

## **APPENDIX C - SYSTEM VALIDATION**

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Celltech Labs

CALIBRATION (	ERTIFICATI		ALL III EVALUATION AND MAIL OF THE
Object(s)	D1800V2 - SN:2	47	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05 v2 Calibration proc	adure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	June 4, 2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	in Tolerance (ac	cording to the specific calibratic	in document)
This calibration statement document 17025 international standard.	nts traceability of M&TE use	ed in the calibration procedures and conformity o	of the procedures with the ISO/IEC
All calibrations have been conducted	ed in the closed laboratory t	facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degree	es Celsius and humidity < 75%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	Ecritical for calibration)		
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	In house check: Oct 03
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	and the second second
	a garan tangan da	April 1997 - Company of the Company	i.V. T. Besilvelt
Approved by:	Katja Poković	Laboratory Director	Unix Verga
			Date issued: June 4, 2003
This calibration certificate is issued Calibration Laboratory of Schmid &	as an intermediate solution Partner Engineering AG is	until the accreditation process (based on ISO/II completed.	EC 17025 International Standard) for

880-KP0301061-A

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# DASY

## Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1800V2

Serial: 247

Manufactured: August 25, 1999

Calibrated: June 4, 2003

### 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1800 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 39.2  $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.36 mho/m  $\pm 5\%$ 

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.3 at 1800 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was  $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## 2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue: 39.6 mW/g  $\pm$  16.8 % (k=2)<sup>1</sup>

averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: **20.9 mW/g**  $\pm$  16.2 % (k=2)<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty

## 3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.190 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.998

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1800 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 48.5 \Omega$ 

 $Im \{Z\} = -6.5 \Omega$ 

Return Loss at 1800 MHz

-23.3 dB

## 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

#### 5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

## 6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 06/04/03 14:55:26

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland File Name: SN247 SN1507 HSL1800 040603.da4

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN247** 

**Program: Dipole Calibration** 

Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 1800 MHz ( $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 39.22$ ,  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

## **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

## Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 96 V/m

Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11 mW/g

## Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

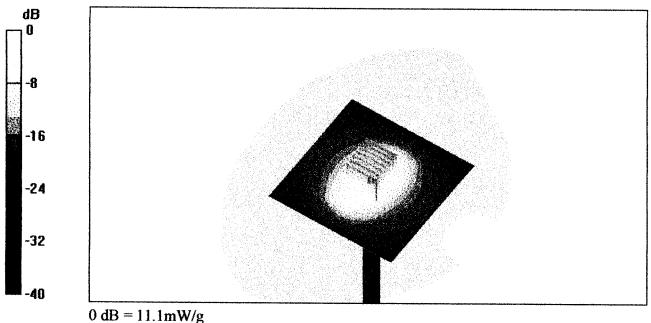
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

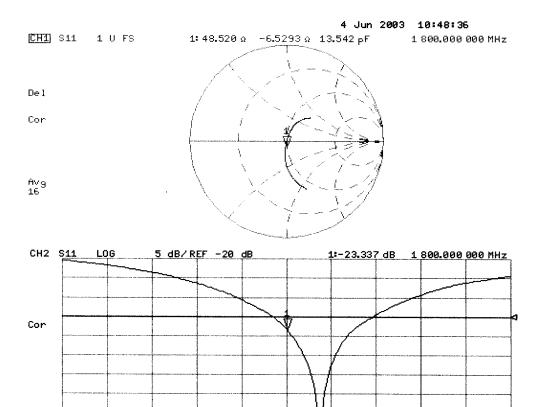
SAR(1 g) = 9.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/g

Reference Value = 96 V/m

Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.1 mW/g





SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

CENTER 1 800.000 000 MHz

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Celitech Labs

Object(s)	Paratayan (a. Cana	· 01-2	
Object(s)	D900V2 - SN	.054	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05 v Calibration pr	2 ocedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	June 3, 2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance	(according to the specific calibration	on document)
17025 international standard.		E used in the calibration procedures and conformity	
17025 international standard. All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration)	ory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degre	es Celsius and humidity < 75%.
17025 international standard. All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration)	ory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degre Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	es Celsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration
17025 international standard.  All calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M&  Model Type  RF generator R&S SML-03	cted in the closed laborat  TE critical for calibration)  ID #  100698	ory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degre- Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	es Celsius and humidity < 75%.  Scheduled Calibration In house check: Mar-05
17025 international standard.  All calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M&Model Type  RF generator R&S SML-03  Power sensor HP 8481A	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration)  ID #  100698  MY41092317	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	es Celsius and humidity < 75%.  Scheduled Calibration In house check: Mar-05 Oct-04
17025 international standard.  All calibrations have been condu  Calibration Equipment used (M&  Model Type  RF generator R&S SML-03  Power sensor HP 8481A  Power sensor HP 8481A	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration) ID # 100698 MY41092317 US37292783	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	es Celsius and humidity < 75%.  Scheduled Calibration In house check: Mar-05 Oct-04 Oct-03
17025 international standard.  All calibrations have been condu  Calibration Equipment used (M&  Model Type  RF generator R&S SML-03  Power sensor HP 8481A  Power meter EPM E442	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration)  ID #  100698  MY41092317	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	es Celsius and humidity < 75%.  Scheduled Calibration In house check: Mar-05 Oct-04
17025 international standard.	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration)  ID #  100698  MY41092317  US37292783  GB37480704	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236) 30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Mar-05 Oct-04 Oct-03 Oct-03
17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conductable. Calibration Equipment used (M&Model Type RF generator R&S SML-03 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E442 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	cted in the closed laborat TE critical for calibration)  ID #  100698  MY41092317  US37292783  GB37480704  US37390585	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236) 30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236) 18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Mar-05 Oct-04 Oct-03 Oct-03 In house check: Oct 03

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

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# **DASY**

# Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D900V2

Serial: 054

Manufactured:

August 25, 1999

Calibrated:

June 3, 2003

## 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 42.1  $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 0.95 mho/m  $\pm 5\%$ 

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.6 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW  $\pm$  3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## 2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue: 10.6 mW/g  $\pm$  16.8 % (k=2)<sup>1</sup>

averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: **6.84 mW/g**  $\pm$  16.2 % (k=2)<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty

#### 3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.397 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.991 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz:  $Re\{Z\} = 49.9 \Omega$ 

Im  $\{Z\} = -2.0 \Omega$ 

Return Loss at 900 MHz -33.9 dB

## 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

#### 5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

## 6. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 06/03/03 12:00:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland File Name: SN054 SN1507 HSL900 030603.da4

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN054

**Program: Dipole Calibration** 

Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 900 MHz ( $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 42.07$ ,  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 1/18/2003

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003

• Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

## Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 56.9 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0004 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 2.84 mW/g

## Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

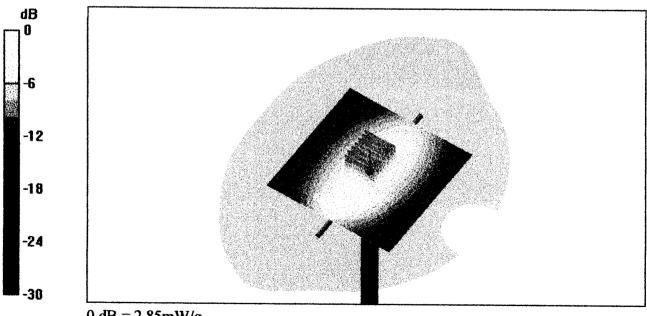
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.71 mW/g

Reference Value = 56.9 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0004 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 2.85 mW/g



0 dB = 2.85 mW/g

