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APPLICANT: Radioshack A Division Of Tandy Corp.

FCC ID: AA01901127

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### TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

- 1.\_X\_Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8566B-Opt 462, S/N 3138A07786, w/
  preselector HP 85685A, S/N 3221A01400, Quasi-Peak Adapter
  HP 85650A, S/N 3303A01690 & Preamplifier HP 8449B-OPT H02,
  S/N 3008A00372 Cal. 10/17/99
- 2.\_X\_Signal Generator: HP 8640B, S/N 2308A21464 Cal. 9/23/99
- 3.\_\_\_\_Signal Generator: HP 8614A, S/N 2015A07428 Cal. 5/29/99
- 4.\_\_\_Passive Loop Antenna: EMCO Model 6512, 9KHz to 30MHz, S/N 9706-1211 Cal. 6/23/97
- 5.\_X\_Biconnical Antenna: Eaton Model 94455-1, S/N 1057
- 6.\_X\_Log-Periodic Antenna: Electro-Metrics Model EM-6950, S/N 632
- 7.\_\_\_Dipole Antenna Kit: Electro-Metrics Model TDA-30/1-4, S/N 153 Cal. 11/24/99
- 8.\_\_\_Double-Ridged Horn Antenna: Electro-Metrics Model RGA-180, 1-18 GHz, S/N 2319 Cal. 4/27/99
- 9.\_\_\_Horn 40-60GHz: ATM Part #19-443-6R
- 10.\_\_\_Line Impedance Stabilization Network: Electro-Metrics Model ANS-25/2, S/N 2604 Cal. 2/9/00
- 11.\_\_\_Temperature Chamber: Tenney Engineering Model TTRC, S/N 11717-7
- 12.\_\_\_AC Voltmeter: HP Model 400FL, S/N 2213A14499 Cal. 9/21/99
- 13.\_\_\_Digital Multimeter: Fluke Model 8012A, S/N 4810047 Cal 9/21/99
- 14. Digital Multimeter: Fluke Model 77, S/N 43850817 Cal 9/21/99
- 15.\_\_\_Oscilloscope: Tektronix Model 2230, S/N 300572 Cal 9/23/99
- 16.\_\_\_Frequency Counter: HP Model 5385A, S/N 3242A07460 Cal 10/6/99

# TEST PROCEDURE

GENERAL: This report shall NOT be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC.

RADIATION INTERFERENCE: The test procedure used was ANSI STANDARD C63.4-1992 using a HEWLETT PACKARD spectrum analyzer with a preselector. The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was 100 kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. The analyzer was calibrated in dB above a microvolt at the output of the antenna. The resolution bandwidth was 100KHz and the video bandwidth was 300KHz. The ambient temperature of the UUT was 80oC with a humidity of 76%.

FORMULA OF CONVERSION FACTORS: The Field Strength at 3m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer (which is set to read in units of dBuV) to the antenna correction factor supplied by the antenna manufacturer. The antenna correction factors are stated in terms of dB. The gain of the Preselector was accounted for in the Spectrum Analyzer Meter Reading.

#### Example:

Freq (MHz) METER READING + ACF = FS

33 20 dBuV + 10.36 dB = 30.36 dBuV/m @ 3m

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## TEST PROCEDURES CONTINUED

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ANSI STANDARD C63.4-1992 10.1.7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES: The unit under test was placed on a table 80 cm high and with dimensions of 1m by 1.5m. The table used for radiated measurements is capable of continuous rotation.

When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. At this point, the antenna was raised and lowered from 1m to 4m. The antenna was placed in both the horizontal and vertical planes.

The situation was similar for the conducted measurement except that the table did not rotate. The EUT was setup as described in ANSIC63.4-1992 with the EUT 40 cm from the vertical ground wall.

#### CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION:

In the receive mode the signal comes in on the receive antenna to the double tuned circuit to the super-regenerative detector Q-3, where the audio is detected. From Q-3 the audio goes to the volume resistor R15 to the input to the three(3) stage audio amplification, Q1, Q4 & Q5. Q5 drives the audio output transformer T3 which is connected to the speaker.

#### ANTENNA AND GROUND CIRCUITRY

This unit makes use of a external 5 inch antenna. The antenna is inductively coupled. This unit is powered from a 9.0V battery.

No ground connection is provided. The unit relies on the ground tract of the printed circuit board.

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APPLICANT: Radioshack A Division Of Tandy Corp.

FCC ID: AA01901127

NAME OF TEST: RADIATION INTERFERENCE

RULES PART NUMBER: 15.109

REQUIREMENTS: 30 to 80 MHz: 40.0 dBuV/M @ 3 METERS

88 to 216 MHz: 43.5 dBuV/M 216 to 960 MHz: 46.0 dBuV/M ABOVE 960 MHz: 54.0 dBuV/M

TEST RESULTS: A search was made of the spectrum from 30 to 1000  $\,$ 

MHz and the measurements indicate that the unit

DOES meet the FCC requirements.

### TEST DATA:

TUNED FREQ. MHz	EMISSION FREQUENCY MHz	METER READING @ 3m dBuV	COAX LOSS dB	A.C.F.	FIELD STRENGTH dBuV/m@3m	MARGIN dB	ANT.
		0 0 m 0 0 m v		<u> </u>	azav, meem		
137.00	115.60	12.10	0.80	9.02	21.92	21.58	Н
154.00	132.60	8.70	0.80	14.16	23.66	19.84	Н
154.00	663.00	9.50	2.00	21.49	32.99	13.01	V
172.00	150.60	16.70	0.90	16.88	34.48	9.02	Н
172.00	301.20	7.90	1.40	15.66	24.96	21.04	V
172.00	753.00	6.10	2.00	21.92	30.02	15.98	Н
172.00	903.60	9.10	2.90	24.19	36.19	9.81	Н

SAMPLE CALCULATION: FSdBuV/m = MR(dBuV) + ACFdB.

TEST PROCEDURE: ANSI STANDARD C63.4-1992 using a Hewlett Packard Model 8566B spectrum analyzer, a Hewlett Packard Model 85685A Preselector, a Hewlett Packard Model 85650A Quasi-Peak adapter, an Electro-Metric Dipole Kit, and an Eaton Model 94455-1 Biconical Antenna. The bandwidth of spectrum analyzer was 100 kHz with an appropriate sweep speed. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. The antenna was placed in both the horizontal and vertical planes and the worse case emissions were reported. The receiver was put into the coherant mode by placing an antenna driven by a signal generator off site. The UUT was tested in 3 orthogonal planes.

PERFORMED BY: S. S. SANDERS DATE: March 29, 2000

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APPLICANT: Radioshack A Division Of Tandy Corp.

FCC ID: AA01901127

NAME OF TEST: 38dB REJECTION RATIO

RULES PART NUMBER: 15.121(b)

REQUIREMENTS: 38dB REJECTION RATIO TO SENSITIVITY OF

OF THE RECEIVER.

TEST SET-UP



TEST PROCEDURE: The reference sensitivity was measured in accordance with TIA/EIA-603;

- a. Equipment connected as illustrated
- b. A standard signal was applied to the receiver input terminals.
- c. Receiver output audio output was adjusted for rated output.
- d. The RF Signal generator was adjusted to the lowest level to produce a 12dB SINAD without the audio output dropping more than 3dB. Make note of sensitivity level.
- e. This was done across the different bands to establish a reference level. The reference taken was the worse case sensitivity.
- f. The output of the signal generator was then adjusted to a level of  $60 \, \text{dB}$  above the reference level at a frequency of  $824.5 \, \text{MHz}$ .
- g. With the level set 60dB above the level measured in step e,  $\,$
- h. Set squelch on receiver to threshold, The signal level required to open the squelch must be lower than the level measured in step  ${\tt d}$ .
- i. Cause the receiver to scan or step-it through its complete

range of frequencies.

- j. If receiver stops or unsquelches on any frequency, record the frequency and then adjust the level until a 12dB SINAD is produced. This level must be greater than 38dB above the level in step e.
- k. Repeat steps f thorugh j for frequencies 836.0, 848.5, 869.1, 881.0, &  $893.5 \mathrm{MHz}$ .

TEST RESULTS: The UUT meet the 38dB REJECTION RATIO.

PERFORMED BY: S. S. SANDERS DATE: March 29, 2000

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