

# No. B19N00750-HAC RF Page 48 of 64

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
   In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149\_Jul18

Page 2 of 5

# No. B19N00750-HAC RF Page 49 of 64

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	89.8 V/m = 39.06 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	89.3 V/m = 39.02 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	23.9 dB	53.9 Ω + 5.4 jΩ
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	54.7 Ω + 6.3 jΩ
1900 MHz	23.4 dB	55.6 Ω + 4.5 jΩ
1950 MHz	30.3 dB	52.9 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	21.3 dB	44.2 Ω + 5.7 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

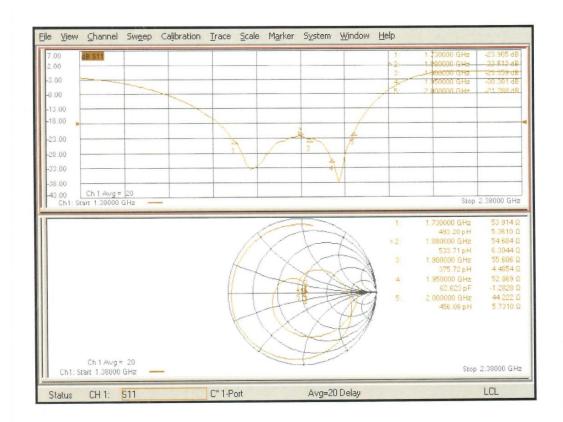
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149\_Jul18 Page



### Impedance Measurement Plot



# No. B19N00750-HAC RF Page 51 of 64

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1149

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma=0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r=1$  ;  $\rho=0$  kg/m  $^3$ 

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 160.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

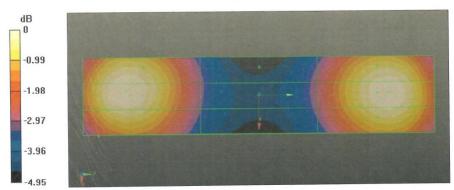
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.06 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.67 dBV/m		Grid 3 <b>M2</b> <b>39.01 dBV/m</b>
Total Section Control	Grid 5 M2 36.15 dBV/m	The second secon
Grid 7 M2 38.79 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 39.02 dBV/m	



0 dB = 89.78 V/m = 39.06 dBV/m



## Dipole 2600 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

CTTL-SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1020\_Oct18

	ERTIFICATI		
Object	CD2600V3 - SN:	1020	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air		
Calibration date:	October 23, 2018	3	
		onal standards, which realize the physical unit	·
The measurements and the uncertain	ainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages and	d are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conducte	ed in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
		, ,	,
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)	Mar-19
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19
	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards			
AL	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102		In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	100 1400 A 044 040 000 PM 040 040 040 040 0	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19 Signature
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1020\_Oct18

Page 1 of 5



# No. B19N00750-HAC RF Page 53 of 64

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1020\_Oct18 Page 2 of 5



### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	86.2 V/m = 38.71 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.2 V/m = 38.61 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	18.6 dB	42.7 Ω - 8.2 jΩ
2550 MHz	27.1 dB	45.9 Ω + 1.2 jΩ
2600 MHz	32.4 dB	48.3 Ω + 1.6 jΩ
2650 MHz	36.6 dB	51.2 Ω + 1.0 jΩ
2750 MHz	19.3 dB	50.9 Ω - 11.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

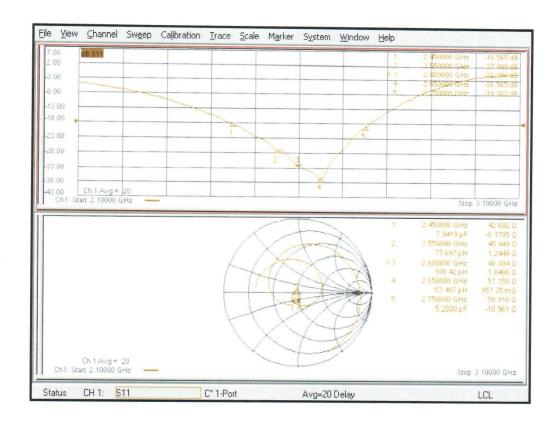
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



### Impedance Measurement Plot



# No. B19N00750-HAC RF Page 56 of 64

### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 23.10.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1020

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma=0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r=1$ ;  $\rho=0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section w

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 64.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

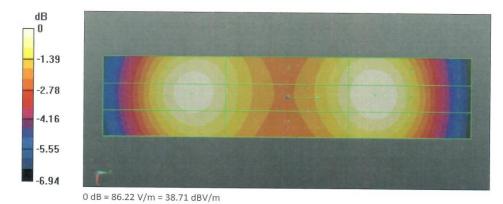
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.71 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
38.32 dBV/m	38.61 dBV/m	38.53 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.96 dBV/m	38.19 dBV/m	38.15 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 M2
38.48 dBV/m	38.71 dBV/m	38.63 dBV/m



1000 mg - 1000 mg -

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1020\_Oct18



## **ANNEX E UID Specification**

### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Name: CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.

Group: CDMA2000 UID: 10295-AAB

PAR: 1 12.49 dB MIF: 2 3.26 dB

Standard Reference: 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1, Chapter 2.1.3.9.2.3

FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices (v02)

Category: Random amplitude modulation

Modulation: 64-ary orthogonal

Frequency Band: Band Class 0 (815.0-849.0 MHz, 20220)

Band Class 1 (1850.0-1910.0 MHz, 20040)
Band Class 2 (872.0-915.0 MHz, 20041)
Band Class 3 (887.0-925.0 MHz, 20042)
Band Class 4 (1750.0-1780.0 MHz, 20043)
Band Class 5 (411.7-483.5 MHz, 20044)
Band Class 6 (1920.0-1980.0 MHz, 20045)
Band Class 7 (776.0-794.0 MHz, 20046)
Band Class 8 (1710.0-1785.0 MHz, 20047)
Band Class 9 (880.0-915.0 MHz, 20048)
Band Class 10 (806.0-901.0 MHz, 20049)
Band Class 11 (410.0-462.5 MHz, 20051)

Band Class 10 (806.0-901.0 MHz, 20049)
Band Class 11 (410.0-462.5 MHz, 20050)
Band Class 12 (870.0-876.0 MHz, 20051)
Band Class 13 (2500.0-2570.0 MHz, 20179)
Band Class 14 (1850.0-1915.0 MHz, 20180)
Band Class 15 (1710.0-1755.0 MHz, 20181)
Band Class 16 (2502.0-2568.0 MHz, 20182)
Band Class 18 (787.0-799.0 MHz, 20184)
Band Class 19 (698.0-716.0 MHz, 20185)
Band Class 20 (1626.5-1660.5 MHz, 20186)

Band Class 21 (2000.0-2020.0 MHz, 20187)

Detailed Specification: Radio Configuration 1 (RC1)

Service Option 3 (SO3)

Speech codec: 8k EVRC (Enhanced Voice Rate Codec)

1/8th frame rate

Bandwidth: 1.2 MHz
Integration Time: 500.0 ms

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

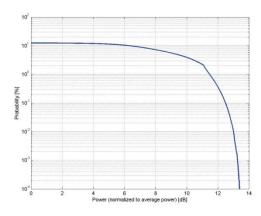
**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10295-AAB page 1/2

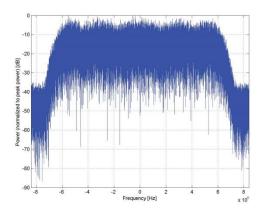
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

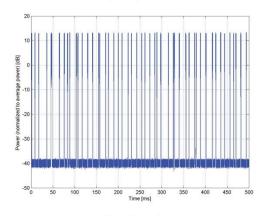


Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



## Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)





**Time Domain** 



## Schmid & Partner

Name:

MIF:

**Engineering AG** 

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)

 Group:
 LTE-FDD

 UID:
 10176-CAE

 PAR: 1
 6.52 dB

Standard Reference: 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.101 V8.4.0

3GPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0

FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v01 Random amplitude modulation

Modulation: 16-QAM

Frequency Band: Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz)

-9.76 dB

Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz)
Band 2, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz)
Band 3, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz)
Band 4, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz)
Band 5, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 849.0 MHz)
Band 6, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 840.0 MHz)
Band 7, E-UTRA/FDD (850.0 - 2570.0 MHz)
Band 8, E-UTRA/FDD (1740.0 - 1784.9 MHz)
Band 9, E-UTRA/FDD (1740.0 - 1770.0 MHz)
Band 10, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1770.0 MHz)
Band 11, E-UTRA/FDD (1990.0 - 716.0 MHz)
Band 12, E-UTRA/FDD (777.0 - 787.0 MHz)
Band 13, E-UTRA/FDD (777.0 - 787.0 MHz)
Band 14, E-UTRA/FDD (7780.0 - 798.0 MHz)
Band 14, E-UTRA/FDD (7780.0 - 798.0 MHz)
Band 14, E-UTRA/FDD (7780.0 - 798.0 MHz)

Band 14, E-UTRA/FDD (788.0 - 798.0 MHz)
Band 17, E-UTRA/FDD (704.0 - 716.0 MHz)
Band 18, E-UTRA/FDD (815.0 - 830.0 MHz)
Band 18, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 845.0 MHz)
Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 845.0 MHz)
Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 862.0 MHz)
Band 21, E-UTRA/FDD (841.0 - 862.0 MHz)
Band 22, E-UTRA/FDD (3410.0 - 3490.0 MHz)
Band 23, E-UTRA/FDD (2000.0 - 2020.0 MHz)
Band 24, E-UTRA/FDD (1626.5 - 1660.5 MHz)
Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1915.0 MHz)
Band 26 E-UTRA/FDD (814.0 - 849.0 MHz)
Band 27 E-UTRA/FDD (814.0 - 849.0 MHz)
Band 28 E-UTRA/FDD (703.0 - 748.0 MHz)
Band 30, E-UTRA/FDD (2305.0 - 2315.0 MHz)
Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 2010.0 MHz)
Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1780.0 MHz)

Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1780.0 MHz) Band 68, E-UTRA/FDD (698.0 - 728.0 MHz) Band 70, E-UTRA/FDD (1695.0 - 1710.0 MHz) Band 71, E-UTRA/FDD (663.0 - 698.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz)

Detailed Specification: Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA

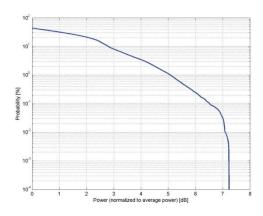
Number of PUSCHs: 1 Settings for Subframe #0 to #9: Modulation Scheme: QPSK Data Type: UL-SCH Number RB: 1 Transport Block Size: 256 TBS Index: 14 MCS Index: 15

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

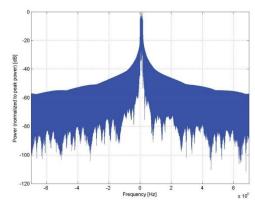
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

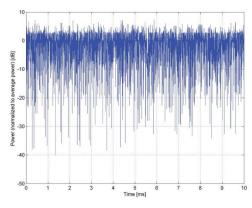


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### Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)





Time Domain



## Schmid & Partner

Name:

Bandwidth: Integration Time:

**Engineering AG** 

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)

LTE-FDD Group: UID: 10170-CAD PAR: 1 MIF: 2 6.52dB

Standard Reference: 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.101 V8.4.0

3GPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0

FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v01 Random amplitude modulation Category:

-9.76 dB

16-QAM

Frequency Band: Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz)

Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz) Band 2, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz) Band 3, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz) Band 4, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1755.0 MHz) Band 7, E-UTRA/FDD (2500.0 - 2570.0 MHz) Band 9, E-UTRA/FDD (1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz) Band 10, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1770.0 MHz) Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (832.0 - 862.0 MHz) Band 22, E-UTRA/FDD (3410.0 - 3490.0 MHz) Band 23, E-UTRA/FDD (2000.0 - 2020.0 MHz) Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1915.0 MHz) Band 28 E-UTRA/FDD (703.0 - 748.0 MHz) Band 65, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 2010.0 MHz) Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1780.0 MHz) Band 70, E-UTRA/FDD (1695.0 - 1710.0 MHz) Band 71, E-UTRA/FDD (663.0 - 698.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz)

Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA Detailed Specification:

Number of PUSCHs: 1 Settings for Subframe #0 to #9: Modulation Scheme: 16QAM Data Type: UL-SCH Number RB: 1 Transport Block Size: 256

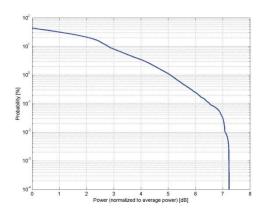
TBS Index: 14 MCS Index: 15 Data Type: PN9 20.0 MHz 10.0 ms

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

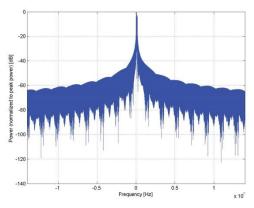
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

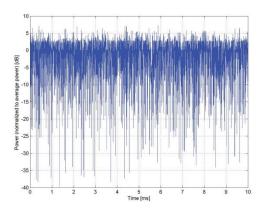


Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



### Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)





**Time Domain** 



#### Schmid & Partner

Name:

**Engineering AG** 

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)

Group: UID: 10173-CAD PAR: 1 MIF: 2 9.48 dB -1.44 dB

Standard Reference: 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.101 V8.4.0

3GPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0 FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02 Random amplitude modulation Category:

16-QAM Band 33, E-UTRA/TDD (1900.0 - 1920.0 MHz) Frequency Band:

Band 35, E-UTRA/TDD (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz) Band 36, E-UTRA/TDD (1930.0 - 1990.0 MHz) Band 37, E-UTRA/TDD (1910.0 - 1930.0 MHz) Band 38, E-UTRA/TDD (2570.0 - 2620.0 MHz) Band 39, E-UTRA/TDD (1880.0 - 1920.0 MHz) Band 40, E-UTRA/TDD (2300.0 - 2400.0 MHz) Band 41, E-UTRA/TDD (2496.0 - 2690.0 MHz) Band 42, E-UTRA/TDD (3490.0 - 3690.0 MHz)
Band 43, E-UTRA/TDD (3600.0 - 3600.0 MHz)
Band 44, E-UTRA/TDD (703.0 - 803.0 MHz)
Band 44, E-UTRA/TDD (703.0 - 803.0 MHz) Band 46, E-UTRA/FDD (5150.0 - 5925.0 MHz) Band 47, E-UTRA/TDD (5855.0 - 5925.0 MHz) Band 48, E-UTRA/TDD (3550.0 - 3700.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz)

Detailed Specification: Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA

Uplink-downlink configuration: 1 Special Subframe configuration: 4 Number of Frames: 1

Settings for UL Subframe 2,3,7,8: Number of PUSCHs: 1

Modulation Scheme: 16QAM Allocated RB: 1 Start Number of RB: 50 Data Type: PN9fix 20.0 MHz

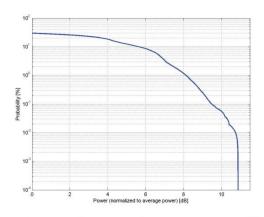
Bandwidth:

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

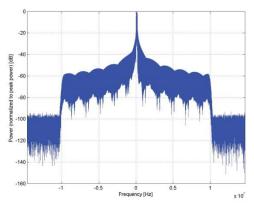
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

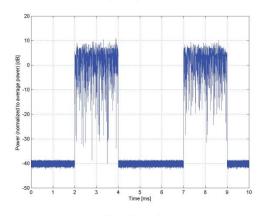


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## Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)





**Time Domain**