## RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, Unless specifically required by the *published RF exposure KDB procedures*, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding *SAR Test Exclusion Threshold* condition(s), listed below, is (are) satisfied.

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}]$   $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

f<sub>(GHz)</sub> is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency(RF) Radiation as specified in §1.1307(b)

**EUT Specification** 

EUT	Mogemyth fighter					
Frequency band	□ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz					
(Operating)	□ WLAN: 5.150GHz ~ 5.250GHz					
	□ WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz					
	☑ Others BT:2402-2480MHz					
Device category	□ Portable (<20cm separation)					
	☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)					
	□ Others					
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2)					
	□ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure					
	(S=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )					
Antenna diversity	Single antenna					
	☐ Multiple antennas					
	☐ Tx diversity					
	☐ Rx diversity					
	☐ Tx/Rx diversity					
Max. output power	1.125dBm (0.0013W)					
Antenna gain (Max)	-2.3dBi					
Evaluation applied						
	□ SAR Evaluation					

## RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz $\,$ - $\,$ 6 GHz and $\,$ $\leq$ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm				
150	39	77	116	155	194					
300	27	55	82	110	137					
450	22	45	67	89	112					
835	16	33	49	66	82					
900	16	32	47	63	79	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW)				
1500	12	24	37	49	61					
1900	11	22	33	44	54					
2450	10	19	29	38	48	- The short (mw)				
3600	8	16	24	32	40					
5200	7	13	20	26	33					
5400	6	13	19	26	32					
5800	6	12	19	25	31					

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,where f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Maximum measured transmitter power.

Operating Mode	Freque ncy	Measur ed Power	max. power	Antenna Gain	min. test separation distance	[√f(GHz)]	Result	Limit
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(dBi)	(mm)			
GFSK	2402	1.125	1.30	-2.3	5	1.550	0.2365	3
	2440	0.854	1.22	-2.3	5	1.562	0.2239	3
	2480	0.246	1.06	-2.3	5	1.575	0.1963	3

Remark: The best case gain of the antenna is -2.3dBi.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]  $\cdot$  [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]

The test Result is less than 3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR.

Conclusion: No SAR is required.

<sup>-2.3</sup>dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 0.59