



TESTING LABORATORY  
CERTIFICATE#4323.01





## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

### Beijing Wiseasy Technology CO., Ltd.

7th Floor, Block B, Wangxin Mansion, No.28 Xiaoyun Road, Chaoyang District, 100027, Beijing,  
China

**FCC ID: 2AXOJ-WPOS-3**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal
<b>Project Engineer:</b>	Bard Liu 
<b>Report Number:</b>	RKSA200927001-26
<b>Report Date:</b>	2020-10-08
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Attestation of Test Results		
<b>EUT Information</b>	<b>EUT Description</b>	WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal
	<b>Model Name</b>	WPOS-3
	<b>FCC ID</b>	2AXOJ-WPOS-3
	<b>Serial Number</b>	RKSA200927001
	<b>Test Date</b>	2020-09-21~2020-09-24
<b>MODE</b>		<b>Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)</b>
<b>GSM 850</b>		0.400 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>PCS 1900</b>		0.634 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>WCDMA 2</b>		0.942 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>WCDMA 5</b>		0.738 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>LTE Band 2</b>		0.719 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>LTE Band 4</b>		0.621 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>LTE Band 5</b>		0.665 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>LTE Band 12</b>		<b>1.008</b> W/kg 1g SAR
<b>2.4GHz WLAN</b>		0.565 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>5GHz WLAN</b>		0.979 W/kg 1g SAR
<b>Simultaneous</b>		1.409 W/kg 1g SAR
		<b>1.6(W/kg)</b>

<b>Applicable Standards</b>	<b>IEEE1528:2013</b> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
	<b>FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093</b> Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
	<b>IEC 62209-2:2010</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)
	<b>KDB procedures</b> KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05 KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
<p><b>Note:</b> This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in <b>FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093</b> and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.</p> <p><b>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</b></p>	

## Revision History

Revision	Report Number	Issue Date	Description	Author/ Revised by
1.0	RKSA200927001-26	2020.10.08	Original Report	Bard Liu

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## EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **Beijing Wiseasy Technology CO., Ltd.** and their product **WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal**, Model: **WPOS-3** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: **RKSA200927001** (Assigned by BACL, Kunshan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on **2020-09-15**.*

### Technical Specification

<b>Product Type</b>	WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
<b>Antenna Type(s):</b>	FPC Antenna for GSM and WCDMA and LTE FPC Antenna for WLAN
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Face-Head Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	GPRS Data, EGPRS Data, WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data), HSDPA/HSUPA) FDD-LTE WLAN2.4G/WLAN 5G Bluetooth/BLE
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX) ; 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 12: 699-716 MHz(TX); 729-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 17: 704-716 MHz(TX), 734-746 MHz(RX) WLAN (2.4G): 2412 -2462 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.2G): 5150-5250 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.3G): 5250-5350 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.5G): 5470-5725 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.8G): 5725-5850 MHz (TX&RX) Bluetooth/BLE: 2402 MHz-2480 MHz

<b>Conducted RF Power:</b>	GSM 850 : 33.99 dBm PCS 1900: 31.52 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 20.84 dBm WCDMA Band 5: 22.65 dBm LTE Band 2: 21.20 dBm LTE Band 4: 22.07 dBm LTE Band 5: 22.53 dBm LTE Band 12: 22.56 dBm LTE Band 17: 22.14 dBm WLAN (2.4G): 18.25 dBm WLAN (5G): 10.35 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 6.76 dBm BLE:1.80dBm
<b>Dimensions (L*W*H):</b>	21.0 cm (H) x 8.4 cm (W) x 3.6 cm (D)
<b>Power Source:</b>	DC 5.0V from adapter and DC 3.7V from battery
<b>Normal Operation:</b>	Body supported



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## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

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### **FCC:**

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

### **CE:**

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

**SAR Limits****FCC Limit**

<b>EXPOSURE LIMITS</b>	<b>SAR (W/kg)</b>	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	<b>1.60</b>	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

**CE Limit**

<b>EXPOSURE LIMITS</b>	<b>SAR (W/kg)</b>	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that maybe incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg(CE) applied to the EUT.

## **FACILITIES**

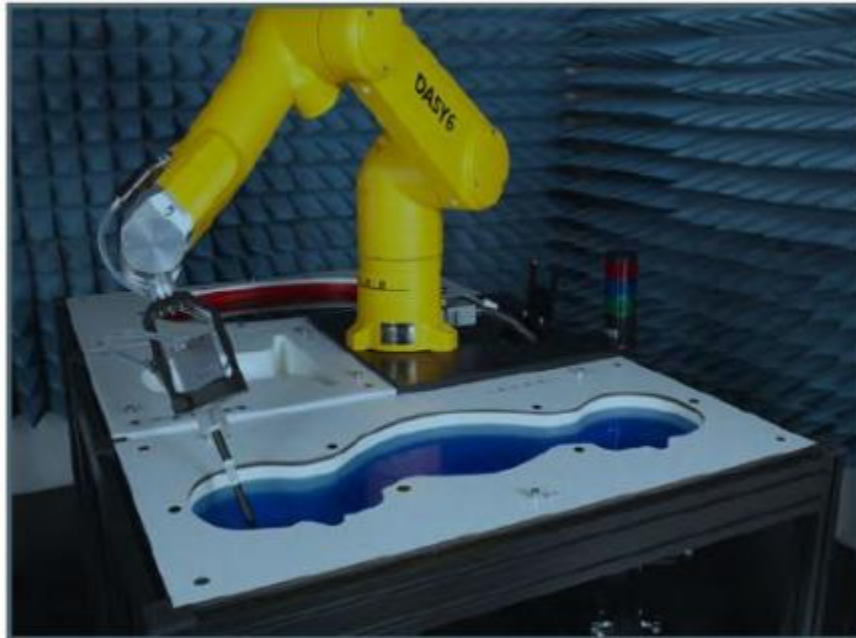
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The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by A2LA (Lab code: 4323.01) and the FCC designation No. CN1185 under the FCC KDB 974614 D01 and CAB identifier CN0004 under the ISED requirement. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

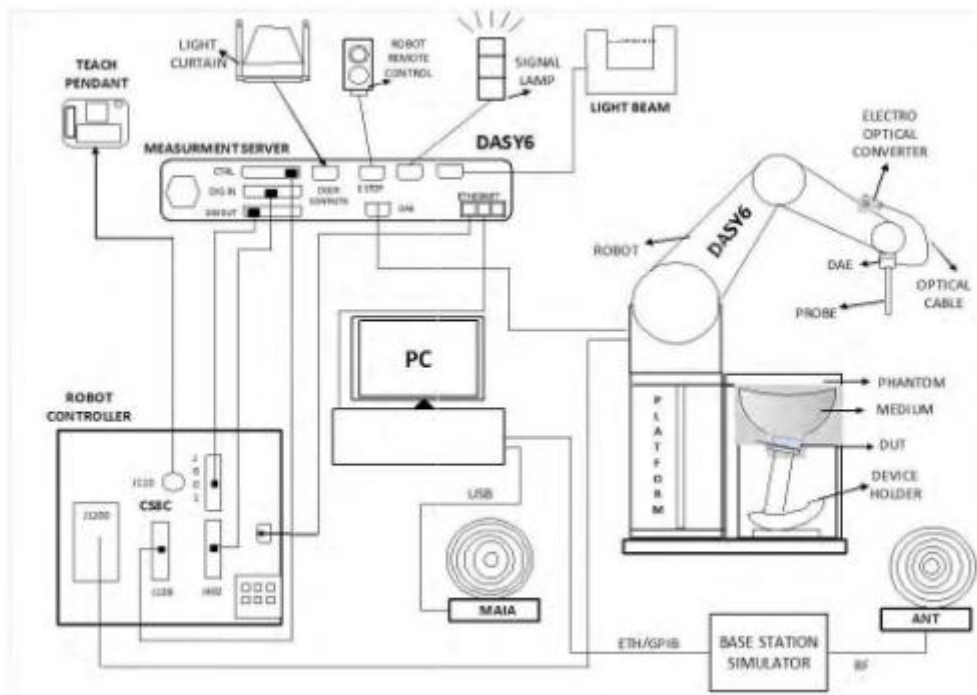
## DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY6 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY6 System Description

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **DASY6 Measurement Server**

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program- controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

### EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
<b>Compatibility</b>	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

### SAM Twin Phantom

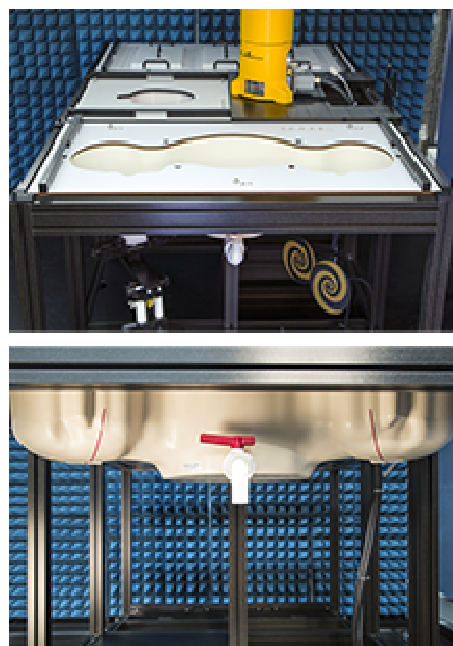
The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI-Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required. For devices such as glasses with a wireless link, the Face Down Phantom is the most suitable (between the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms).

When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY6 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY6 platform is used to mount the

Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required. In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation. DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.



Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.

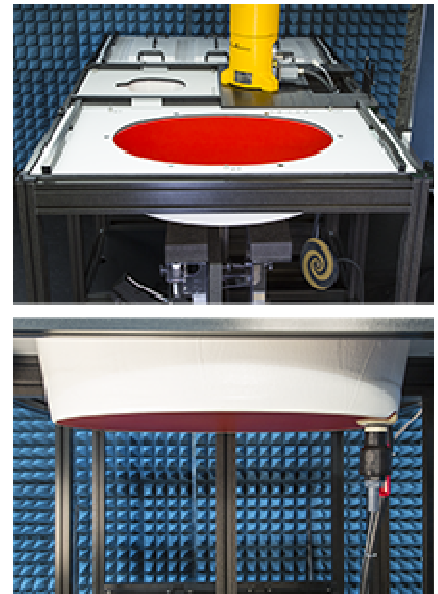
### ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to \_fill the ELI phantom





## Robots

The DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L, TX90XL, and RX160L from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided

## Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

## Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY6 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.



## Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

### Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

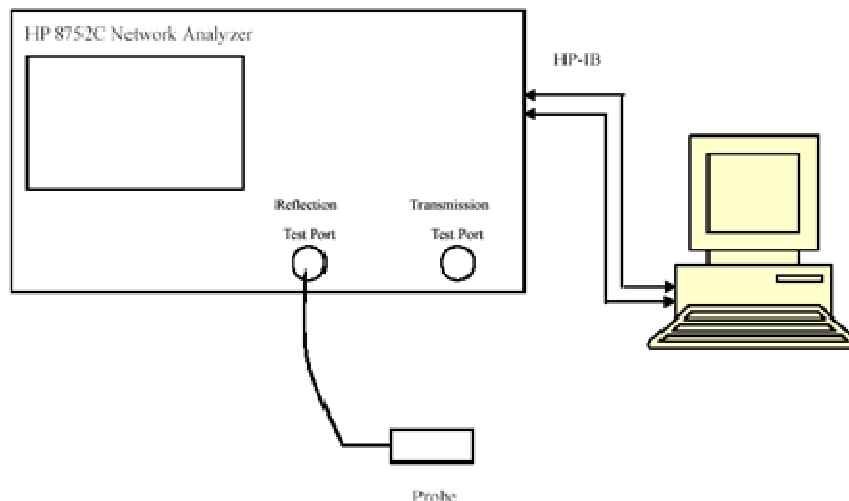
## EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

### Equipment's List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	TX90	5N26A1	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY5.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY6 Measurement Server	DASY 6.0	1588	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	527	2020/7/9	2021/7/8
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7520	2019/9/26	2020/9/25
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1079	2018/10/26	2021/10/25
Dipole, 835 MHz	D835V2	445	2019/12/17	2022/12/16
Dipole, 1800 MHz	D1800V2	2d207	2018/5/28	2021/5/27
Dipole, 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d207	2018/5/28	2021/5/27
Dipole, 2450MHz	D2450V2	969	2018/5/30	2021/5/29
Dipole, 5GHz	D5GHzV2	1225	2018/5/25	2021/5/24
Twin ELI	Twin ELI V8.0	2088	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	N/A	Each Time	N/A
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	TS-1750-H	N/A	Each Time	N/A
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	N/A	Each Time	N/A
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	TS-2450-H	N/A	Each Time	N/A
Simulated Tissue 5 GHz Head	TS-5G-H	N/A	Each Time	N/A
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149170	2020/5/15	2021/5/14
Mounting Device	N/A	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	8753D	3140A05361	2020/3/20	2021/3/19
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	50207	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101435	2020/1/7	2021/1/5
Signal Generator	SMB100A	110700	2020/1/9	2021/1/7
Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312279	2020/1/3	2021/1/2
Power Sensor	E9301A	MY41497400	2020/1/3	2021/1/2

## SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	
707.5	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	0.865	42.213	0.89	42.13	-2.81	0.27	$\pm 5$
750	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	0.904	41.619	0.89	41.90	1.57	-0.67	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020-09-21

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	
835	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz	0.919	42.882	0.90	41.50	2.11	3.33	$\pm 5$
836.4	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz	0.92	42.862	0.90	41.50	2.22	3.28	$\pm 5$
836.5	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz	0.921	42.859	0.90	41.50	2.33	3.27	$\pm 5$
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz	0.921	42.846	0.90	41.50	2.33	3.24	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020-09-21

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	
1732.5	Simulated Tissue 1800 MHz	1.352	40.138	1.36	40.13	-0.59	0.09	$\pm 5$
1800	Simulated Tissue 1800 MHz	1.412	39.890	1.40	40.00	0.86	-0.27	$\pm 5$
1880	Simulated Tissue 1800 MHz	1.38	39.469	1.40	40.00	-1.43	-1.33	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020-09-22

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	1.402	39.392	1.40	40.00	0.14	-1.52	$\pm 5$
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	1.409	39.366	1.40	40.00	0.64	-1.59	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020-09-22

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	
2437	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	1.863	38.461	1.79	39.22	4.08	-1.89	$\pm 5$
2450	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	1.877	38.401	1.80	39.20	4.28	-2.04	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020-09-23

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	
5250	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz	4.627	35.797	4.71	35.90	-1.76	-0.29	$\pm 5$
5180	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz	4.537	35.954	4.64	36.02	-2.22	-0.18	$\pm 5$
5320	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz	4.698	35.627	4.78	35.88	-1.72	-0.71	$\pm 5$
5600	Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz	5.021	34.999	5.07	35.50	-0.97	-1.41	$\pm 5$
5510	Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz	4.917	35.205	4.98	35.63	-1.27	-1.19	$\pm 5$
5800	Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz	5.257	34.572	5.27	35.30	-0.25	-2.06	$\pm 5$
5795	Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz	5.252	34.587	5.26	35.31	-0.15	-2.05	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020-09-24

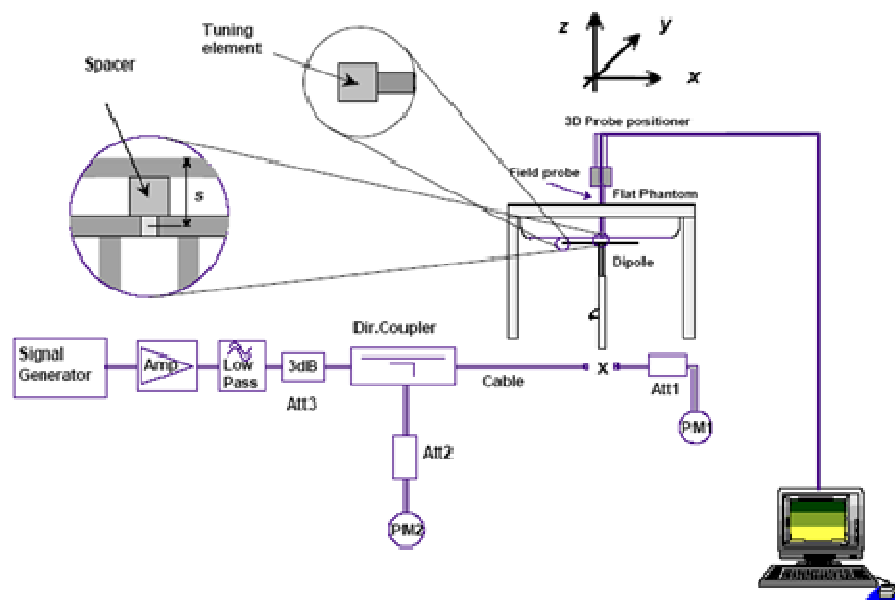
### System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 3\,000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$ .

### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



### System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR(W/kg)		Normalized to 1g SAR (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2020/09/21	750	Head	250	1g	2.08	8.32	8.46	-1.65	$\pm 10$
2020/09/21	835	Head	250	1g	2.43	9.72	9.37	3.74	$\pm 10$
2020/09/22	1800	Head	250	1g	9.67	38.68	38.50	-2.08	$\pm 10$
2020/09/22	1900	Head	250	1g	10.70	42.80	40.40	5.94	$\pm 10$
2020/09/23	2450	Head	250	1g	13.70	54.80	52.60	4.18	$\pm 10$
2020/09/24	5250	Head	100	1g	7.43	74.3	79.2	-6.19	$\pm 10$
2020/09/24	5600	Head	100	1g	7.58	75.8	83.20	-8.89	$\pm 10$
2020/09/24	5800	Head	100	1g	8.16	81.6	79.90	2.13	$\pm 10$

**Note:** The power inputted to dipole is 0.25Watt and 0.1Watt; the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power by multiplying 4 times.

**SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA****System Performance 750 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1079**

Communication System: UID 0, CW ; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.904$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.619$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(9.87, 9.87, 9.87) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Head 750MHz Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 W/kg

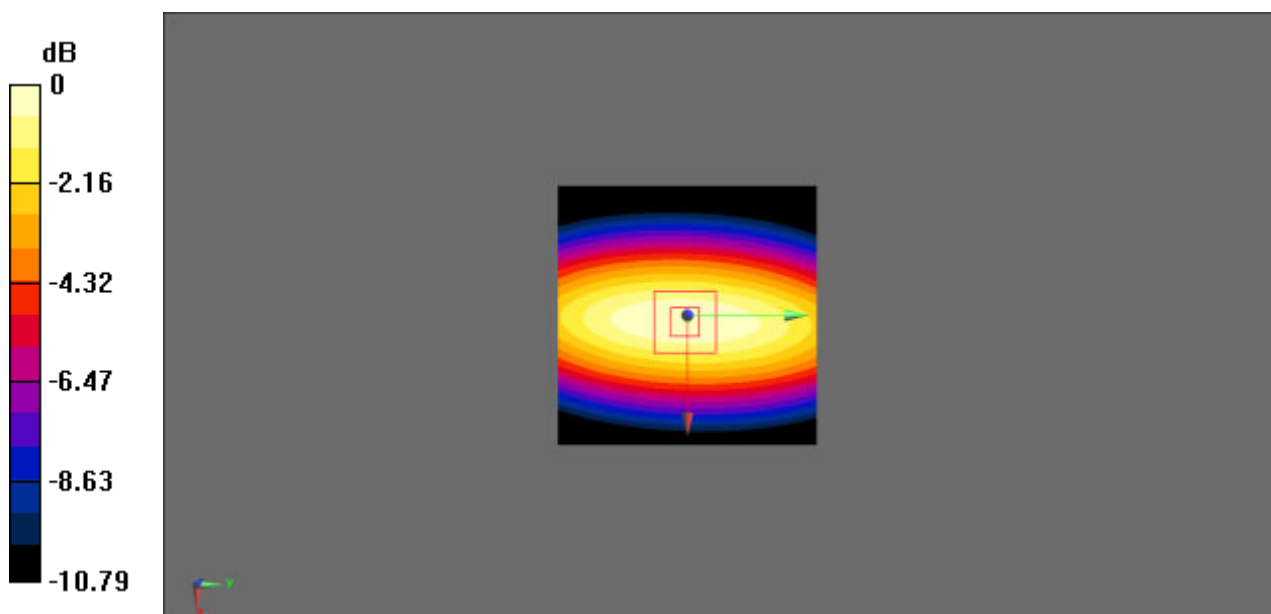
**Head 750MHzPin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 52.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.13 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.36 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 W/kg



0 dB = 2.62 W/kg = 4.18 dBW/kg

**System Performance 835 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 445**

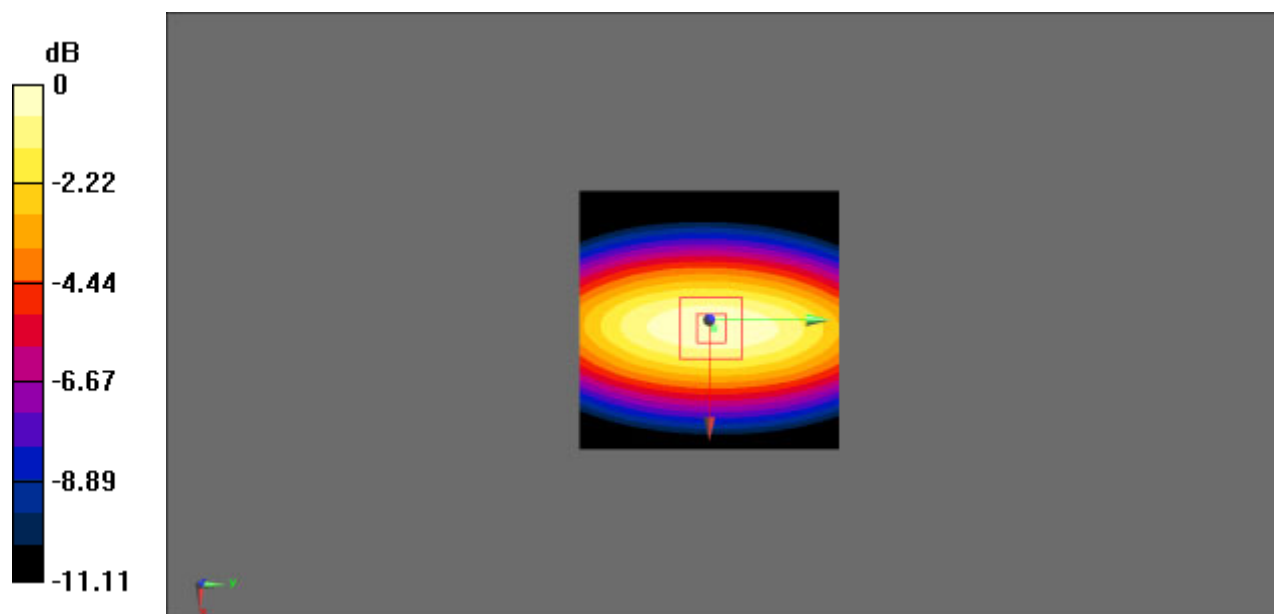
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.882$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Head 835MHz Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $3.11 \text{ W/kg}$ **Head 835MHzPin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value =  $55.47 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.05 \text{ dB}$ Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.73 \text{ W/kg}$ **SAR(1 g) =  $2.43 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.57 \text{ W/kg}$** Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $3.11 \text{ W/kg}$  $0 \text{ dB} = 3.11 \text{ W/kg} = 4.93 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**System Performance 1800 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: 2d207**

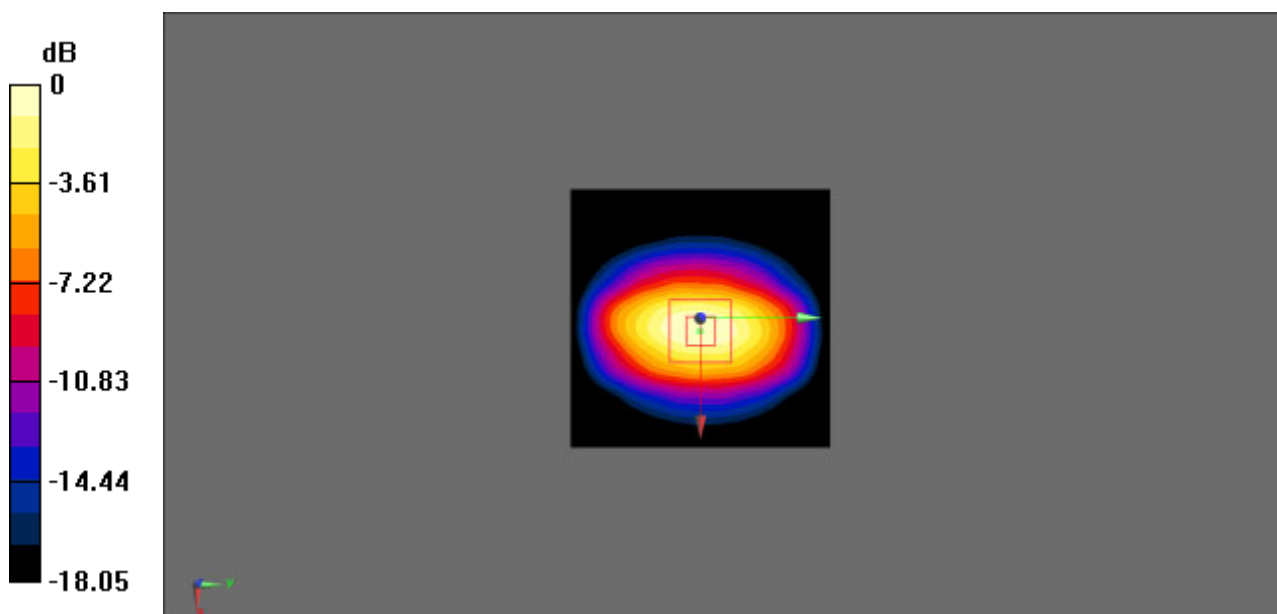
Communication System: UID 0, CW ; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.412 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(8.62, 8.62, 8.62) @ 1800 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Head 1800MHz Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $14.9 \text{ W/kg}$ **Head 1800MHzPin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value =  $101.8 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.10 \text{ dB}$ Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $18.3 \text{ W/kg}$ **SAR(1 g) =  $9.67 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $5.06 \text{ W/kg}$** Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $15.1 \text{ W/kg}$  $0 \text{ dB} = 15.1 \text{ W/kg} = 11.79 \text{ dBW/kg}$



**System Performance 1900 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d207**

Communication System: UID 0, CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.402$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.392$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Head 1900MHz Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 W/kg

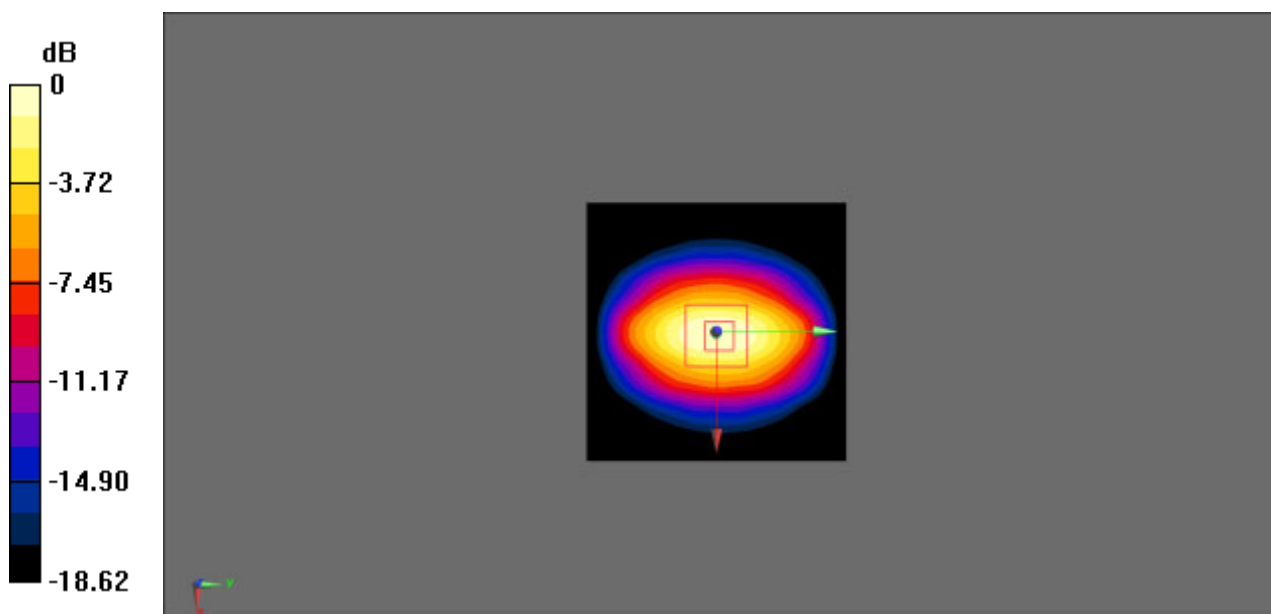
**Head 1900MHzPin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 12.28 dBW/kg

**System Performance 2450 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 969**

Communication System: UID 0, CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.877$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.401$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Head 2450MHz Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.7 W/kg

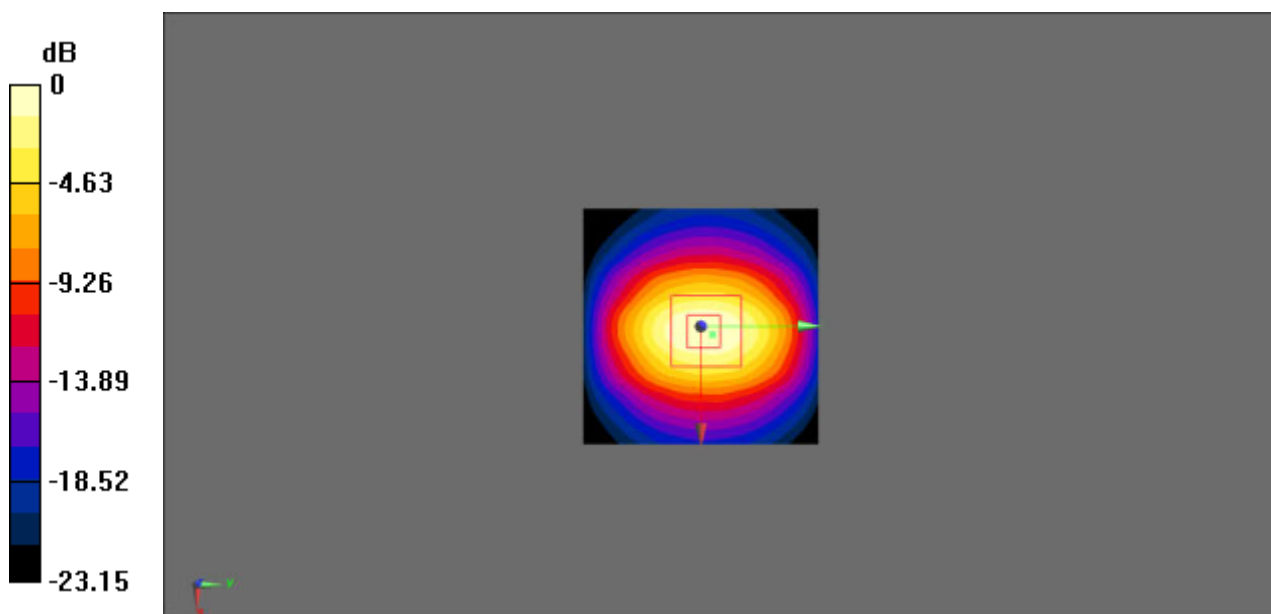
**Head 2450MHzPin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg



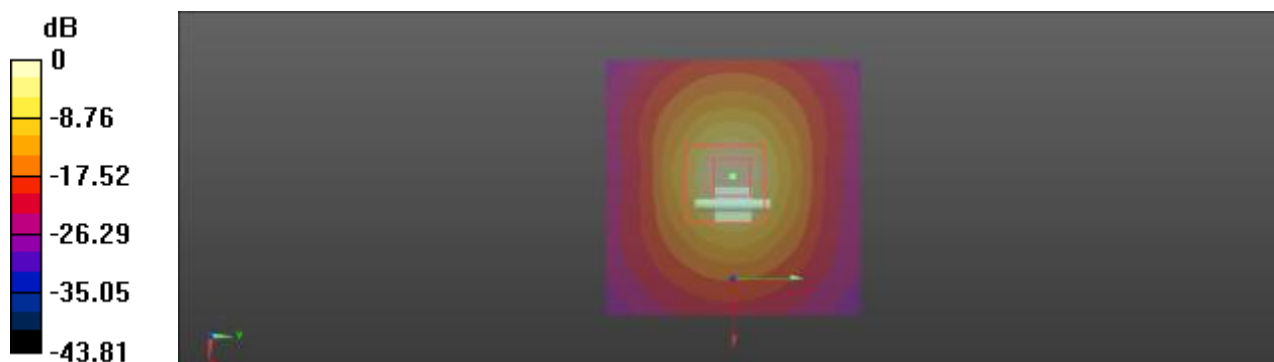
0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

**System Check\_Head\_5250MHz****DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1225**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.627 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.797$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 9/26/2019,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $17.8 \text{ W/kg}$ **Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$ Reference Value =  $66.99 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.14 \text{ dB}$ Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $28.7 \text{ W/kg}$ **SAR(1 g) =  $7.43 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $2.1 \text{ W/kg}$** Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $17.7 \text{ W/kg}$  $0 \text{ dB} = 17.7 \text{ W/kg} = 12.48 \text{ dBW/kg}$

**System Check\_Head\_5600MHz****DUT: D5GHzV2-1225-5600; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1225**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.021$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.999$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 9/26/2019,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.0 W/kg

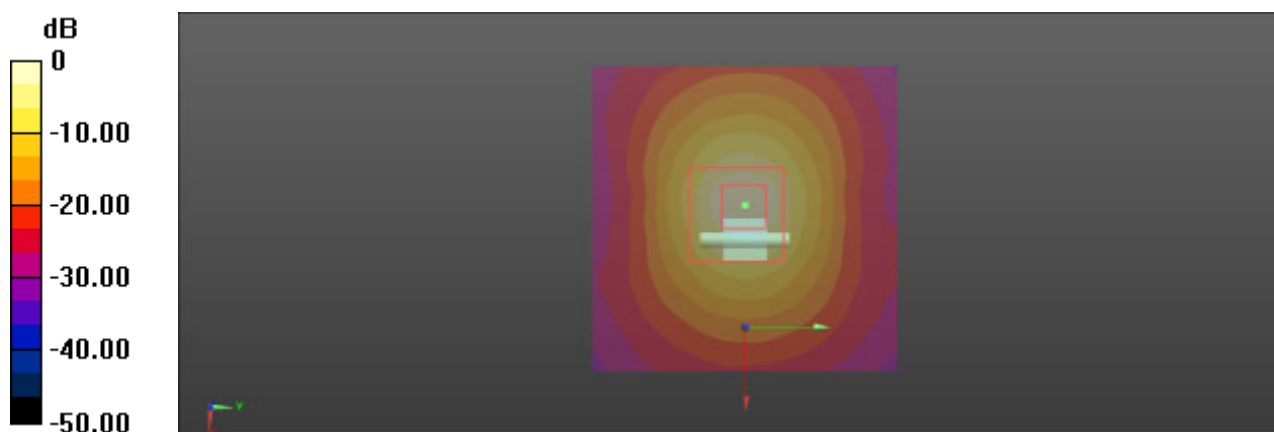
**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.97 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg



0 dB = 17.6 W/kg = 12.46 dBW/kg

**System Performance 5800 MHz Head****DUT: D5GHzV2-1225-5800; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1225**

Communication System: UID 0, CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.257$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.572$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(5.00, 5.00, 5.00); Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437);

**Head 5800MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

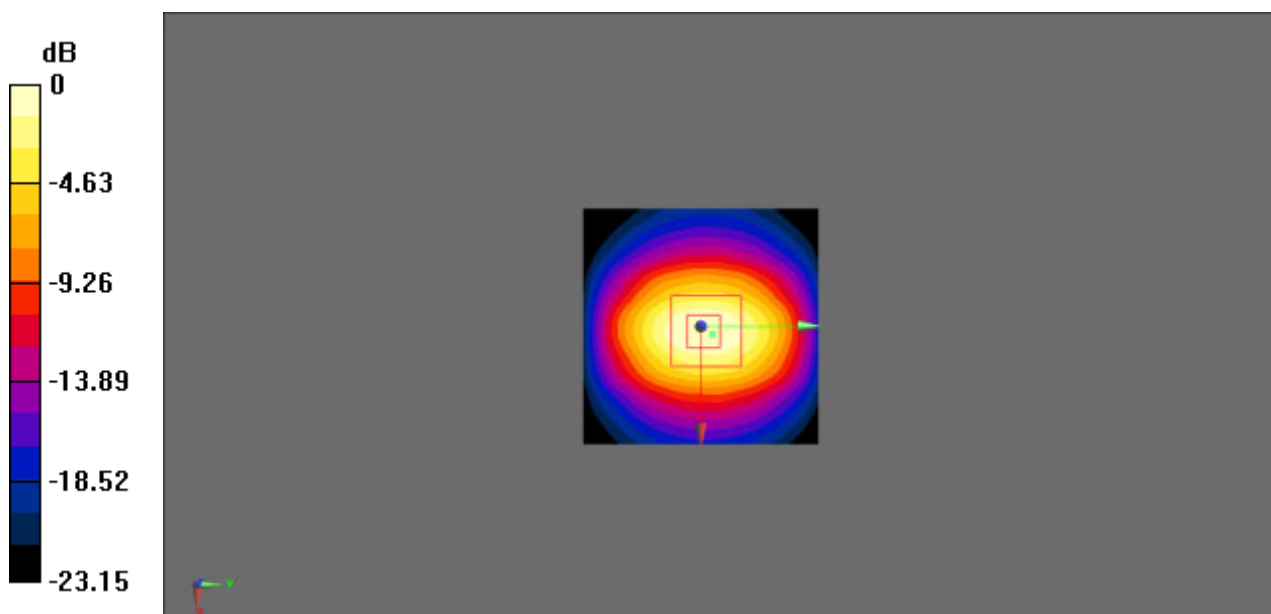
**Head 5800MHzPin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 68.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



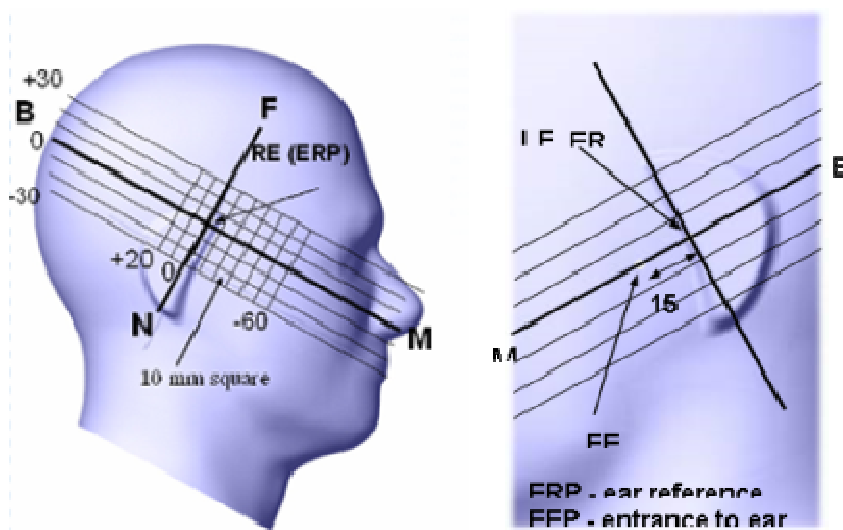
0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

## EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



### Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

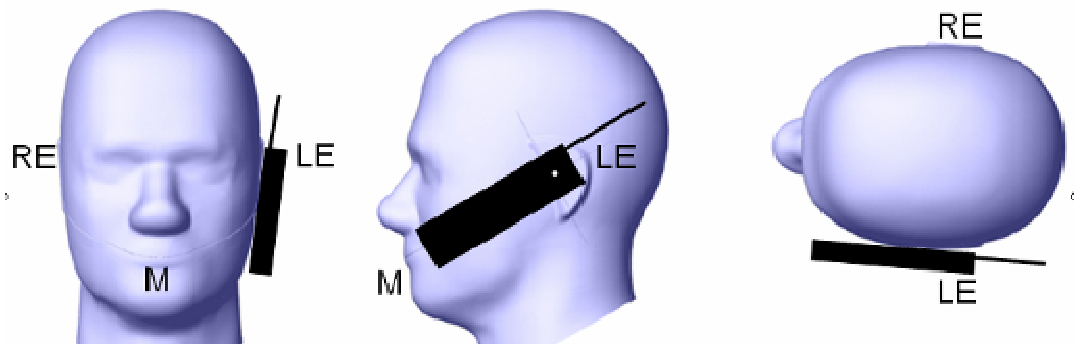
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

### **Cheek /Touch Position**



### **Ear/Tilt Position**

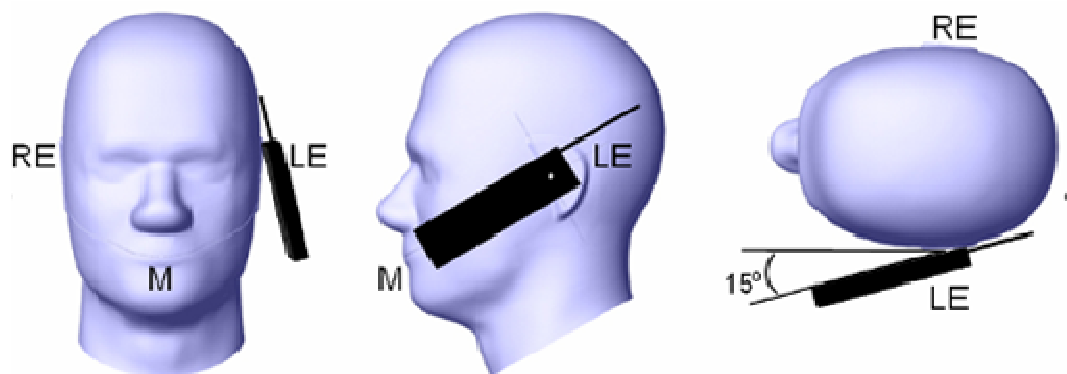
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

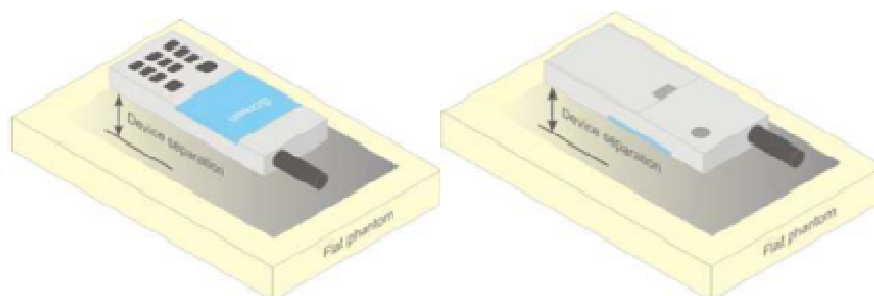
### Ear /Tilt 15o Position



### **Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



**Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices**

### **Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

For this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 0mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.



## SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

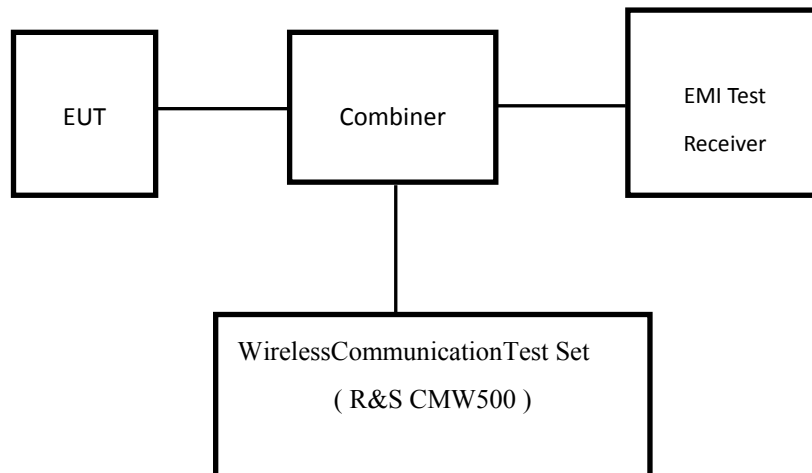
## **CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT**

### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



**GSM&WCDMA&LTE**

### **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

**GSM/GPRS/EGPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

- > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

- > 33 dBm for GPRS 850

- > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

- > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850

- > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desired test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

**WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	$\beta_c / \beta_d$	8/15

**HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	$\beta_d$ (SF)	64			
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

**HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	$\beta_c$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	$\beta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	$\beta_{hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15				
<b>HSUPA Specific Settings</b>	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18		E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27

**LTE**

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

**Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3**

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth ( $N_{RB}$ )						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause

**Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)**

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks ( $N_{RB}$ )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10, 15, 20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-5	
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table 6.2.4-6	
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table 6.2.4-7	
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table 6.2.4-8	
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	Table 6.2.4-9	
				Table 6.2.4-10	
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-11, Table 6.2.4-12, Table 6.2.4-13	
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-14	
NS_20	6.2.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-15	
	6.6.2.2.1				
NS_32	6.6.3.2				
	-				

**Wi-Fi**

For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 11 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	/	/
6	2437	/	/
7	2442	/	/

For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 6 and 11

For 802.11n-HT40 mode, 7 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2422	6	2447
2	2427	7	2452
3	2432	/	/
4	2437	/	/
5	2442	/	/

**Maximum Target Output Power**

Max Target Power(dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM850 GPRS 4 TX	30.7	31.0	30.9
PCS1900 GPRS 2 TX	29.8	29.2	29.9
WCDMA Band 2	21.2	20.9	20.8
WCDMA Band 5	22.9	22.7	22.8
LTE Band 2	21.2	21.4	21.1
LTE Band 4	21.0	22.3	22.2
LTE Band 5	22.2	22.7	22.0
LTE Band12	22.8	22.85	22.4
WLAN(2.4G)	16.5	18.5	18.5
Bluetooth	7	7	7
BLE	2	2	2
WLAN(5G)	10.5	10.5	10.5



**Test Results:****GPRS**

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	33.1	32.43	31.11	30.48
	190	836.6	<b>33.99</b>	32.69	31.88	30.79
	251	848.8	33.59	32.87	31.98	30.66
PCS1900	512	1850.2	<b>31.52</b>	29.56	27.25	25.62
	661	1880	31.44	29	27.07	25.52
	810	1909.8	31.38	29.68	27.53	25.53

**EGPRS**

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	28.56	27.97	26.73	25.61
	190	836.6	28.58	27.38	26.17	25.78
	251	848.8	<b>28.81</b>	27.61	26.33	25.57
PCS1900	512	1850.2	25.38	24.67	23.74	22.86
	661	1880	<b>25.81</b>	24.8	23.13	22.96
	810	1909.8	25.56	24.27	23.19	22.44

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	24.1	26.43	26.86	27.48
	190	836.6	24.99	26.69	27.63	<b>27.79</b>
	251	848.8	24.59	26.87	27.73	27.66
PCS1900	512	1850.2	22.52	23.56	23	22.62
	661	1880	22.44	23	22.82	22.52
	810	1909.8	22.38	<b>23.68</b>	23.28	22.53

### The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	19.56	21.97	22.48	22.61
	190	836.6	19.58	21.38	21.92	<b>22.78</b>
	251	848.8	19.81	21.61	22.08	22.57
PCS1900	512	1850.2	16.38	18.67	19.49	19.86
	661	1880	16.81	18.8	18.88	<b>19.96</b>
	810	1909.8	16.56	18.27	18.94	19.44

#### Note:

- For GPRS, 1 and 2 timeslots has been activated separately with power control level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
- For EGPRS, 1 and 2 timeslots has been activated separately with power control level 6(850 MHz band) and 5(1900 MHz band).

**WCDMA Band 2**

Mode	Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Average Output Power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency	Middle Frequency	High Frequency
WCDMA (Band II)	Normal	RMC12.2Kbps	1	<b>20.84</b>	20.65	20.58
		HSDPA	1	20.33	20.17	20.06
			2	20.28	20.04	20.22
			3	20.24	20.02	20.15
			4	20.30	20.05	20.11
		HSUPA	1	20.17	20.03	20.08
			2	20.34	19.98	20.13
			3	20.33	19.92	20.15
			4	20.22	20.06	20.04
			5	20.36	19.96	20.23
		HSPA+	1	20.23	20.13	20.20

**WCDMA Band 5**

Mode	Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Average Output Power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency	Middle Frequency	High Frequency
WCDMA (Band V)	Normal	RMC12.2Kbps	1	<b>22.65</b>	22.45	22.59
		HSDPA	1	22.03	22.13	22.18
			2	22.08	22.07	22.16
			3	22.06	21.98	22.26
			4	22.13	21.96	22.07
		HSUPA	1	21.99	22.09	22.10
			2	22.13	22.05	22.16
			3	22.08	22.02	22.24
			4	21.99	22.06	22.27
			5	21.93	22.09	22.22
		HSPA+	1	22.13	21.95	22.02

**Note:**

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.

**LTE :****LTE Band 2**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	20.59	20.66	20.84
		1#3	20.60	20.66	20.77
		1#5	20.55	20.52	20.71
		3#0	20.54	20.55	20.73
		3#1	20.54	20.50	20.75
		3#3	20.60	20.42	20.67
		6#0	20.61	20.39	20.74
	16-QAM	1#0	20.54	20.39	20.72
		1#3	20.53	20.35	20.75
		1#5	20.56	20.37	20.75
		3#0	20.64	20.35	20.77
		3#1	20.60	20.35	20.79
		3#3	20.67	20.44	20.92
		6#0	20.67	20.33	20.92
3M	QPSK	1#0	20.62	20.38	20.90
		1#7	20.61	20.36	20.86
		1#14	20.61	20.27	20.93
		8#0	20.65	20.22	20.95
		8#4	20.75	20.25	20.97
		8#7	20.77	20.18	20.92
		15#0	20.71	20.17	20.95
	16-QAM	1#0	20.76	20.06	20.98
		1#7	20.76	20.07	20.94
		1#14	20.75	20.02	20.92
		8#0	20.73	20.02	20.98
		8#4	20.69	20.97	20.96
		8#7	20.71	20.92	21.06
		15#0	20.71	20.80	21.05

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	20.77	20.89	20.94
		1#12	20.8	20.81	20.98
		1#24	20.87	20.83	21.05
		12#0	20.77	20.78	21.16
		12#6	20.80	20.76	21.15
		12#11	20.80	20.67	21.12
		25#0	20.69	20.66	21.08
	16-QAM	1#0	20.79	20.69	20.94
		1#12	20.88	20.72	21.02
		1#24	20.87	20.71	20.98
		12#0	20.93	20.7	20.97
		12#6	20.83	20.72	21.02
		12#11	20.88	20.81	20.94
		25#0	20.79	20.80	20.99
10M	QPSK	1#0	20.87	20.85	20.97
		1#24	20.82	20.75	20.96
		1#49	20.79	20.72	20.99
		25#0	20.74	20.78	21.04
		25#12	20.73	20.74	20.91
		25#24	20.60	20.66	20.81
		50#0	20.61	20.68	20.89
	16-QAM	1#0	20.61	20.71	20.82
		1#24	20.54	20.69	20.81
		1#49	20.46	20.63	20.86
		25#0	20.37	20.59	20.87
		25#12	20.34	20.64	20.90
		25#24	20.25	20.63	20.91
		50#0	20.23	20.55	20.85

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
15M	QPSK	1#0	20.26	20.49	20.82
		1#37	20.27	20.52	20.72
		1#74	20.31	20.47	20.78
		36#0	20.23	20.42	20.73
		36#17	20.32	20.50	20.72
		36#35	20.35	20.57	20.74
		75#0	20.35	20.63	20.69
	16-QAM	1#0	20.24	20.6	20.67
		1#37	20.20	20.55	20.60
		1#74	20.22	20.56	20.59
		36#0	20.18	20.52	20.54
		36#17	20.29	20.56	20.56
		36#35	20.28	20.59	20.54
		75#0	20.31	20.53	20.51
20M	QPSK	1#0	20.98	21.20	20.92
		1#49	20.75	20.92	20.82
		1#99	20.24	20.35	20.44
		50#0	20.19	20.39	20.56
		50#24	20.21	20.53	20.63
		50#49	20.22	20.53	20.59
		100#0	20.27	20.53	20.59
	16-QAM	1#0	20.23	20.52	20.48
		1#49	20.25	20.53	20.56
		1#99	20.20	20.62	20.64
		50#0	20.24	20.59	20.54
		50#24	20.37	20.58	20.60
		50#49	20.27	20.58	20.63
		100#0	20.15	20.57	20.60

**LTE Band 4**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	20.87	20.96	20.98
		1#3	20.75	21.01	21.05
		1#5	20.81	20.97	21.06
		3#0	20.77	20.88	21.03
		3#1	20.87	20.81	21.03
		3#3	20.88	20.87	21.03
		6#0	20.94	20.86	21.12
	16-QAM	1#0	21.06	20.86	21.20
		1#3	21.02	20.92	21.21
		1#5	21.00	20.93	21.24
		3#0	20.96	20.92	21.28
		3#1	20.91	20.97	21.20
		3#3	20.90	21.10	21.26
		6#0	20.91	21.04	21.16
3M	QPSK	1#0	20.89	21.07	21.18
		1#7	20.90	21.14	21.23
		1#14	20.82	21.07	21.27
		8#0	20.90	21.11	21.31
		8#4	21.01	21.14	21.32
		8#7	20.92	21.06	21.33
		15#0	20.86	21.14	21.31
	16-QAM	1#0	20.86	21.26	21.38
		1#7	20.81	21.29	21.49
		1#14	20.88	21.30	21.51
		8#0	20.88	21.18	21.39
		8#4	20.97	20.97	21.38
		8#7	20.91	20.92	21.48
		15#0	20.91	20.80	21.37



Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	20.93	20.89	21.49
		1#12	20.99	20.81	21.50
		1#24	20.98	20.83	21.48
		12#0	20.90	20.78	21.41
		12#6	20.79	20.76	21.36
		12#11	20.82	20.67	21.34
		25#0	20.84	20.66	21.26
	16-QAM	1#0	20.90	20.69	21.29
		1#12	20.85	20.72	21.23
		1#24	20.80	20.71	21.24
		12#0	20.70	20.70	21.29
		12#6	20.69	20.72	21.38
		12#11	20.70	20.81	21.29
		25#0	20.79	20.80	21.28
10M	QPSK	1#0	20.76	20.85	21.22
		1#24	20.68	20.75	21.24
		1#49	20.75	20.72	21.36
		25#0	20.71	20.78	21.38
		25#12	20.68	20.74	21.36
		25#24	20.70	20.66	21.41
		50#0	20.71	20.68	21.51
	16-QAM	1#0	20.74	20.71	21.51
		1#24	20.66	20.69	21.63
		1#49	20.67	20.63	21.77
		25#0	20.76	20.59	21.74
		25#12	20.76	20.64	21.66
		25#24	20.85	20.63	21.66
		50#0	20.88	20.55	21.72

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
15M	QPSK	1#0	20.95	20.49	21.81
		1#37	20.92	20.52	21.80
		1#74	20.88	20.47	21.91
		36#0	20.84	20.42	21.93
		36#17	20.73	20.50	21.91
		36#35	20.63	20.57	21.92
		75#0	20.73	20.63	21.88
	16-QAM	1#0	20.76	20.60	21.94
		1#37	20.79	20.55	22.04
		1#74	20.79	20.56	21.92
		36#0	20.80	20.52	21.85
		36#17	20.77	20.56	21.84
		36#35	20.84	20.59	21.94
		75#0	20.78	20.53	21.97
20M	QPSK	1#0	20.80	22.07	22.00
		1#49	20.74	21.38	22.03
		1#99	20.62	21.44	21.94
		50#0	20.63	20.39	21.93
		50#24	20.69	20.53	21.96
		50#49	20.72	20.53	21.93
		100#0	20.63	20.53	21.91
	16-QAM	1#0	20.71	20.52	21.92
		1#49	20.66	20.53	22.02
		1#99	20.79	20.62	22.06
		50#0	20.84	20.59	22.03
		50#24	20.78	20.58	22.00
		50#49	20.91	20.58	22.03
		100#0	20.96	20.57	22.03

**LTE Band 5**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	21.93	21.98	21.37
		1#3	22.03	21.96	21.46
		1#5	22.16	22.08	21.44
		3#0	22.12	22.07	21.45
		3#1	22.06	22.12	21.47
		3#3	22.18	22.05	21.47
		6#0	22.17	22.09	21.56
	16-QAM	1#0	22.16	21.99	21.62
		1#3	22.18	22.07	21.7
		1#5	22.15	22.03	21.64
		3#0	22.08	22.06	21.53
		3#1	22.11	22.08	21.52
		3#3	22.03	22.08	21.56
		6#0	22.14	22.18	21.62
3M	QPSK	1#0	22.11	22.13	21.58
		1#7	22.19	22.09	21.44
		1#14	22.15	22.07	21.44
		8#0	22.17	22.1	21.36
		8#4	22.11	22.03	21.4
		8#7	21.99	22.09	21.37
		15#0	21.94	22.07	21.43
	16-QAM	1#0	21.96	22.1	21.48
		1#7	21.94	22.12	21.61
		1#14	22.03	22.16	21.53
		8#0	22.03	22.14	21.55
		8#4	21.99	22.11	21.63
		8#7	22.01	22.2	21.63
		15#0	21.9	22.31	21.67

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.89	22.25	21.77
		1#12	21.99	22.26	21.9
		1#24	22.05	22.24	21.91
		12#0	22.08	22.16	21.88
		12#6	21.98	22.14	21.91
		12#11	21.93	22.11	21.85
		25#0	21.93	22.14	21.87
	16-QAM	1#0	21.92	22.13	21.85
		1#12	21.89	22.08	21.92
		1#24	21.85	22.04	21.81
		12#0	21.91	22.04	21.76
		12#6	21.9	22.09	21.72
		12#11	21.84	22.07	21.73
		25#0	21.72	22.16	21.75
10M	QPSK	1#0	21.78	22.54	21.65
		1#24	21.75	22.19	21.63
		1#49	21.65	22.25	21.69
		25#0	21.52	22.36	21.77
		25#12	21.57	22.47	21.78
		25#24	21.6	22.45	21.79
		50#0	21.68	22.48	21.73
	16-QAM	1#0	21.63	22.5	21.73
		1#24	21.73	22.52	21.79
		1#49	21.86	22.43	21.82
		25#0	21.89	22.51	21.79
		25#12	21.86	22.53	21.68
		25#24	21.8	22.51	21.64
		50#0	21.84	22.49	21.75

**LTE Band 12**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	21.86	22.2	21.6
		1#3	21.87	22.16	21.58
		1#5	21.89	22.26	21.53
		3#0	21.81	22.27	21.49
		3#1	21.89	22.28	21.42
		3#3	21.87	22.19	21.46
		6#0	21.97	22.16	21.49
	16-QAM	1#0	22.06	22.04	21.56
		1#3	22.15	21.91	21.63
		1#5	22.09	21.89	21.55
		3#0	22.19	21.77	21.68
		3#1	22.17	21.75	21.57
		3#3	22.21	21.76	21.64
		6#0	22.19	21.74	21.63
3M	QPSK	1#0	22.26	21.76	21.55
		1#7	22.31	21.74	21.58
		1#14	22.29	21.79	21.6
		8#0	22.37	21.82	21.68
		8#4	22.28	21.9	21.69
		8#7	22.34	21.87	21.72
		15#0	22.43	21.81	21.75
	16-QAM	1#0	22.48	21.79	21.77
		1#7	22.56	21.74	21.75
		1#14	22.52	21.62	21.82
		8#0	22.49	21.57	21.86
		8#4	22.49	21.52	21.95
		8#7	22.52	21.5	21.97
		15#0	22.57	21.44	21.99

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	22.41	21.41	21.97
		1#12	22.57	21.49	22.02
		1#24	22.59	21.51	21.92
		12#0	22.60	21.54	21.83
		12#6	22.50	21.59	21.87
		12#11	22.50	21.50	21.86
		25#0	22.28	21.56	21.87
	16-QAM	1#0	22.29	21.52	21.89
		1#12	22.30	21.61	22.00
		1#24	22.41	21.67	22.01
		12#0	22.57	21.73	22.05
		12#6	22.24	21.70	22.05
		12#11	22.25	21.71	22.15
		25#0	22.34	21.72	22.10
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.45	22.61	22.07
		1#24	22.29	21.75	22.05
		1#49	22.11	21.84	22.08
		25#0	22.14	22.39	22.00
		25#12	22.02	21.90	22.05
		25#24	22.39	21.96	22.08
		50#0	22.45	22.49	22.02
	16-QAM	1#0	22.04	21.88	21.98
		1#24	22.44	21.87	22.07
		1#49	22.36	21.90	22.17
		25#0	22.35	21.86	22.13
		25#12	22.26	21.84	22.09
		25#24	22.12	21.88	22.10
		50#0	22.22	21.90	22.20

**LTE Band 17**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.68	21.85	21.82
		1#12	21.68	21.93	21.80
		1#24	21.68	21.93	21.74
		12#0	21.65	21.96	21.79
		12#6	21.67	21.88	21.68
		12#11	21.68	21.92	21.72
		25#0	21.70	21.85	21.61
	16-QAM	1#0	21.71	21.80	21.64
		1#12	21.66	21.69	21.65
		1#24	21.63	21.74	21.74
		12#0	21.62	21.75	21.67
		12#6	21.65	21.75	21.70
		12#11	21.78	21.77	21.73
		25#0	21.72	21.77	21.63
10M	QPSK	1#0	21.72	21.76	21.75
		1#24	21.85	21.74	21.70
		1#49	21.88	21.65	21.76
		25#0	21.86	21.76	21.78
		25#12	21.94	21.88	21.75
		25#24	21.96	21.83	21.72
		50#0	22.07	21.89	21.64
	16-QAM	1#0	22.12	21.95	21.60
		1#24	22.06	21.91	21.53
		1#49	22.05	21.97	21.58
		25#0	22.05	22.05	21.48
		25#12	22.04	22.08	21.51
		25#24	22.11	22.14	21.51
		50#0	22.07	22.02	21.50

**Note:**

The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.

**WLAN 2.4GHz:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	2412	1Mbps	16.18
	2437		18.25
	2462		18.16
802.11g	2412	6Mbps	14.14
	2437		16.74
	2462		17.26
802.11n-HT20	2412	MCS0	11.64
	2437		14.23
	2462		14.79
802.11n-HT40	2422	MCS0	13.50
	2437		14.38
	2452		15.30

**Bluetooth:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
DH5	2402	5.96
	2440	6.73
	2480	5.98
2DH5	2402	5.98
	2440	6.63
	2480	5.86
3DH5	2402	6.24
	2440	<b>6.76</b>
	2480	5.98



**BLE:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
Low	2402	1.26
Middle	2442	1.80
High	2480	1.55

**WLAN 5.2GHz:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5180	6Mbps	9.76
	5200		9.61
	5240		9.62
802.11n-HT20	5180	MCS0	9.71
	5200		9.74
	5240		9.42
802.11n-HT40	5190	MCS0	9.85
	5230		9.77

**WLAN 5.3GHz:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5260	6Mbps	9.15
	5280		9.23
	5320		9.68
802.11n-HT20	5260	MCS0	9.10
	5280		9.44
	5320		9.71
802.11n-HT40	5270	MCS0	9.37
	5310		9.66

**WLAN 5.6GHz:**

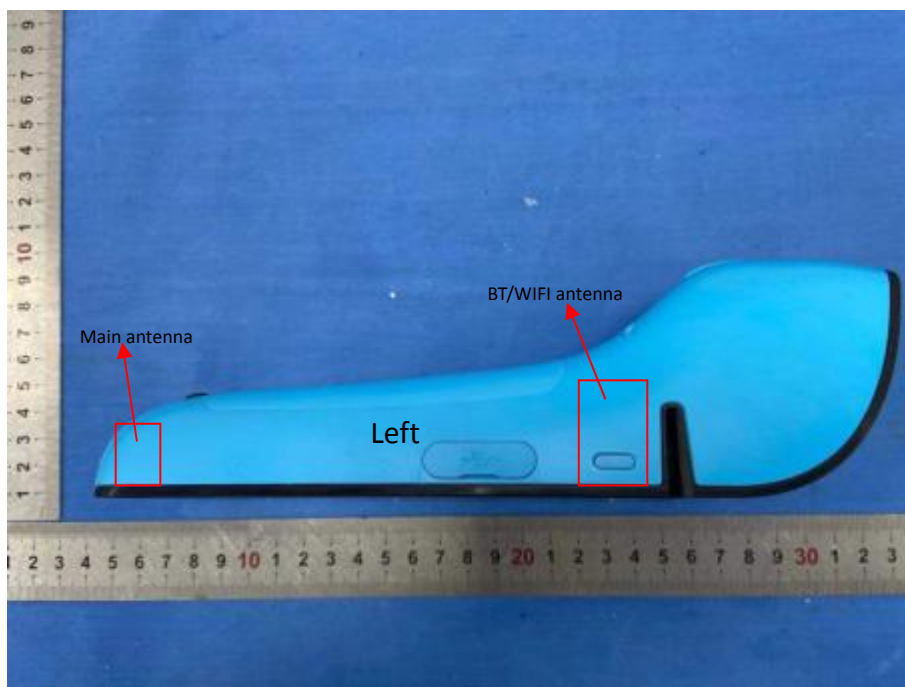
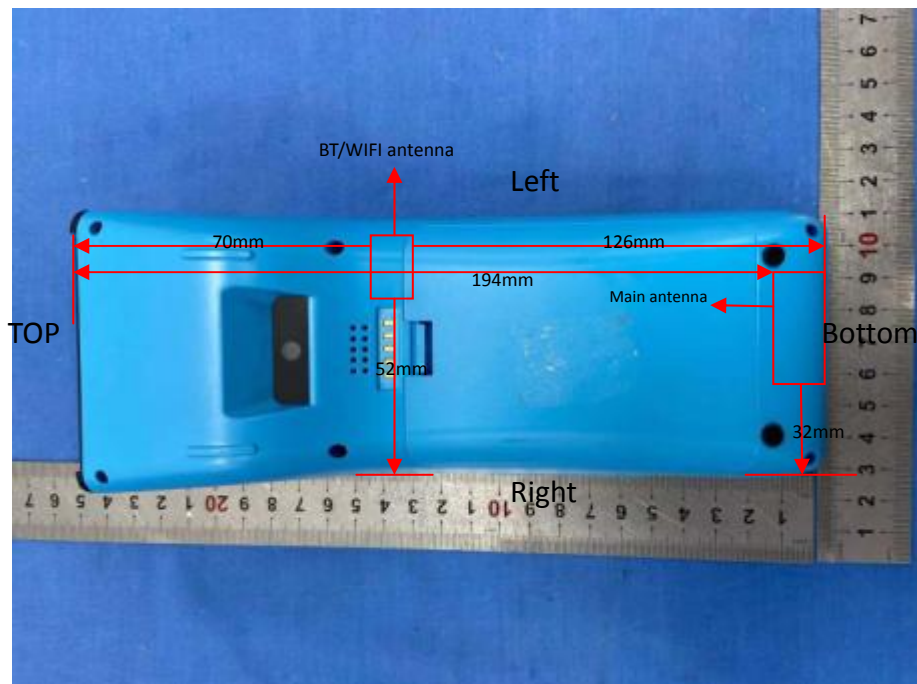
Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5500	6Mbps	8.66
	5600		8.63
	5700		8.53
802.11n-HT20	5500	MCS0	9.07
	5600		8.53
	5700		8.57
802.11n-HT40	5510	MCS0	9.11
	5590		8.84

**WLAN 5.8GHz:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5745	6Mbps	9.38
	5785		9.66
	5825		8.61
802.11n-HT20	5745	MCS0	9.08
	5785		9.70
	5825		8.62
802.11n-HT40	5755	MCS0	9.48
	5795		10.35

## STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS

### Antennas Location:



**Antenna Distance To Edge**

	<b>Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)</b>					
<b>Antenna</b>	<b>Back</b>	<b>Front</b>	<b>Left</b>	<b>Right</b>	<b>Top</b>	<b>Bottom</b>
WWAN	<5	<5	<5	32	194	<5
WIFI/BT	<5	<5	<5	52	70	126

**Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Pavg (dBm)</b>	<b>Pavg (mW)</b>	<b>Test Exclusion Distance(mm)</b>
GSM 850	848.8	30.9	1230	239
PCS 1900	1909.8	29.9	977	137
WCDMA 2	1907.6	20.8	120	51
WCDMA 5	846.6	22.8	191	55
LTE Band 2	1900	21.1	129	52
LTE Band 4	1745	22.2	166	55
LTE Band 5	844	22.0	158	50
LTE Band 12	711	22.4	174	50
WLAN 2.4G Antenna	2462	18.5	71	38
WLAN 5G Antenna	5795	10.5	11	9

**SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Back</b>	<b>Front</b>	<b>Left</b>	<b>Right</b>	<b>Top</b>	<b>Bottom</b>
GSM 850	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required
PCS 1900	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WCDMA Band 2	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WCDMA Band 5	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 2	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 4	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 5	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 12&17	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WLAN 2.4G	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Exclusion
WLAN 5G	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Exclusion

**Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth Body	2480	7	5.01	5	1.6	3(1g)	YES

**NOTE:**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

**Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Body	2480	7	5.01	5	0.21

**Note:** The bluetooth based Peak power for calculation.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x]$

W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR. and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

**SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations detail:****Distance < 50mm (To Edges)**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$$

$$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.
5. The Time based average Power is used for calculation

**Distance > 50mm (To Edges)**

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances*  $> 50$  mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

a)  $[\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1}) + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot (f(\text{MHz})/150)]$  mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

b)  $[\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1}) + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot 10]$  mW at  $> 1500$  MHz and  $\leq 6$  GHz.

## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed diametric evaluation.

### SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22.6-23.5℃	22.1-23.4℃	22.3-23.5 ℃	22.1-23.3 ℃
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	62%	68%	65%	61%
<b>Test Date:</b>	2020/09/21	2020/09/22	2020/09/23	2020/09/24

The testing was performed by **Bard Liu and Chris Wang**

### GSM:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
GSM850	Front(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.79	31	1.050	0.381	0.400	1.6	1#
GSM850	Back(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.79	31	1.050	0.221	0.232	1.6	/
GSM850	Left Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.79	31	1.050	0.167	0.175	1.6	/
GSM850	Right Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.79	31	1.050	0.092	0.097	1.6	/
GSM850	Top Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.79	31	1.050	0.003	0.003	1.6	/
GSM850	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.79	31	1.050	0.343	0.360	1.6	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
PCS1900	Front(0mm)	1909.8	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.68	29.9	1.052	0.247	0.260	1.6	/
PCS1900	Back(0mm)	1909.8	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.68	29.9	1.052	0.267	0.281	1.6	/
PCS1900	Left Side(0mm)	1909.8	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.68	29.9	1.052	0.147	0.155	1.6	/
PCS1900	Right Side(0mm)	1909.8	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.68	29.9	1.052	0.075	0.079	1.6	/
PCS1900	Bottom Side(0mm)	1909.8	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.68	29.9	1.052	0.603	0.634	1.6	2#

### Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.



2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

**WCDMA:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WCDMA Band 2	Front(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.65	20.9	1.059	0.382	0.405	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 2	Back(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.65	20.9	1.059	0.392	0.415	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 2	Left Side(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.65	20.9	1.059	0.217	0.230	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 2	Right Side(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.65	20.9	1.059	0.085	0.090	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.65	20.9	1.059	0.849	0.899	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1852.4	RMC	20.84	21	1.059	0.826	0.857	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1907.6	RMC	20.58	20.8	1.059	<b>0.895</b>	<b>0.942</b>	1.6	<b>3#</b>

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WCDMA Band 5	Front(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.45	22.7	1.059	0.660	0.699	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 5	Back(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.45	22.7	1.059	0.408	0.432	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 5	Left Side(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.45	22.7	1.059	0.406	0.430	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 5	Right Side (0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.45	22.7	1.059	0.182	0.193	1.6	/
WCDMA Band 5	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.45	22.7	<b>1.059</b>	<b>0.697</b>	<b>0.738</b>	1.6	<b>4#</b>

**Note:**

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSUPA/HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

**LTE:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 2	Front(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.2	21.4	1.047	0.293	0.307	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Front(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.249	0.261	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Back(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.2	21.4	1.047	0.318	0.333	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Back(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.280	0.294	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Left Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.2	21.4	1.047	0.183	0.192	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Left Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.162	0.170	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Right Side (0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.2	21.4	1.047	0.065	0.068	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Right Side (0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.052	0.055	1.6	/
LTE Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.2	21.4	1.047	<b>0.687</b>	<b>0.719</b>	1.6	<b>5#</b>
LTE Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.503	0.528	1.6	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 4	Front(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	22.07	22.3	1.054	0.458	0.483	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Front(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.384	0.403	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Back(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	22.07	22.3	1.054	0.384	0.405	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Back(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.329	0.345	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Left Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	22.07	22.3	1.054	0.243	0.256	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Left Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.202	0.212	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Right Side (0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	22.07	22.3	1.054	0.084	0.089	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Right Side (0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.071	0.075	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Bottom Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	22.07	22.3	1.054	<b>0.589</b>	<b>0.621</b>	1.6	<b>6#</b>
LTE Band 4	Bottom Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	20.39	20.6	1.050	0.495	0.520	1.6	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 5	Front(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.54	22.7	1.038	<b>0.641</b>	<b>0.665</b>	1.6	7#
LTE Band 5	Front(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	20.99	21.2	1.050	0.586	0.615	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Back(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.54	22.7	1.038	0.413	0.428	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Back(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	20.99	21.2	1.050	0.345	0.362	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Left Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.54	22.7	1.038	0.370	0.384	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Left Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	20.99	21.2	1.050	0.298	0.313	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Right Side (0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.54	22.7	1.038	0.103	0.107	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Right Side (0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	20.99	21.2	1.050	0.092	0.097	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.54	22.7	1.038	0.603	0.626	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	20.99	21.2	1.050	0.552	0.579	1.6	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 12	Front(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.62	22.85	1.054	0.312	0.329	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Front(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	22.6	1.050	0.262	0.275	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.62	22.85	1.054	<b>0.956</b>	<b>1.008</b>	1.6	8#
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	704	QPSK	10	1RB	22.45	22.8	1.084	0.824	0.893	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	711	QPSK	10	1RB	22.07	22.4	1.079	0.901	0.972	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	22.6	1.050	0.801	0.841	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	704	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.14	22.5	1.086	0.752	0.817	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	711	QPSK	10	50%RB	22	22.3	1.072	0.765	0.820	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Back(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	100%RB	22.49	22.7	1.050	0.795	0.834	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Left Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.62	22.85	1.054	0.172	0.181	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Left Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	22.6	1.050	0.149	0.156	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Right Side (0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.62	22.85	1.054	0.051	0.054	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Right Side (0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	22.6	1.050	0.039	0.041	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Bottom Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.62	22.85	1.054	0.663	0.699	1.6	/
LTE Band 12	Bottom Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	22.6	1.050	0.558	0.586	1.6	/

**Note:**

1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
2. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
3. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
4. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.
5. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg.
6. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is  $< 1.45$  W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.
8. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.

**WLAN 2.4G:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN2.4G	Front(0mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	18.25	18.5	1.059	0.259	0.274	1.6	/
WLAN2.4G	Back(0mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	18.25	18.5	1.059	0.022	0.023	1.6	/
WLAN2.4G	Left Side(0mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	18.25	18.5	1.059	<b>0.533</b>	<b>0.565</b>	1.6	9#

**WLAN 5.2G:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5180	802.11a 6Mbps	9.76	10.5	1.186	0.031	0.037	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5180	802.11a 6Mbps	9.76	10.5	1.186	0.020	0.024	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Left Side(0mm)	5180	8802.11a 6Mbps	9.76	10.5	1.186	0.274	0.325	1.6	10#

**WLAN 5.3G:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5320	802.11a 6Mbps	9.68	10.5	1.208	0.036	0.043	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5320	802.11a 6Mbps	9.68	10.5	1.208	0.036	0.044	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Left Side(0mm)	5320	8802.11a 6Mbps	9.68	10.5	1.208	0.393	0.475	1.6	11#

**WLAN 5.6G:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5510	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	9.11	9.5	1.094	0.064	0.070	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5510	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	9.11	9.5	1.094	0.094	0.103	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Left Side(0mm)	5510	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	9.11	9.5	1.094	0.895	0.979	1.6	12#
WLAN5G	Left Side(0mm)	5590	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	8.84	9.5	1.164	0.831	0.967	1.6	/

**WLAN 5.8G:**

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5795	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.35	10.5	1.035	0.034	0.035	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5795	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.35	10.5	1.035	0.023	0.024	1.6	/
WLAN5G	Left Side(0mm)	5795	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.35	10.5	1.035	0.263	0.272	1.6	13#

**Note:**

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. KDB 248227 D01-SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM(801.11g/n20) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS(802.11b) is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, and the output power for DSSS is not less than that for OFDM.



## SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

*Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.*

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
			Original	Repeat	
WCDMA II	9538	Bottom Side(0mm)	0.895	0.872	1.026
LTE Band 12	707.5	Back(0mm)	0.956	0.946	1.011
WLAN5G	5510	Left Side(0mm)	0.895	0.871	1.028

**Note:**

1. Repeated measurement is not required since the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg.
2. The measured SAR results do not have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements.

## SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities	
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Bluetooth	√
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Wi-Fi 2.4G	√
Bluetooth + Wi-Fi 2.4G	×

### Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR< 1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(Bluetooth)	
WWAN+ Bluetooth	Front	0.699	0.21	0.909
	Back	1.008	0.21	1.218
	Left Side	0.430	0.21	0.64
	Bottom Side	0.942	0.21	1.152

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR< 1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 2.4G	Front	0.699	0.274	0.973
	Back	1.008	0.023	1.031
	Left Side	0.430	0.565	0.995
	Bottom Side	0.942	N/A	N/A

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR< 1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 5G	Front	0.699	0.070	0.700
	Back	1.008	0.103	1.009
	Left Side	0.430	0.979	1.409
	Bottom Side	0.942	N/A	N/A

### Conclusion:

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma$ SAR  $\leq$  1.6 W/kg for 1g Body SAR, therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

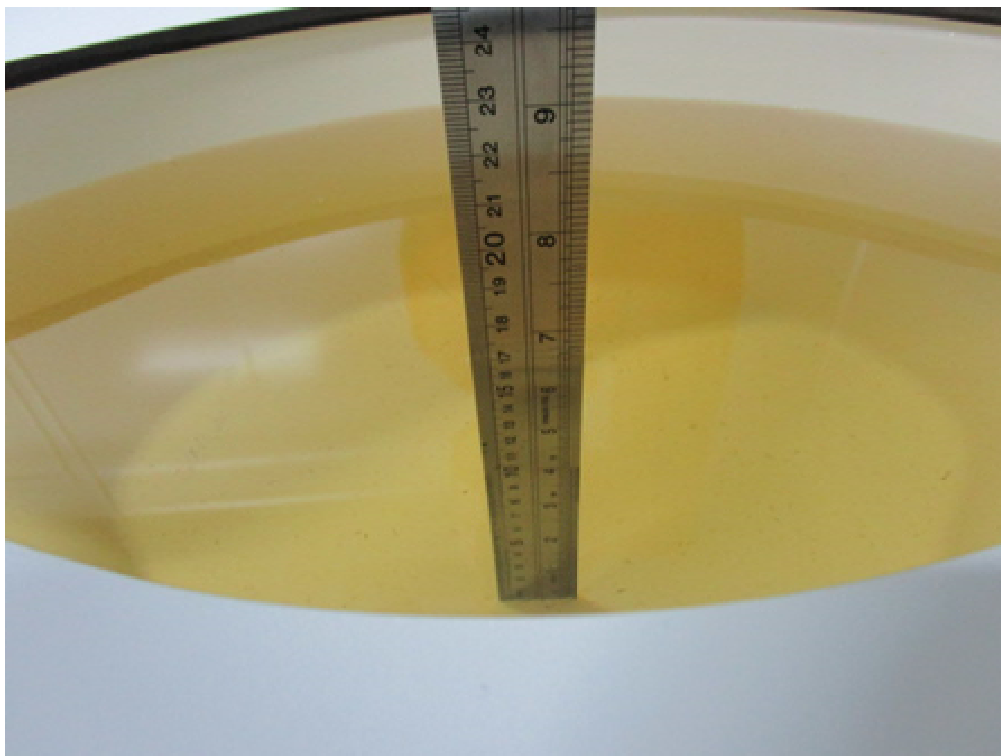
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty	/	RSS	/	/	/	12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)	/	/	/	/	/	24.3	23.9

**Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test**

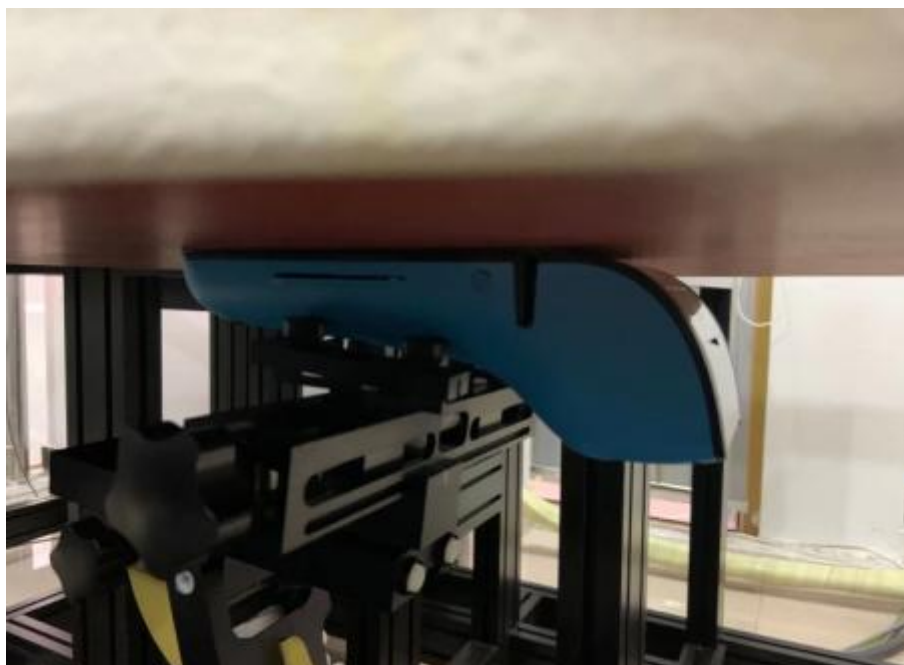
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty	/	RSS	/	/	/	12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)	/	/	/	/	/	24.5	24.2

## APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

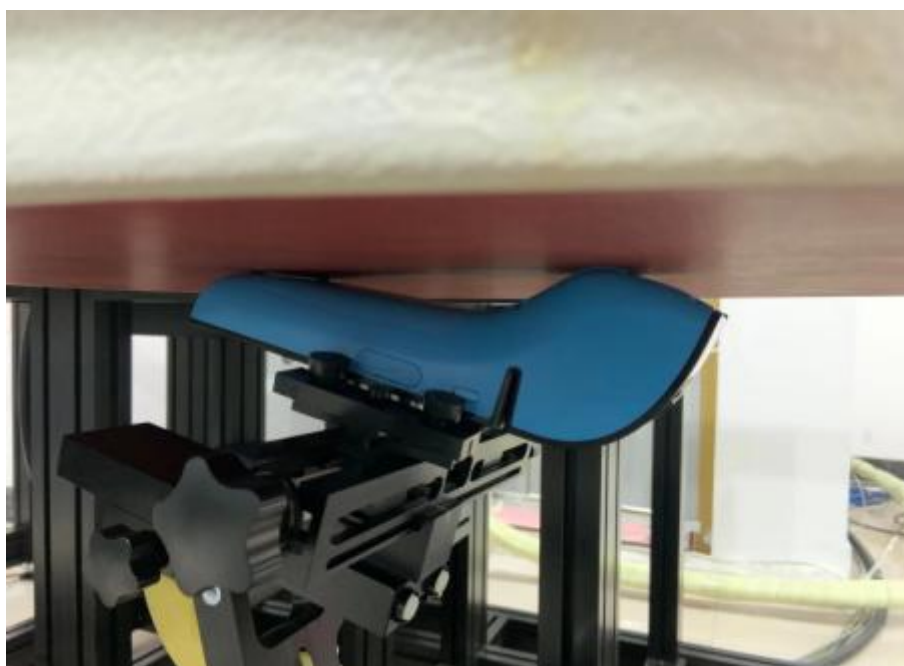
Liquid depth  $\geq 15\text{cm}$



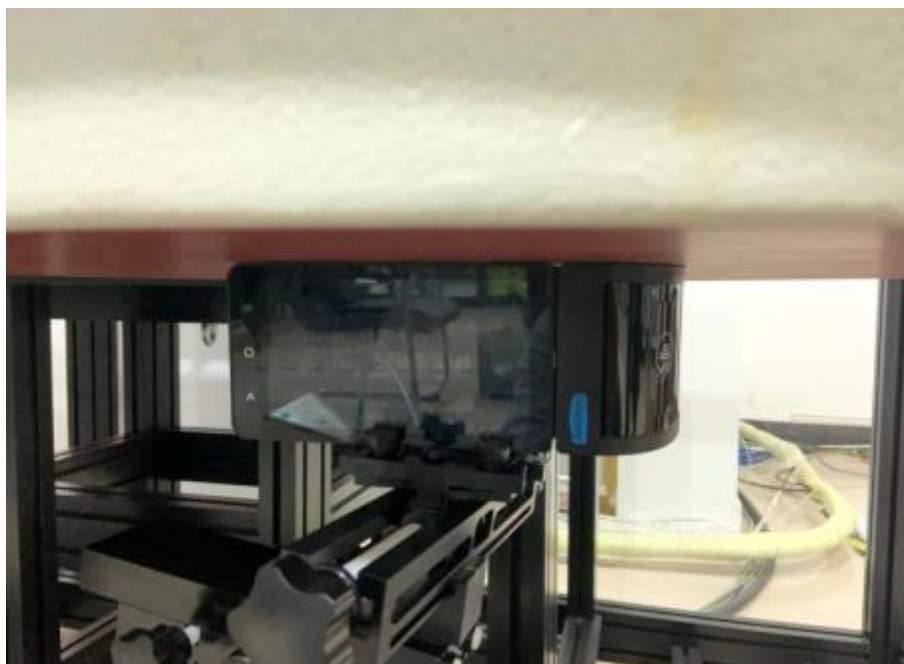
**Front (0mm)**



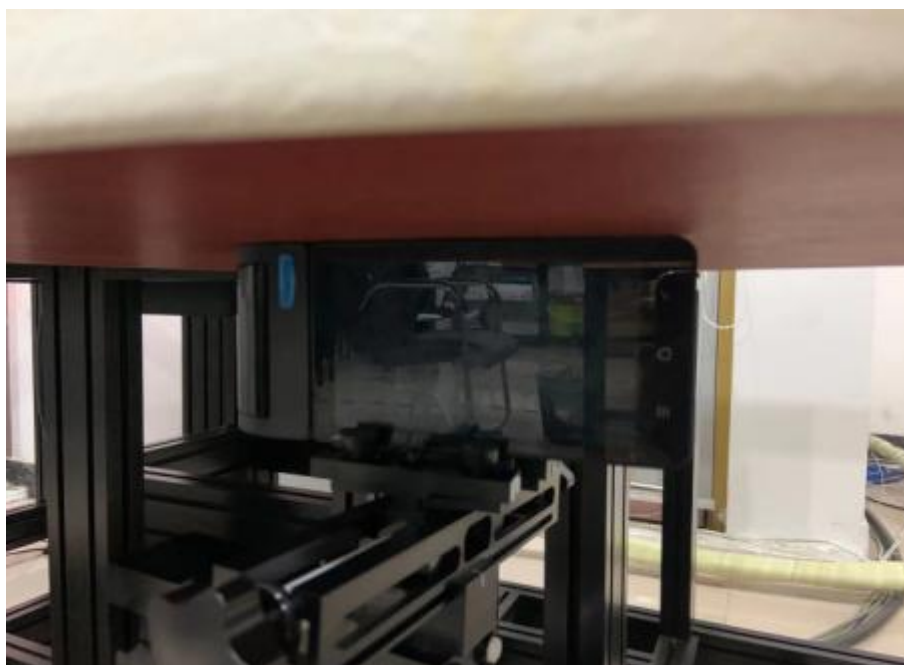
**Back (0mm)**



**Left Side (0mm)**



**Right Side (0mm)**

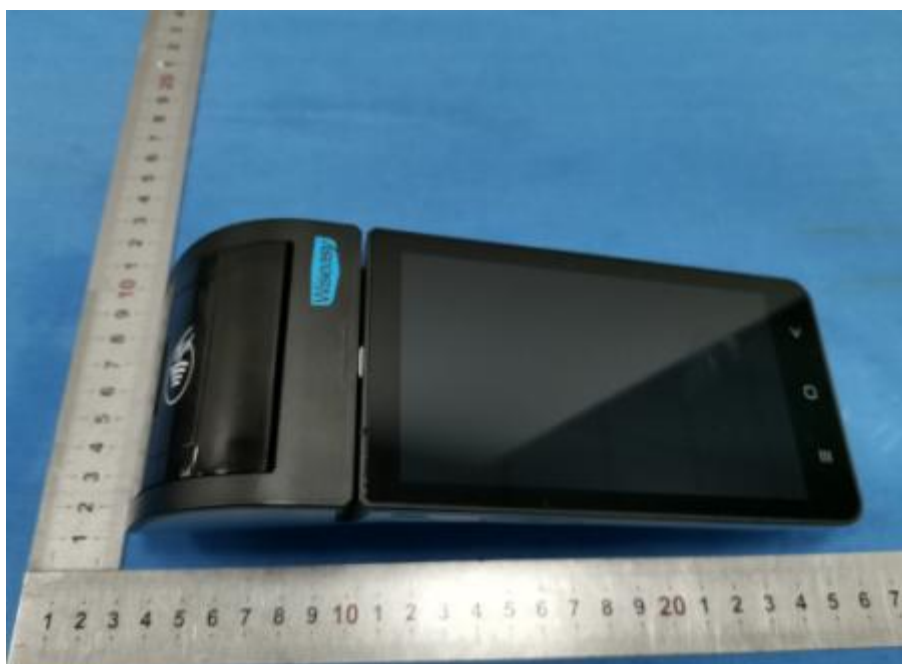


**Bottom Side (0mm)**

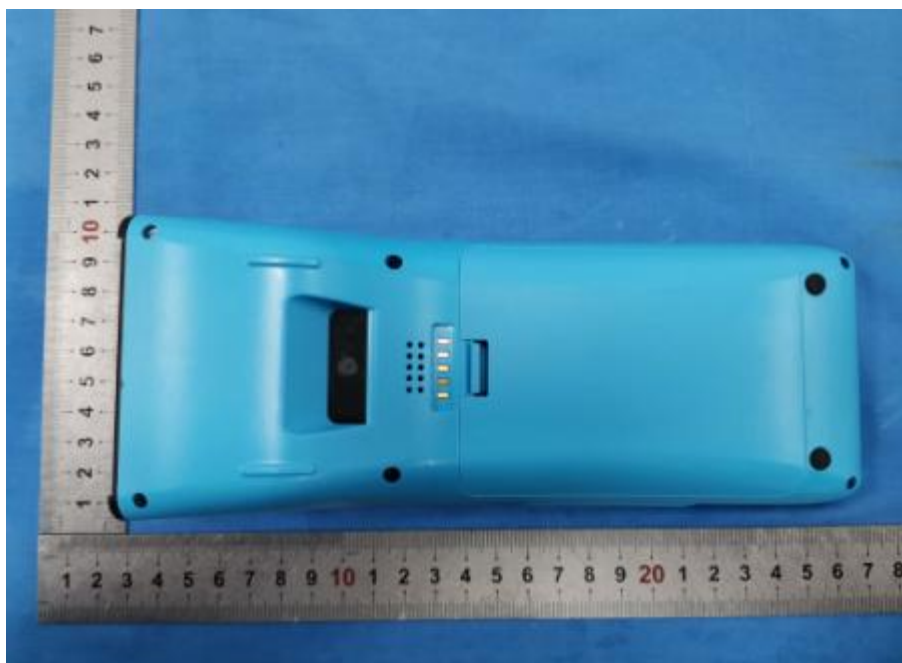




**Front**



**Back**



**Bottom**



**Top**



Right



Left



**APPENDIX C SAR PLOTS OF SAR MEASUREMENT**

**Test Plot 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS-4 slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.921$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.846$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);

**Front/GSM 850 Mid/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.578 W/kg

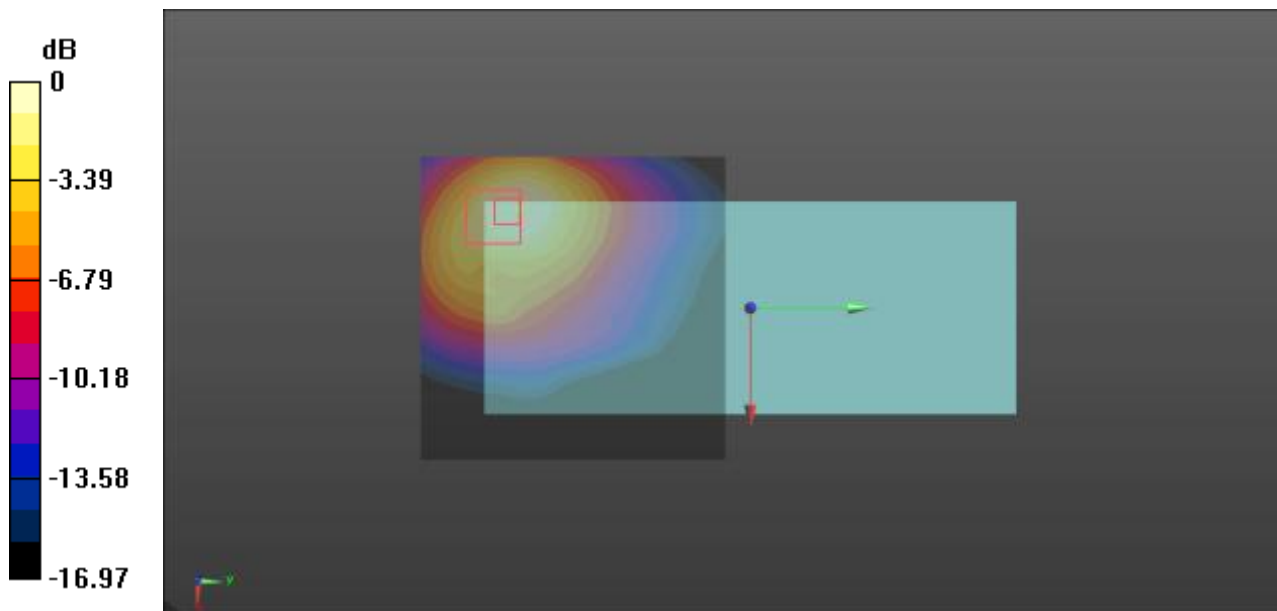
**Front/GSM 850 Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 1.705 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.693 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.381 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.556 W/kg



0 dB = 0.556 W/kg = -2.55 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 2#**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS-2 slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.469$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Bottom Side/PCS 1900 Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

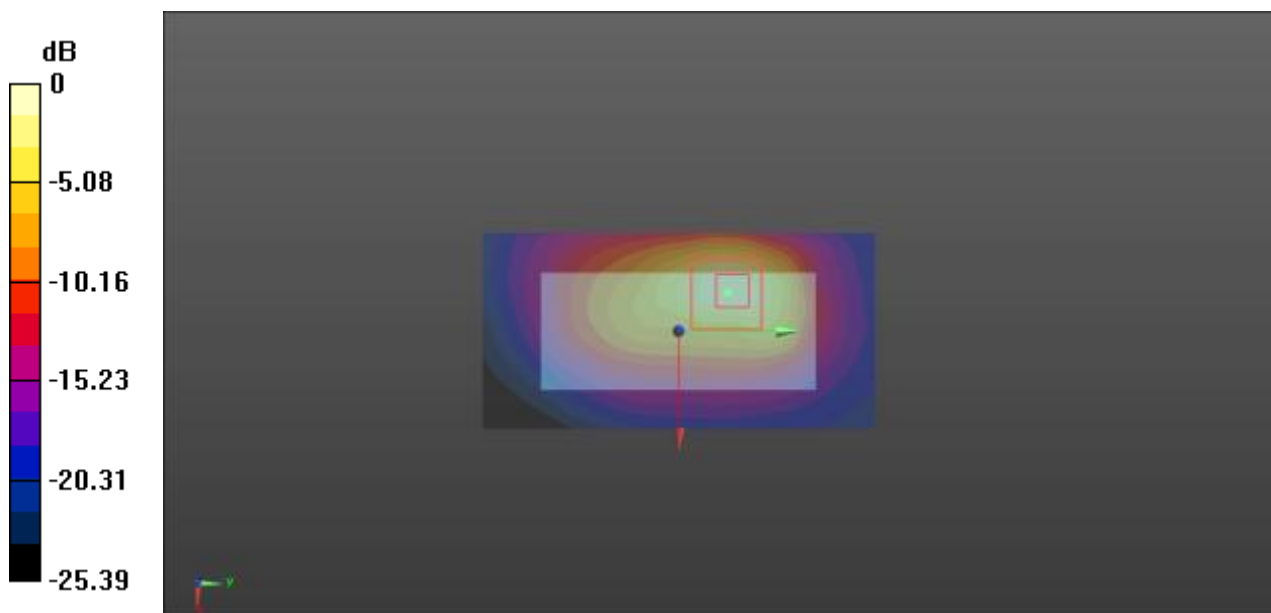
**Bottom Side/PCS 1900 Mid/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.603 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.980 W/kg



0 dB = 0.980 W/kg = -0.09 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 3#**

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA ; Frequency: 1907.6MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1908$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.409$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.366$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17) @ 1907.6 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Bottom Side/WCDMA Band 2 High/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

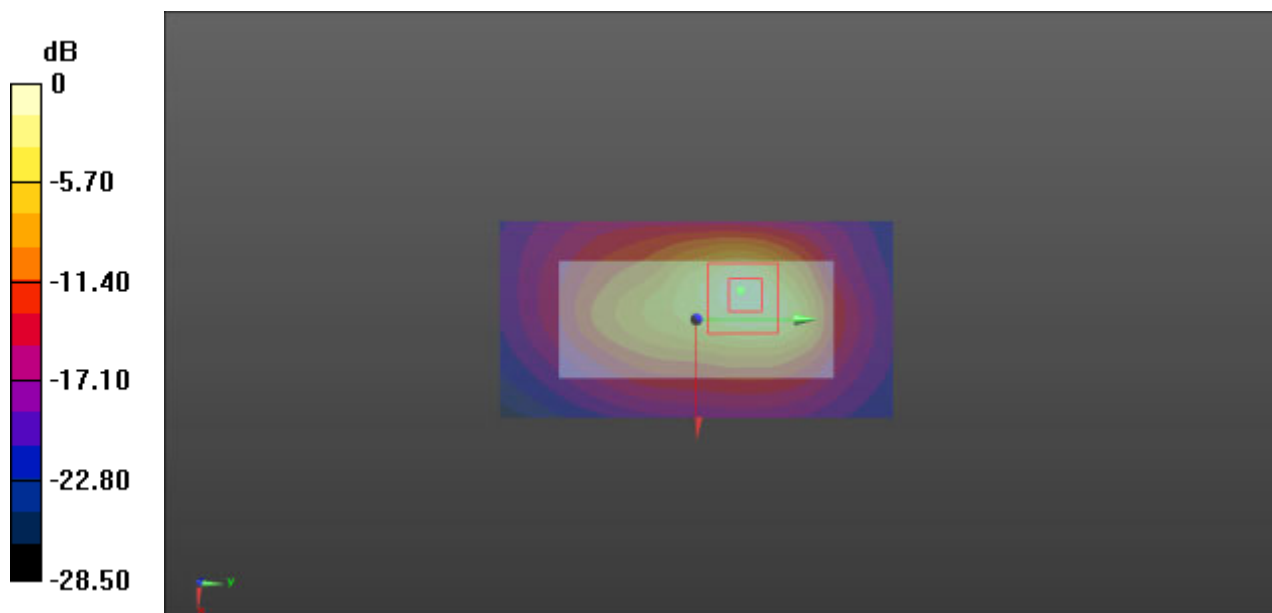
**Bottom Side/WCDMA Band 2 High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.895 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



0 dB = 1.51 W/kg = 1.79 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 4#**

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.862$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Bottom Side/WCDMA Band 5 Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

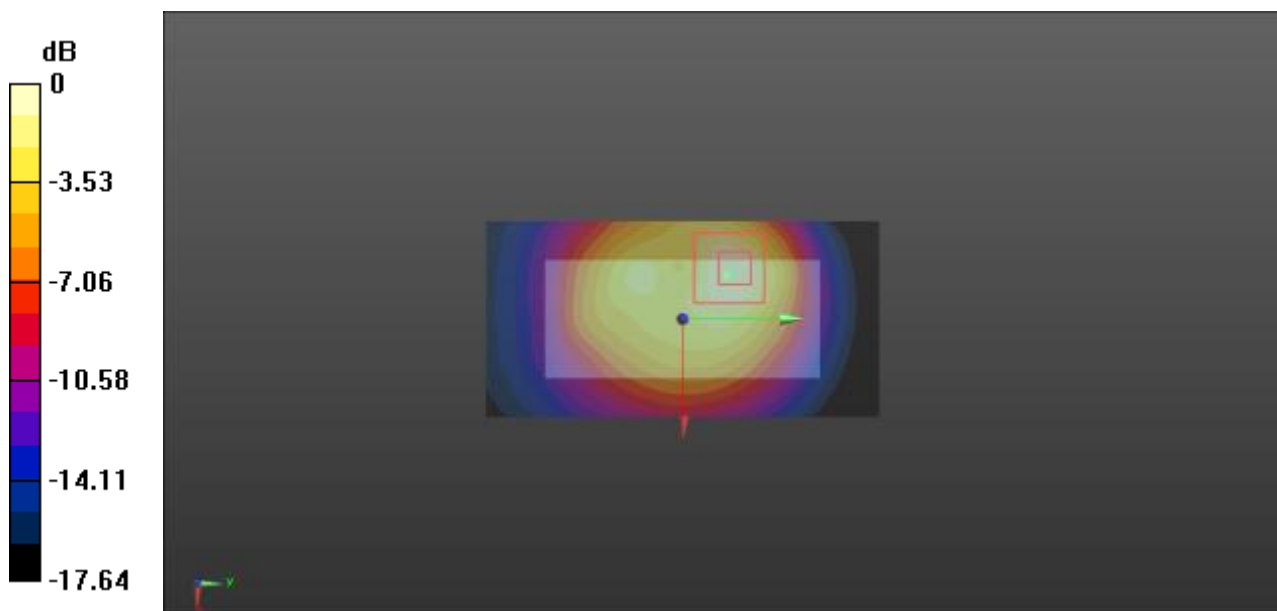
**Bottom Side/WCDMA Band 5 Mid/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.697 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg = 0.33 dBW/kg



**Test Plot 5#**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic FDD-LTE ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.469$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Botom Side/LTE Band 2 1RB Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.944 W/kg

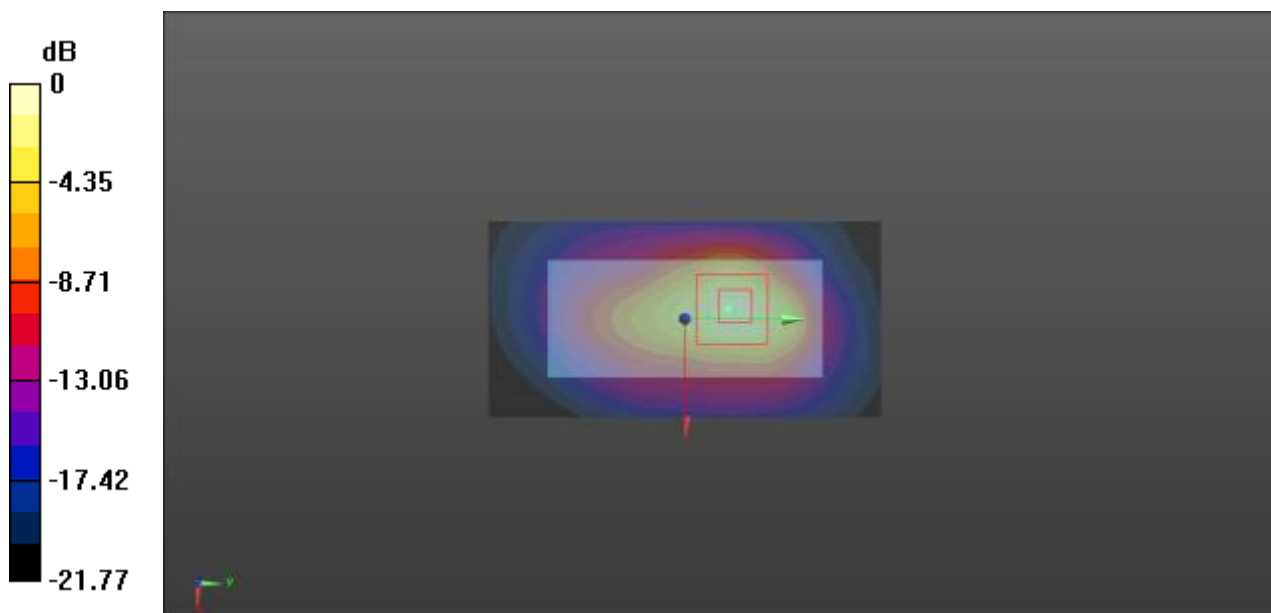
**Botom Side/LTE Band 2 1RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 20.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.687 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.14 W/kg = 0.57 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 6#**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic FDD-LTE ; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.352$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.138$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(8.62, 8.62, 8.62) @ 1732.5 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1)

**Bottom Side/LTE Band 4 1RB Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):**Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

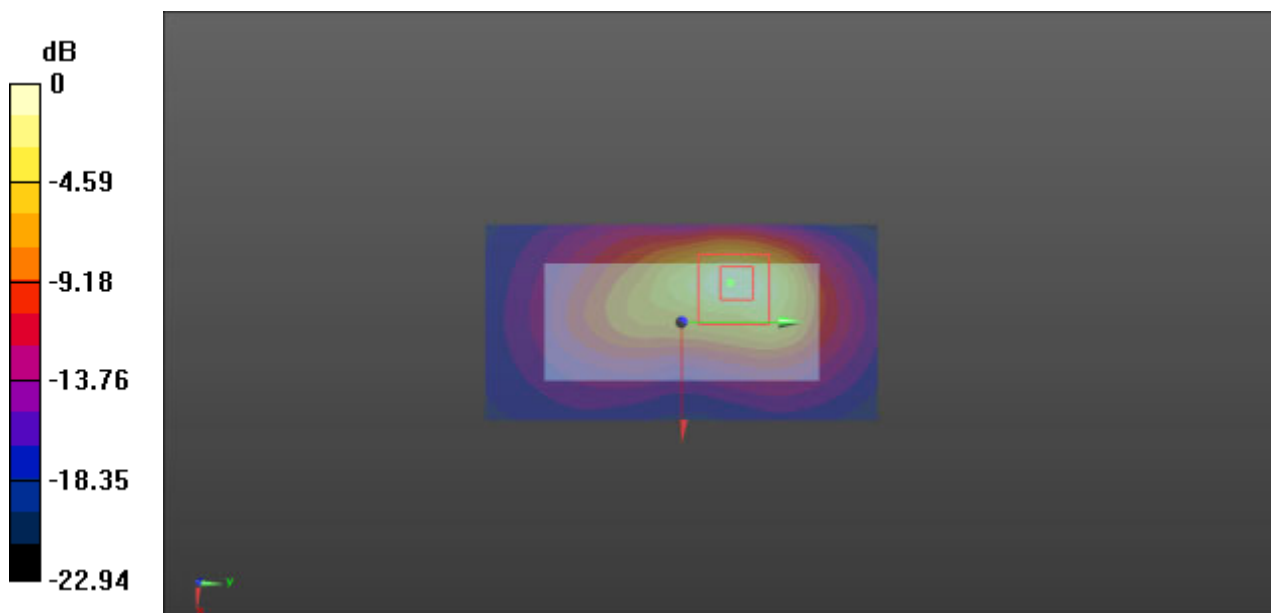
**Bottom Side/LTE Band 4 1RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.589 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 7#**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic FDD-LTE ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.921$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.859$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Front/LTE Band 5 1RB Mid/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 W/kg

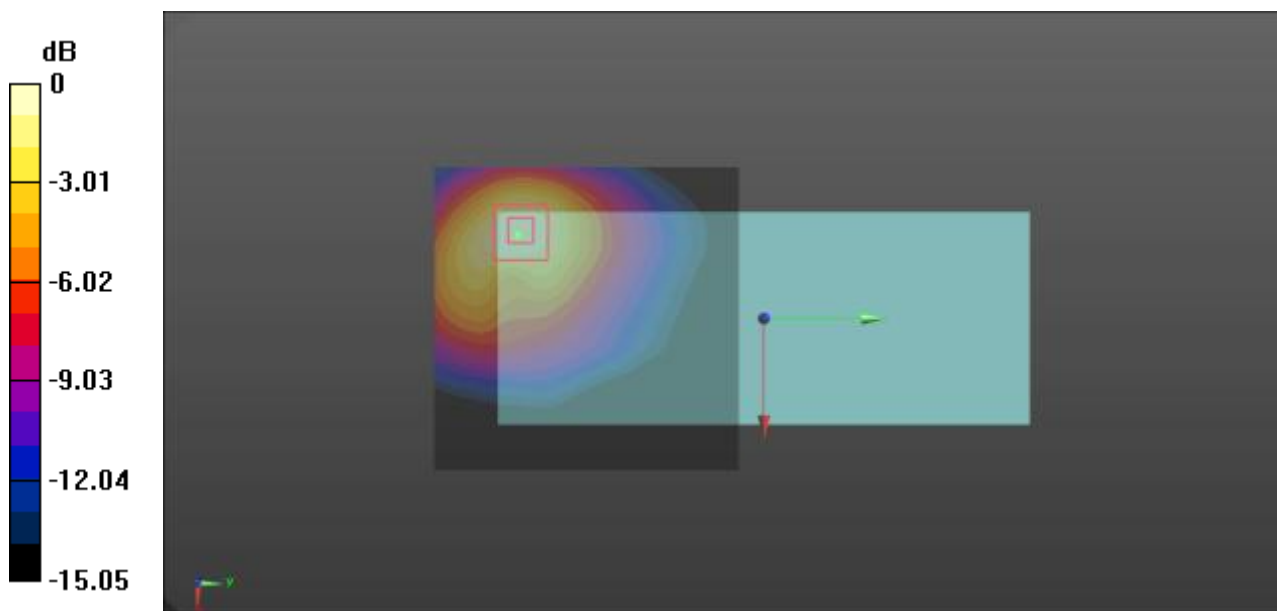
**Front/LTE Band 5 1RB Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.767 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.641 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.923 W/kg



0 dB = 0.923 W/kg = -0.35 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 8#**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic FDD-LTE ; Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 707.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.865$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.213$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(9.87, 9.87, 9.87) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1)

**Back/LTE Band 12 1RB Mid/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

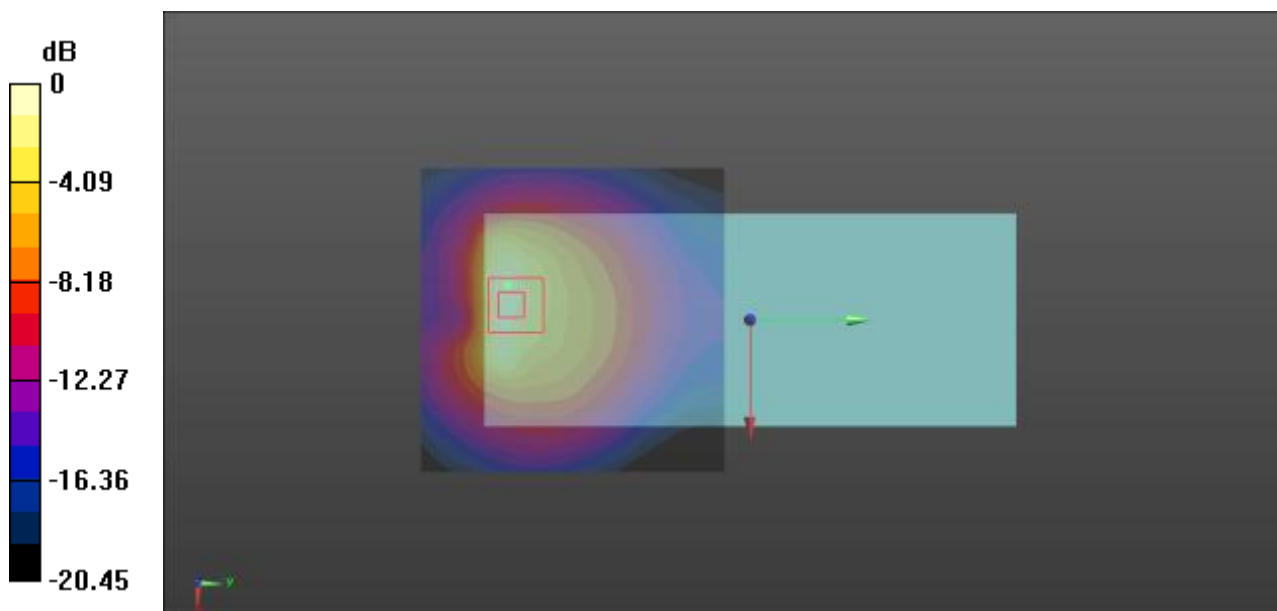
**Back/LTE Band 12 1RB Mid/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.146 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.23 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.956 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg



0 dB = 1.70 W/kg = 2.30 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 9#**

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.863$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.461$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57) @ 2437 MHz; Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1);

**Left Side/WLAN2.4G 802.11b Mid/Area Scan (81x101x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

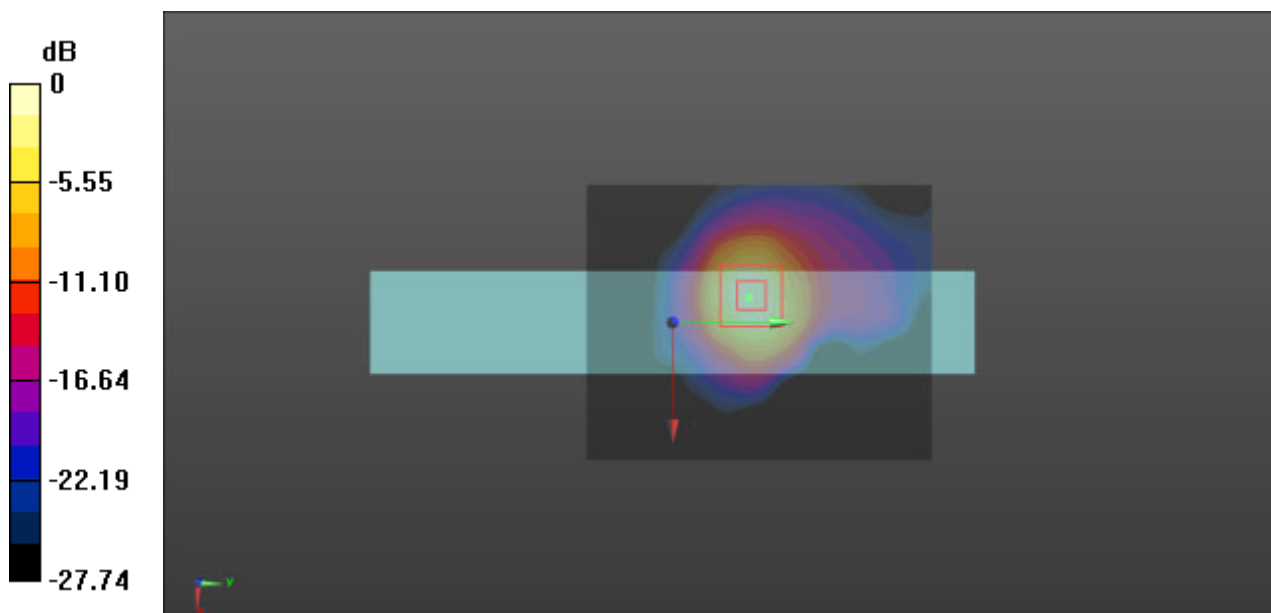
**Left Side/WLAN2.4G 802.11b Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.235 V/m; Power Drift = -1.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.533 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.961 W/kg



0 dB = 0.961 W/kg = -0.17 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 10#**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5180$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.537$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.954$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11a Area Scan (81x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.671 W/kg

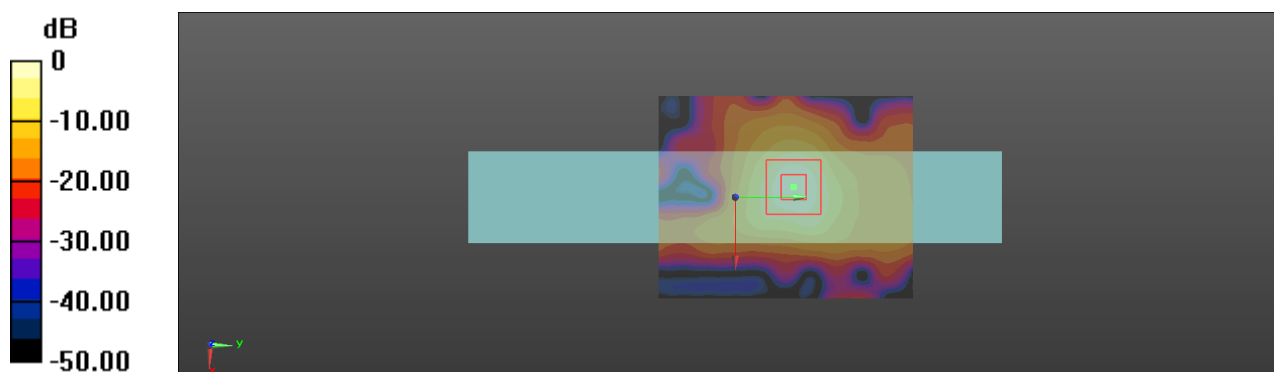
**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11a Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.752 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.274 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 W/kg



0 dB = 0.676 W/kg = -1.70 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 11#**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5320$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.698$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.627$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 9/26/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11a Area Scan (81x101x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.962 W/kg

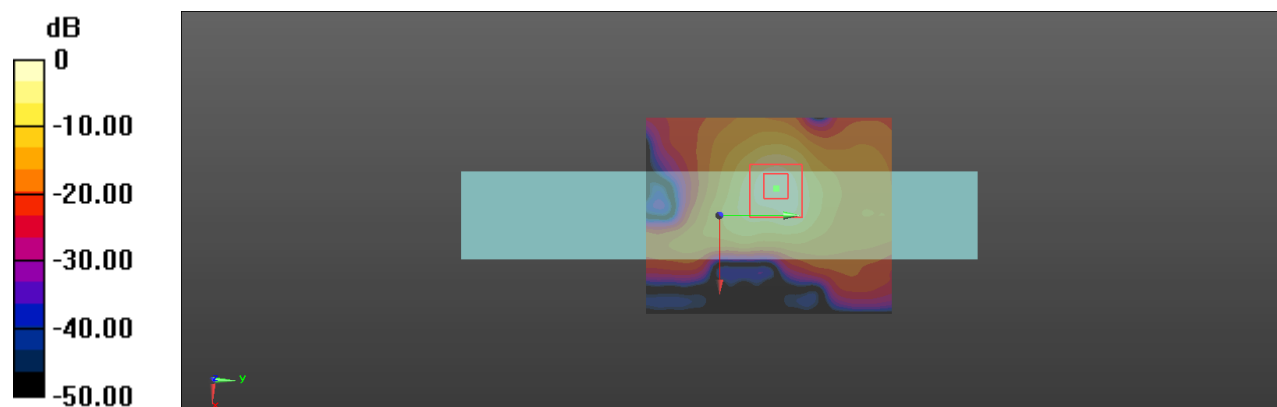
**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11a Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 4.578 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.393 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.974 W/kg



0 dB = 0.974 W/kg = -0.11 dBW/kg

**Test Plot 12#**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5510$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.917$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.205$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 9/26/2019,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11n Area Scan (81x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.23 W/kg

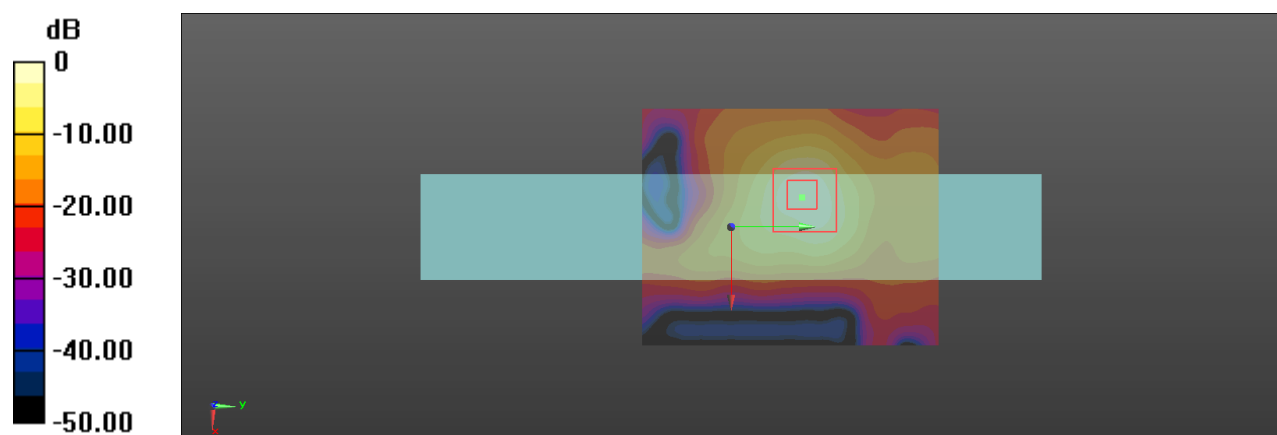
**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11n Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.369 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.895 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.23 W/kg



0 dB = 2.23 W/kg = 3.48 dBW/kg



**Test Plot 13#**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5795$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.252$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.587$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7520; ConvF(5.00, 5.00, 5.00); Calibrated: 9/26/2019,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2088
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11n Area Scan (81x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.696 W/kg

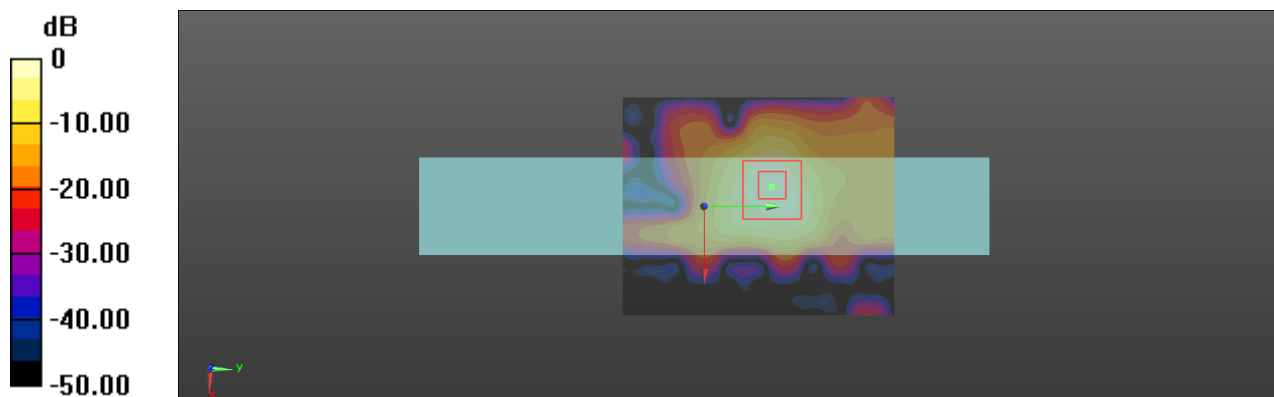
**Left Side / WLAN5G 802.11n Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.480 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.263 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.666 W/kg



0 dB = 0.666 W/kg = -1.77 dBW/kg

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## **APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

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**Please refer to the file document of RKSA200902001-26**

**APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES.**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***