

# **Ecovacs Home Service Robotics Co., Ltd.**

# RF TEST REPORT

### **Report Type:**

FCC Part 15.247 & ISED RSS-247 RF report

Model:

DDX67, DDX57

**REPORT NUMBER:** 

2408B0008SHA-001

**ISSUE DATE:** 

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**DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER:** 

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Report no.: 2408B0008SHA-001

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FCC ID: 2A64B-DDX67
IC: 28593-DDX67

#### **SUMMARY:**

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification:

47CFR Part 15 (2023): Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

**ANSI C63.10 (2013):** American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

RSS-247 Issue 3 (August 2023): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS-Gen Issue 5 (March 2019) Amendment 1: General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

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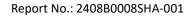
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### **TEST REPORT**

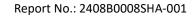
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# **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
2408B0008SHA-001	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	September 18, 2024

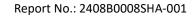




# **Measurement result summary**

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERANCE	IC REFERANCE	RESULT
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 Issue 3 Clause 5.2	Pass
Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.	15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 Issue 3 Clause 5.4	Pass
Power spectrum density	15.247(e)	RSS-247 Issue 3 Clause 5.2	Pass
Emission outside the frequency band	15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 3 Clause 5.5	Pass
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	15.247(d), 15.205&15.209	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.9&8.10	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.8	Pass
Occupied bandwidth	-	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 6.6	Tested
Antenna requirement	15.203	-	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable





### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

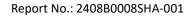
Product name:	Floor Cleaning Robot
Type/Model/PMN/HVIN:	DDX67, DDX57
	The EUT is a Floor Cleaning Robot, it supports WIFI functions, there are
	two models, they are the same except DDX57 removed the Al camera.
	We tested DDX67 as representative and listed the worst results in this
Description of EUT:	report.
Rating:	DC20V, 2A
EUT type:	☐ Table top ☒ Floor standing
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
Sample Identification No.:	0240803-013-001
Sample received date:	2024.8.3
Date of test:	2024.8.4~2024.8.30

### 1.2 Technical Specification

Frequency Band:	2400MHz ~ 2483.5MHz
Support Standards:	IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n-HT20, IEEE 802.11n-HT40
	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)
	IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
	IEEE 802.11n-HT20: OFDM (64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11n-HT40: OFDM (64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
	11 Channels for 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n(HT20)
Channel Number:	7 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)
Channel Separation:	5 MHz
Antenna:	FPC Antenna, 2.59dBi

### 1.3 Antenna information

Mode	Tx/Rx Function	Beamforming function	CDD function	Directional gain (dBi)
802.11b	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-
802.11g	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-
802.11n(HT20)	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-
802.11n(HT40)	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-

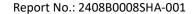




### 1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services (Shanghai FTZ) Co., Ltd.		
Address:	Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China		
71441 633.	Junuing 80, No. 1198 Qirizilou Noau(North), Sharighar 200255, F.N. China		
Telephone:	86 21 61278200		
Telefax:	86 21 54262353		

The test facility is recognized,	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L21189
certified, or accredited by these	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN0175
organizations:	IC Registration Lab CAB identifier.: CN0014
	VCCI Registration Lab Registration No.: R-14243, G-10845, C-14723, T-12252
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02





### **2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS**

### 2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2023) ANSI C63.10 (2013) KDB 558074 (v05r02) RSS-247 Issue 3 (August 2023) RSS-Gen Issue 5 (March 2019) Amendment 1

### 2.2 Mode of operation during the test

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the internal modulation and continuously transmission was applied.

Software name	Manufacturer	Version	Supplied by
Putty	-	-	Client

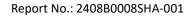
The lowest, middle and highest channel were tested as representatives.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Mode	Lowest (MHz)	Middle (MHz)	Highest (MHz)
2400-2483.5	802.11b	2412	2437	2462
	802.11g	2412	2437	2462
	802.11n(HT20)	2412	2437	2462
	802.11n(HT40)	2422	2437	2452

### **Data rate and Power setting:**

The pre-scan for the conducted power with all rates in each modulation and bands was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases. After this pre-scan, we choose the following table of the data rata as the worst case.

Frequency Band	Mode	Mode Worst case data rate	
(MHz)	ivioue	Worst case data rate	Setting
	802.11b	1Mbps	Default
2400-2483.5	802.11g	6Mbps	Default
2400-2483.5	802.11n(HT20)	MCS0	Default
	802.11n(HT40)	MCS0	Default





### 2.3 Test software list

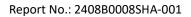
Test Items	Software	Manufacturer	Version	
Conducted emission	ESxS-K1	R&S	V2.1.0	
Radiated emission	ES-K1	R&S	V1.71	

# 2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	Name	Band and Model	Description
1	Laptop computer	DELL 5480	-
2	Docking station	CH2453A	-

### 2.5 Test environment condition:

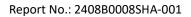
Test items	Temperature	Humidity	
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth			
Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.			
Power spectrum density	24°C	52%RH	
Emission outside the frequency band			
Occupied bandwidth			
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	25°C	51%RH	
Power line conducted emission	24°C	52%RH	





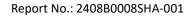
### 2.6 Instrument list

Conducted Emission								
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date			
$\boxtimes$	Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	EC 6194	2025-02-27			
$\boxtimes$	Attenuator	Hua Xiang	Ts5-10db-6g	EC 6194-1	2024-12-07			
	A.M.N.	R&S	ESH2-Z5	EC 3119	2024-11-19			
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV 216	EC 3393	2025-07-17			
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV4200	EC 3558	2025-06-05			
Radiated E	mission							
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date			
$\boxtimes$	Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB 26	EC 3045	2025-08-22			
$\boxtimes$	Test Receiver	R&S	ESR	EC6501	2024-09-24			
$\boxtimes$	Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112B	EC 6411	2024-09-12			
$\boxtimes$	TRILOG broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9168	EC 6402	2025-02-14			
	Pre-amplifier	R&S	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42	EC 5262	2025-06-15			
	Pre-amplifier	Tonscend	tap01018050	EC 6432-1	2024-12-07			
	Horn antenna	Tonscend	bha9120d	EC 6432-2	2025-02-15			
$\boxtimes$	Horn antenna	ETS	3117	EC 4792-1	2024-09-15			
	Horn antenna	TOYO	HAP18-26W	EC 4792-3	2026-09-12			
	Active loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	EC 5345	2025-07-16			
	Horn antenna	ETS	3116c	EC 5955	2025-07-22			
RF test								
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date			
$\boxtimes$	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2025-03-07			
	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2025-03-07			
	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2025-03-07			
	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	EC5944	2025-03-07			
	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2025-03-07			
	Mobile Test System	Litepoint	Iqxel	EC 5176	2025-01-11			
	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2024-12-09			
	Climate chamber	GWS	MT3065	EC 6021	2025-03-06			





	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9030B	EC 6078	2025-06-08			
Tet Site								
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date			
	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2838	2025-01-11			
	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2839	2025-01-11			
	Semi-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3048	2025-07-08			
	Fully-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3047	2025-07-08			
Additional	Additional instrument							
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date			
	Thermo- Hygrograph	Testo	175h1	EC 6640	2025-08-28			
	Thermo- Hygrograph	Testo	175h1	EC 6641	2025-08-28			
	Thermo- Hygrograph	Testo	175h1	EC6642	2025-08-28			
$\boxtimes$	Thermo- Hygrograph	Testo	175h1	EC 6643	2025-08-28			
	Thermo- Hygrograph	Testo	175h1	EC 6644	2025-08-28			
	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2025-08-16			

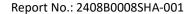




### 2.7 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty	
Maximum peak output power	± 0.74dB	
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	± 4.90dB	
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	± 5.02dB	
Emission outside the frequency band	± 2.89dB	
Power line conducted emission	± 3.19dB	





### 3 Minimum 6dB bandwidth

Test result: Pass

### 3.1 Limit

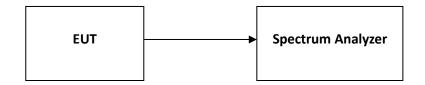
For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 3.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.8 of ANSI C63.10.

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 × RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 3.3 Test Configuration



### 3.4 Test Results of Minimum 6dB bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A



#### **TEST REPORT**

### 4 Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.

Test result: Pass

#### 4.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 W. (The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W)

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 30dBm and 30+ (6 –antenna gain-beam forming gain).

### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

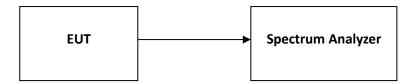
The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.9.2.2 of ANSI C63.10.

- a) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- b) Set span to at least 1.5 x OBW.
- c) Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- d) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2$  x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- f) Sweep time = auto.
- g) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- h) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- j) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
- k) Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on- and off-times of the transmission). For example, add  $10 \log (1/0.25) = 6 dB$  if the duty cycle is 25 %.



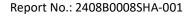
### **TEST REPORT**

### 4.3 Test Configuration



# 4.4 Test Results of Maximum conducted output power

Please refer to Appendix A





### 5 Power spectrum density

Test result: Pass

#### 5.1 Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 8dBm/MHz and 8+ (6 –antenna gain-beam forming gain).

### 5.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.10 of ANSI C63.10.

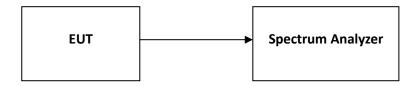
This procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle < 98 %), and when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  %):

- a) Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- c) Set span to at least 1.5 x OBW.
- d) Set RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- e) Set VBW ≥3 x RBW.
- f) Detector = power averaging (RMS) or sample detector (when RMS not available).
- g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$ .
- h) Sweep time = auto couple.
- i) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to "free run".
- j) Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- I) Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a, to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
- m) If resultant value exceeds the limit, then reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span in order to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).



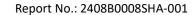
### **TEST REPORT**

### 5.3 Test Configuration



# 5.4 Test Results of Power spectrum density

Please refer to Appendix A





### 6 Emission outside the frequency band

Test result: Pass

#### 6.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

#### 6.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.11 of ANSI C63.10.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

#### **Emission level measurement**

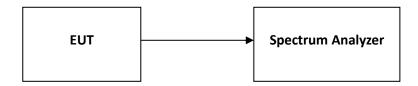
- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



### **TEST REPORT**

### 6.3 Test Configuration



# 6.4 The results of Emission outside the frequency band

Please refer to Appendix A



### **TEST REPORT**

### 7 Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands

Test result: Pass

### 7.1 Limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

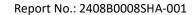
The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.12 of ANSI C63.10.

#### For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meters chamber room. For the floor-standing devices, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.1 meters above the ground at 3 meters chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

### NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.





#### For Radiated emission above 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meters chamber room. For the floor-standing devices, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.1 meters above the ground at 3 meters chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detector function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

#### Note:

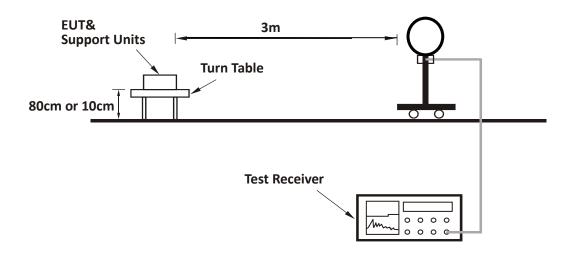
- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is ≥ 1/T (Duty cycle < 98%) or 3 x RBW (Duty cycle ≥ 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported.



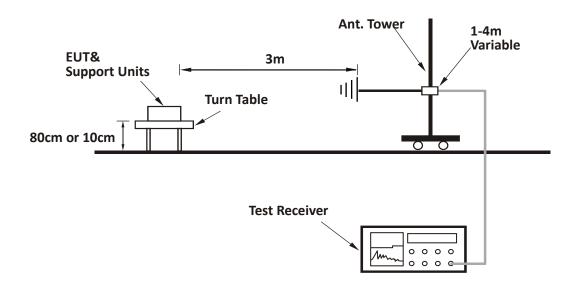
### **TEST REPORT**

# 7.3 Test Configuration

### For Radiated emission below 30MHz:



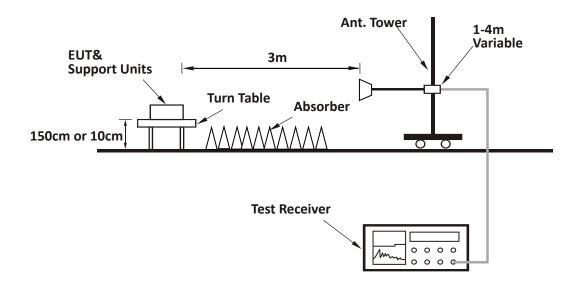
### For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz:

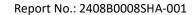




### **TEST REPORT**

### For Radiated emission above 1GHz:



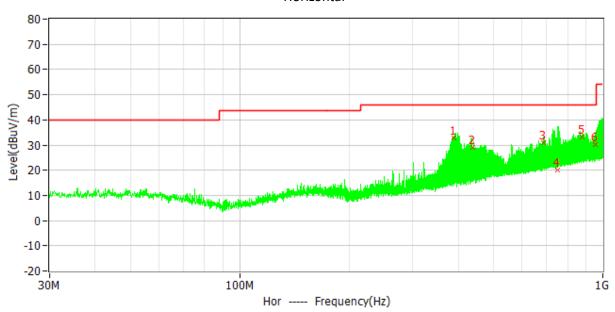




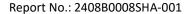
### 7.4 Test Results of Radiated Emissions

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.





No	No. Frequency	Limit	Level	Delta	Reading	Factor	Detector	Polar
INO.	Frequency	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV	dB/m	Detector	Polar
1	388.803MHz	46.0	32.9	-13.1	15.3	17.6	QP	Hor
2	438.174MHz	46.0	29.1	-16.9	10.1	19.0	QP	Hor
3	686.829MHz	46.0	30.8	-15.2	6.9	23.9	QP	Hor
4	751.919MHz	46.0	19.9	-26.1	-5.1	25.0	QP	Hor
5	874.326MHz	46.0	33.3	-12.7	6.5	26.8	QP	Hor
6	951.286MHz	46.0	30.3	-15.7	2.8	27.5	QP	Hor



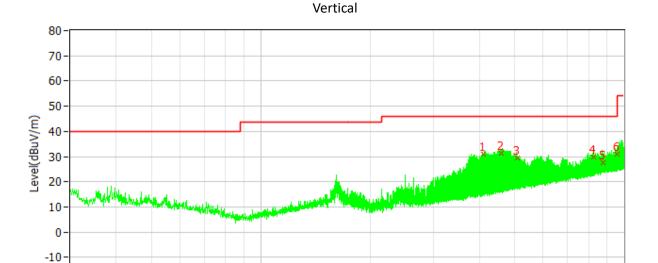
1G



### **TEST REPORT**

-20

30M



Limit Level Delta Reading Factor No. Frequency Detector Polar dBuV/m dBuV/m dΒ dBuV dB/m 46.0 30.9 Ver 1 410.521MHz -15.1 12.7 18.2 QP 2 46.0 459.875MHz 31.4 -14.6 11.9 19.5 QP Ver 29.5 3 509.216MHz 46.0 -16.5 8.7 20.8 QP Ver 4 824.987MHz 46.0 30.0 -16.0 3.9 26.1 QP Ver 5 876.287MHz 46.0 27.6 -18.4 8.0 26.8 QP Ver 6 959.213MHz 46.0 30.8 -15.2 3.2 27.6 QP Ver

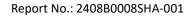
Ver ---- Frequency(Hz)

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (- Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

2. Level = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor

100M

- 3. Delta = Level Limit
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.





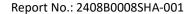
### Test result above 1GHz:

The emission was conducted from 1GHz to 25GHz 802.11b

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	2390	50.80	74.00	23.20	PK
	V	2390	51.30	74.00	22.70	PK
L	Н	4824	45.20	74.00	28.80	PK
	V	4824	46.20	74.00	27.80	PK
М	V	4874	46.50	74.00	27.50	PK
	Н	2483.5	51.20	74.00	22.80	PK
	V	2483.5	51.70	74.00	22.30	PK
Н	Н	4924	45.40	74.00	28.60	PK
	V	4924	46.70	74.00	27.30	PK

### 802.11g

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	V	2390	58.30	74.00	15.70	PK
L	V	2390	45.20	54.00	8.80	AV
	V	4824	45.50	74.00	28.50	PK
М	V	4874	45.60	74.00	28.40	PK
	V	2483.5	58.30	74.00	15.70	PK
Н	V	2483.5	46.60	54.00	7.40	AV
	V	4924	46.80	74.00	27.20	PK





### 802.11n(HT20)

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	V	2390	62.50	74.00	11.50	PK
L	V	2390	47.90	54.00	6.10	AV
	V	4824	45.50	74.00	28.50	PK
M	V	4874	45.70	74.00	28.30	PK
	V	2483.5	63.20	74.00	10.80	PK
Н	V	2483.5	47.60	54.00	6.40	AV
	V	4924	46.30	74.00	27.70	PK

#### 802.11n(HT40)

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	V	2390	64.20	74.00	9.80	PK
L	V	2390	47.30	54.00	6.70	AV
	V	4844	45.60	74.00	28.40	PK
М	V	4874	45.70	74.00	28.30	PK
	V	2483.5	64.70	74.00	9.30	PK
Ħ	V	2483.5	47.70	54.00	6.30	AV
	V	4904	46.80	74.00	27.20	PK

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (+ Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Margin = Limit Corrected Reading
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

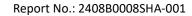
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,

Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.

Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;

Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;

Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.





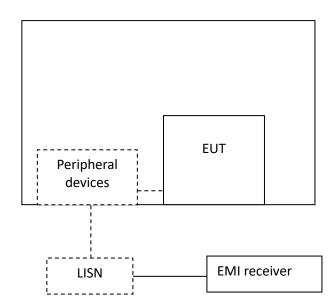
### 8 Power line conducted emission

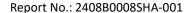
Test result: Pass

### 8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)					
Trequency of Emission (Wills)	QP	AV				
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *				
0.5-5	56	46				
5-30	60	50				
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.						

# 8.2 Test Configuration





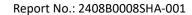


#### 8.3 Measurement Procedure

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50  $\Omega$  LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50  $\Omega$  measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50  $\Omega$  measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50  $\Omega$  input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50  $\Omega$  loads.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

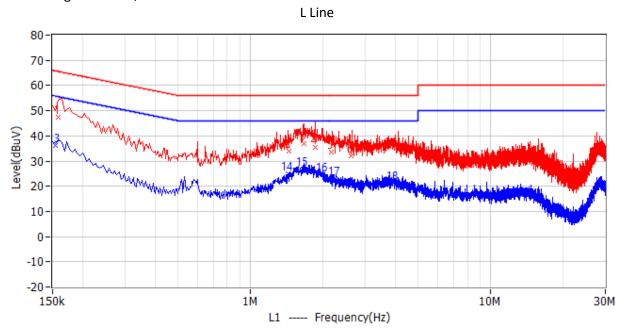
The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

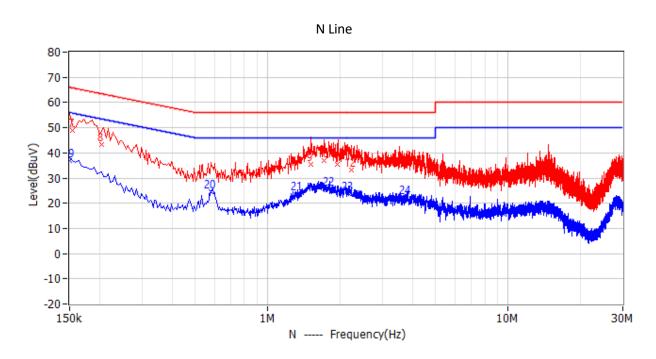


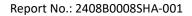


### 8.4 Test Results of Power line conducted emission

Test Voltage: AC 120V, 60Hz







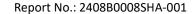


### **Test Data:**

No.	Frequency	Limit	Level	Delta	Reading	Factor	D . I I	Phase
		dBuV	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dB	Detector	
1	159.000kHz	65.52	47.34	-18.18	41.14	6.20	QP	L1
2	1.442MHz	56.00	34.10	-21.90	27.90	6.20	QP	L1
3	1.671MHz	56.00	36.87	-19.13	30.67	6.20	QP	L1
4	1.869MHz	56.00	35.50	-20.50	29.30	6.20	QP	L1
5	2.171MHz	56.00	33.63	-22.37	27.43	6.20	QP	L1
6	2.621MHz	56.00	32.21	-23.79	26.01	6.20	QP	L1
7	154.500kHz	65.75	48.78	-16.97	42.58	6.20	QP	Ν
8	204.000kHz	63.45	43.33	-20.12	37.13	6.20	QP	Ν
9	1.518MHz	56.00	35.30	-20.70	29.10	6.20	QP	N
10	1.721MHz	56.00	36.94	-19.06	30.74	6.20	QP	N
11	1.950MHz	56.00	35.44	-20.56	29.24	6.20	QP	Ν
12	2.234MHz	56.00	33.13	-22.87	26.93	6.20	QP	Ν
13	154.500kHz	55.75	36.07	-19.68	29.87	6.20	CAV	L1
14	1.437MHz	46.00	24.89	-21.11	18.69	6.20	CAV	L1
15	1.653MHz	46.00	26.99	-19.01	20.79	6.20	CAV	L1
16	2.004MHz	46.00	24.53	-21.47	18.33	6.20	CAV	L1
17	2.247MHz	46.00	22.96	-23.04	16.76	6.20	CAV	L1
18	3.921MHz	46.00	21.34	-24.66	15.04	6.30	CAV	L1
19	150.000kHz	56.00	36.86	-19.14	30.66	6.20	CAV	Ν
20	582.000kHz	46.00	24.45	-21.55	18.25	6.20	CAV	Ν
21	1.338MHz	46.00	23.65	-22.35	17.45	6.20	CAV	Ν
22	1.806MHz	46.00	25.87	-20.13	19.67	6.20	CAV	Ν
23	2.171MHz	46.00	23.78	-22.22	17.58	6.20	CAV	N
24	3.777MHz	46.00	22.21	-23.79	15.91	6.30	CAV	N

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Level = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Delta = Level Limit
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.





### 9 Occupied Bandwidth

Test result: Tested

### 9.1 Limit

None

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

The occupied bandwidth per RSS-Gen Issue 4 Clause 6.6 was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer.

The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.

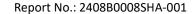
The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

### 9.3 Test Configuration



### 9.4 The results of Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A





### 10 Antenna requirement

### **Requirement:**

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

### **Result:**

EUT uses permanently attached antenna to the intentional radiator, so it can comply with the provisions of this section.