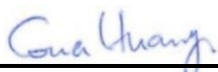


# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

**FCC ID** : PD9AX411NG  
**Equipment** : WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 2230 SD adapter card  
**Brand Name** : Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX411  
**Model Name** : AX411NGW  
**Applicant** : Intel Mobile Communications  
100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 / Columbia,  
SC 29210 / United States  
**Standard** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on May 16, 2022 and testing was started from May 18, 2022 and completed on May 22, 2022. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager



***Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory***



## **Table of Contents**

<b>1. Statement of Compliance .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>2. Guidance Applied.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information .....</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1 General Information .....	5
<b>4. RF Exposure Limits.....</b>	<b>6</b>
4.1 Uncontrolled Environment.....	6
4.2 Controlled Environment.....	6
<b>5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR).....</b>	<b>7</b>
5.1 Introduction .....	7
5.2 SAR Definition.....	7
<b>6. System Description and Setup .....</b>	<b>8</b>
6.1 Test Site Location.....	8
6.2 E-Field Probe .....	9
6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) .....	9
6.4 Phantom.....	10
6.5 Device Holder.....	11
<b>7. Measurement Procedures .....</b>	<b>12</b>
7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation.....	12
7.2 Power Reference Measurement.....	13
7.3 Area Scan .....	13
7.4 Zoom Scan.....	14
7.5 Volume Scan Procedures.....	14
7.6 Power Drift Monitoring.....	14
<b>8. Test Equipment List .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>9. System Verification .....</b>	<b>16</b>
9.1 Tissue Verification .....	16
9.2 System Performance Check Results.....	16
<b>10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm) .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>11. SAR Test Results .....</b>	<b>27</b>
11.1 Body SAR.....	28
<b>12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.....</b>	<b>31</b>
12.1 Body Exposure Conditions .....	31
<b>13. Uncertainty Assessment .....</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>14. References.....</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check</b>	
<b>Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement</b>	
<b>Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate</b>	
<b>Appendix D. Test Setup Photos</b>	



## History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA251032A	01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 27, 2022

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Intel Mobile Communications, WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 2230 SD adapter card, AX411NGW, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary Body (Separation 5mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.58	1.43
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.72	1.48
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.21	1.48
Date of Testing:			2022/5/18 ~ 2022/5/22	

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

**Reviewed by: Jason Wang**  
**Report Producer: Paula Chen**

## 2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

### **3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information**

#### **3.1 General Information**

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 2230 SD adapter card
Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX411
Model Name	AX411NGW
FCC ID	PD9AX411NG
Description	WLAN Module + Skycross antenna
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
SW Version	99.2100.64.0-OEM.DRTU.12485
Driver Version	WLAN 99.0.63.5, BT 22.70.31654.21224
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Additional Information	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report

## **4. RF Exposure Limits**

### **4.1 Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### **4.2 Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## **5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**

### **5.1 Introduction**

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### **5.2 SAR Definition**

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

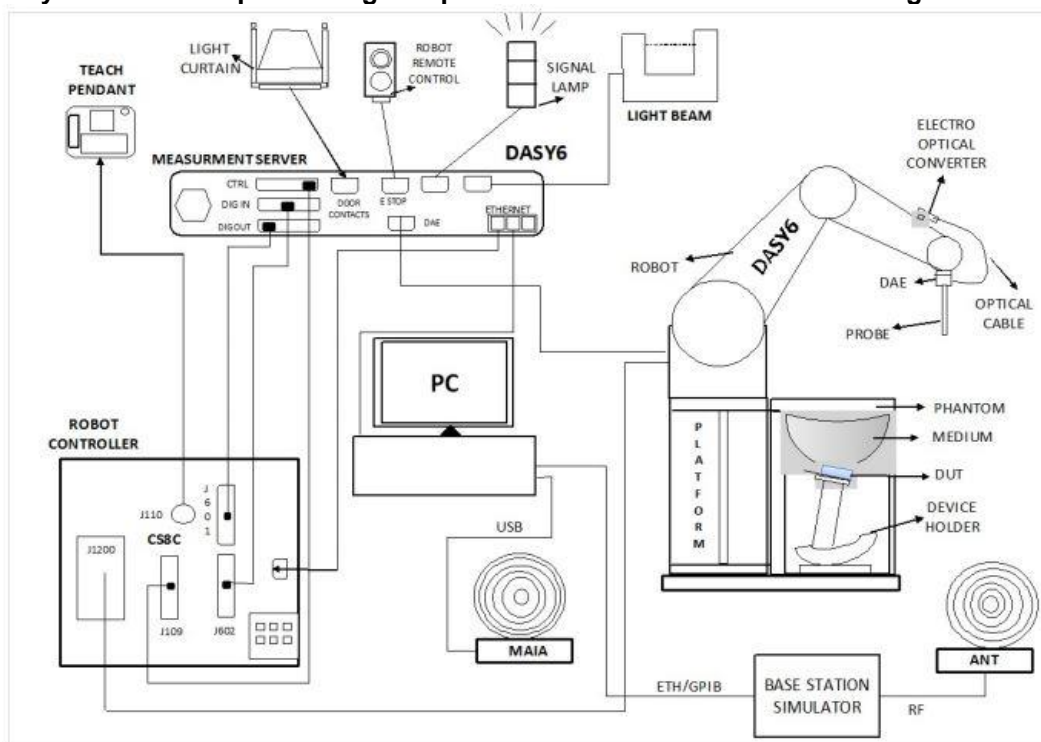
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- The DASY system in SAR Configuration is shown above
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running windows software and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### 6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.


Test Site	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		Wensan Laboratory		
	TW1190		TW3786		
Test Site Location	No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan		No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan		
Test Site No.	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	




## 6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### <ES3DV3 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

### <EX3DV4 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically <1 $\mu$ W/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

## 6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE**

## 6.4 Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### <ELI Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

## 6.5 Device Holder

### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

## **7. Measurement Procedures**

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### **7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

## **7.2 Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## **7.3 Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

## 7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

## 7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

## 8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 17, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1171	Apr. 20, 2021	Apr. 18, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1694	Nov. 03, 2021	Nov. 02, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7692	Nov. 03, 2021	Nov. 02, 2022
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Oct. 28, 2021	Oct. 27, 2022
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT32	101136	Oct. 17, 2021	Oct. 16, 2022
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Oct. 24, 2021	Oct. 23, 2022
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jul. 22, 2021	Jul. 21, 2022
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 24, 2021	Sep. 23, 2022
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Oct. 26, 2021	Oct. 25, 2022
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 09, 2021	Oct. 08, 2022
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 09, 2021	Oct. 08, 2022
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010A	MY53470118	Jan. 12, 2022	Jan. 11, 2023
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 19, 2021	Aug. 18, 2022
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	321501827	Sep. 06, 2021	Sep. 05, 2022
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W-183+	072602118	Mar. 09, 2022	Mar. 08, 2023
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

**General Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.







## **10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)**

### **General Note:**

1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
3. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
4. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
5. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. 18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.
6. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power also higher than RU (OFDMA)
7. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
8. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
9. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
  - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
  - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
  - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel

**<WLAN Non-CDB Mode>**

2.4GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	15.40	15.50	98.80	15.50	15.50	98.80
		6	2437	15.30	15.50		15.45	15.50	
		11	2462	15.30	15.50		15.45	15.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	Not Required	15.50	Not Required	Not Required	15.50	Not Required
		6	2437		15.50			15.50	
		11	2462		15.50			15.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412		15.50			15.50	
		6	2437		15.50			15.50	
		11	2462		15.50			15.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422		14.00			15.50	
		6	2437		15.50			15.50	
		9	2452		15.50			15.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	2412		15.50			15.50	
		6	2437		15.50			15.50	
		11	2462		15.50			15.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	2422		14.00			15.50	
		6	2437		15.50			15.50	
		9	2452		15.50			15.50	

5.2GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		40	5200		14.00			14.00	
		44	5220		14.00			14.00	
		48	5240		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180		14.00			14.00	
		40	5200		14.00			14.00	
		44	5220		14.00			14.00	
		48	5240		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190		14.00			14.00	
		46	5230		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180		14.00			14.00	
		40	5200		14.00			14.00	
		44	5220		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190		14.00			14.00	
		46	5230		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	36	5180		14.00			14.00	
		40	5200		14.00			14.00	
		44	5220		14.00			14.00	
		48	5240		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	38	5190		14.00			14.00	
		46	5230		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	42	5210		14.00			14.00	



5.3GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		56	5280		14.00			14.00	
		60	5300		14.00			14.00	
		64	5320		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260		14.00			14.00	
		56	5280		14.00			14.00	
		60	5300		14.00			14.00	
		64	5320		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270		14.00			14.00	
		62	5310		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260		14.00			14.00	
		56	5280		14.00			14.00	
		60	5300		14.00			14.00	
		64	5320		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270		14.00			14.00	
		62	5310		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	50	5250	13.85	14.00	97.80	13.80	14.00	97.80
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	52	5260	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		56	5280		14.00			14.00	
		60	5300		14.00			14.00	
		64	5320		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	54	5270		14.00			14.00	
		62	5310		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	58	5290		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	50	5250		14.00			14.00	



5.5GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		116	5580		14.00			14.00	
		124	5620		14.00			14.00	
		132	5660		14.00			14.00	
		144	5720		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500		14.00			14.00	
		116	5580		14.00			14.00	
		124	5620		14.00			14.00	
		132	5660		14.00			14.00	
		144	5720		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510		14.00			14.00	
		110	5550		14.00			14.00	
		126	5630		14.00			14.00	
		134	5670		14.00			14.00	
		142	5710		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500		14.00			14.00	
		116	5580		14.00			14.00	
		124	5620		14.00			14.00	
		132	5660		14.00			14.00	
		144	5720		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510		14.00			14.00	
		110	5550		14.00			14.00	
		126	5630		14.00			14.00	
		134	5670		14.00			14.00	
		142	5710		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530		14.00			14.00	
		122	5610		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	114	5570	13.90	14.00	97.80	13.95	14.00	97.80
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	100	5500	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		116	5580		14.00			14.00	
		124	5620		14.00			14.00	
		132	5660		14.00			14.00	
		144	5720		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	102	5510		14.00			14.00	
		110	5550		14.00			14.00	
		126	5630		14.00			14.00	
		134	5670		14.00			14.00	
		142	5710		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	106	5530		14.00			14.00	
		122	5610		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	114	5570		14.00			14.00	



5.8GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		157	5785		14.00			14.00	
		165	5825		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745		14.00			14.00	
		157	5785		14.00			14.00	
		165	5825		14.00			14.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755		14.00			14.00	
		159	5795		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745		14.00			14.00	
		157	5785		14.00			14.00	
		165	5825		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755		14.00			14.00	
		159	5795		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	138	5690	13.90	14.00	97.80	14.00	14.00	97.80
		155	5775	13.95	14.00		14.00	14.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	149	5745	Not Required	14.00	Not Required	Not Required	14.00	Not Required
		157	5785		14.00			14.00	
		165	5825		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	151	5755		14.00			14.00	
		159	5795		14.00			14.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	138	5690		14.00			14.00	
		155	5775		14.00			14.00	

**<WLAN CDB Mode>**

2.4GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	12.30	12.50	98.80	12.25	12.50	98.80
		6	2437	12.30	12.50		12.25	12.50	
		11	2462	12.20	12.50		12.20	12.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	Not Required	12.50	Not Required	Not Required	12.50	Not Required
		6	2437		12.50			12.50	
		11	2462		12.50			12.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412		12.50			12.50	
		6	2437		12.50			12.50	
		11	2462		12.50			12.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422		11.00			12.50	
		6	2437		12.50			12.50	
		9	2452		12.50			12.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	2412		12.50			12.50	
		6	2437		12.50			12.50	
		11	2462		12.50			12.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	2422		11.00			12.50	
		6	2437		12.50			12.50	
		9	2452		12.50			12.50	

5.2GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		40	5200		11.00			11.00	
		44	5220		11.00			11.00	
		48	5240		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180		11.00			11.00	
		40	5200		11.00			11.00	
		44	5220		11.00			11.00	
		48	5240		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190		11.00			11.00	
		46	5230		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180		11.00			11.00	
		40	5200		11.00			11.00	
		44	5220		11.00			11.00	
		48	5240		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190		11.00			11.00	
		46	5230		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	10.90	11.00	97.80	10.80	11.00	97.80
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	36	5180	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		40	5200		11.00			11.00	
		44	5220		11.00			11.00	
		48	5240		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	38	5190		11.00			11.00	
		46	5230		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	42	5210		11.00			11.00	



5.3GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		56	5280		11.00			11.00	
		60	5300		11.00			11.00	
		64	5320		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260		11.00			11.00	
		56	5280		11.00			11.00	
		60	5300		11.00			11.00	
		64	5320		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270		11.00			11.00	
		62	5310		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260		11.00			11.00	
		56	5280		11.00			11.00	
		60	5300		11.00			11.00	
		64	5320		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270		11.00			11.00	
		62	5310		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	50	5250	10.8	11.00	97.80	10.9	11.00	97.80
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	52	5260	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		56	5280		11.00			11.00	
		60	5300		11.00			11.00	
		64	5320		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	54	5270		11.00			11.00	
		62	5310		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	58	5290		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	50	5250		11.00			11.00	



5.5GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		116	5580		11.00			11.00	
		124	5620		11.00			11.00	
		132	5660		11.00			11.00	
		144	5720		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500		11.00			11.00	
		116	5580		11.00			11.00	
		124	5620		11.00			11.00	
		132	5660		11.00			11.00	
		144	5720		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510		11.00			11.00	
		110	5550		11.00			11.00	
		126	5630		11.00			11.00	
		134	5670		11.00			11.00	
		142	5710		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500		11.00			11.00	
		116	5580		11.00			11.00	
		124	5620		11.00			11.00	
		132	5660		11.00			11.00	
		144	5720		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510		11.00			11.00	
		110	5550		11.00			11.00	
		126	5630		11.00			11.00	
		134	5670		11.00			11.00	
		142	5710		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530		11.00			11.00	
		122	5610		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	114	5570	10.90	11.00	97.80	11.00	11.00	97.80
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	100	5500	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		116	5580		11.00			11.00	
		124	5620		11.00			11.00	
		132	5660		11.00			11.00	
		144	5720		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	102	5510		11.00			11.00	
		110	5550		11.00			11.00	
		126	5630		11.00			11.00	
		134	5670		11.00			11.00	
		142	5710		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	106	5530		11.00			11.00	
		122	5610		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	114	5570		11.00			11.00	





5.8GHz WLAN				Main Ant			Aux Ant		
5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		157	5785		11.00			11.00	
		165	5825		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745		11.00			11.00	
		157	5785		11.00			11.00	
		165	5825		11.00			11.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755		11.00			11.00	
		159	5795		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745		11.00			11.00	
		157	5785		11.00			11.00	
		165	5825		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755		11.00			11.00	
		159	5795		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	138	5690	10.80	11.00	97.80	11.00	11.00	97.80
		155	5775	10.90	11.00		11.00	11.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	149	5745	Not Required	11.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		157	5785		11.00			11.00	
		165	5825		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	151	5755		11.00			11.00	
		159	5795		11.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	138	5690		11.00			11.00	
		155	5775		11.00			11.00	

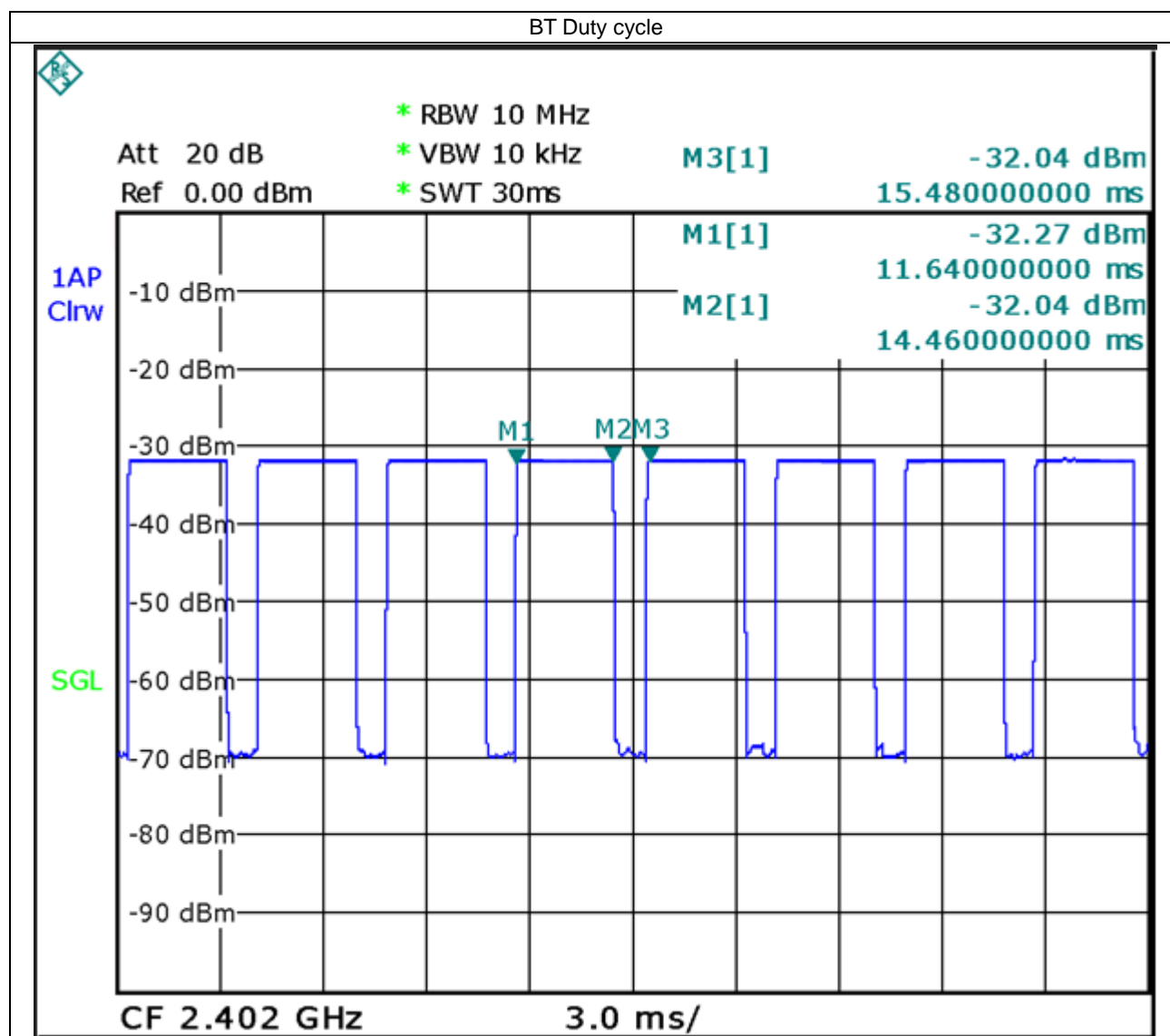
**<2.4GHz Bluetooth>**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	10.80	Not Required	Not Required
	CH 39	2441	11.30		
	CH 78	2480	11.50		
Tune-up Limit			11.5	11	11

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
			1Mbps	2Mbps
LE	CH 00	2402	Not Required	Not Required
	CH 19	2440		
	CH 39	2480		
Tune-up Limit			9	9

**General Note:**

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 73.4% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.



## 11. SAR Test Results

### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
  - c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$ W/kg.

### WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is  $< 1.6$ W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio  $\leq 0.04$ , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
7. The device support CDB operation (Concurrent Dual Band simultaneous Wi-Fi connection), when the 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN transmit at the same time, the device will limit different power for Sim-Tx compliance.
8. The WLAN was performed on non-CDB mode due do it's higher power, also using the result to assessment all Sim-Tx configuration, if the Sim-Tx SAR result is higher than 1.6W/kg, additional CDB mode active SAR is necessary, the required test position when CDB mode active list as following table.
9. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

**11.1 Body SAR**
**<WLAN SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Output Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.40	15.50	1.023	98.8	1.012	-0.02	0.445	0.461
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.40	15.50	1.023	98.8	1.012	-0.05	0.496	0.514
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.40	15.50	1.023	98.8	1.012	0.15	0.094	0.097
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.40	15.50	1.023	98.8	1.012	0.13	0.042	0.043
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.40	15.50	1.023	98.8	1.012	-0.04	0.059	0.061
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.40	15.50	1.023	98.8	1.012	0.01	0.375	0.388
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Main	CDB	1	2412	12.30	12.50	1.047	98.8	1.012	0.01	0.285	0.302
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Main	CDB	1	2412	12.30	12.50	1.047	98.8	1.012	-0.01	0.337	0.357
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left side	5mm	Main	CDB	1	2412	12.30	12.50	1.047	98.8	1.012	-0.01	0.206	0.218
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.50	15.50	1.000	98.8	1.012	0.01	0.442	0.447
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.50	15.50	1.000	98.8	1.012	0.01	0.569	0.576
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	6	2437	15.45	15.50	1.012	98.8	1.012	-0.01	0.534	0.547
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	11	2462	15.45	15.50	1.012	98.8	1.012	-0.03	0.550	0.563
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.50	15.50	1.000	98.8	1.012	-0.11	0.094	0.095
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.50	15.50	1.000	98.8	1.012	0.02	0.067	0.068
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.50	15.50	1.000	98.8	1.012	0	0.001	0.001
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	1	2412	15.50	15.50	1.000	98.8	1.012	0	0.370	0.374
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Aux	CDB	1	2412	12.25	12.50	1.059	98.8	1.012	0.02	0.229	0.245
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	CDB	1	2412	12.25	12.50	1.059	98.8	1.012	-0.03	0.268	0.287
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left side	5mm	Aux	CDB	1	2412	12.25	12.50	1.059	98.8	1.012	-0.01	0.170	0.182

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Output Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.85	14.00	1.035	97.8	1.022	-0.01	0.639	0.676
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.85	14.00	1.035	97.8	1.022	-0.06	0.379	0.401
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Top side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.85	14.00	1.035	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.526	0.556
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.85	14.00	1.035	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.048	0.051
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Right side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.85	14.00	1.035	97.8	1.022	0.12	0.038	0.040
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.85	14.00	1.035	97.8	1.022	-0.06	0.679	0.718
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Main	CDB	50	5250	10.80	11.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.449	0.481
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Main	CDB	50	5250	10.80	11.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	-0.01	0.236	0.253
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	CDB	50	5250	10.80	11.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.369	0.395
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.80	14.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	-0.03	0.483	0.517
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.80	14.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	-0.01	0.431	0.461
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Top side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.80	14.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.636	0.681
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.80	14.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	0.05	0.104	0.111
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Right side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.80	14.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	0	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	50	5250	13.80	14.00	1.047	97.8	1.022	0.06	0.602	0.644
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Aux	CDB	50	5250	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.01	0.381	0.398
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Aux	CDB	50	5250	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.251	0.262
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Aux	CDB	50	5250	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.06	0.325	0.340
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.07	0.426	0.446
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.358	0.374
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Top side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.07	0.360	0.376
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.04	0.042	0.044
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Right side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.06	0.035	0.037
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	-0.15	0.502	0.525
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Main	CDB	114	5570	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.05	0.215	0.225
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Main	CDB	114	5570	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.179	0.187
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	CDB	114	5570	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.14	0.243	0.254
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0.05	0.397	0.410
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.374	0.387
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Top side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	-0.02	0.423	0.437
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0.05	0.090	0.093
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Right side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0	0.077	0.080
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	114	5570	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	-0.01	0.527	0.545
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Front	5mm	Aux	CDB	114	5570	11.00	11.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.02	0.199	0.203
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Back	5mm	Aux	CDB	114	5570	11.00	11.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	-0.05	0.188	0.192
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Aux	CDB	114	5570	11.00	11.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.06	0.249	0.254

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Output Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	155	5775	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	-0.06	0.315	0.326
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	155	5775	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0.01	0.291	0.301
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	155	5775	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0.19	0.247	0.255
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	155	5775	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	-0.02	0.042	0.043
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	155	5775	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	0.15	0.051	0.053
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	155	5775	13.95	14.00	1.012	97.8	1.022	-0.01	0.498	0.515
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	Non-CDB	138	5690	13.90	14.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.05	0.478	0.500
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Main	CDB	155	5775	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.175	0.183
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Main	CDB	155	5775	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0	0.164	0.172
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Main	CDB	155	5775	10.90	11.00	1.023	97.8	1.022	0.02	0.255	0.267
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	155	5775	14.00	14.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	-0.01	0.297	0.304
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	155	5775	14.00	14.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	-0.07	0.300	0.307
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	155	5775	14.00	14.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.01	0.289	0.295
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	155	5775	14.00	14.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.087	0.089
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	155	5775	14.00	14.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.05	0.076	0.078
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Aux	Non-CDB	155	5775	14.00	14.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.1	0.437	0.447
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Aux	CDB	155	5775	11.00	11.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.08	0.148	0.151
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Aux	CDB	155	5775	11.00	11.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	-0.06	0.152	0.155
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left side	5mm	Aux	CDB	155	5775	11.00	11.00	1.000	97.8	1.022	0.03	0.238	0.243

**<Bluetooth SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	5mm	Aux	78	2480	11.50	11.50	1.000	73.4	1.135	-0.02	0.135	0.153
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	78	2480	11.50	11.50	1.000	73.4	1.135	0.01	0.177	0.201
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	0	2402	10.80	11.50	1.175	73.4	1.135	0.02	0.131	0.175
05	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	Aux	39	2441	11.30	11.50	1.047	73.4	1.135	0	0.175	0.208
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top side	5mm	Aux	78	2480	11.50	11.50	1.000	73.4	1.135	-0.06	0.027	0.031
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom side	5mm	Aux	78	2480	11.50	11.50	1.000	73.4	1.135	0.02	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right side	5mm	Aux	78	2480	11.50	11.50	1.000	73.4	1.135	0.06	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left side	5mm	Aux	78	2480	11.50	11.50	1.000	73.4	1.135	0	0.101	0.115

## 12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
Non-CDB		
1.	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant + WLAN2.4GHz Aux Ant	Yes
2.	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant + Bluetooth Aux Ant	Yes
3.	WLAN 5GHz Main Ant +WLAN 5GHz Aux Ant + Bluetooth Aux Ant	Yes
CDB		
4.	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant + WLAN 5GHz Main Ant + Bluetooth Aux Ant	Yes
5.	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant + WLAN 5GHz Aux Ant + Bluetooth Aux Ant	Yes
6.	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant + WLAN2.4GHz Aux Ant + WLAN 5GHz Main Ant + WLAN 5GHz Aux Ant	Yes

**General Note:**

- The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WLAN.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

### 12.1 Body Exposure Conditions

**<Non-CDB>**

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz Aux Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Main Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Aux Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Aux Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)			
Front at 5mm	0.461	0.447	0.676	0.517	0.153	0.908	0.614	1.346
Back at 5mm	0.514	0.576	0.401	0.461	0.208	1.090	0.722	1.070
Top side at 5mm	0.097	0.095	0.556	0.681	0.031	0.192	0.128	1.268
Bottom side at 5mm	0.043	0.068	0.051	0.111	0.001	0.111	0.044	0.163
Right side at 5mm	0.061	0.001	0.053	0.080	0.001	0.062	0.062	0.134
Left side at 5mm	0.388	0.374	0.718	0.644	0.115	0.762	0.503	1.477

**<CDB>**

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+3+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz Main Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz Aux Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Main Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Aux Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Aux Ant 1g SAR (W/kg)			
Front at 5mm	0.302	0.245	0.481	0.398	0.153	0.936	0.853	1.426
Back at 5mm	0.357	0.287	0.253	0.262	0.208	0.818	0.827	1.159
Top side at 5mm	0.097	0.095	0.556	0.681	0.031	0.684	0.809	1.429
Bottom side at 5mm	0.043	0.068	0.051	0.111	0.001	0.095	0.155	0.273
Right side at 5mm	0.061	0.001	0.053	0.080	0.001	0.115	0.142	0.195
Left side at 5mm	0.218	0.182	0.395	0.340	0.115	0.728	0.673	1.135

**Test Engineer :** Jimmy Lu, Dennis Hsieh, Rain Chiu, Mood Huang and Bob Cheng

### **13. Uncertainty Assessment**

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 1.5$  W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 3.75$  W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of  $k = 2$ . If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

### **14. References**

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.