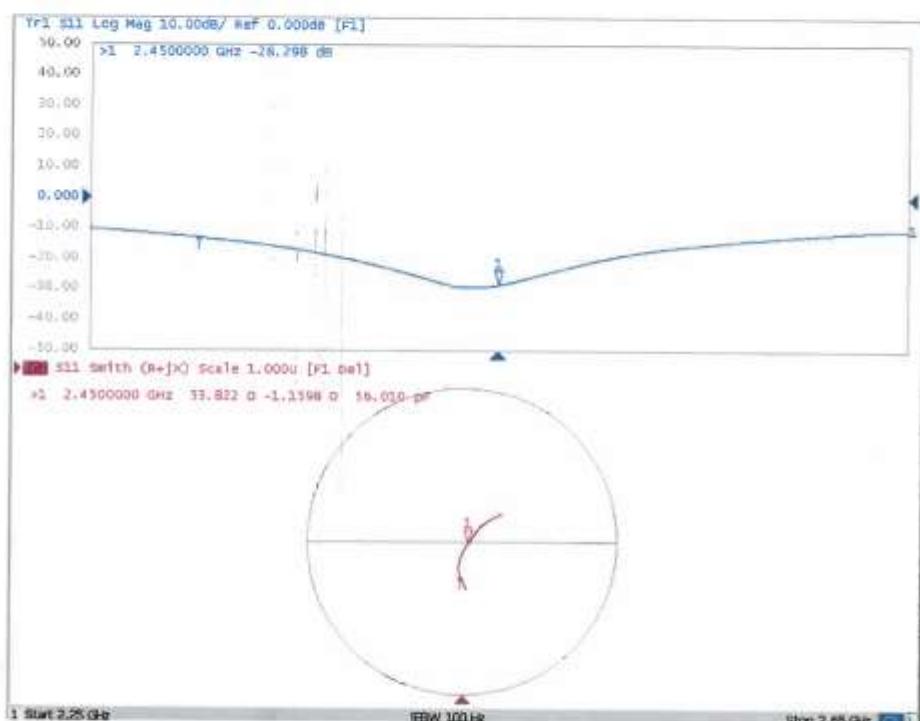
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Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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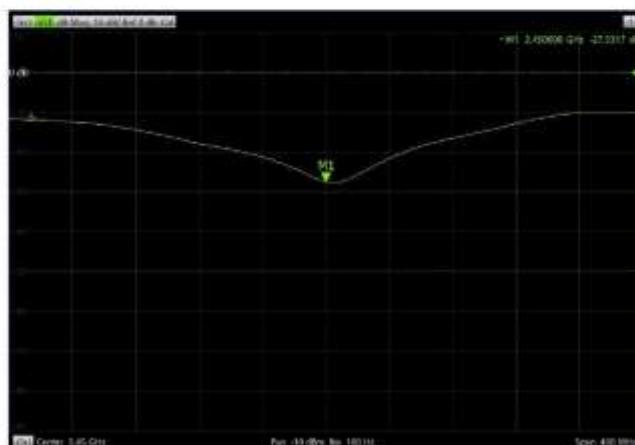
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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

| Dipole | Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| Head 2450MHz | May 19, 2021 | -28.3 | -2.71 | 53.8 | -4.17 |
| | May 17, 2022 | -27.5 | | 49.7 | |

Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.



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Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client: TUV-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1280_May21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object | ID5GHzV2 - SN:1280 | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-22.v6 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz | | |
| Calibration date: | May 17, 2021 | | |
| <p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p> | | | |
| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) | Apr-22 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) | Apr-22 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) | Apr-22 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: BH9394 (20k) | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) | Apr-22 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344) | Apr-22 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 3503 | 30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20) | Dec-21 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20) | Nov-21 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB39512475 | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41092317 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent EB358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-21 |
| Calibrated by: | Name: Jeffrey Katzman | Function: Laboratory Technician | Signature: |
| Approved by: | Name: Katja Pokovic | Function: Technical Manager | Signature: |

Issued: May 21, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.4 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | $dx, dy = 4.0 \text{ mm}, dz = 1.4 \text{ mm}$ | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency | 5250 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5600 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5800 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ | |

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.9 | 4.71 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.7 $\pm 6 \%$ | 4.54 mho/m $\pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.99 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.2 W/kg $\pm 19.9 \%$ (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.28 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.5 W/kg $\pm 19.5 \%$ (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.5 | 5.07 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.2 $\pm 6 \%$ | 4.89 mho/m $\pm 6 \%$ |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.44 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 83.6 W/kg $\pm 19.9 \%$ (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.39 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.6 W/kg $\pm 19.5 \%$ (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.3 | 5.27 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 33.9 ± 6 % | 5.09 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.14 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 80.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.28 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.3 Ω - 4.1 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 27.7 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.4 Ω + 1.5 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 33.8 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.3 Ω + 5.0 $j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 24.7 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.188 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.05.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1280

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.89 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.09 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

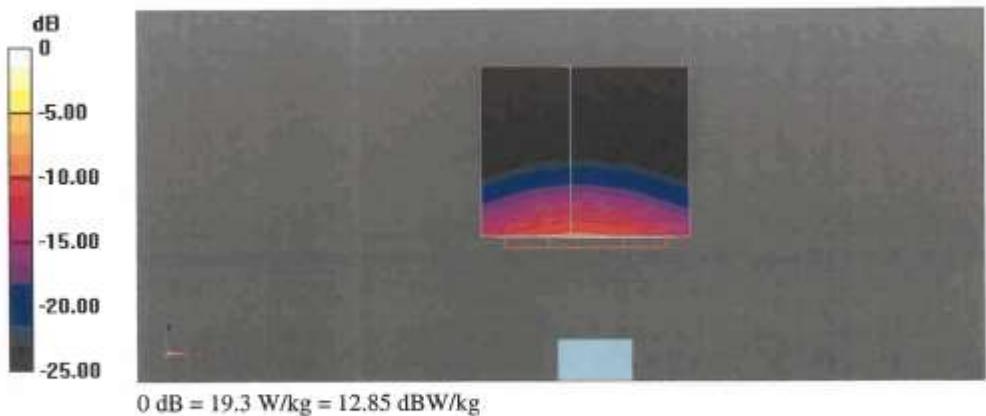
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Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.1%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.85 dBW/kg

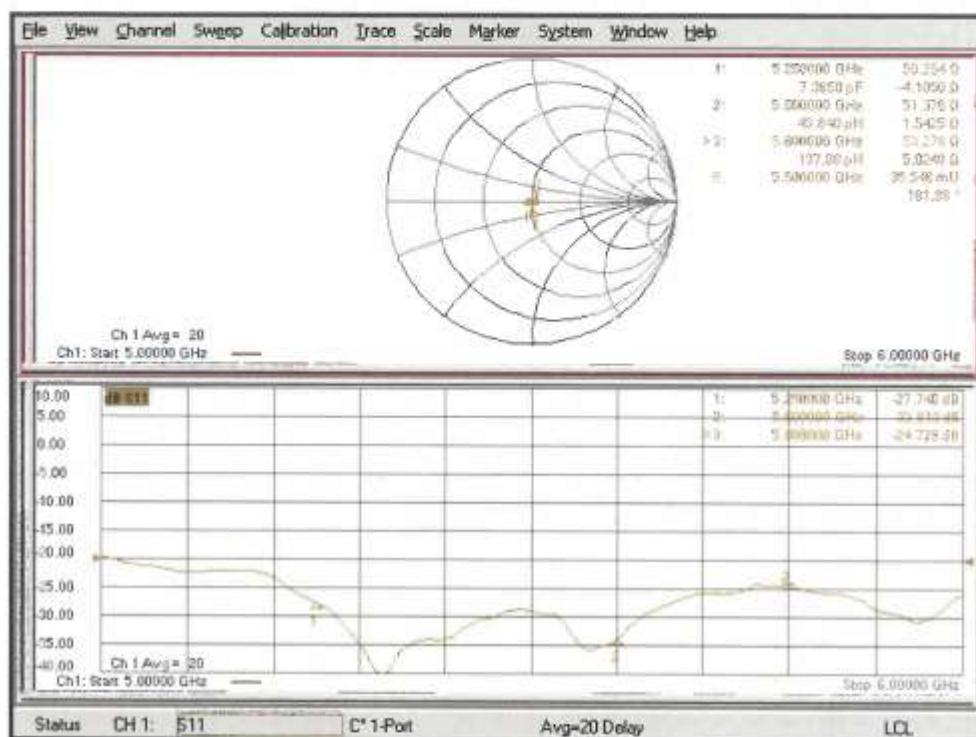
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

| Dipole | Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| Head 5250MHz | May 17, 2021 | -27.7 | -4.98 | 50.3 | -3.13 |
| | May 17, 2022 | -26.4 | | 47.1 | |
| Head 5600MHz | May 17, 2021 | -33.8 | -0.21 | 51.4 | -2.94 |
| | May 17, 2022 | -33.7 | | 48.4 | |
| Head 5800MHz | May 17, 2021 | -24.7 | 8.14 | 53.3 | -2.43 |
| | May 17, 2022 | -26.7 | | 50.8 | |

Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.



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Calibration Laboratory of
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

TUV-CN (Auden)

Certificate No.

EX-7506_May22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,
QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

May 31, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) | Apr-23 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) | Apr-23 |
| OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted) | SN: 1249 | 20-Oct-21 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct21) | Oct-22 |
| OCP DAK-12 | SN: 1016 | 20-Oct-21 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct21) | Oct-22 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: CC2552 (20k) | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527) | Apr-23 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21) | Oct-22 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21) | Dec-22 |

| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-18 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) | In house check: Oct-22 |

| Calibrated by | Name | Function | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by | Jelon Kastray | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by | Sven Kühn | Technical Manager | |

Issued: June 9, 2022
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalementage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM x,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization θ | θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for the Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-Held and Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM x,y,z :** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM x,y,z are only intermediate values; i.e., the uncertainties of NORM x,y,z does not affect the E 2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- **NORM(f) x,y,z = NORM x,y,z * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- **DCPx,y,z:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- **A x,y,z ; B x,y,z ; C x,y,z ; D x,y,z ; VR x,y,z :** A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM x,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- **Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from Isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:7506

May 31, 2022

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Sensor Model Parameters

| | C1 IF | C2 IF | α V ⁻¹ | T1 msV ⁻² | T2 msV ⁻¹ | T3 ms | T4 V ⁻² | T5 V ⁻¹ | T6 |
|---|----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| x | 43.2 | 324.64 | 35.96 | 7.93 | 0.00 | 5.05 | 1.43 | 0.21 | 1.01 |
| y | 36.1 | 268.59 | 35.44 | 6.39 | 0.00 | 4.96 | 1.40 | 0.06 | 1.00 |
| z | 39.8 | 300.98 | 36.25 | 7.05 | 0.00 | 5.06 | 1.74 | 0.10 | 1.01 |

Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle | -119.1° |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an Area Scan job.

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EX3DV4 - SN:7506

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Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity ^F (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 11.32 | 11.32 | 11.32 | 0.16 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 10.44 | 10.44 | 10.44 | 0.62 | 0.80 | ±12.0% |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 10.39 | 10.39 | 10.39 | 0.49 | 0.80 | ±12.0% |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 9.93 | 9.93 | 9.93 | 0.55 | 0.82 | ±12.0% |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 9.14 | 9.14 | 9.14 | 0.37 | 0.80 | ±12.0% |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.79 | 8.79 | 8.79 | 0.40 | 0.86 | ±12.0% |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.43 | 8.43 | 8.43 | 0.33 | 0.86 | ±12.0% |
| 2100 | 39.8 | 1.49 | 8.42 | 8.42 | 8.42 | 0.34 | 0.86 | ±12.0% |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 8.06 | 8.06 | 8.06 | 0.36 | 0.90 | ±12.0% |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 7.85 | 7.85 | 7.85 | 0.36 | 0.90 | ±12.0% |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 7.65 | 7.65 | 7.65 | 0.37 | 0.90 | ±12.0% |
| 3300 | 38.2 | 2.71 | 7.21 | 7.21 | 7.21 | 0.35 | 1.30 | ±13.1% |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 6.80 | 6.80 | 6.80 | 0.35 | 1.30 | ±13.1% |
| 3700 | 37.7 | 3.12 | 6.78 | 6.78 | 6.78 | 0.30 | 1.35 | ±13.1% |
| 3900 | 37.5 | 3.32 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 0.40 | 1.60 | ±13.1% |
| 4100 | 37.2 | 3.53 | 6.68 | 6.68 | 6.68 | 0.40 | 1.60 | ±13.1% |
| 4200 | 37.1 | 3.63 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 0.40 | 1.70 | ±13.1% |
| 4400 | 36.9 | 3.84 | 6.53 | 6.53 | 6.53 | 0.40 | 1.70 | ±13.1% |
| 4600 | 36.7 | 4.04 | 6.47 | 6.47 | 6.47 | 0.40 | 1.70 | ±13.1% |
| 4800 | 36.4 | 4.25 | 6.42 | 6.42 | 6.42 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |
| 4950 | 36.3 | 4.40 | 6.23 | 6.23 | 6.23 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DIASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 8 MHz is 4–8 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4 - SN:7506

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Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity ^F (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 6500 | 34.5 | 6.07 | 5.60 | 5.60 | 5.60 | 0.20 | 2.50 | ±18.6% |

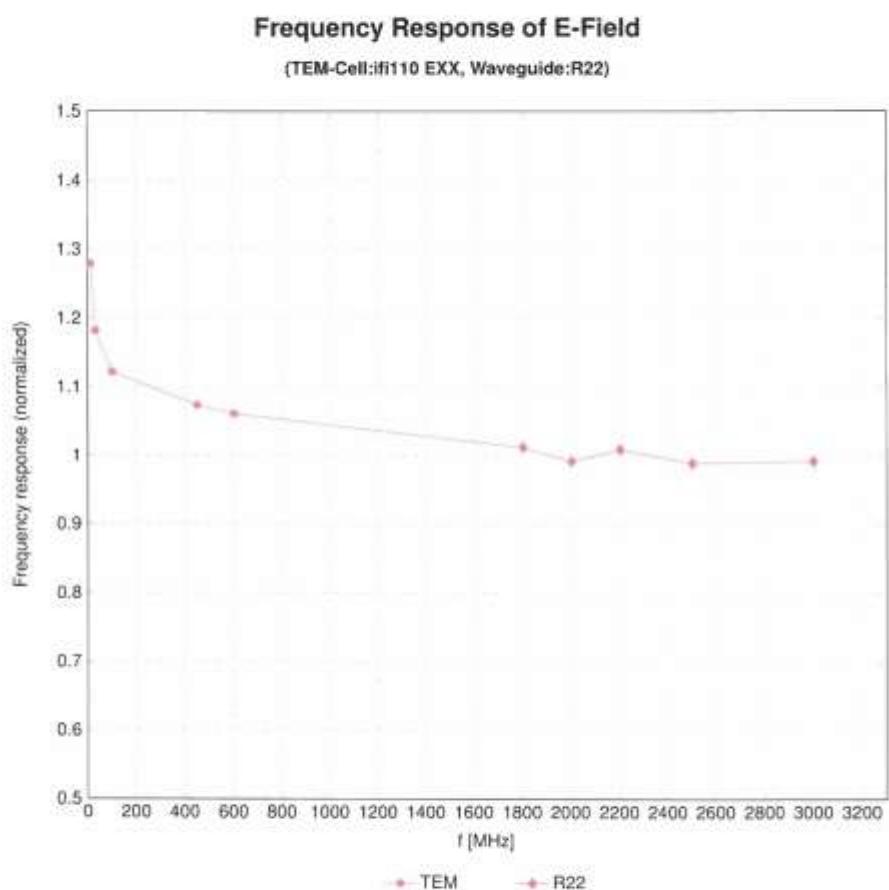
^C Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is –600+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies 6–10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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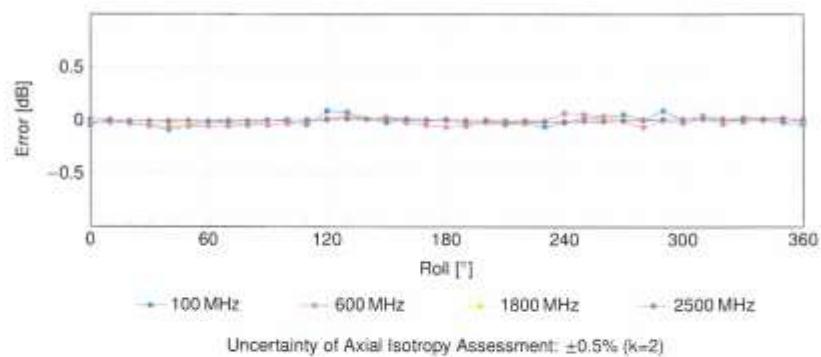
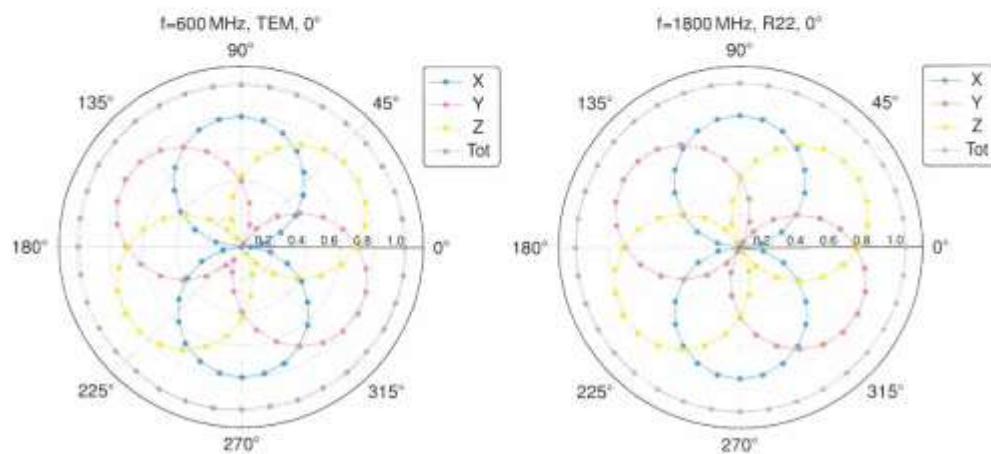


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

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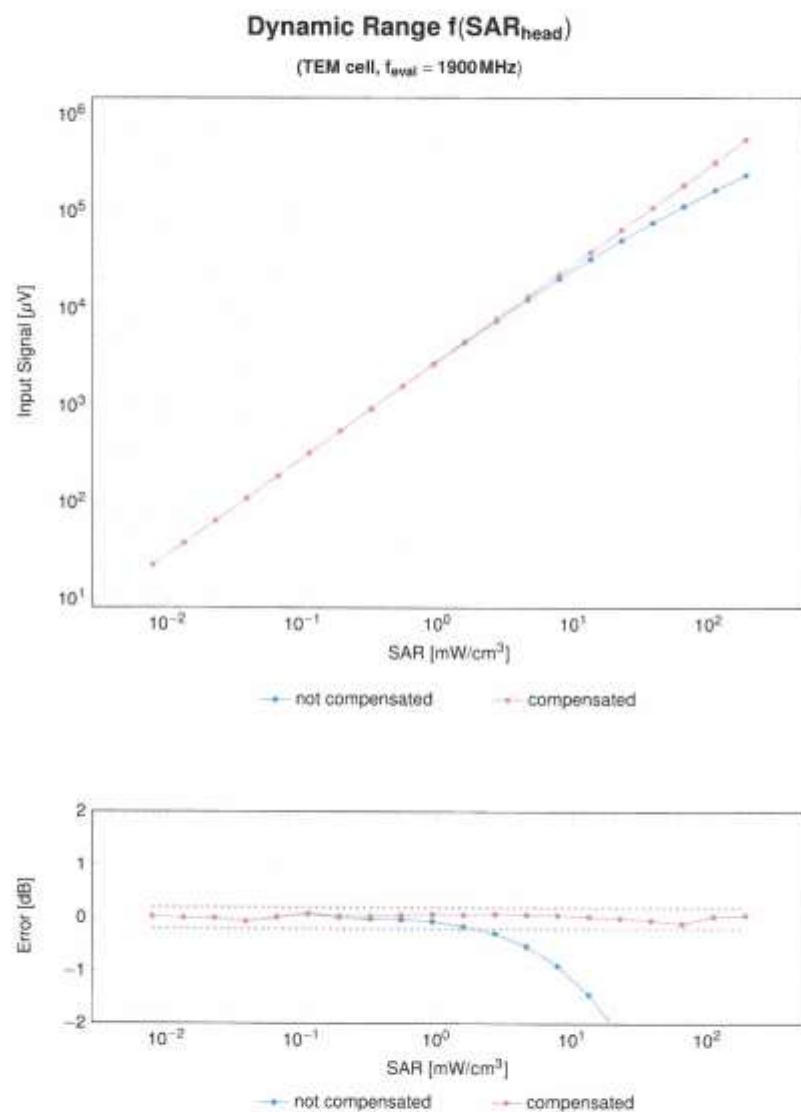
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



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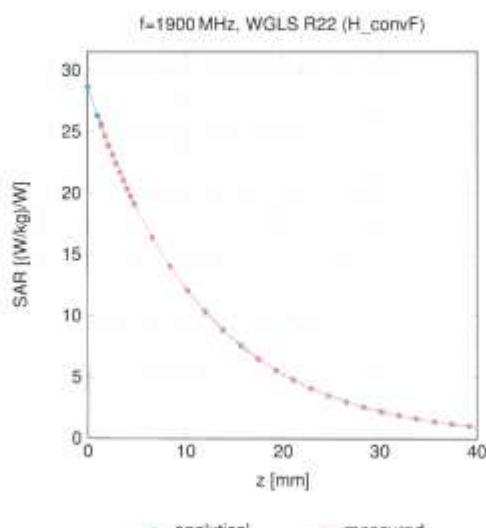


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

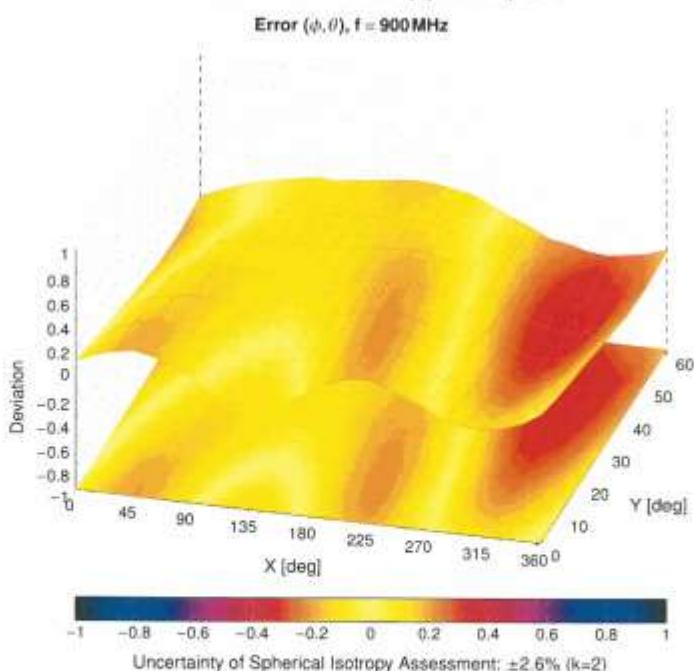
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



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| UID | Rev | Communication System Name | Group | PAR (dB) | Unc ^E k = 2 |
|-------|-----|--|-----------|----------|------------------------|
| 10609 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.57 | ±9.6 |
| 10610 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.78 | ±9.6 |
| 10611 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.70 | ±9.6 |
| 10612 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.77 | ±9.6 |
| 10613 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.94 | ±9.6 |
| 10614 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.58 | ±9.6 |
| 10615 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.82 | ±9.6 |
| 10616 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.82 | ±9.6 |
| 10617 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.81 | ±9.6 |
| 10618 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.58 | ±9.6 |
| 10619 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.86 | ±9.6 |
| 10620 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.87 | ±9.6 |
| 10621 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.77 | ±9.6 |
| 10622 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.88 | ±9.6 |
| 10623 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.82 | ±9.6 |
| 10624 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.96 | ±9.6 |
| 10625 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.96 | ±9.6 |
| 10626 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.83 | ±9.6 |
| 10627 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.88 | ±9.6 |
| 10628 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.71 | ±9.6 |
| 10629 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.85 | ±9.6 |
| 10630 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.72 | ±9.6 |
| 10631 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.81 | ±9.6 |
| 10632 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.74 | ±9.6 |
| 10633 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.83 | ±9.6 |
| 10634 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.80 | ±9.6 |
| 10635 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.81 | ±9.6 |
| 10636 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.83 | ±9.6 |
| 10637 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.79 | ±9.6 |
| 10638 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.86 | ±9.6 |
| 10639 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.85 | ±9.6 |
| 10640 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.98 | ±9.6 |
| 10641 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.06 | ±9.6 |
| 10642 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.06 | ±9.6 |
| 10643 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.89 | ±9.6 |
| 10644 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.05 | ±9.6 |
| 10645 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.11 | ±9.6 |
| 10646 | AAC | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,7) | LTE-TDD | 11.96 | ±9.6 |
| 10647 | AAC | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20MHz, QPSK, UL Sub=2,7) | LTE-TDD | 11.96 | ±9.6 |
| 10648 | AAC | CDMA2000 (1x Advanced) | CDMA2000 | 3.45 | ±9.6 |
| 10652 | AAC | LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 5MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%) | LTE-TDD | 6.91 | ±9.6 |
| 10653 | AAC | LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 10MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%) | LTE-TDD | 7.42 | ±9.6 |
| 10654 | AAC | LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 15MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%) | LTE-TDD | 6.96 | ±9.6 |
| 10655 | AAC | LTE-TDD (OFDMA, 20MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%) | LTE-TDD | 7.21 | ±9.6 |
| 10658 | AAC | Pulse Waveform (200 Hz, 10%) | Test | 10.00 | ±9.6 |
| 10659 | AAC | Pulse Waveform (200 Hz, 20%) | Test | 6.99 | ±9.6 |
| 10660 | AAC | Pulse Waveform (200 Hz, 40%) | Test | 3.98 | ±9.6 |
| 10661 | AAC | Pulse Waveform (200 Hz, 60%) | Test | 2.22 | ±9.6 |
| 10662 | AAC | Pulse Waveform (200 Hz, 80%) | Test | 0.97 | ±9.6 |
| 10670 | AAC | Bluetooth Low Energy | Bluetooth | 2.19 | ±9.6 |
| 10671 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.09 | ±9.6 |
| 10672 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.57 | ±9.6 |
| 10673 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.78 | ±9.6 |
| 10674 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.74 | ±9.6 |
| 10675 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.90 | ±9.6 |
| 10676 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.77 | ±9.6 |
| 10677 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.73 | ±9.6 |
| 10678 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.78 | ±9.6 |
| 10679 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.89 | ±9.6 |
| 10680 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.80 | ±9.6 |
| 10681 | AAG | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS10, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.62 | ±9.6 |
| 10682 | AAF | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS11, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.83 | ±9.6 |
| 10683 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.42 | ±9.6 |
| 10684 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.26 | ±9.6 |
| 10685 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.39 | ±9.6 |
| 10686 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.28 | ±9.6 |

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May 31, 2022

| UID | Rev | Communication System Name | Group | PAR (dB) | Unc ^E k = 2 |
|-------|-----|--|-------|----------|------------------------|
| 10687 | AAE | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.45 | ±9.6 |
| 10688 | AAE | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS5, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.29 | ±9.6 |
| 10689 | AAD | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.55 | ±9.6 |
| 10690 | AAE | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.29 | ±9.6 |
| 10691 | AAB | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.25 | ±9.6 |
| 10692 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.29 | ±9.6 |
| 10693 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS10, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.25 | ±9.6 |
| 10694 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (20 MHz, MCS11, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.57 | ±9.6 |
| 10695 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.78 | ±9.6 |
| 10696 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.91 | ±9.6 |
| 10697 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.61 | ±9.6 |
| 10698 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.89 | ±9.6 |
| 10699 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.82 | ±9.6 |
| 10700 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.73 | ±9.6 |
| 10701 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.86 | ±9.6 |
| 10702 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.70 | ±9.6 |
| 10703 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.82 | ±9.6 |
| 10704 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.58 | ±9.6 |
| 10705 | AAA | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS10, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.69 | ±9.6 |
| 10706 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS11, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.66 | ±9.6 |
| 10707 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.32 | ±9.6 |
| 10708 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.55 | ±9.6 |
| 10709 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.33 | ±9.6 |
| 10710 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.29 | ±9.6 |
| 10711 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.39 | ±9.6 |
| 10712 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS5, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.87 | ±9.6 |
| 10713 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.33 | ±9.6 |
| 10714 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.26 | ±9.6 |
| 10715 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.45 | ±9.6 |
| 10716 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.30 | ±9.6 |
| 10717 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS10, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.48 | ±9.6 |
| 10718 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (40 MHz, MCS11, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.24 | ±9.6 |
| 10719 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.81 | ±9.6 |
| 10720 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.87 | ±9.6 |
| 10721 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.76 | ±9.6 |
| 10722 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.55 | ±9.6 |
| 10723 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.70 | ±9.6 |
| 10724 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.90 | ±9.6 |
| 10725 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.74 | ±9.6 |
| 10726 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.72 | ±9.6 |
| 10727 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.66 | ±9.6 |
| 10728 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.65 | ±9.6 |
| 10729 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS10, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.64 | ±9.6 |
| 10730 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS11, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.67 | ±9.6 |
| 10731 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS0, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.42 | ±9.6 |
| 10732 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS1, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.46 | ±9.6 |
| 10733 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS2, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.40 | ±9.6 |
| 10734 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS3, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.25 | ±9.6 |
| 10735 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS4, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.33 | ±9.6 |
| 10736 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS5, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.27 | ±9.6 |
| 10737 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS6, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.36 | ±9.6 |
| 10738 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS7, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.42 | ±9.6 |
| 10739 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS8, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.29 | ±9.6 |
| 10740 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS9, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.48 | ±9.6 |
| 10741 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS10, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.40 | ±9.6 |
| 10742 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (80 MHz, MCS11, 99pc dc) | WLAN | 8.43 | ±9.6 |
| 10743 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS0, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.94 | ±9.6 |
| 10744 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS1, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.16 | ±9.6 |
| 10745 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS2, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.93 | ±9.6 |
| 10746 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS3, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.11 | ±9.6 |
| 10747 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS4, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 9.04 | ±9.6 |
| 10748 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS5, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.93 | ±9.6 |
| 10749 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS6, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.90 | ±9.6 |
| 10750 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS7, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.79 | ±9.6 |
| 10751 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS8, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.82 | ±9.6 |
| 10752 | AAC | IEEE 802.11ax (160 MHz, MCS9, 90pc dc) | WLAN | 8.81 | ±9.6 |

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EX3DV4 - SN:7506

May 31, 2022

| UIID | Rev | Communication System Name | Group | PAR (dB) | Unc ^E , k = 2 |
|-------|-----|--|---------------|----------|--------------------------|
| 10983 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 40 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.31 | ± 9.6 |
| 10984 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 50 MHz, 64-QAM, 15 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.42 | ± 9.6 |
| 10985 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 40 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.54 | ± 9.6 |
| 10986 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 50 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.50 | ± 9.6 |
| 10987 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 60 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.53 | ± 9.6 |
| 10988 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 70 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.36 | ± 9.6 |
| 10989 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 80 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.33 | ± 9.6 |
| 10990 | AAA | 5G NR DL (CP-OFDM, TM 3.1, 90 MHz, 64-QAM, 30 kHz) | 5G NR FR1 TDD | 9.52 | ± 9.6 |

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

s p e a g

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MΩ is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

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Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client TUV - CN (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1557_Jan22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BN - SN: 1557

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: January 20, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 31-Aug-21 (No:31368) | Aug-22 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Auto DAE Calibration Unit | SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | 07-Jan-21 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-22 |
| Calibrator Box V2.1 | SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | 07-Jan-21 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-22 |

Calibrated by: Name Dominique Steffan Function Laboratory Technician Signature

Approved by: Sven Kühn Deputy Manager

Issued: January 20, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| DAE | data acquisition electronics |
| Connector angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system. |

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1\mu V$, full range = $-100...+300 mV$

Low Range: 1LSB = $61nV$, full range = $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| High Range | $404.935 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$ | $404.615 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$ | $404.708 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$ |
| Low Range | $3.97474 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$ | $4.00470 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$ | $3.97681 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$ |

Connector Angle

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | $52.0^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ |
|---|--------------------------|

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Reading (μ V) | Difference (μ V) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200034.27 | -0.74 | -0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20007.95 | 2.01 | 0.01 |
| Channel X - Input | -20003.23 | 2.74 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200035.13 | 0.36 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 20003.67 | -2.11 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y - Input | -20005.39 | 0.68 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200035.01 | 0.32 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 20004.42 | -1.23 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z - Input | -20007.27 | -1.03 | 0.01 |

| Low Range | Reading (μ V) | Difference (μ V) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2001.43 | 0.05 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 201.39 | 0.07 | 0.03 |
| Channel X - Input | -198.49 | 0.08 | -0.04 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2001.41 | 0.18 | 0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200.23 | -0.88 | -0.49 |
| Channel Y - Input | -199.52 | -0.79 | 0.40 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2001.27 | 0.12 | 0.01 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200.78 | -0.30 | -0.15 |
| Channel Z - Input | -199.55 | -0.69 | 0.35 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μ V) | Low Range Average Reading (μ V) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200 | -1.20 | -2.91 |
| | -200 | 4.42 | 2.51 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 3.70 | 3.51 |
| | -200 | -5.26 | -5.81 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 3.33 | 3.50 |
| | -200 | -4.60 | -4.61 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μ V) | Channel Y (μ V) | Channel Z (μ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | -1.74 | -2.39 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 5.44 | - | 0.91 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 10.00 | 1.98 | - |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15842 | 16255 |
| Channel Y | 15773 | 16552 |
| Channel Z | 16072 | 15798 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MQ

| | Average (μ V) | min. Offset (μ V) | max. Offset (μ V) | Std. Deviation (μ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.94 | -0.43 | 2.13 | 0.42 |
| Channel Y | -0.30 | -1.73 | 0.48 | 0.37 |
| Channel Z | -0.34 | -1.51 | 0.78 | 0.41 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

| | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +8 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |