

ATTACHMENT

<u>Exhibit 3</u>

Dosimetric E-Field Probe - ET3DV6, S/N: 1679

Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Certificate No: ET3-1679 Dec05 JQA (MTT) Client **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** ET3DV6 - SN:1679 Object QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes December 15, 2005 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) **Primary Standards** ID # GB41293874 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) May-06 Power meter E4419B May-06 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) MY41495277 Power sensor E4412A May-06 MY41498087 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) Power sensor E4412A Aug-06 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499) Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) May-06 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467) Aug-06 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500) 7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05) Jan-06 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 Oct-06 27-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Oct05) DAE4 SN: 654 Scheduled Check ID # Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov-07 RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov 06 US37390585 Name Function Signature Nico Vetterli Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** Approved by: Issued: December 15, 2005 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z* * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a
 flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1679_Dec05

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1679

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated: May 7, 2002 December 15, 2004 December 15, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1679

Sensitivity in Fre	Diode Compression ^B			
NormX	1.94 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP X	93 mV
NormY	1.83 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	93 mV
NormZ	1.92 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Z	93 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

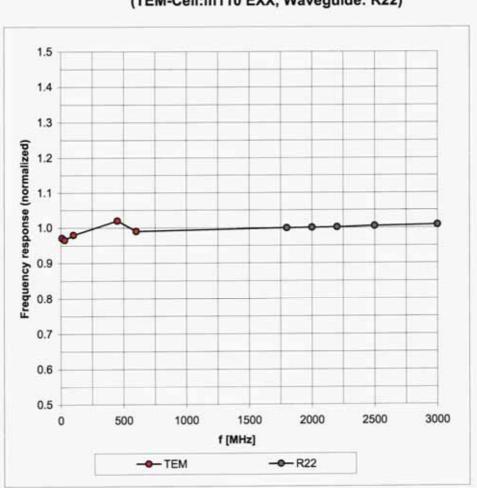
Boundary Effect

TSL	9	000 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5	% per mm	
	Sensor Cente	er to Phante	om Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
	SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm			8.0	4.3
	SAR _{be} [%]	With C	orrection Algorithm	0.1	0.2
TSL	18	310 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 10) % per mm	
	Sensor Cente	er to Phante	om Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
	SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm		t Correction Algorithm	11.8	8.1
	SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm			0.5	0.5
Sen	sor Offset				
Probe Tip to Sensor Center			nter	2.7 mm	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

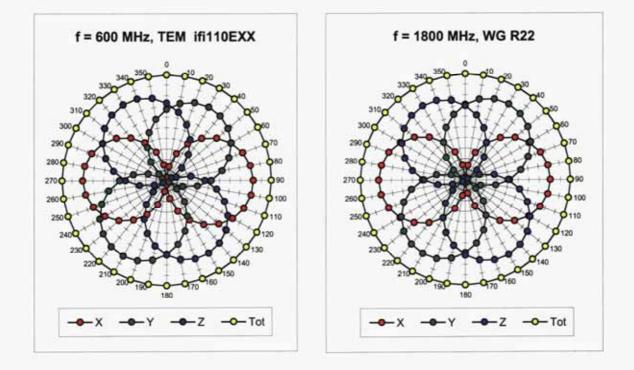
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.



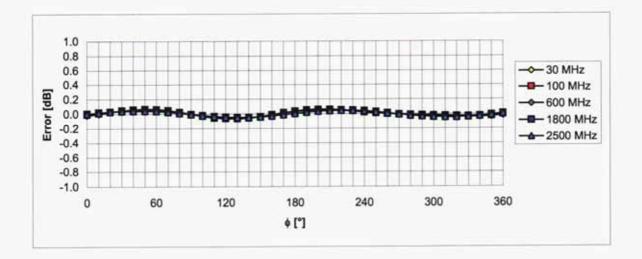
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

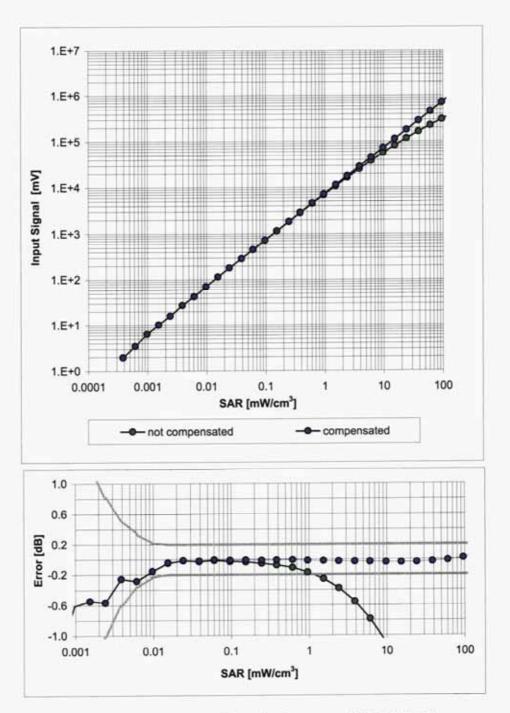
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

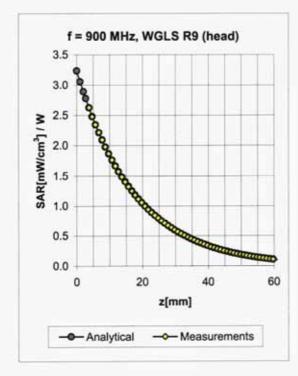


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

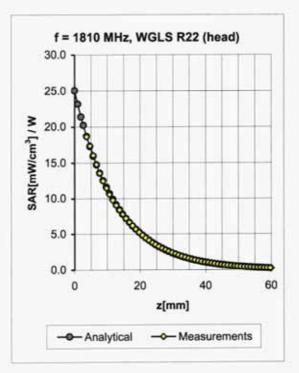


Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

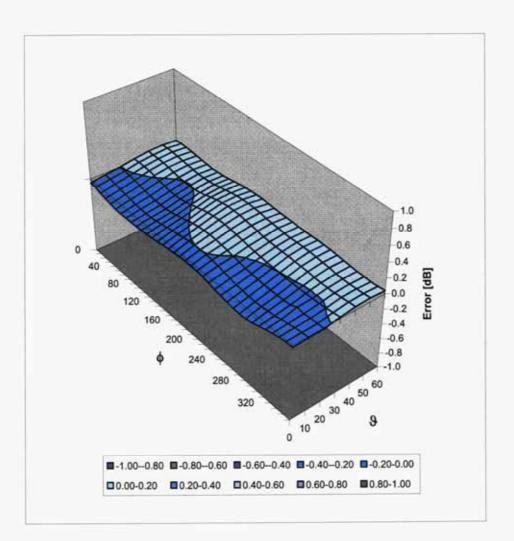


Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.53	1.87	6.48 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.5 ± 5%	1.20 ± 5%	0.58	2.33	5.61 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.60	2.18	5.20 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.54	2.61	4.72 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.65	2.25	4.33 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.44	2.11	6.31 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	0.57	2.42	5.25 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.54	2.88	4.54 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.58	2.58	4.32 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.76	1.78	4.16 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (¢, ୬), f = 900 MHz

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)