

# TEST REPORT

Applicant Name : KRIPTO MOBILE CORPORATION  
Address : 7640 NW 25TH ST STE 101 MIAMI Florida United States 33122  
Report Number : RA221223-63489E-SA  
FCC ID: 2APX7K51

**Test Standard (s)**  
FCC Part 2.1093

## Sample Description

Product Type: 4G Smart Phone  
Model No.: K51  
Trade Mark: KRIP  
Serial Number: 1WJ6-1  
Date Received: 2022/12/23  
Date of Test: 2023/01/11~2023/01/13  
Report Date: 2023/01/29

Test Result:	Pass*
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\* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

**Prepared and Checked By:**



Lance Li  
EMC Engineer

**Approved By:**



Candy Li  
EMC Engineer

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Attestation of Test Results				
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
GSM 850	1g Head SAR	0.13	1.6	
	1g Body SAR	0.26		
PCS 1900	1g Head SAR	0.13		
	1g Body SAR	0.15		
WCDMA Band 2	1g Head SAR	0.12		
	1g Body SAR	0.24		
WCDMA Band 5	1g Head SAR	0.15		
	1g Body SAR	0.23		
LTE Band 2	1g Head SAR	0.13		
	1g Body SAR	0.28		
LTE Band 4	1g Head SAR	0.13		
	1g Body SAR	0.23		
LTE Band 7	1g Head SAR	0.22		
	1g Body SAR	0.72		
2.4G Wi-Fi	1g Head SAR	0.47		
	1g Body SAR	0.22		
Bluetooth	1g Head SAR	0.03		
	1g Body SAR	0.02		
Simultaneous	1g Head SAR	0.69		
	1g Body SAR	0.94		
	1g Body SAR	0.94 (Hotspot)		
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices			
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques			
	IEC 62209-1:2016 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1: Devices used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)			
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01 KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01 KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02			
	<b>Note:</b> This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in <b>FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093</b> and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures. <b>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</b>			

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## DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RA221223-63489E-SA	Original Report	2023/01/29

## EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **KRIPTO MOBILE CORPORATION**, and their product **4G Smart Phone**, Model: **K51**, FCC ID: **2APX7K51** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

### Technical Specification

<b>Device Type:</b>	Portable
<b>Dimension</b>	Overall: 145×70×10 mm Overall Diagonal: 153 mm Display Diagonal: 126mm
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
<b>Antenna Type(s):</b>	Internal Antenna
<b>DTM Type:</b>	Class B
<b>Multi-slot Class:</b>	GPRS(Class 12)
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	Headset
<b>Face-Head Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data), HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+), FDD-LTE, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX) ; 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX); 2620-2690 MHz(RX) Wi-Fi 2.4G: 2412 -2462 MHz(TX&RX) Bluetooth: 2402 -2480 MHz(TX&RX) BLE: 2402 -2480 MHz(TX&RX)
<b>Power Source:</b>	Rechargeable Battery
<b>Normal Operation:</b>	Head and Body-worn

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## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

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### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

**SAR Limits****FCC Limit (1g Tissue)**

<b>EXPOSURE LIMITS</b>	<b>SAR (W/kg)</b>	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	<b>1.6</b>	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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## **FACILITIES**

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The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189. Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) The Certificate Number is 4297.01 .

Listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED), the Registration Number is 5077A.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number CN0016.



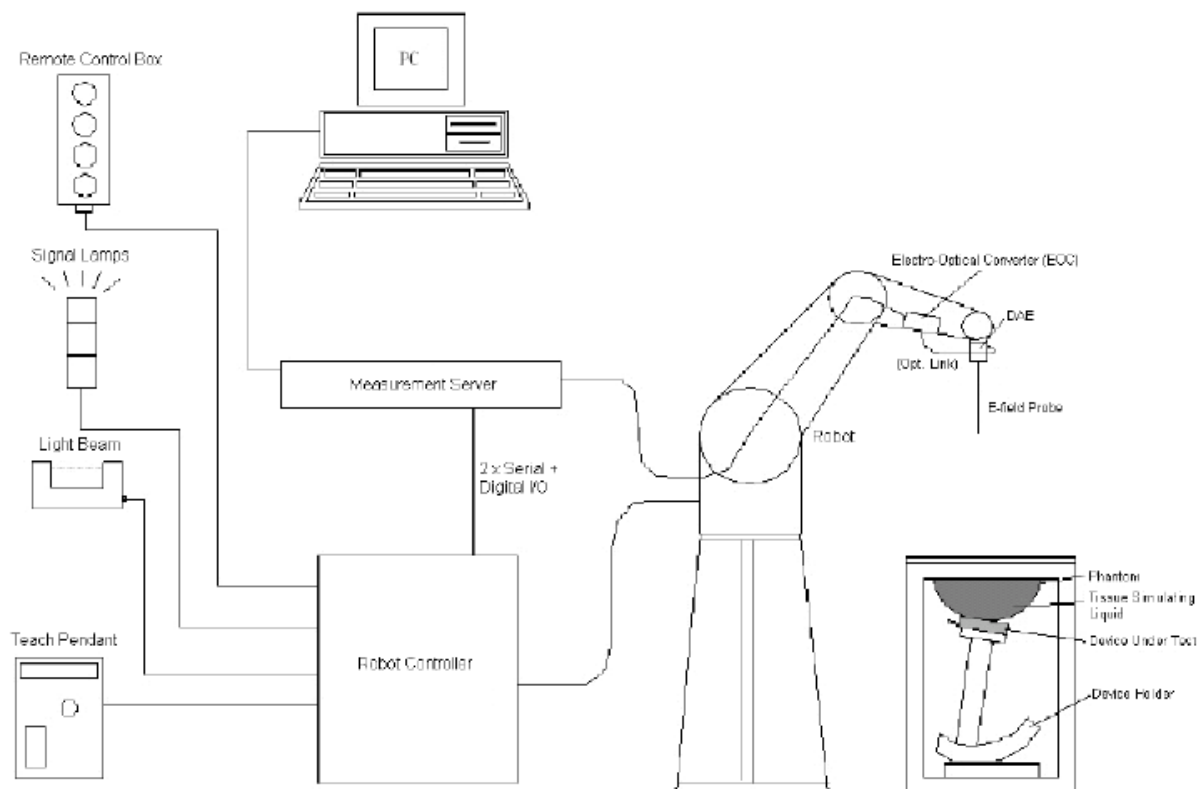
## DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program- controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

**EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
<b>Compatibility</b>	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

**SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY5) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm..

When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY5 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY5 platform is used to mount the

Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required.

In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.

DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom. Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.

**Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7441 Calibrated: 2022/05/16**

Calibration Frequency Point(MHz)	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
	From	To	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	10.04	10.04	10.04
900 Head	850	1000	9.61	9.61	9.61
1450 Head	1350	1550	8.52	8.52	8.52
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.32	8.32	8.32
1900 Head	1850	1950	7.94	7.94	7.94
2000 Head	1950	2100	7.99	7.99	7.99
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.78	7.78	7.78
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.54	7.54	7.54
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.30	7.30	7.30
3300 Head	3200	3400	7.09	7.09	7.09
3500 Head	3400	3600	6.89	6.89	6.89
3700 Head	3600	3800	6.55	6.55	6.55
3900 Head	3800	4000	6.60	6.60	6.60
4400 Head	4300	4500	6.34	6.34	6.34
4600 Head	4500	4700	6.26	6.26	6.26
4800 Head	4700	4900	6.16	6.16	6.16
4950 Head	4900	5050	5.85	5.85	5.85
5250 Head	5140	5360	5.35	5.35	5.35
5600 Head	5490	5700	4.85	4.85	4.85
5750 Head	5700	5860	4.83	4.83	4.83

**Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

**Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

## Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head

**Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid**

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r$	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
<i>750</i>	<i>41,9</i>	<i>0,89</i>
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
<i>1 500</i>	<i>40,4</i>	<i>1,23</i>
<i>1 640</i>	<i>40,2</i>	<i>1,31</i>
<i>1 750</i>	<i>40,1</i>	<i>1,37</i>
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
<i>2 100</i>	<i>39,8</i>	<i>1,49</i>
<i>2 300</i>	<i>39,5</i>	<i>1,67</i>
2 450	39,2	1,80
<i>2 600</i>	<i>39,0</i>	<i>1,96</i>
3 000	38,5	2,40
<i>3 500</i>	<i>37,9</i>	<i>2,91</i>
<i>4 000</i>	<i>37,4</i>	<i>3,43</i>
<i>4 500</i>	<i>36,8</i>	<i>3,94</i>
<i>5 000</i>	<i>36,2</i>	<i>4,45</i>
<i>5 200</i>	<i>36,0</i>	<i>4,66</i>
<i>5 400</i>	<i>35,8</i>	<i>4,86</i>
<i>5 600</i>	<i>35,5</i>	<i>5,07</i>
<i>5 800</i>	<i>35,3</i>	<i>5,27</i>
<i>6 000</i>	<i>35,1</i>	<i>5,48</i>

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

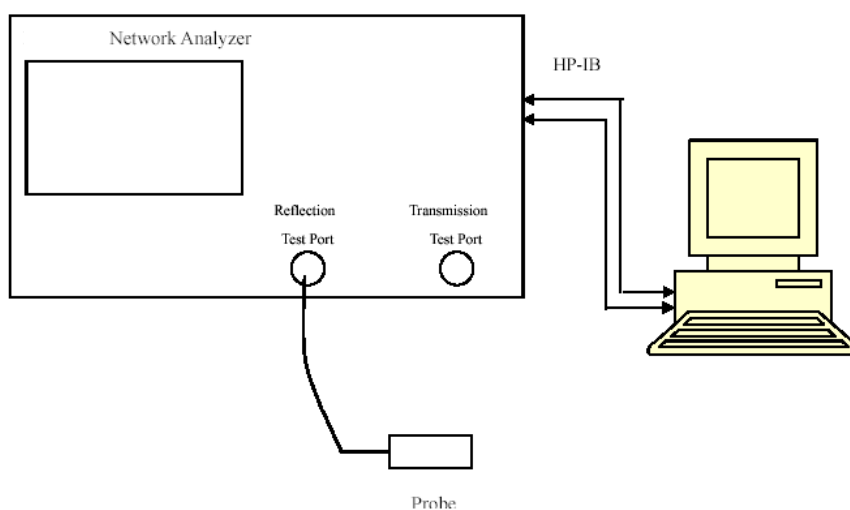
## EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

### Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.4	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 6.0.31	N/A	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1211	2022/03/01	2023/02/28
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7441	2022/05/16	2023/05/15
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
SAM Twin Phantom	SAM-Twin V5.0	1744	NCR	NCR
Dipole,835MHz	D835V2	4d103	2021/10/27	2024/10/26
Dipole,1800MHz	D1800V2	2d018	2020/10/15	2023/10/14
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d128	2021/10/27	2024/10/26
Dipole,2450MHz	D2450V2	751	2020/10/13	2023/10/12
Dipole,2600MHz	D2600V2	1162	2022/08/22	2025/08/24
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head(500-9500MHz)	HBBL600-10000V6	180622-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A08288	2022/07/05	2023/07/04
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1320	NCR	NCR
Signal Generator	SMB100A	108362	2022/12/13	2023/12/12
USB wideband power sensor	U2021XA	MY52350001	2022/12/13	2023/12/12
Power Amplifier	CBA 1G-070	T44328	2022/12/13	2023/12/12
Linear Power Amplifier	AS0860-40/45	1060913	2022/12/13	2023/12/12
Directional Coupler	4223-20	3.113.277	2022/12/13	2023/12/12
6dB Attenuator	8493B	2708A 04769	2022/12/13	2023/12/12
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	143458	2022/02/27	2023/02/26

## SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
824.2	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.728	0.915	41.55	0.9	0.43	1.67	$\pm 5$
826.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.696	0.91	41.54	0.9	0.38	1.11	$\pm 5$
835	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.335	0.922	41.5	0.9	-0.4	2.44	$\pm 5$
836.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.58	0.936	41.5	0.9	0.19	4	$\pm 5$
846.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.763	0.939	41.5	0.91	0.63	3.19	$\pm 5$
848.8	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.957	0.95	41.5	0.91	1.1	4.4	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/01/11.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1712.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.066	1.353	40.13	1.35	-0.16	0.22	$\pm 5$
1720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.946	1.357	40.13	1.35	2.03	0.52	$\pm 5$
1732.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.759	1.361	40.12	1.36	-0.9	0.07	$\pm 5$
1732.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.139	1.399	40.12	1.36	-2.45	2.87	$\pm 5$
1745	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.908	1.382	40.1	1.37	-0.48	0.88	$\pm 5$
1752.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.296	1.392	40.09	1.37	0.51	1.61	$\pm 5$
1770	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.365	1.397	40.10	1.39	3.15	0.5	$\pm 5$
1800	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.47	1.39	40	1.4	-1.33	-0.71	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/01/11.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1850.2	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.733	1.405	40	1.4	-0.67	0.36	$\pm 5$
1852.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.317	1.41	40	1.4	0.79	0.71	$\pm 5$
1860	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.741	1.41	40	1.4	-0.65	0.71	$\pm 5$
1880	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.193	1.42	40	1.4	0.48	1.43	$\pm 5$
1900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.352	1.434	40	1.4	-1.62	2.43	$\pm 5$
1907.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.023	1.443	40	1.4	-2.44	3.07	$\pm 5$
1909.8	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.202	1.444	40	1.4	-2	3.14	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/01/12.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$	
2402	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.834	1.805	39.28	1.77	-3.68	1.98	$\pm 5$
2412	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.045	1.805	39.28	1.77	-3.14	1.98	$\pm 5$
2437	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.079	1.844	39.22	1.79	-2.91	3.02	$\pm 5$
2441	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.817	1.827	39.22	1.79	-3.58	2.07	$\pm 5$
2442	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.302	1.851	39.22	1.79	-2.34	3.41	$\pm 5$
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.287	1.852	39.20	1.80	-2.33	2.89	$\pm 5$
2462	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.341	1.868	39.18	1.81	-2.14	3.2	$\pm 5$
2472	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.266	1.856	39.17	1.82	-2.31	1.98	$\pm 5$
2480	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.048	1.87	39.17	1.82	-2.86	2.75	$\pm 5$
2510	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.7	1.881	39.12	1.86	1.48	1.13	$\pm 5$
2535	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.457	1.917	39.09	1.89	0.94	1.43	$\pm 5$
2545	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.669	1.926	39.07	1.90	1.53	1.37	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/01/13.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
2560	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.403	1.937	39.05	1.92	0.9	0.89	$\pm 5$
2570	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.862	1.971	39.04	1.93	2.11	2.12	$\pm 5$
2595	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.161	1.974	39.01	1.95	0.39	1.23	$\pm 5$
2600	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.237	1.964	39.00	1.96	3.17	0.2	$\pm 5$
2620	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.007	2.022	38.98	1.98	2.63	2.12	$\pm 5$
2645	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.377	2.035	38.94	2.01	1.12	1.24	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/01/13.



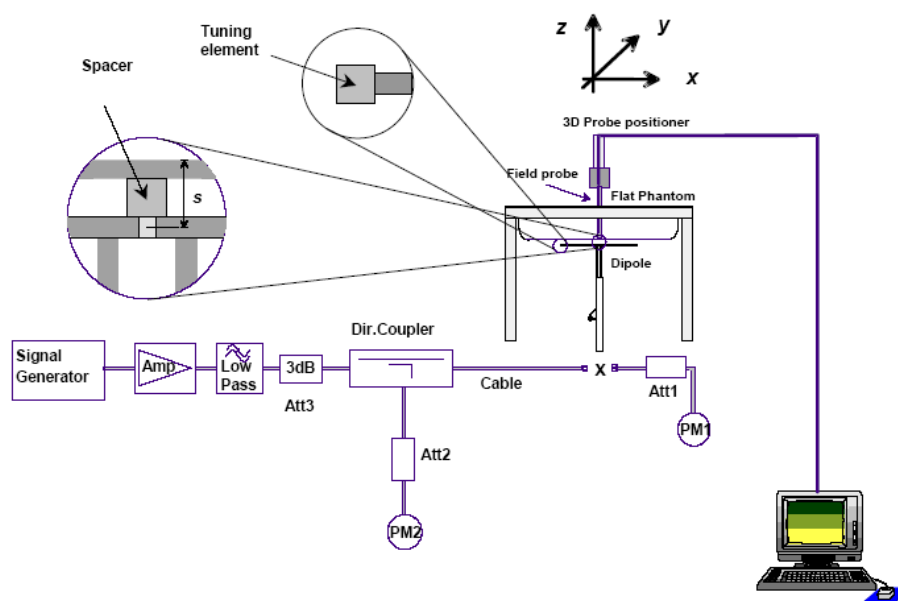
## System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 3\,000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$ .

## System Verification Setup Block Diagram



## System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band(MHz)	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2023/01/11	835	Head	100	1g	0.916	9.16	9.65	-5.078	$\pm 10$
2023/01/11	1800	Head	100	1g	4.09	40.9	39.3	4.071	$\pm 10$
2023/01/12	1900	Head	100	1g	4.18	41.8	40.0	4.500	$\pm 10$
2023/01/13	2450	Head	100	1g	5.19	51.9	53	-2.075	$\pm 10$
2023/01/13	2600	Head	100	1g	5.36	53.6	54.9	-2.368	$\pm 10$

\*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

## SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

### System Performance 835 MHz

**DUT: Dipole D835V2; Type: 835MHz; Serial: 4d103**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.922 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.335$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04) @835 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 2022/03/01
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check at 835MHz/d=15mm, Pin=100mw/Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.932 W/kg

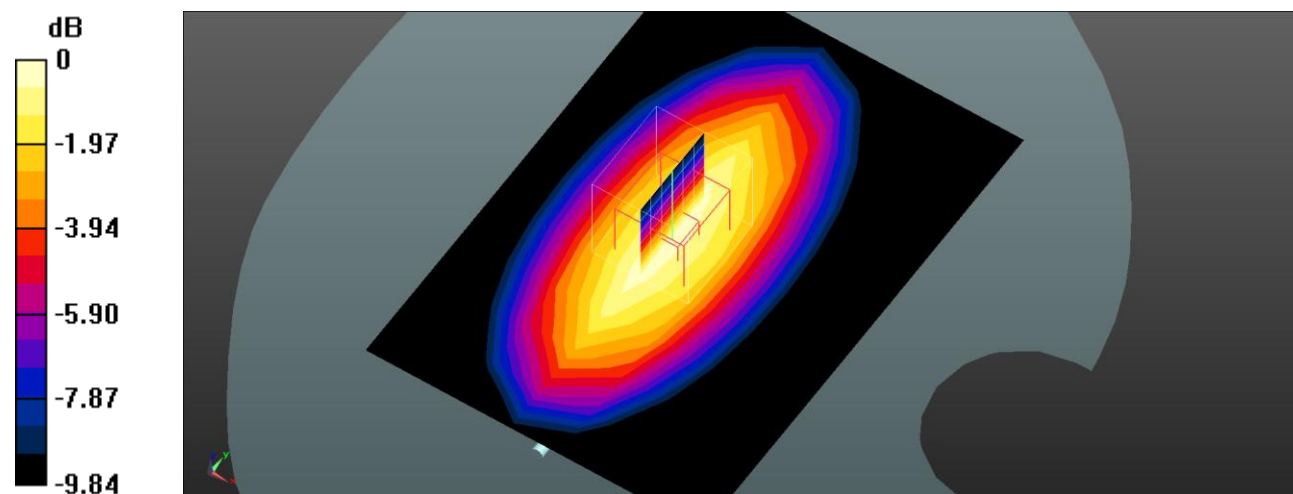
**System Performance Check at 835MHz/d=15mm, Pin=100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.916 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.625 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.936 W/kg



0 dB = 0.895 W/kg = -0.48 dBW/kg

**System Performance 1800 MHz****DUT: D1800V2; Type: 1800MHz; Serial: 2d018**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(8.32, 8.32, 8.32); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 2022/03/01
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check at 1800MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.38 W/kg

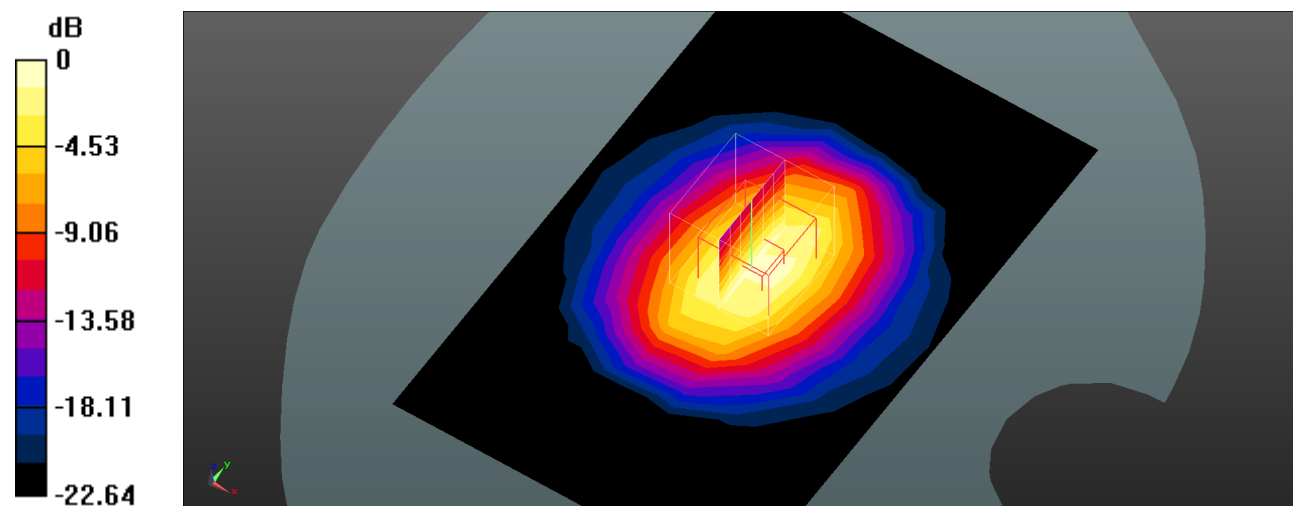
**System Performance Check at 1800MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 64.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.27 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.58 W/kg



0 dB = 4.58 W/kg = 6.61 dBW/kg

**System Performance 1900MHz****DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d128**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.434 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.352$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 2022/03/01
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check at 1900MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.34 W/kg

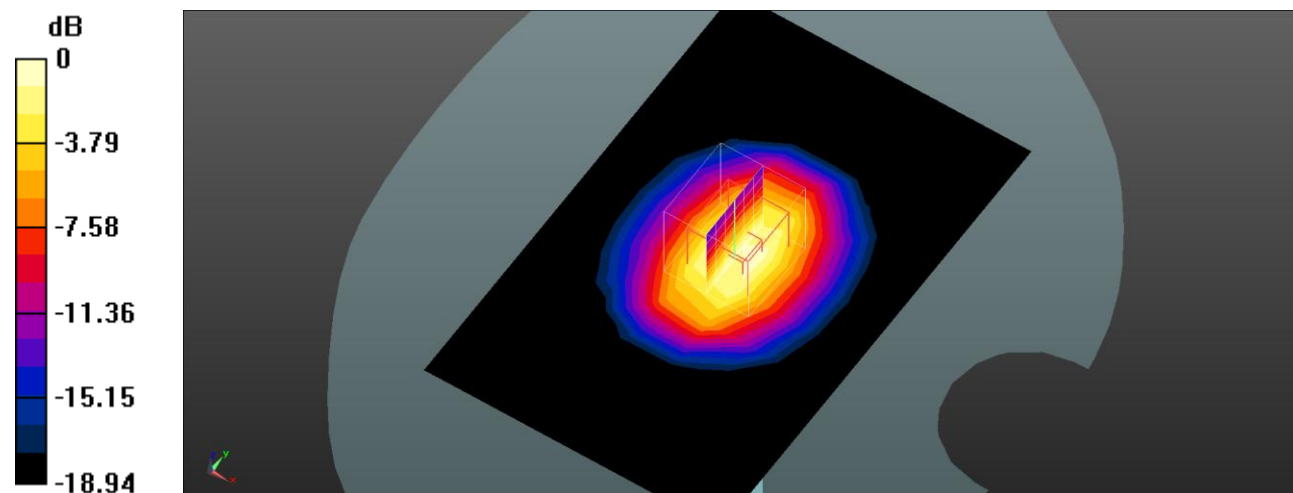
**System Performance Check at 1900MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.32 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.20 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.35 W/kg



**System Performance 2450MHz****DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 751**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.852$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.287$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54) @2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 2022/03/01
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check at 2450MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Area Scan (10x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.31 W/kg

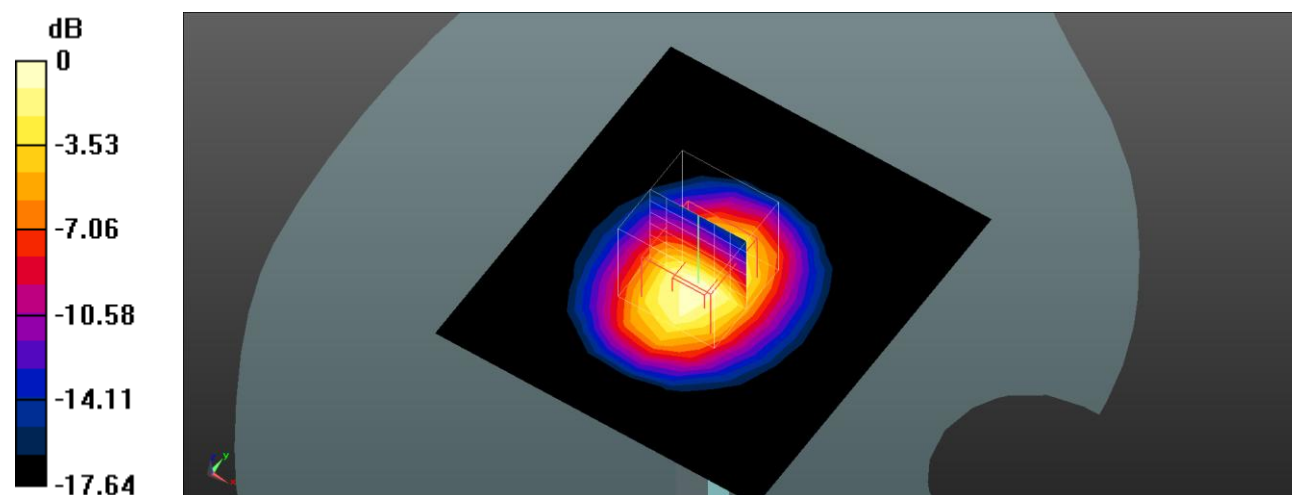
**System Performance Check at 2450MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.34 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.59 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.35 W/kg



0 dB = 5.35 W/kg = 7.28 dBW/kg

**System Performance 2600MHz****DUT: D2600V2; Type: 2600 MHz; Serial: 1162**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.964$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.237$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 2022/03/01
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check at 2600MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Area Scan (10x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.06 W/kg

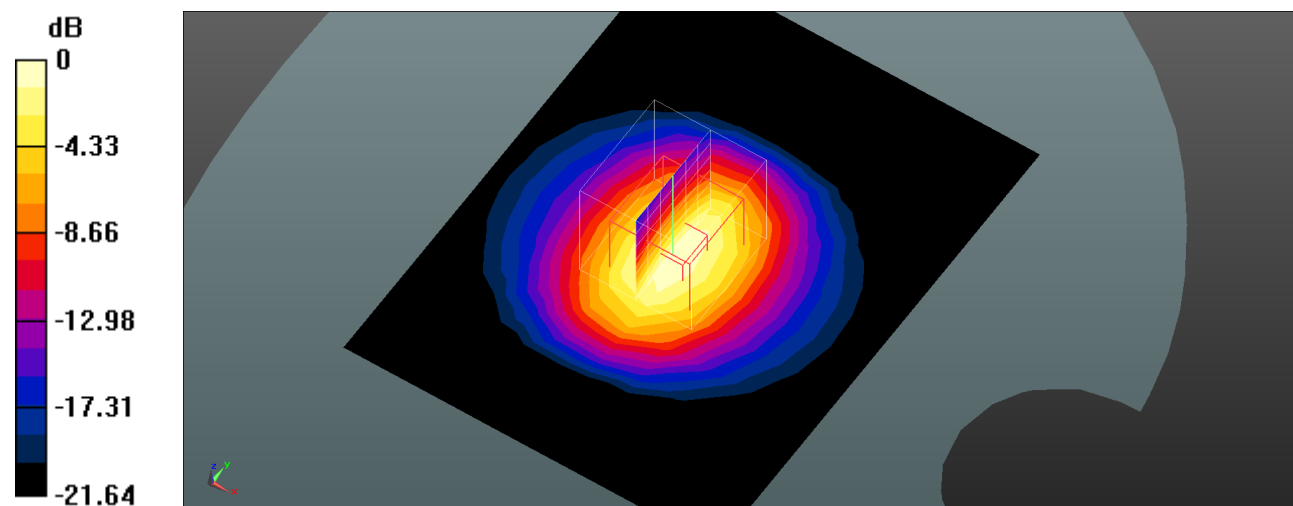
**System Performance Check at 2600MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 64.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.92 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.37 W/kg



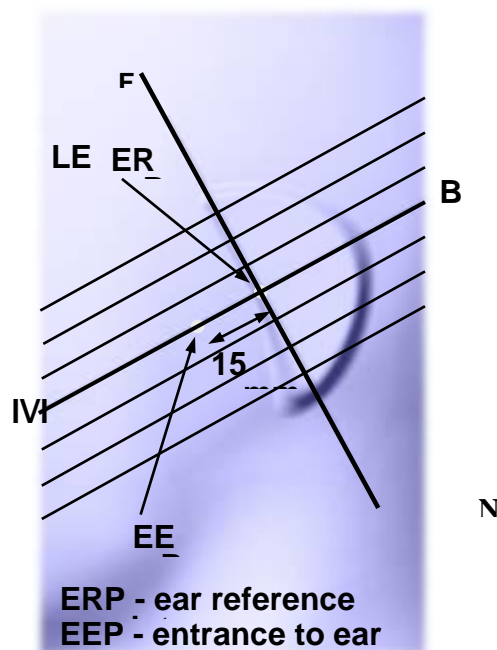
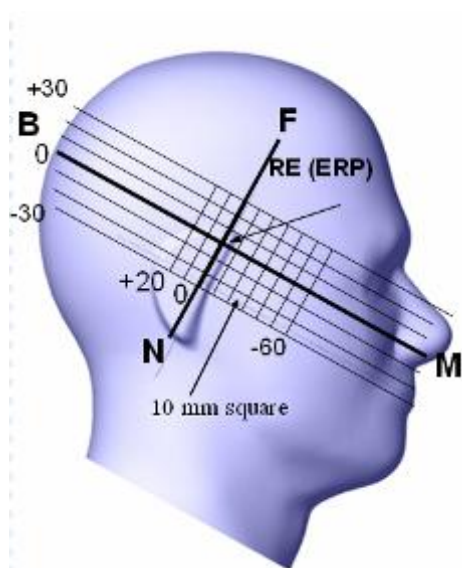
0 dB = 7.37 W/kg = 8.67 dBW/kg

## EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





## Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

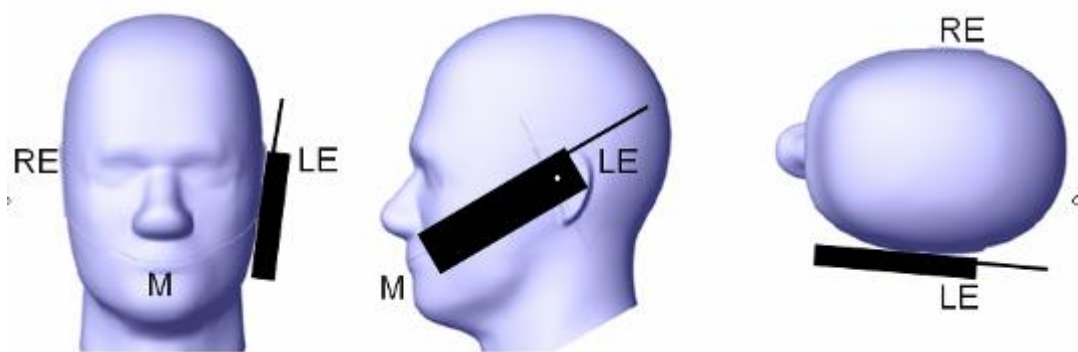
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

### Cheek /Touch Position



## Ear/Tilt Position

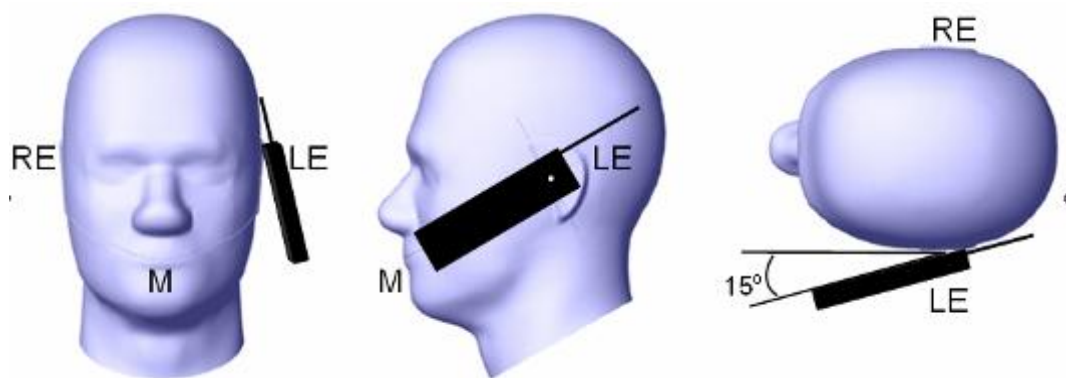
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80 °. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15 ° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

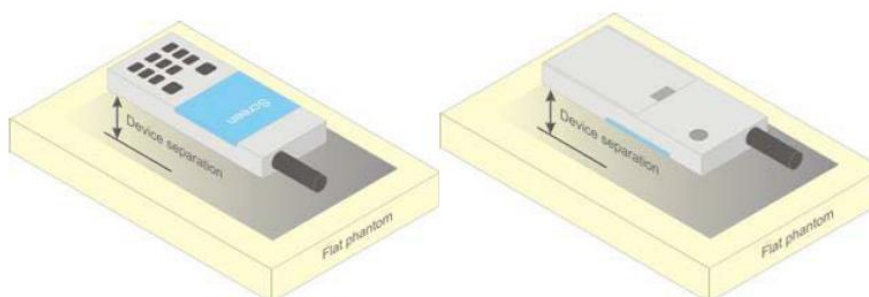
If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.



**Ear /Tilt 15° Position****Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



**Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices**

**Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

For this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 10mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 10mm.

## SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

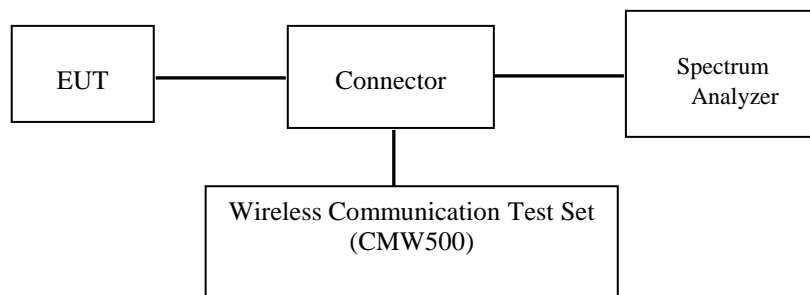
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

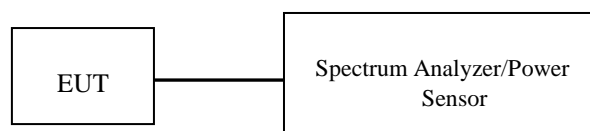
## CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer/Power Sensor through Connector.



### GSM/WCDMA/LTE



### Bluetooth/Wi-Fi

### Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

### GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

> 27 dBm for EGPRS 850

> 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desired test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input  
Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

### WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15

### HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	$\beta_d(\text{SF})$	64			
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
<b>HSDPA Specifi c Setting s</b>	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	Ahs= $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

**HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	$\beta_c$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	$\beta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	$\beta_c / \beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	$\beta_{hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15				
<b>HSUPA Specific Settings</b>	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18		E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27

**HSPA+**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note 3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ : 30/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ : 30/15	$\beta_{ed3}$ : 24/15 $\beta_{ed4}$ : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
<p>Note 1: <math>\Delta_{ACK}</math>, <math>\Delta_{NACK}</math> and <math>\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15</math> with <math>\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c</math>.</p> <p>Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).</p> <p>Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the <math>\beta_c</math> is set to 1 and <math>\beta_d = 0</math> by default.</p> <p>Note 4: <math>\beta_{ed}</math> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.</p> <p>Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.</p>											

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**FDD-LTE**

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

**Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3**

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth ( $N_{RB}$ )						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified sub clauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in sub clause 6.2.3.

**Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)**

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks ( $N_{RB}$ )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10, 15, 20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	
NS_08	6.6.3.3.2			Table 6.2.4-2	
NS_09	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
				> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-5	
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table 6.2.4-6	
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table 6.2.4-7	
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table 6.2.4-8	
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	Table 6.2.4-9 Table 6.2.4-10	
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-11, Table 6.2.4-12, Table 6.2.4-13	
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-14	
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-15	
...					
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

**Maximum Target Output Power**

<b>Max Target Power(dBm)</b>			
<b>Mode/Band</b>	<b>Channel</b>		
	<b>Low</b>	<b>Middle</b>	<b>High</b>
GSM 850	33.5	33.5	33.5
GPRS 1 TX Slot	33.5	33.5	33.5
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31	31	31
GPRS 3 TX Slot	29	29	29
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26.5	26.5	26.5
EDGE 1 TX Slot	25.5	25.5	25.5
EDGE 2 TX Slot	24	24	24
EDGE 3 TX Slot	21	21	21
EDGE 4 TX Slot	19	19	19
PCS 1900	30.5	30.5	30.5
GPRS 1 TX Slot	30.5	30.5	30.5
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.5	28.5	28.5
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.5	26.5	26.5
GPRS 4 TX Slot	24.5	24.5	24.5
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27	27	27
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.5	25.5	25.5
EDGE 3 TX Slot	22.5	22.5	22.5
EDGE 4 TX Slot	20.5	20.5	20.5
WCDMA Band 2	24	24	24
WCDMA Band 5	23.5	23.5	23.5
LTE Band 2	23.5	23.5	23.5
LTE Band 4	23.5	23.5	23.5
LTE Band 7	23.5	23.5	23.5
WLAN 2.4G	14.5	14.5	14.5
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	2.5	2.5	2.5
BLE_1M	1	1	1



**Test Results:****GSM:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.69
	190	836.6	32.87
	251	848.8	33.07
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	30.31
	661	1880	30.09
	810	1909.8	30.24

**GPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.70	30.47	28.43	26.36
	190	836.6	32.77	<b>30.53</b>	28.45	26.33
	251	848.8	33.00	30.60	28.52	26.45
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	30.25	28.09	26.30	24.30
	661	1880	30.29	<b>27.74</b>	26.07	24.04
	810	1909.8	30.24	27.71	26.04	23.92

**EDGE:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	25.22	23.57	20.57	18.43
	190	836.6	25.42	23.47	20.65	18.56
	251	848.8	24.98	23.10	20.26	18.34
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	26.02	24.51	22.01	19.76
	661	1880	26.90	25.02	22.45	20.25
	810	1909.8	26.83	24.79	22.24	19.66

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

**The time based average power for GPRS**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	23.70	24.47	24.18	23.36
	190	836.6	23.77	24.53	24.20	23.33
	251	848.8	24.00	<b>24.60</b>	24.27	23.45
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	21.25	<b>22.09</b>	22.05	21.30
	661	1880	21.29	21.74	21.82	21.04
	810	1909.8	21.24	21.71	21.79	20.92

**The time based average power for EDGE**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	16.22	17.57	16.32	15.43
	190	836.6	16.42	17.47	16.40	15.56
	251	848.8	15.98	17.10	16.01	15.34
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	17.02	18.51	17.76	16.76
	661	1880	17.90	19.02	18.20	17.25
	810	1909.8	17.83	18.79	17.99	16.66

**Note:**

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU500) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

**WCDMA Band 2:**

Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)		
			Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
Normal	RMC12.2k		23.76	23.77	23.72
	HSDPA	1	23.21	23.17	23.01
		2	23.26	23.10	23.01
		3	23.12	23.13	23.08
		4	23.06	23.13	23.10
	HSUPA	1	23.22	23.26	23.03
		2	23.10	23.17	22.98
		3	23.12	23.23	23.15
		4	23.20	23.10	23.03
		5	23.18	23.21	23.13
	HSPA+	1	23.07	23.22	23.11

**WCDMA Band 5:**

Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)		
			Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
Normal	RMC12.2k		23.19	23.31	23.26
	HSDPA	1	22.53	22.61	22.66
		2	22.44	22.57	22.36
		3	22.41	22.38	22.25
		4	22.29	22.50	22.26
	HSUPA	1	22.56	22.78	22.71
		2	22.43	22.61	22.45
		3	22.36	22.35	22.27
		4	22.43	22.43	22.35
		5	22.20	22.43	22.20
	HSPA+	1	22.46	22.31	22.44

**Note:**

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

**LTE Band 2:**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.92	23.04	22.82
		RB1#3	0	0	17.68	23.04	22.96
		RB1#5	0	0	17.77	22.96	22.85
		RB3#0	1	1	22.91	23.03	22.81
		RB3#3	1	1	17.67	23.03	22.95
		RB6#0	1	1	17.76	22.95	22.84
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	16.70	21.94	21.91
		RB1#3	1	1	16.70	21.95	21.86
		RB1#5	1	1	16.71	21.86	21.83
		RB3#0	2	2	16.68	21.92	21.89
		RB3#3	2	2	16.68	21.93	21.84
		RB6#0	2	2	16.69	21.84	21.81
3M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.95	23.07	22.85
		RB1#8	0	0	17.71	23.07	22.99
		RB1#14	0	0	17.80	22.99	22.88
		RB6#0	1	1	16.81	22.14	21.94
		RB6#9	1	1	16.92	22.07	21.95
		RB15#0	1	1	16.76	22.09	21.97
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	16.73	21.97	21.94
		RB1#8	1	1	16.73	21.98	21.89
		RB1#14	1	1	16.74	21.89	21.86
		RB6#0	2	2	15.87	21.10	21.00
		RB6#9	2	2	15.88	20.99	21.02
		RB15#0	2	2	15.83	21.03	20.87
5M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.98	23.10	22.88
		RB1#13	0	0	17.74	23.10	23.02
		RB1#24	0	0	17.83	23.02	22.91
		RB15#0	1	1	16.84	22.17	21.97
		RB15#10	1	1	16.95	22.10	21.98
		RB25#0	1	1	16.79	22.12	22.00
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	16.76	22.00	21.97
		RB1#13	1	1	16.76	22.01	21.92
		RB1#24	1	1	16.77	21.92	21.89
		RB15#0	2	2	15.90	21.13	21.03
		RB15#10	2	2	15.91	21.02	21.05
		RB25#0	2	2	15.86	21.06	20.90

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
10M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.00	23.12	22.90
		RB1#25	0	0	17.76	23.12	23.04
		RB1#49	0	0	17.85	23.04	22.93
		RB25#0	1	1	16.86	22.19	21.99
		RB25#25	1	1	16.97	22.12	22.00
		RB50#0	1	1	16.81	22.14	22.02
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	16.78	22.02	21.99
		RB1#25	1	1	16.78	22.03	21.94
		RB1#49	1	1	16.79	21.94	21.91
		RB25#0	2	2	15.92	21.15	21.05
		RB25#25	2	2	15.93	21.04	21.07
		RB50#0	2	2	15.88	21.08	20.92
15M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.03	23.15	22.93
		RB1#38	0	0	17.79	23.15	23.07
		RB1#74	0	0	17.88	23.07	22.96
		RB36#0	1	1	16.89	22.22	22.02
		RB36#39	1	1	17.00	22.15	22.03
		RB75#0	1	1	16.84	22.17	22.05
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	16.81	22.05	22.02
		RB1#38	1	1	16.81	22.06	21.97
		RB1#74	1	1	16.82	21.97	21.94
		RB36#0	2	2	15.95	21.18	21.08
		RB36#39	2	2	15.96	21.07	21.10
		RB75#0	2	2	15.91	21.11	20.95
20M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.08	<b>23.23</b>	23.16
		RB1#50	0	0	18.00	23.22	23.15
		RB1#99	0	0	17.97	23.19	23.12
		RB50#0	1	1	17.06	22.28	22.21
		RB50#50	1	1	17.04	22.26	22.19
		RB100#0	1	1	16.99	22.21	22.14
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	16.93	22.15	22.08
		RB1#50	1	1	16.90	22.12	22.05
		RB1#99	1	1	16.89	22.11	22.04
		RB50#0	2	2	16.01	21.23	21.16
		RB50#50	2	2	16.00	21.22	21.15
		RB100#0	2	2	15.95	21.17	21.10

**LTE Band 4:**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.72	23.09	22.97
		RB1#3	0	0	22.85	22.98	22.94
		RB1#5	0	0	22.69	22.94	22.80
		RB3#0	1	1	22.70	23.07	22.95
		RB3#3	1	1	22.83	22.96	22.92
		RB6#0	1	1	22.67	22.92	22.78
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.76	21.95	21.91
		RB1#3	1	1	21.71	21.96	21.88
		RB1#5	1	1	21.68	21.90	21.80
		RB3#0	2	2	21.75	21.94	21.90
		RB3#3	2	2	21.70	21.95	21.87
		RB6#0	2	2	21.67	21.89	21.79
3M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.73	23.10	22.98
		RB1#8	0	0	22.86	22.99	22.95
		RB1#14	0	0	22.70	22.95	22.81
		RB6#0	1	1	21.80	22.15	21.90
		RB6#9	1	1	21.89	22.11	21.88
		RB15#0	1	1	21.77	22.07	21.84
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.77	21.96	21.92
		RB1#8	1	1	21.72	21.97	21.89
		RB1#14	1	1	21.69	21.91	21.81
		RB6#0	2	2	20.86	21.10	20.94
		RB6#9	2	2	20.80	21.09	20.94
		RB15#0	2	2	20.80	21.02	20.89
5M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.76	23.13	23.01
		RB1#13	0	0	22.89	23.02	22.98
		RB1#24	0	0	22.73	22.98	22.84
		RB15#0	1	1	21.83	22.18	21.93
		RB15#10	1	1	21.92	22.14	21.91
		RB25#0	1	1	21.80	22.10	21.87
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.80	21.99	21.95
		RB1#13	1	1	21.75	22.00	21.92
		RB1#24	1	1	21.72	21.94	21.84
		RB15#0	2	2	20.89	21.13	20.97
		RB15#10	2	2	20.83	21.12	20.97
		RB25#0	2	2	20.83	21.05	20.92

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
10M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.87	23.12	22.93
		RB1#25	0	0	22.81	23.16	22.98
		RB1#49	0	0	22.77	23.03	22.92
		RB25#0	1	1	22.00	22.12	22.02
		RB25#25	1	1	21.89	22.06	22.04
		RB50#0	1	1	21.89	22.12	22.00
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.84	22.09	21.99
		RB1#25	1	1	21.80	22.02	21.89
		RB1#49	1	1	21.81	22.04	21.92
		RB25#0	2	2	20.94	21.18	20.99
		RB25#25	2	2	20.90	21.10	20.98
		RB50#0	2	2	20.83	21.06	20.97
15M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.93	23.18	22.99
		RB1#38	0	0	22.87	23.22	23.04
		RB1#74	0	0	22.83	23.09	22.98
		RB36#0	1	1	22.06	22.18	22.08
		RB36#39	1	1	21.95	22.12	22.10
		RB75#0	1	1	21.95	22.18	22.06
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.90	22.15	22.05
		RB1#38	1	1	21.86	22.08	21.95
		RB1#74	1	1	21.87	22.10	21.98
		RB36#0	2	2	21.00	21.24	21.05
		RB36#39	2	2	20.96	21.16	21.04
		RB75#0	2	2	20.89	21.12	21.03
20M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.06	<b>23.29</b>	23.18
		RB1#50	0	0	23.05	23.28	23.17
		RB1#99	0	0	23.02	23.25	23.14
		RB50#0	1	1	22.11	22.34	22.23
		RB50#50	1	1	22.09	22.32	22.21
		RB100#0	1	1	22.04	22.27	22.16
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.99	22.22	22.11
		RB1#50	1	1	21.96	22.19	22.08
		RB1#99	1	1	21.95	22.18	22.07
		RB50#0	2	2	21.07	21.30	21.19
		RB50#50	2	2	21.06	21.29	21.18
		RB100#0	2	2	21.01	21.24	21.13

**LTE Band 7:**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.14	23.27	23.08
		RB1#13	0	0	23.13	23.25	23.11
		RB1#24	0	0	23.16	23.21	23.08
		RB15#0	1	1	22.26	22.34	22.09
		RB15#10	1	1	22.23	22.33	22.09
		RB25#0	1	1	22.17	22.25	22.02
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.15	22.25	22.06
		RB1#13	1	1	22.12	22.18	22.05
		RB1#24	1	1	22.08	22.17	21.99
		RB15#0	2	2	21.22	21.33	21.13
		RB15#10	2	2	21.21	21.29	21.11
		RB25#0	2	2	21.18	21.27	21.07
10M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.18	23.31	23.12
		RB1#25	0	0	23.17	23.29	23.15
		RB1#49	0	0	23.20	23.25	23.12
		RB25#0	1	1	22.30	22.38	22.13
		RB25#25	1	1	22.27	22.37	22.13
		RB50#0	1	1	22.21	22.29	22.06
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.19	22.29	22.10
		RB1#25	1	1	22.16	22.22	22.09
		RB1#49	1	1	22.12	22.21	22.03
		RB25#0	2	2	21.26	21.37	21.17
		RB25#25	2	2	21.25	21.33	21.15
		RB50#0	2	2	21.22	21.31	21.11
15M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.24	23.37	23.18
		RB1#38	0	0	23.23	23.35	23.21
		RB1#74	0	0	23.26	23.31	23.18
		RB36#0	1	1	22.36	22.44	22.19
		RB36#39	1	1	22.33	22.43	22.19
		RB75#0	1	1	22.27	22.35	22.12
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.25	22.35	22.16
		RB1#38	1	1	22.22	22.28	22.15
		RB1#74	1	1	22.18	22.27	22.09
		RB36#0	2	2	21.32	21.43	21.23
		RB36#39	2	2	21.31	21.39	21.21
		RB75#0	2	2	21.28	21.37	21.17



Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
20M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.36	<b>23.45</b>	23.28
		RB1#50	0	0	23.35	23.44	23.27
		RB1#99	0	0	23.32	23.41	23.24
		RB50#0	1	1	22.41	22.50	22.33
		RB50#50	1	1	22.39	22.48	22.31
		RB100#0	1	1	22.34	22.43	22.26
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.29	22.38	22.21
		RB1#50	1	1	22.26	22.35	22.18
		RB1#99	1	1	22.25	22.34	22.17
		RB50#0	2	2	21.37	21.46	21.29
		RB50#50	2	2	21.36	21.45	21.28
		RB100#0	2	2	21.31	21.40	21.23

*KDB procedures*, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels. The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode.<sup>14</sup>

$$N_c = \text{Round} \left\{ \left[ 100(f_{\text{high}} - f_{\text{low}}) / f_c \right]^{0.5} \times (f_c / 100)^{0.2} \right\},$$

where

- $N_c$  is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer,
- $f_{\text{high}}$  and  $f_{\text{low}}$  are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band,
- $f_c$  is the mid-band channel frequency,
- all frequencies are in MHz.

**Wi-Fi 2.4G:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
802.11b	2412	1Mbps	13.61
	2437		13.52
	2462		14.14
802.11g	2412	6Mbps	11.25
	2437		11.49
	2462		12.17
802.11n HT20	2412	MCS0	11.19
	2437		11.36
	2462		12.18

**Bluetooth:**

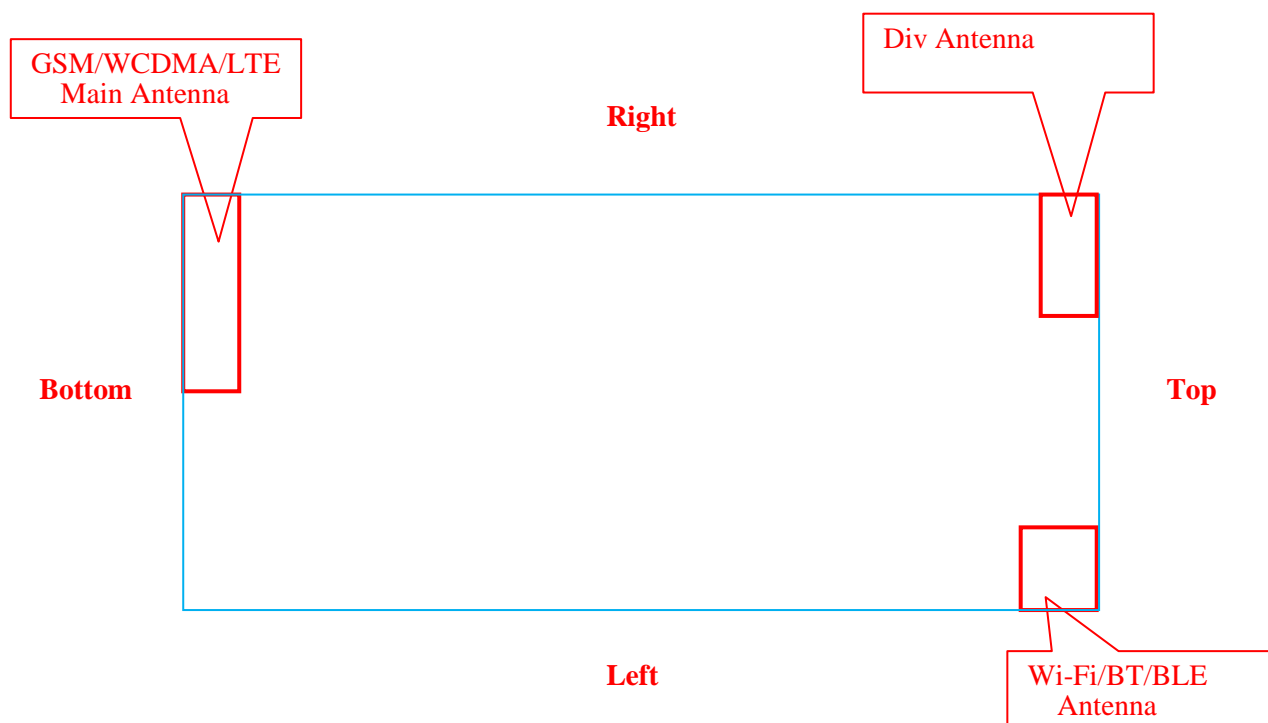
Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted Output Power
BDR(GFSK)	2402	-0.76
	2441	0.36
	2480	-2.11
EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2402	0.96
	2441	2.02
	2480	-0.21
EDR(8DPSK)	2402	1.20
	2441	2.13
	2480	0.09
BLE_1M	2402	0.90
	2440	-0.51
	2480	-2.58

**Duty Cycle:**

Test Mode	Duty Cycle [%]
11B	99.64
11G	97.20
11N20SISO	96.30
Bluetooth(GFSK)	76.74
Bluetooth( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	76.74
Bluetooth(8DPSK)	76.74
BLE_1M	87.17

## Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

### Antennas Location:



### Back View

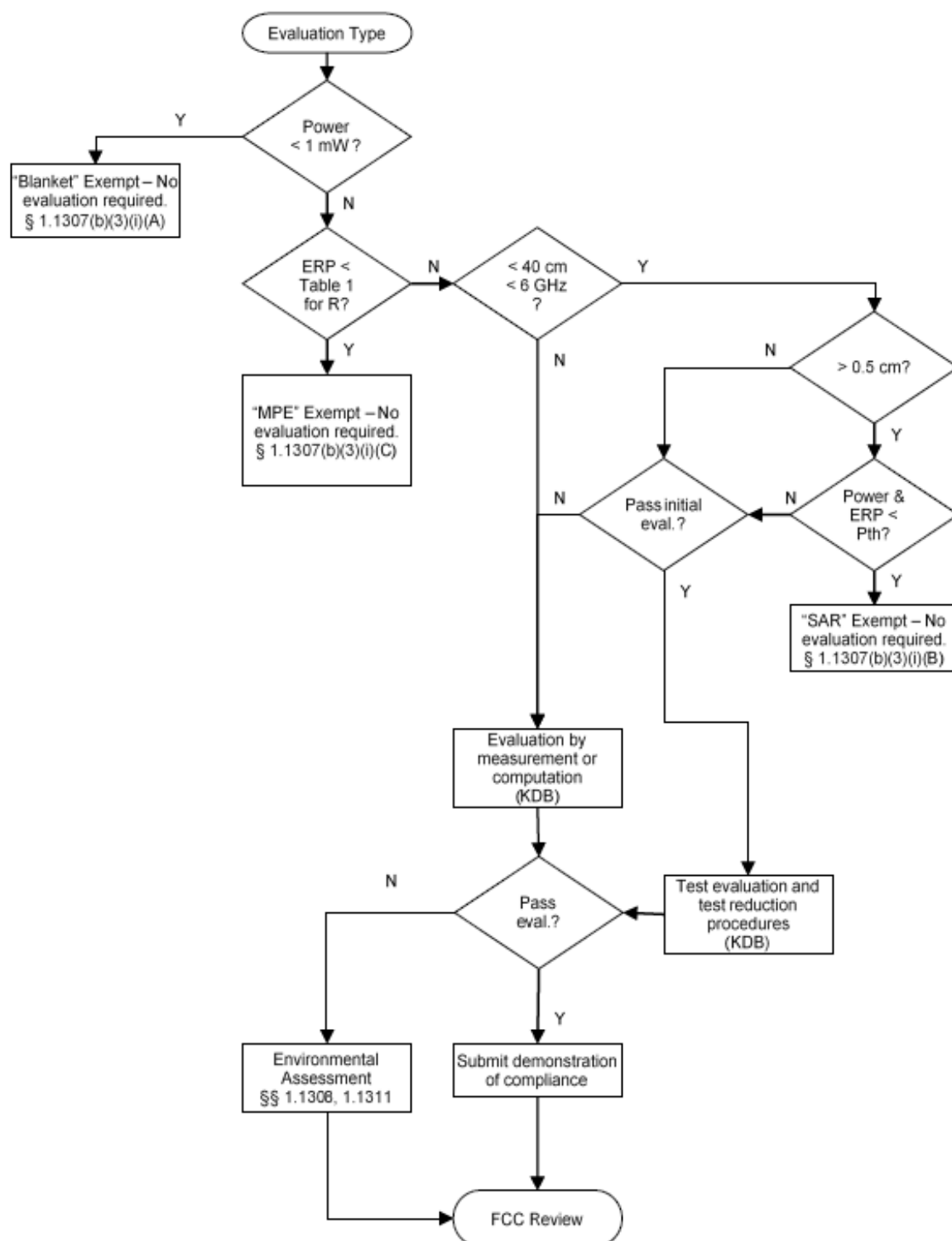
### Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)						
Antenna	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
Wi-Fi/Bluetooth	< 5	< 5	< 5	55	< 5	131
Main ant (GSM/WCDMA/LTE)	< 5	< 5	33	< 5	139	< 5

Note: Div Antenna no transmits function.

## Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

General Sequence for Determination of Procedure (exemption or evaluation) to Establish Compliance with Exposure Limits for a Single RF Source:



Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Max Target Power (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	P <sub>Max</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>Max</sub> (mW)	Distance (mm)	P <sub>th</sub> (mW)	SAR Test Exclusion
2.4G Wi-Fi	2462	14.5	1.03	14.5	28.184	< 5	2.73	No
Bluetooth	2480	2.5	1.03	3.53	2.254	< 5	2.71	Yes
BLE	2480	1	1.03	2.03	1.596	< 5	2.71	Yes

**Note:**

1. ERP= Max Target Power+ Antenna gain-2.15
2. P<sub>Max</sub> refers to the greater value in the Max Target Power and ERP.
3. The formula for calculating P<sub>th</sub> is given below, with distances ranging from 20cm to 40cm.

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

4. The formula for calculating P<sub>th</sub> is given below, with distances ranging from 0.5cm to 40cm.

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

and  $f$  is in GHz,  $d$  is the separation distance (cm), and ERP<sub>20cm</sub> is per Formula (Note 3).

5. When the separation distance is less than 0.5cm, 0cm is used as the calculation distance

**SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result**

Mode	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
Bluetooth	Required*	Required*	Required*	Exclusion	Required*	Exclusion
2.4G Wi-Fi	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion
Main ANT(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Required

**Note:**

**Required:** The distance to Edge is less than 25mm, testing is required.

**Exclusion:** The distance to Edge is more than 25 mm, testing is not required.

**Required\*:** Bluetooth SAR was tested to better reflect the RF performance of the product.

**Extremity Exposure Configurations**

Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a “Phablet” since the diagonal dimension is  $>160$  mm and  $<200$ mm, when hotspot mode applies, extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (with tolerance is 1g SAR  $>1.2$  W/kg

Extremity Exposure Condition		
Worst Mode	Hotspot SAR value	Extremity Condition Test
LTE Band 7	0.72W/kg@1g	Exclusion

**Exclusion:** Extremity Condition SAR testing is not required.

## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22.1-23.7 °C	22.1-23.8 °C	22.3-23.9 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	51-63%	41-53 %	46-55 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.6 kPa	101.4 kPa	101.2 kPa
<b>Test Date:</b>	2023/01/11	2023/01/12	2023/01/13

*Testing was performed by Seven Liang, Jack Yang, Ryse Chai.*

**GSM 850 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.87	33.5	1.156	0.098	0.11	1#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.87	33.5	1.156	0.071	0.08	2#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.87	33.5	1.156	0.112	0.13	3#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.87	33.5	1.156	0.039	0.05	4#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.87	33.5	1.156	0.221	0.26	5#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	30.53	31.0	1.114	0.155	0.17	6#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	30.53	31.0	1.114	0.2	0.22	7#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	30.53	31.0	1.114	0.203	0.23	8#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	30.53	31.0	1.114	0.098	0.11	9#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> 0.5\text{ dB}$ , instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.



**PCS 1900 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.09	30.5	1.099	0.07	0.08	10#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.09	30.5	1.099	0.032	0.04	11#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.09	30.5	1.099	0.119	0.13	12#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.09	30.5	1.099	0.012	0.01	13#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.09	30.5	1.099	0.133	0.15	14#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	27.74	28.0	1.062	0.081	0.09	15#
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	27.74	28.0	1.062	0.127	0.13	16#
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	27.74	28.0	1.062	0.057	0.06	17#
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	27.74	28.0	1.062	0.088	0.09	18#
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> 0.5\text{ dB}$ , instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

**WCDMA Band 2 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.095	0.10	19#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.024	0.03	20#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.111	0.12	<b>21#</b>
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.03	0.03	22#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.173	0.18	23#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.228	0.24	<b>24#</b>
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.058	0.06	25#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	23.77	24.0	1.054	0.16	0.17	26#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

**WCDMA Band 5 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.11	0.11	27#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.082	0.09	28#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.141	0.15	29#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.113	0.12	30#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.183	0.19	31#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.223	0.23	32#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.176	0.18	33#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	23.31	23.5	1.045	0.077	0.08	34#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is  $< 75\%$  of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

**LTE Band 2 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.122	0.13	35#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.095	0.10	36#
Head Left Tilt	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.031	0.03	37#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.022	0.02	38#
Head Right Cheek	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.098	0.10	39#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.076	0.08	40#
Head Right Tilt	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.026	0.03	41#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.02	0.02	42#
Body Front (10mm)	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.229	0.24	43#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.184	0.20	44#
Body Back (10mm)	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.261	0.28	45#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.205	0.22	46#
Body Right (10mm)	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.106	0.11	47#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.077	0.08	48#
Body Bottom (10mm)	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.222	0.24	49#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.173	0.18	50#

**LTE Band 4 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Scaled	
Head Left Cheek	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.074	0.08	51#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.054	0.06	52#
Head Left Tilt	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.019	0.02	53#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.013	0.01	54#
Head Right Cheek	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.127	0.13	55#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.099	0.10	56#
Head Right Tilt	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.095	0.10	57#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.029	0.03	58#
Body Front (10mm)	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.167	0.18	59#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.139	0.15	60#
Body Back (10mm)	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.191	0.20	61#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.152	0.16	62#
Body Right (10mm)	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.088	0.09	63#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.066	0.07	64#
Body Bottom (10mm)	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.216	0.23	65#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.29	23.5	1.050	0.169	0.18	66#

**LTE Band 7 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.06	0.06	67#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.044	0.04	68#
Head Left Tilt	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.023	0.02	69#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.015	0.02	70#
Head Right Cheek	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.211	0.21	71#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.217	0.22	72#
Head Right Tilt	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.024	0.02	73#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.016	0.02	74#
Body Front (10mm)	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.526	0.53	75#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.425	0.43	76#
Body Back (10mm)	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.505	0.51	77#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.394	0.40	78#
Body Right (10mm)	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.334	0.34	79#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.351	0.36	80#
Body Bottom (10mm)	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.712	0.72	81#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.45	23.5	1.012	0.691	0.70	82#

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
3. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> 0.5\text{ dB}$  higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45\text{ W/kg}$
4. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is  $< 1.45\text{ W/kg}$ , tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
5. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ .
6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> 0.5\text{ dB}$  higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is  $> 1.45\text{ W/kg}$ .
8. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

**WLAN 2.4G:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)				
					Scaled Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.192	0.21	83#
Head Left Tilt	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.146	0.16	84#
Head Right Cheek	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.431	0.47	85#
Head Right Tilt	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.308	0.34	86#
Body Front (10mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.206	0.22	87#
Body Back (10mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.142	0.15	88#
Body Left (10mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.142	0.15	89#
Body Top (10mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	14.14	14.5	1.086	99.64	0.065	0.07	90#

**Note:**

1. When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, OFDM SAR is not required.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11b/g/n mode is use for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
4. According 2016 Oct. TCB, for SAR testing of 2.4G WIFI 802.11b signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)".



**Bluetooth:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)				
					Scaled Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.000969	0.01	91#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.00096	0.01	92#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.012	0.03	93#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.00557	0.01	94#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (10mm)	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.00956	0.02	95#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.00852	0.02	96#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.00686	0.01	97#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (10mm)	2402	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	GFSK	0.36	2.5	1.637	76.74	0.00106	0.01	98#
	2480	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. According 2016 Oct. TCB, for SAR testing of EDR signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)".

## SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

#### Head

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
				Original	Repeated	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Body

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
				Original	Repeated	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not  $> 1.20$ .
2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements..

## SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Bluetooth	√	×
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + WLAN	√	√
WLAN + Bluetooth	×	×

**Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+2.4G WLAN	Head	0.13	0.47	0.60
	Body	0.26	0.22	0.48
PCS 1900+2.4G WLAN	Head	0.13	0.47	0.60
	Body	0.15	0.22	0.37
WCDMA Band 2+2.4G WLAN	Head	0.12	0.47	0.59
	Body	0.24	0.22	0.46
WCDMA Band 5+2.4G WLAN	Head	0.15	0.47	0.62
	Body	0.23	0.22	0.45
LTE Band 2+2.4G WLAN	Head	0.13	0.47	0.60
	Body	0.28	0.22	0.50
LTE Band 4+2.4G WLAN	Head	0.13	0.47	0.60
	Body	0.23	0.22	0.45
LTE Band 7+2.4G WLAN	Head	<b>0.22</b>	0.47	<b>0.69</b>
	Body	<b>0.72</b>	0.22	<b>0.94</b>
GSM 850+BT	Head	0.13	0.03	0.16
	Body	0.26	0.02	0.28
PCS 1900+ BT	Head	0.13	0.03	0.16
	Body	0.15	0.02	0.17
WCDMA Band 2+ BT	Head	0.12	0.03	0.15
	Body	0.24	0.02	0.26
WCDMA Band 5+ BT	Head	0.15	0.03	0.18
	Body	0.23	0.02	0.25
LTE Band 2+ BT	Head	0.13	0.03	0.16
	Body	0.28	0.02	0.30
LTE Band 4+ BT	Head	0.13	0.03	0.16
	Body	0.23	0.02	0.25
LTE Band 7+ BT	Head	0.22	0.03	0.25
	Body	0.72	0.02	0.74
WWAN(Hotspot)+WLAN	Body	<b>0.72</b>	0.22	<b>0.94</b>

**Note:**

1. Hotspot mode SAR is measured for all edges and surfaces of the device with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge; for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode.
2. Hotspot Mode is not feasible during voice calls.

**Conclusion:**

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma \text{SAR} \leq 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$  therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with SPLSR is **not required**.

## **SAR Plots**

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

## APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**



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## APPENDIX C PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

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## APPENDIX D DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***