



TEST REPORT

EUT Description	WLAN and BT. 2x2 PCle M.2 SD 1216 adapter card
	WEAR and DI, ZAZ I OIC MIZ OD IZ IO adapter card

Brand Name Intel® Wireless-AC 9560

Model Name 9560D2W

FCC / ISED ID FCC ID: PD99560D2 / ISED ID: 1000M-9560D2

Date of Test Start/End 2018-01-29 / 2018-02-13

Features 802.11ac, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth® 5

(see section 5)

Applicant Intel Mobile Communications

Address 100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 / Columbia, SC 29210 / United States

Contact Person Steven Hackett

Telephone/Fax/ Email steven.c.hackett@intel.com

FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093

RSS-102, Issue 5

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 0.72 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Min. test separation distance 8mm

Reference Standards

Test Report identification 170919-03.TR11

Rev. 00

Revision Control This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued by Reviewed by

Rafael QUIROZ (Test Engineer Lead)

Olivier FARGANT (Technical Manager)

Intel Mobile Communications France S.A.S – WRF Lab 425 rue de Goa – Le Cargo B6 - 06600, Antibes, France Tel. +33493001400 / Fax +33493001401



Table of Contents

1. Standa	ards, reference documents and applicable test methods	4
	al conditions, competences and guarantees	
	onmental Conditions	
	amples	
	•	
	eatures	
6. Remar	ks and comments	8
7. Test V	erdicts summary	8
8. Docun	nent Revision History	8
Annex A.	Test & System Description	9
A.1 SA	AR DEFINITION	9
	PEAG SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	
A.2.1	SAR Measurement Setup	
A.2.2	E-Field Measurement Probe	
A.2.3	SAM Phantom	
A.2.4	Flat Phantom	12
A.2.5	Device Positioner	
A.3 DA	ATA EVALUATION	13
A.4 SY	STEM AND LIQUID CHECK	15
A.4.1	System Check	
A.4.2	Liquid Check	
A.5 TE	EST EQUIPMENT LIST	17
A.5.1	SAR System #2	
A.5.2	Shared Instrumentation	
A.5.3	Tissue Simulant Liquid	17
A.6 Me	EASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION	
	EXPOSURE LIMITS	
Annex B.	Test Results	21
B.1 TE	ST CONDITIONS	21
B.1.1	Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom	
B.1.2	Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies	
B.1.3	Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions	
B.2 Co	ONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS	
B.2.1	WLAN 2.4GHz	
B.2.2	WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)	24
B.2.3	Bluetooth	28
B.3 Tis	SSUE PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT	29
B.4 SY	STEM CHECK MEASUREMENTS	29
B.5 SA	AR TEST RESULTS	30
B.5.1	802.11b/g/n – 2.4GHz - DTS	
B.5.2	802.11a/n/ac – 5.3 GHz – U-NII-2A	
B.5.3	802.11a/n/ac – 5.6 GHz – U-NII-2C	
B.5.4	802.11a/n/ac – 5.8 GHz – U-NII-3	
B.5.5	Bluetooth – 2.4GHz - DSS	31
B.5.6	SAR Measurement Variability	32
B.5.7	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation	32
Annex C.	Test System Plots	34



Test Report N° 170919-03.TR11

Rev. 00

Annex [D. TSL Dielectric Parameters	48
D.1	BODY DTS 2450MHz	48
D.2	BODY 5200MHz-5800MHz	49
Annex E	E. Calibration Certificates	51
Annex F	F. Photographs	53
F.1	TEST SAMPLE	53
F.2	PIFA ANTENNA: REFERENCE TEST POSITIONS AND GENERAL SETUP	54
F.3	TESTING POSITIONS AT 8MM	55
F4	PHANTON LIQUID LEVEL DURING MEASUREMENTS	56

1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.
- 2. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
- 3. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 4. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- 6. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
- 7. ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).
- 8. ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures.
- 9. ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard.
- 10. IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2005 testing laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED Assigned Code 1000Y.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- ✓ This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
- Complete or partial reproduction of the report cannot be made without written permission of Intel WRF Lab.



3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	21°C ± 2°C
Humidity	45% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	20°C ± 2°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	170919-03.S24	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 SD 1216 adapter card	9560D2W	WIFI MAC: 34:13:E8:70:28:49 BT MAC: 34:13:E8:70:28:4D	2017-10-02	
	170524-02.S14	NGFF Extender	PCB00609_01	6092416-030	2017-05-30	
#01	170509-02.S02	Adapter	-	-	2017-08-30	NA
	170000-01.S16	Laptop	DELL Latitude 6430u	C2HTPF2	2017-06-13	
	-	PCI Cable	Semtech	-	2016-04-14	
	-	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2016-05-13	

5. EUT Features

Brand Name	Intel® Wireless-AC 9560		
Model Name	9560D2W		
FCC / ISED ID	FCC ID: PD99560D2 / I	SED ID: 1000M-9560D2	
Software Version	10.1740.0-06039		
Driver Version	99.0.28.6		
Prototype / Production	Production		
Exposure Conditions	Body worn		
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n 802.11a/n/ac Bluetooth	2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5825.0 MHz) 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)	
Antenna Information	Chain A: PIFA SkyCross antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz and BT Chain B: PIFA SkyCross antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz See Annex F for more details on antennas location.		
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 2.4GHz Chain A + WLAN 2.4GHz Chain B WLAN 2.4GHz Chain B + BT Chain A WLAN 5GHz Chain B + BT Chain A WLAN 5GHz Chain A + WLAN 5GHz Chain B WLAN 5GHz Chain A + WLAN 5GHz Chain B + BT Chain A		
	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report		
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDW	/R) is supported by the device	
	Band gap is supported by	the device	

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	17.50
		BPSK QPSK	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
000 110/2/20			5.3GHz	5250-5350	16.00
802.11a/n/ac	100%	16QAM 64QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	16.00
		256QAM	5.8GHz	5725-5850	16.00
BDR/EDR v5.0	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	10.50
Bluetooth LE v5.0	62%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	8.50

NM: Not Measured



Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit			SISO	mode
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Chain A (dBm)	Chain B (dBm)
	802.11b	20	17.50	17.50
DTS	802.11g	20	17.50	17.50
סוט	802.11n20	20	17.50	17.50
	802.11n40	40	15.00	14.50
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-1	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
O-INII- I	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-2A	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	15.00	14.50
	802.11ac160	160	16.00	16.00
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-2C	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac160	160	12.50	12.50
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-3	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-INII-3	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	Bluetooth v5.0 BDR	1	10.50	
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR2	1	10.00	
DI	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR3	1	10.00	
	BLE	2	8.50	



6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.8.

7. Test Verdicts summary

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n	2.4GHz	0.47	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
802.11a/n/ac	5.3GHz	0.72	Р
602.11a/n/ac	5.6GHz	0.67	Р
	5.8GHz	0.47	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.06	Р

P: Pass

F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)				
Exposure Condition	Equipment Class			
Exposure Condition DTS DSS U-NII				
Body Worn	0.47 0.06 0.72			
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR:0.94	Sum-SAR: 1.40	Sum-SAR:1.40	

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Date	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	2018-02-14	V.Kaculini M. Lefebvre	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

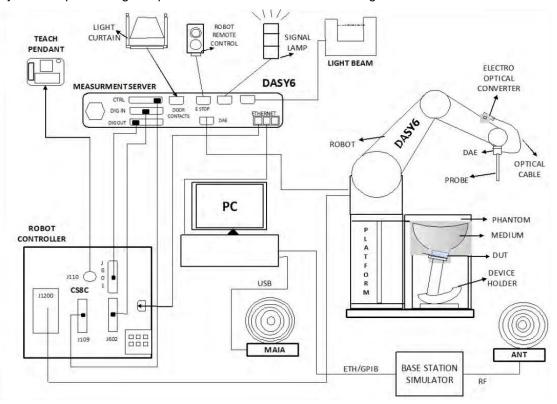
Where: σ = Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool

A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm



A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm



A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in

which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.



A.3 Data Evaluation

Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

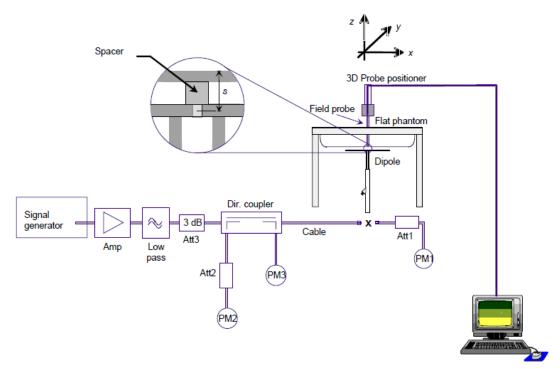
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- √ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.

A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body	SAR
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)
150	61.9	0.80
300	58.2	0.92
450	56.7	0.94
835	55.2	0.97
900	55.0	1.05
1450	54.0	1.30
1800-2000	53.3	1.52
2450	52.7	1.95
3000	52.0	2.73
5800	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.

A.5 Test Equipment List

A.5.1 SAR System #2

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0236	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3978	SPEAG	2017-05-19	2018-05-19
0242	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1429	SPEAG	2017-07-13	2018-07-13
0451	6-axis Robot	TX60 L	F16/55FXA1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0453	Robot Controller	CS8C	F16/55FXA1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0455	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N: SE UMS 028 BB	1489	SPEAG	NA	NA
0456	Electro-Optical Converter	EOC60	1098	SPEAG	NA	NA
0459	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	-	Di-soric	NA	NA
0460	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2048	SPEAG	NA	NA
0461	Measurement SW	DASY6 6.4.0.12171	9-5DEE27C2	SPEAG	NA	NA
0466	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	NA	NA

A.5.2 Shared Instrumentation

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0013	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	NRP-Z81 101152 R&S		2017-05-30	2019-05-30
0619	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	104381	R&S	2017-05-24	2019-05-24
0114	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	NA	NA
0124	5GHz System Validation Dipole	1 1313H7V/ 1 1164 1 SPEAU		SPEAG	2017-05-15	2019-05-15
0170	Power Amplifier	er SAM-01 151922 ETS-Lindgren		ETS-Lindgren	NA	NA
0224	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5	V2.4.0.761	SPEAG	NA	NA
0237	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	DAK-3.5 1037 SPEAG		2017-08-22	2019-08-22
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2016-06-20	2018-06-20
0583	Temperature & Humidity Logger	RA12E-TH1-RAS	RA12-B9BD6E	AVTECH	2018-01-18	2020-01-18
0408	Thermometer	TESTO 922	33622932	Testo	2016-05-19	2018-05-19
0412	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	NA	NA
0655	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2017-09-19	2019-09-19

A.5.3 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 160603-01	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the below table:

SAR System #2

SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016 (0.3 - 6 GHz range)									
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(ci)	(ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(vi)	
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff	
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞	
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞	
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞	
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞	
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞	
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞	
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞	
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞	
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞	
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞	
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	8	
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞	
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞	
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞	
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞	
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145	
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5	
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	8	
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞	
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	∞	
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞	
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞	
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞	
Combined Std. Uncertainty	1					±11.9 %	±11.8 %	569	
Expanded STD Uncertainty	/					±23.8 %	±23.6 %		



201 00

SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC 62209-2/2010 (30 MHz - 6 GHz range)

	Ŭ		`			0 /		
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Post-processing	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Test sample Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±4.4 %	±4.4 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	Temp. unc Conductivity BB ±3.4 %		√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty	1					±12.1 %	±12.0 %	605
Expanded STD Uncertaint	Expanded STD Uncertainty					±24.1 %	±24.0 %	



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 and RSS 102, Issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg



Annex B. Test Results

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wireless-AC 9560 card using a SkyCross Electronics PIFA antenna as reference antenna. The transmitter was placed more than 10cm away from the phantom to avoid interferences and using a host laptop to control it.

The card was operated utilizing proprietary software and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 8mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna sides in F.2 the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Distance		Ante	enna
Distance		Chain A	Chain B
8mm	Position	 Back face Front face Top edge Bottom edge Right edge Left edge 	 Back face Front face Top edge Bottom edge Right edge Left edge

See B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.3 section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.

B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{W/kg}$.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration.
	The <u>initial test configuration</u> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

						in A	Cł	SAR													
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?												
			1	2412	17.50	17.50	17.45	17.50	No ³												
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	Yes												
				11	2462	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	No ³											
	802.11g 6Mbps 6Mbps 802.11n20		1	2412		16.00		16.50													
2.40		g 6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	6Mbps	pps 6 2437 17.50		17.50
문												11	2462		16.50		16.50				
Ô			1	2412		16.00		16.00													
TS)	802.11n20		6	2437	NR^1	17.50	NR¹	17.50	No ²												
		ЦΤΩ	11	2462		15.50		16.00													
	802.11n40	піо	3	2422		14.50		14.50													
		802.11n40	6	2437		15.00		14.50													
lattal tast a			9	2452		14.00		14.00													

- NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n20/n40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2W/kg.
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Cha	in A	Chai	n B	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
		36	5180		16.00		16.00		
	802.11a 6Mbps	6Mbpc	40	5200	NR ¹	16.00		16.00	
	002.11a	Olvibbs	44	5220		16.00		16.00	
5.2			48	5240		16.00		16.00	
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)			36	5180		16.00		16.00	
z (L	802.11n20		40 5200	5200		16.00	NR¹	16.00	No ²
Ž	002.111120	HT0	44	5220		16.00	- - -	16.00	
1-1)		піо	48	5240		16.00		16.00	
	902 11p10	=	38	5190		16.00		16.00	
	802.11n40		46	5230		16.00		16.00	
Initial toot or	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210		16.00		16.00	

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

					Cha	ain A	Cł	nain B	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			52	5260		16.00		16.00	
802.11a	CMbaa	56	5280		16.00		16.00		
	002.11a	6Mbps	60	5300	NR ¹	16.00		16.00	
Ωı	5.3GHz		64	5320		16.00		16.00	No ^{2,5}
.3 <u>G</u>		LITO	52	5260		16.00		16.00	
	802.11n20		56 60	5280		16.00	NR¹	16.00	
(U-NII-2A)	802.111120			5300		16.00		16.00	
I		HT0	64	5320		16.00	-	16.00	
≥	802.11n40		54	5270		16.00		16.00	
	002.111140		62	5310		16.00		15.50	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290		15.00		14.50	
	802.11ac160	VHT0	50	5250	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	Yes

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 6. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					Cha	ain A	Cha	ain B	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			100	5500		16.00		16.00	
			104	5520		16.00		16.00	
			108	5540		16.00		16.00	
	902 112	6Mbpc	112	5560		16.00		16.00	
	802.11a 6Mbp	GIVIDPS	116 5580	5580		16.00		16.00	
			120	5600		16.00		16.00	
			124	5620		16.00		16.00	
			128	5640		16.00		16.00	
45	5.00	2.44.20	100	5500	NR ¹	16.00		16.00	No ^{4,6}
5.60			104	5520		16.00	NR ¹	16.00	
7H5			108	5540		16.00		16.00	
Ç	802.11n20		112	5560		16.00		16.00	
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)	602.111120		116	5580		16.00		16.00	
2C)		HT0	120	5600		16.00		16.00	
		1110	124	5620		16.00		16.00	
			128	5640		16.00		16.00	
			102	5510		15.00		14.50	
	802.11n40		110	5550		16.00		16.00	
	002.111140		118	5590		16.00		16.00	1
			126	5630		16.00		16.00	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	106	5530	16.00	16.00	15.95	16.00	Yes
	002.11acou	VIIIU	122	5610	15.90	16.00	15.90	16.00	No ⁵
	802.11ac160	VHT0	114	5570	NR¹	12.50	NR¹	12.50	No ^{4,6}

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Cha	in A	Cha	SAR		
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?	
			132	5660		16.00		16.00		
			136	5680		16.00		16.00		
			140	5700		16.00		16.00		
	802.11a 6Mbps	6Mbpc	149	5745		16.00		16.00		
		Glylibhs	153	5765		16.00		16.00		
			157	5785		16.00		16.00		
Ċυ			161	5805		16.00		16.00		
6-5			165	5825	NR ^{1,3}	16.00		16.00		
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			132	5660		16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00		
본			136	5680		16.00		16.00	No ^{4,6}	
Ē			140	140	5700		16.00		16.00	
<u> </u>	802.11n20		149 5745		16.00		16.00			
ω	002.111120		153	5765		16.00]	16.00		
		HT0	157	5785		16.00		16.00		
			161	5805		16.00		16.00		
			165	5825		16.00		16.00		
			134	5670		16.00		16.00		
	802.11n40	2.11n40	151	5755		16.00		16.00		
			159	5795		16.00		16.00		
	802.11ac80	VHT0	138	5690	15.90	16.00	15.95	16.00	No ⁵	
Initial test or		VIIIO	155	5775	15.95	16.00	16.00	16.00	Yes	

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered
 as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
 band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	
	5		0	2402		10.00	10.00	
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		10.40	10.50	
	VO.0	01	78	2480		10.50	10.50	
	Dhistoath	Dania sata	0	2402			9.50	
N	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK		39	2441			9.50
2.4 (וויי בער טוג	78	2480	Chain A	NR¹	10.00	
GHz	Dhistoath	Dania sata	0	2402			9.50	
14	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441			9.50	
	¥0.0	0 51 610	78	2480			10.00	
	Dhistoath	1	0	2412			8.00	
	Bluetooth v5.0	Low energy GFSK	20	2437			8.00	
	V0.0	3. ort	39	2480			8.50	

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq. (MHz)	Target Pa	arameters	Measur Paran	red TSL neters	Devia	Date	
(MHZ)	ε' (F/m) σ (S/m)		ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'	σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	50.92	2.13	-3.38	9.13	2018-02-05
5300	48.88	5.41	45.38	5.76	-7.16	6.46	2018-02-05
5500	48.61	5.65	44.88	6.00	-7.68	6.29	2018-02-05
5800	48.20 6.00		44.01	6.48	-8.69	8.05	2018-02-05

See Annex D for more details.

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date	
2450	1g	49.40	51.80	4.86		2018-02-05	
2450	10g	23.40	24.00	2.56		2016-02-05	
5300	1g	74.30	75.00	0.94		2018-02-05	
5300	10g	20.90	22.00	5.26	±10	2016-02-05	
5500	1g	78.90	74.60	-5.45	±10	2040 02 05	
3300	10g	21.90	22.00	0.46		2018-02-05	
5800	1g	74.40	74.60	0.27		2019 02 05	
5600	10g	20.70	21.20	2.42		2018-02-05	

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 802.11b/g/n - 2.4GHz - DTS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.00	0.38	0.38	
					Top Edge	0.00	0.11	0.11	
Chain A	802.11b	20	6	2437	Back Face	0.00	0.47	0.47	1
1Mbps	20	0	2437	Front Face	0.00	0.33	0.33		
					Right Edge	0.00	0.09	0.09	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.38	0.38	
					Top Edge	0.00	0.12	0.12	
Chain B	802.11b	20	6	2437	Back Face	0.00	0.47	0.47	2
Chain b	1Mbps	20	0	2437	Front Face	0.00	0.28	0.28	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.06	0.06	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.08	0.08	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.00	0.72	0.72	3
		160			Top Edge	0.00	0.52	0.52	
Chain A	Chain A 802.11ac		50	5250	Back Face	0.00	0.44	0.44	
VHT0	160	50	3230	Front Face	0.00	0.58	0.58		
					Right Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.20	0.20	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.67	0.67	4
					Top Edge	0.00	0.46	0.46	
Chain B	802.11ac	160	50	5250	Back Face	0.00	0.38	0.38	
Challib	VHT0	160	50	3250	Front Face	0.00	0.60	0.60	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.03	0.03	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.13	0.13	

B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.00	0.54	0.54	5
					Top Edge	0.00	0.37	0.37	
Chain A	802.11ac	80	106	5530	Back Face	0.00	0.34	0.34	
VHT0	80	106	3330	Front Face	0.00	0.39	0.39		
					Right Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.15	0.15	
					Left Edge	0.05	0.67	0.67	6
					Top Edge	0.05	0.44	0.44	
Chain B	802.11ac	80	106	EE20	Back Face	0.05	0.16	0.16	
Chain B	VHT0	80	106	5530	Front Face	0.05	0.38	0.38	
					Right Edge	0.05	0.02	0.02	
					Bottom Edge	0.05	0.12	0.12	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
			455		Left Edge	0.05	0.42	0.42	7
					Top Edge	0.05	0.22	0.22	
Chain A	Chain A 802.11ac	80		5775	Back Face	0.05	0.25	0.26	
VHT0	80	155	3773	Front Face	0.05	0.23	0.23		
					Right Edge	0.05	0.01	0.01	
					Bottom Edge	0.05	0.10	0.10	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.47	0.47	8
					Top Edge	0.00	0.24	0.24	
Chain B	802.11ac	80	155	5775	Back Face	0.00	0.20	0.20	
CHAIH D	VHT0	60	133	3773	Front Face	0.00	0.27	0.27	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01	
				Bottom Edge	0.00	0.07	0.07		

B.5.5 Bluetooth - 2.4GHz - DSS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01	
				Top Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02		
Chain A	Oh aira A 802.15	4	78	2480	Back Face	0.00	0.06	0.06	9
Chain A	DH5	'			Front Face	0.00	0.05	0.05	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02	
				Bottom Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02		

B.5.6 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/Kg, therefore SAR variability is not required.

B.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antonno	Decition	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)			
Antenna	Position	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth	
	Left Edge	0.38	0.72	0.01	
	Top Edge	0.11	0.52	0.02	
Chain A	Back Face	0.47	0.44	0.06	
Chain A	Front Face	0.33	0.58	0.05	
	Right Edge	0.09	0.02	0.02	
	Bottom Edge	0.01	0.20	0.02	
	Left Edge	0.38	0.67		
	Top Edge	0.12	0.46		
Chain B	Back Face	0.47	0.38		
Chain b	Front Face	0.28	0.60		
	Right Edge	0.06	0.03		
	Bottom Edge	0.08	0.13		



Rev. 00

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	Simultaneous Tx Antenna Combination		Limit (W/kg)
	Chain A	Chain B		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.39	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.40	
Left Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.68	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.76	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.39	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.98	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.00	
Top Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.48	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.23	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.14	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.82	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.88	
Back Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.44	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.94	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.53	1.6
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.18	1.0
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.23	
Front Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.65	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.61	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.33	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.05	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.07	
Right Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.05	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.15	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.08	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.33	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.35	
Bottom Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.15	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.09	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.10	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Chain A - Back Face	35
2.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Chain B - Back Face	36
3.	U-NII-2A - 802.11ac160, CH50, Chain A – Left Edge	37
4.	U-NII-2A - 802.11ac160, CH50, Chain B – Left Edge	38
5.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Chain A – Left Edge	39
6.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Chain B – Left Edge	40
7.	U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Chain A – Left Edge	41
8.	U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Chain B – Left Edge	42
9.	BT - 802.15, CH78, Chain A – Back Face	43
10.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz	44
11.	System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz	45
12.	System Check Body Liquid 5500MHz	46
13.	System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz	47



1. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Chain A - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

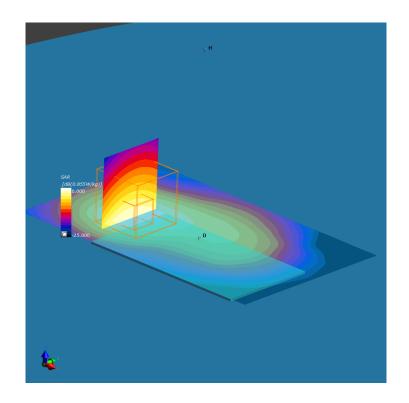
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK (COVER), 8	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10012-CAB	2437.0, 6	7.45	2.12	50.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

Scan Setup		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2018-02-05, 15:26	2018-02-05, 15:32				
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.446	0.474				
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.237	0.250				
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	-0.03				
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled				
Scaling Factor [dB]						
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction				





2. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Chain B - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK (COVER), 8	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10012-CAB	2437.0, 6	7.45	2.12	50.9

Hardware Setup

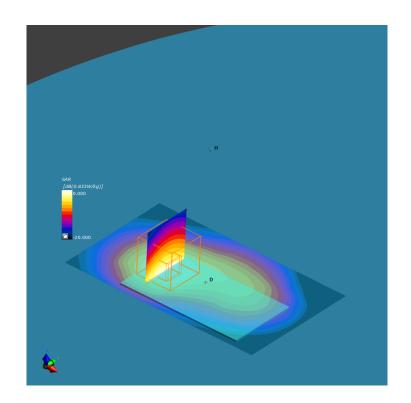
Phantom		TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
	ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2048	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-02-05, 15:40	2018-02-05, 15:44
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.443	0.466
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.237	0.248
Power Drift [dB]	0.02	0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





3. U-NII-2A - 802.11ac160, CH50, Chain A - Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

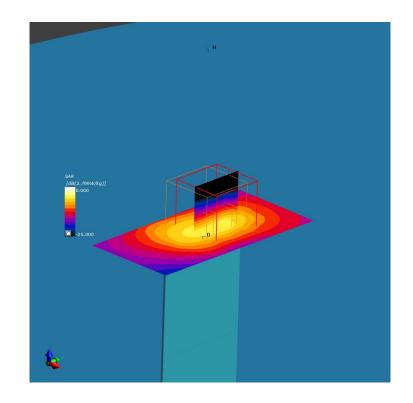
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 8	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10456-AAA	5250.0, 50	4.39	5.69	45.4

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

Scan Setup		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	$4.0 \times 4.0 \times 2.0$
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2018-02-05, 15:00	2018-02-05, 15:06				
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.649	0.720				
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.239	0.254				
Power Drift [dB]	0.07	-0.00				
Power Scaling Scaling Factor dB1	Disabled	Disabled				
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction				





4. U-NII-2A - 802.11ac160, CH50, Chain B - Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 8	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10456-AAA	5250.0, 50	4.39	5.69	45.4

Hardware Setup

Scan Method

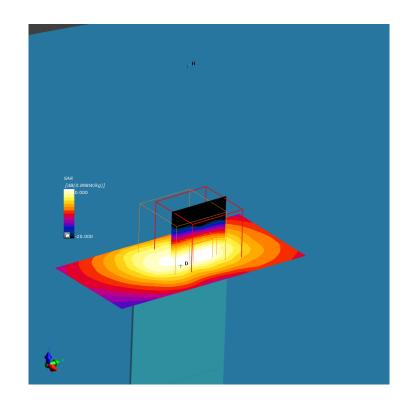
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

Measured

Scan Setup		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	$4.0 \times 4.0 \times 2.0$
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes

Measured

Measurement Resu	lts	
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-02-05, 15:50	2018-02-05, 15:54
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.629	0.669
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.230	0.233
Power Drift [dB]	-0.06	-0.04
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





5. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Chain A - Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 8	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAC	5530.0, 106	4.08	6.05	44.8

Hardware Setup

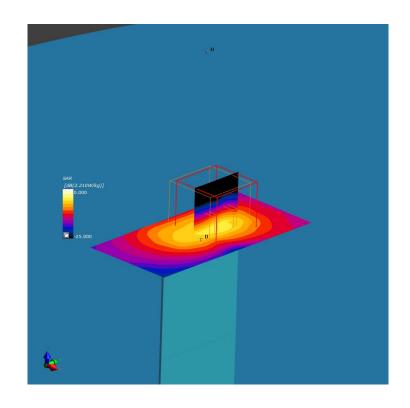
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date		
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13		
2048					

Scan	Setup

Area Scan	Zoom Scan
40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
3.0	1.4
No	Yes
n/a	1.4
Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Yes	Yes
Measured	Measured
	40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 No n/a Confirmed by MAIA Yes

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-02-05, 15:08	2018-02-05, 15:13
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.574	0.537
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.199	0.179
Power Drift [dB]	0.00	0.00
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





6. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Chain B - Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 8	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAC	5530.0, 106	4.08	6.05	44.8

Hardware Setup

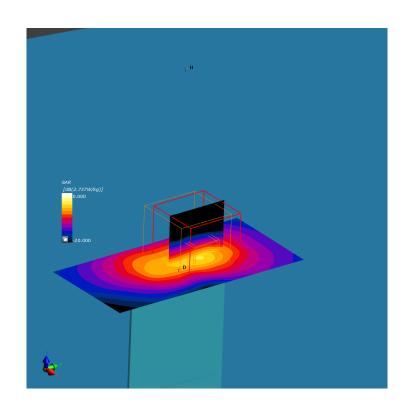
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date		
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13		
2048					

Scan	Setup	

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-02-05, 16:00	2018-02-05, 16:04
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.564	0.671
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.199	0.226
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	-0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





7. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Chain A - Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 8	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAC	5775.0, 155	3.96	6.45	44.1

Hardware Setup

Scan Method

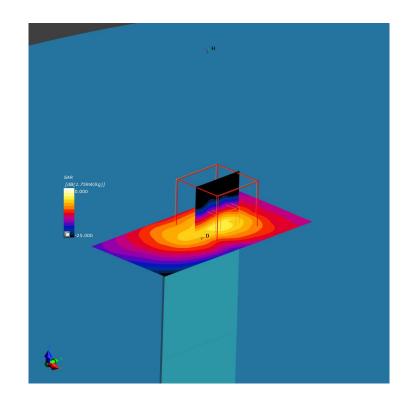
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

Measured

Scan Setup							
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan					
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0					
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0					
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4					
[mm]							
Graded Grid	No	Yes					
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4					
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA					
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes					

Measured

Measurement Results						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2018-02-05, 15:15	2018-02-05, 15:20				
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.359	0.417				
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.123	0.135				
Power Drift [dB]	0.03	-0.02				
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled				
Scaling Factor						
[dB]						
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction				





8. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Chain B - Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:49	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 8	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAC	5775.0, 155	3.96	6.45	44.1

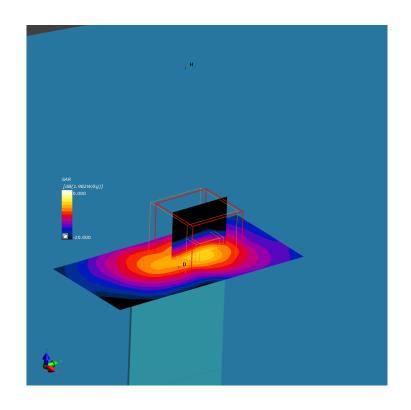
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-02-05, 16:10	2018-02-05, 16:14
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.428	0.472
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.145	0.153
Power Drift [dB]	0.03	-0.03
Power Scaling Scaling Factor	Disabled	Disabled
[dB] TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





9. BT - 802.15, CH78, Chain A - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WiFi MAC	DUT Type
9560D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:70:28:4D	Module

Exposure Conditions

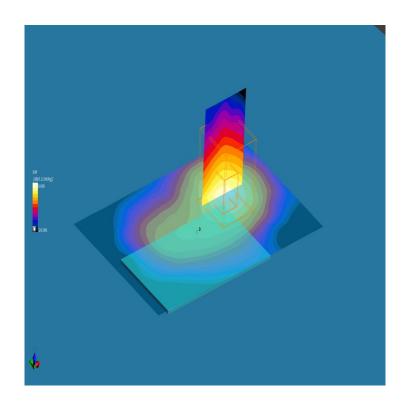
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK (COVER), 8	ISM 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth, 10032-CAA	2480.0, 78	7.45	2.16	50.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

Scan Setup		
-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results Zoom Scan Area Scan Date SAR 1g [W/Kg] SAR 10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dB] 2018-02-05, 15:33 2018-02-05, 15:37 0.061 0.055 0.032 0.029 n/a 0.05 Power Scaling Disabled Disabled Scaling Factor [dB] TSL Correction No correction No correction





10. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 2.45GHz, Speag	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0	0937	Validation Dipole

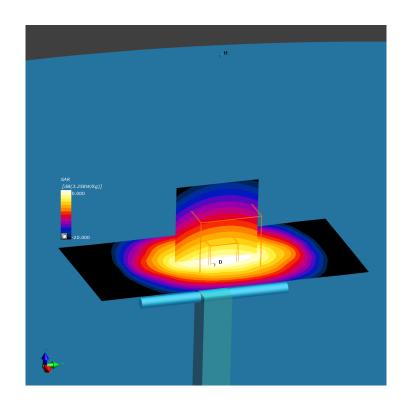
Exposure Condition Phantom Section, TSL	ns Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				2450.0, 0	7.45	2.13	50.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2048	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13

Scan Setup		
·	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	48.0 x 96.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	$5.0 \times 5.0 \times 5.0$
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Resu	lts	
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-02-05, 16:25	2018-02-05, 16:29
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	2.37	2.59
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.05	1.20
Power Drift [dB]	0.00	-0.07
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





11. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5300.0, 0	4.39	5.77	45.4

Hardware Setup

Scan Method

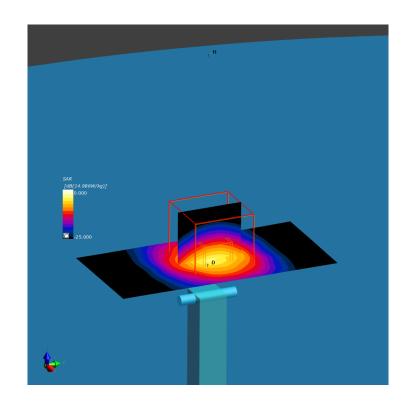
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5 , 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
2048				

Measured

Scan Setup		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Vac	Vac

Measured

Measurement Results Zoom Scan Area Scan Date 2018-02-05, 16:35 2018-02-05, 16:39 SAR 1g [W/Kg] SAR 10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dB] 3.41 3.75 0.997 1.10 0.00 0.02 Power Scaling Disabled Disabled Scaling Factor [dB] TSL Correction No correction No correction





12. System Check Body Liquid 5500MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5500.0, 0	4.08	6.00	44.9

Hardware Setup

Surface Detection

Scan Method

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Feb-05	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13
2048			

Yes

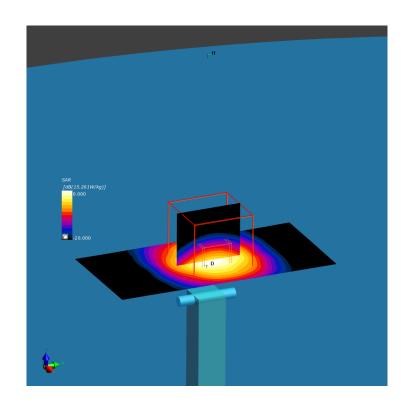
Measured

Scan Setup		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
ΜΔΙΔ	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA

Yes

Measured

Measurement Results						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2018-02-05, 16:45	2018-02-05, 16:49				
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.77	3.73				
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.10	1.10				
Power Drift [dB]	0.06	-0.03				
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled				
Scaling Factor						
dB]						
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction				





13. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5800.0, 0	3.96	6.48	44.0

Hardware Setup

Scan Method

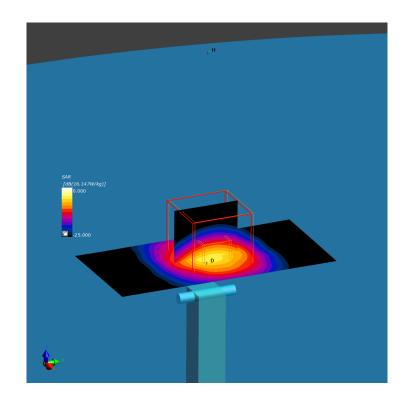
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date		Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2048	MBBL-600-6000v5 2018-Feb-05	Charge:xxxx,	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13

Measured

Scan Setup		
-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes

Measured

Measurement Results Zoom Scan Area Scan Date 2018-02-05, 16:55 2018-02-05, 16:59 SAR 1g [W/Kg] SAR 10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dB] 3.73 1.06 4.39 1.24 0.03 -0.06 Power Scaling Disabled Disabled Scaling Factor [dB] TSL Correction No correction No correction

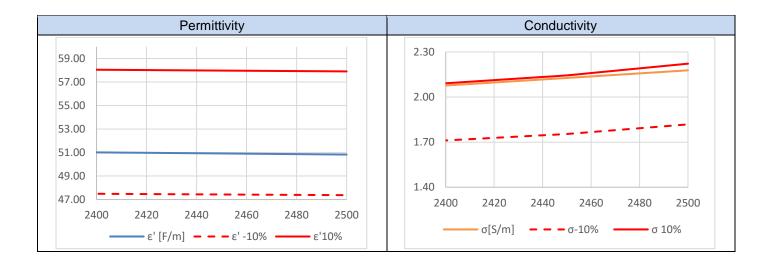




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

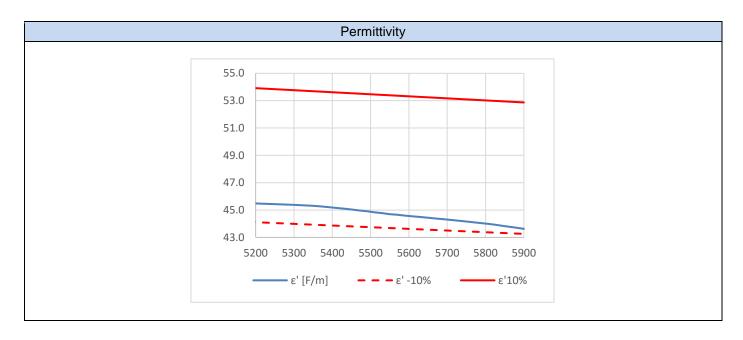
D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

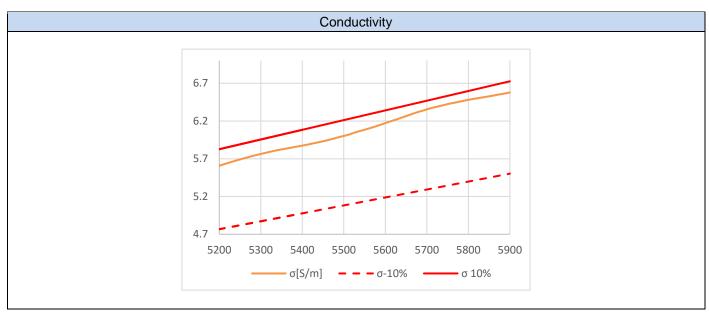
			2018-	02-05
Fred	Tar	get	Meas	sured
Freq. (MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	51.01	2.08
2410	52.75	1.91	50.99	2.09
2420	52.74	1.92	50.98	2.10
2430	52.73	1.93	50.96	2.11
2440	52.71	1.94	50.94	2.12
2450	52.70	1.95	50.92	2.13
2460	52.69	1.96	50.90	2.14
2470	52.67	1.98	50.88	2.15
2480	52.66	1.99	50.86	2.16
2490	52.65	2.01	50.85	2.17
2500	52.64	2.02	50.83	2.18



D.2 Body 5200MHz-5800MHz

			2018-02-05		
Freq.	Tar	get		sured	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	
5180	49.04	5.28	45.51	5.57	
5190	49.03	5.29	45.50	5.59	
5200	49.01	5.30	45.48	5.61	
5210 5220	49.00 48.99	5.31 5.32	45.47 45.46	5.63	
5230	48.97	5.33	45.45	5.64 5.66	
5240	48.96	5.34	45.44	5.68	
5250	48.95	5.36	45.43	5.69	
5260	48.93	5.37	45.42	5.71	
5270	48.92	5.38	45.41	5.72	
5280	48.91	5.39	45.40	5.74	
5290	48.89	5.40	45.39	5.75	
5300	48.88	5.41	45.38	5.76	
5310	48.87	5.43	45.37	5.78	
5320 5330	48.85 48.84	5.44	45.35	5.79 5.80	
5340	48.84	5.45 5.46	45.34 45.33	5.80	
5350	48.81	5.47	45.31	5.82	
5360	48.80	5.48	45.29	5.83	
5370	48.78	5.50	45.27	5.84	
5380	48.77	5.51	45.24	5.85	
5390	48.76	5.52	45.21	5.86	
5400	48.74	5.53	45.19	5.87	
5500	48.61	5.65	44.88	6.00	
5510	48.59	5.66	44.84	6.02	
5520	48.58	5.67	44.81	6.03	
5530	48.57	5.68	44.78	6.05	
5540	48.55	5.69	44.74	6.07	
5550 5560	48.54 48.53	5.71 5.72	44.70 44.68	6.08 6.10	
5570	48.51	5.73	44.66	6.12	
5580	48.50	5.74	44.62	6.13	
5590	48.49	5.75	44.59	6.15	
5600	48.47	5.76	44.57	6.17	
5610	48.46	5.78	44.54	6.19	
5620	48.44	5.79	44.52	6.21	
5630	48.43	5.80	44.49	6.23	
5640	48.42	5.81	44.47	6.25	
5650	48.40	5.82	44.44	6.26	
5660	48.39	5.83	44.41	6.28	
5670 5680	48.38 48.36	5.85 5.86	44.38 44.36	6.30 6.32	
5690	48.35	5.87	44.33	6.34	
5700	48.34	5.88	44.31	6.35	
5710	48.32	5.88	44.28	6.37	
5720	48.31	5.89	44.25	6.38	
5730	48.30	5.91	44.22	6.40	
5740	48.28	5.92	44.19	6.41	
5750	48.27	5.93	44.16	6.42	
5760	48.25	5.94	44.13	6.44	
5770	48.24	5.95	44.10	6.45	
5780 5790	48.23	5.96 5.98	44.07 44.04	6.46 6.47	
5790 5800	48.21 48.20	6.00	44.04 44.01	6.48	
5810	48.19	6.00	43.98	6.49	
5820	48.17	6.01	43.95	6.50	
5830	48.16	6.02	43.91	6.51	
5840	48.15	6.03	43.87	6.52	
5850	48.13	6.05	43.82	6.53	
5860	48.12	6.06	43.79	6.54	
5870	48.10	6.07	43.75	6.55	
5880	48.09	6.08	43.71	6.56	
5890	48.08	6.09	43.67	6.57	
5900	48.06	6.10	43.63	6.58	







Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
0236	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3978	SPEAG	
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	
0124	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	(

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB x 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #0239						
	Dipole 2450	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Previous	-26.30	51.1 + 4.8 j	2016-06-20			
Last	-28.82	47.5 – 2.5 j	2017-03-17			
	Dipole	ID #0124				
	Dipole 5200	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Last	-32.5	49.7 – 2.4 j	2017-04-26			
	Dipole 5300MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Last	-28.4	46.4 + 0.5 j	2017-04-26			
	Dipole 5500	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Last	-27.6	46.2 + 1.1 j	2017-04-26			
	Dipole 5600MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date			
Last	-25.6	49.0 – 5.1 j	2017-04-26			
	Dipole 5800	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Last	-24.1	48.2 – 5.9 j	2017-04-26			