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FCC SAR Test Report

Applicant Launch Tech Co., Ltd.

Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Rd.,

Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, 518129, Address

China

: Automotive Diagnostic Tool **Product Name**

Report Date : Jun. 04, 2024

Compliance Capporatory

Anbotek

Anbotek Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited * Approved *







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Code:AB-RF-05-b

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TEST REPORT

Applicant : Launch Tech Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer : Launch Tech Co., Ltd.

Product Name : Automotive Diagnostic Tool

Model No. : OADD-PD1003A

Reference Model

No.

: OADD-PD1003x (x=A~Z, indicates configuration difference)

Trade Mark : LAUNCH

Rating(s) : Input: 5V-3A/9V-2.7A(with DC 3.8V, 9360mAh battery inside)

Test Standard(s): IEEE Std 1528-2013; FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093;

IEEE Std C95.1-2005;

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the IEEE Std 1528-2013, FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, IEEE Std C95.1-2005 requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Receipt	Apr. 9, 2024
Date of Test	Apr. 28-30, 2024
Prepared By	Ella Liana
Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek	(Ella Liang)
	Idward pan
Approved & Authorized Signer	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
	(Edward Pan)







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Version

Version No.	Date	Description
R00	Jun. 04, 2024	Original
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Anborek Anborek	Anborek Anbor	otek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
Anborrek Anborr	Anbore An	obotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbo
k abotek Ant	diek Anbourotek	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Ar





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1. Statement of Compliance

<Highest SAR Summary>

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and IEEE Std C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013. The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg) SAR Test Limit
Frequency Band		<u>^</u>
	Body-worn(0mm)	(W/Kg)
Anborek Anbor	lodule: MT6631	ek anbotek Anbo
WIFI 2.4G	0.548	tek nbotek Anbote
WIFI 5.2G	0.550	po. W. Spotek Aupote
WIFI 5.8G	0.496	Anbore Ant botek Ant
pore ABT Tek	0.357	Anbore Ann Ann
Anboten Anbotek M	odule: RTL8811	Anbotek 1.6bo
WIFI 2.4G	0.677	ik Aupotek Aupo,
WIFI 5.2G	0.552	stek Anborek Anbore
WIFI 5.8G	0.553	ek Abotek Anbote
Simultaneous SAR	1.229	unbole All botek Anb
Test Result	PASS	Anbore And And

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and IEEE Std C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.







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2. General Information

2.1. Client Information

Applicant	:	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Rd., Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, 518129, China
Manufacturer	:	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Rd., Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, 518129, China

2.2. Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name	:	Automotive Diagnostic Tool
Model No.	:	OADD-PD1003A
Reference Model No.	:	OADD-PD1003x (x=A~Z, indicates configuration difference) (Note: All samples are the same except the model number and appearance color, so we prepare "OADD-PD1003A" for test only.)
Trade Mark	:	LAUNCH ANDOREK ANDOREK ANDOREK
Test Power Supply	:	DC 5V from adapter input AC 120V/60Hz, DC 3.8V battery inside
Test Sample No.	:	1-2-1(Engineering Sample)
RF Specification(N	lod	ule: MT6631)
Tx Frequency	:	BT: 2402~2480MHz WiFi 2.4G: 2412~2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) 2422~2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40) WiFi 5.2G: 5150~5250MHz WiFi 5.8G: 5725~5850MHz
Type of Modulation	:	BT BDR+EDR: GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK BT BLE: GFSK WiFi 2.4G: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS; 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM WiFi 5G: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
Category of device	:	Portable device
RF Specification(N	lod	ule: RTL8811)







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		WiFi 2.4G: 2412~2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
Ty Fraguency		2422~2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40)
Tx Frequency :		WiFi 5.2G: 5150~5250MHz
		WiFi 5.8G: 5725~5850MHz
		WiFi 2.4G: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS;
Type of		64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM
Modulation		WiFi 5G:
		OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
Category of device	:	Portable device

Remark:

The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.





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2.3. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.4. Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · IEEE Std 1528-2013
- IEEE Std C95.1-2005
- FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- · KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

2.5. Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

2.6. Test Configuration

For WIFI and Bluetooth SAR testing, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.







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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1.Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \Big(\frac{dW}{dm} \Big) = \frac{d}{dt} \Big(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \Big)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

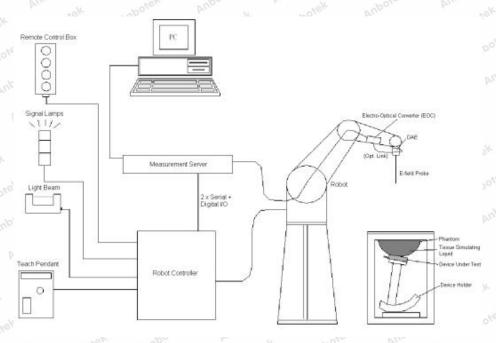






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4. SAR Measurement System



DASY System Configurations

The DASYsystem for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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4.1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

	1.01
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular
	core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe
	axis)
3	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation
	normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2
	dB (noise: typically< 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to
	dipole centers: 1 mm



> E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

4.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.





Report No.: 18220WC40072105 FCC ID: XUJOADDPD1003 Page 13 of 100 The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



Photo of DAE

4.3. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controllersystem, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäublirobot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Photo of DASY5





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4.4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Photo of Server for DASY5

4.5. Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat
Areas	Phantom Anborek Anborek
	Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.







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<ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm
	Minor axis:400 mm
S.	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
	stek Anbotek And stek Anbotek
	abotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek A
	Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

4.6. Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.







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Device Holder

4.7. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [W/kg]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The





Report No.: 18220WC40072105 FCC ID: XUJOADDPD1003 Page 17 of 100 parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

> **Probe parameters:** - Sensitivity $Norm_i,\ a_{i0},\ a_{i1},\ a_{i2}$

> > - Conversion factor

- Diode compression point dcpi

- Frequency Device parameters:

> - Crest factor cf.

 Conductivity Media parameters:

Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field Probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i,(i= x, y, z)

Norm_i= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i= x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution

aii= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

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E_i= electric field strength of channel iin V/m
H_i= magnetic field strength of channel iin A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/kg

Etot= total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.





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5. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Empirement	Town of ISA or old in	O a what Normalis a	Calibration		
r	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	Jun. 15,2021	Jun. 14,2024	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1160	Oct. 02, 2021	Oct. 01, 2024	
Rohde & Schwarz	UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	1201.0002K50-1 04209-JC	Nov.10, 2023	Nov.09, 2024	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sept.06,2023	Sept.05,2024	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7396	May 06,2024	May 05,2025	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Oct.26, 2023	Oct.25, 2024	
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD000P40CD	1802	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004A A	2058	NCR	NCR	
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Oct.26, 2023	Oct.25, 2024	
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Oct.26, 2023	Oct.25, 2024	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Oct.26, 2023	Oct.25, 2024	
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Oct.26, 2023	Oct.25, 2024	
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O -10	COM5BNW1A2	Oct.26, 2023	Oct.25, 2024	

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it







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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Wat er (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Prevento I (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	
o	For Body								
2450	68.6	0	abot 0	Anboto	Am O notek	31.4	1.95	52.7	
5200	78.6	0	10.7	NO OTO	10.7	ek O An	5.27	49.0	
5800	78.5	Anboo dek	10.8	O _{rupot}	10.7	otek0	6.00	48.2	





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The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Measured	Target 1	Tissue		Measur	ed Tissue	•		
Frequenc y ε (MHz)	ε _r	σ	ε _r	Dev. (%)	σ	Dev. (%)	Liquid Temp.	Test Data
2450	39.2	1.80	39.08	-0.31	1.85	2.78	22.7	04/28/2024
5200	36.0	4.66	36.21	0.58	4.71	1.07	22.5	04/29/2024
5800	48.20	6.00	48.45	0.52	5.85	-2.56	22.4	04/30/2024





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7. System Verification Procedures

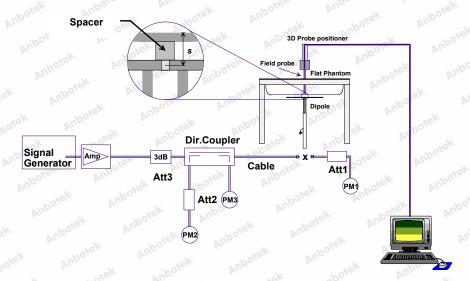
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

> System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



System Setup for System Evaluation







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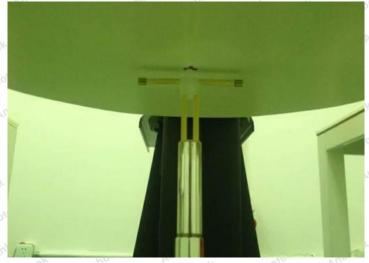


Photo of Dipole Setup

Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequenc y (MHz)	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviatio n (%)
04/28/2024	2450	250	52.4	12.95	51.8	-1.15
04/29/2024	5200	100	80.7	7.97	79.7	-1.24
04/30/2024	5800	100	78.3	7.99	79.50	1.53

Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized



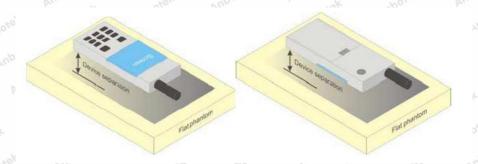


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8. EUT Testing Position

8.1. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance ≤ 5mm to support compliance.



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
 - (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
 - (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
 - (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
 - (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
 - (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
 - (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels attheworst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement







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(b) Area scan

(c) Zoom scan

(d) Power drift measurement

9.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3. Area Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if

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Report No.: 18220WC40072105 Page 26 of 100 FCC ID: XUJOADDPD1003 only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		PL.
	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension or measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test d	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding
	measurement point on the tes	t device.





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9.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

U. 121.		CONT.	V	127.
upo. h.	\/-	bole. And	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points		≤1.5·Δ <i>x</i>	Z _{Zoom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28$ $\ge 30 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.



When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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9.5. Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.





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10. Conducted Power

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Module: MT6631:

Mode	Channel	Frequen cy (MHz)	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
	Mootek	2412	14.68	15.00	1 Mbps
В	6 bote	2437	14.44	15.00	1 Mbps
	11	2462	14.70	15.00	1 Mbps
	1 Ans	2412	14.78	15.00	6 Mbps
G	nbote 6	2437	14.54	15.00	6 Mbps
	11 ^k	2462	14.74	15.00	6 Mbps
	1 otok	2412	14.58	15.00	MCS0
N(HT20)	6	2437	14.47	15.00	MCS0
	11	2462	14.52	15.00	MCS0
	Melk 3 Amb	2422	13.83	14.00	MCS0
N(HT40)	botek 6	2437	13.87	14.00	MCS0
	9	2452	13.86	14.00	MCS0

Module: RTL8811:

Mode	Channel	Frequen cy (MHz)	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
	hotek	2412	14.62	15.00	1 Mbps
В	6,ek	2437	14.12	15.00	1 Mbps
	Ant 11 tek	2462	13.70	15.00	1 Mbps
	1 ^{nbo}	2412	14.48	15.00	6 Mbps
G	ek 6 Anbo	2437	13.90	15.00	6 Mbps
	otek 11 An	2462	13.60	15.00	6 Mbps
	301	2412	14.49	15.00	MCS0
N(HT20)	Anbe 6	2437	13.92	15.00	MCS0
	An 11	2462	13.51	15.00	MCS0
	30010	2422	14.51	15.00	MCS0
N(HT40)	x 6 mbot	2437	14.16	15.00	MCS0
	9	2452	13.87	15.00	MCS0





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Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test* separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

- 2. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 2.4G WIFI mode is required.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.





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<WLAN 5GHz Conducted Power>

Band 1

Module: MT6631:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
potek Anbor	5180	14.12	14.50	6M
hotek Aunboten	5200	13.84	14.50	6M
	5240	13.42	14.50	6M
Anbo Lok abot	5180	14.01	14.50	MCS0
N(HT20)	5200	13.73	14.50	MCS0
	5240	13.34	14.50	MCS0
otek NALTAON	5190	14.08	14.50	MCS0
N(HT40)	5230	13.60	14.50	MCS0
unbo ek botek	5180	13.93	14.50	MCS0
AC(HT20)	5200	13.90	14.50	MCS0
Anborer And	5240	13.36	14.50	MCS0
AC(HT40)	5190	13.97	14.50	MCS0
	5230	13.59	14.50	MCS0
AC(HT80)	5210	14.38	14.50	MCS0

Module: RTL8811:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
tek abotek Ar	5180	14.67	16.00	6M
A. A. Otek	5200	14.64	16.00	6M. 001001
	5240	14.83	16.00	6M
anbotek Anbot	5180	14.83	16.00	MCS0
N(HT20)	5200	15.02	16.00	MCS0
	5240	15.46	16.00	MCS0
AMUTSO, and	5190	14.58	16.00	MCS0
N(HT40)	5230	15.00	16.00	MCS0
botek Anbote	5180	14.77	16.00	MCS0
AC(HT20)	5200	15.17	16.00	MCS0
	5240	15.52	16.00	MCS0
AC(HT40)	5190	14.57	16.00	MCS0
	5230	15.05	16.00	MCS0
AC(HT80)	5210	14.78	16.00	MCS0







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Band 4

Module: MT6631:

Module. Miloto I.				
TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
K Anbo	5745	14.30	15.00	6M
otek Papore b	5785	14.21	15.00	6M
	5825	14.49	15.00	6M
ntek Anbotek	5745	14.24	15.00	MCS0
N(HT20)	5785	14.05	15.00	MCS0
	5825	14.42	15.00	MCS0
N/HT40)	5755	14.31	15.00	MCS0
N(HT40)	5795	14.31	15.00	MCS0
otek anbotek	5745	14.23	15.00	MCS0
AC(HT20)	5785	14.11	15.00	MCS0
	5825	14.49	15.00	MCS0
Amboron Amb	5755	14.47	15.00	MCS0
AC(HT40)	5795	14.31	15.00	MCS0
AC(HT80)	5775	14.47	15.00	MCS0

Module: RTL8811:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
k Aupo, K	5745	14.34	15.00	6M
otek Ankaren A	5785	14.56	15.00	6M
hotek Anbotek	5825	14.17	15.00	6M
no stek anbotek	5745	14.25	15.00	MCS0
N(HT20)	5785	14.54	15.00	MCS0
Anbore An	5825	13.99	15.00	MCS0
Anbores And	5755	13.82	15.00	MCS0
N(HT40)	5795	13.76	15.00	MCS0
rek abotek	5745	14.10	15.00	MCS0
AC(HT20)	5785	14.48	15.00	MCS0
	5825	13.98	15.00	MCS0
AC(HT40)	5755	13.86	15.00	MCS0
	5795	13.88	15.00	MCS0
AC(HT80)	5775	13.62	15.00	MCS0





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Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

- 2. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 2.4G/5.2G/5.8G WIFI mode is required.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.







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<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

Module: MT6631

Wodule. Willo	101	VUD	10 to	br.	View VUD
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power(dBm)
DT DDD	otek 00 not	2402	13.59	11.09	12.50
BT BDR	39	2441	14.80	12.30	12.50
(GFSK)	78	2480	13.62	11.12	12.50
DT 500	00	2402	13.57	11.07	12.00
BT EDR	39	2441	14.18	11.68	12.00
(П/4DQPSK)	⁴ 78	2480	12.88	10.38	12.00
DT 500	00	2402	13.55	11.05	12.00
BT EDR	39	2441	14.18	11.68	12.00
(8DPSK)	78	2480	12.85	10.35	12.00
DT DI E 411	00	2402	-0.18	-1.68	0.00
BT BLE_1M	19	2440	0.22	-1.28	0.00
(GFSK)	39	2480	0.37	-1.13	0.00

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
12.50	Anbore Anbor	2.441	5.556

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is <5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 5.556 which is >= 3, SAR testing is required.



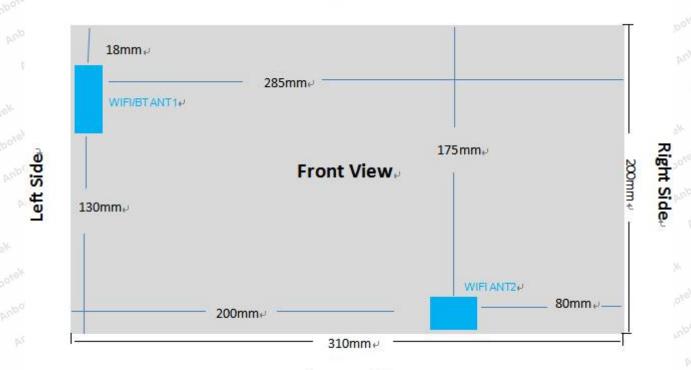




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11. Antenna Location

Top Side



Bottom Side

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge										
Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side					
WiFi/BT ANT 1(MT6631)	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm				
WiFi ANT 1(RTL8811)	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm	>25mm				





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12. SAR Test Results Summary

General Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Scaling Factor

2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary

12.1. Body-worn SAR Results

<WIFI2.4GHz>

Module: MT6631:

						Freq.	Averag	Tune-U	Scalin	Powe	Measure	Reporte
Plot	Band	Mode	Test	Gap		(MHz	е	р	g	r	d	d
No.			Position	(cm))	Power	Limit	Factor	Drift	SAR _{1g}	SAR _{1g}
						,	(dBm)	(dBm)		(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
#1	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Back	0	Joh	2412	14.78	15.00	1.052	-0.12	0.521	0.548
Die.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Front	0	1	2412	14.78	15.00	1.052	0.06	0.369	0.388
nbotel	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Right	0	1	2412	14.78	15.00	1.052	N/A	N/A	N/A
nbo	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Left	100 on	1	2412	14.78	15.00	1.052	80.0	0.385	0.405
po	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Тор	0,01	1	2412	14.78	15.00	1.052	0.01	0.293	0.308
, P.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Bottom	0	ordic	2412	14.78	15.00	1.052	N/A	N/A	N/A

Module: RTL8811:

,							Freq.	Averag	Tune-U	Scalin	Powe	Measure	Reporte
Plot No.		Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		-	е	p Limit (dBm)	g Factor	r Drift	d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#	‡2	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	0,00	1,	2412	14.62	15.00	1.091	0.14	0.504	0.550
olek	ō.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Front	0	100 m	2412	14.62	15.00	1.091	0.04	0.342	0.373
0	rek.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Right	e/K 0	pho	2412	14.62	15.00	1.091	N/A	N/A	N/A
Up		WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Left	0	1	2412	14.62	15.00	1.091	N/A	N/A	N/A
PL	po.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Тор	0	1	2412	14.62	15.00	1.091	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Ant	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Bottom	P. 0	.eV	2412	14.62	15.00	1.091	0.02	0.272	0.297







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<WIFI 5GHz>

Module: MT6631:

Plo No	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz	م ا	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#3	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac80	Back	oro	42	5210	14.38	14.50	1.028	-0.04	0.482	0.496
Direc	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac80	Front	ArtiOtek	42	5210	14.38	14.50	1.028	0.05	0.322	0.331
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac80	Right	0.100	42	5210	14.38	14.50	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A
.e.k	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac80	Left	0 12	42	5210	14.38	14.50	1.028	0.07	0.345	0.355
po ^{ter}	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac80	Тор	0	42	5210	14.38	14.50	1.028	0.03	0.256	0.263
Vup.	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac80	Bottom	O.e.k	42	5210	14.38	14.50	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A

Module: RTL8811:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz		Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#4	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac20	Back	up Osk	48	5240	15.52	16.00	1.117	0.11	0.606	0.677
P	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac20	Front	AODO!	48	5240	15.52	16.00	1.117	0.15	0.449	0.501
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac20	Right	O ^{Anl}	48	5240	15.52	16.00	1.117	N/A	N/A	N/A
iek ov	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac20	Left	0	48	5240	15.52	16.00	1.117	N/A	N/A	N/A
¹ pole	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac20	Тор	0/-	48	5240	15.52	16.00	1.117	N/A	N/A	N/A
VUD	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 ac20	Bottom	Oote Arrive	48	5240	15.52	16.00	1.117	0.04	0.381	0.426





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Module: MT6631:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz	۵ ۵	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#5	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Back	0	165	5825	14.49	15.00	1.125	0.11	0.491	0.552
Anbore	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Front M	0°°°	165	5825	14.49	15.00	1.125	-0.05	0.333	0.374
Ant	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Right	Pupo,	165	5825	14.49	15.00	1.125	N/A	N/A	N/A
N.	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Left	0	165	5825	14.49	15.00	1.125	0.03	0.354	0.398
otek	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Тор	w 0	165	5825	14.49	15.00	1.125	0.05	0.265	0.298
nbote	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Bottom	o ^t Ö	165	5825	14.49	15.00	1.125	N/A	N/A	N/A

Module: RTL8811:

Plot No.	l Rand	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz)	۵	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#6	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Back	o****O	157	5785	14.56	15.00	1.107	-0.06	0.500	0.553
Anb	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Front	nboto.	157	5785	14.56	15.00	1.107	0.14	0.338	0.374
P	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Right	0	157	5785	14.56	15.00	1.107	N/A	N/A	N/A
,ek	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Left	0	157	5785	14.56	15.00	1.107	N/A	N/A	N/A
botel	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Top	*e ¹ *0	157	5785	14.56	15.00	1.107	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aupc	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 a	Bottom	1000 K	157	5785	14.56	15.00	1.107	0.08	0.267	0.295





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<Bluetooth>
Module: MT6631

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Positio n	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Averag e Power (dBm)	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measur ed SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Report ed SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#7	BT BDR	GFSK	Back	O Anto	39	2441	12.30	12.50	1.047	-0.07	0.341	0.357
Anboro Anb	BT BDR	GFSK	Front	0	39	2441	12.30	12.50	1.047	0.15	0.214	0.224
otek b	BT BDR	GFSK	Right	Anbotek	39	2441	12.30	12.50	1.047	N/A	N/A	N/A
	BT BDR	GFSK	Left	O Anbe	39	2441	12.30	12.50	1.047	0.02	0.221	0.231
Anbo	BT BDR	GFSK	Тор	otel O	39	2441	12.30	12.50	1.047	0.10	0.123	0.129
Nek D	BT BDR	GFSK	Bottom	0	39	2441	12.30	12.50	1.047	N/A	N/A	N/A





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13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

13.1. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

No. Applicable Simultaneous Transmission

- 1. 2.4G WiFi(MT6631)+ 2.4G WiFi(RTL8811)
- 2. 2.4G WiFi(MT6631)+ 5G WiFi(RTL8811)
- 3. 5G WiFi(MT6631)+ 2.4G WiFi(RTL8811)
- 4. 5G WiFi(MT6631)+ 5G WiFi(RTL8811)
- 5. BT(MT6631)+ 2.4G WiFi(RTL8811)
- 6. BT(MT6631)+ 5G WiFi(RTL8811)

Note: WIFI 2.4GHz, WIFI 5GHz and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously at same module.

13.2. Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

<Body Exposure Conditions>

Simultaneous transmission SAR for 2.4G WiFi(MT6631)+ 2.4G WiFi(RTL8811)

700		VII.	- CV		
	2.4G	2.4G			
Test Position	WiFi(MT6631)	WiFi(RTL8811)	MAX. ΣSAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g} Limit	
Test Position	SAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g} SAR _{10g}		(W/Kg)	
	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)			
Back	0.548	0.550	1.098	1.6	
Front	0.388	0.373	0.761	1.6	
Right	otek N/A	N/A	Ma Pulpo	1.6	
Left	0.405	N/A	0.405	1.6	
Тор	0.308	N/A	0.308	1.6	
Bottom	N/A	0.297	0.297	Anbotel 1.6 Anbo	

Simultaneous transmission 2.4G WiFi(MT6631)+ 5G WiFi(RTL8811)

	2.4G	5G			
			MAY ZOAD	CAD Limit	
Test Position	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , ,	Ğ	SAR _{10g} Limit	
	SAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g}	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	
	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)			
Back	0.548	0.677	1.225	1.6	
Front	0.388	0.501	0.889	1.6	
Right	N/A	N/A	N/A Andores	1.6	
Left	0.405	N/A	0.405	1.6	
Тор	0.308	N/A	0.308	otek 1.6 nbote	
	Back Front Right Left	WiFi(MT6631) SAR _{10g} (W/Kg) Back 0.548 Front 0.388 Right N/A Left 0.405	WiFi(MT6631) WiFi(RTL8811) SAR _{10g} SAR _{10g} (W/Kg) (W/Kg) Back 0.548 0.677 Front 0.388 0.501 Right N/A N/A Left 0.405 N/A	Test Position WiFi(MT6631) SAR _{10g} (W/Kg) WiFi(RTL8811) SAR _{10g} (W/Kg) MAX. ΣSAR _{10g} (W/Kg) Back 0.548 0.677 1.225 Front 0.388 0.501 0.889 Right N/A N/A N/A Left 0.405 N/A 0.405	









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ins	Bottom	N/A	0.426	0.426	1.6

Simultaneous transmission 5G WiFi(MT6631)+ 2.4G WiFi(RTL8811)

Š	Test Position	5G	2.4G			
	Toot Docition	WiFi(MT6631)	WiFi(RTL8811)	MAX. ΣSAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g} Limit (W/Kg)	
	rest Position	SAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g}	(W/Kg)		
		(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)			
	Back	0.552	0.550	1.102	1.6	
ĵ	Front	0.374	0.373	0.747	1.6	
	Right	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	
Ī	Left	0.398	N/A	0.398	1.6	
I	Тор	0.298	N/A	0.298	1.6	
I	Bottom	N/A Model	0.297	0.297	1.6	
L	- V/O		D		40.	

Simultaneous transmission 5G WiFi(MT6631)+ 5G WiFi(RTL8811)

	5G	5G			
Test Position	WiFi(MT6631)	WiFi(RTL8811)	MAX. ΣSAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g} Limit	
Test Position	SAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g}	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	
	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)			
Back	0.552	0.677	1.229	1.6	
Front	0.374	0.501	0.875	nboten 1.6 And	
Right	N/A	MA Anbores	N/A	nbote 1.6 Anbo	
Left	0.398	N/A	0.398	1.6	
Тор	0.298	N/A	0.298	1.6	
Bottom	N/A	0.426	0.426	1.6	

Simultaneous transmission BT(MT6631)+ 2.4G WiFi(RTL8811)

Test Position	BT(MT6631) SAR _{10g} (W/Kg)	2.4G WiFi(RTL8811) SAR _{10g} (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{10g} (W/Kg)	SAR _{10g} Limit (W/Kg)	
Back	0.357	0.550	0.907	1.6	
Front	0.224	0.373	0.597	1.6 nb ^{otes}	
Right	N/A M	N/A	N/A	1.6	
Left	0.231	N/A	0.231	1.6	
Тор	0.129	N/A	0.129	1.6	
Bottom	N/A	0.297	0.297	1.6	







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Simultaneous transmission BT(MT6631)+ 5G WiFi(RTL8811)

	Pro-	760			
T 15	BT(MT6631) SAR _{10q}	5G WiFi(RTL8811)	MAX. ΣSAR _{10g}	SAR _{10g} Limit	
Test Position	(W/Kg)	SAR _{10g}	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	
Back	0.357	(W/Kg) 0.677	1.034	1.6	
	0.357	S. BUD.	0.725	DO1.	
Front	PUL.	0.501	la.	1.6	
Right	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	
Left 	0.231	N/A	0.231	1.6	
Тор	0.129	N/A	0.129	1.6	
Bottom	N/A	0.426	0.426	1.6	





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14. Measurement Uncertainty

NO	nbotek Anbotek Anbotek	Uncert.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (1g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (10g)	Veff
otek	Repeat	0.4	N A	1	ρί μ 1	anb Trek	0. 4 ⁰⁰⁰⁰	0. 4	9.01
nbotel	Anborratek Anb	orek p	Instru	ıment	otek	Anbo	tek Pu	bor	Anbore!
2 nbs	Probe calibration	nbotek 7	N tek	2	anbo'tek	1 🕅	3.5	3.5	∞nb
3 nek	Axial isotropy	4.7	RAnbo	 √3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	otek ∞
nbotek 4	Hemispherical isotropy	9.4	R.K	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	WU @
5 AT	Boundary effect	1.0	AR otek	\ √3	inbore 1 Anbore	» 1	0.6	0.6	× ∞
6	Linearity	4.7	ek R An	√3	Ant 1	otek obdek	2.7	2.7	otek otek
botek 7	Detection limits	1.0	po ^{tek}	√3	stek 1	Anboh	arel 0.6	0.6	nb _∞
8	Readout electronics	0.3	Pr. Nosek	1 0	hbotel 1	, 1 An	0.3	0.3	Anbo ∞
9	Response time	0.8	R R	_ √3	All	otek 1	0.5	Anbo	tek ∞
10	Integration time	2.6	o ^{otek} R	√3	rek 1	nboten Anbote	1.5 mb	1.5	nbotek mbotek
Anbote 11	Ambient noise	3.0	R		botek 1	1 Amb	1.7	nb ⁰ 1.7	Anboi
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	k R	 √3	Anbote:	^{kelk} 1	1.7	Anbores 1.7 nbo	lek ∞
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.4	*ek bi.	√3	ek 1	ibotek Andotel	0.2	0.2	∞ [∞]
nbote	Probe positioning with	otek mbotek	Anbotek Anbotek	An	potek	Anb	hoter	Anbotek John	Aupor.
14	respect to phantom	2.9	Rootel	√3 	Anbotek Anbot	. 1 ["]	1.7 ^k	1.7°**	∞ ^{Mal}
15	Max.SAR evaluation	Anbote	otek R A	√3	p.r p. 1	botek Vulgiek	0.6	0.6	otek ootek

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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otek	Pupo, Vi.	V 10	poter p	'Up.	. No.	*/00te	k Pup,	D. B.	Nek
nbote	anbotek Anbo	otek	Test samp	ole rel	ated	Arr.	otek p	nbotek	Anbahotel
200	otek Aupore Au	notek	Anbotek	V.	po sel		opotek	Anbore	bit.
16	Device positioning	3.8	Notel	1	Pupo,	, 1 '	3.8	3.8	99
17	Device holder	5.1	N Anbe	tek 1 sbotek	Ambi	,bo*1 ^K	5.1	5.1	potek 5
oten,	And otek Anbote	Anb	P. P.	~\o <u>o</u> t	s/r	Aupote	And	otek	anborek
18	Drift of output power	5.0	mbor R	√3	ote1	1 _{Anb} o	2.9	2.9	∞
			Phantom a	and se	et-up				
P	abore And arek	Anbotek	Pupo,	40.	700	ek	Aupole	And	ek or
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	RANDO	√3	Anbo	notel-	2.3	2.3	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	hek Ar	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	inbotek ∞
21	Liquid conductivity (meas)	2.5	Anbotek Notek	дл ^ю	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	∞ '∞
22	Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R ^{Ambot}	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	Anbore 1.5	okek ∞
23	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	2.5	ootek N	Anbotel	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞ e ^k
Anbo	Combined standard	ootek Anbotek	Anbotek	P P	$_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}}$	$C^{2}H^{2}$	Yupotek Poter	Anbotek	Anboh
a/k	Anborek Anborek	Aupotek	RSS	otek	$C = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}}$	otek Jotek	11.4%	11.3%	236
unc	Expanded ertainty(P=95%)	and An	botek] = k ι	<i>J</i> ,k=:	Anbor	22.8%	22.6%	vupotek Vupotek





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Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos





Front(0mm)



Back(0mm)



Top(0mm)



Bottom(0mm)











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Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

2450MHz Body System Check

Date:04/28/2024

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 910

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.08$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06.2023;

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm

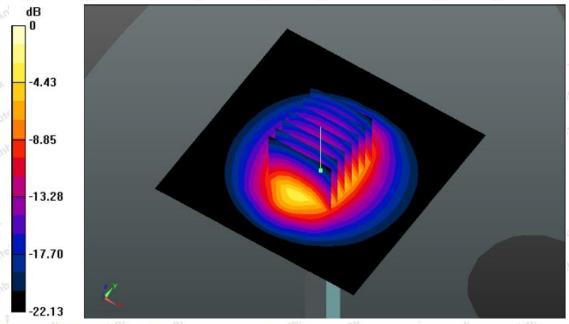
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.664 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.571 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.92 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.47W/kg





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Tel:(86) 0755–26066440 Fax:(86) 0755–26014772 Email:service@anbotek.com







Report No.:18220WC400721 **5200MHz Body System Check**

FCC ID: XUJOADDPD1003

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DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.71$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06, 2023;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023

Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.874 W/kg

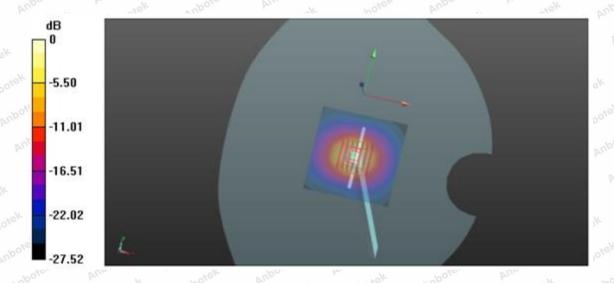
Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 49.795 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.687 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.887 W/kg











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5800MHz Body System Check

Date:4/30/2024

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.85 S/m; ε_r = 48.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: May 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

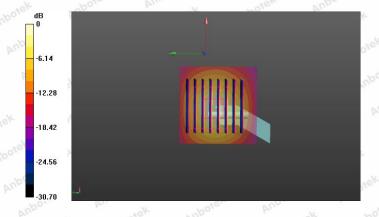
Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 56.663 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg











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Appendix C. Plots of SAR Test Data







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#1

Date: 04/28/2024

WIFI 2.4G_802.11g_Body BACK_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06.2023;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06,2023

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200mm, dy=1.200mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg

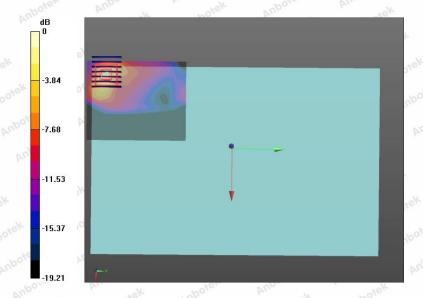
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.268 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.576 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.521 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.159 W/kg









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#2

Date: 04/28/2024

WIFI 2.4G_802.11b_Body BACK_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06.2023;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06,2023

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200mm, dy=1.200mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.564 W/kg

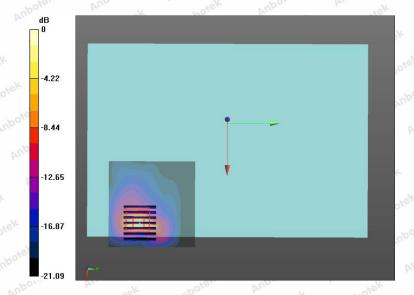
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.146 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.397 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.504 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.045 W/kg









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#3

Date: 04/29/2024

WIFI 5.2G_802.11ac80_Body back_Ch42

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11 (0); Frequency: 5210MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5210 MHz; $\sigma = 4.71 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.21$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06.2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06,2023

Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.000mm, dy=1.000mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.523W/kg

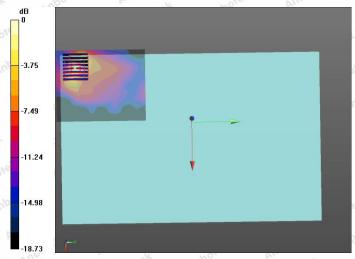
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.025 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.520 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.482 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.994 W/kg





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#4

Date: 04/29/2024

WIFI 5.2G_802.11ac20_Body back_Ch48

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11 (0); Frequency: 5240MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 4.71$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06.2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep.06,2023

Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.000mm, dy=1.000mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 W/kg

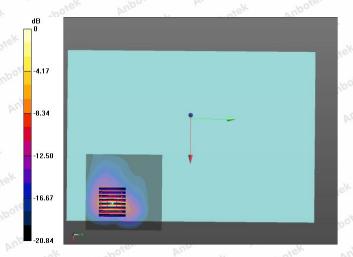
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.924 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.485 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.606 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.384 W/kg











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5 Date: 04/30/2024

WIFI 5.8G_802.11a_CH165 BODY BACK

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 5.85 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 48.45 \text{ ; } \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

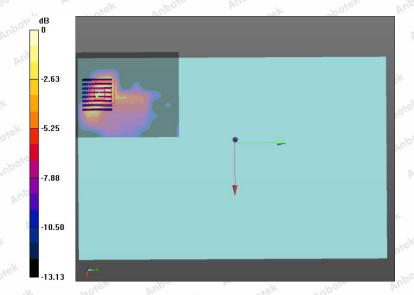
BODY BACK /Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.000mm, dy=1.000mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.591W/kg

BODY BACK /Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.862 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.102 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.159 W/kg









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#6 Date: 04/30/2024

WIFI 5.8G_802.11a_CH157 BODY BACK

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.85 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 48.45 \text{ ; } \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06, 2023

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

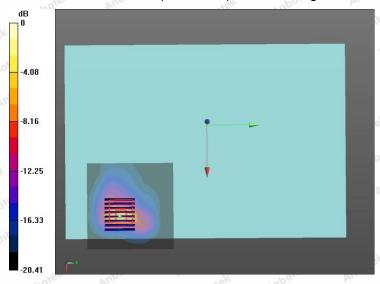
BODY BACK /Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.000mm, dy=1.000mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.517W/kg

BODY BACK /Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.735 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.682 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.500 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.210 W/kg



Code:AB-RF-05-b







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Date: 04/28/2024

2.4G BT EDR 8DPSK CH39 BODY BACK

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06, 2023;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY BACK /Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.257 W/kg

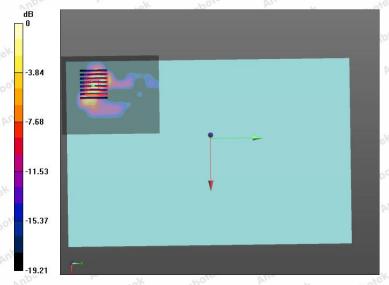
BODY BACK /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.014 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.012 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.857 W/kg



Code: AB-RF-05-b





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Appendix D. DASY System Calibration Certificate







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Client Anbotek (Auden) Certificate No: Z23-98671

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7396

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z12-006-08

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: May 06, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 \pm 3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	20-Jun-22 (CTTL, No.J22 X07447)	Jun-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-22 (CTTL, No.J22 X07447)	Jun-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-22 (CTTL, No.J22 X07447)	Jun-21
Reference10dBAttenuato	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-23(CTTL,No.J23X01547)	Mar-22
Reference20dBAttenuato	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-23(CTTL, No.J23X01548)	Mar-22
Reference Probe EX3DV	4 SN 7433	26-Sep-22(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep22)	Sep-21
DAE4	SN 549	13-Dec-22(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec22)	Dec -21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700	A 6201052605	27-Jun-22 (CTTL, No.J22X04776)	Jun-21
Network Analyzer E50710	MY46110673	13-Jan-23 (CTTL, No.J23X00285)	Jan -22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	E
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林杨
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	200
		Issued: May06	5 , 2023

Issued: May06 , 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat
 phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Probe EX3DV4

SN: 7396

Calibrated: May 06, 2023

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²)A	0.54	0.53	0.50	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	97.8	104.5	102.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	199.9	±2.4%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		203.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.30	0.85	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.71	9.71	9.71	0.15	1.36	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.87	9.87	9.87	0.16	1.37	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.24	1.01	±12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.24	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.50	0.75	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.45	1.35	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.45	1.45	±13.3%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.09	10.09	10.09	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	9.88	9.88	9.88	0.19	1.32	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.23	1.15	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.24	1.06	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.19	1.24	±12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.19	1.39	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.55	0.80	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.46	0.89	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.52	0.80	±12.1%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.45	1.80	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.48	1.90	±13.3%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.48	1.95	±13.3%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$ if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to $\pm 5\%$. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

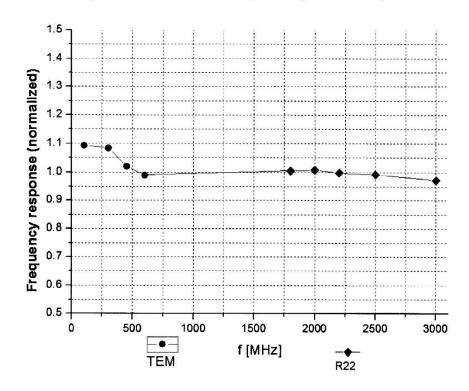


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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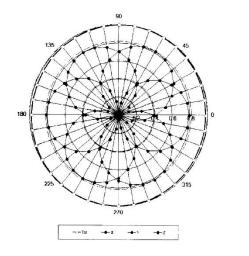
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218
 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209

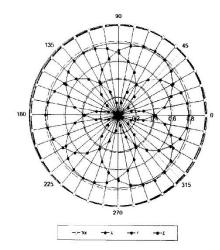
 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com
 <u>Http://www.chinattl.cn</u>

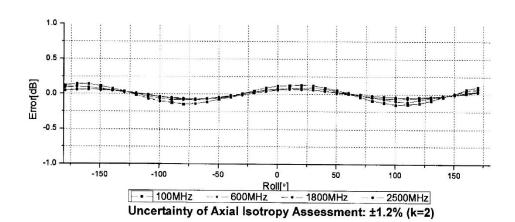
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ =0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22







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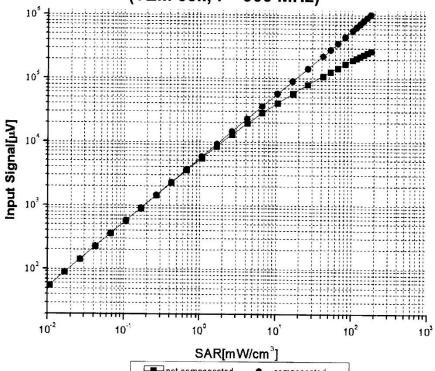


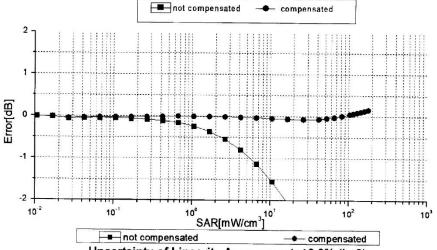
 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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