	Document Version	Classification
F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN	V1.0.3	
Gateway User Manual	Product Name: F8L10GW-02	Total 98
		pages

F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual

This manual is applicable to the following product models:

Model	Product Category
F8L10GW-02433-XXX	Frequency Band: 410-441MHz
F8L10GW-02470-XXX	Frequency Band: 470-510MHz
F8L10GW-02868-XXX	Frequency Band: 850-890MHz
F8L10GW-02915-XXX	Frequency Band: 895-935MHz
F8L10GW-02433-MZZ	Frequency Band: 410-441MHz
F8L10GW-02470-MZZ	Frequency Band: 470-510MHz
F8L10GW-02868-MZZ	Frequency Band: 850-890MHz
F8L10GW-02915-MZZ	Frequency Band: 895-935MHz



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2022-10-18	V1.0.0	Initial Version	YSL
2022-11-1	V1.0.1	Modify the communication field "devEUI" to "devEui."	SGK
2024-02-05	V1.0.3	English Version	YYL



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Trademark Statement









Pole Mounting Diagram



Wall Mounting Diagram

Note: There may be differences in accessories and interfaces for different models. Please refer to the actual product for details.



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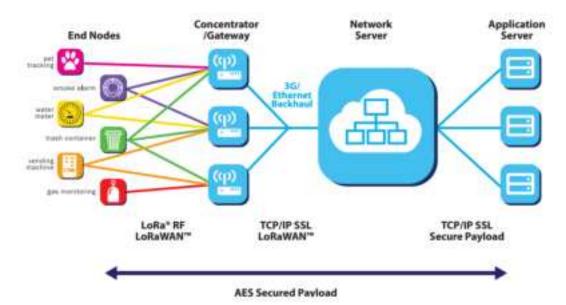
Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1 Product Overview

The F8L10GW-02 series device is a wireless communication base station based on the LoRaWAN protocol. It connects to various application nodes of LoRaWAN terminals, transmitting terminal information to the cloud through 4G or wired Ethernet. It supports WiFi wireless configuration management and online upgrades, GPS positioning, and can be powered by 220V AC or optional POE+.

The F8L10GW-02 gateway complies with the standard LoRaWAN protocol and supports multiple modes, including Embedded Network Server mode (Network Server deployed inside the gateway), Basicstation mode (connecting to an external Basicstation protocol server), and Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol mode (connecting to an external NS server via GWMP UDP protocol).

This product has been widely used in the M2M industry of the IoT ecosystem, including applications in smart meters, smart disasters, smart sensing, smart photovoltaics, smart grids, smart transportation, industrial automation, smart buildings, firefighting, public safety, environmental protection, meteorology, digital healthcare, remote sensing, military, space exploration, agriculture, forestry, water management, coal mining, petrochemicals, and other fields.





1.2 Product Features

Industrial-Grade Application Design:

- Utilizes high-performance industrial-grade wireless communication modules.
- Incorporates high-performance industrial-grade multi-channel LoRaWAN base station radio frequency chips.
- Features an aluminum alloy casing with an IP65 protection rating, ensuring robust protection against environmental factors.
- Supports AC220V power, POE+ Power optional

Stable and Reliable:

- WDT watchdog design ensures system stability.
- Adopts a comprehensive anti-dropout mechanism to ensure data terminals are always online.
- Ethernet interface with built-in 1.5KV electromagnetic isolation protection.
- SIM/UIM card interface with built-in 15KV ESD protection.
- Power interface with reverse polarity protection, overvoltage protection.
- Lightning protection for antenna interface.

1.3 Product Performance Parameters

- Business Channel: Uses a simple star network
- LoRaWAN Protocol Support: Class A, Class B*, Class C
- Operating Frequencies: EU433, CN470-510, CN779-787, EU863-870, US902-928, AU915-928, AS923, KR920-923
- Urban Communication Distance: 9km
- Maximum Transmit Power: 26±1dBm
- Maximum Receive Sensitivity: -142dBm @LoRa
- Communication Bandwidth: 125kHz, 250kHz, 500kHz
- 8 uplink channels, 1 downlink channel
- Implements secure, reliable, low-latency wireless transmission technology
- Communication Rate: Adaptive link rate
- Operating Modes: Supports asynchronous and synchronous frequency transmission
- Positioning Function: GPS, Beidou
- Server Reporting Methods: 4G, Wired Ethernet
- Wireless Management: WiFi wireless management and upgrades
- Local Storage: Supports TF card local storage
- ◆ Operating Temperature: -35~+75°C
- Overall Dimensions: 289.4223.62115 mm
- Waterproof and Dustproof: IP65
- Power Supply: AC220V, POE+ (optional)
- ◆ Total Power Consumption: <6W



	al Performance	
Number	Parameters	Technical Specifications
1	Rated Input Voltage	100~240VAC
2	Rated Output Voltage	12V
3	Rated Output Current	3A
4	Input Undervoltage Protection	None
5	Output Overvoltage Protection	Yes
6	Output Overcurrent Protection	Yes
7	Short Circuit Protection	Yes
8	Surge Voltage Resistance	Line-line, line-ground both are 6KV
9	Lightning Protection Level	ЗКА
10	Input Side Wire Diameter	Recommend 5-7mm
11	POE Power Supply	POE input, Support 10/100 Base-T Adaptive.
12	Supports POE Standards	IEEE802.3af/IEEE802.3at

Electrical Performance

 Power co 	nsumption		
Average operating voltage V(V)	Average operating current I (mA)	Power Consumption (W)	Note
12.00	TX≦460 RX≦120	6	4G module connected to the Internet with GPS, LoRa communication
12.00	TX≦243 RX≦120	3.5	4G module connected to the Internet without GPS, with LoRa

Note: * Indicates that it is under development.



Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 Overview

F8L10GW-02 must be correctly installed to achieve its designed functionality. Typically, the installation of the device should be carried out under the guidance of engineers approved by our company.

> Precautions:

1. Please do not install F8L10GW-02 while it is powered.

2. Do not tamper with the plugs, power ports, antenna ports, and other interfaces of F8L10GW-02.

2.2 Packing List

2.2.1. Wall-mounted packing list

Name	Quantity	Note
F8L10GW-02 main unit	1	
4G fiberglass omnidirectional	1	Optional
antenna		
WiFi fiberglass omnidirectional	1	
antenna		
GPS fiberglass omnidirectional	1	
antenna		
LoRa fiberglass omnidirectional	1	
antenna		
Bracket	1	
Expansion screws ø14mm	3	
Power cord	1	Optional
Product certificate	1	
Product warranty card	1	

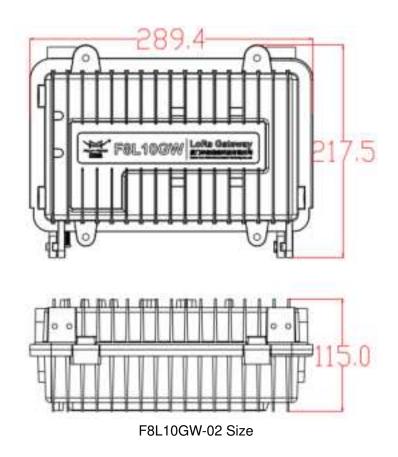
2.2.2. Pole-mounted packing list

|--|



F8L10GW-02 main unit	1	
4G fiberglass omnidirectional	1	Optional
antenna		
WiFi fiberglass omnidirectional	1	
antenna		
GPS fiberglass omnidirectional	1	
antenna		
LoRa fiberglass omnidirectional	1	
antenna		
Bracket	2	
Power cord	1	Optional
Product certificate	1	
Product warranty card	1	

2.3 Device Scene Installation



2.3.1 SIM/UIM Card Installation

- 1, Turn off the device power.
- 2. Unscrew the M6 screws inside the casing, as shown in Figure 2.3.1.



3. When installing the SIM/UIM card, pay attention to the direction of the SIM/UIM card, as shown in Figure 2.3.2. Insert the SIM/UIM card into the slot and press it down until it is securely in place.

 $4\,{}_{\sim}$ To remove the SIM/UIM card, gently push it downward, and it will automatically pop out.

5. Tighten the M6 screws on the outer casing until they are securely fastened. **Precautions:**

- 1、 Do not install the SIM/UIM card with power on!
- 2. Ensure that the M6 screws are securely tightened and immovable!

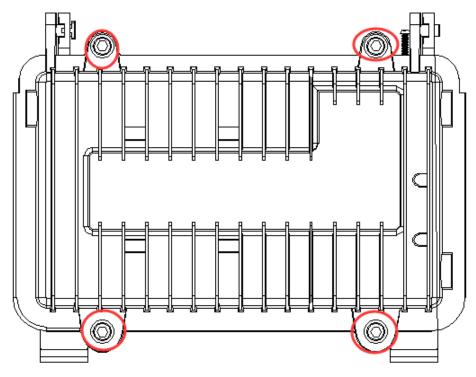


Figure 2.3.1



F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual



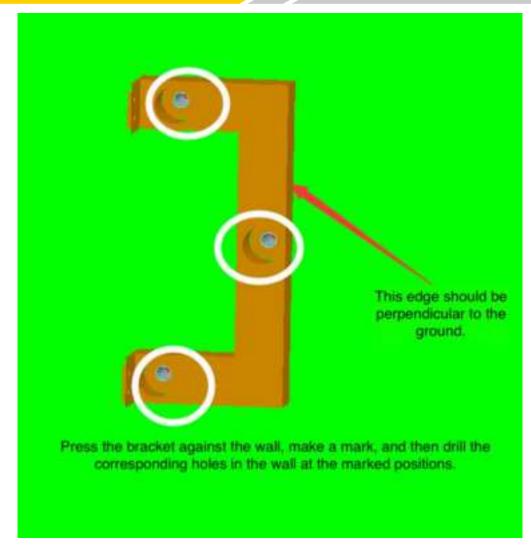
Figure 2.3.2

2.3.2 Wall-mounted installation

Step One: Find a suitable wall, ensuring that the wall is relatively flat. Install the device in a location close to an open area. There should be no obstructions within 5 meters around the LoRa antenna. Based on the positions of the bracket installation holes, drill three ø14mm holes in the wall, with a depth of approximately 60mm (the length of the expansion screws is around 50mm), as shown in the diagram 2.3.3.









Step Two: Secure the bracket using the provided expansion screws, as shown in the diagram 2.3.4.

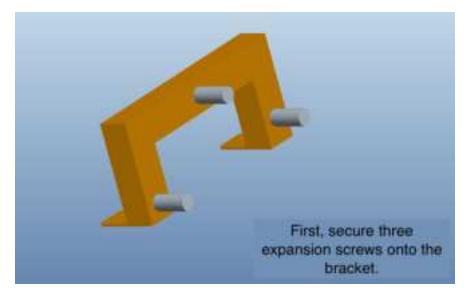




Figure 2.3.4

Step Three: Secure the bracket of the locked expansion screw to the wall and tighten the screws as shown in Figure 2.3.5.

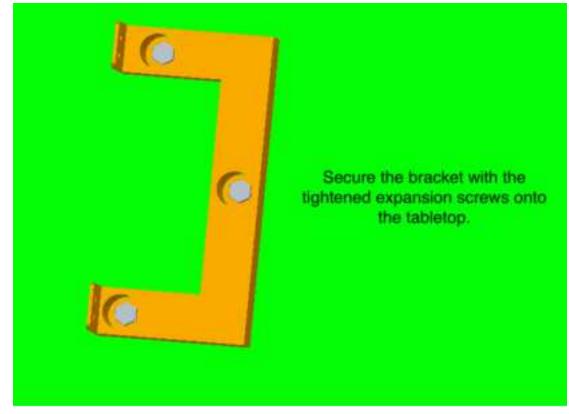


Figure 2.3.5

Step Four: Once the bracket is securely fixed, use the corresponding M5 wrench to tighten the four screws on the base station. Afterward, proceed to install the antenna, as shown in the diagram 2.3.6.



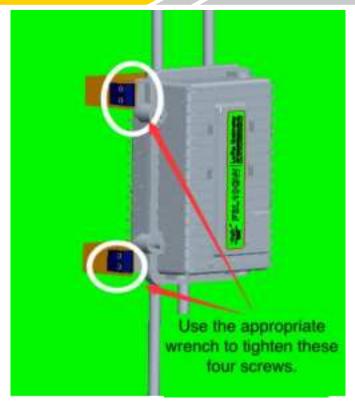


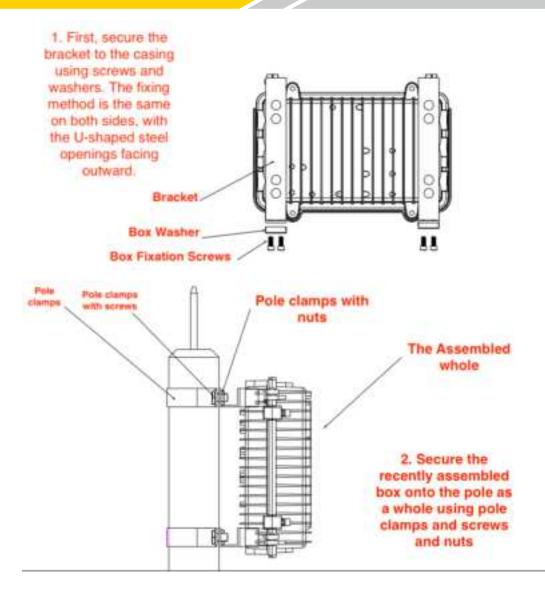
Figure 2.3.6

2.3.3 Pole-mounted installation

Step One: Prepare a suitable pole, and the diameter of the pole should be in the range of ø70~90mm. Install it in a location close to an open area, and ensure there are no obstructions within 5 meters around the LoRa antenna.

Step Two: Use the provided pole clamps (2 pieces) and slide them onto the pole, corresponding to the appropriate positions on the backplate. Insert bolts through the clamp fixation holes and use a wrench to securely tighten them onto the screw holes on the backplate. For ease of installation, you can first secure the backplate before mounting the antenna. Ensure a firm and secure fixation.





Note: Pole installation does not include pole clamps. We can provide specifications or assist in sampling.

2.3.4 Antenna Installation

After mounting the equipment on the wall or pole, connect the corresponding antenna interfaces of the matching fiberglass omnidirectional antennas. Each antenna is labeled, and the antenna connector is a standard coaxial N-type male connector. Simply screw it onto the corresponding coaxial N-type female connector on the equipment, ensuring a tight fit to avoid compromising signal quality and waterproofing. Refer to Figure 2.3.7 below.



Note: Ensure that each antenna is not connected in reverse and tighten with tools to prevent any impact on functionality and waterproofing.

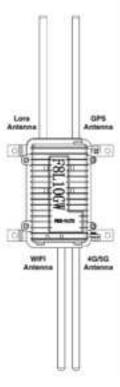


Figure 2.3.7

2.4 Indicator Light Instructions

The F8L10GW-02 provides the following indicator lights: "Power," "System," "WiFi," "LoRa," "Signal Strength," "Online." The status explanations for each indicator light are as follows:



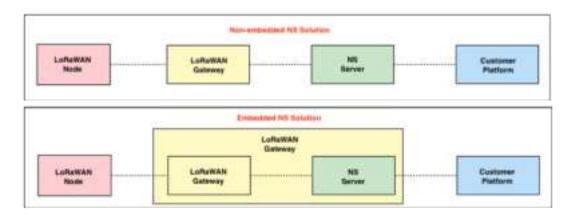
Lights	Status	Explanation	Note
PWR	Red Light On	Device power is normal	
	Red Light Off	device is not powered on	
	Yellow Light	System is running normally	
SYS	Flashing		
515	Yellow Light	System is not normal	Located on the outer
	Off		side of the PCB
WIFI	Blue Light	WiFi is activated	board.
	On		
	Blue Light	WiFi is not activated	
	Off		
LoRa	Green Light	LoRa module connection is normal	
	On		
	Green Light	LoRa module connection is abnormal	
	Off		
	Green Light	LoRa module is in data communication	
	Flashing	(only indicates data packet	
		transmission)	
	Green Light	Device is not logged into the network	
Online	Off		
	Green Light	device is logged into the network	
	On		



Chapter 3 Quick Start Guide

3.1 Brief Introduction to the Solution Architecture

3.1.1 Difference Between Embedded and Non-Embedded

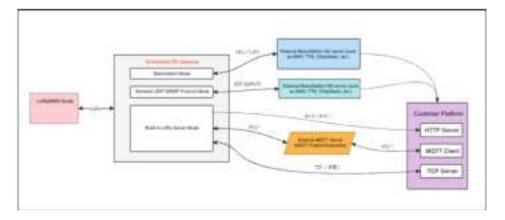


As shown in the above diagram, the main difference between the embedded and non-embedded solutions lies in the position of the NS. In the non-embedded solution, the NS is generally deployed on a server, while in the embedded solution, the NS is deployed within the gateway.

- Embedded Solution (Embedded Mode): The advantage is that there is no need to deploy NS on an external server, reducing operational costs and quickly setting up the entire LoRaWAN system. The drawback is that the performance and storage size of the gateway system are relatively poor compared to a server, limiting the number of nodes and the ability to cache a large amount of information.
- Non-Embedded Solution (External Mode): The advantage is that the server has strong performance, large storage, and can manage a large number of gateways and nodes. It can be deployed in a clustered manner, significantly improving system performance and availability. The drawback is that an additional server is required to deploy NS, which involves maintenance and increases project costs. The setup of the system and the time spent on problem-solving will be more extensive.



3.1.2 System Framework



The gateway communicates with devices or terminals, and the data flow direction is determined based on web configuration:

- Basics Station (basicstation mode): In this mode, data will communicate bidirectionally with the corresponding connected server. The gateway serves only as a data forwarding function. Device management, data encryption/decryption, and integration with the customer platform need to be handled on the server side.
- Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol (external NS mode): Data will communicate with an external NS using the standard UDP protocol. In this mode, device management, data encryption/decryption, and client integration will be handled on the external NS server, such as commonly used integration with the Four-Faith cloud NS server.
- Build-in LoRa Server (embedded NS mode): Data will flow to the built-in NS server in the gateway. In this mode, device management, data encryption/decryption, and client integration will be handled on the built-in NS server (LoRa Network Server). Clients can achieve data push functionality through HTTP server configuration (HTTP POST supports only uplink push, not downlink data), or through MQTT and TCP for both uplink and downlink data.

As an embedded NS serving as the core of the LoRaWAN, this product theoretically supports a large number of gateway and node connections. It manages LoRaWAN devices, including network joining, data encryption/decryption, data uplink/downlink, and data push. For uplink data from devices, after LoRaWAN decryption, it establishes a relationship with the client through an interface and sends the uplink data to the customer platform. Clients can send downlink data via MQTT or TCP after encrypting it through LoRaWAN to the specified device.



3.2 Login Configuration Interface

3.2.1 Access the Web Management Platform

- Method One: After the gateway is powered on, the default WiFi name is Four-Faith, and there is no default password. After successfully connecting to the WiFi, the gateway's LAN address is default to 192.168.1.1. You can then log in at http://192.168.1.1 (or simply enter 192.168.1.1).
- 2. Method Two: If you know the gateway's WAN address (e.g., set to a static IP like 192.168.1.88), you can directly access http://192.168.1.88.
- 3. Log in with the default account: admin, and the default password: admin. Click "Login" to access the Web Management Platform.

Note: Please use Google Chrome browser; other browsers may have compatibility issues.

3.2.2 Adding Devices in Embedded Mode

- 1. Identify the device's frequency band and corresponding frequency points (e.g., for a standard EU868 terminal, frequency points: 868.1MHz, 868.3MHz, 868.5MHz).
- Confirm whether it is in embedded mode (default is embedded mode). If not, change it to embedded mode.
 <Path: LoRa Gateway → Basic>

Status - E Dashboard / LoRa Gateway / LoRa Gateway	
Overview BUT - Overview - Lotta Galeway x	
LoRa Packet Logger Basic Prequency Band Set Packet Filter	
System Log * Gateway MAC Sabosar Presessed	
El Network	
12 LoRis Galeway Keepalive Interval (x) 10	
III LoRa Network Server 5009	
System ·	

3. Check if the gateway's frequency band and frequency points are consistent (default frequency points follow the regional parameter specified points). If not, modify them to match.

<Path: LoRa Gateway -> Frequency Band Set>



4. Add an application (configure it for automatic device addition in network joining mode).

Solar
E
Destroated / Lakia Network Server : Application

Coursiona
International (the application international international

<Path: LoRa Network Server => Application => New application>

In the above figure, both AppKEY and AppEUI are automatically generated by clicking on the "default" on the right side (this value is the default value for Four-Faith; for devices from other manufacturers, modify it to the corresponding values). Choose ClassA or ClassC based on the device type, then click "Confirm" to add. After adding, the following page will appear:

	1000	(many-feature)	distant.	100 Aut 400	Second Second	Taxante .
1	-	2		100		Anna (Anna)

5. Device Network Joining

The device initiates a network joining request, and check whether the network joining is successful. If it cannot join the network successfully, troubleshoot as follows:

Confirm whether the gateway can receive the network joining request from the device (you can use a packet capture tool, path: Status \rightarrow LoRa Message Logger).

If the gateway can receive the network joining request but does not see the network joining response (Join Accept), it is generally caused by the inconsistency between the





AppKey or AppEUI configured in the application and that of the device.

200		1.00	-	-	-	 100	 -	1000	Sec. No.	-	
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6、 Device Uplink Data

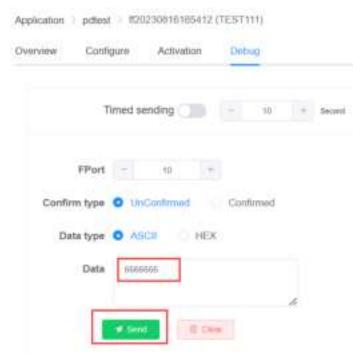
After the device successfully joins the network, instruct the device to report any data. At this time, in the application's device list, find the corresponding device for viewing.

<Path: LoRa Network Server \rightarrow Applications \rightarrow Corresponding Application (click to view) \rightarrow Find the corresponding device (click to view) \rightarrow Online Debugging>

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Date .							

7 Send Data to the Device

Send data to the device on the device's online debugging page, as shown in the following figure:



The Four-Faith module receives data as follows:



SSCOM V5.13.1 Serial/Net data debugger PORT COM_Settings Display Send_Dat [17:01:52:027]007→0321□ [17:02:04:346]007→0333333□ 17:02:06:849]007→044444□ 17:02:38:856]18→●66666666

Attention:

The device types are divided into ClassA and ClassC, and the data reception methods are as follows:

- In ClassA mode, after sending data, it will not be directly sent to the device. You
 need to wait for the device to send uplink data again before the sent data is
 delivered to the device.
- In ClassC mode, data sent will be directly delivered to the device. If the device does not receive the data, please check whether the type configured in NS matches the type configured for the device. If not, after modification, you need to rejoin the network before conducting data communication tests.



Chapter 4 Detailed Introduction to the Function Pages

4.1 Interface Management Configuration

4.1.1 Web Management Platform

- Method One: After the gateway is powered on, the default WiFi name is Four-Faith, and there is no default password. After successfully connecting to the WiFi, the gateway's LAN address is default to 192.168.1.1. You can then log in at http://192.168.1.1 (or simply enter 192.168.1.1).
- Method Two: If you know the gateway's WAN address (e.g., set to a static IP like 192.168.1.88), you can directly access http://192.168.1.88.
- Log in with the default account: admin, and the default password: admin. Click "Login" to enter the Web Management Platform.

LoRaWAN Gateway	
1.000	
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Note: Please use Google Chrome browser; other browsers may have compatibility issues.

4.1.2 Directory Details

Here is an introduction to the functionality of each page based on the directory order:

- Status
- Overview: Displays statistics for data monitored by the gateway and system parameter information.
- > LoRa Message Logger: Shows received data and downstream data for the gateway.



- System Logs: Records logs of the gateway's operational processes.
- Network
- WAN Interface: Configures the gateway's WAN settings. Network information, such as DHCP or static IP, can be configured here.
- > Wi-Fi: Configures WiFi parameters and security settings.
- > Network Diagnostics: Includes commands like Ping, Traceroute, Nslookup.
- Firewall: Configures basic parameters for the firewall.

LoRa Gateway

- > Configuration of gateway mode, frequency point parameters, packet filtering, etc.
- LoRa Network Server
- > Status: Displays statistics for the embedded NS.
- Basic Settings: Configures NS-related parameters such as ADR switch, RX2 parameter settings, etc.
- > Gateway: Displays gateway information.
- > **Applications:** Displays application information, including device lists.
- > Multicast: Manages multicast.
- Interfaces: Configures protocol types for customer platform integration, data conversion, heartbeat settings, etc.
- System
- **System:** Displays embedded NS version information, system time settings, etc.
- > Change Password: Modifies the Web Management Platform password.
- > **Restart:** Restarts the gateway.
- > Factory Reset: Performs a factory reset.

4.1.3 Management Configuration

4.1.3.1 Status

- 1. Overview
- **Path:** Status → Overview
- Function: Displays communication statistics for the gateway, making it convenient to analyze the RF environment around the gateway. This helps in assessing device communication status or identifying the presence of interfering devices.
- Details:
 - > **Received Messages:** Number of messages received since system startup.
 - > Sent Messages: Number of messages sent since system startup.
 - > Active Nodes: Number of upstream nodes received by the gateway.



- Busy Nodes: Nodes that have transmitted twice within 10 seconds are considered busy nodes. This section provides a count within the last hour.
- LoRa Channel Occupancy Statistics: Channel occupancy details for various time periods in the last 24 hours.
- LoRa Rate Occupancy Statistics: Rate occupancy details for various time periods in the last 24 hours.
- LoRa Network Server: Includes system startup time, LoRa protocol details, device count, NS device uplink count, NS device downlink count, and NS MQTT connection status.
- System: Includes host name, LAN MAC, WAN MAC, wireless MAC, WAN IP, LAN IP, and WAN protocol.
- Wireless: Includes wireless switch status, mode, network mode, name, channel, and transmission power.

Preview:

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2. LoRa Message Logger

- Path: Status → LoRa Message Logger
- Function:
 - > Displays LoRaWAN data received and sent by the gateway.
 - Useful for analyzing communication between the gateway and devices, allowing for the identification of issues such as unanswered join requests, missing downlink data, and communication quality.
- Details:
 - Update Log Switch: Defaulted to ON; when turned off, data is expanded for viewing, and during this period, data is received but not listed. When turned on again, the data is automatically updated to the list.
 - > LoRaWAN Data Type Selection: Facilitates analysis of communication issues



based on data type.

- - 0: All Show both filtered and unfiltered data
 - UnFiltered Show only unfiltered data
 - BeFiltered Show only filtered data
- > **devAddr:** Search by short address.
- > **Time:** Timestamp of data reception.
- **DataType:** Data type, including:
 - ALL
 - Join Request
 - Join Accept
 - Unconfirmed Data Up
 - Unconfirmed Data Down
 - Confirmed Data Up
 - Confirmed Data Down
- > **Freq:** Communication frequency.
- > **RSSI:** Signal strength.
- SNR: Signal-to-noise ratio.
- > **TxPwr:** Transmission power. This is 0 for uplink data.
- > FCnt: Frame counter, useful for determining packet loss or retransmission.
- Preview:

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	 summer and a	-	- 10	- 14	1	-		-	1.00	14		
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101111111111111111111111111111111111111		2	-	-			-	-				

3. LoRa Message Logger

- **Path:** Status → LoRa Message Logger
- **Function:**The log is useful for analyzing the overall operation of the gateway, abnormal device communication, and other anomalies.
- Details:



Switch: Defaulted to ON; when paused, new data is stored in the browser cache and updates upon reactivation.

Preview:

-	B. tennet the second 22 B. ⁴⁷
-	The second se
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	See The Second Secon
1 internet	(a) Control (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
R Laboratoria	

4.1.3.2 Network

- 1. Network
- **Path:** Network → WAN Interface
- Function: Used to configure network parameters, such as setting up static IP or DHCP.
- Details:
 - > Configure various modes based on mode parameters.
- Preview::



2. WiFi

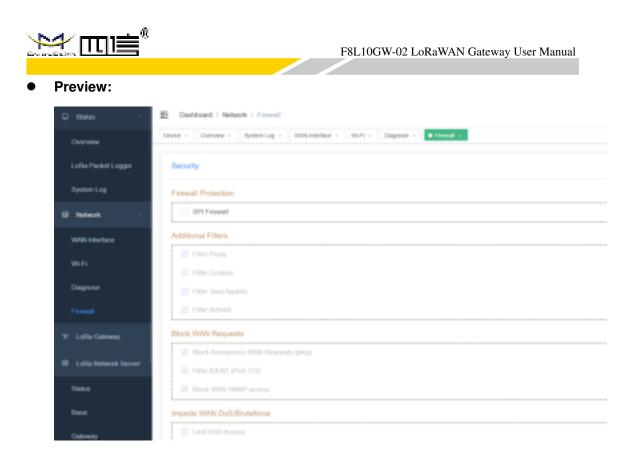
- **Path:** Network → WiFi
- Function: Configures WiFi parameters and security settings.
- Details:
 - > Configure various modes based on mode parameters.
- Preview::

			F8L10GW-02	LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual	1
G Status 🗠	E Desh	board / Network / We	8		
Overview	Device -	Overview - System	.og - WAN Interface - • WLFI -		
LoRa Packet Logger	Basic	Wireless Security			
System Log			Wireless Network	Disable Coubie	
🖾 Network 🗠			Wireless Mode	AP ~	
WAN Interface			Wireless Network Mode	Mied ~	
wn			Wireless Network Name (SSID)	LORAWANEUBIS	
Diagnose			Wireless Channel	Auto v	
Firowall			Channel Width	Auto \lor	
% LoRa Gatoway			Wireless SSID Broadcast	Disable Conscie	
E LoRa Network Server				Save & Modily	

- 3. Network Diagnostics
- **Path:** Network → Network Diagnostics
- **Function:** Supports Ping, Traceroute, and NsLookup commands.
- Details:
 - > **Ping:** A program used to test network connectivity.
 - Traceroute: A command that uses ICMP protocol to locate all routers between your computer and the target computer.
 - NsLookup: A command-line tool to monitor whether DNS servers in the network can correctly perform domain name resolution.
- Preview:

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F Information				

- 4. Firewall
- **Path:** Network → Firewall
- **Function:** Configuration of firewall-related parameters.
- Details:
 - > Configure parameters based on the displayed page.



4.1.3.2 LoRa Gateway

1. Basic Settings

- **Path:** LoRa Gateway → Basic Settings
- **Function:**Configuration of gateway protocols, allowing for settings such as Build-in LoRa Server, Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol, and Basics Station modes.
- Details:
 - Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol GWMP Forwarding Mode
 - Gateway MAC: Unique identifier for the gateway, 8 bytes in length (16 bits), typically not modified.
 - Protocol: UDP GWMP protocol, connecting to an external NS server, with the gateway acting as a data forwarding role.
 - Server Address: IP or domain name.
 - Server Port: Port number (e.g., 1700).
 - Server Timeout (ms): Timeout duration for waiting for responses to data reporting, typically not modified.
 - Keepalive Interval (s): Interval for the pull_data command in the protocol, typically not modified.
 - Internal UDP Communication Port: In a cascaded application where the gateway acts as a server, this port number is configured as the server port for the sub-gateway.

⊵⊻_□□≡°	F8L10GW-02 LoRa	WAN Gateway User Manual
🖓 Status 🗠	Dashboard / LoRa Gateway / LoRa Gateway	
Overview	Device - Overview - System Log - WAN interface - IIII-Pi -	Diagnose + Prevail +
LoRa Packet Logger	Basic Frequency Band Set Beacon Set Packet Filter	
System Log	* Gateway MAC	54D084777E38006C
El Notwork ~	Protocol	Semlech UDP GWMP Protocol
WAN Interface	Server Address	47.50.209.17
Wi-Fi	Server Port(UDP)	27915
Diagnose	Server Timeout(ms)	100
Freed	Keepalive Interval (s)	10
17 LoRia Galaway	Internal UDP Port	1639
III LoRa Network Server		Save & Modily

- > Build-in LoRa Server Internal NS Mode
 - Gateway MAC: Unique identifier for the gateway, 8 bytes in length (16 bits), typically not modified.
 - Protocol: Internal NS mode, equivalent to having the NS deployed within the gateway.
 - Keepalive Interval (s): Interval for the pull_data command in the protocol, typically not modified.
 - Internal UDP Communication Port: In a cascaded application where the gateway acts as a server, this port number is configured as the server port for the sub-gateway.

(hear)	Frequency Band Set	Packet Filter		
		- Gateway MAC	Saconary) (memory)	
		Protocol	Rold in Little Server	1.5
		Keepálivs Interval (s)	01	
		Internal UDP Port	10/99	
			Care & Many	

- Basics Station More Secure and Reliable Protocol (Connected to NS via WebSocket or HTTP)
 - Gateway MAC: Unique identifier for the gateway, 8 bytes in length (16 bits), typically not modified.
 - **Protocol:** Basicstation mode.
 - Server: LNS protocol (select this option for regular data communication) or CUPS protocol (adds gateway upgrade-related protocols).



- URI: Server address for connection (IP or domain name).
- **Port:** Corresponding port for the server.
- Authentication Mode: Security authentication mode (detailed scenarios for each mode will be explained when connecting to the platform). The following are brief introductions to each mode:
 - No Authentication: Establishes a regular WebSocket or HTTP connection without requiring identity verification (e.g., ChirpStack is configured in this mode for integration with the TTN platform).

	ntication: Authenticates the server (LNS or (
Authentication Mode	No Authentication	V

 TLS Server Authentication: Authenticates the server (LNS or CUPS) through establishing a TLS connection (wss, https). (e.g. ChirpStack is configured in this mode)

Authentication Mode	TLS Server Authentication	
trust		

 TLS Server and Client Authentication: Authenticates both the server (LNS or CUPS) and the client (gateway) through establishing a TLS connection (wss, https). The gateway authenticates the server by verifying its certificate, and the server authenticates the gateway by requesting its certificate along with a signature using a private key. (e.g. This mode is used when interfacing with the AWS platform.)

Authentication Mode	TLS Server and Client Authentication $\qquad \lor$	
trust		
certificate		
		A
key		

 TLS Server Authentication and Client Token: In this mode, the gateway authenticates the server (LNS or CUPS) by establishing a TLS connection (wss, https). The server, on the other hand, verifies the identity of the gateway by examining the security token provided by the gateway.(e.g. This mode is used when interfacing with The Things Network (TTN) platform.)

<u>₩ m≡</u> °	F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual
Authentication Mode	TLS Server Authentication and Client Token
trust	
token	
• Preview:	
* Gateway MAC	54D084FFFE98006C
Protocol	Basics Station \lor
Server	LNS Server V
URI	wss.//A39Q4NHH5TTZ8X Ins. lorawan.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Port	443
Authentication Mode	TLS Server and Client Authentication

- 2. Frequency Configuration
- **Path:** LoRa Gateway → Frequency Configuration
- Function: Configuration of gateway frequencies, supporting modes such as Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol or Build-in LoRa Server. For Basics Station mode, frequency settings are configured on the NS server.
- Details:
 - > Frequency configuration supports three main methods.
 - Custom Frequency Method: This method provides a simple and intuitive view of allocated frequencies. In the example below, frequencies on the left (e.g., 867.1) can be deleted, while those on the right (e.g., 868.1) are essential and cannot be removed. Clicking the '×' next to a frequency deletes it, and clicking the '+ Add' on the far right adds a new frequency.

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a strait	Saturdad Paras	
	Multi Unit David (Mal	s (max - max - max - max - max - max - max -
	1	a second.

Pre-set Group Method: This method is the most convenient. Choose the corresponding group as needed, and it will display the starting and ending frequencies. Typically, there is a 0.2MHz interval between each, totaling 8 frequencies.

≡ות	8		F8L10G	W-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual	
Basic.	Frequency Band Set	Packet Filter			
	Work	ing Area (Frequen	cy Band MHz)	1.000	
			Is Customize	printed group () custom trieganincy	
			aind grouping	shannel 5 - channel 7 (827 Miltig - 163 Miltig)	
				C Laser & Marth	

Custom Frequency + Conform to LoRaWAN Method: This method is the most in line with the gateway configuration file structure and is the most comprehensive configuration method. Use this method when the other two methods cannot meet the requirements.

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• Preview:

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	B face to trans

- 3. Beacon Set
- **Path:** LoRa Gateway → Beacon Set
- Function: Configure the gateway's ClassB parameters, available in Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol mode.

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- Details:
 - > Beacon Period: Period, set to 0 means it is turned off.
 - > Beacon Frequency (Hz): Frequency point.
 - **Beacon Spreading Factor:** Spreading factor.
 - **Beacon Bandwidth:** Beacon packet bandwidth.
 - Beacon Tx Power: Transmit power.
- Preview:

	Basic Prequency Band Set Elisaccin Set Placket Filter
¢	Beacon Period
669121000	Beacon Frequency (Hz)
N 1	Bescon Channel Number
0	Beacon Frequency Step (Hz)
5F9	Beacon Spreading Factor
12000	Beacon Bandwidth
0)	Beecon Infodesc
· Taxe & Mandy	

- 4. Packet Filter
- Path: LoRa Gateway → Packet Filter
- Function: On the gateway side, filter out some packets based on configured rules to reduce the amount of invalid data transmitted to the NS server, alleviate the processing pressure on the NS. Modes available: Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol or Build-in LoRa Server.
- Details:
 - > Supports configuration of NetID and JoinEUI.
 - NetID: Network number filtering. The short address assigned during device joining is associated with the network number. By configuring this value, it can effectively filter out non-join packets and interference data, especially in embedded mode. This value can be configured as the network ID of the gateway to avoid interference from other device data.
 - JoinEUI (AppEUI): JoinEUI filtering, one of the triplets of the terminal. Multiple range values can be set here. Once set, JoinEUI outside the range will be filtered.
- Preview:



4.1.3.3 LoRa Network Server

- 1. Status
- Path: LoRa Network Server → Status
- Function: Displays statistics flowing into the built-in NS server.
- Details:
 - Basic Information: Includes the number of gateways, devices, and statistics for device uplink and downlink data.
 - RSSI, SNR, DataRate Distribution: Used to analyze the communication quality between gateways and nodes.
 - Communication Distribution: Curve graph of uplink and downlink communication, analyzing whether the distribution of uplink and downlink data matches expectations.
- Preview:



F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual



+		
	Restance of Concession, Name	

- 2. Basic Settings
- Path: LoRa Network Server → Basic Settings
- Function: Configures parameters related to the NS server.
- Details:
 - Work Area: Corresponds to the region parameter table's frequency band; it cannot be configured here and should match the configuration in LoRa Gateway → Frequency Configuration → Work Area.
 - Enable Dynamic Data Rate Adjustment (ADR): Indicates whether ADR functionality is enabled.
 - ADR Margin: This value affects the sensitivity of ADR adjustments. A higher value makes adjustments less aggressive, while a lower value makes adjustments more aggressive.
 - > Minimum Data Rate: The minimum data rate for ADR adjustments.
 - > Maximum Data Rate: The maximum data rate for ADR adjustments.
 - Network ID: Parameter for producing device short addresses, can be configured in filtering parameters to avoid interference.
 - > **Rx2 Frequency:** Frequency corresponding to the Rx2 window.
 - > **Rx2 Datarate:** Data rate corresponding to the Rx2 window.
 - Downlink Transmit Power (dBm): Configures the transmit power. When set to -1, it will follow the specifications in the region parameter table.
- Preview:

Working Area (Frequency Band MHz)		
ADR		
ADR margin (dB)	10	
Minimum Rate	LoRa SF12112504z V	
Maximum Rate	LoRa SF7/12Setz V	
Network ID	000000	Network identifier (Nett), 3 tyles) encoded as HEX (e.g. 810200)
Rx 2 Frequency (Hz)	003525000	
Rx 2 Datarate	Lola SP12/12/kHz V	
	Save & Modify	

3. Gateway

● **Path:** LoRa Network Server → Gateway



- **Function:** Manages the addition, deletion, modification, and viewing of gateways integrated with NS. Gateways generally do not need to be manually added; they will be added automatically when connected.
- Details:
 - > Displays the list of gateways with detailed information, including online status.
- Preview:

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	Distance into the	100	A second	(and the second	1.000		-		1944-488
	and the second second			-			-		2.44 1 1

- 4. Application
- **Path:** LoRa Network Server → Application
- **Function:** Functions similarly to grouping, where different groups correspond to different application scenarios for easier management.
- Details:
 - > Clicking the add button opens the following page.
 - **Name:** Equivalent to the group name for easy identification.
 - AppKEY: Corresponds to the AppKEY of the terminal; this value needs to be verified when adding devices automatically (clicking on the default on the right will change it to the default value of Four-Faith).
 - Auto-add Devices: When checked, devices can be added without prior manual addition. After AppKEY and AppEUI validation, devices will be added automatically.
 - AppEUI (JoinEUI): One of the triplets; configuration is required when enabling automatic device addition (clicking on the default on the right will change it to the default value of Four-Faith).
 - Type: Device type corresponding to the automatic addition of devices: ClassA or ClassC.
 - **Description:** Descriptive information.

* Name	patient	
AppKEY	207e155628aen2a6ab1715880563456	Ø mm
Auto Add Dev	If enabled, LoRoWAH Device will be added as Application Key pass verification	utomatically after Application EUT
AppEUI	7538964778396680	i anta
Type	Processest 🚽 Join automotically a	idds device types
Description		
		() Cancel



- Delete: Cannot be deleted if there are devices associated with the application; devices must be deleted first.
- > View: Entering the application allows access to the device list and more.
 - Device Management: Detailed explanation of the device's add, delete, modify, and query functionalities.
 - Application Settings: Similar to the initial creation, this allows modifications to existing applications.
 - Interface Management: Configuration for HTTP POST; enabling this function will push data from all devices under this application to a specified address using the HTTP POST method.

	(more stronge	Address for integr								
	an contract to		and an and	100	14		(revise are	(modular)	-	-
	-	2000-00-00 2010-00-00		-	1.4	1244	10000		-	1.000
			the second second	184700	1.1	1144			-1.100	
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			HTTP	ush switch						
			Uplini	Data URL	Example: N	07192.168.1.1	sosoruptink			
			Join Notifi	ution URL						
					+ New hea	d parameters				
						Save & Mode	Y			
review:										
-										
		Terrist Residen	0.000		-			1000		
			1215 1921							

- 5. Device
- Path: LoRa Network Server → Device
- Function: Adding, deleting, modifying, and querying devices. Web entry: LoRa Network Server → Application → View → Device Management
- Details:
 - Add: Setting basic parameters for the device. Network entry methods include OTAA (device initiates network joining) or ABP (no need for network joining). Specific AppKEY can be entered here when it is different from the AppKEY of the application.

£ <u>m⊫</u> ®	F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gat	eway User M
New device		
* DevEUI	The proper cashs of the modes, the length is 8 below, such pp. 4142.	
Name		
Туре	ClesiA	
Join Mode	GTAA	
MAC Version	102	
АррКЕҮ	when multiple appleation Approximation could	
Description		

✤ ABP Mode: In this mode, you need to add the short address and session key information in the specified fields.

* DevEUI	The season colle of the diseas. The neight is it open, such as it is	
Name		
Туре	CIIIISA	
Join Mode	ABP	~]
MAC Version	102	
Device addr	Fo compactivitititi	4
pplication Session Key	For example and the biological factor of the biological sectors and the biological sectors are biological sectors and the biological sectors are biological sectors and the biological sectors are bi	61)
Network Session Key	Pre example: 2142323340306423889000142200640008	61).
Description	Description	

Bulk Add: The parameters for bulk addition are essentially the same as for adding a single device. However, bulk addition is only applicable for OTAA devices.

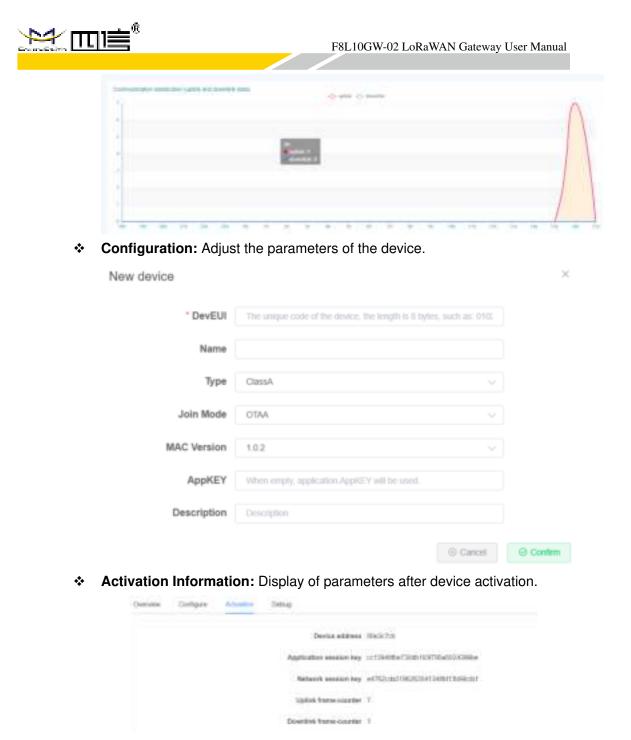
ѯш≣		F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN	Gateway User Mar
Add In Bulk			×.
* Start DevEul	T01020304050607		
* Device Number	*	10	+
Туре	ClaysA		~
MAC Version	10.2		
AppKEY	When imply, spetialize App	Plane of the VICE	
		Canon	() Cunfilm

Bulk Delete: First, select the devices you want to delete, then click "Bulk Delete" to remove them in batches.

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		 -	10.000	1.		and a	1.000	-
	-	 -		1.4	1.00	Canal State	 1.0.00	

- **Export:** Export data in Excel format for backup and management purposes.
- Device Details: Click on "View" on the right side of the corresponding device to enter the details page.
 - Overview: Displays the uplink information and relevant statistics for the device, useful for analyzing packet loss and other issues.





 Online Debugging: Allows for data downlink (scheduled), and displays uplink data, etc.

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			Test (1) (1) (1)			17794	00000		(Tree)	

- 6. Multicast
- **Path:** LoRa Network Server → Multicast
- **Functionality:** Multicast here refers to all terminals with the same parameters corresponding to this NS. The downlink of multicast data can be sent via MQTT (the webpage here also supports sending tests).
- Details:
 - Add Multicast: The values corresponding to Four-Faith terminals are shown below.

Uplink Channel Start Frequency	868700000
Uplink Channel Number	3
Aulticast Param	
Device Address	00:00:00:01
NwkSKey	00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:
AppSkey	00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:
0/2	A1
Receive frequency	869525000
Receive speed	0
Automatic reporting of successful	network addition
Enable Disa	bie 🔹

> Configure multicast parameters based on the values above.

Edit		3
- Mame	(mails and	
* Multicast Address	00000001	(1)
* Multicast network session key	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	(Q)
* Multicast application session key		
Mutticast-group type		
Data-rate	0	
Frequency (Hz)	6007270000	

> After creation, you will be able to see the following multicast list information.

C I International								
4 6m	distant and the	Belleville and an inclusion	defend optimized and the	Sec. 1				
-1				-	1.0	-	Committee (Committee)	1.0

×

Sending Data Test: Click "Downlink" to open the data transmission page.

Send data to multicast

Data ty	pe O ASCII	HEX		
° Da	rta 1234			
				.11
			© canor	@ Continn
ssco	OM V5.13.1 Seria	l/Net data	a debugger,A	
OPT	COM_Settings	Display	Send Data	

- When officially in use, multicast data can be sent via MQTT or TCP. Refer to the data format for specific details.
- 7. Interfaces
- Path: LoRa Network Server → Interfaces
- **Function:** Configuration page for integrating NS with client platforms, supporting both MQTT and TCP communication methods. Data can be transformed using JavaScript functions, and heartbeat configurations are supported.
- Details:



Protocol Configuration

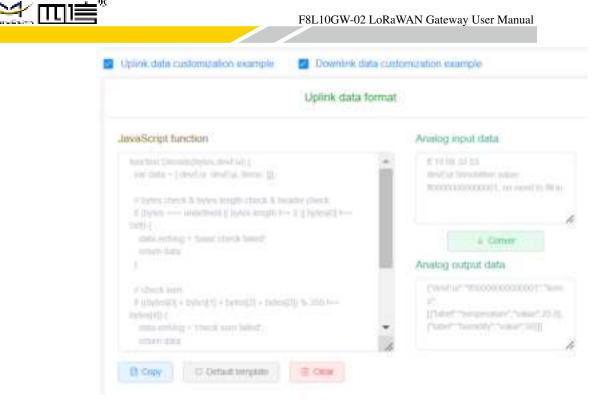
- NONE: Not enabled
- MQTT: Configuration of MQTT parameters. Specific topics and data formats are detailed in the data format section.

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 TCP: Connects to a TCP server, allowing simultaneous connections to multiple servers. Connection status can be monitored to assess the connectivity situation.

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Present last	1.96	
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Taile face with		

- Data Transformation: If not configured here, the default data format will be used for communication. If data transformation is required, functions can be configured for conversion. Upon arrival at the gateway, both uplink and downlink data can be transformed using specified functions before forwarding.
 - Upstream Transformation



Downstream Transformation

lavaScript function	Analog input data
function Encode(obj) { var bytes = []; bytes[0] = 10; // port bytes[1] = 0; // 0-unconfirmed, 1-confirmed	("devEui": "ff000000000000001", "cmdCode": 1, "heartbeatCycle": 60
// bytes 2–9 = devEui. for (var i = 0; i < obj.devEui.length; i+=2) {	4 Conver
bytes push(parseInt(obj.devEul.substr(l, 2), 16));)	Analog output data
// bytes 10-n Send to device content. bytes[10] = obj.cmdCode; bytes[11] = obj.heartbeatCycle; return bytes;	01 Sc

TCP Packet Assembly Tool: During the testing phase when connecting to a TCP server, this tool can be used to generate corresponding data for testing through the TCP server. In a normal project, a program can be developed to generate this data.

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	Second Second		
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		1.000	
- Deve mult	Carrier result		



Heartbeat Configuration: You can configure the heartbeat switch, heartbeat interval time, and heartbeat data format. It supports configuration as a custom string. Heartbeat is mainly used for regularly reporting status information. The gateway can also use heartbeat to determine the connection status with the MQTT server.

Photocol config	Einite conver-	Heartbeat config	1
After the heartbeat is of heartbeat cycles CustomElation	s turned on, it will be to not subscribe to t	gaaley pach the heart wartsed data as the h	beat content (MQPTITEP) to the clear part and for jurging the galaxiesy disconnection
Heartbe	at switch close	nada 🕥	
	Heartbeat (second)	60	8
Heartbeat da	ta format dula		ze
		ave & Monthy	

4.1.3.4 System

- 1. System:
- **Path:** System \rightarrow System
- **Functionality:** View program version, configure token duration, time settings, and language switch.
- Details:
 - System Program Version: Use version information to troubleshoot related issues.
 - Token Valid Duration: The shorter the time, the more frequent the need to log in to the web page.
 - > **NTP Time Configuration:** Configure.
- Preview:



-		
Statute:	-	approximation of the state of the state of the state
Loginosi	- Internet	An Aging the up boot, the same december parties are the segment of \$1000, top of \$1000 are proved \$1000, top of \$1000,

- 2. Change Password:
- **Path:** System → Change Password
- **Functionality:** Modify the password for the gateway system, with a length range of 5-32 characters.
- Details:
 - Enter the new password and confirm it. After modification, exit the system. When logging in again, use the new password.
- Preview:

Change Password	
* New Password	Not less than 5 bits
* Confirm Password	Same as the new password
	Save & Modify

- 3. Restart:
- **Path:** System \rightarrow Restart
- **Functionality:** Reboot the gateway.
- Details:
 - Click to initiate the restart of the gateway.
- Preview:

System Reboot

C Execute Reboot

- 4. Factory Reset:
- **Path:** System → Factory Reset
- **Functionality:** Clicking this button will restore the gateway parameters, mainly router-related parameters such as network settings (LoRa-related parameters like device lists and network information will not be deleted).
- Details:
 - Click to execute the factory reset.
- Preview:



4.1.4 Data Format

4.1.4.1 Data Explanation

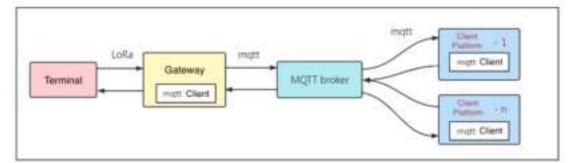
1. Data Format Explanation:

To communicate with the client, the protocols include MQTT, TCP, and HTTP, where MQTT and TCP support bidirectional communication. However, HTTP only supports the gateway pushing data to the client via the POST method and does not support downstream communication. The data formats for each protocol are as follows:

- MQTT Data: Topic + JSON Content
- TCP Data: Data Header + JSON Content
- HTTP Data: URL + JSON Content

Note: The JSON content data format is entirely consistent within the same type. If JavaScript function conversion is applied, it will be universally applied to all formats.

2. MQTT Data Flow:

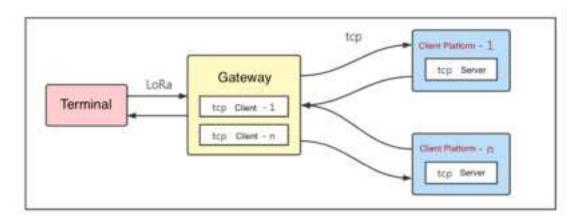


As shown in the above diagram, in this mode, you need to deploy an MQTT Broker first. Both the gateway and the client platform establish connections with it and subscribe to corresponding topics according to the topic format. If the client needs multiple sets of data, this can be achieved by connecting multiple clients and subscribing. In comparison to the TCP mode, this method involves an additional step of deploying an external MQTT server.

3. TCP

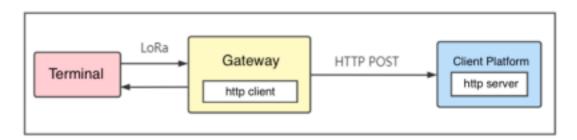






As shown in the diagram above, in this mode, the client platform opens a TCP server, and the gateway is configured in TCP mode, pointing to the IP and port of the corresponding server. This allows multiple TCP connections to be established simultaneously.

4. HTTP



As shown in the diagram above, the configuration for this mode is in the interface settings of each application. This mode only supports data push and does not support downstream data.

4.1.4.2 MQTT Data Format

- 1. MQTT Topic and Data Format
- Default MQTT Topic Format



- MQTT format primarily includes topics and data content, which can be displayed and modified in the interface.
- The default topic contains {{application_ID}} and {{device_EUI}}.



- {{application_ID}}: Application ID, which will be replaced with the corresponding application ID when reporting data (e.g., application/1/device/6e110000000000/rx). It also needs to be replaced with the actual application ID when sending downlink data (e.g., application/1/device/6e1100000000000/tx).
- {{device_EUI}: Device's unique identifier, which will be replaced with the device's EUI when reporting data (e.g., application/1/device/6e110000000000/rx). It also needs to be replaced with the actual device EUI when sending downlink data (e.g., application/1/device/6e1100000000000/tx). If this field is present in the topic, the JSON content of the downlink data may omit the device's unique identifier.
- Modification Instructions:
 - > Topics can be modified, such as changing it to lorawan/uplink.
 - {{application_ID}: Can be deleted. If removed, only the application ID will be excluded.
 - {{device_EUI}}: If removed, the topic won't recognize the corresponding device. In this case, the JSON content of downlink data must include the device's unique identifier (as explained in the subsequent content).
- Examples of Subscribing to Topics:
 - Subscribe to a specific event for a single device: application/1/device/6e110000000000/rx
 - Subscribe to all events for a single device: application/1/device/6e1100000000000/+
 - Subscribe to a specific event for all devices under an application: application/1/device/+/rx
 - Subscribe to all events for all devices under an application: application/1/device/#
 - Subscribe to a specific event for all devices under all applications: application/+/device/+/rx
 - Subscribe to all events for all devices under all applications: application/+/device/+/+ or application/##
- The data content follows the JSON format, and the specific format is detailed later. It's essential to note that if the {{device_EUI}} is removed from the downlink topic, the topic won't recognize the specific device. In such cases, you need to look for the "devEui" field in the data content. If it also doesn't exist, the device-specific data will be lost.
- 2. Uplink Data:
- **Execution Condition:** Forwarded upon receiving business data reports from devices



that have joined the network.

- Default Topic Format: application/{{application_ID}}/device/{{device_EUI}}/rx
- Example Default Topic: application/1/device/6e110000000000/rx
- Example Default JSON Data Content:

"applicationID": "1",

"applicationName": "temperature",

"deviceName": "dev_00000000",

"devEui": "6e1100000000000",

"rxInfo": [{

"gatewayID": "ff0000000000000",

"name": "ff000000000000a",

"time": "", // Only applicable when the gateway can receive GPS signals to provide actual values.

"rssi": -76,

"loRaSNR": 7.5,

"location": {

"latitude": 0,

"longitude": 0,

"altitude": 0

```
}
```

}],

"txInfo": {

"frequency": 868100000,

"dr": 0

},

"adr": false,

"fCnt": 6,

"fPort": 32,

"data": "MTQ1OTYzNTgy" // Base64 encoding, as explained in the later section "Base64 Encoding and

Decoding."

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- 3. Join Data:
- Execution Condition: Pushed upon receiving a device's join request and responding to the join accept packet.
- Default Topic Format: application/{{application_ID}}/device/{{device_EUI}}/join
- Example Default Topic: application/1/device/6e1100000000000/join
- Example Default Data Content:

```
{
```

"applicationID": "1",

"applicationName": "temperature",

"deviceName": "dev_00000000",

"devEui": "6e1100000000000",

"devAddr": "01b0e489"

```
}
```

- 4. Downlink Data:
- **Execution Condition:** Sent when business data needs to be delivered to the device.
- Default Topic Format: application/{{application_ID}}/device/{{device_EUI}}/tx
- **Example Default Topic:** application/1/device/6e110000000000/tx
- Example Default Data Content:

"devEui": "6e1100000000000",

"confirmed": true,

"fPort": 12,

"data": "MTIzNA==" // Base64 encoding, as explained in the later section "Base64 Encoding and

Decoding." In this context, it corresponds to "1234."

}

Convenient Test Data(The data above contains spaces which may lead to sending failures)

{"devEui":"6e110000000000","confirmed":true,"fPort":12,"data":"MTIzNA=="}

- 5. Downlink Acknowledgment Response:
- **Execution Condition:** After receiving the downlink acknowledgment, push pending device responses.
- **Default Topic Format:** application/{{application_ID}}/device/{{device_EUI}}/ack
- Default Topic Example: application/1/device/6e110000000000/ack
- Default JSON Data Content Example:

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"applicationID": "1",
"applicationName": "temperature",
"deviceName": "dev_00000000",
"devEui": "6e1100000000000",
"acknowledged": true
}

- 6. Downlink Multicast Data:
- **Execution Condition:** To send multicast information to devices with the same triplets in the multicast group.
- Default Topic Format: mcast_group/{{mcast_ID}}/tx
- Default Topic Example: mcast_group/1/tx
- Default JSON Data Content Example:

```
{
    "multicastGroupId": 1,
    "fPort": 10,
    "data": "YWJjZA==" // base64 Encoding
}
```

• Convenient Test Data Example:

```
{"multicastGroupId":1,"fPort":10,"data":"YWJjZA=="}
```

- 7. Heartbeat Data:
- Execution Condition: Heartbeat switch is turned on, heartbeat interval > 0, and heartbeat content is non-empty.
- **Default Topic:** lorawan/heartbeat
- Default JSON Data Content Example:

```
{
    "gateways": [{
        "gatewayID": "ff000000000000",
        "gatewayName": "ff0000000000000",
        "lastSeenAt": "2022-04-29 14:18:36",
        "lastSeenAt": "2022-04-29 14:18:36",
        "isOnline": true,
        "longitude": 0,
        "latitude": 0
```

	F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual
}],	
"applications": [{	
"applicationID": 1,	
"name": "app",	
"deviceNum": 1,	
"activatNum": 1,	
"isAutoJoin": false	
}]	
}	

4.1.4.3 TCP Data Format

1. TCP Data Format

Offset	Bytes	Function	Identifier	Value Example
0	1	Frame Header	header	0xFE
1	1	Version Number	version	0x01
		(Current V1)		
2	2	JSON Data Length (Big	length	0x0001
		Endian)		
4	1	Data Type	type	0x00- Heartbeat Packet
5	2	Random Key (Big Endian)	random	0x1234
7	n	JSON Content	JSON Object	{}

The first 7 bytes represent the TCP data header, and starting from the 7th byte is the • JSON content, which is the same as MQTT and HTTP.

2. Uplink Data				
Offset	Bytes	Function		Value or Description
0	1	header	0xFE	
1	1	version	0x01	

Unlink Data 2



_			
2	2	length	0x018A
4	1	type	0x01
5	2	random	0x1234
7	394	JSON object	{
			"applicationID": "2",
			"applicationName": "app1",
			"deviceName": "dev_00000001",
			"devEui": "ff000000000001",
			"rxInfo": [
			{
			"gatewayID": "54c345fffed5a1e3",
			"name": "54c345fffed5a1e3",
			"time": "2021-11-19T01:51:01.136686Z",
			"rssi": -107,
			"loRaSNR": 7.5,
			"location": {
			"longitude": 118.03394,
			"latitude": 24.48405,
			"altitude": 89
			}
			}
],
			"txInfo": {
			"frequency": 923400000,
			"dr": 4
			},
			"adr": false,
			"fCnt": 4,



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	1	r			
			"fPort": 32,		
			"data": "YWJjZA==	="	
			}		
				Description	Туре
			applicationID	Application ID	string
			applicationName	Application Name	string
			deviceName	Device Name	string
			devEui	Device EUI	string
			rxInfo	Gateway Information for Received	Struct
				Data	Array
			- gatewayID	Gateway EUI	string
			- name	Gateway Name	string
			- time	GPS Time	string
			- rssi	Signal Strength	float64
			- loRaSNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio	float64
			- location	GPS Location (Empty when no GPS	
				signal)	
			- longitude	Longitude	float64
			- latitude	Latitude	float64
			- altitude	Altitude	float64
			TxInfo	Device Data Transmission Parameters	
			- frequency	Frequency	uint32
			- dr	Rate	uint8
			adr	ADR Request Status	bool
			fCnt	Uplink Frame Counter	uint32
			fPort	Uplink Port	uint8
			data	Business Data (Base64 encoded	string
				format)	
<u> </u>			L	l	



3. Join Data

Offset	Bytes	Function	Value or Description		
0	1	header	0xFE	0xFE	
1	1	version	0x01		
2	2	length	0x007B		
4	1	type	0x03		
5	2	random	0x1234		
7	123	JSON	{		
		object	"applicationID": "2",		
			"applicationName": '	'app1",	
			"deviceName": "dev_	_00000001",	
			"devEui": "ff000000	00000001",	
			"devAddr": "032013;	ac"	
			}		
				Description	Туре
			applicationID	Application ID	string
			applicationName	Application Name	string
			deviceName	Device Name	string
			devEui	Device Unique Identifier	string
			devAddr	Short Address Assigned by Device	string
				Joining	

4. Downlink Data

Offset	Bytes	Function	Value or Description
0	1	header	0xFE
1	1	version	0x01
2	2	length	0x004D
4	1	type	0x02
5	2	random	0x1234
7	77	JSON	{

<u>11</u> ≡®		F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gatewa	ay User Manual
object	"devEui": "ff00000	000000001",	
	"confirmed": false,		
	"fPort": 10,		
	"data": "YWJjZA=	="	
	}		
		Description	Туре
	devEui	Device EUI	string
	confirmed	Whether to acknowledge the packet	bool
		(default is false)	
	fPort	port (default is 10)	uint8
	data	business data sent (base64 encoded)	string

• Convenient test data (the data above contains spaces, which may cause transmission failures at times)

{"devEui":"ff000000000001","confirmed":true,"fPort":10,"data":"MTIzNA=="}

Note: You can use the TCP Packet Tool on the webpage (Path: LoRa Network Server -> Interface -> Data Transformation -> TCP Packet Tool) to generate corresponding data for testing, as shown below:

	and the second se	
ALC: Unserved	have been as a second of the s	100
1000		
22311723		
221010-1012		

The data that can be used for testing with TCP server (devEui may need to be modified during testing) includes::

fe01004b0204427b22646576455549223a226666630303030303030303030303030303031222 c22636f6e6669726d6564223a747275652c2266506f7274223a31302c2264617461223a2 24d54497a4e413d3d227d

5.	Downlink	Acknowledgment	Packet Response
----	----------	----------------	-----------------

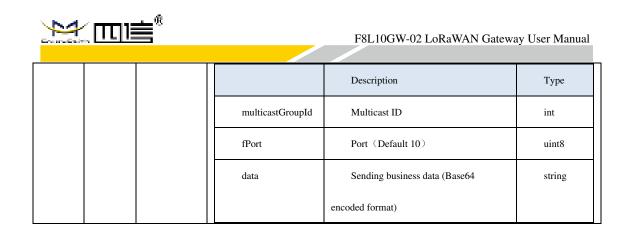
Offset	Bytes	Function	Description or Value
0	1	header	0xFE
1	1	version	0x01
2	2	length	0x0000



4	1	type	0x05			
5	2	random	0x1234			
7	77	JSON	{			
		object	"applicationID": "1'	,		
			"applicationName":	"app1",		
			"deviceName": "dev	/_00000000",		
			"devEui": "6e0000000	0000000",		
			"acknowledged": true			
			}			
				Description	Туре	
			applicationID	Application ID	String	
			applicationName	Application Name	String	
			deviceName	Device Name	String	
			devEui	Device Unique Identifier	String	
			acknowledged	Response Status (Success: true)	Bool	

6. Downlink Multicast Data

Offset	Bytes	Function	Value or Description
0	1	header	0xFE
1	1	version	0x01
2	2	length	0x0000
4	1	type	0x04
5	2	random	0x1234
7	77	JSON	{
		object	"multicastGroupId": 1,
			"fPort": 10,
			"data": "YWJjZA=="
			}



• Convenient test data

{"multicastGroupId":1,"fPort":10,"data":"YWJjZA=="}

Note: You can utilize the TCP Packet Tool on the web page (Path: LoRa Network Server \rightarrow Interface \rightarrow Data Conversion \rightarrow TCP Packet Tool) to generate corresponding data for testing, as shown below:

		The bacardia size		
	and the second second			-
Calver les all			and the second se	

The converted result can be used for testing by sending it to the TCP server. The content of the example above is:

223a2259574a6a5a413d3d227d

7. Heartbeat Data



Offset	Bytes	Functions		Value or Description	
0	1	header	0xFE		
1	1	version	0x01		
2	2	length	0x01BC		
4	1	type	0x00		
5	2	random	0x1234		
7	n	JSON	{		
		object	"gateways": [{		
			"gatewa	yID": "54D0B4FFFE3AB6CE",	
			"lastSe	enAt": "2021-11-18 15:34:02",	
			"isOnli	ne": true,	
			"longit	ude": 118.03394,	
			"latitu	de": 24.48405	
			}],		
			"applications":	[{	
			"applic	ationID": 1,	
			"name":	"烟感",	
			"device	Num": 10,	
				tNum": 7,	
				Join": false	
			}]		
			}		
				Description	Types
			gateways	Gateway information array	
			- gatewayID	Gateway unique code	string
			- lastSeenAt	Last uplink time of the gateway	string
			- isOnline	Online status (true: online, false:	bool
				offline)	
			- longitude	Longitude	float64
			- latitude	Latitude	float64
			applications	Application information array	
			- applicationID	Application ID	int
			- name	Application name	string
			- deviceNum	Total number of devices under this	int
				application	
			- activatNum	Number of activated (joined) devices	int
			- isAutoJoin	Whether the application allows	bool
				automatic device addition during	
				network activation	



4.1.4.4 HTTP Push Data Format

- HTTP is configured for each application at the path: LoRa Network Server → Application → View (corresponding APP) → Interface Management.
- The data content pushed by HTTP is in JSON format, consistent with the JSON content of MQTT and TCP methods (please refer to the previous two chapters).
- When JavaScript function parsing is configured, the JSON data will no longer use the default data format but will use the converted data format.
- HTTP only supports pushing and does not support downstream data.

4.1.4.5 JavaScript Function Transformation Method

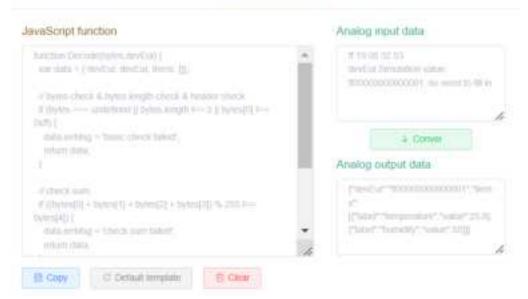
- The function of this transformation method:
 - When receiving uplink data, it converts the hexadecimal data (or string) reported by the device into JSON format corresponding field data. This allows integration with specific platforms without the need for customization.
 - When receiving downlink data, it converts the JSON data sent by the customer platform into corresponding hexadecimal data, and then sends this hexadecimal data to the device.
- The transformation function is not configured by default, and the default data format is used when not configured.
- The gateway supports function transformation for both uplink and downlink data, and it is disabled by default.
- 1. Uplink Data Transformation
- When the device reports data as the hexadecimal number ff 19 08 32 53, it can be transformed into the following JSON data:
 {"devEui":"ff000000000001","items":[{"label":"temperature","value":25.8},{"label":"h umidity","value":50}]}

umidity","value":50}]} (where ft is the fixed header of the protocol, 19 is the integer part of the temperature value, 08 is the decimal part of the temperature value, 32 is the humidity value, and 53 is the checksum). After successful configuration, the JSON-formatted data received by the client will be as described above.

 Configuration Path: LoRa Network Server → Interface → Data Conversion → Upstream Data Format



Uplink data format



- 2. Downlink Data Transformation
- When the device sends data {"devEui": "ff000000000001", "cmdCode": 1, "heartbeatCycle": 60} (after function transformation) it will be converted to 01 3c (01-command code for heartbeat cycle configuration, 3c-heartbeat cycle value), which will be sent to the terminal.
- Configuration Path: LoRa Network Server → Interface → Data Transformation → Downlink Data Format

avaScript function	Analog input data
$\label{eq:linear} \begin{aligned} & \text{harmonic fitter in } \{ \\ & \text{where learns } \{ B, \\ & \text{try here} \{ 0 \} = 10, \text{ at part} \\ & \text{try here} \{ 1 \} = 10, \text{ at part} \\ & \text{try here} \{ 1 \} = 10, \text{ at } D \text{ subconductional}, t \text{ -significances} \\ \end{aligned}$	frakkur, moodoodoodoottir, heelCodet 1, fearthaattydet Arj
In Instance 2 - 5 - Installant for point (= 0, +) (and development(), i= -2) (bytes participation of the overlap current), 25, 702, 1	+ Conver Analog output data
3 flytne, 10-w filond to device comment byteng103 + stdg.cmciCoute; flatten[113 + stdg.tworttwortCpcle; return bytes; 3	01.3x



4.1.5 Common Platform Integration

4.1.5.1 Four-Faith Cloud NS

- The standard NS used by Four-Faith Cloud adopts the Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol.
- In this mode, the gateway implements data forwarding functionality.
- Configuration path: LoRa Gateway → Basic Settings. The main configurations include protocol, server address, and server port (UDP). The specific configurations are as follows:

Basic	Frequency Band Set	Beacon Set	Packet Filter	
			Gateway MAC	54D0B4FFFE5B006C
			Protocol	Semlech UDP GMMP Protocol
			Server Address	47.90.209.17
			Server Port(UDP)	27915
			Server Timeout(ms)	100
		,	Geepalive Interval (s)	10
			Internal UDP Port	1699
				Save & Modify

- **Open CSTool:** http://47.90.209.17:51868/#/ns/gateways
- Create a gateway.

Add Gateway			×
* GwID	eg transmissionerite		
* Name	es principal, f		
* Description	og All net		
		(C. Cauvei	

 Check the gateway status, as shown in the figure below, indicating that the gateway is already online.



4.1.5.2 ChirpStack Platform (GWMP)

- ChirpStack is a general open-source NS that supports multiple access methods, commonly used for GWMP protocol access.
- Configuration path: LoRa Gateway → Basic Settings, mainly configuring the protocol, server address, and server port (UDP). The specific configuration is as follows:

* Gateway MAC	54D084FFFE98006C
Protocol	Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol \sim
Server Address	47.90.209.17
Server Port(UDP)	27915
Server Timeout(ms)	100
Keepalive Interval (s)	10
Internal UDP Port	1699
	Save & Modify

4.1.5.3 ChirpStack Platform (LNS)

ChirpStack can be configured for Basicstation protocol access, which is generally used as LNS. It supports modes such as No Authentication or TLS Server Authentication. The following provides examples for configuring access in both ways.

1. LNS - No Authentication

• By configuring the protocol, server protocol type, URI, port, and mode selection, you can modify the settings successfully.

Marina 👷 📶	F8L10)GW-02 LoRaWAN C	ateway User Manual
* Gateway MAC	54D0B4FFFE9B006C		
Protocol	Basics Station	×.	
Server	LNS Server	~	
URI	wss://A39Q4NHH5TTZ8X.ins.iorawan.us-e	ast-1.amazonaws.com	
Port	443		
Authentication Mode	No Authentication		\sim
	Save & Modify		

• On the platform, the "Last seen at" for the gateway indicates the connection status of the gateway.

Gateways / FF00	00000000000a		
GATEWAY DETAILS	GATEWAY CONFIGURATION	CERTIFICATE	GATEWAY DISCOVERY
Gateway deta	ils		
Gateway ID		ff000000000000a	
Altitude		0 meters	
GPS coordinates		0, 0	
Last seen at		Apr 21, 2022 5:13 PM	

- 2. LNS TLS Server Authentication
- When configuring the gateway, the URI requires the corresponding domain name of the server, and the "trust" content is derived from the server's .pem file.

	F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gat	eway User M
[•] Gataway MAC	54C00847772398000C	
Protocol	Hancs Station -	
Server	1NB Server 🖓	
URI	web.ch35QaNeH107725K3m.knowenue-ced-1 anazonpve.com	
Port	40	
Authentication Mode	7LS Server Authentication	
trust	— ВЕСИН СЕЛПТРОИТЕ МЕЕТССА Таумевада миссовилартамилосовравааровевсилимодисти. Вриг меетсса таумевада миссовилартамилосовравааровевсилимодисти. Вриг виктанутика и интерститератика одууство о	N
	O Tase & Mody	

• The "Last seen at" of the gateway on the platform indicates the connection status of the gateway.

Gateways / FF00	00000000000a		
GATEWAY DETAILS	GATEWAY CONFIGURATION	CERTIFICATE	GATEWAY DISCOVERY
Gateway deta	ils		
Gateway ID		H000000000000000	
Abtude		0 meters	
GPS coordinates		0,0	
Last seen at	[Apr 21, 2022 5:14 PM	

4.1.5.4 AWS Platform (LNS)

• Creating a gateway on the AWS platform



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54D0B4FFFE9A0004	S4D0B4FFFE9A0004	
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编照 (RFRegion)		
EU868		*
SERVERMENT Los WEEKS Wingood,		
名称 - 可進		
gw_0004		
为想到尚书通明一个编述他名称,以为爱尔莱托,		
宿途 - 初き		
test gateway		

• Download the corresponding key generated by the gateway and configure the corresponding parameters for the gateway. Select the mode as TLS Server and Client Authentication. Boxes of the same color in the following image represent identical content.

		記書您的向关 ++	÷.
- Material	anis-terms.	N424 19-11-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	
letter.	herease .	mand Descaprometers	
(marked)		and reaching. Turnspeers. Historeasts.	
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• Continue to complete the creation of the gateway.



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至接到网关的本地网络 #用月米供应意入门编集,通过网关	输入您的网关和服务器信任 证书	将终端节点辅 用户界面	入您的阙关的
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4.1.5.5 AWS Platform (CPUS)

• Create a gateway on the AWS platform.



F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual

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gw_0004		
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副連 - 初時		
test gateway		

• Download the corresponding key generated by the gateway and configure the corresponding parameters for the gateway. Select the mode as TLS Server and Client Authentication. The boxes with the same color in the following image represent identical content.

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• Continue to complete the creation of the gateway.



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	Uplead 🕀	Endpoint, w	naamawa.com
车接到网关的本地网络	输入您的网关和服务器信任 证书	将终端节点辅 用户界面	入您的阙关的
使用阿外供应商入门偏南,通过阿州 的以大网络口或属本地 WI-Fi 直接连 崔到阿关。	如果怎之能已创建了证书,请通过网 关的用户界面将其上传。如果您的供 应意提供了网关配案的证书,您可以 就过此步骤。	相信的統論节点 時期意义與关定的	1981年1月2日) 19月初期日, 19月初期日,
	·宋成配置,要重新运动网头,请打开网;	51-11-11-11-11-12-1	

 After successfully configuring the gateway, you can view the gateway's connection status on the AWS platform.

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	-	and in our charge and some	Transaction			

4.1.5.6 TTN Platform (GWMP)

- The TTN platform supports both GWMP and Basicstation modes of access.
- When using the GWMP protocol, the configuration is the same as other platforms, requiring only the server IP and port settings.

		RaWAN Gateway U
" Gateway MAC	Popocadocadoca	
Protocol	Servitech UDP GWMP Protocol	-
Server Address	nu1.douid/firithings.network	
Server Pon(UDP)	1705	
Server Timeout(ms)	100	
Keepalive Interval (s)	10	
Internal UDP Port	1699	

• The server address and port information can be obtained from the global_conf.json file, which can be downloaded from the TTN platform.

gw_000a	00a	
• Other cluster ③		
General information		
Gateway ID	ff00000000000a	6
Gateway EUI	FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 0A	
Gateway description	test gateway	
Created at	Apr 22, 2022 09:49:59	
Last updated at	Apr 22, 2022 09:49:59	
Gateway Server address	eul.cloud.thethings.network	1
LoRaWAN information		
Frequency plan	EU_863_870	
Global configuration	1 Download global_conf.json	

• The server address and port can be found at the end of the file.

F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual



"gateway_conf": {
<u> "gateway_ID": "FF0000000000000A",</u>
"server_address": "eu1.cloud.thethings.network",
"serv_port_up": 1700,
"serv_port_down": 1700,
"servers": [
"gateway_ID": "FF0000000000000,",
"server_address": "eu1.cloud.thethings.network",
"serv_port_up": 1700,
"serv port down": 1700,
"serv enabled": true
}
}
3

 After successfully configuring the gateway, you can view the connection information on the TTN platform.

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Calmenty descention	halt gatemany	Sector and the Vic		
Control as	April 13, 2012 (M.A.C.S.A.			
	Apr 11, 1112 (m-minu)			

4.1.5.7 TTN Platform (LNS)

- The TTN platform also supports connection using the Basicstation's LNS protocol, with the mode set to TLS Server Authentication and Client Token.
- Add the gateway.



Add gateway

General settings

sugk	
iateway ID 🕲 *	
ff000000000000a	
ateway EUI ()	
FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 0A	
iateway name 🗇	
gw_000a	
ateway description (1)	
test gateway	

Gateway Server address

eu1.cloud.thethings.network

The address of the Gateway Server to connect to



Require authenticated connection ③

Enabled

Controls whether this gateway may only connect if it uses an authenticated Basic Station or MQTT connection

Gateway status 🕐

Make status public

The status of this gateway may be visible to other users

Gateway location (2)

Make location public

When set to public, the gateway location may be visible to other users of the network

Attributes ③

+ Add attributes

Attributes can be used to set arbitrary information about the entity, to be used by scripts, or simply for your own organization

LoRaWAN options

Freq		

Europe 863-870 MHz (SF12 for R02)

Schedule downlink late ③

Enabled

Enable server-side buffer of downlink messages

Enforce duty cycle 🗇



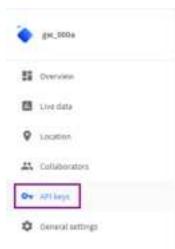
Recommended for all gateways in order to respect spectrum regulations

Schedule any time delay 🗇 *

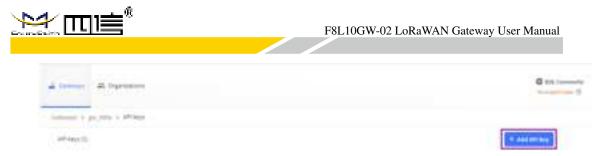
530	milliseconds	$ $ \vee
-----	--------------	------------

Configure gateway delay (minimum: 130ms, default: 530ms)

Obtain the token value.



Add API key



• Select according to the following image and create an API key.

hey	
ingter of	
	ant all correct and follow rights
	art ndividual rights
. 34	lect all
	Deletis gateway
	View gateway information
	Live as Outway to a Gateway Server for traffic exchange, i.e. write uptork and read downlink
122	View gateway tocation
	Betrieve secrets associated with a gateway
	View and odd gatemay APt keys
	Edit basic gateway aethogs
	View and edit gataway collaborators
	View gateway status
	Write downline gateway traffic
	Read galaxway traffic
	Store securizities a galaway

Token Explanation: token = Bearer + space + API key, for example, Bearer NNSXS...

Mana	a second a s	- F	- 8 <u>8</u> - 6 <i>1</i>	1(\$3567)
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• **Trust Explanation:** This content is from the file isrgrootx1.pem, which can be downloaded from the TTN platform. The file download path is:



https://www.thethingsindustries.com/docs/reference/root-certificates/#lets-encrypt

-	Second Se	C C Contractor	Approved Spectrosoftware (Spectrosoftware) Approved Spectrosoftware (Spectrosoftware) Approx. App
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URI Configuration

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	(amount)	1		1.4.11	

- **Port Configuration:** Fixed to 8887
- After the gateway configuration is successful, you can check the gateway's connection status to determine whether the connection is successful.

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Recordson and a second se	ps.305	*******	farmint +

4.1.6 Common Issues:

4.1.6.1 Gateway Status

1. Internal Program Status Troubleshooting

When using Semtech UDP GWMP Protocol or Build-in LoRa Server, you can check the logs for the presence of PullData and PullACK. If there is no response after waiting for 30 seconds, it indicates an issue with the gateway.



2.Can the gateway receive RF data

• Open the LoRa Packet Logger and transmit data or initiate device activation with a device configured on the same frequency as the gateway. If the LoRa Packet Logger can capture logs, it indicates that the RF module is functioning properly.

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		statistics and the										

4.1.6.2 Communication Device

1. Abnormal Reception of Uplink Data

- Antenna Verification: Ensure that the antennas on both the gateway and the terminal are set to the correct frequency band. Are the antennas installed correctly? Is the feeder line of the gateway installed correctly?
- Frequency Point Confirmation: Compare the frequency points configured on the device with those configured on the gateway to ensure consistency.
- Gateway LoRa Packet Logger: Open the LoRa packet logger on the gateway, have the terminal send data, or initiate network joining to see if the gateway can listen to the terminal's data.

2. Not receiving downlink data

- Confirm the correctness of antennas on both the gateway and the device. Check if they are operating on the correct frequency band and if the antenna connections are secure.
- Examine the packet logger to determine if there are logs indicating downlink data.
 - > For Class A devices, downlink data transmission occurs after an uplink



transmission from the device.

- > For Class C devices, downlink data is sent immediately.
- Verify if the frequency and data rate of the downlink data match the frequency and data rate that the device is listening on. (For Four-Faith modules, you can set DBL=2 to observe this.)
- Ensure that the device type is consistent between the device and the server:
 - For Class A devices, if the server is Class C, the data is sent immediately, but the device may not be in the receive window, resulting in data loss.
 - For Class C devices, if the server is Class A, the sent data won't be understood by the device until it sends an uplink again. Without an uplink, the device won't receive the data.

After adjusting the device or server device type, the device needs to be reconnected to synchronize.

4.1.6.3 Device Joining Exception

- First, check whether the gateway can receive the join request packet initiated by the device. If it cannot be received, please refer to the "Communication with Devices Troubleshooting."
- Embedded NS
 - Check whether the device has been entered into the embedded NS or if automatic device addition is enabled.
 - > For automatic device addition, verify if the AppEUI and AppKey are consistent.
 - > For devices that have been entered, confirm if the AppKey is consistent.
- External NS Server
 - > Check whether the device has been added to the platform.
 - Verify if the AppEUI and AppKey of the device are consistent. AppKey is a mandatory verification field, and AppEUI verification depends on the platform requirements.
- If the gateway can see the Join Accept downlink packet but the terminal does not receive it, check if the device's frequency band matches the NS frequency band. Inconsistency can result in the listening frequency or rate not matching the downlink, causing data to be unable to be received properly.

Note: The failure of device joining is not related to inconsistent device types. For example, if the device is class A and the server is class C, the joining process can still be successful.



4.1.6.4 Customer Platform Integration

- You can use the gateway's network diagnostic tool to ping the server's IP and check if the gateway network is functioning properly (Path: Network → Network Diagnostics → Ping).
- For MQTT type (Path: LoRa Network Server \rightarrow Interface \rightarrow Protocol Configuration):
 - > Check if the MQTT switch is turned on.
 - > Confirm the server's IP and port.
 - > Verify the MQTT connection status.
- For TCP type:
 - > Check if the corresponding TCP connection switch is turned on.
 - > Verify the server's address and port.
 - > Check the status of the corresponding connection.

4.1.6.5 Base64 encoding and decoding

• Online tool address: <u>https://base64.us/</u>





Seans enter	the characte	rs to be Base64	I encoded or decoded	
Errode The result of	Decode Batali 4 eno	1 Exchange ading or decode	Conting aborticat key (1991-0	Automatically select all after encoding/decodin
			a woodw/incode in the first heet	

- Mainly involves different data types with different encoding and decoding results, such as text (strings) or Hex (hexadecimal). The encoding and decoding configurations are in the advanced settings shown above.
- Encoding: (When sending downstream data, the data needs to be encoded in base64 format)

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Attai pressing the shaftout May	inter (South St.	The action performed after pressing the above province loss
Decode output Namuel	Betty in the second set	Not the output former phase instantic accounting. If the instance for an analysis of a set to cREETER management for all and a second of the output of the o
Foodet have formed	Suit III C.2	See the horses of Sample recentles caus. If the character but areading is not to GECTS, the setting to receils.

> Text type (1234 \rightarrow MTIzNA==)

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F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual



- Decoding: (The 'data' field content of the upstream push data needs to be decoded from base64 to actual content)
 - > Text type (MTIzNA== \rightarrow 1234)





4.1.7 DHCP-4G

The confection type

Connection Type

dhcp-4G/5G 🗸 🗸

The WAN port's IP address is obtained through DHCP-4G.

Online persistence

Keep Online Detection	Ping 🗸
Detection Interval	120 Sec.
Primary Detection Server IP	223 . 5 . 5 . 5
Backup Detection Server IP	208 . 67 . 220 . 220

"Online persistence" function is used to detect whether the Internet link is in a valid state. If this option is set, F8L10GW-02 will automatically check the Internet link. Once a link disconnection or invalid status is detected, the system will automatically reconnect and establish a valid link. If the network environment is poor or in a private network scenario, it is recommended to use Router mode.

Online persistence modes:

None: Do not use the online persistence function.

Ping: Send ping packets to check the link. If set to this mode, you must also correctly configure the "Online Persistence Check Interval," "Main Server IP for Online Persistence Check," and "Backup Server IP for Online Persistence Check" settings. **Route:** Use the route method to check the link. If set to this mode, you must also correctly configure the "Online Persistence Check Interval," "Main Server IP for Online Persistence Check," and "Backup Server IP for Online Persistence Check," settings.

PPP: Use the PPP method to check the link. If set to this mode, you must also correctly configure the "Online Persistence Check Interval" setting.

Online persistence check interval:

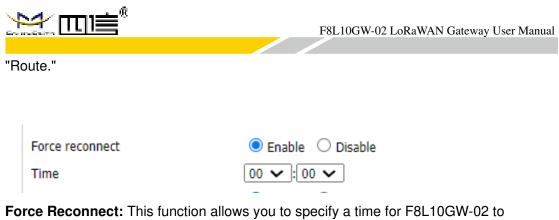
The time interval between two online persistence checks, in seconds.

Main server IP for online persistence check:

The IP address of the main server that responds to F8L10GW-02 online check packets. This configuration item is only valid when the "Online Persistence Mode" is set to "Ping" or "Route."

Backup server IP for online persistence check:

The IP address of the backup server that responds to F8L10GW-02 online check packets. This configuration item is only valid when the "Online Persistence Mode" is set to "Ping" or



Force Reconnect: This function allows you to specify a time for F8L10GW-02 to reconnect to the Internet.

Time: Enter the correct reconnect time.

STP		
STP	○ Enable	Disable
STP(Spanning Tree Proto	col)is an acronym for	the Spanning ⁻

STP(Spanning Tree Protocol) is an acronym for the Spanning Tree Protocol. This protocol can be applied to loop networks, using a specific algorithm to achieve path redundancy while pruning the loop network into a tree-like structure, thereby avoiding the proliferation of packets and infinite loops in the loop network.

4.1.8 Wireless WiFi

The main functions of the wireless Wi-Fi on the F8L10GW-02 base station/gateway are to provide parameter configuration and online upgrade capabilities.



4.1.8.1 Basic Configuration

weat Interface rati - SSID (r	our-Faith] HWAddr [F4:72:26:70.48.68]
Wreless Hode	(w v)
Wreless Network Mode	Mxed 💙
Wreiess Network Name (SSID)	Four Fath
Wreless Channel	(Auto 🗸)
Dannel Width	Auta 👻
Weless SSID Broadcast	Enable Disable
Retwork: Configuration	O Untridged * Endged

Enable: Activate the Wi-Fi.

Disable: Deactivate the Wi-Fi.

Wireless Mode: Choose from AP, Client, Ad-hoc, Repeater, and Repeater Bridge.

Wireless Network Mode:

Mixed: Supports wireless devices following 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n standards simultaneously.

BG-Mixed: Supports wireless devices following 802.11b and 802.11g standards simultaneously.

B-Only: Supports only wireless devices following the 802.11b standard.

G-Only: Supports only wireless devices following the 802.11g standard.

NG-Mixed: Supports wireless devices following 802.11g and 802.11n standards simultaneously.

N-Only: Supports only wireless devices following the 802.11n standard.

802.11n Transmission Mode: When the wireless network mode is set to "N-Only," choose its transmission mode:

Greenfield: Use this mode when you are certain that no other 802.11a/b/g devices in the surrounding environment use the same channel. This mode can improve throughput. If there are other 802.11a/b/g devices using the same channel in the environment, your transmitted information may experience errors and retransmissions.

Mixed: This mode is the opposite of the Greenfield mode but may reduce throughput. **Wireless Network Name (SSID):** The shared network name for all devices in the wireless network. The SSID is consistent across all devices. The SSID consists of alphanumeric characters, is case-sensitive, and should not exceed 32 characters.

Wireless Channel: There are channels 1-13 to choose from. In environments with



multiple wireless devices, try to avoid using the same channel as other devices.

Channel Width: Options for 20MHz and 40MHz are available.

Wide Channel: When the channel is set to 40MHz, you can choose either upper or lower. **Wireless SSID Broadcast:**

Enable: Broadcast SSID.

Disable: Hide SSID.

Network Configuration:

Bridged: Bridged to F8L10GW-02. In most cases, please choose Bridged.

Unbridged: Not bridged to F8L10GW-02. IP address needs to be configured manually.

Network Configuration	🖲 Unbridged 🛛 Bridged
Multicast forwarding	🔿 Enable 🔘 Disable
Masquerade / NAT	🔘 Enable 🔿 Disable
IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Subnet Mask	252 . 255 . 255 . 0

Virtual Interface: Click "Add" to create a virtual interface. After successful addition, click "Remove" to delete the virtual interface.

Virtual Interfaces ra1 SSID [vap]	
Wireless Network Name (SSID)	vap
Wireless SSID Broadcast	Enable O Disable
AP Isolation	🔿 Enable 🙁 Disable
Network Configuration	🔿 Unbridged 🛛 Bridged

AP Isolation: Isolates all wireless client devices, allowing them to access only the fixed network connected to the AP.

Note: Save Settings: Save changes. After modifying "Wireless Mode," "Wireless Network Mode," "Wireless Width," or "Wide Frequency" options, click this button first before configuring other options.

4.1.9 Management

4.1.9.1 Management

This page allows network administrators to manage specific functionalities of F8L10GW-02, ensuring access and security.



R	Router Password			
	Router Username	•••••		
	Router Password	•••••		
	Re-enter to confirm	•••••		

The new password length must not exceed 32 characters and should not contain any spaces. The confirmation password should match the new password you set; otherwise, the configuration will not be successful.

Warning

The default username is: admin.

We strongly recommend changing the factory default password, admin. This ensures that all users attempting to access and modify F8L10GW-02 must provide the correct password for access and usage.

Web Access

This feature allows you to manage F8L10GW-02 using either the HTTP or HTTPS protocol. If you choose to disable this feature, a manual restart will be required. You can also enable or disable the F8L10GW-02 information webpage, allowing password protection for this page (requiring the correct username and password input).

Web Access	
Protocol	НТТР П НТТР5
Auto-Refresh (in seconds)	3
Enable Info Site	Enable Disable
Info Site Password Protection	Enabled

Protocol: The web page supports protocols including HTTP and HTTPS.

Auto Refresh (seconds): Adjust the time interval for the web interface to automatically refresh. 0 indicates that this feature is disabled.

Display system information webpage before login: Enable or disable displaying the system information webpage before login.

System information webpage password protection: Enable or disable the password protection feature for the system information webpage.

	H	F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual
Remote Access		
Web GUI Management	🖲 Enable 🔿 Disable	e
Use HTTPS		
Web GUI Port	8088	(Default: 8088, Range: 1 - 65535)
Local Web GUI Port	8088	(Default: 8088, Range: 1 - 65535)
SSH Management	🗏 Enable 💿 Disable	e
SSH Remote Port	22	(Default: 22, Range: 1 - 65535)
Teinet Management	🔿 Enable 🙁 Disable	e 1)

Web Interface Management: This feature allows you to manage F8L10GW-02 remotely over the Internet. To disable this feature, keep the default settings, which is disabled. To enable this feature, select enable and use the specified port on your computer (default is 8080) to remotely manage F8L10GW-02. If you haven't set a password yet, you must also set the default password for your F8L10GW-02. To remotely manage F8L10GW-02, go to http://xxx.xxx.xxx.8080 (replace 'x' with the Internet IP address of F8L10GW-02, and 8080 represents the specified port) in your web browser's address bar. You will be prompted to enter the password for F8L10GW-02. If you use HTTPS, you need to specify the URL as https://xxx.xxx.xxx.8080 (not all firmware supports SSL rebuilding). **SSH Management:** You can enable SSH to remotely access F8L10GW-02 securely. Please note that to learn about the settings of the SSH daemon, you can access more information on the Services page.

Warning:

If the remote access feature of F8L10GW-02 is enabled, anyone who knows the Internet IP address and password of F8L10GW-02 will be able to change the settings of F8L10GW-02.

Telnet Management: Enable or disable remote Telnet functionality.

Cron	
Cron	Enable O Disable
Additional Cron Jobs	

Cron: The cron subsystem is for scheduling Linux commands that you plan to execute. In practice, you may need to use the command line or startup scripts.



Remote Management		
Remote Management	Enable O Disable	
Protocol	○ v1.0 🔍 v2.0	
Remote Login Server IP	121.43.158.101	
Remote Login Server Port	8039	(Default: 44008, Range: 1 - 65535)
Heart Interval	60	(Default: 60Sec.Range: 1 - 999)
3G Flow Upload Interval	300	(Default: 300Sec.Range: 1 - 86400)
Device Code	SN 🗸	
Device Type Description	Router	
Customized Local Domian	wifi.cn	

Device Management: Monitor and manage this F8L10GW-02 unit through a custom-developed remote management server, including parameter configuration, Wi-Fi advertising updates, and more.

4.1.9.2 Factory Default



Restore Factory Defaults: Clicking the "**Yes**" button and saving the settings will clear all configurations and restore them to the factory values. When restoring to default settings, all the changes you made will be lost. The default configuration for this function is set to "**No**". For more information, please click "**More**".



4.1.9.3 Firmware Upgrade

Firmware Upgrade Please select a file to upgrade	选择文件 未选择任何文件
Upg Do not	W A R N I N G rading firmware may take a few minutes. turn off the power or press the reset button!

Firmware Upgrade: This feature allows you to load new firmware onto the F8L10GW-02. New firmware versions will be released on www.four-faith.com and can be downloaded for free. If the F8L10GW-02 is functioning properly, there is no need to download the updated firmware version unless it includes new features you want to use.

Note: When upgrading the firmware of the F8L10GW-02, configuration settings may be lost, so be sure to backup the settings of the F8L10GW-02 before upgrading the firmware.

After the upgrade, reset to: If you want to reset the firmware version of the F8L10GW-02 to default settings after the upgrade, click the "Default Settings" option.

Click "Browse," select the firmware file to be upgraded, and then click the "Upgrade" button to start the firmware upgrade. The firmware upgrade may take a few minutes, so do not power off or press the reset button during the process.

4.1.9.4 Backup

This page is used to backup or restore the configuration file of the F8L10GW-02.



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 Backup Configuration

 Backup Settings

 Click the "Backup" button to download the configuration backup file to your computer.

 Restore Configuration

 Restore Settings

 Please select a file to restore

 透露文件

 WARNING

 Only upload files backed up using this firmware and from the same model of router. Do not upload any files that were not created by this interface!

If you want to backup the configuration file of the F8L10GW-02, click the "**Backup**" button. Follow the on-screen instructions.

If you want to restore the configuration file of the F8L10GW-02, click the "**Browse**" button, locate the backup file, and follow the on-screen instructions. After selecting the backup file, click the "**Restore**" button.

4.1.10 Status

Reuter Information		Belp Buster
dama		Router Name:
louter Name	Router	This is the specific table routec which you
louter Model	Router	10.
Terrenalia Venaleza 101.22	P8L3DGW-00TGW-32M v2.0 (Dec 22 2023 14:26:36) e86 - build	MAC Address:
AC Address	14:72-26:78:48:55	when by your 25P may little
2V	FGA100386549	Firmware Version:
Apat Name		This is the router's current



F8L10GW-02 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual

Fernivani: F8L10GW-301GW-32M v3.0 (Dec 22 2023 16:26/26) etd

Wireless Mobile Router

	-	2G/3G/4G/5G Title: 1	1:41:20 up 14 mir, kad everage: 0.61, 0.5 WM IP: 192.168.2 Language: English	
Control Concerned in	Statute Statute Statutes	att Access Restrictions Q	es App Admin Status	
System Information	i en	Services		
Router Name	Roder	DHCP Server	Enabled	
Router Hodel	Router	radeuth	Desibled	
LAN MAC	E4:22:26:78:48:E9			
WAN MAC	14:72:26:70:48:EA	Memory		
Wreless MAC	F4:72/26:78:48:EB	Total Available	121.7 MB / 128.0 MB	
WAN SP	192 168 255 150	Free	47.0 MB / 121.7 MB	
LAN 3P	192.168.1.1	Used	74.7 M0 / 121.7 M0	
		Buffers	11.4 MB / 74.7 MB	
Windess		Cached	44.0 MB / 74.7 MB	
Radio	Radio is On	Active	20.6 MB / 74.7 MB	
Hole	AP.	Inactive	40.6 ME / 74.7 MB	
feetmark.	Mand			
SSID	Pour-Peth	LOGIWAN		
Channel	3 (2422 MHz)	Server status	unconnected	

4.1.10.1 F8L10GW-02

þ	oRaWAN	
	Server status	unconnected
	Mac	
	GPS status	invaild
	Longitude	
	Latitude	
	Altitude	

Server Status: The connection status with the specified LoRaWAN server. Mac: The MAC address of the F8L10GW-02, serving as an identification code for different F8L10GW-02 devices recognized by the LoRaWAN server. GPS Status: Indicates whether there is GPS signal. Longitude, Latitude, Altitude: Information obtained from GPS.



Appendix

Capturing debug information through Console using HyperTerminal: Step-by-step guide and configuration methods (WINDOWS XP)

 Click on "Start" -> "Programs" -> "Accessories" -> "Communications" -> "HyperTerminal" (or directly click "Start" -> "Run" and type "hypertrm" to launch HyperTerminal).

60 0		키×
□ 请键入程序、文件系 联→ Vindows 研究员	i、文档成 Inter 时开它。	net 资理的经
打开 @): [hypertrm		3
	1 88	1 2003,000

The interface after launching HyperTerminal is as follows:

连接机械	<u>श ×</u>
Nite State	
输入活称并为该连接选择图程: 名称(B)	
ff	
图标(I):	
	ne Ria

- 2. Enter the connection name and select "OK."
- 3. Select the PC's physical serial port used to connect to the F8L10GW-02 Console port and choose "Confirm."



	<u>1</u>
8 11	
输入持续电话的评	(形成是:
蜀家(地区)(C):	中華入展井和图 (86)
区号(图):	-00
电话号码(图):	
连接时便用 (II):	0.001

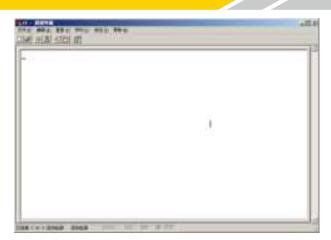
4. Select the PC's physical serial port used to connect to the F8L10GW-02 Console port and choose "Confirm."

Baud rate: 115200 Data bits: 8 Parity: None Stop bits: 1 Flow control: None

考验位置 (1)	115200	
教養位金	6	1
著傳統截 (1)	无	E
停止反应	1	-
新拓成技術 (2)	1.5	•

At this point, HyperTerminal is running normally.





If the user is using the Windows 7 system, they can download a HyperTerminal for Windows 7 online. Alternatively, they can use other commonly used serial interaction software with similar usage.

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CE RED Technical specification Frequency Bands: GSM 900: 880 MHz to 915 MHz GSM1800: 1710 MHz to 1785 MHz WCDMA Band I: 1920 MHz to 19780 MHz WCDMA Band VIII: 880 MHz to 915 MHz LTE Band 1: 1920 MHz to 1980 MHz LTE Band 3: 1710 MHz to 1785 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz to 2570 MHz LTE Band 8: 880 MHz to 915 MHz LTE Band 20: 832 MHz to 862 MHz LTE Band 28: 703 MHz to 748 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz to 2620 MHz LTE Band 40: 2305 MHz to 2400MHz WLAN 802.11b/g/n20: 2412 MHz to 2472MHz WLAN 802.11n40: 2422 MHz to 2462MHz LoRa: 863.2-869.8MHz GPS:1575.42 MHz BDS: 1561.098 MHz

Max power: GSM 900: 32.23dBm GSM1800: 31.21dBm WCDMA Band I: 23.06dBm WCDMA Band VIII: 23.36dBm LTE Band 1: 22.65dBm LTE Band 3: 22.52dBm LTE Band 3: 22.60dBm LTE Band 20: 22.56dBm LTE Band 28: 22.59dBm LTE Band 38: 22.56dBm LTE Band 40: 22.70dBm 2.4GHz WLAN: 15.67dBm LORa: 9.68dBm45BGTR

Modulation Mode:

GSM: GMSK for GSM/GPRS; GMSK and 8PSK for EDGE WCDMA: QPSK; HSDPA: QPSK/16QAM; HSUPA: BPSK LTE: QPSK/16QAM/64QAM 2.4G WLAN: 802.11b(DSSS): CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK 802.11g(OFDM): BPSK, QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM



802.11n(OFDM): BPSK, QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM GPS: BPSK

2.4G WIFI Channel Spacing: 5MHz WCDMA Channel Spacing: 200KHz GSM Channel Spacing: 200KHz

GSM/WCDMA/LTE: External Antenna, Gain(s): GSM 900: 1.6dBi, GSM1800: 1.6dBi; WCDMA: B1: 4dBi, B8: 4dBi; LTE: B1: 4dBi; B3: 4dBi; B7: 4dBi; B8: 4dBi; B20: 4dBi; B28: 4dBi; B38: 4dBi; B40: 4dBi; WLAN: External Antenna, Gain(s): 2.4GHz: 2.8dBi; LoRa: External Antenna, Gain(s): 2.5dBi. GNSS: FPC Antenna.

CE Maintenance

1.Use careful with the earphone maybe excessive sound pressure from earphones and headphones can cause hearing loss.



2.Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.

3. The product shall only be connected to a USB interface of version USB3.0.

4. Adapter shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

5.EUT Operating temperature range: 0° C to 50° C .

6. The device complies with RF specifications when the device used at 5mm you're your body. 7. To prevent possible hearing damage. Do not listen at high volume levels for long periods.

Declaration of Conformity

Xiamen Four-Faith Communication Technology Co., Ltd. hereby declares that this LoRaWAN is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU. In accordance with Article 10(2) and Article 10(10), This product is allowed to be used in all EU member states.



FCC Caution.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator & your body.