

Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

CCS-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

Certificate No: D2450V2-817_Jul13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 817

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

July 31, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Oran G-Dagoeg
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	secus.

Issued: July 31, 2013

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Date of Issue: August 29, 2015

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Servizio svizzero di taratura

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.5 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	Onder.

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.5 \Omega + 2.9 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω + 4.5 Ω	
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 23, 2007

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

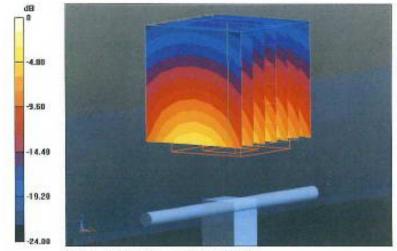
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.781 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

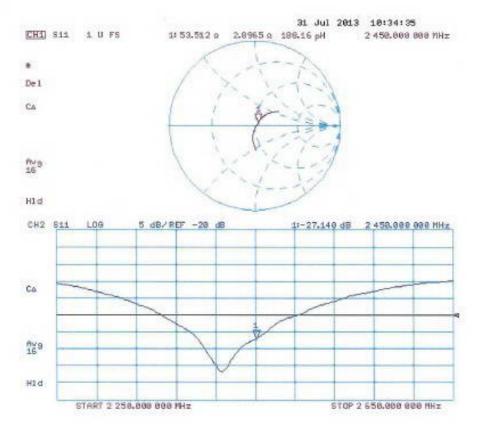
SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

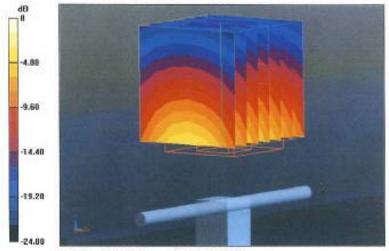
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

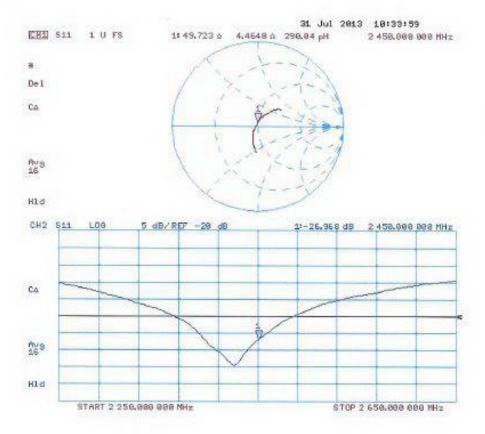
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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D2450V2, Serial No.817 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

D2450V2 Serial No.817						
	2450 Head					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-27.140		53.512		2.897	
7.30.2014	-26.620	1.92	52.828	0.684	3.898	0.911

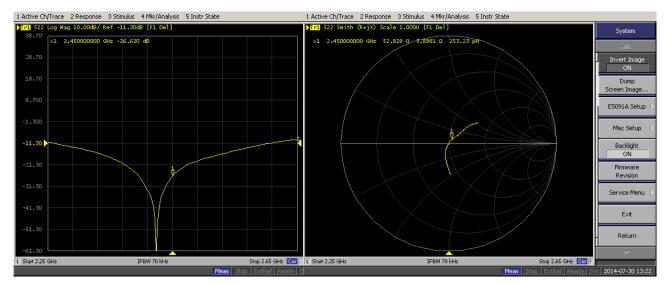
		D24	50V2 Serial No	.817		
	2450 Body					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-26.968		49.723		4.465	
7.30.2014	-25.469	5.56	49.237	0.486	5.234	0.769

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

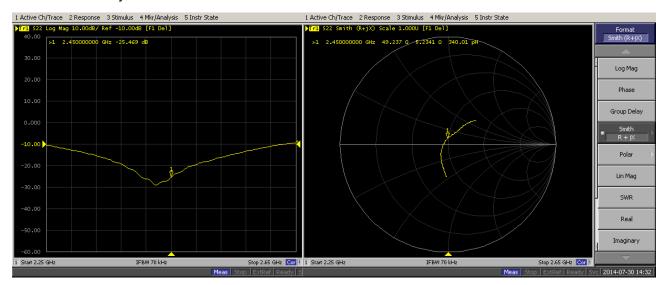


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Dipole Verification Data D2450V2 Serial No.817 2450 MHz-Head



2450 MHz-Body





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Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

	D2450V2 Serial No.817					
	2450 Head					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-27.140		53.512		2.897	
7.30.2014	-26.620	1.92	52.828	0.684	3.898	0.911
7.29.2015	-25.93	2.59	53.086	0.258	4.095	0.197

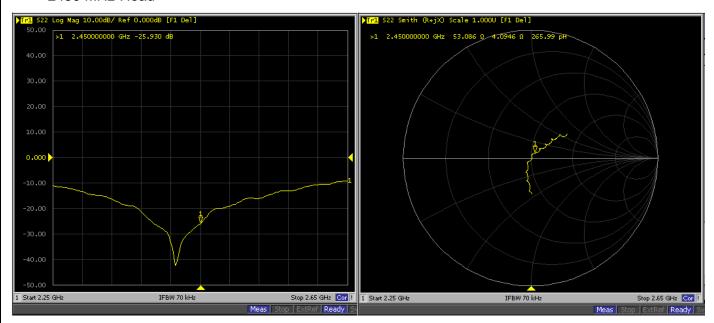
D2450V2 Serial No.817						
	2450 Body					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.31.2013	-26.968		49.723		4.465	
7.30.2014	-25.469	5.56	49.237	0.486	5.234	0.769
7.29.2015	-25.139	1.30	49.31	0.073	5.419	0.185

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

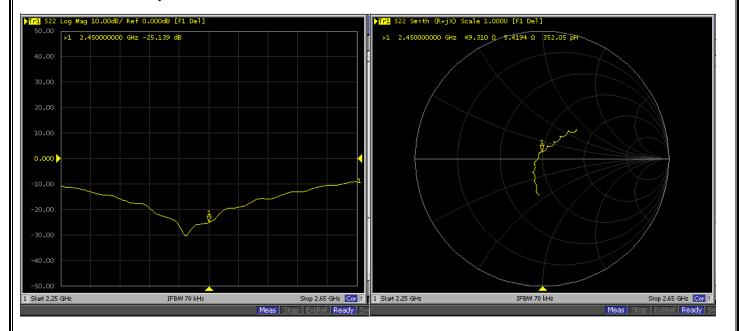


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Dipole Verification Data D2450V2 Serial No.817 2450 MHz-Head



2450 MHz-Body





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Client

CCS-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1095_May13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

May 31, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
SN: 3503	28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12)	Dec-13
SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Name	Function	Signature
Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	40
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2011
	US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name Jeton Kastrati	US37292783 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) SN: 3503 28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12) SN: 601 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) ID # Check Date (in house) MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) Name Function Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Issued: May 31, 2013

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	TV.

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.5 ± 6 %	4.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.60 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.1 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	4.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.0 ± 6 %	4.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	5.11 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.86 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.6 ± 6 %	5.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.4 ± 6 %	5.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.1 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The second secon	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.0 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	*
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.6 ± 6 %	6.24 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω - 6.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω - 3.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω - 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	28.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0 Ω - 1.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.4 Ω - 2.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7 Ω - 5.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8 Ω - 1.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 35.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.8 Ω - 1.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB	

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Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 Ω + 1.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$55.6 \Omega + 0.3 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.208 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 24, 2010

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.05.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.6$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.79$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.89$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1);
 Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76);
 Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.153 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.596 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.084 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.341 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

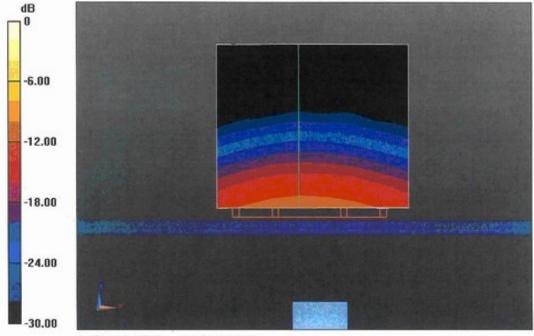
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.473 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

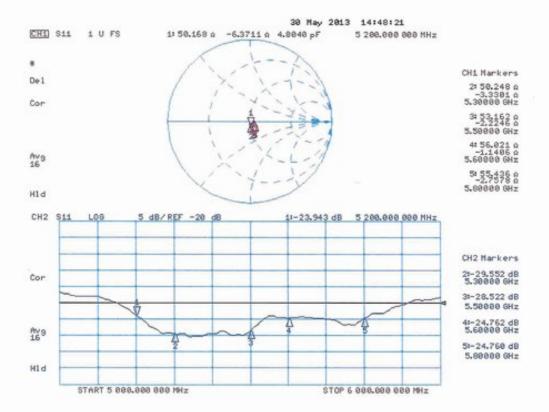
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.05.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.41$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.53$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.24$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.744 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.871 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.666 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.108 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

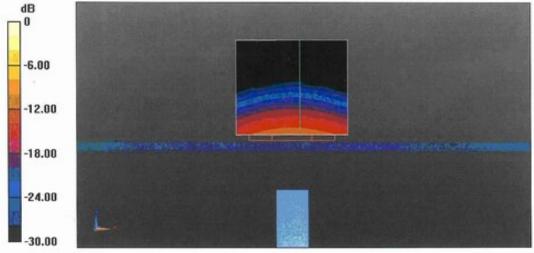
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 55.451 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg

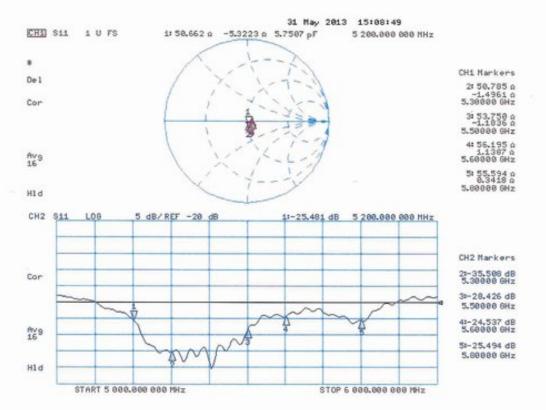
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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D5GHzV2, Serial No.1095 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement

Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095							
Head							
Date of Measurement		Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
5200MHz	5.31.2013	-23.943		50.168		-6.371	
	5.29.2014	-23.425	2.16	50.749	0.581	-6.752	0.381
5300MHz	5.31.2013	-29.552		50.248	-	-3.330	
	5.29.2014	-27.170	8.06	49.802	0.446	-4.424	1.094
5500MHz	5.31.2013	-28.522		53.162		-2.225	
	5.29.2014	-29.647	3.94	52.249	0.913	-2.350	0.125
5600MHz	5.31.2013	-24.762		56.021		-1.141	
	5.29.2014	-26.263	6.06	54.956	1.065	-1.291	0.150
5800MHz	5.31.2013	-24.760		55.436	-	-2.758	
	5.29.2014	-24.078	2.75	56.550	1.114	-1.310	1.448

D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095							
Body							
Date of Measurement		Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
5200MHz	5.31.2013	-25.481		50.662		-5.322	
	5.29.2014	-23.945	6.03	50.975	0.313	-6.336	1.014
5300MHz	5.31.2013	-35.508		50.785		-1.496	
	5.29.2014	-31.173	12.21	49.992	0.793	-2.732	1.236
5500MHz	5.31.2013	-28.426		53.750	-	-1.184	
	5.29.2014	-28.353	0.26	52.867	0.883	-2.742	1.558
5600MHz	5.31.2013	-24.537		56.195		1.139	
	5.29.2014	-24.330	0.84	56.344	0.149	0.347	0.792
5800MHz	5.31.2013	-25.494		55.594		0.342	
	5.29.2014	-24.908	2.30	55.887	0.293	-1.203	1.545

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

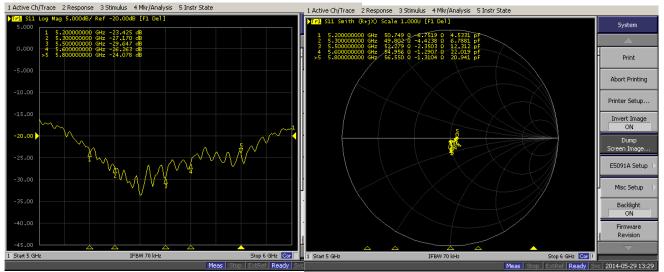


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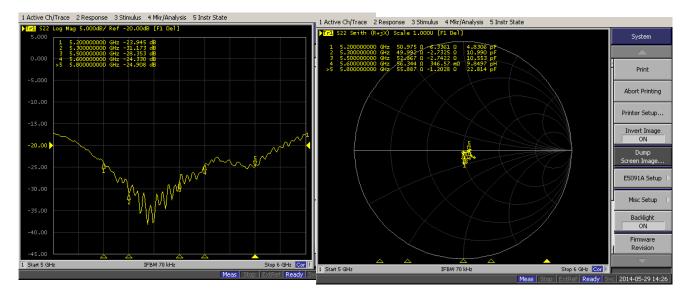
Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

Dipole Verification Data D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095

D5GHzV2-Head



D5GHzV2-Body





Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095							
Head							
Date of Measurement		Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
5200MHz	5.31.2013	-23.943		50.168		-6.371	
	5.29.2014	-23.425	2.16	50.749	0.581	-6.752	0.381
	5.28.2015	-23.192	0.99	50.909	0.16	-6.980	0.228
	5.31.2013	-29.552		50.248		-3.330	
5300MHz	5.29.2014	-27.170	8.06	49.802	0.446	-4.424	1.094
	5.28.2015	-28.187	3.74	49.973	0.171	-3.953	0.471
	5.31.2013	-28.522		53.162		-2.225	
5500MHz	5.29.2014	-29.647	3.94	52.249	0.913	-2.350	0.125
	5.28.2015	-27.742	6.43	52.976	0.727	-2.962	0.612
	5.31.2013	-24.762		56.021		-1.141	
5600MHz	5.29.2014	-26.263	6.06	54.956	1.065	-1.291	0.150
	5.28.2015	-25.523	2.82	55.487	0.531	0.283	1.008
5800MHz	5.31.2013	-24.760	-	55.436		-2.758	
	5.29.2014	-24.078	2.75	56.550	1.114	-1.310	1.448
	5.28.2015	-25.841	7.32	55.187	1.363	-1.813	0.503



Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095							
Body							
Date of Measurement		Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
	5.31.2013	-25.481		50.662		-5.322	
5200MHz	5.29.2014	-23.945	6.03	50.975	0.313	-6.336	1.014
	5.28.2015	-24.992	4.37	50.975	0	-5.587	0.749
	5.31.2013	-35.508		50.785	-	-1.496	
5300MHz	5.29.2014	-31.173	12.21	49.992	0.793	-2.732	1.236
	5.28.2015	-32.699	4.90	49.852	0.14	-2.406	0.326
	5.31.2013	-28.426		53.750	-	-1.184	
5500MHz	5.29.2014	-28.353	0.26	52.867	0.883	-2.742	1.558
	5.28.2015	-30.006	5.83	52.895	0.028	-1.424	1.318
5600MHz	5.31.2013	-24.537		56.195		1.139	
	5.29.2014	-24.330	0.84	56.344	0.149	0.347	0.792
	5.28.2015	-25.266	3.85	55.666	0.678	0.746	0.399
5800MHz	5.31.2013	-25.494		55.594		0.342	
	5.29.2014	-24.908	2.30	55.887	0.293	-1.203	1.545
	5.28.2015	-24.266	2.58	56.492	0.605	-0.292	0.911

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

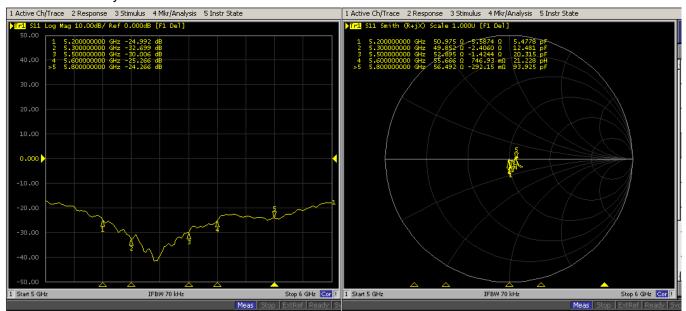


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Dipole Verification Data D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 D5GHzV2-Head



D5GHzV2-Body





Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date of Issue: August 29, 2015

Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for celibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is institute.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files; Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN_BR040315AD DAE4.doc

11.12.2009



Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisau d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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CCS - CN (Auden) Client

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1245 Object QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

July 22, 2015 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory tackly: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

1D #	Cal Date (Centicate No.)	garagada Caroniyan
SN: 0810278	03-Oct-14 (No:15573)	Oct-15
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-15 (in house check).	In house check: Jan-16
SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-15 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-16
	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001	SN: 0810278 03-Oct-14 (No:15573)

Calibrated by:

Name Eric Hainfeld Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Fin Bomhok

This calibration pertificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: July 22, 2015

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15

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Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V .$ 1LSB = 61 n V .full range = -100,...+300 mV full range = -1,.....+3mV High Range: Low Range: DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time; 3 sec; Measuring time; 3 sec

Calibration Factors	×	Y	Z
High Range	405.968 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.691 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.828 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4,00326 ± 1,50% (k=2)	3.98439 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4,02655 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

1		
1	Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	28.5 °±1 °

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200028.69	-6.39	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20006.54	1,92	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20003.38	1.71	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200030.86	-3.89	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000.32	-1.15	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20004.69	0.56	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	200028.63	-11.14	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	20003.37	-0.96	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20004.54	0.81	-0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.94	0.10	0.01
Channel X + Input	200.71	-0.31	-0.15
Channel X - Input	-199.09	-0.05	0.03
Channel Y + Input	2000.77	-0.04	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.24	-0.79	-0.39
Channel Y - Input	-199.48	-0.35	0.18
Channel Z + Input	2001.26	0.43	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.86	-1.00	-0.50
Channel Z - Input	-201,97	-2.76	1,38

2. Common mode sensitivity

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-7.52	-8.59
	- 200	10.21	8.63
Channel Y	200	-7.45	-7.28
	- 200	6.40	6.24
Channel Z	200	-5.86	-6.35
	- 200	4.39	3.77

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time; 3 sec; Measuring time; 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		3.60	-3.27
Channel Y	200	9.38		3.62
Channel Z	200	9.93	6.83	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15877	17010
Channel Y	16451	16190
Channel Z	15943	17349

Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MO.

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.17	-0.54	2.46	0.56
Channel Y	0.34	-0.62	1.45	0.44
Channel Z	-0.68	-1.73	0.92	0.51

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Voc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Voc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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CCS-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3798_Jul15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

EX3DV4 - SN:3798 Object

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

July 24, 2015 Calibration date

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to redonal standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temporature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	10	Cal Data (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 85054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES30V2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8645C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Function Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler

Kata Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by

Issued: July 24, 2015

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Certificate No: EX3-3796_Jul15

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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx.y.z. ConvF diode compression point DCP

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal CF modulation dependent linearization parameters A. B. C. D

a rotation around probe axis Polarization q

5 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9:

i.e., 8 = 0 is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

Techniques*, June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

 iEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 8 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^z-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:3798

July 24, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3798

Manufactured: April 5, 2011 Calibrated: July 24, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4-SN:3798

July 24, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.54	0.51	0.59	±10.1%	
DCP (mV) th	101.3	100.9	102.8		

Madulation Calibration Baramatara

UID	Communication System Name	4.1	A dB	B dBõV	C	dB	VR mV	Unc (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	140.4	±3.5 %
-	7/4/201	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		136.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		128.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No. EX3-3798 Jul 15

The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 Numerical integrization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value



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EX3DV4- 5N:3798

July 24, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (Sim)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^d	Depth (mm)	Une (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	9,13	9.13	9.13	0.38	0.97	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.88	8.88	8.88	0.23	1.50	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.63	7.63	7,63	0.42	0.81	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.36	0.84	±12.0%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.35	1.80	±13.1%
5300	35.9	4.76	4,84	4.84	4.84	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4,81	4.81	4.81	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.5	5.07	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 190 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else if is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

*At frequences below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if figured companisation formula is applied to

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measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of teaue parameters (it and it) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Conf. uncertainty for indicated terget tosue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies belowen 3-8 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe to diameter from the boundary.



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EX3DV4-SN:3798

July 24, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁰	Depth (mm)	Unc (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	8.87	8.87	8.87	0.30	1.10	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.59	8.59	8.59	0.29	1.11	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.39	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.30	0.96	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.25	0.80	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5,30	4.64	4,64	4.64	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.42	4.42	4,42	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48,6	5.65	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.50	1.90	±13.1%
5600	48.5	5.77	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.50	1.90	±13.1%

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), etse it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and if) can be retained to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and if) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Apha/Depth and determined during delibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance target than half the probation demonstration in the boundary.

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diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4-5N:3798

July 24, 2015

3000

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

1.4 1.3 Frequency response (normalized) 1.1 1.0-0.8 0.7 0.6

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

1500 f [MHz]

1000

TEM

2000

2500

R22

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0.5

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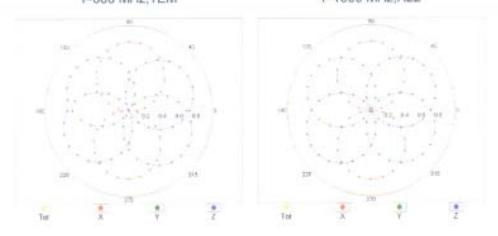
Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

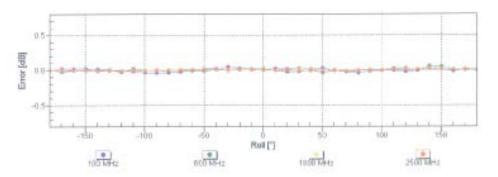
July 24, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:3798

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

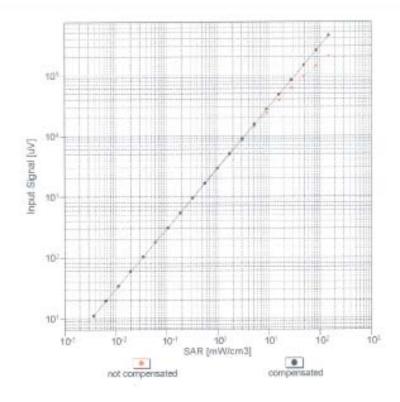


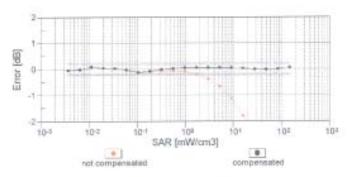
Report No .: C150624R04-B-SF

EX3DV4-SN:3798

July 24, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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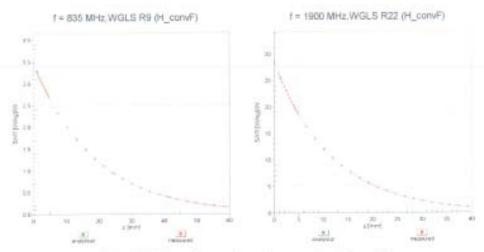


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EX3DV4-SN:3798

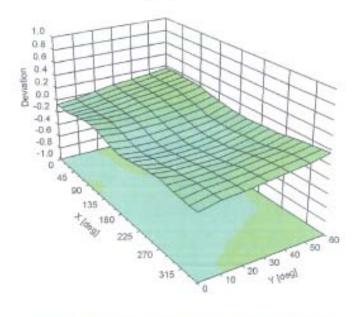
July 24, 2015

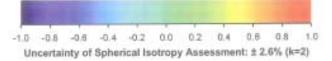
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (4, 8), f = 900 MHz





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EX3DV4- \$N:3798

July 24, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (*)	140.		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337 mn		
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm		
Tip Length	9 mm		
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm		

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