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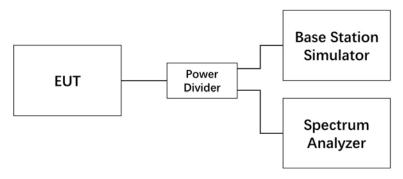
# 3.3 Occupied Bandwidth

# 3.3.1. Limit

FCC 47 CFR Part 90 Subpart S - §90.209 (a)

Each authorization issued to a station licensed under this part will show an emission designator representing the class of emission authorized. The designator will be prefixed by a specified necessary bandwidth. This number does not necessarily indicate the bandwidth occupied by the emission at any instant. In those cases where §2.202 of this chapter does not provide a formula for the computation of necessary bandwidth, the occupied bandwidth, as defined in part 2 of this chapter, may be used in lieu of the necessary bandwidth.

# 3.3.2. Test Setup



# 3.3.3. Test Procedures

- 1) The measurement procedure follows ANSI C63.26-2015, clause 5.2.7
- 2) The RF output of the EUT, BS simulator and spectrum analyzer are connected via a power divider.
- 3) The nominal RBW of spectrum analyzer shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set  $\geq$  3  $\times$  RBW.
- 4) Record the measured results of 26dB and 99% bandwidth.

#### 3.3.4. Test Result

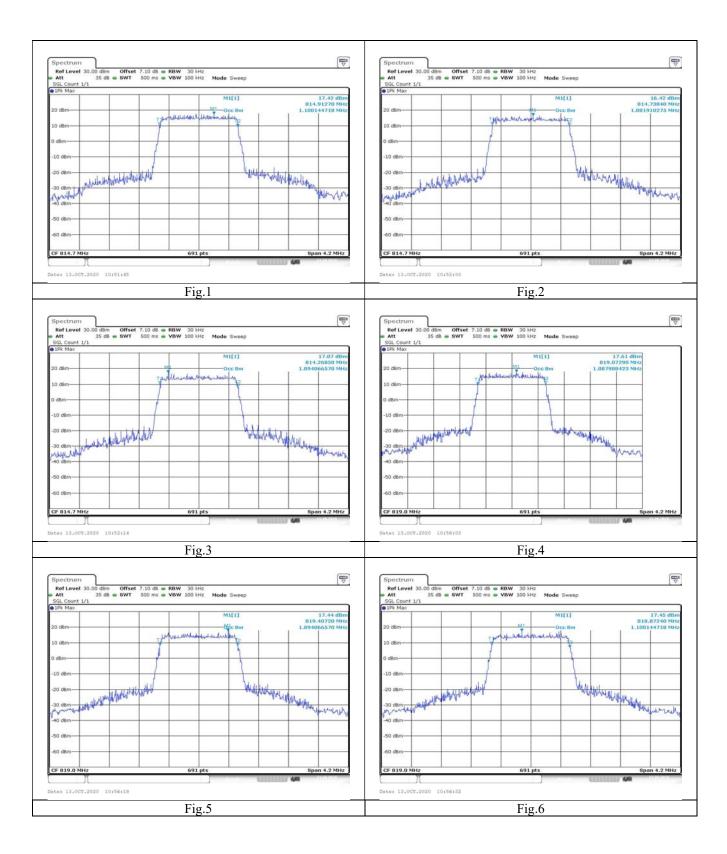
Test Engineer	Xu Dongxu	Test Date	2020/10/13
Temperature	21.9°C	Relative Humidity	48.7%
Pressure	102.1kPa	<b>Test Sample Selected</b>	No.1

E	CI I	DIV.	DD	DD	Bandwidth of 999				wer (MHz)		
Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Q	PSK	16-	QAM	64-	QAM	
814.7	26697		6	0	1.10	Fig.1	1.08	Fig.2	1.09	Fig.3	
819.0	26740	1.4	6	0	1.09	Fig.4	1.09	Fig.5	1.10	Fig.6	
823.3	26783		6	0	1.09	Fig.7	1.09	Fig.8	1.10	Fig.9	
815.5	26705		15	0	2.75	Fig.10	2.75	Fig.11	2.75	Fig.12	
819.0	26740	3	15	0	2.74	Fig.13	2.74	Fig.14	2.74	Fig.15	
822.5	26775		15	0	2.75	Fig.16	2.75	Fig.17	2.75	Fig.18	
816.5	26715		25	0	4.52	Fig.19	4.52	Fig.20	4.49	Fig.21	
819.0	26740	5	25	0	4.49	Fig.22	4.52	Fig.23	4.54	Fig.24	
821.5	26765		25	0	4.52	Fig.25	4.49	Fig.26	4.49	Fig.27	
819.0	26740	10	50	0	9.07	Fig.28	9.03	Fig.29	8.99	Fig.30	

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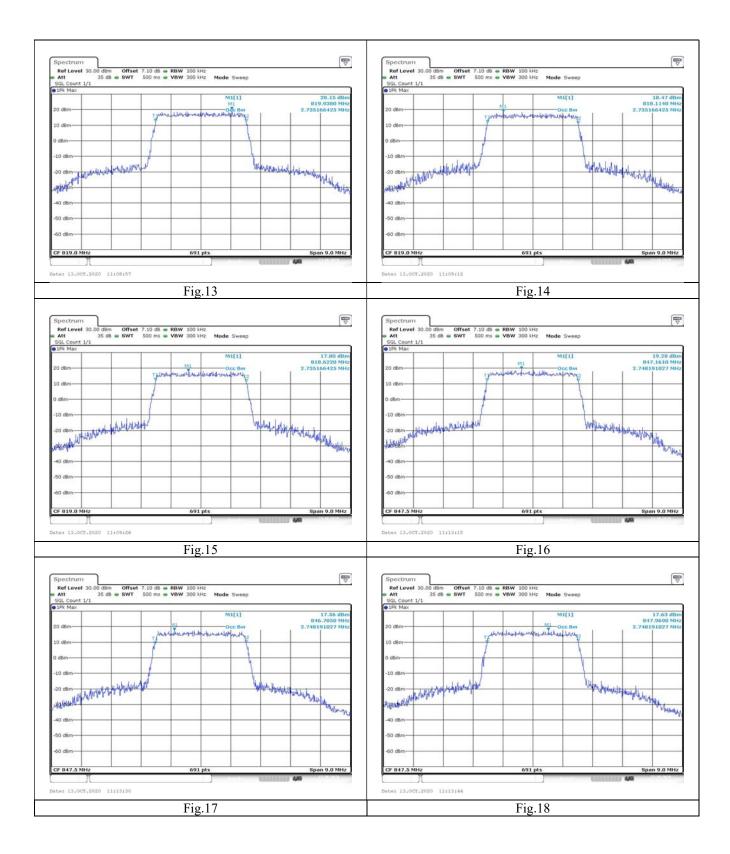


 
 Ref Level
 30.00 dBm
 Offset
 7.10 dB
 RBW
 30 kHz

 Att
 35 dB
 SWT
 500 ms
 9 WW
 100 kHz
17.31 dB 847.89880 market market bearing HARMAN MELAL who hope high whole Date: 13.007.2020 11:00:21 Date: 13.0CT.2020 11:00:34 Fig.7 Fig.8 mala man Michael Market 39 John Habling Matheright MANUAL PROPERTY AND A Fig.9 Fig.10 M3 Occ Marriagh Applementation who were and anythick population of the way to be a second issouph who who who Date: 13.0CT.2020 11:04:54 Date: 13.007.2020 11:05:08 Fig.11 Fig.12

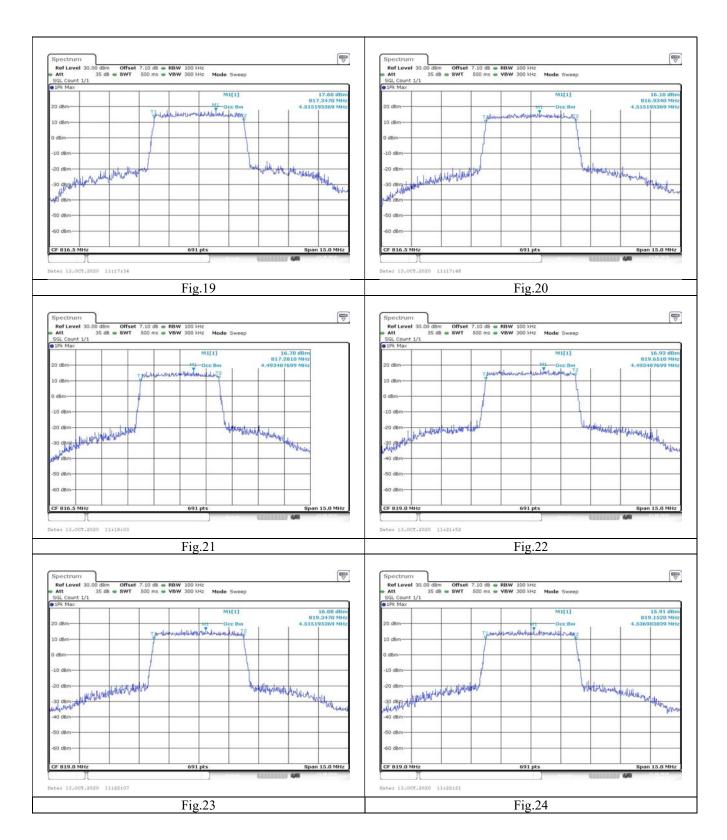
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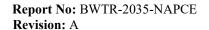




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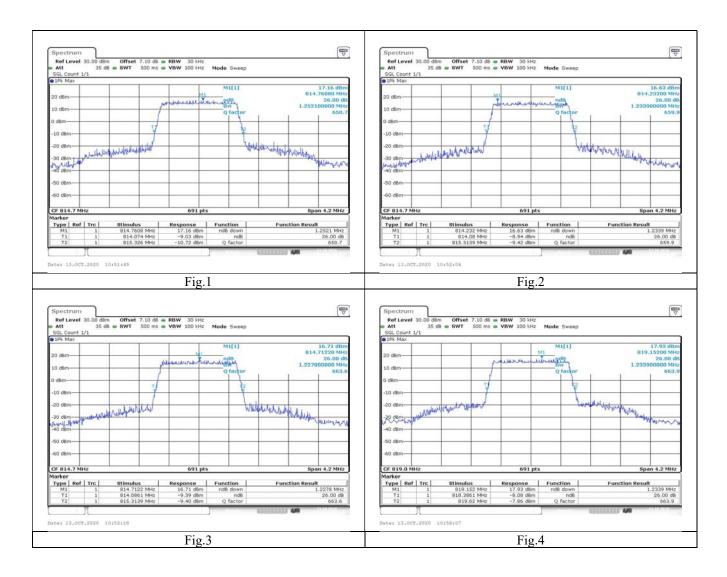


who we will the same of the sa aspert years Date: 13.00T.2020 11:26:10 Date: 13.0CT.2020 11:26:25 Fig.25 Fig.26 aller to the tent of the same White of sweether -30 dem Fig.27 Fig.28 Date: 13.0CT.2020 11:30:43 Date: 13.007.2020 11:30:57 Fig.29 Fig.30



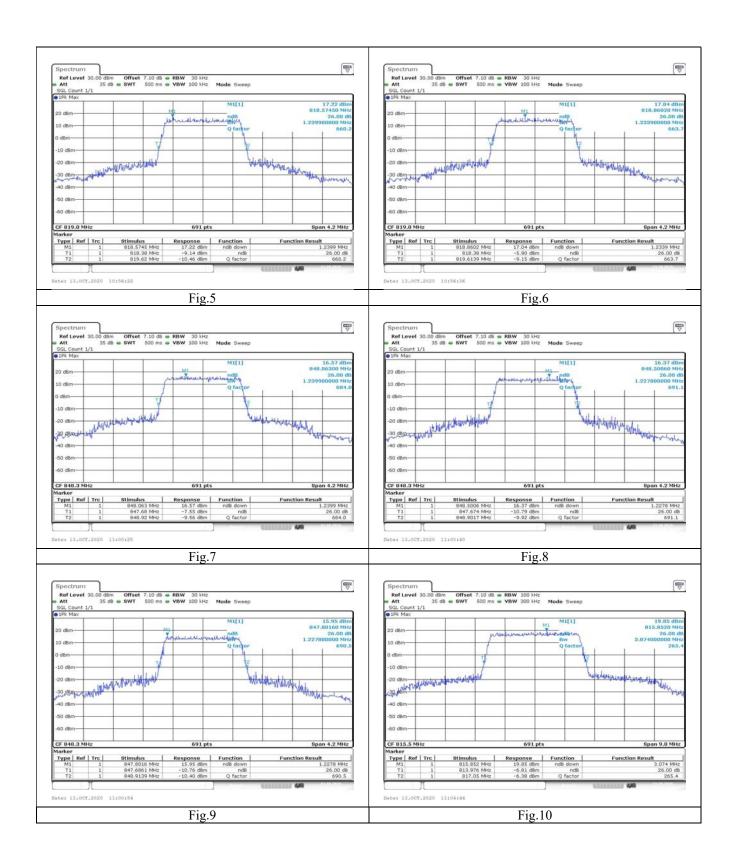


Bandwidth of -26dB (MHz) BWRB RB Frequency Channel (MHz) No. (MHz) Size Offset **QPSK** 16-QAM 64-QAM 1.25 1.23 1.23 Fig.2 814.7 26697 6 0 Fig.1 Fig.3 819.0 26740 1.4 6 0 1.23 Fig.4 1.24 Fig.5 1.23 Fig.6 823.3 26783 6 0 1.24 Fig.7 1.23 Fig.8 1.23 Fig.9 26705 15 0 3.07 Fig.10 3.09 Fig.12 815.5 Fig.11 3.06 819.0 26740 15 3.04 Fig.14 3 0 Fig.13 3.05 3.07 Fig.15 822.5 26775 15 0 3.09 Fig.16 3.09 Fig.17 3.06 Fig.18 26715 25 0 816.5 4.93 Fig.19 4.93 Fig.20 4.93 Fig.21 819.0 26740 5 25 0 4.93 Fig.22 4.95 Fig.23 4.95 Fig.24 25 4.97 Fig.27 821.5 26765 0 4.97 Fig.25 4.93 Fig.26 26740 Fig.28 819.0 10 50 0 9.99 10.03 Fig.29 10.03 Fig.30



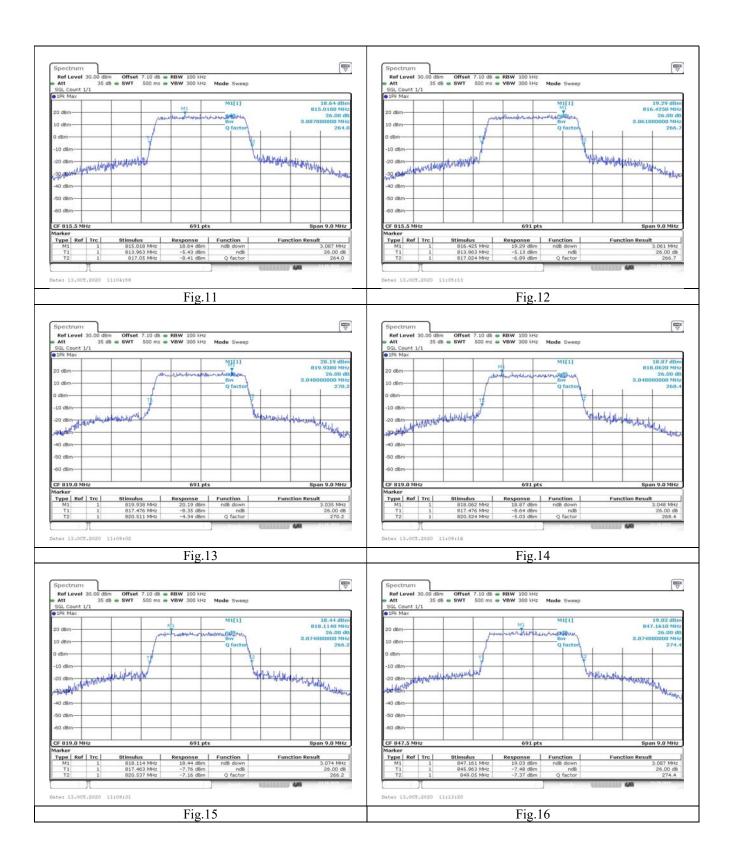
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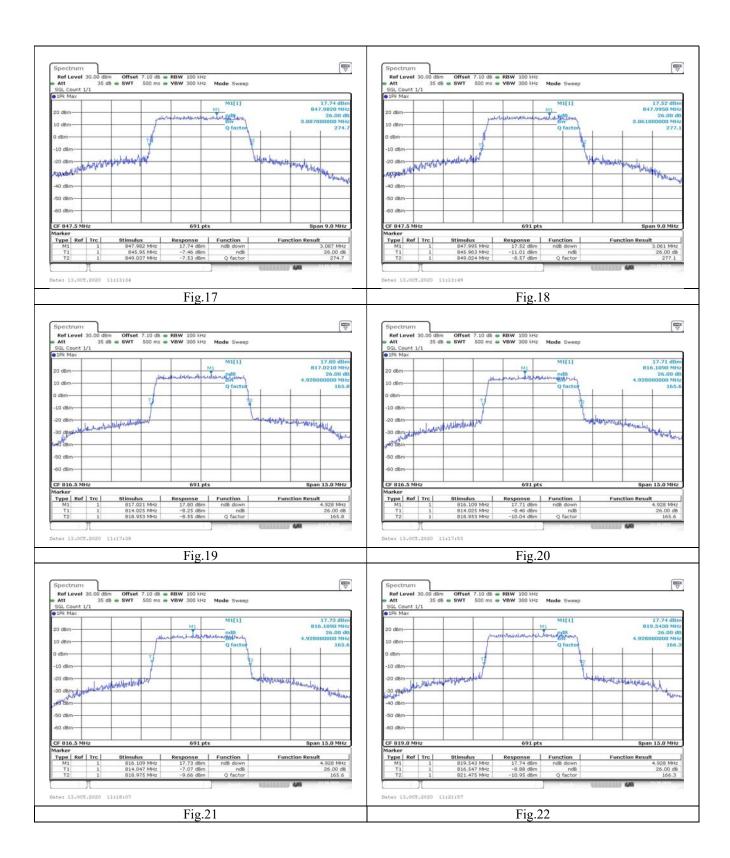
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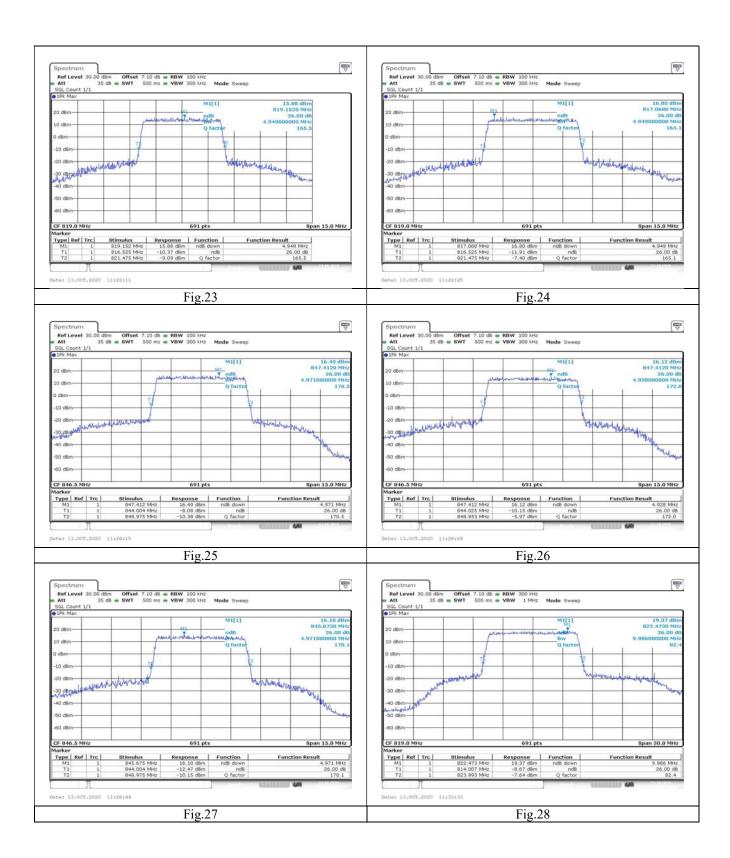
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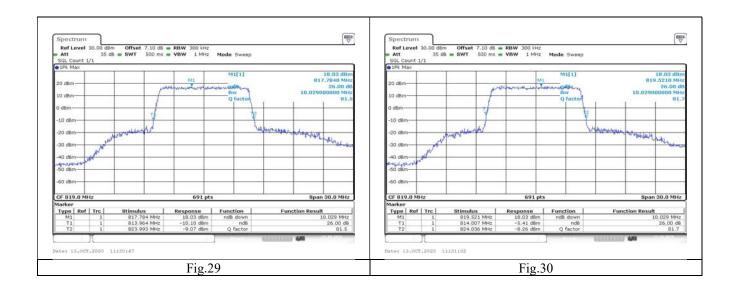
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# 3.3.5. Uncertainty

Frequency (MHz)	Ulab	k
814.7	71.15Hz	2
819.0	71.44Hz	2
823.3	71.73Hz	2
815.5	71.21Hz	2
822.5	71.68Hz	2
816.5	71.27Hz	2
821.5	71.61Hz	2

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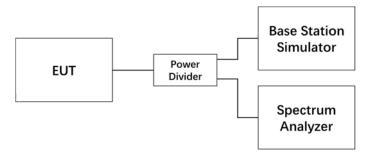
# 3.4 Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal

# 3.4.1. Limit

FCC 47 CFR Part 90 Subpart S - §90.691

For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10\text{Log}_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

# 3.4.2. Test Setup

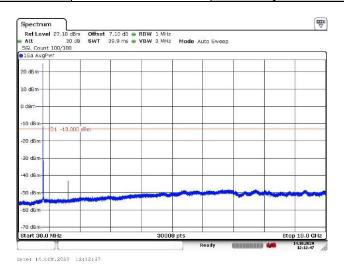


#### 3.4.3. Test Procedures

- 1) The measurement procedure follows ANSI C63.26-2015, clause 5.7.
- 2) The RF output of EUT, BS simulator and spectrum analyzer is connected via a power divider.
- 3) EUT is configured to transmit continuously at fully power while the compliance measurement is performed.
- 4) The span in Spectrum analyzer shall be from 30MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with an appropriate resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth, sweep time and detector type.
- 5) Check if some unwanted emission happens, and if amplitude of unwanted emission is higher than the limit.
- 6) The result in worse case will be recorded.

#### 3.4.4. Test Result

Test Engineer	Xu Dongxu	Test Date	2020/10/14
Temperature	21.7°C	Relative Humidity	47.1%
Pressure	102.1kPa	Test Sample Selected	No.1



# 3.4.5. Uncertainty

 $U_{lab}$ =2.46dB (k=2)



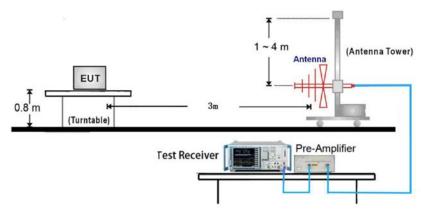
# 3.5 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

# 3.5.1. Limit

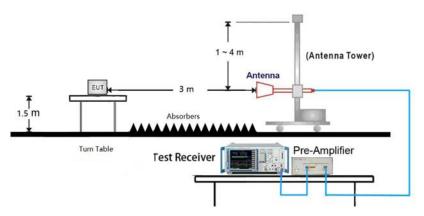
FCC 47 CFR Part 90 Subpart S - §90.691

For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10Log10(P) decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

# 3.5.2. Test Setup



30MHz-1GHz Test Setup



Above 1GHz Test Setup

#### 3.5.3. Test Procedures

- 1) The measurement procedure follows ANSI C63.26-2015, clause 5.5.2.5 and 5.5.3.
- Pre-scan is performed to determine the general EUT radiated emissions characteristics and, when necessary, the EUT-to-measurement antenna orientation that produces the maximum emission amplitude.
- 3) Use the substitution method to measure the spurious emissions:
  - (a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The antenna of EUT shall be positioned to produces the worst-case emission at the fundamental operating frequency;
  - (b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated:
    - i) Raise and lower the measurement antenna to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height.
    - ii) Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position.
    - iii) Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was

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observed.

- iv) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude.
- v) Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW.
- (c) Repeat step (b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude.
- (d) Set-up the substitution measurement with the reference point of the substitution antenna located as near as possible to where the center of the EUT radiating element was located during the initial EUT measurement
- (e) Connect a signal generator to the substitution antenna. Set the signal generator to the frequency where emissions are detected, and set an output power level such that the radiated signal can be detected by the measurement instrument, with sufficient dynamic range relative to the noise floor.
- (f) For each emission that was detected and measured in the initial test [ in step (b) and step (c)].
- (g) Repeat step (f) with the measurement antenna oriented in the opposite polarization.
- (h) Calculate the emission power in dBm referenced to a half-wave dipole using the following equation: Pe = Ps(dBm) cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd) where

Pe = equivalent emission power in dBm

Ps = source (signal generator) power in dBm

(i) Correct the antenna gain of the substitution antenna if necessary, to reference the emission power to a half-wave dipole. When using measurement antennas with the gain specified in dBi, the equivalent dipole-referenced gain can be determined from: gain (dBd) = gain (dBi) - 2.15 dB. If necessary, the antenna gain can be calculated from calibrated antenna factor information

#### 3.5.4. Test Result

Test Engineer	Gao Yanan	Test Date	2020/10/21
Temperature	20.4°C	Relative Humidity	49.8%
Pressure	105.0kPa	Test Sample Selected	No.2

Frequency (MHz)	Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)
669.670000	-74.56	0.82	7.6	-67.78	-13.00	61.56	400.0	Н	90.0
952.095000	-72.95	1.06	7.2	-66.81	-13.00	59.95	200.0	Н	90.0
2829.500000	-56.13	1.68	9.06	-48.70	-13.00	43.13	400.0	Н	0.0
8146.000000	-38.05	3.08	11.68	-29.44	-13.00	25.05	100.0	V	180.0
8767.600000	-37.06	3.29	12.40	-27.94	-13.00	24.06	100.0	V	270.0
9850.000000	-38.42	3.39	12.72	-29.09	-13.00	25.42	100.0	V	180.0

### 3.5.5. Uncertainty

Frequency (MHz)	$U_{lab}$	k
Below 1GHz	3.24	2
1GHz - 18GHz	3.40	2

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3.6 Band Edge

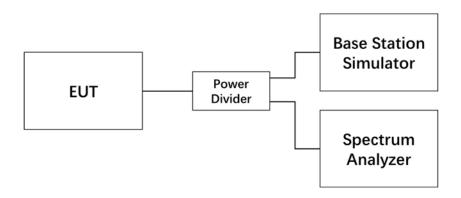
# 3.6.1. Limit

FCC 47 CFR Part 90 Subpart S - §90.691

For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 116  $Log_{10}(f/6.1)$  decibels or  $50 + 10 Log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.

For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10Log10(P) decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

# 3.6.2. Test Setup

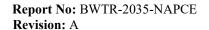


#### 3.6.3. Test Procedures

- 1) The measurement procedure follows ANSI C63.26-2015, clause 5.7.3.
- 2) The RF output of EUT, BS simulator and spectrum analyzer are connected via a power divider.
- 3) EUT is configured to transmit continuously at fully power while the compliance measurement is performed.
- 4) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the block, band, or channel edge frequency.
- 5) Set the span wide enough to capture the fundamental emission closest to the band edge, and to include all modulation products that spill into the immediately adjacent frequency band.
- 6) Set the number of points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$ . And Sweep time should be auto.

#### 3.6.4. Test Result

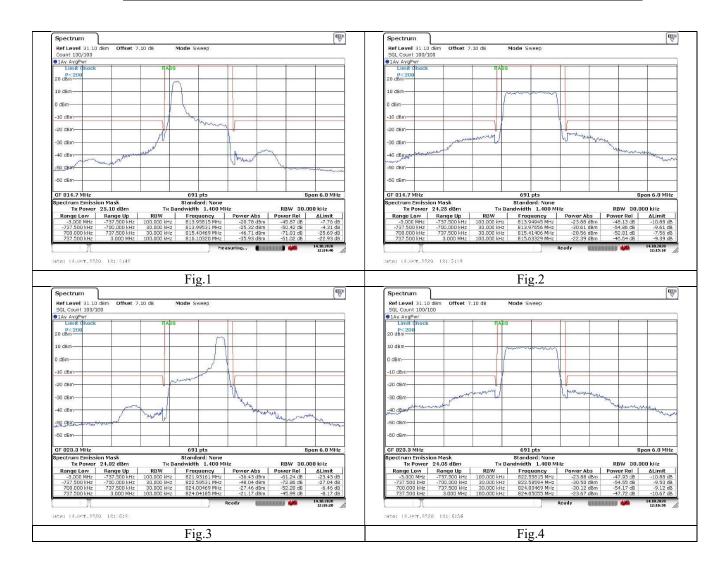
Test Engineer	Xu Dongxu	Test Date	2020/10/14
Temperature	21.7°C	Relative Humidity	47.1%
Pressure	102.1kPa	<b>Test Sample Selected</b>	No.1



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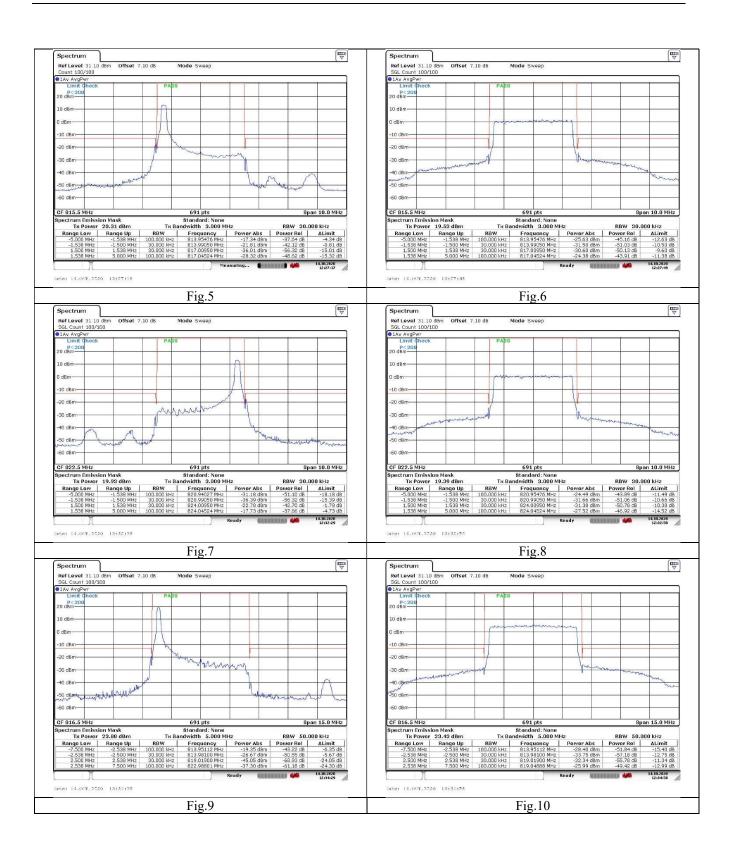


**Band Edges Plot** Frequency (MHz) BW (MHz) **RB Size RB** Offset Channel No. **QPSK** 0 Fig.1 814.7 26697 0 6 Fig.2 1.4 1 5 Fig.3 823.3 26783 0 Fig.4 6 1 0 Fig.5 815.5 26705 15 0 Fig.6 3 14 1 Fig.7 822.5 26775 15 Fig.8 0 1 0 Fig.9 816.5 26715 25 0 Fig.10 5 24 Fig.11 1 821.5 26765 25 0 Fig.12 0 1 Fig.13 50 0 Fig.14 819.0 26740 10 1 49 Fig.15 50 0 Fig.16

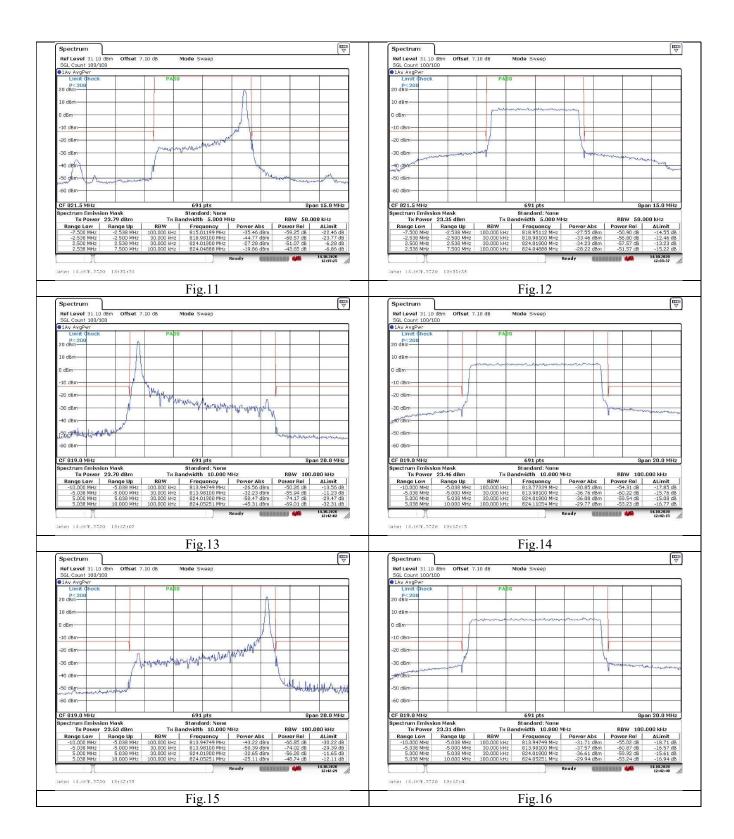


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# 3.6.5. Uncertainty

 $U_{lab}$ =2.46dB (k=2)

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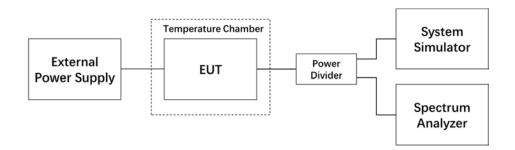
3.7 Frequency Stability

# 3.7.1. Limit

FCC 47 CFR Part 90 Subpart S - §90.213

Frequency Range	Fixed and Base	Mobile Stations			
(MHz)	Stations	Over 2 watts output Power	2 watts or less output Power		
809 ~ 824	1.5ppm	2.5ppm	2.5ppm		

# 3.7.2. Test Setup



#### 3.7.3. Test Procedures

- 1) The measurement procedure follows ANSI C63.26-2015, clause 5.6.3.
- 2) Frequency Stability over variations in temperature:
  - a) The EUT can power on and work in rated supply voltage via an external power supply.
  - b) The EUT is configured to transmit RF power via a communication test set.
  - c) The EUT is placed in temperature chamber.
  - d) Measure the result of frequency error at  $10^{\circ}$ C intervals of temperature from  $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $+55^{\circ}$ C.
- 3) Frequency stability when varying supply voltage
  - a) The EUT is placed in a temperature chamber. The temperature in chamber is set to +20°C.
  - b) The EUT is configured to transmit RF power via a communication test set.
  - c) Measure the result of frequency error in Low voltage and high voltage mode.

# 3.7.4. Test Result

Test Engineer	Xu Dongxu	Test Date	2020/10/14
Temperature	21.7°C	Relative Humidity	47.1%
Pressure	102.1kPa	<b>Test Sample Selected</b>	No.1

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1) Frequency Stability when varying temperature:

Tommonotumo(0C)	Valtage	Test Result (ppm) @ Low Channel				
Temperature(°C)	Voltage	1.4M	3M	5M	10M	
-10	NV	-0.05	-0.07	0.08	-0.05	
0	NV	-0.04	-0.03	0.03	-0.08	
+10	NV	-0.05	0.00	0.08	-0.05	
+20	NV	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
+30	NV	-0.01	-0.05	0.05	0.04	
+40	NV	0.04	0.01	-0.04	0.06	
+50	NV	-0.03	-0.08	0.05	0.00	
+55	NV	-0.07	0.09	-0.04	-0.03	

Tommovotuvo(9C)	Voltage	Test Result (ppm) @ High Channel				
Temperature(°C)	Voltage	1.4M	3M	5M	10M	
-10	NV	0.09	0.06	0.00	-0.04	
0	NV	0.04	0.07	-0.01	0.07	
+10	NV	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.01	
+20	NV	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
+30	NV	-0.04	-0.05	0.10	0.06	
+40	NV	0.10	0.09	0.05	0.03	
+50	NV	-0.08	-0.07	0.01	-0.02	
+55	NV	-0.08	0.09	0.04	-0.04	

# 2) Frequency stability when varying supply voltage:

Tompovotuvo(QC)	Voltage	Test Result (ppm) @ Low Channel			
Temperature(°C)	voitage	1.4M	3M	5M	10M
+20	LV	-0.04	-0.02	-0.05	0.03
+20	HV	-0.08	0.07	-0.05	0.06

	Temperature(°C)	Voltage	Test Result (ppm) @ High Channel			
			1.4M	3M	5M	10M
	+20	LV	0.03	0.00	-0.05	-0.05
	+20	HV	-0.10	0.05	-0.08	0.08

# 3.7.5. Uncertainty

Frequency (MHz)	Ulab	k
816.5	71.27Hz	2
821.5	71.61Hz	2

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4 Test Instruments

Description	Model Name	S/N	Manufacturer	Next Cal Date
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101403	R&S	2021/1/1
Three-way Power Supply	E3646A	MY43007301	Agilent	2021/1/1
Base Station Simulator	CMW500	115895	R&S	2021/1/1
Power Divider	87302C	MY44300481	Agilent	2021/7/14
Temperature Chamber	HTLH-015/40	JT1906018	Shang Hai Jing Tian	2021/7/2
EMI TEST RECERVER	ESR26	101320	R&S	2020/12/28
Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	HF907	100096	R&S	2021/3/17
Hybrid antenna	VULB9163	01266	SCHWARZBECK	2021/7/3
Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	BBHA 9120D	1276	SCHWARZBECK	2021/3/17
Pre-amplifier	PE15A1009	V00140120181115 E822	Pasternack Enterprises	2021/1/1
Pre-amplifier	8849B	3008A02589	Agilent	2021/3/17
Signal Generator	E8257D	MY46520023	Agilent	2021/1/1
10m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SAC10		TDK	2022/12/24
Shielding Room for RF test	SR#2		TDK	2024/9/17
Digital Display Temperature and Humidity Recorder	TM320	15082	DICKSON	2021/5/8
Aneroid Barometer	DYM3	868	Shanghai Boji	2022/5/5

--- End of Test Report ---