

## THANK YOU!

We are grateful you decided to purchase this **KENWOOD** FM transceiver. **KENWOOD** always provides Amateur Radio products which surprise and excite serious hobbyists. This transceiver is no exception. This time **KENWOOD** presents a mobile with a built-in TNC to make data communications much more convenient than before. **KENWOOD** believes that this product will satisfy your requests on both voice and data communications.

## FEATURES

### MODELS COVERED BY THIS MANUAL

The models listed below are covered by this manual.

**TM-D700A:** 144/440 MHz FM Dual Bander  
(U.S.A./ Canada)

**TM-D700E:** 144/430 MHz FM Dual Bander  
(Europe)

**TM-D700A:** 144/430 MHz FM Dual Bander  
(General market)

## NOTICES TO THE USER

One or more of the following statements may be applicable:

### FCC WARNING

*This equipment generates or uses radio frequency energy. Changes or modifications to this equipment may cause harmful interference unless the modifications are expressly approved in the instruction manual. The user could lose the authority to operate this equipment if an unauthorized change or modification is made.*

### INFORMATION TO THE DIGITAL DEVICE USER REQUIRED BY THE FCC

*This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.*

*This equipment generates, uses and can generate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:*

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer for technical assistance.

When condensation occurs inside the transceiver:

*Condensation possibly occurs inside the transceiver in such a case where the room is warmed using a heater on cold days or where the transceiver is quickly moved from a cold room to a warm room. When condensation occurs, the microcomputer and/or the transmit/receive circuits may become unstable, resulting in transceiver malfunction. If this happens, turn OFF the transceiver and just wait for a while. When the condensed droplets disappear, the transceiver will function normally.*

## PRECAUTIONS

Please observe the following precautions to prevent fire, personal injury, and transceiver damage:

- When operating mobile, do not attempt to configure your transceiver while driving because it is simply too dangerous.
- Be aware of local laws pertaining to the use of headphones/headsets while driving on public roads. If in doubt, do not wear headphones while mobilizing.
- Do not transmit with high output power for extended periods. The transceiver may overheat.
- Do not modify this transceiver unless instructed by this manual or by **KENWOOD** documentation.
- Do not expose the transceiver to long periods of direct sunlight nor place the transceiver close to heating appliances.
- Do not place the transceiver in excessively dusty areas, humid areas, wet areas, nor on unstable surfaces.
- If an abnormal odor or smoke is detected coming from the transceiver, turn OFF the power immediately. Contact a **KENWOOD** service station or your dealer.
- The transceiver is designed for a 13.8 V power source. Never use a 24 V battery to power the transceiver.

## SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES

A market code (K, E, or M4) can be found on the label attached on the package box.

| Accessory                                   | Part Number | Quantity |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Microphone                                  |             |          |
| K: MC-53DM                                  | T91-0586-XX | 1        |
| E/ M4: MC-45                                | T91-0396-XX | 1        |
| DC power cable                              | E30-2111-XX | 1        |
| Transceiver fuse (15 A)                     | F51-0017-XX | 1        |
| Front panel mounting bracket (one pair)     | J29-0663-XX | 1        |
|                                             | J29-0664-XX | 1        |
| Main-unit mounting bracket                  | J29-0628-XX | 1        |
| Microphone hanger (K only)                  | J19-1526-XX | 1        |
| Screw set for main unit                     |             |          |
| K <sup>1</sup>                              | N99-0382-XX | 1        |
| E/ M4                                       | N99-0331-XX | 1        |
| Screw set for front panel                   | N99-2014-XX | 1        |
| Modular plug cable                          | E30-3391-XX | 1        |
| Cushion <sup>2</sup>                        | J02-0488-XX | 4        |
| Warranty card (U.S.A./ Canada/ Europe only) | —           | 1        |
| Instruction manual                          |             |          |
| Main                                        | B62-1228-XX | 1        |
| Specialized Communications                  | B62-XXXXXX  | 1        |

<sup>1</sup> The screw set includes screws for attaching the microphone hanger {page XX}.

<sup>2</sup> When using the transceiver as a fixed station, you may put these cushions under the main unit to prevent it from scratching the desktop.

## CONVENTIONS FOLLOWED IN THIS MANUAL

The writing conventions described below have been followed to simplify instructions and avoid unnecessary repetition.

| Instruction                             | What to do                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Press <b>[KEY]</b> .                    | Press and release <b>KEY</b> .                                                                                        |
| Press <b>[KEY] (1 s)</b> .              | Press and hold <b>KEY</b> for 1 second or longer.                                                                     |
| Press <b>[KEY1]</b> , <b>[KEY2]</b> .   | Press <b>KEY1</b> momentarily, release <b>KEY1</b> , then press <b>KEY2</b> .                                         |
| Press <b>[KEY]+POWER ON</b> .           | With transceiver power OFF, press and hold <b>KEY</b> , then turn ON the transceiver power by pressing <b>[PWR]</b> . |
| Press <b>[F] (1 s)</b> , <b>[KEY]</b> . | Press and hold <b>[F]</b> for 1 second or longer, then press <b>KEY</b> .                                             |
| Press <b>[F]</b> , <b>[KEY] (1 s)</b> . | Press <b>[F]</b> momentarily, release <b>[F]</b> , then press and hold <b>KEY</b> for 1 second or longer.             |
| Press <b>[F]+[KEY]</b> .                | Press and hold <b>[F]</b> , then press <b>KEY</b> .                                                                   |

# PREPARATION

## MOBILE INSTALLATION

This transceiver asks you to install the front panel and main unit at separate positions. Select safe, convenient locations inside your vehicle that minimize danger to your passengers and yourself while the vehicle is in motion. For example, consider installing the front panel under the dash in front of the passenger seat so that knees or legs will not strike the panel during sudden braking of your vehicle. Try to pick well-ventilated locations that are shielded from direct sunlight.

**Note:** Unlike the previous **KENWOOD** mobile transceivers, this transceiver does not allow the front panel and main unit to be joined.

### ■ Installation Example

### ■ Installation Steps

## MODULAR PLUG CABLE CONNECTION

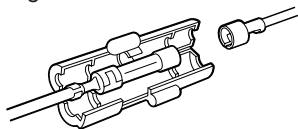
Use the supplied modular plug cable to connect the front panel to the main unit.

## DC POWER CABLE CONNECTION

### ■ Mobile Operation

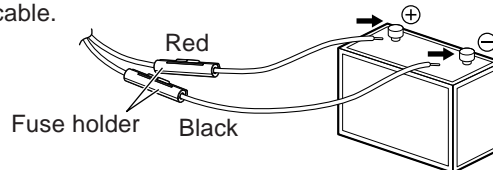
The vehicle battery must have a nominal rating of 12 V. Never connect the transceiver to a 24 V battery. Be sure to use a 12 V vehicle battery that has sufficient current capacity. If the current to the transceiver is insufficient, the display may darken during transmission, or transmit output power may drop excessively.

- 1 Route the DC power cable supplied with the transceiver directly to the vehicle's battery terminals using the shortest path from the transceiver.
  - If using a noise filter, it should be installed with an insulator to prevent it from touching metal on the vehicle.
  - It is not recommended to use the cigarette lighter socket since some cigarette lighter sockets introduce an unacceptable voltage drop.
  - If the power cable must be routed through a hole in the vehicle chassis or body, for example in the firewall at the front of the passenger compartment, use a rubber grommet to protect the cable from abrasion. Dismantle the fuse holder to pass the cable through the firewall.



- The entire length of the cable must be dressed so it is isolated from heat, moisture, and the engine secondary (high voltage) ignition system/ cables.

- 2 After the cable is in place, wind heat-resistant tape around the fuse holder to protect it from moisture. Tie down the full run of cable.
- 3 To prevent the risk of short circuits, disconnect other wiring from the negative (–) battery terminal before connecting the transceiver.
- 4 Confirm the correct polarity of the connections, and attach the power cable to the battery terminals; red connects to the positive (+) terminal, black connects to the negative (–) terminal.
  - Use the full length of the cable without cutting off excess even if the cable is longer than required. In particular, never remove the fuse holders from the cable.



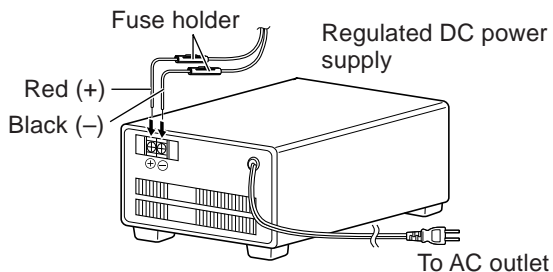
- 5 Reconnect any wiring removed from the negative terminal.
- 6 Connect the DC power cable to the transceiver's power supply connector.
  - Press the connectors firmly together until the locking tab clicks.

## ■ Fixed Station Operation

In order to use this transceiver for fixed station operation, you will need a separate 13.8 V DC power supply that must be purchased separately. The recommended current capacity of your power supply is 12 A.

1 Connect the DC power cable to the regulated DC power supply and check that polarities are correct (Red: positive, Black: negative).

- DO NOT directly connect the transceiver to an AC outlet!
- Use the supplied DC power cable to connect the transceiver to a regulated power supply.
- Do not substitute a cable with smaller gauge wires.



2 Connect the transceiver's DC power connector to the connector on the DC power cable.

- Press the connectors firmly together until the locking tab clicks.

### **Note:**

- ◆ For your transceiver to fully exhibit its performance capabilities, the following optional power supply is recommended: PS-33 (20.5 A, 25% duty cycle).
- ◆ Before connecting the DC power supply to the transceiver, be sure to switch the transceiver and the DC power supply OFF.
- ◆ Do not plug the DC power supply into an AC outlet until you make all connections.

## ■ Replacing Fuses

If the fuse blows, determine the cause then correct the problem. After the problem is resolved, replace the fuse. If newly installed fuses continue to blow, disconnect the power cable and contact your dealer or nearest Service Center for assistance.

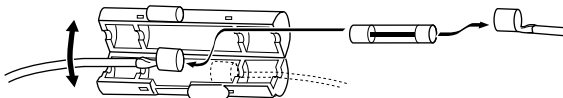
| Fuse Location                     | Fuse Current Rating |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Transceiver                       | 15 A                |
| Supplied Accessory DC Power Cable | 20 A                |



### CAUTION

Only use fuses of the specified type and rating; otherwise the transceiver could be damaged.

**Note:** If you use the transceiver for a long period when the vehicle battery is not fully charged, or when the engine is OFF, the battery may become discharged, and will not have sufficient reserves to start the vehicle. Avoid using the transceiver under these conditions.



## ANTENNA CONNECTION

Before operating, you must first install an efficient, well-tuned antenna. The success of your installation will depend largely on the type of antenna and its correct installation. The transceiver can give excellent results if the antenna system and its installation is given careful attention.

You should choose a 50  $\Omega$  impedance antenna to match the transceiver input impedance. Use low-loss coaxial feed line that also has a characteristic impedance of 50  $\Omega$ . Coupling the antenna to the transceiver via feed lines having an impedance other than 50  $\Omega$  reduces the efficiency of the antenna system, and can cause interference to nearby broadcast television receivers, radio receivers, and other electronic equipment.



### CAUTION

- ◆ Transmitting without first connecting an antenna or other matched load may damage the transceiver. Always connect the antenna to the transceiver before transmitting.
- ◆ All fixed stations should be equipped with a lightning arrester to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, and transceiver damage.

## ACCESSORY CONNECTIONS

### ■ External Speakers

If you plan to use external speakers, choose speakers with an impedance of  $8\ \Omega$ . The external speaker jacks accept a 3.5 mm (1/8") mono (2-conductor) plug. Recommended speakers include the SP-50B and SP-41.

For the U.S.A./ Canada version, a microphone hanger is supplied. Attach the hanger at an appropriate position using the screws included in the screw set.

### ■ Microphone

To communicate in the voice modes, connect a  $600\ \Omega$  microphone equipped with an 8-pin modular plug into the modular socket on the front of the main unit. Press firmly on the plug until the locking tab clicks.

# YOUR FIRST QSO

If you tend to discard instruction manuals along with the packaging material .....please don't. The 7 steps given here will get you on the air in your first QSO right away. So, you can enjoy the exhilaration that comes with opening a brand new transceiver.

After trying the rig for a while, settle back in your most comfortable operating chair with this manual and your favorite drink for an hour or two. The time spent will be worthwhile.

➊ Switch ON the DC power supply, then press the **PWR** switch.



➋ Turn the **VOL** and **SQL** controls to approximately 9 o'clock.



➌ Press **[BAND SEL]** to select the VHF or UHF band.



➍ Turn the **Tuning** control to select a frequency.



➎ Press and hold Mic **[PTT]**, then speak in a normal tone of voice.



➏ Release Mic **[PTT]** to receive.



➐ Repeat steps ➎ and ➏ to continue communication.

# GETTING ACQUAINTED

## FRONT PANEL

**Note:** This section describes only the main functions of the front panel controls and buttons. For the functions not described here, you will find explanations in the appropriate sections of this manual.

### ①

Recalls the Call channel {page XX}. Also starts or stops Call/VFO Scan {page XX} when in VFO mode, or Call/Memory Scan {page XX} when in Memory Recall mode.

### ②

Selects the VFO mode. In this mode you can change the operating frequency, using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**. Also provides:

- VFO Scan start to scan the entire VFO range {page XX}.
- Program Scan start to scan a programmed range of frequencies {page XX}.

### ③

Selects the Memory Recall mode {page XX}. In this mode you can change memory channels, using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**. Also starts Memory Scan {page XX}.

### ④

Selects:

- Operating frequencies when in VFO mode {page XX}.
- Memory channels when in Memory Recall mode {page XX}.
- Menu Nos. when in Menu mode {page XX}.

This control is used for various other selections.

When an up-arrow ( ) and down-arrow ( ) are visible as button labels, the **Tuning** control functions in the exact same way as the up- and down-arrow keys.

### ⑤

Selects the MHz mode. In this mode you can change the operating frequency in 1 MHz steps or 10 MHz steps {page XX}, using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**. Also starts MHz Scan {page XX}.

⑥ 

Allows you to select the different functions that are available using the multifunction buttons.

⑦ 

Activates the Tone {page XX}, CTCSS {page XX}, or DCS function {page XX}.

⑧ 

Switches the transmit frequency and receive frequency when operating with an offset {page XX} or an odd-split memory channel {page XX}.

⑨ 

Selects High, Medium, or Low transmit output power {page XX}.

⑩ 

Mutes the speaker allocated to the control band {page XX}.

⑪ 

Selects the band that you can control using the front panel buttons or the microphone keys {page XX}.

⑫ 

When turned, adjusts the level of receive audio from the speaker {page XX}. Turn the left control (band A) or the right control (band B) depending on which band you want to operate.

When pressed, these buttons select the desired TX band. Press the left button (band A) or the right button (band B) depending on which band you want to select.

For band A and B, see page XX.

⑬ SQL control

When turned, adjusts the squelch level {page XX}. This allows you to mute speaker output while no signals are present.

⑭ 

Selects the Menu mode {page XX}.

⑮ 

Selects the Programmable Memory (PM) mode {page XX}.

⑯ 

Switches the transceiver ON or OFF {page XX}.

## MAIN UNIT- FRONT

### ① ~~Connector~~

Accepts a 9-pin female RS-232-C connector for connecting to a computer {page XX}.

### ② GPS jack

Accepts a 2.5 mm (1/10") 3-conductor plug for connecting to a GPS receiver {page XX}.

### ③ ~~DIN Connector~~

Accepts a 6-pin mini DIN plug for connecting to an external TNC {page XX}.

### ④ ~~Antenna Connector~~

Insert one end of the supplied modular plug cable for connecting the front panel.

### ⑤ ~~Microphone~~

Insert the modular plug on the microphone cable until the locking tab clicks {page XX}.

### ⑥ ~~Reset~~

Press momentarily to perform Partial Reset, or press for 1 second or longer to perform Full Reset {page XX}. No confirmation message appears. Use this switch when the microcomputer and/or the memory chip malfunction because of ambient factors.

## MAIN UNIT- REAR

### ① ~~Antenna~~

Connect an external antenna {page X}. When making test transmissions, connect a dummy load in place of the antenna. The antenna system or load should have an impedance of 50  $\Omega$ . The TM-D700E accepts a male N-type connector and other versions accept a male PL-259 connector. This transceiver has only one antenna connector because of a built-in duplexer.

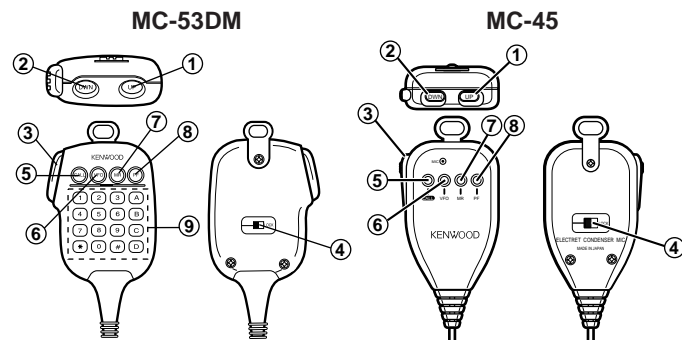
### ② ~~Power DC Cable~~

Connect a 13.8 V DC power source. Use the supplied DC power cable {pages X and X}.

### ③ ~~Speakers~~

If you wish, connect an optional external speaker for clearer audio. These jacks accept a 3.5 mm (1/8") mono (2-conductor) plug. See page X.

## MICROPHONE



- ① **PTT**
- ② **DTMF**

Raises or lowers the operating frequency, the memory channel number, the menu number, etc. Holding either button down causes the action to be repeated. Also, switches between values for functions with multiple choices.

- ③ **PTT**

Press and hold to transmit, then release to receive.

- ④ **LOCK**

Locks all microphone keys except **[PTT]** and (if equipped) the DTMF keypad.

- ⑤ **CALL**key
- ⑥ **VFO**key
- ⑦ **MR**key

Identical to the front panel **CALL**, **VFO** and **MR** buttons. These keys can be re-programmed, if desired {page XX}.

- ⑧ **PF**key

Depending on which function you select in Menu 1–8–1 (PF1) {page XX}, the function of this key differs. Refer to “PROGRAMMABLE FUNCTION (PF) KEYS” {page XX}.

- ⑨ **DTMF keypad (MC53DM only)**

The 16-key keypad is used for DTMF functions {page XX}, or to directly enter a frequency or a memory channel number {page XX}. The keypad is also available to program a memory channel name {pages XX and XX}, Power-ON message {page XX}, or other character strings.

## INDICATORS

On the display you will see various indicators that show what you have selected.

| Indicator | What You Selected                              | What You Press to Cancel                                        | Ref. Page |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
|           | Tone function                                  | [TONE], [TONE], [TONE]                                          | XX        |
|           | CTCSS                                          | [TONE], [TONE]                                                  | XX        |
|           | DCS                                            | [TONE]                                                          | XX        |
|           | Plus offset direction                          | [F], [SHIFT], [F], [SHIFT]<br>(TM-D700E: one more [F], [SHIFT]) | XX        |
|           | Minus offset direction                         | [F], [SHIFT]<br>(TM-D700E: one more [F], [SHIFT])               | XX        |
|           | Minus offset direction (-7.6 MHz) <sup>1</sup> | [F], [SHIFT]                                                    | XX        |
|           | Reverse                                        | [REV]                                                           | XX        |
|           | Automatic Simplex Check                        | [REV]                                                           | XX        |
|           | High transmit power                            | Default                                                         | XX        |
|           | Medium transmit power                          | [LOW], [LOW] to select the default                              | XX        |
|           | Low transmit power                             | [LOW] to select the default                                     | XX        |

<sup>1</sup> TM-D700E only

| Indicator | What You Selected         | What You Press to Cancel           | Ref. Page |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
|           | Locked-out memory channel | Use Menu 1–4–1.                    | XX        |
|           | Speaker Mute              | [MUTE]                             | XX        |
|           | Packet mode               | [F] (1 s), [TNC], [F] (1 s), [TNC] | XX        |
|           | APRS mode                 | [F] (1 s), [TNC]                   | XX        |
|           | Narrow transmit deviation | Use Menu 1–3–7.                    | XX        |

For the indicators that will show the current TNC status, see the table in “OPERATING TNC” {page XX}.

### Warnings

- “BUSY” appears when the squelch {page XX} is open.
- The S-meter shows the strength of received signals.

## BASIC TRANSCEIVER MODES

This section introduces you to the basic modes you can select.

### VFO mode

Press **[VFO]** to select. You can change the operating frequency using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.

### Memory Recall mode

Press **[MR]** to select. You can change memory channels, using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**, where you stored frequencies and related data. Refer to “MEMORY CHANNELS” {page XX}.

### Programmable Memory (PM) mode

Press **[PM]** to select. You can select the transceiver environment, by pressing **[1]** to **[5]**, that you stored in PM channels. Refer to “PROGRAMMABLE MEMORY” {page XX}.

### Menu mode

Press **[MNU]** to select. You can change Menu Nos. using the **Tuning** control or **[UP]/ [DWN]**. Refer to “MENU SET-UP” {page XX}.

### Packet mode

Press **[F] (1 s)**, **[TNC]** to select. You can send commands to the built-in TNC from a personal computer. Refer to “PACKET OPERATION” {page XX}.

## BUTTON FUNCTION DISPLAY

The functions of the 6 buttons below the display can be identified through the labels shown at the bottom of the display. After pressing **[F]** or **[F] (1 s)**, pressing **[F] ([OFF])** again restores the basic state.

The labels of the 5 buttons beside the display are shown at the left end or right end of the display. These labels will change depending on the current mode.

### **Note:**

- ◆ *When selecting Programmable Memory (PM) mode, you will see different labels. See "Programmable Memory (PM) mode" (page X).*
- ◆ *You can also select different combinations of buttons labels. See "CHANGING MULTI-FUNCTION BUTTON LABELS" (page XX).*

## BAND A & B

In this manual, the band recalled at the left hand on the display is referred to as band A, and the band at the right hand is called band B. The band A default is VHF (144 MHz) and the band B default is UHF (440 or 430 MHz). In band A you can also recall a 118 MHz or UHF sub-band. In band B you can also recall a VHF (144 MHz) sub-band.

This transceiver is capable of simultaneously receiving on 2 bands (A and B). So, for example, it is possible to receive packet data on one VHF frequency while receiving audio on another VHF frequency. “**Q**” indicates the current data band {page XX}.

Press the left or right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A or B. To recall the sub-band, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]**. The following diagram should help you understand how to select or recall the desired band.

### **Note:**

- ◆ You cannot recall a sub-band in Memory Recall mode. First press **[VFO]** to select VFO mode.
- ◆ You cannot recall the UHF sub-band in band A and the VHF sub-band in band B at the same time.
- ◆ The 118 MHz band cannot be used for transmitting.

## TX BAND AND CONTROL BAND

What confuses you on this radio first could be the ideas of the TX band and Control band. Learn the differences between these bands.

### TX Band

Press the left **[BAND SEL]** (band A) or the right **[BAND SEL]** (band B) to select. “PTT” on the display shows which band (A or B) is currently selected as the transmit (TX) band. You can use the TX band to transmit signals or to control the transceiver.

### Control Band

Press **[CTRL]** to select. On the display “Ctrl” appears to show which band (A or B) is currently selected as the Control band. Use this function when you want to control the band which is not currently used for transmitting. After selecting the Control band, you cannot control the TX band.

## MIC KEYPAD DIRECT ENTRY (U.S.A./ CANADA ONLY)

The keypad on the MC-53DM allows you to make various entries depending on which mode the transceiver is in.

In VFO or Memory Recall mode, use the Mic keypad to select a frequency {page XX} or memory channel number {page XX}. In Tone or CTCSS freq. Select mode, use the Mic keypad to select a Tone frequency {page XX} or CTCSS frequency {page XX}. First press the Mic PF key programmed as the ENTER key {page XX}.

To manually send a DTMF number, press and hold Mic **[PTT]**, then press the DTMF keys on the Mic keypad {page XX} in sequence.

You can also use the Mic keypad to program a memory channel name {pages XX and XX}, Power-ON message {page XX}, or other character strings. Each press of a Mic key switches entry of characters as below:

|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | q | z | 1 | Q | Z |   |   | 6 | m     | n | o | 6 | M | N | O |   |
| 2 | a | b | c | 2 | A | B | C | 7 | p     | r | s | 7 | P | R | S |   |
| 3 | d | e | f | 3 | D | E | F | 8 | t     | u | v | 8 | T | U | V |   |
| 4 | g | h | i | 4 | G | H | I | 9 | w     | x | y | 9 | W | X | Y |   |
| 5 | j | k | l | 5 | J | K | L | 0 | Space | 0 |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| # | ? | ! | ' | . | , | - | / | & | #     | ( | ) | < | > | ; | : | " |
|   | @ |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### SWITCHING POWER ON/OFF

- 1 Switch ON the DC power supply.
  - If operating mobile, skip this step.
- 2 Press the **PWR** switch to switch ON the transceiver.
- 3 To switch OFF the transceiver, press the **PWR** switch again.
- 4 If operating as a fixed station, switch OFF the DC power supply.
  - You may skip step 3. After switching ON the transceiver, you can switch it OFF or ON using only the power switch on the DC power supply.

### ADJUSTING VOLUME

Turn the **VOL** control clockwise to increase the audio level and counterclockwise to decrease the audio level.

- If background noise is inaudible because of the Squelch function, press the Mic PF key assigned the Monitor function {page XX}, then adjust the **VOL** control. Press the PF key again to cancel the Monitor function.

### SELECTING A BAND

Press the right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A, or the left **[BAND SEL]** to select band B.

- “PTT” moves to the selected band.

- For band A and B, see page XX.

## SELECTING A FREQUENCY

1 Press **[VFO]** to select VFO mode.

2 To increase the frequency, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise or press Mic **[UP]**.

To decrease the frequency, turn the **Tuning** control counterclockwise or press Mic **[DWN]**.

- Pressing and holding Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]** causes the frequency to step repeatedly.
- To change frequencies in steps of 1 MHz, press **[MHz]** first. Pressing **[MHz]** again cancels this function.
- To change frequencies in steps of 10 MHz, press **[F]+[MHz]** first; do not press **[F]** for longer than 1 second. Pressing **[F]** cancels the 10 MHz function; pressing **[MHz]** starts the 1 MHz function.

You can also select frequencies via the microphone keypad. See "DIRECT FREQUENCY ENTRY" {page XX}.

## ADJUSTING SQUELCH

The purpose of the Squelch is to mute the speaker when no signals are present. With the squelch level correctly set, you will hear sound only when actually receiving signals. The higher the squelch level selected, the stronger the signals must be to receive. The appropriate squelch level depends on ambient noise conditions.

Turn the **SQL** control when no signals are present. Select the squelch level at which the background noise is just eliminated.

## TRANSMITTING

- 1 To transmit, press and hold Mic **[PTT]** and speak into the microphone in a normal tone of voice.

- “ON AIR” and the RF power meter appear.

- Speaking too close to the microphone, or too loudly, may increase distortion and reduce intelligibility of your signals at the receiving station.
- The RF power meter shows the relative transmit output power.

- 2 When you finish speaking, release Mic **[PTT]**.

**Time-Out Timer:** Holding down Mic **[PTT]** for more than 10 minutes causes the transceiver to generate a beep and stop transmitting. Release, then press Mic **[PTT]** to resume transmitting. You may change the time-out time to 3 or 5 minutes {page XX}.

## ■ Selecting Output Power

It's wise to select lower transmit power if communication is still reliable. This lowers the risk of interfering with others on the band. When operating from battery power, you will enjoy more operating time before a charge is necessary.

Press **[LOW]** to select high (“H”), medium (“M”), or low (“L”) power. The default is high.

- You can program a different power for band A and B.



### CAUTION

- ◆ Do not transmit at high output power for an extended period of time. The transceiver could overheat and malfunction.
- ◆ Continuous transmission causes the heat sink to overheat. Never touch the heat sink when it may be hot.

**Note:** When the transceiver overheats because of ambient high temperature or continuous transmission, the protective circuit may function to lower transmit output power.

## MENU SET-UP

The Menu system on this transceiver consists of 3 levels.

### MENU ACCESS

1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.

- The current level 1 No. blinks.

2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select the appropriate level 1 No.

3 Press **[OK]**.

- The current level 2 No. blinks.

4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select the appropriate level 2 No.

- To move back to level 1, press **[BACK]** instead.
- To exit Menu mode, press **[ESC]**.

5 Press **[OK]**.

6 For Menu 1–1 to 1–9 and 1–A, repeat steps 4 and 5 to select level 3.

7 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select a parameter.

- The procedure in this step differs depending on which menu item you selected. See the appropriate sections in this manual.

8 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

9 Press **[MENU]** to exit Menu mode.

## MENU CONFIGURATION

The shaded Menu Nos. are described in the separate manual, "SPECIALIZED COMMUNICATIONS".

| Level 1 |       | Level 2 |         | Level 3 |                                                         | Selections                        | Default             | Ref. page |
|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1       | RADIO | 1       | DISPLAY | 1       | Power-ON Message                                        | See reference page.               | HELLO !!            | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 2       | Contrast                                                | Level 1 (min.) ~ 16 (max.)        | Level 8             | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 3       | Reverse mode                                            | Positive/ Negative                | Negative            | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 4       | Auto Dimmer Change                                      | ON/ OFF                           | OFF                 | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 5       | Multi-function button                                   | Mode 1/ 2/ 3                      | Mode 1              | XX        |
|         |       | 2       | AUDIO   | 1       | Beep volume                                             | Level 1 (min.) ~ 7 (max.)/<br>OFF | Level 5             | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 2       | Key Beep                                                | ON/ OFF                           | ON                  | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 3       | Speaker configuration                                   | Mode 1/ 2                         | Mode 1              | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 4       | Voice Synthesizer<br>(With the optional VS-3 installed) | English/ Japanese/ OFF            | English             | XX        |
|         |       | 3       | TX/RX   | 1       | Programmable VFO                                        | See reference page.               | —                   | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 2       | S-meter Squelch                                         | ON/ OFF                           | OFF                 | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 3       | Squelch hang time                                       | 125 / 250 / 500 msec./ OFF        | OFF                 | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 4       | FM/ AM mode                                             | FM/ AM                            | See reference page. | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 5       | Advanced Intercept Point                                | ON/ OFF                           | OFF                 | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 6       | Beat Shift                                              | Normal/ Upper                     | Normal              | XX        |
|         |       |         |         | 7       | TX deviation                                            | Wide/ Narrow                      | Wide                | XX        |

| Level 1 |       | Level 2 |          | Level 3 |                           | Selections                                    | Default                 | Ref. page |
|---------|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 1       | RADIO | 4       | MEMORY   | 1       | Memory Channel Lockout    | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 2       | Memory channel name       | See reference page.                           | —                       | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 3       | Auto PM Channel Store     | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 4       | Channel Display           | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |
|         |       | 5       | DTMF     | 1       | Number Store              | See reference page.                           | —                       | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 2       | TX speed                  | Fast/ Slow                                    | Fast                    | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 3       | TX Hold                   | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 4       | Pause                     | 100/ 250/ 500/ 750/ 1000/<br>1500/ 2000 msec. | 500 msec.               | XX        |
|         |       | 6       | TNC      | 1       | Data band                 | See reference page.                           | Band B                  | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |          | 2       | Packet transfer rate      | 1200/ 9600 bps                                | 1200 bps                | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |          | 3       | DCD sense                 | A & B bands/ Data or Data<br>TX band          | Data or Data<br>TX band | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |          | 4       | Time                      | See reference page.                           | —                       | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |          | 5       | Date                      | See reference page.                           | —                       | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |          | 6       | Time zone                 | See reference page.                           | —                       | (XX)      |
|         |       | 7       | REPEATER | 1       | Offset frequency          | 00.00 ~ 29.95 MHz in steps<br>of 50 kHz       | See reference<br>page.  | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 2       | Automatic Repeater Offset | ON/ OFF                                       | ON                      | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 3       | Call Button Function      | Call/ 1750 Hz TX                              | Call                    | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 4       | TX Hold                   | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 5       | Repeater Hold             | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |
|         |       |         |          | 6       | Repeater function         | ON/ OFF                                       | OFF                     | XX        |

| Level 1 |       | Level 2 |            | Level 3 |                                    | Selections                            | Default       | Ref. page |
|---------|-------|---------|------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1       | RADIO | 8       | MIC        | 1       | Mic PF Key                         | See reference page.                   | PF            | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 2       | Mic MR Key                         | See reference page.                   | MR            | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 3       | Mic VFO Key                        | See reference page.                   | VFO           | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 4       | Mic CALL Key                       | See reference page.                   | CALL          | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 5       | Microphone Control                 | ON/ OFF                               | OFF           | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 6       | DTMF Monitor                       | ON/ OFF                               | OFF           | XX        |
|         |       | 9       | AUX        | 1       | Scan Resume                        | Time-Operated/ Carrier-Operated/ Seek | Time-Operated | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 2       | Number of Channels for Visual Scan | 31/ 61/ 91/ 181                       | 61            | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 3       | Automatic Power Off (APO)          | ON/ OFF                               | OFF           | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 4       | Time-Out Timer (TOT)               | 3/ 5/ 10 minutes                      | 10 minutes    | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 5       | COM port                           | 9600/ 19200/ 38400/ 57600 bps         | 9600 bps      | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |            | 6       | Data port                          | 1200/ 9600 bps                        | 1200 bps      | (XX)      |
|         |       |         |            | 7       | Reset                              | See reference page.                   | —             | XX        |
|         |       | A       | REMOTE CON | 1       | Secret code                        | See reference page.                   | —             | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 2       | Acknowledgement                    | ON/ OFF                               | OFF           | XX        |
|         |       |         |            | 3       | Remote Control                     | ON/ OFF                               | OFF           | XX        |

| Level 1 |      | Level 2 |                                | Selections                                            | Default  | Ref. page |
|---------|------|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| 2       | SSTV | 1       | My call sign                   | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 2       | Color for call sign            | White/ Black/ Blue/ Red/ Magenta/ Green/ Cyan/ Yellow | White    | (XX)      |
|         |      | 3       | Message                        | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 4       | Color for message              | White/ Black/ Blue/ Red/ Magenta/ Green/ Cyan/ Yellow | White    | (XX)      |
|         |      | 5       | RSV report                     | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 6       | Color for RSV report           | White/ Black/ Blue/ Red/ Magenta/ Green/ Cyan/ Yellow | White    | (XX)      |
|         |      | 7       | Superimposition Execute        | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 8       | SSTV mode                      | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 9       | VC-H1 Control                  | ON/ OFF                                               | OFF      | (XX)      |
| 3       | APRS | 1       | My call sign                   | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 2       | GPS receiver                   | Not used/ NMEA/ NMEA96                                | Not used | (XX)      |
|         |      | 3       | Waypoint                       | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 4       | My position                    | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 5       | Position Ambiguity             | 1/ 2/ 3/ 4 digits/ OFF                                | OFF      | (XX)      |
|         |      | 6       | Position comment               | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 7       | Reception restriction distance | 10 ~ 2500 in steps of 10/ OFF                         | OFF      | (XX)      |
|         |      | 8       | Station icon                   | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |
|         |      | 9       | Status text                    | See reference page.                                   | —        | (XX)      |

| Level 1 |                                   | Level 2 |                           | Selections                         | Default                | Ref. page |
|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| 3       | APRS                              | A       | Status text transmit rate | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | B       | Packet path               | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | C       | Packet transmit method    | Manual/ PTT/ Auto                  | Manual                 | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | D       | Packet transmit interval  | .5/ 1/ 2/ 3/ 5/ 10/ 20/ 30 minutes | 5 minutes              | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | E       | Group code                | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | F       | Beep                      | Mine/ All new/ All/ OFF            | All                    | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | G       | Unit for distance         | Mile/ Kilometer                    | Kilometer <sup>1</sup> | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | H       | Unit for temperature      | °F/ °C                             | °C <sup>1</sup>        | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | I       | Data band                 | See reference page.                | Band A                 | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | J       | Packet transfer rate      | 1200/ 9600 bps                     | 1200 bps               | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | K       | Digipeater                | ON/ OFF                            | OFF                    | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | L       | Digipeating path          | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | M       | Auto Message Reply        | ON/ OFF                            | OFF                    | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | N       | Reply message             | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | O       | Bulletin group            | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
|         |                                   | P       | Message group             | See reference page.                | —                      | (XX)      |
| 4       | SKY<br>CMD<br>(U.S.A./<br>Canada) | 1       | Commander call sign       | See reference page.                | —                      | XX        |
|         |                                   | 2       | Transporter call sign     | See reference page.                | —                      | XX        |
|         |                                   | 3       | Tone frequency            | See reference page.                | —                      | XX        |
|         |                                   | 4       | Sky Command mode          | Commander/ Transporter/ OFF        | OFF                    | XX        |

<sup>1</sup> U.S.A./ Canada: Mile and °F

## OPERATING THROUGH REPEATERS

Repeaters, which are often installed and maintained by radio clubs, are usually located on mountain tops or other elevated locations. Generally they operate at higher ERP (Effective Radiated Power) than a typical station. This combination of elevation and high ERP allows communications over much greater distances than communications without using repeaters.

Most repeaters use a receive and transmit frequency pair with a standard or non-standard offset (odd-split). In addition, some repeaters must receive a tone from the transceiver to allow it to access. For details, consult your local repeater reference.

### Offset Programming Flow

- ❶ Select a band.
- ❷ Select a receive frequency.
- ❸ Select an offset direction.
- ❹ Select an offset frequency.  
(Only when programming odd-split  
repeater frequencies)
- ❺ Activate the Tone function.  
(If necessary)
- ❻ Select a tone frequency.  
(If necessary)

If you store the above data in a memory channel, you need not reprogram every time. See “MEMORY CHANNELS” {page XX}.

## PROGRAMMING OFFSET

First select band A or B by pressing the left or right **[BAND SEL]**. To recall the sub-band next, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]**.

### ■ Selecting Offset Direction

Select whether the transmit frequency will be higher (+) or lower (–) than the receive frequency.

Press **[F]**, **[SHIFT]** to switch the offset direction.

- “+” or “–” appears to indicate which offset direction is selected.

- To program –7.6 MHz offset on the TM-D700E (UHF only), repeatedly press **[F]**, **[SHIFT]** until “=” appears.

If the offset transmit frequency falls outside the allowable range, transmitting is inhibited. Use one of the following methods to bring the transmit frequency within the band limits:

- Move the receive frequency further inside the band.
- Change the offset direction.

**Note:** While using an odd-split memory channel or transmitting, you cannot change the offset direction.

### ■ Selecting Offset Frequency

To access a repeater which requires an odd-split frequency pair, change the offset frequency from the default which is used by most repeaters. The default offset frequency on the VHF band is 600 kHz no matter which market version; the default on the UHF band is 5 MHz (TM-D700A) or 1.6 MHz (TM-D700E).

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “REPEATER (1–7–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “OFFSET FREQUENCY (1–7–1)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select the appropriate offset frequency.
  - The selectable range is from 0.00 MHz to 29.95 MHz in steps of 50 kHz.
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

**TM-D700E Only:** If you have selected “=” for the offset direction, you cannot change the default (7.6 MHz).

**Note:** After changing the offset frequency, the new offset frequency will also be used by Automatic Repeater Offset.

## ■ Activating Tone Function

Press **[TONE]** to activate the Tone function.

- “T” appears when the Tone function is ON.

- Each press of **[TONE]** changes the selection as Tone → CTCSS → DCS → No selection.

### **Note:**

- ◆ You cannot use the Tone function with the CTCSS or DCS function.
- ◆ You need to activate the Tone function only when selecting one of the 38 standard frequencies. The selection you make here will not affect transmission of a 1750 Hz tone.

## ■ Selecting a Tone Frequency

**Note:** The procedures for transmitting a 1750 Hz tone are described on page XX.

### 1 Press **[F]**, **[T.SEL]**.

- The current tone frequency appears and blinks. The default is 88.5 Hz.

### 2 Press **[UP]**/ **[DWN]** to select the appropriate tone frequency.

### 3 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

| No. | Freq.<br>(Hz) | No. | Freq.<br>(Hz) | No. | Freq.<br>(Hz) | No. | Freq.<br>(Hz) |
|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| 01  | 67.0          | 11  | 97.4          | 21  | 136.5         | 31  | 192.8         |
| 02  | 71.9          | 12  | 100.0         | 22  | 141.3         | 32  | 203.5         |
| 03  | 74.4          | 13  | 103.5         | 23  | 146.2         | 33  | 210.7         |
| 04  | 77.0          | 14  | 107.2         | 24  | 151.4         | 34  | 218.1         |
| 05  | 79.7          | 15  | 110.9         | 25  | 156.7         | 35  | 225.7         |
| 06  | 82.5          | 16  | 114.8         | 26  | 162.2         | 36  | 233.6         |
| 07  | 85.4          | 17  | 118.8         | 27  | 167.9         | 37  | 241.8         |
| 08  | 88.5          | 18  | 123.0         | 28  | 173.8         | 38  | 250.3         |
| 09  | 91.5          | 19  | 127.3         | 29  | 179.9         |     |               |
| 10  | 94.8          | 20  | 131.8         | 30  | 186.2         |     |               |

After programming one of the Mic PF keys as the ENTER key {page XX}, you can also select a tone frequency by direct entry from the Mic keypad. In step 2, press **[ENTER]**, then enter 01 to 38 shown in the table. To select 100 Hz, for example, press **[ENTER]**, **[0]**, **[1]**, **[2]**.

## AUTOMATIC REPEATER OFFSET

This function automatically selects an offset direction, according to the frequency that you select on the VHF band. The transceiver is programmed for offset direction as shown below. To obtain an up-to-date band plan for repeater offset direction, contact your national Amateur Radio association.

### U.S.A. and Canada versions

This complies with the standard ARRL band plan.

144.0      145.5      146.4      147.0      147.6  
145.1      146.0      146.6      147.4      148.0 MHz

|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| S | - | S | + | S | - | + | S | - |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

S: Simplex

### European versions

144.0                      145.6    145.8    146.0 MHz

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| S | - | S |
|---|---|---|

S: Simplex

**Note:** Automatic Repeater Offset does not function when Reverse is ON. However, pressing **[REV]** after Automatic Repeater Offset has selected an offset (split) status, exchanges the receive and transmit frequencies.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select "RADIO (1-)", then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select "REPEATER (1-7-)", then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select "AUTO OFFSET (1-7-2)", then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to switch the function ON (default) or OFF.
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

## TRANSMITTING A 1750 Hz TONE

Most of the repeaters in Europe require that a transceiver transmit a 1750 Hz tone. On a TM-D700E, simply pressing Mic **[CALL]** causes it to transmit a 1750 Hz tone. It is also possible to program **[CALL]** on the front panel as a button for transmitting a 1750 Hz tone.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “REPEATER (1–7–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “1750Hz TONE (1–7–3)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “1750 Hz”.
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.
  - “1750” appears in place of “CALL” as the button label.

### Note:

- ◆ All market versions allow the above selection in Menu 1–7–3.
- ◆ All market versions allow any Mic PF key to be assigned the 1750 Hz Tone function {page XX}.
- ◆ The transceiver continuously transmits a 1750 Hz tone until you release Mic **[CALL]**, or **[CALL]**.

Some repeaters in Europe must receive continuous signals for a certain period of time, following a 1750 Hz tone. This transceiver is also capable of remaining in the transmit mode for 2 seconds after transmitting a 1750 Hz tone.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “REPEATER (1–7–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select “TX HOLD (1–7–4)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to switch the function ON (or OFF).
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

### Note:

- ◆ All market versions allow the above selection in Menu 1–7–4.
- ◆ While remaining in the transmit mode, the transceiver does not continuously transmit a 1750 Hz tone.

## REVERSE FUNCTION

The reverse function exchanges a separate receive and transmit frequency. So, while using a repeater, you can manually check the strength of a signal that you receive directly from the other station. If the station's signal is strong, both stations should move to a simplex frequency and free up the repeater.

Press **[REV]** to switch the Reverse function ON (or OFF).

- “R” appears when the function is ON.

### **Note:**

- ◆ If pressing **[REV]** places the transmit frequency outside the allowable range, then pressing Mic **[PTT]** causes an error beep to sound; transmission is inhibited.
- ◆ If pressing **[REV]** places the receive frequency outside the allowable range, an error beep sounds and no reversal occurs.
- ◆ Automatic Repeater Offset does not function while Reverse is ON.
- ◆ You cannot switch Reverse ON or OFF while transmitting.

## AUTOMATIC SIMPLEX CHECK (ASC)

While using a repeater, ASC periodically monitors the strength of a signal that you receive directly from the other station. If the station's signal is strong enough to allow direct contact without a repeater, the ASC indicator on the display begins blinking.

Press **[REV] (1 s)** to switch the function ON.

- The ASC indicator appears when the function is ON.

- While direct contact is possible, the ASC indicator blinks.
- To quit the function, press **[REV]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ Pressing Mic **[PTT]** causes the ASC indicator to quit blinking.
- ◆ ASC does not function if your transmit and receive frequencies are the same (simplex operation).
- ◆ ASC does not function while scanning.
- ◆ Activating ASC while using Reverse switches Reverse OFF.
- ◆ If you recall a memory channel or the Call channel that contains Reverse ON status, ASC is switched OFF.
- ◆ ASC causes receive audio to be momentarily intermitted every 3 seconds.

## TONE FREQ. ID

This function scans through all tone frequencies to identify the incoming tone frequency on a received signal. You may use the function to find which tone frequency is required by your local repeater.

**1** Press **[TONE]** to switch ON the Tone function.

- “T” appears when the Tone function is ON.

**2** Press **[F]**, **[T.SEL]**.

- The current tone frequency appears and blinks.

**3** Press **[SCAN]** to activate the Tone Freq. ID.

“T SCAN” appears.

- To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.
- To quit the function, press **[ESC]**.
- When the tone frequency is identified, the identified frequency appears and blinks.

**2** Press **[OK]** to program the identified frequency in place of the currently set tone frequency.

- The previous frequency display is restored with the Tone function remained ON. You may press **[TONE]** to switch the Tone function OFF.
- Press **[ESC]** if you do not want to program the identified frequency.
- Press **[SCAN]** while the identified frequency is blinking, to resume scanning.

# MEMORY CHANNELS

In memory channels, you can store frequencies and related data that you often use. Then you need not reprogram those data every time. You can quickly recall a programmed channel by simple operation. A total of 200 memory channels are available for bands A and B.

## SIMPLEX & REPEATER OR ODD-SPLIT MEMORY CHANNEL?

You can use each memory channel as a simplex & repeater channel or odd-split channel. Store only one frequency to use as a simplex & repeater channel or two separate frequencies to use as an odd-split channel. Select either application for each channel depending on the operations you have in mind.

Simplex & repeater channel allows:

- Simplex frequency operation
- Repeater operation with a standard offset  
(If an offset direction is stored)

Odd-split channel allows:

- Repeater operation with a non-standard offset

### **Note:**

- ◆ *Not only can you store data in memory channels, but you can also overwrite existing data with new data.*
- ◆ *If you have recalled a memory channel on the non-control band (A or B), you cannot select the same channel on the control band to program data.*

The data listed below can be stored in each memory channel:

| Parameter              | Simplex & Repeater | Odd-split |
|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Receive frequency      | Yes                | Yes       |
| Transmit frequency     |                    | Yes       |
| Tone frequency         | Yes                | Yes       |
| Tone ON                | Yes                | Yes       |
| CTCSS frequency        | Yes                | Yes       |
| CTCSS ON               | Yes                | Yes       |
| DCS code               | Yes                | Yes       |
| DCS ON                 | Yes                | Yes       |
| Offset direction       | Yes                | N/A       |
| Offset frequency       | Yes                | N/A       |
| Reverse ON             | Yes                | N/A       |
| Frequency step size    | Yes                | Yes       |
| Memory channel lockout | Yes                | Yes       |
| Memory channel name    | Yes                | Yes       |
| FM/ AM mode selection  | Yes                | Yes       |



Yes: Can be stored in memory.

N/A: Cannot be stored in memory.

## STORING SIMPLEX FREQUENCIES OR STANDARD REPEATER FREQUENCIES

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]**.
- 3 Select the desired frequency.
- 4 If storing a standard repeater frequency, select the following data:
  - Offset direction {page XX}
  - Tone ON, if necessary {page XX}
  - Tone frequency, if necessary {page XX}

If storing a simplex frequency, you may select other related data (CTCSS ON, CTCSS freq., etc.).

- 5 Press **[F]**.
  - A memory channel number appears and blinks.
  - “” indicates the current channel is empty; “” appears instead, if the channel contains data.
- 6 Turn the **Tuning** control, or press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**, to select the desired memory channel.
- 7 Press **[M.IN]**.

## STORING ODD-SPLIT REPEATER FREQUENCIES

Some repeaters use a receive and transmit frequency pair with a non-standard offset. If you store two separate frequencies in a memory channel, you can operate on those repeaters without programming the offset frequency and direction.

- 1 Select the desired receive frequency and related data by using steps 1 to 4 given for simplex or standard repeater frequencies.
- 2 Press **[F]**.
- 3 Turn the **Tuning** control, or press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**, to select the desired memory channel.
- 4 Press **[M.IN] (1 s)**.
  - “ $\pm$ ” appears and the receive frequency blinks.

- 5 Select the desired transmit frequency (within approx.10 seconds).

- 6 Press **[M.IN]**.

### Note:

- ◆ When you recall an odd-split memory channel, “ $\pm$ ” appears on the display. To confirm the transmit frequency, press **[REV]**.
- ◆ Transmit Offset status and Reverse status are not stored in an odd-split memory channel.

## RECALLING A MEMORY CHANNEL

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[MR]** to enter Memory Recall mode.
  - The memory channel used last is recalled.
- 3 Turn the **Tuning** control, or press **[UP]/ [DWN]**, to select the desired memory channel.
  - You cannot recall an empty memory channel.
  - To restore VFO mode, press **[VFO]**.

After programming one of the Mic PF keys as the ENTER key {page XX}, you can also recall a memory channel by direct entry from the Mic keypad. In Memory Recall mode press **[ENTER]**, then enter the channel number. To recall channel 3, for example, press **[ENTER]**, **[0]**, **[0]**, **[3]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ When you recall an odd-split memory channel, “±” appears on the display. Press **[REV]** to display the transmit frequency.
- ◆ After recalling a memory channel, you may program data such as Tone or CTCSS. These settings, however, are cleared once you select another channel or the VFO mode. To permanently store the data, overwrite the channel contents {page XX}.

## CLEARING A MEMORY CHANNEL

Use the following procedure to clear an individual memory channel. Full Reset {page XX} is a quick way to clear all memory channels.

- 1 Recall the desired memory channel.
- 2 Switch OFF the power to the transceiver.
- 3 Press **[MHz]+ POWER ON**.
  - A confirmation message appears.

- To quit clearing the memory channel, press **[ESC]**.

- 4 Press **[OK]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ If you have recalled a memory channel on the non-control band (A or B), you cannot select the same channel on the control band to clear.
- ◆ When in Channel Display mode, you cannot clear any memory channel.

## NAMING A MEMORY CHANNEL

You can name memory channels using up to 8 alphanumeric characters. When you recall a named memory channel, its name appears on the display instead of the stored frequency. Names can be call signs, repeater names, cities, names of people, etc.

- 1 Recall the desired memory channel.
- 2 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “MEMORY (1–4–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “MEMORY NAME (1–4–2)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 6 Turn the **Tuning** control to select the first digit.
  - You can enter alphanumeric characters plus special ASCII characters.
- 7 Press **[->]**.
  - The cursor moves to the next digit.

- 8 Repeat steps 6 and 7 to enter up to 8 digits.

|             |                                                                                                                     |              |                                                            |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CHAR</b> | Switches among the sets of alphanumeric characters, accented letters (TM-D700E only), and special ASCII characters. |              |                                                            |
| <b>a/A</b>  | Switches between small and capital letters.                                                                         | <b>BACK</b>  | Cancels Memory Name Entry.                                 |
| <b>DEL</b>  | Deletes the digit at which the cursor is blinking.                                                                  | <b>&lt;-</b> | Causes the cursor to move backward.                        |
| <b>INS</b>  | Inserts a space at which the cursor is blinking.                                                                    | <b>CLR</b>   | Clears all digits and backs the cursor to the first digit. |

- 9 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

- 10 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

The keypad on the MC-53DM also is available to enter alphanumeric characters in step 6. See page XX.

### Note:

- ◆ You can also name the Program Scan {page XX} and DTMF {page XX} channels, but you cannot name the Call channel {page XX}.
- ◆ You can assign names only to memory channels in which you have stored frequencies and related data.
- ◆ The stored names can be overwritten by repeating steps 1 to 10.
- ◆ The stored names also are erased by clearing memory channels.

## CALL CHANNEL

The Call channel can always be selected quickly no matter what mode the transceiver is in. For instance, you may use the Call channel as an emergency channel within your group. In this case, the Call/VFO scan {page XX} will be useful.

The default frequency stored in the Call channel is 144.000 MHz for the VHF band. The default on the UHF band is 440.000 MHz or 430.000 MHz depending on the market versions. The Call channel can be reprogrammed either as a simplex & repeater or odd-split channel.

**Note:** Unlike channels 1 to 200 the call channel cannot be cleared.

### ■ Recalling the Call Channel

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[CALL]** to recall the Call channel.
  - “CALL” appears.

- To restore the previous mode, press **[CALL]** again.

### ■ Reprogramming the Call Channel

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]**.
- 3 Select the desired frequency and related data (Tone, CTCSS, etc.).
  - When you program the Call channel as an odd-split channel, select a receive frequency.
- 4 Press **[F]**, **[C.IN]**.
  - The selected frequency and related data are stored in the Call channel.
  - The previous mode is restored.
  - When programming as an odd-split channel, press **[F]**, **[C.IN]** (**1 s**) instead; “±” appears.

To also store a transmit frequency, proceed to the next step.

- 5 Select the desired transmit frequency.
- 6 Press **[C.IN]**.
  - The transmit frequency is stored in the Call channel, and the previous mode is restored.

#### **Note:**

- ◆ *Transmit Offset status and Reverse status are not stored in an odd-split Call channel.*
- ◆ *To store data other than frequencies, select the data in step 3 not step 5.*

# MEMORY-TO-VFO TRANSFER

You may sometimes want to search for other stations or a clear frequency, near the frequency stored in a memory channel or the Call channel. In this case first transfer the contents of a memory channel or the Call channel to the VFO.

- 1 Recall the desired memory channel or the Call channel.
- 2 Press **[F]**, **[M>V]**.

- The entire contents of the memory channel or the Call channel are copied to the VFO.

**Note:**

- ◆ A transmit frequency from an odd-split memory channel or odd-split Call channel is not transferred to the VFO. To transfer a transmit frequency, press **[REV]**, then press **[F]**, **[M>V]**.
- ◆ Lockout status and memory names are not copied from a memory channel to the VFO.
- ◆ If you recall the Call channel in step 1, simply turning the **Tuning Control** or pressing Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]** also transfers the contents to the VFO. The frequency, however, is changed by one step.

# CHANNEL DISPLAY

When in this mode, the transceiver displays only memory channel numbers (or memory names if stored) instead of frequencies.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “MEMORY (1–4–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “CHANNEL DISPLAY (1–4–4)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to switch the function ON (or OFF).
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

**Note:** You cannot switch this function ON if you have not used both bands A and B to store frequencies.

When in Channel Display mode, you cannot use the following functions:

|                        |                         |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sub-band Select        | VFO Select              | VFO Scan                |
| Memory Store           | PM Store                | PM Recall               |
| Memory-to-VFO Transfer | Partial/ Full/ PM Reset | Automatic Simplex Check |
| All-control Lock       | Display Demonstration   |                         |

## PARTIAL OR FULL RESET?

If your transceiver seems to be malfunctioning, initializing the transceiver may resolve the problem. Use Full Reset to initialize all settings that you have customized. Partial (VFO) Reset does not initialize the following settings:

|                        |               |
|------------------------|---------------|
| Memory channels        | Call channels |
| Program scan channels  | PM channels   |
| Memory channel lockout |               |
|                        |               |
|                        |               |

Some of the VFO factory defaults are listed below:

| Parameter   | Band A                                | Band B                                            |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| VFO freq.   | 144.000 MHz                           | 440.000 MHz<br>(U.S.A./ Canada) or<br>430.000 MHz |
| Freq. step: | 12.5 kHz (U.S.A./<br>Canada) or 5 kHz | 25 kHz                                            |
| Tone freq.: | 88.5 Hz                               | 88.5 Hz                                           |

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “AUX (1–9–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RESET (1–9–7)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select Partial (VFO) Reset, PM Reset {page XX}, or Full Reset, then press **[OK]**.
  - A confirmation message appears.
- 6 Press **[OK]**.

After switching the power OFF, you may press **[VFO]+ POWER ON** for Partial Reset, or **[MR]+ POWER ON** for Full Reset. This allows you to skip steps 1 to 5.

You can also use the RESET button to perform Partial or Full Reset. See page XX.

**Note:** When in All-control Lock or Channel Display mode, you cannot perform Partial Reset nor Full Reset.

## PROGRAMMABLE MEMORY (PM)

Programmable Memory (PM) stores virtually all settings currently set on the transceiver. This transceiver provides 5 PM channels to store 5 sets of transceiver configurations. Later you can quickly recall one of these, depending on operation in your mind or the environment.

### PROGRAMMABLE INFORMATION

The following settings can be separately stored for band A and B:

|                                                 |                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| VFO frequency                                   | VFO mode                                        |
| Memory Recall mode                              | Call Channel mode                               |
| Offset direction                                | Offset frequency                                |
| Reverse ON                                      | Automatic Simplex Check                         |
| Tone ON                                         | Tone frequency                                  |
| CTCSS ON                                        | CTCSS frequency                                 |
| DCS ON                                          | DCS code                                        |
| Upper frequency limit<br>(for Programmable VFO) | Lower frequency limit<br>(for Programmable VFO) |
| Frequency step size                             | FM/ AM mode                                     |

The following settings are shared by both band A and B:

|                           |                                     |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| TX band                   | Control band                        |
| Transmit output power     | Time-Out Timer                      |
| Automatic Repeater Offset | Transmit Hold, 1750 Hz tone         |
| Display Dimmer            | Auto Dimmer Change                  |
| Display contrast          | Positive/ Negative Reversal         |
| Auto Band Change          | S-meter Squelch                     |
| Beep volume               | Automatic Power Off                 |
| Advanced Intercept Point  | Beat Shift                          |
| Scan resume method        | Microphone keypad confirmation tone |
| Data band                 | Data transfer rate                  |

## APPLICATION EXAMPLES

The following are examples of how you might use Programmable Memory. These examples may not represent applications useful to you, but you will understand the flexibility of this function.

### Situation 1

You share your transceiver with other members in your family or club. However, each individual has personal preferences for how they like to set various functions. You have to keep changing many settings each time you use the transceiver.

### Solution

Because 5 PM channels are available, up to 5 persons can separately program the transceiver and store their customized environment. Then each person can quickly change to his or her favorite settings, simply by recalling a PM channel. It is too much trouble to change back the settings after somebody else has reconfigured them. So this application may avoid having a feature-rich transceiver but never using many useful features.

### Situation 2

While operating mobile on the way to work every morning, you prefer a silent transceiver that does not interrupt the morning calm. In addition, you feel that a bright display is a waste of electricity in sunlight. At night when driving home, you realize the Beep function truly serves a purpose and you acknowledge it is nice to see a bright display after dark.

### Solution

In two PM channels, store the same operating data such as frequency, offset, tone, etc., and store different settings for the Display Dimmer and Beep functions. Then you can quickly recall the best settings for day or night operating.

### Situation 3

You cannot figure out how you can make the transceiver exit the current mode.

### Solution

Simply recall PM channel 1 that contains an exact copy of the transceiver default environment except for the display illumination level. You will not lose the contents of any memory channels.

## STORING IN PM CHANNELS

- 1 Confirm that the following conditions have been satisfied:
  - The transceiver is in the receive mode.
  - Scan is not being used.
  - Microphone Control is OFF.
- 2 Select the desired band.
- 3 Select the desired frequency and related data (Tone, CTCSS, etc.) using VFO mode.
- 4 If required, select another band, then select the desired frequency and related data.
- 5 Press **[F]**, **[P.IN]**.
  - The PM channel numbers appear and blink.
- 6 Press **[1]** to **[5]** corresponding to the desired PM channel.
  - The selected frequency and related data are stored in the PM channel.

## RECALLING A PM CHANNEL

- 1 Press **[PM]**.
  - The PM channel numbers 1 to 5 appear at the bottom of the display.
  - The current PM channel number appears and blinks at the upper right corner.
- 2 Press **[1]** to **[5]** corresponding to the desired PM channel.
  - If in Auto PM Store mode {page XX}, the current PM channel number appears with ">"; ex. >PM1.
  - The contents of the selected channel are recalled.
- Press **[OFF]** to exit PM Recall mode,

**Note:** You cannot recall a PM channel while transmitting.

## AUTO PM CHANNEL STORE

After you recalled a PM channel, this function automatically overwrites the current PM channel with the present operating environment when:

- You recall another PM channel.
- You press **[OFF]**.
- You switch OFF the transceiver.

The factory default of this function is ON.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “MEMORY (1–4–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “AUTO PM STORE (1–4–3)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to switch the function ON (default) or OFF.
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

## PM CHANNEL RESET

If you want to reprogram the PM channels from the beginning, reset all the PM channels to the factory defaults.

### 1 Press **[CALL]+ POWER ON**.

- A confirmation message appears.

- Press **[ESC]** to quit resetting.

### 2 Press **[OK]**.

You can also use Menu 1–9–7 (RESET) to reset the PM channels. See XX.

## SCAN

Scan is a useful feature for hands-off monitoring of your favorite frequencies. Becoming comfortable with all types of Scan will increase your operating efficiency.

This transceiver provides the following types of scans plus Visual Scan {page XX}. Visual Scan graphically and simultaneously shows how frequencies in a specific range are busy.

| Scan Type        | Scan Range                                                                    |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VFO Scan         | All frequencies tunable on the band                                           |
| Memory Scan      | Frequencies stored in the memory channels                                     |
| Group Scan       | Frequencies stored in the memory channels which belong to the specified group |
| Program Scan     | All frequencies in the range selected on the band                             |
| MHz Scan         | All frequencies within a 1 MHz range                                          |
| Call/VFO Scan    | Call channel plus the current VFO frequency                                   |
| Call/Memory Scan | Call channel plus the selected memory channel                                 |

**Note:**

- ◆ *Adjust the squelch level before using Scan. Selecting a squelch level too low could cause Scan to stop immediately.*
- ◆ *While using CTCSS or DCS, Scan stops for any signal received; however, you will hear audio only when the signal contains the same CTCSS tone or DCS code that you selected.*
- ◆ *When using S-meter Squelch, Scan stops when the received signal strength matches or exceeds the S-meter setting. Scan resumes 2 seconds after the signal level drops below the S-meter setting.*
- ◆ *Starting Scan switches OFF the Automatic Simplex Check.*

## VISUAL SCAN

While you are on the air, Visual Scan allows you to monitor frequencies near the current operating frequency. Visual Scan graphically and simultaneously shows how all frequencies in the selected range are busy. You will see up to 21 segments, for each channel, that represent 7 S-meter levels (3 segments per level).

You will determine the scan range by selecting the center frequency and the number of channels. The default number of channels is 61.

### ■ Selecting the Number of Channels

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “AUX (1–9–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “VISUAL SCAN (1–9–2)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select 31, 61 (default), 91, or 181.
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

## ■ Using Visual Scan

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Turn the **Tuning** control, or press Mic **[UP]/[DWN]**, to select the operating frequency.
  - This frequency will also be used as the center frequency.
- 3 Press **[F]**, **[VISUAL]** to start Visual Scan.
  - To halt Scan, press **[PAUSE]**. "PAUSE" appears and blinks. Press **[PAUSE]** again to resume.
- 4 To change the operating frequency, turn the **Tuning** control or press Mic **[UP]/[DWN]**.
  - The displayed frequency changes and the cursor moves.
  - Press **[SET]** to use the changed operating frequency as the center frequency.
  - Press **[RESET]** to restore the previous operating frequency.
- 5 To quit Visual Scan, press **[ESC]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ If you start Visual Scan in Memory Recall mode, the memory channel frequencies will be scanned.
- ◆ If you start Visual Scan after recalling the Call channel, the call channel frequency will be used as the center frequency.
- ◆ If the frequency range specified for Program Scan or Program VFO is narrower than the range specified for Visual Scan, the range for Program Scan or VFO will be used for Visual Scan.
- ◆ Visual Scan stops while transmitting.
- ◆ Starting Visual Scan switches Automatic Band Change OFF.
- ◆ If you start Visual Scan in one of the following conditions, you cannot receive in the current operating frequency. To use this frequency, press **[PAUSE]** to halt Scan.
  - Memory Recall or Call Channel mode
  - A frequency in the range 118 MHz to 136 MHz was selected in VFO mode.
- ◆ Depending on conditions, Visual Scan and the conventional S-meter may indicate different signal strength levels.

## SELECTING SCAN RESUME METHOD

The transceiver stops scanning at a frequency (or memory channel) on which a signal is detected. It then continues scanning according to which resume mode you select. You can choose one of the following modes. The default is Time-operated mode.

- **Time-Operated mode**

The transceiver remains on a busy frequency (or memory channel) for approximately 5 seconds, and then continues to scan even if the signal is still present.

- **Carrier-Operated mode**

The transceiver remains on a busy frequency (or memory channel) until the signal drops out. There is a 2 second delay between signal drop-out and scan resumption.

- **Seek mode**

The transceiver remains on a busy frequency (or memory channel) even after the signal drops out and does not automatically resume scanning.

**Note:** To temporarily stop scanning and monitor weak signals, press and hold the Mic PF key assigned the Monitor function (page XX). Release the key to resume scanning.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “AUX (1–9–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “SCAN RESUME (1–9–1)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select Time-Operated (default), Carrier-Operated, or Seek.
- 6 Press **[OK]**.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

## VFO SCAN

VFO Scan monitors all frequencies tunable on the band, using the current frequency step size.

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[VFO] (1 s)**.
  - Scan starts at the frequency currently displayed.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
  - To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.
- 3 To quit VFO Scan, press **[ESC]**.

## MEMORY SCAN

Use Memory Scan to monitor all memory channels programmed with frequency data.

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[MR] (1 s)**.
  - Scan starts with the channel last recalled.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
  - To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.
- 3 To quit Memory Scan, press **[ESC]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ *On the current band at least 2 or more memory channels must contain data and must not be locked out.*
- ◆ *The L0 to L9 and U0 to U9 memory channels are not scanned.*
- ◆ *You can also start Memory Scan when in Channel Display mode. While Scan is being interrupted, the channel number blinks.*

## ■ Locking Out a Memory Channel

Select memory channels that you prefer not to monitor while scanning.

- 1 Recall the desired memory channel.
- 2 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “MEMORY (1–4–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “LOCKOUT (1–4–1)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to switch Lockout ON (or OFF).
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

### **Note:**

- ◆ The L0 to L9 and U0 to U9 memory channels cannot be locked out.
- ◆ If you have recalled a memory channel on the non-control band (A or B), you cannot select the same channel on the control band to lock out.

## GROUP SCAN

For the purpose of Group Scan, the 200 memory channels are divided into 10 groups, with each group containing 20 channels. Group Scan monitors only the 20 channels which belong to the specified group. The channels are grouped as below:

|               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| Nos. 1 ~ 20   | Nos. 101 ~ 120 |
| Nos. 21 ~ 40  | Nos. 121 ~ 140 |
| Nos. 41 ~ 60  | Nos. 141 ~ 160 |
| Nos. 61 ~ 80  | Nos. 161 ~ 180 |
| Nos. 81 ~ 100 | Nos. 181 ~ 200 |

- 1 Recall one of the memory channels in the desired group.
- 2 Press **[MR] (1 s)**.
  - Scan starts with the channel last recalled.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
  - To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.
- 3 To quit Group Scan, press **[ESC]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ At least 2 or more memory channels in the specified group must contain data and must not be locked out.
- ◆ You can also start Memory Scan when in Channel Display mode. While Scan is being interrupted, the channel number blinks.

## PROGRAM SCAN

Program Scan is identical with VFO Scan except that you select the frequency range of the scan.

### ■ Setting Scan Limits

You can store up to 10 scan ranges in memory channels L0/U0 to L9/U9.

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]**.
- 3 Select the desired frequency as the lower limit.
- 4 Press **[F]**.
  - A memory channel number appears and blinks.
- 5 Turn the **Tuning** control, or press Mic **[UP]/[DWN]**, to select a channel in the range L0 to L9.

- 6 Press **[M.IN]**.
  - The lower limit is stored in the channel.
- 7 Select the desired frequency as the upper limit.
- 8 Press **[F]**.
- 9 Press **[UP]/[DWN]** to select a matching channel in the range U0 to U9.
  - If you have selected for example L3 in step 5, select U3.

- 10 Press **[M.IN]**.

- The upper limit is stored in the channel.

To confirm the stored scan limits, press **[MR]**, then select the L and U channels.

#### **Note:**

- ◆ *The lower limit must be lower in frequency than the upper limit.*
- ◆ *The lower and upper frequency step sizes must be equal.*
- ◆ *The lower and upper limits must be selected on the same band.*

## ■ Using Program Scan

- 1 Select the appropriate band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]** .
- 3 Select a frequency equal to or between the programmed scan limits.
- 4 Press **[VFO] (1 s)**.
  - Scan starts at the frequency currently displayed.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
  - To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/[DWN]**.
- 5 To quit Program Scan, press **[ESC]**.

### **Note:**

- ◆ *If the step size of the current VFO frequency differs from that of the programmed frequencies, you cannot use Program Scan.*
- ◆ *If the step size differs between the lower limit and the upper limit, you cannot use Program Scan.*
- ◆ *If the current VFO frequency is within more than one programmed scan range, the range stored in the smallest channel number is used.*

## MHz SCAN

MHz Scan monitors a 1 MHz segment of the band, using the current frequency step size. The current 1 MHz digit determines the limits of the scan. For example, if the current frequency is 145.400 MHz, then the scan range would be from 145.000 MHz to 145.995 MHz. The exact upper limit depends on the current frequency step size.

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]** to select VFO mode.
- 3 Select a frequency within the desired 1 MHz segment.
- 4 Press **[MHz] (1 s)** to start MHz Scan.
  - Scan starts at the frequency currently displayed.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
  - To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/[DWN]**.
- 5 To quit MHz Scan, press **[ESC]**.

## CALL/VFO SCAN

Use Call/VFO Scan to monitor both the Call channel and the current VFO frequency on the selected band.

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]**.
- 3 Select the desired frequency.
- 4 Press **[CALL] (1 s)** to start Call/VFO Scan.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
- 5 To quit Call/VFO Scan, press **[ESC]**.

## CALL/MEMORY SCAN

Use Call/Memory Scan to monitor both the Call channel and the desired memory channel.

- 1 Recall the desired memory channel.
- 2 Press **[CALL] (1 s)** to start Call/Memory Scan.
  - The 1 MHz decimal blinks while scanning is in progress.
  - The Call channel on the same band as of the selected memory channel is used for Scan.
- 3 To quit Call/Memory Scan, press **[ESC]**.

**Note:** *The memory channel last used is scanned even if it has been locked out.*

# CONTINUOUS TONE CODED SQUELCH SYSTEM (CTCSS)

You may sometimes want to hear calls from only specific persons. The Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS) allows you to ignore (not hear) unwanted calls from other persons who are using the same frequency. First select the same CTCSS tone as selected by the other persons in your group. A CTCSS tone is subaudible and is selectable from among the 38 standard tone frequencies.

**Note:** CTCSS does not cause your conversation to be private. It only relieves you from listening to unwanted conversations.

## USING CTCSS

- 1 Press the left or right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A or B.
  - If necessary, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]** to recall the sub-band.
- 2 Press **[TONE]** to activate the CTCSS function.
  - “CT” appears when the CTCSS function is ON.
  - Each press of **[TONE]** changes the selection as Tone → CTCSS → DCS → No selection.
- 3 Press **[F]**, **[T.SEL]**.
  - The current CTCSS frequency appears and blinks.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select a CTCSS frequency.
  - The selectable frequencies are the same as for the tone frequency. See the table given in “Selecting a Tone Frequency” {page XX}.
- 5 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

You will hear calls only when the selected tone is received. To answer the call, press and hold Mic **[PTT]**, then speak into the microphone.

Skip steps 3 to 5 if you have already programmed the appropriate CTCSS frequency.

After programming one of the Mic PF keys as the ENTER key {page XX}, you can also select a CTCSS frequency by direct entry from the Mic keypad. In step 3, press **[ENTER]**, then enter 01 to 38 shown in the table {page XX}. To select 100 Hz, for example, press **[ENTER]**, **[0]**, **[1]**, **[2]**.

**Note:**

- ◆ You can select a separate tone frequency for the CTCSS and Tone functions.
- ◆ You cannot use the CTCSS with the Tone or DCS function.
- ◆ If you select a high tone frequency, receiving audio or noise that contains the same frequency portions may cause CTCSS to function incorrectly. To prevent noise from causing this problem, select an appropriate noise squelch level {page XX}.

## CTCSS FREQ. ID

This function scans through all CTCSS frequencies to identify the incoming CTCSS frequency on a received signal. You may find it useful when you cannot recall the CTCSS frequency that the other persons in your group are using.

- 1 Press **[TONE]** to switch ON the CTCSS function.
  - “CTCSS” appears when the CTCSS function is ON.
- 2 Press **[F]**, **[T.SEL]**.
  - The current CTCSS frequency appears and blinks.

- 3 Press **[SCAN]** to activate the CTCSS Freq. ID.  
“CT SCAN” appears.

- To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.
- To quit the function, press **[ESC]**.
- When the CTCSS frequency is identified, the identified frequency appears and blinks.

- 4 Press **[OK]** to program the identified frequency in place of the currently set CTCSS frequency.
  - The previous frequency display is restored with the CTCSS function remained ON. You may press **[TONE]** to switch the CTCSS function OFF.
  - Press **[ESC]** if you do not want to program the identified frequency.
  - Press **[SCAN]** while the identified frequency is blinking, to resume scanning.

**Note:** Received signals are audible while scanning is in progress.

## DIGITAL CODE SQUELCH (DCS)

Digital Code Squelch (DCS) is another application which allows you to ignore (not hear) unwanted calls. It functions the exact same way as CTCSS. Only the differences are the encode/ decode method and the number of selectable codes. DCS uses a burst digital pulse to encode signals while CTCSS uses continuous tones. For DCS, you can select from 104 different codes listed in the table. Because digital pulses can be inverted, the actual number of selections reaches 208 (104 x 2). You can select Normal or Inverse for each code.

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 023 | 065 | 132 | 205 | 255 | 331 | 413 | 465 | 612 | 731 |
| 025 | 071 | 134 | 212 | 261 | 332 | 423 | 466 | 624 | 732 |
| 026 | 072 | 143 | 223 | 263 | 343 | 431 | 503 | 627 | 734 |
| 031 | 073 | 145 | 225 | 265 | 346 | 432 | 506 | 631 | 743 |
| 032 | 074 | 152 | 226 | 266 | 351 | 445 | 516 | 632 | 754 |
| 036 | 114 | 155 | 243 | 271 | 356 | 446 | 523 | 654 |     |
| 043 | 115 | 156 | 244 | 274 | 364 | 452 | 526 | 662 |     |
| 047 | 116 | 162 | 245 | 306 | 365 | 454 | 532 | 664 |     |
| 051 | 122 | 165 | 246 | 311 | 371 | 455 | 546 | 703 |     |
| 053 | 125 | 172 | 251 | 315 | 411 | 462 | 565 | 712 |     |
| 054 | 131 | 174 | 252 | 325 | 412 | 464 | 606 | 723 |     |

### USING DCS

- 1 Press the left or right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A or B.
  - If necessary, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]** to recall the sub-band.
- 2 Press **[TONE]** to activate the DCS function.
  - “DCS” appears when the DCS function is ON.
  - Each press of **[TONE]** changes the selection as Tone → CTCSS → DCS → No selection.
- 3 Press **[F]**, **[T.SEL]**.
  - The current DCS code appears and blinks.

- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select a DCS code, then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[N/I]** to switch between the Normal and Inverse mode.
  - “N” or “I” appears beside the code to indicate the selected mode.
- 5 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

You will hear calls only when the selected code is received. To answer the call, press and hold Mic **[PTT]**, then speak into the microphone.

**Note:** You cannot use the DCS with the Tone or CTCSS function.

## DCS CODE ID

This function scans through all DCS codes to identify the incoming DCS code on a received signal. You may find it useful when you cannot recall the DCS code that the other persons in your group are using.

**1** Press **[TONE]** to switch ON the DCS function.

- “DCS” appears when the Tone function is ON.

**2** Press **[F]**, **[T.SEL]**.

- The current DCS code appears and blinks.

**3** Press **[SCAN]** to activate the DCS CODE ID.

“DCS SCAN” appears.

- To reverse the scan direction, turn the **Tuning** control clockwise (upward scan) or counterclockwise (downward scan). You can also press Mic **[UP]/ [DWN]**.
- To quit the function, press **[ESC]**.
- When the DCS code is identified, the identified code appears and blinks.

**2** Press **[OK]** to program the identified code in place of the currently set code.

- The previous frequency display is restored with the DCS function remained ON. You may press **[TONE]** to switch the DCS function OFF.
- Press **[ESC]** if you do not want to program the identified code.
- Press **[SCAN]** while the identified code is blinking, to resume scanning.

**Note:** *Received signals are audible while scanning is in progress.*

# DUAL TONE MULTI-FREQUENCY (DTMF) FUNCTIONS

The keys on the Mic keypad function as DTMF keys; the 12 keys found on a push-button telephone plus 4 additional keys (A, B, C, D). This transceiver provides 10 dedicated memory channels. You can store a DTMF number (16 digits max.) with a memory name (8 digits max.) in each of the channels to recall later for a quick call.

Some repeaters in the U.S.A. and Canada offer a service called Autopatch. You can access the public telephone network via such a repeater by sending DTMF tones. For further information, consult your local repeater reference.

## MANUAL DIALING

Manual Dialing requires only two steps to send DTMF tones.

- 1 Press and hold Mic **[PTT]**.
- 2 Press the keys in sequence on the Mic keypad to send DTMF tones.
  - The corresponding DTMF tones are transmitted.

| Freq. (Hz) | 1209 | 1336 | 1477 | 1633 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|
| 697        | 1    | 2    | 3    | A    |
| 770        | 4    | 5    | 6    | B    |
| 852        | 7    | 8    | 9    | C    |
| 941        |      | 0    |      | D    |

### ■ DTMF Monitor

When pressing the Mic DTMF keys, you will not hear DTMF tones from the speaker. You can also make the speaker output DTMF tones each time you press a DTMF key.

Access Menu 1–8–6 (DTMF MONITOR) and select “ON”.

### ■ TX Hold

This function makes the transceiver remain in transmit mode for 2 seconds after you release each key. So you can release Mic **[PTT]** after beginning to press keys.

Access Menu 1–5–3 (TX HOLD) and select “ON”.

## AUTOMATIC DIALER

If you use the 10 dedicated memory channels to store DTMF numbers, you need not remember a long string of digits.

### ■ Storing a DTMF Number in Memory

**Note:** Audible DTMF tones from other transceivers near you (or from your own speaker) may be picked up by your microphone. If so, you may fail to correctly program a DTMF number.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Select Menu 1–5–1 (STORE), then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select from channel 0 to 9, then press **[OK]**.
  - The display for entering a memory name appears; the first digit blinks.
  - To skip naming the channel, press **[OK]** again. You can jump to step 8.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select a character.
  - You can enter alphanumeric characters plus special ASCII characters.
- 5 Press **[->]**.
  - The cursor moves to the next digit.

- 6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 to enter up to 8 digits.

|             |                                                                                                                     |              |                                                            |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CHAR</b> | Switches among the sets of alphanumeric characters, accented letters (TM-D700E only), and special ASCII characters. |              |                                                            |
| <b>a/A</b>  | Switches between small and capital letters.                                                                         | <b>BACK</b>  | Cancels Memory Name Entry.                                 |
| <b>DEL</b>  | Deletes the digit at which the cursor is blinking.                                                                  | <b>&lt;-</b> | Causes the cursor to move backward.                        |
| <b>INS</b>  | Inserts a space at which the cursor is blinking.                                                                    | <b>CLR</b>   | Clears all digits and backs the cursor to the first digit. |

- 7 Press **[OK]**.
  - The cursor moves to the start of the next field.
- 8 Press the keys in sequence on the Mic keypad to enter a DTMF number with up to 16 digits.
  - You may press **[UP]/ [DWN]** then **[OK]** to select each digit. Select a space if you want to put a pause.
- 9 Press **[OK]** to complete the programming.
- 10 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

You can confirm the stored DTMF number by using steps 1 to 3.

The keypad on the MC-53DM also is available to enter alphanumeric characters in step 4. See page XX.

## ■ Transmitting a Stored DTMF Number

- 1 Press Mic **[PTT]**+ Mic **[PF]**.
- 2 Release only Mic **[PF]**, then turn the **Tuning** control to select the desired DTMF memory channel.
- 3 While still holding Mic **[PTT]**, press **[0]** to **[9]** corresponding to the channel number.
  - The number stored in the channel scrolls across the display accompanied by DTMF tones from the speaker.
  - After transmission, the frequency display is restored.

## ■ Selecting TX Speed

Some repeaters may not respond correctly if a DTMF number is transmitted at fast speed. If this happens, change the DTMF number transmission speed from Fast (default) to Slow.

In Menu mode, access Menu 1–5–2 (TX SPEED) and select “Slow”.

## ■ Selecting Pause Duration

You can also change pause duration stored in memory channels; the default is 500 msec.

In Menu mode, access Menu 1–5–4 (PAUSE) and select from 100, 250, 500, 750, 1000, 1500, and 2000 msec.

## PROGRAMMABLE FUNCTION (PF) KEYS

The Programmable Function keys are **[PF]**, **[MR]**, **[VFO]**, and **[CALL]** located on the face of the microphone. These keys have the following default functions:

|                     |                                                    |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>[PF]</b> (PF1)   | Band Select                                        |
| <b>[MR]</b> (PF2)   | Memory Recall                                      |
| <b>[VFO]</b> (PF3)  | VFO Select                                         |
| <b>[CALL]</b> (PF4) | Call Channel Select<br>(TM-D700E: 1750 Hz Tone TX) |

If you prefer, you can change the defaults to the following key functions:

| Key Function       | Ref. Page | Key Function | Ref. Page | Key Function | Ref. Page |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| PWR (PF1only)      |           | MUTE         |           | STEP         |           |
| MONITOR            |           | CTRL         |           | VISUAL       |           |
| ENTER              |           | BAND A SEL   |           | DIM          |           |
| VOICE <sup>1</sup> |           | BAND B SEL   |           | SUB-BAND SEL |           |
| MENU               |           | PM IN        |           | TNC          |           |
| VFO                |           | A.B.C.       |           | LIST         |           |
| MR                 |           | M>V          |           | P. MON       |           |
| CALL               |           | M. IN        |           | BCON         |           |
| MHz                |           | C. IN        |           | MSG          |           |
| TONE               |           | LOCK         |           | POS          |           |
| REV                |           | T. SEL       |           | DX           |           |
| LOW                |           | SHIFT        |           |              |           |

<sup>1</sup> Without an optional VS-3 unit installed, pressing this key causes the transceiver to announce the current frequency using beeps of different frequencies. Press the key again to stop the beeps.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “RADIO (1–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “MIC (1–8–)”, then press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select “PF1 (1–8–1)” to “PF4 (1–8–4)”, then press **[OK]**.

- 5 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select the desired function.
- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

After switching the power OFF, you may press Mic **[PF]+ POWER ON**. This allows you to skip steps 1 to 4. Press Mic **[MR]**, **[VFO]**, or **[CALL]** instead of **[PF]** as necessary.

### Note:

- ◆ To restore the default functions, perform Full Reset (page XX).
- ◆ If the **LOCK** switch located on the rear of the microphone is ON, you cannot reprogram the Programmable Function keys.

## AUXILIARY FUNCTIONS

### DIRECT FREQUENCY ENTRY

If the desired operating frequency is far from the current frequency, using the Mic keypad is the quickest way to change frequency. First program one of the Mic PF keys as the ENTER key {page XX},

- 1 Press the left or right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A or B.
  - If necessary, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]** to recall the sub-band.
- 2 Press **[VFO]**.
- 3 Press Mic **[ENTER]**.
  - The display for Direct Frequency Entry appears.

If you press Mic **[PF]** while entering a frequency, the new data is accepted for the digits entered and the previous data remains unchanged for the digits not yet entered.

Previous freq.:  
145.350 MHz

**Note:** The 1 kHz and subsequent digits may be corrected depending on combinations of the previous frequency and the current frequency step size.

If you press Mic **[\*]** while entering a frequency, the new data is accepted for the digits entered and 0 is programmed for the digits not yet entered.

Previous freq.:  
145.350 MHz

- 4 Press the numeric keys in sequence on the keypad.

**Note:**

- ◆ The 1 kHz and subsequent digits are corrected according to which key is pressed for the 1 kHz digit.
- ◆ Entering a digit that is outside the allowable range causes the nearest digit within range to be displayed.
- ◆ You cannot enter a frequency in a band which cannot be recalled on the current band.

## CHANGING FREQUENCY STEP SIZE

Choosing the correct step size is essential in order to select your exact receive frequency using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DOWN]**. The default step size on the VHF band is 5 kHz (U.S.A./ Canada) or 12.5 kHz. The default on the UHF band is 25 kHz no matter which market version.

- 1 Press the left or right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A or B.
  - If necessary, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]** to recall the sub-band.
- 2 Press **[F]**, **[STEP]**.
  - The current step size appears.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select the desired step size, then press **[OK]**.
  - The selectable step sizes are 5, 6.25, 10, 12.5, 15, 20, 25, 30, 50, and 100 kHz.
- 4 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

**Note:** Changing between step sizes may correct the displayed frequency. For example, if 144.995 MHz is displayed with a 5 kHz step size selected, changing to a 12.5 kHz step size corrects the displayed frequency to 144.9875 MHz.

## PROGRAMMABLE VFO

If you always check frequencies within a certain range, set upper and lower limits for frequencies that are selectable using the **Tuning** control or Mic **[UP]/ [DOWN]**. For example, if you select 145 MHz for the lower limit and 146 MHz for the upper limit, the tunable range will be from 145.000 MHz to 146.995 MHz.

- 1 Press the left or right **[BAND SEL]** to select band A or B.
  - If necessary, press **[F]**, then the same **[BAND SEL]** to recall the sub-band.
- 2 Press **[MNU]**, select Menu 1–3–1 (PROGRAMMABLE VFO), then press **[OK]**.
  - The current lower frequency limit blinks.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select the desired lower frequency limit, then press **[OK]**.
  - The current upper frequency limit blinks.
- 4 Press **[UP]/ [DOWN]** to select the desired upper frequency limit, then press **[OK]**.
- 5 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

### **Note:**

- ◆ You cannot program the 100 kHz and subsequent digits.
- ◆ The exact 100 kHz and subsequent digits of the upper limit depend on the frequency step size selected.

## DISPLAY DIMMER

You can manually change the display illumination to suit the lighting conditions where you are operating.

- 1 Press **[F]**, **[DIM]**.
  - The current illumination level appears.
- 2 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select from 5 levels, including OFF.
  - The default is level 1.

- 3 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

**Note:** Selecting OFF automatically switches Auto Dimmer Change ON.

## AUTO DIMMER CHANGE

This function increases the display intensity one step brighter for approximately 5 seconds when you press a front panel button or Mic key, or turn the **Tuning** control. No change occurs if you have selected the brightest level.

Access Menu 1–1–4 (AUTO DIMMER) and select “ON”.

## DISPLAY CONTRAST ADJUST

The display visibility changes depending on ambient conditions, for example between daytime and nighttime. When you find the display is not clear, use this function to select the optimum display contrast.

Access Menu 1–1–2 (CONTRAST) and select from level 1 to 16. The default is level 8.

## POSITIVE/ NEGATIVE REVERSAL

You can change the display status between Negative (default) and Positive using Menu 1–1–3 (REVERSE MODE).

## BLANKING A BAND DISPLAY

If you have no plans to use band A or B, quit frequency display on the unused band. This saves power consumption and makes it simpler to read the information you need.

Press the left **[BAND SEL]** (1 s) to blank band A, or the right **[BAND SEL]** (1 s) to blank band B.

To restore Dual-band mode, press the same **[BAND SEL]** (1 s).

**Note:** You cannot operate the blanked band nor use this band to receive or transmit.

## AUTOMATIC BAND CHANGE (A.B.C.)

A.B.C. will temporarily switch the RX only band to the TX band immediately after a signal is received on the RX only band. This function allows you to reply to a caller without manually selecting the correct band.

Press **[F]**, **[A.B.C.]** to switch the function ON (or OFF).

- “A.B.C.” appears when the function is ON.

- Pressing **[BAND SEL]** or Mic **[PTT]** also cancels A.B.C.
- The original TX band is restored 2 seconds after signals drop out.

### **Note:**

- ◆ You cannot use A.B.C. when in Single-band mode. After activating A.B.C., changing from Dual-band mode to Single-band mode deactivates A.B.C. Switching back to Dual-band mode re-activates A.B.C.
- ◆ After activating A.B.C., starting Visual Scan deactivates A.B.C. Canceling Visual Scan re-activates A.B.C.

## TRANSCEIVER LOCK

Transceiver Lock is suitable for a typical mobile installation where you alter most functions with your microphone. This Lock disables all functions excluding the following:

|                     |                     |                   |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| <b>PWR</b> switch   | <b>[F]</b>          | <b>[F], [MHz]</b> |
| <b>SQL</b> controls | <b>VOL</b> controls | Mic keys          |

Press **[F], [MHz]** to switch the function ON (or OFF).

- “LOCK” appears when the function is ON.

## ALL-CONTROL LOCK

All-control Lock is ideal when you have no plans to transmit but you want to monitor a specific frequency. This Lock disables all functions excluding power ON/OFF and All-control Lock ON/OFF.

After switching Transceiver Lock ON, switch OFF the transceiver, then press **[MHz]+ POWER ON** to switch the function ON (or OFF).

- “ALL LOCK” appears when the function is ON.

## CHANGING MULTI-FUNCTION BUTTON LABELS

The functions to be frequently used should differ among persons. You can change the defaults of the 5 buttons located below the display.

Access Menu 1–1–5 (KEY FUNCTION) and select mode 1 (default), 2, or 3.

| Mode 1                  |       |       |      |        |      |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|------|--------|------|
| <b>[KEY]</b>            | TONE  | REV   | LOW  | MUTE   | CTRL |
| <b>[F], [KEY]</b>       | T.SEL | SHIFT | STEP | VISUAL | DIM  |
| <b>[F] (1 s), [KEY]</b> | LIST  | P.MON | BCON | MSG    | POS  |
| Mode 2                  |       |       |      |        |      |
| <b>[KEY]</b>            | T.SEL | SHIFT | STEP | VISUAL | DIM  |
| <b>[F], [KEY]</b>       | LIST  | P.MON | BCON | MSG    | POS  |
| <b>[F] (1 s), [KEY]</b> | TONE  | REV   | LOW  | MUTE   | CTRL |
| Mode 3                  |       |       |      |        |      |
| <b>[KEY]</b>            | LIST  | P.MON | BCON | MSG    | POS  |
| <b>[F], [KEY]</b>       | TONE  | REV   | LOW  | MUTE   | CTRL |
| <b>[F] (1 s), [KEY]</b> | T.SEL | SHIFT | STEP | VISUAL | DIM  |

## S-METER SQUELCH

S-meter Squelch causes the squelch to open only when a signal with the same or greater strength than the S-meter setting is received. This function relieves you from constantly resetting the squelch when receiving weak stations that you have no interest in.

- 1 Select the desired band.
- 2 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 3 Select 1–3–2 (S-METER SQUELCH) then press **[OK]**.

- 4 Press **[UP]** /**[DWN]** to switch the function ON (or OFF).
- 5 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.
- 6 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.
  - The S-meter setting segments appear.

- 7 To select the desired S-meter setting, turn the left (band A) or right (band B) **SQL** control depending on which band you selected.

### ■ Squelch Hang Time

When using S-meter Squelch, you may want to adjust the time interval between when the received signals drop and when the squelch closes.

Access Menu 1–3–3 (SQUELCH HANG TIME) and select from OFF (default), 125, 250 and 500 msec.

**Note:** Menu 1–3–3 is selectable only when the S-meter Squelch is ON.

## CHANGING BEEP VOLUME

The transceiver beeps each time you press a front panel button or Mic key, or when it receives appropriate APRS or DX cluster data. You can change the beep volume or turn it off.

Access Menu 1–2–1 (BEEP VOLUME) and select the volume from levels 1 to 7 and OFF. The default is level 5.

**Note:** After selecting OFF, you will still hear TOT and APO alarms.

## KEY BEEP ON/ OFF

If you are annoyed by beeps generated when pressing a front panel button or Mic key, switch OFF the Key Beep. The transceiver will beep only when it receives appropriate APRS or DX cluster data.

Access Menu 1–2–2 (KEY BEEP) and select “OFF”.

## SWITCHING FM/AM MODE

On this transceiver you can switch between FM and AM to receive on band A. The default mode on the 118 MHz band is AM while the default on the 144 MHz band and the 440 (or 430) MHz sub-band is FM.

After recalling the desired band on band A, access Menu 1–3–4 (FM/AM MODE) and switch between FM and AM.

- The 1 MHz decimal becomes long when AM is selected.

**Note:** You cannot switch between FM and AM to receive on band B.

## ADVANCED INTERCEPT POINT (AIP)

The VHF band is often crowded in urban areas. AIP helps eliminate interference and reduce audio distortion caused by intermodulation. You may use this function when operating on the VHF band.

Access Menu 1–3–5 (VHF AIP) and select “ON”.

**Note:**

- ◆ This transceiver does not allow you to use the AIP on the UHF band.
- ◆ Switching ON the AIP also affects the VHF sub-band on band B.

## TIME-OUT TIMER (TOT)

It is sometimes necessary or desirable to restrict a single transmission to a specific maximum time. You may use this function to prevent repeater time-outs when accessing repeaters, or to conserve battery power.

When TOT times out, the transceiver generates beeps and automatically returns to receive mode. To resume transmitting, release and then press Mic **[PTT]** again.

Access Menu 1–9–4 (TOT) and select 3, 5, or 10 (default) minutes for the TOT time.

## AUTOMATIC POWER OFF (APO)

Automatic Power Off is a background function that monitors whether any buttons or keys have been pressed, or whether the **Tuning** control has been turned. After 3 hours pass with no operations, APO turns OFF the power. However, 1 minute before the power turns OFF, “APO” blinks and a series of warning tones sound.

Access Menu 1–9–3 (APO) and select “ON”.

**Note:** *If the squelch opens or any settings are changed during the 3 hour period while APO is ON, the timer resets. When the squelch closes or you stop changing the settings, the timer begins counting again from 0.*

## POWER-ON MESSAGE

Each time you switch the transceiver ON, "HELLO !!" appears and stays for approximately 1 second. You can program your favorite message in place of the factory default.

- 1 Press **[MNU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Select Menu 1–1–1 (POWER-ON MSG), then press **[OK]**.
  - The display for entering a message appears; the first digit blinks.

- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select a character.
  - You can enter alphanumeric characters plus special ASCII characters.
- 4 Press **[->]**.
  - The cursor moves to the next digit.
- 5 Repeat steps 3 and 4 to enter up to 8 digits.

|             |                                                                                                                     |              |                                                            |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CHAR</b> | Switches among the sets of alphanumeric characters, accented letters (TM-D700E only), and special ASCII characters. |              |                                                            |
| <b>a/A</b>  | Switches between small and capital letters.                                                                         | <b>BACK</b>  | Cancels Message Entry.                                     |
| <b>DEL</b>  | Deletes the digit at which the cursor is blinking.                                                                  | <b>&lt;-</b> | Causes the cursor to move backward.                        |
| <b>INS</b>  | Inserts a space at which the cursor is blinking.                                                                    | <b>CLR</b>   | Clears all digits and backs the cursor to the first digit. |

- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

- 7 Press **[MNU]** to exit Menu mode.

The keypad on the MC-53DM also is available to enter alphanumeric characters in step 3. See page XX.

## DISPLAY DEMONSTRATION

By initiating this function, various pre-programmed displays appear. You still can normally use the transceiver in this mode. Pressing a front panel button or Mic key, or turning the **Tuning** control restores the operating display immediately. If there is no button/key entry or **Tuning** control adjustment for approximately 10 seconds, the transceiver reverts back to Demonstration mode.

Press **[F]+ POWER ON** to switch the function ON (or OFF).

## CHANGING SPEAKER CONFIGURATIONS

This transceiver has two speaker jacks. You can enjoy a variety of speaker configurations by using one or two external speakers. Access Menu 1–2–3 (SPEAKER) and select mode 1 (default) or 2, depending on how the internal and/or external speakers should function.

| Connection                                              | Mode   | Band A     | Band B     |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------|------------|
| Only SP1 jack connected with an external speaker        | Mode A | External   | External   |
|                                                         | Mode B | External   | External   |
| Only SP2 jack connected with an external speaker        | Mode A | Internal   | External   |
|                                                         | Mode B | External   | Internal   |
| Both SP1 and SP2 jacks connected with external speakers | Mode A | External 1 | External 2 |
|                                                         | Mode B | External 2 | External 1 |

## SPEAKER MUTE

While programming the control band (not TX band), you may not want to hear audio received on that band. Use this function to mute the speaker allocated to the control band.

Press **[MUTE]** to switch the function ON (or OFF).

- “MUTE” appears when the function is ON.

## SWITCHING TX DEVIATION (TM-D700E ONLY)

This transceiver is capable of switching between wide and narrow deviations to transmit. After selecting the desired band, access Menu 1–3–7 (WIDE/NARROW) and switch between Wide (default) and Narrow.

- When Narrow is selected, “N” appears beside the frequency.

**Note:** Do not select Narrow for the band to be used for transmitting packets.

## MICROPHONE CONTROL (U.S.A./ CANADA ONLY)

You can change numerous transceiver settings by operating the Mic DTMF keys. To activate this function, access Menu 1–8–5 (MIC CONTROL) and select “ON”.

The following table shows what function is switched ON and OFF or which setting is changed, by pressing the DTMF keys.

|   |                                         |   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Visual Scan                             | 9 | Squelch Adjustment <sup>2,3</sup> |
| 2 | Tone/ CTCSS                             | 0 | TX Power Change                   |
| 3 | Reverse                                 | A | Enter                             |
| 4 | 1 MHz Step Change                       | B | Dimmer Level Change               |
| 5 | Monitor                                 | C | —                                 |
| 6 | Frequency Readout by Beeps <sup>1</sup> | D | [F] key                           |
| 7 | Volume Change <sup>2,3</sup>            |   | Down <sup>4</sup>                 |
| 8 | Speaker Mute                            | # | Up <sup>4</sup>                   |

<sup>1</sup> Transceivers equipped with the optional VS-3 unit announce the displayed information {page XX}.

<sup>2</sup> After entering the selection mode, press [ ] or [#] to change the level or selection.

<sup>3</sup> Both Volume Change and Squelch Adjustment cannot be activated at the same time.

<sup>4</sup> Both Volume Change and Squelch Adjustment must be OFF to change the tone or frequency step using this key.

You can also make the following settings by pressing [D] first (ex. [D], then [2]).

|   |                          |   |                            |
|---|--------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| 2 | Tone Select <sup>1</sup> | 8 | Sub-band Select            |
| 3 | Offset Direction Select  | C | Repeater                   |
| 5 | DTMF Keypad Lock         | D | Multi-function Mode Cancel |
| 6 | DTMF Keypad Unlock       | E | DOWN                       |
| 7 | Band A/ B Select         | F | UP                         |

<sup>1</sup> After entering the selection mode, press [ ] or [#] to change the level or selection.

First press [2] to activate the Tone or CTCSS function.

Press [OK] on the front panel of the transceiver to complete the setting.

### Note:

- ◆ Audible DTMF tones from other transceivers near you may be picked up by your MC-53DM microphone. If so, this could prevent the function from working correctly.
- ◆ **U.S.A. Only:** It is illegal to transmit control codes on the VHF band. Transmit control codes only on the UHF band.

## WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL (U.S.A./ CANADA ONLY)

If you also have a compatible **KENWOOD** handy transceiver, you may use it as a remote control for this mobile transceiver. You will control one band on the mobile while sending DTMF tones to the other band from the handheld. This function will be useful, for example, when you want to control the mobile from a location outside your vehicle.

**Note:**

- ◆ *The handy transceiver must have both the DTSS and Remote Control functions. A TH-D7A transceiver, which does not have the DTSS, also is available because of its enhanced Remote Control function.*
- ◆ *The FCC rules permit you to send control codes only on the 440 MHz band.*

### PREPARATION

Let us assume band A (VHF) of the mobile transceiver will be controlled.

On the handy transceiver:

- 1 Program the DTSS code as the secret number.
  - For the programming method, see the instruction manual for the handy transceiver.
  - If using a TH-D7A, see “WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL” on its instruction manual.
- 2 Select the transmit frequency on the UHF band.
- 3 Make the transceiver enter Remote Control mode.
  - For the method, see the instruction manual for the handy transceiver. If not described, consult your dealer.

On the mobile transceiver:

- 4 Access Menu 1–A–1 (CODE), and select the same secret number as you selected in step 1.

- Turn the **Tuning** control to select each digit. Press [**->**] (or [**<-**]) to move the cursor to the next (or previous) digit.
- You can also press Mic [**0**] to [**9**] in sequence to enter 3 digits.

- 5 Select the receive frequency on band B (UHF).
  - Mate this frequency with the transmit frequency on the handy transceiver.
- 6 Select band A (VHF) as the TX band or Control band {page XX}.
- 7 To cause the mobile to send a control acknowledgment to the handy transceiver, access Menu 1–A–2 (ANSWER BACK) and select “ON”.

- DTMF tones which represent the secret number will be used as an acknowledgment.

- 8 Access Menu 1–A–3 (CONTROL) and select “ON”.
  - “REMOTE CON” and “LOCK” appear when the transceiver enters Remote Control mode.

## CONTROL OPERATION

When in Remote Control mode, the DTMF keys of the handy transceiver will function as shown in the table. Each time you press the desired key, the handy transceiver will automatically enter transmit mode and send the corresponding command to the mobile transceiver.

|   |           |   |              |
|---|-----------|---|--------------|
| 1 | DCS ON    | 9 | MR           |
| 2 | TONE ON   | 0 | LOW          |
| 3 | CTCSS ON  | A | ENTER        |
| 4 | DCS OFF   | B | TONE SEL     |
| 5 | TONE OFF  | C | REPEATER ON  |
| 6 | CTCSS OFF | D | REPEATER OFF |
| 7 | CALL      | E | DOWN         |
| 8 | VFO       | F | UP           |

To change the transmit/ receive frequency:

**[VFO] → [ENTER] → [0] ~ [9]** (enter the necessary digits) → **[ENTER]** or **[VFO] → [UP]/ [DOWN]**

To recall a memory channel:

**[MR] → [ENTER] → [0] ~ [9]** (enter the necessary digits) → **[ENTER]** or **[MR] → [UP]/ [DOWN]**

To change the tone (or CTCSS) frequency:

**[TONE SEL] → [0] ~ [9]** (enter 2 digits; ex. **[0], [5]**) → **[TONE SEL]**

- Use Nos. 01 to 38 shown in the table in page XX.
- First activate the Tone or CTCSS function. You can select a separate tone frequency for the Tone and CTCSS functions.

**Note:** When in Remote Control mode, you can perform only the following operations on the mobile transceiver.

- Transmit
- Secret Number Change
- Answer Back ON/ OFF
- Partial/ Full Reset

## SKY COMMAND II (U.S.A./ CANADA ONLY)

The Sky Command II allows remote control of a TS-570D, TS-570S, or TS-870S HF transceiver. Besides the HF transceiver, this system requires two transceivers capable of working the Sky Command II. This transceiver and TH-D7A handhelds are currently available. You will use one transceiver as a control station called "Commander". The transceiver connected with the HF transceiver is called "Transporter". It will function as an interface between the Commander and the HF transceiver. This system allows you, for example, to watch for and hunt DX while washing your car, or to operate the HF transceiver while relaxing in your car, living room, or patio, instead of in your shack.

Both the Commander and Transporter use Full Duplex function to transfer audio and commands as below:

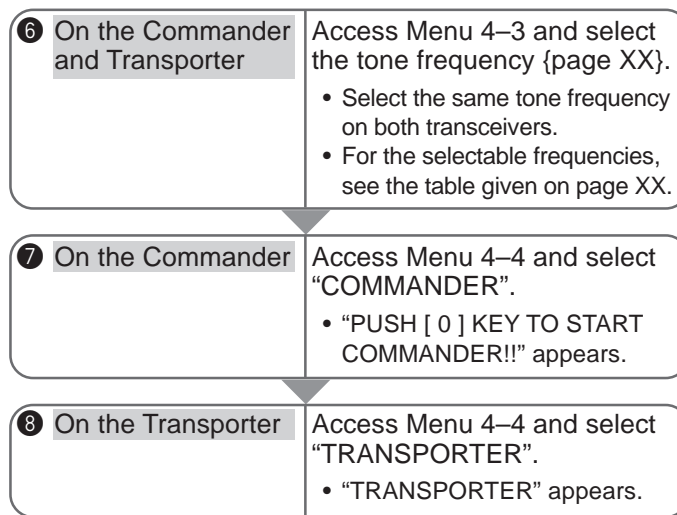
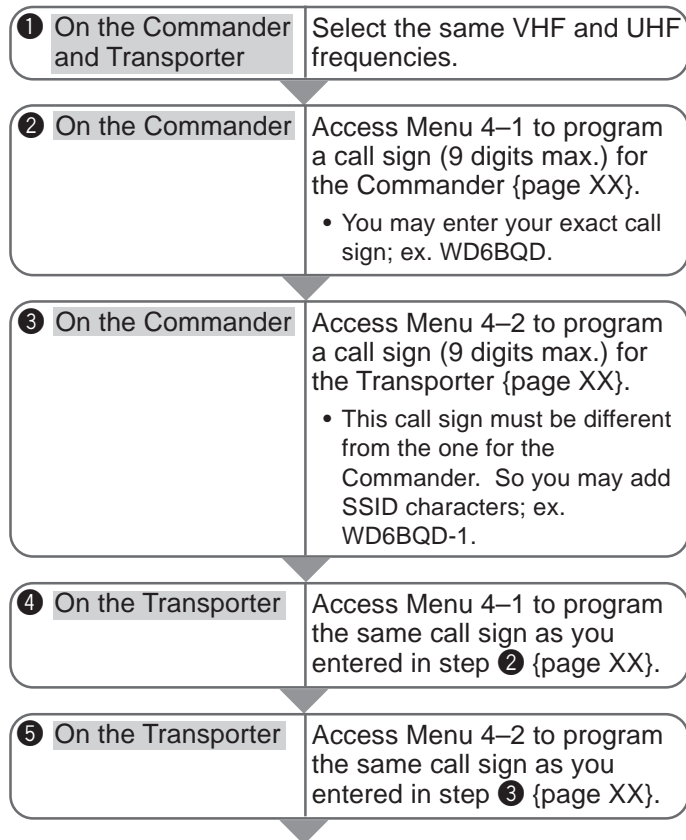
## CONNECTING THE TRANSPORTER WITH THE HF TRANSCEIVER

### **Note:**

- ◆ *Switch OFF both the Transporter and HF transceiver before making the connection.*
- ◆ *The Transporter automatically transmits its call sign in Morse at regular intervals because of the legal requirement; therefore, transmit sidetone must be output from the HF transceiver. On TS-570D or TS-570S, do not select "OFF" in Menu 21. On TS-870S, use the **MONI** control to adjust the volume of sidetone.*
- ◆ *When the Transporter is too close to the HF transceiver, unwanted feedback may cause malfunction.*
- ◆ *Do not share a regulated power supply between the Transporter and the HF transceiver. Unwanted feedback may cause malfunction.*

## PREPARATION FLOW

The following steps should guide you to a good start of Sky Command operation. First connect the Transporter to the HF transceiver {page XX}.



Now the Commander and Transporter are in Sky Command mode. For operations in this mode, see "CONTROL OPERATION" on page XX. First switch ON the HF transceiver and press **[SYNC]** on the Commander. To exit the Sky Command mode, access Menu 4-4 and select "OFF".

### Note:

- ◆ Unless you program call signs, you cannot select "COMMANDER" or "TRANSPORTER" using Menu 4-4.
- ◆ On the HF transceiver, select 9600 bps and 1 stop bit (default) using the Menu Set-up function.
- ◆ Adjust the audio level on both the Transporter and HF transceiver.
- ◆ To distinguish your various stations or nodes, you can have up to 15 Secondary Station IDentifiers (SSIDs); ex. WD6BQD-1 to WD6BQD-15. You always have to put a dash between your call sign and SSID number.

## PROGRAMMING CALL SIGNS

The built-in TNCs of the Commander and Transporter communicate each other when you send a control command from the Commander. So you must program different call signs (9 digits max.) on these transceivers as the IDs of the TNCs.

Use the following Menu Nos. to program call signs:

| On Commander   |              |                           |
|----------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| 4-1            | CMD CALLSIGN | Call sign for Commander   |
| 4-2            | TRP CALLSIGN | Call sign for Transporter |
| On Transporter |              |                           |
| 4-1            | CMD CALLSIGN | Call sign for Commander   |
| 4-2            | TRP CALLSIGN | Call sign for Transporter |

- 1 Press **[MENU]** to enter Menu mode.
- 2 Press **[4]**, **[1]** to select "4-1 (CMD CALLSIGN)", or **[4]**, **[2]** to select "4-2 (TRP CALLSIGN)", then press **[OK]**.
  - The callsign entry field appears; the first digit blinks.
- 3 Press **[UP]/ [DWN]** to select a character.
  - You can enter 0 to 9, A to Z, and –.

- 4 Press **[>]**.

- The cursor moves to the next digit.

- 5 Repeat steps 3 and 4 to enter up to 9 digits.

|              |                                                            |            |                                                    |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>BACK</b>  | Cancels entry of a call sign.                              | <b>DEL</b> | Deletes the digit at which the cursor is blinking. |
| <b>&lt;-</b> | Causes the cursor to move backward.                        | <b>INS</b> | Inserts a space at which the cursor is blinking.   |
| <b>CLR</b>   | Clears all digits and backs the cursor to the first digit. |            |                                                    |

- 6 Press **[OK]** to complete the setting.

- 7 Press **[MENU]** to exit Menu mode.

The keypad on the MC-53DM also is available to enter alphanumeric characters in step 3. See page XX.

## PROGRAMMING A TONE FREQUENCY

On receiving a tone from the Commander, the Transporter causes the HF transceiver to enter Transmit mode. On both the Commander and Transporter, access Menu 4-3 (TONE FREQUENCY) and select the desired, same tone frequency.

## CONTROL OPERATION

When in the Sky Command mode, the Mic keys of the Commander will function as below. First switch ON the HF transceiver and press Mic **[0]** on the Commander.

Each time you press the desired key, the Commander will automatically enter transmit mode and send the corresponding control command to the Transporter.

|                                                                 |                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| To switch ON/ OFF the HF transceiver                            | Press Mic <b>[1]</b> .                                            |
| To change the frequency or memory channel on the HF transceiver | Press Mic <b>[UP]/ [DWN]</b> .                                    |
| To transmit audio on a HF frequency                             | Press and hold Mic <b>[PTT]</b> , then speak into the microphone. |
| To receive audio on a HF frequency                              | Press Mic <b>[2]</b> .                                            |
| To monitor the UHF band on the Commander                        | Press and hold the Mic PF key assigned the Monitor function.      |

| Mic Key               | Function                                                                               |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>1</b>              | Power ON/ OFF                                                                          |
| <b>2</b>              | HF frequency receive ON/ OFF                                                           |
| <b>3</b>              | Modulation mode switch                                                                 |
| <b>4</b>              | RIT ON/ OFF                                                                            |
| <b>5</b>              | XIT ON/ OFF                                                                            |
| <b>6</b>              | RIT offset or XIT offset clear                                                         |
| <b>7</b>              | Split-frequency ON/ OFF                                                                |
| <b>8</b>              | Transfer from Memory to VFO                                                            |
| <b>9</b>              | In VFO mode: VFO A/ VFO B switch<br>In Memory Recall mode: no change                   |
| <b>0</b>              | Current settings retrieve (from HF transceiver)                                        |
| <b>B</b>              | VFO/ Memory Recall mode switch                                                         |
| <b>C</b>              | RIT offset frequency increase                                                          |
| <b>D</b>              | XIT offset frequency decrease                                                          |
| <b>1</b>              | In LSB, USB, or CW mode: 10 Hz/ 1 kHz switch<br>In FM or AM mode: 1 kHz/ 10 kHz switch |
| <b>#</b> <sup>2</sup> | In VFO mode: frequency entry ON<br>In Memory Recall mode: channel number entry ON      |

<sup>1</sup> "FS" appears when you select 1 kHz step (LSB/ USB/ CW) or 10 kHz step (FM/AM).

<sup>2</sup> After pressing Mic **[#]**, press Mic **[0]** to **[9]** to enter a frequency or memory channel number.

When Mic [0] is pressed, the Commander shows the current settings of the HF transceiver as below:

- ① HF frequency
- ② VFO: A, VFO: B,  
00 ~ 99 (memory channel number)
- ③ RIT, XIT
- ④ OFF, -9.99 ~ +9.99
- ⑤ "FS" appears when Mic [ ] is pressed.
- ⑥ LSB, USB, CW, FM, or AM
- ⑦ SPLIT-A: VFO A is used for transmitting.  
SPLIT-B: VFO B is used for transmitting.  
SPLIT-M: A memory channel is used for transmitting.

**Note:**

- ◆ After pressing [MENU], you can access only Menu 4-4.
- ◆ The Transporter will transmit its call sign in Morse every 10 minutes, using the 144 MHz band.
- ◆ The APO timer does not operate on the transceiver with Transporter ON.

## REPEATER FUNCTION (U.S.A./ CANADA ONLY)

This transceiver is capable of receiving signals on one band and retransmitting signals on another band. This function repeats signals originating from one band, using another band. For example, a signal received on band A (VHF) is retransmitted on band B (UHF). Similarly, a signal received on band B (UHF) is retransmitted on band A (VHF).

Access Menu 1–7–6 (REPEATER) and select Locked-band Repeater or Cross-band Repeater. The default is “OFF”.

### Locked-band Repeater

The transceiver always uses the same band to receive or transmit a signal as a repeater. Before accessing Menu 1–7–6, select one band as the TX band and the other band as the control band.

### Cross-band Repeater

If receiving a signal on the TX band, the transceiver switches the current RX only band to the TX band. Before accessing Menu 1–7–6, select the same band as the TX and control bands.

If necessary, you can cause this transceiver to remain in the transmit mode for 500 ms after signals drop. Access Menu 1–7–5 (REPEATER HOLD) and select “ON”.

#### **Note:**

- ◆ *You cannot activate the Repeater function after recalling the same frequency band (VHF or UHF) on band A and B, or while blanking a band display.*
- ◆ *Activating the Repeater function switches OFF Automatic Band Change (A.B.C.) or Automatic Simplex Check (ASC).*
- ◆ *The Time-Out Timer is locked at 3 minutes.*
- ◆ *After activating the Repeater function, you cannot access Menu Nos. other than 1–7–5 and 1–7–6.*

## VS-3 VOICE SYNTHESIZER (OPTIONAL)

Install the optional VS-3 unit to use this function {page XX}. Each time you change the transceiver mode, such as VFO or Memory Recall, the transceiver automatically announces the new mode.

The table below shows what the transceiver automatically announces when it enters a new mode.

| Key Pressed                                             | New Mode             | Announcement                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| [VFO]                                                   | VFO                  | "VFO"                          |
| [MR]                                                    | Memory Recall        | "MR"                           |
| [CALL]                                                  | Call Channel         | "Call"                         |
| [PM]                                                    | Programmable Memory  | "PM"                           |
| [MNU]                                                   | Menu                 | "Menu"                         |
| [BAND SEL]                                              | New TX/ Control band | Current frequency <sup>1</sup> |
| Mic PF key programmed with Enter {page XX} <sup>2</sup> | Keypad Direct Entry  | "Enter"                        |

<sup>1</sup> When pressed in Memory Recall mode, the transceiver announces the channel number, "channel", and the frequency

<sup>2</sup> When pressed in VFO or Memory Recall mode.

You can also press Mic [6] in Microphone Control mode {page XX} or the PF key programmed with Voice {page XX}. The transceiver announces the displayed information as follows depending on the current mode.

|                                         |                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VFO                                     | VFO frequency on the current band beginning with the 100 MHz digit (MHz decimal point: "point")                               |
| Memory Recall                           | Channel number, "channel", and the frequency<br>For the L or U channels, "low" or "up", the channel number, and the frequency |
| Channel Display                         | Channel number and "channel".<br>For the L or U channels, "low" or "up" and the channel number                                |
| Call Channel Recall                     | "Call" and the frequency                                                                                                      |
| PM Recall                               | "PM" and the channel number                                                                                                   |
| Menu                                    | "Menu" and the Menu No (and current selection)                                                                                |
| Tone freq., CTCSS freq, DCS code select | Current Tone freq., CTCSS freq, or DCS code                                                                                   |

### Note:

- ◆ To deactivate the Voice Synthesizer function after installing the optional VS-3 unit, access Menu 1–2–4 (VOICE) and select OFF.
- ◆ While using Transceiver Lock, the transceiver makes an announcement only when pressing Mic [6] in Microphone Control mode or the PF key programmed with Voice. When in All-control Lock mode, pressing these keys simply causes an error beep to sound; the transceiver does not make an announcement in any case.
- ◆ The Voice Synthesizer function does not work while transmitting or scanning.