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#### **TEST REPORT**

Report Number: 20090025HKG-001

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

This report contains the data of wifi portion only

FCC ID: 2AXKB-GC6583-SH1

Prepared and Checked by: Approved by:

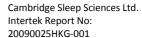
Signed On File Wong Cheuk Ho, Herbert Lead Engineer

Wong Kwok Yeung, Kenneth Senior Lead Engineer Date: October 05, 2020

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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**FCC Specification Standard:** 

**Applicant Name:** Cambridge Sleep Sciences Ltd.

**Applicant Address:** 115B Innovation Drive,

Milton Park, Abingdon,

Oxfordshire OX14 4RZ United Kingdom FCC Part 15, October 1, 2019 Edition

FCC ID: 2AXKB-GC6583-SH1

FCC Model(s): SH1

**Type of EUT:** Spread Spectrum Transmitter

**Description of EUT:** SleepHub Provides Scientifically Formulated Sounds To Generate

Guided Sleep Cycles For The User

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: September 01, 2020

Date of Test: September 01, 2020 to September 24, 2020

**Report Date:** October 05, 2020

**Environmental Conditions:** Temperature: +10 to 40°C

Humidity: 10 to 90%

**Conclusion:** Test was conducted by client submitted sample. The submitted

sample as received complied with the 47 CFR Part 15 Certification.



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#### 1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

### 1.1 Summary of Test Results

Test Items	FCC Part 15 Section	Results	Details See Section
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power (Peak)	15.247(b)(3)&(4)	Pass	4.1
Min. 6dB RF Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	Pass	4.2
Max. Power Density (average)	15.247(e)	Pass	4.3
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	Pass	4.4
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.109	Pass	4.6
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	Pass	4.7

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

#### 1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standard:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2019 Edition



#### 2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 Product Description

The Equipment-Under-Test (EUT) is a SleepHub Provides Scientifically Formulated Sounds To Generate Guided Sleep Cycles For The User. The EUT has wifi and Bluetooth features.

#### For the WLAN (WiFi) module:

For 2.400-2.4835GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) operates at frequency range of 2412MHz to 2462MHz with 11 channels. For 802.11b mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Direct-sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 11Mbps.

For 802.11g mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 54Mbps.

For 802.11n (with 20MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can support up to 65Mbps.

#### For the Bluetooth module:

For Bluetooth 4.0 BLE mode, it occupies a frequency range from 2402MHz to 2480MHz (40 channels with channel spacing of 2MHz). It transmits via GFSK modulation.

For Bluetooth 3.0 mode, it occupies a frequency range from 2402MHz to 2480MHz (79 channels with channel spacing of 1MHz). It transmits via GFSK modulation.

The EUT is power by a AC Adaptor (Model: PG653-1903420D).

The antenna(s) used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

The circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.

This report contains the data of wifi portion only.

#### 2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013) and KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v05r01 (11-February-2019). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2.

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### **TEST REPORT**

### 2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data and conductive data are at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong SAR, China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

## 2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transceiver (WiFi portion).



#### 3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by a 120VAC during test.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable. If the base unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible).

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209. Digital circuitries used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter are subject to FCC Part 15 Section 15.109 Limits.



#### 3.1 Justification – Cont'd

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.8.3.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.8.3. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

Different data rates have been tested. Worst case is reported only.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst-case data is included in this report.

For simultaneous transmission, both WiFi and Bluetooth portions are also switched on when taking radiated emission for determining worst-case spurious emission.

#### 3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program (if any) used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



#### 3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

#### **Details of EUT:**

(1) An AC/DC adaptor (Model: PG653-1903420D)

Input: 100-240V AC 50/60Hz 1.5A

Output: 19VDC 3.42A (Provided by Client)

### **Description of Accessories:**

1. 2x Speaker cable (Left channel 2m in length and Right channel 5m in length)

2. 2x Loudspeaker (Provided by Client)

3. 5-olm load with USB cable 0.8m in length (Provided by Intertek)

#### 3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are  $\pm$  5.3dB and  $\pm$ 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is  $\pm$ 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

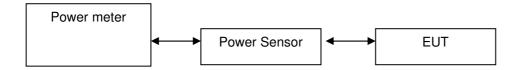


#### 4.0 TEST RESULTS

4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

RF Conduct Measurement Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer.

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to the obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals. The measurement procedure 9.1.2 was used.
- The EUT should be configured to transmit continuously (at a minimum duty cycle of 98%) at full power over the measurement duration. The measurement procedure AVG1 was used.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (MI	Hz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel:	2412	15.1	32.4
Middle Channel:	2437	15.5	35.5
High Channel:	2462	15.8	38.0

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (M	Hz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel:	2412	15.4	34.7
Middle Channel:	2437	15.6	36.3
High Channel:	2462	15.9	38.9



# 4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals – Cont'd

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (M	Hz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel:	2412	15.3	33.9
Middle Channel:	2437	15.4	34.7
High Channel:	2462	15.5	35.5

Cable loss : <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation : <u>0</u> dB			
Cable loss, external attenuation: included in OFFSET function added to SA raw reading			
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>15.8</u> dBm			
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 9 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>15.9</u> dBm			
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>15.5</u> dBm			
Limits:  1W (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less			
W ( dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi			



#### 4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The EBW measurement procedure was used. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6dB lower than PEAK level. The 6dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequenc	cy (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel:	2412	9.68
Middle Channel:	2437	9.68
High Channel:	2462	9.68

## IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency	/ (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel:	2412	16.20
Middle Channel:	2437	16.20
High Channel:	2462	16.20

#### IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)		6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel:	2412	15.28
Middle Channel:	2437	15.24
High Channel:	2462	15.28

#### Limits

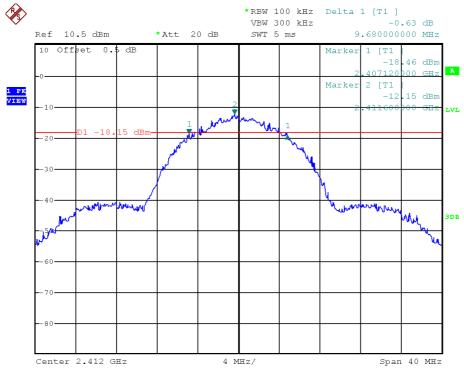
6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

The plots of 6dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.

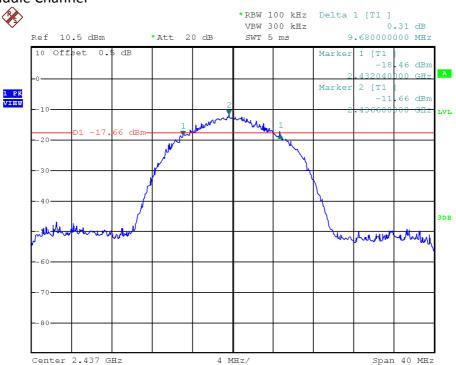


### **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11b, Lowest Channel



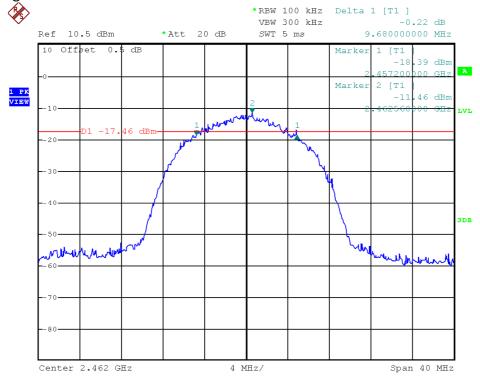
## 802.11b, Middle Channel





## **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

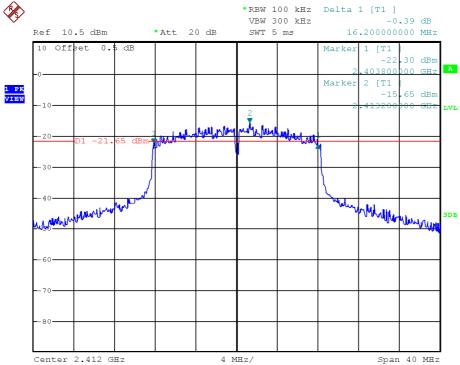
802.11b, Highest Channel



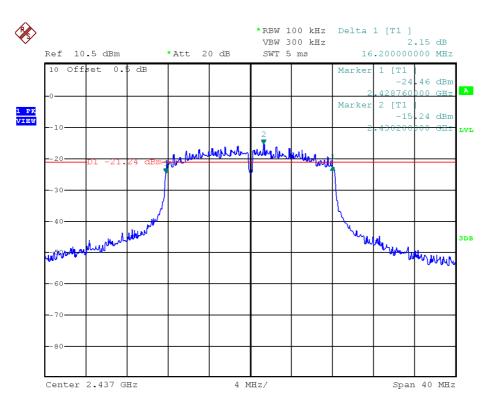


### **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11g, Lowest Channel



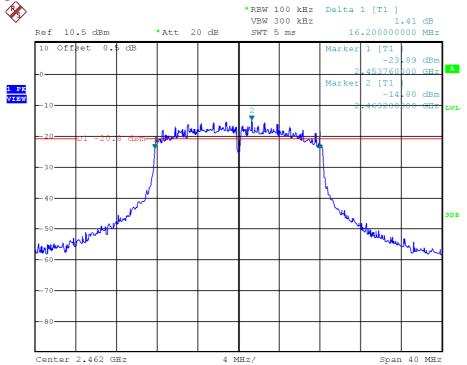
## 802.11g, Middle Channel





## **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

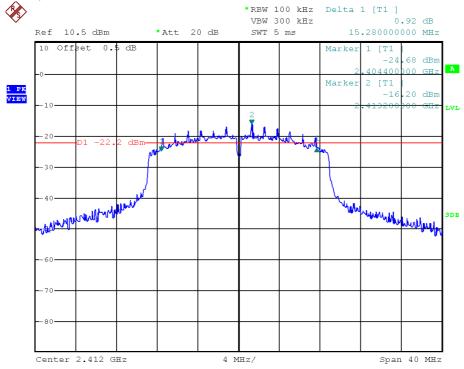
802.11g, Highest Channel



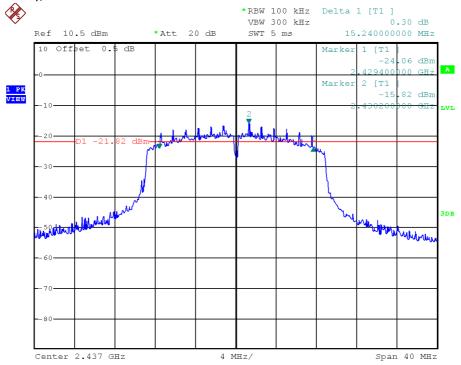


### **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel



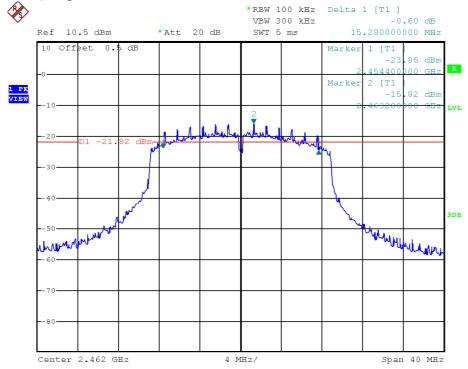
## 802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel





## **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel





## 4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density

Antenna output of the EUT was coupled directly to spectrum analyzer. The measurement procedure 10.2 PKPSD was used. If an external attenuator and/or cable was used, these losses are compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyser.

### IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency	(MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel:	2412	-12.04
Middle Channel:	2437	-11.76
High Channel:	2462	-12.18

### IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency	(MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel:	2412	-15.60
Middle Channel:	2437	-15.32
High Channel:	2462	-14.95

### IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency	/ (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel:	2412	-16.88
Middle Channel:	2437	-16.36
High Channel:	2462	-16.10

Cable Loss: 0.5 dB

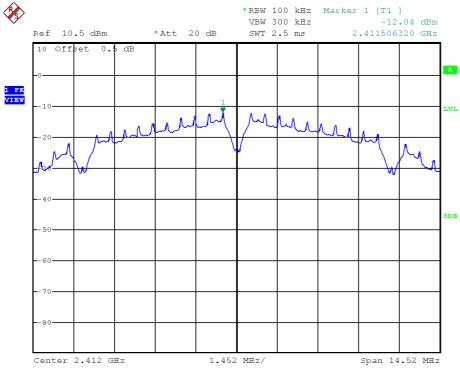
Limit: 8dBm

The plots of power spectral density are as below.

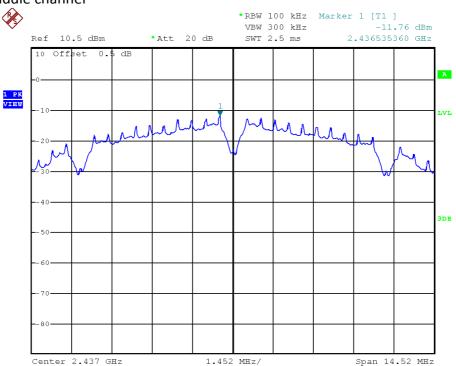


### PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11b, Lowest channel



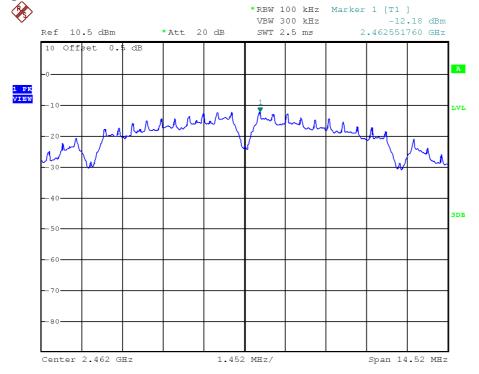
## 802.11b, Middle channel





## **PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

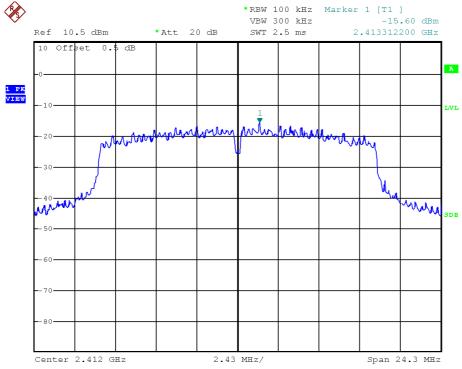
802.11b, Highest channel



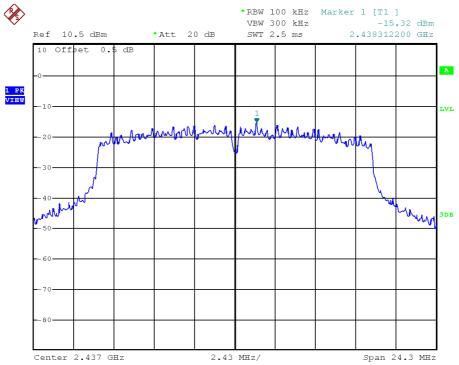


### PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11g, Lowest channel



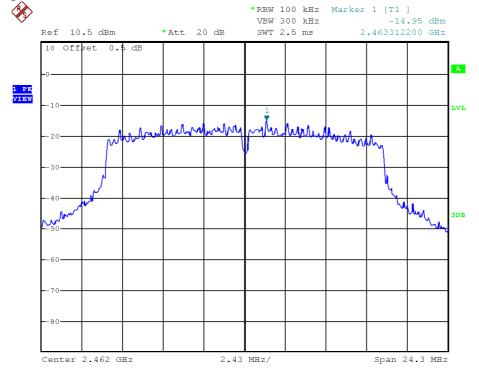
### 802.11g, Middle channel





## **PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

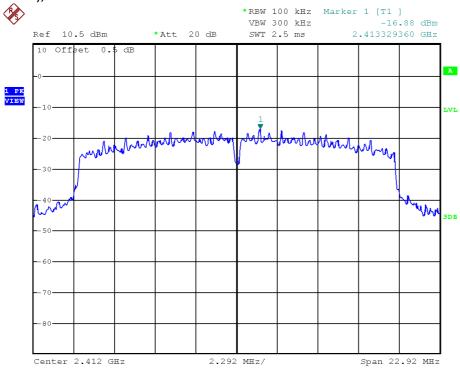
802.11g, Highest channel



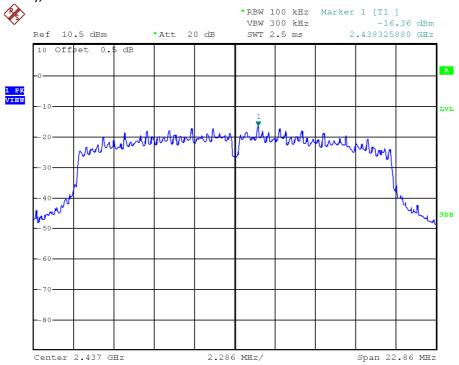


### PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest channel



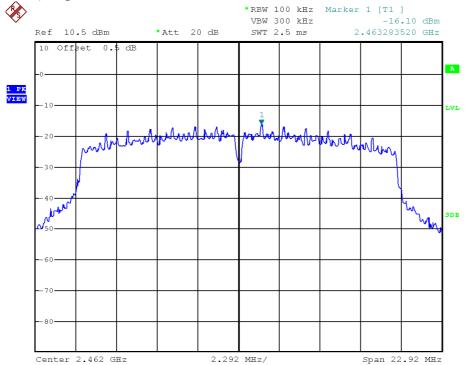
### 802.11n (20MHz), Middle channel





## **PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

802.11n (20MHz), Highest channel





#### 4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

For 802.11b/g/n20MHz, the maximum conducted (peak) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1. Then the display line (in red) shown in the following plots denotes the limit at 20dB below maximum measured in-band peak PSD level in 100 KHz bandwidth for 802.11b/g/n20MHz.

The measurement procedures under sections 11 of KDB No.558074 D01 v05r01 (11-February-2019) were used.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

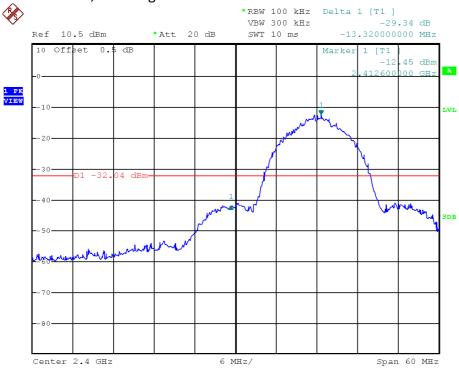
#### Limits:

All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20dB below the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level for 802.11b,g,n20MHz.

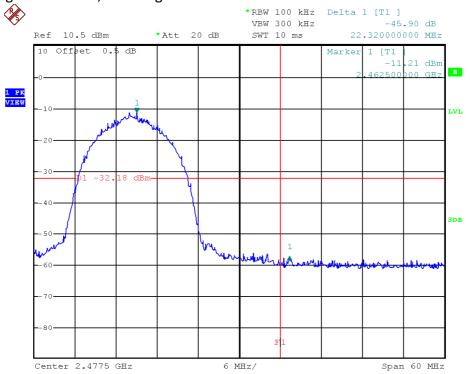


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



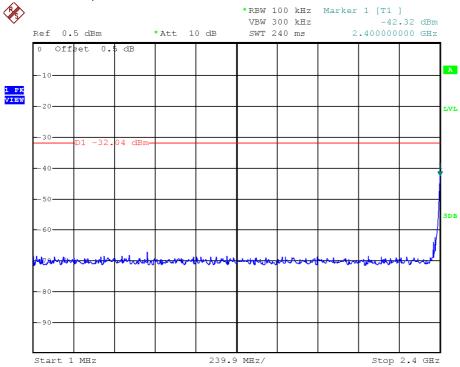
### 802.11b, Highest Channel, Bandedge



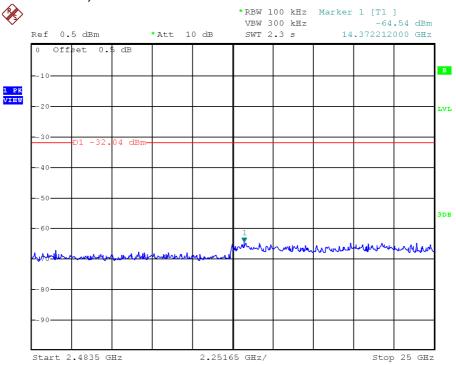


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot A



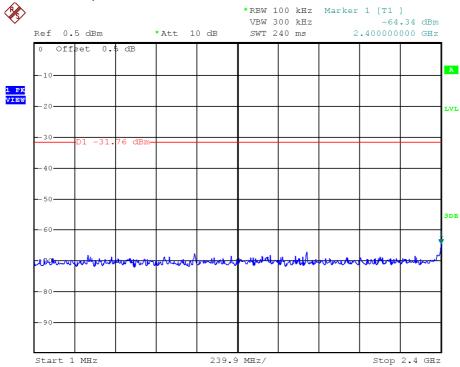
### 802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot B



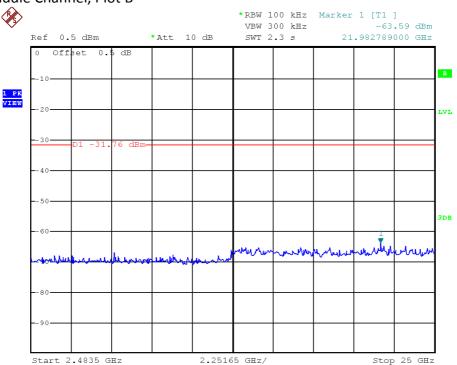


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot A



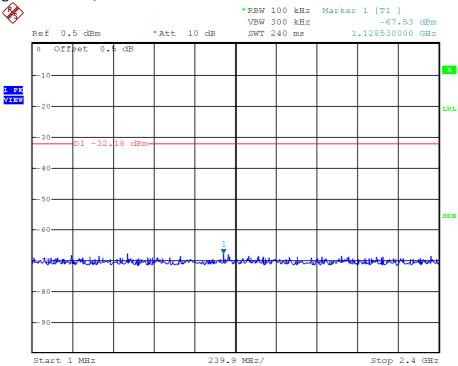
## 802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot B



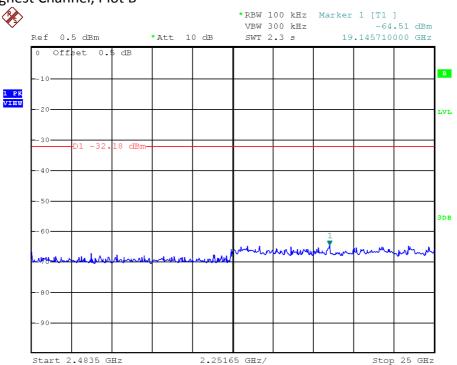


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot A



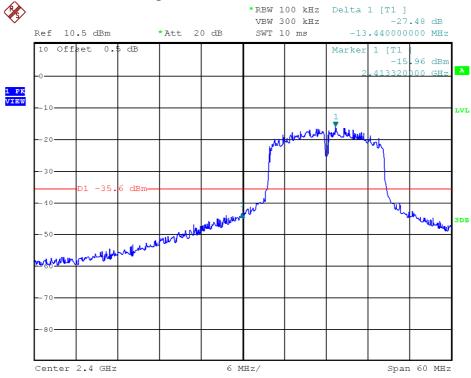
# 802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot B

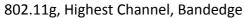


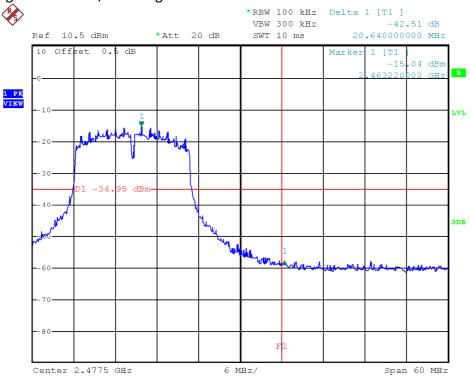


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



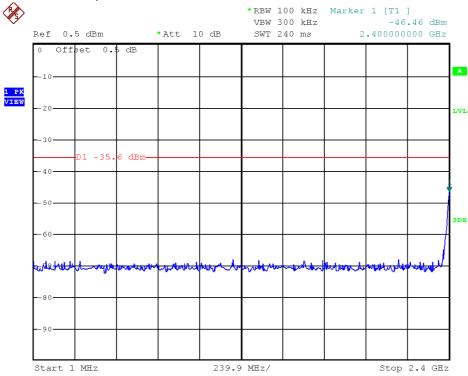




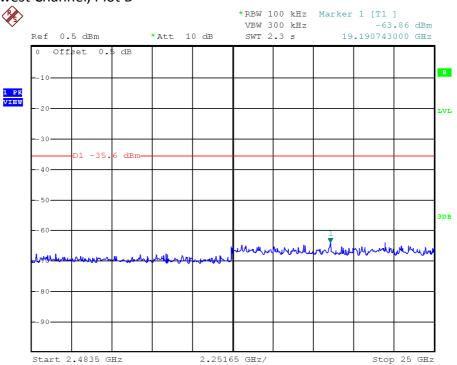


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot A



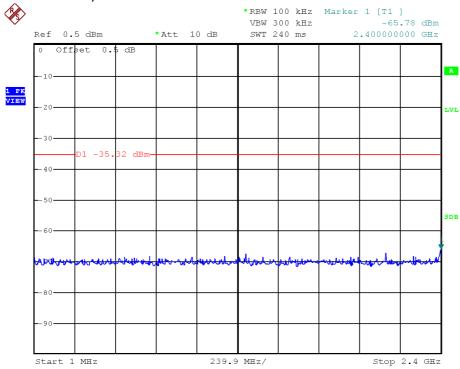
# 802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot B



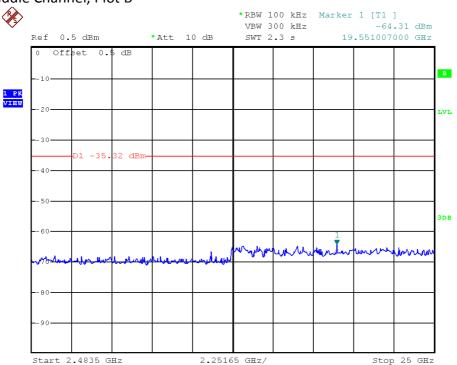


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot A



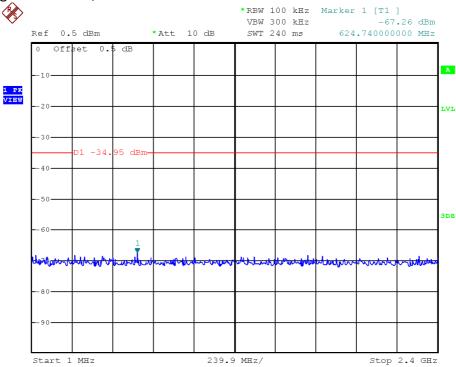
## 802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot B



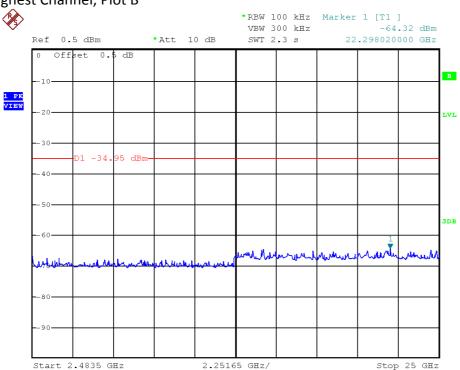


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot A



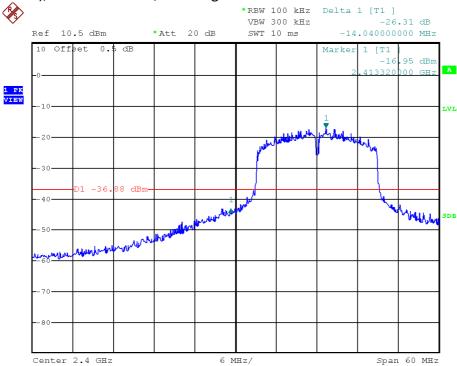
# 802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot B



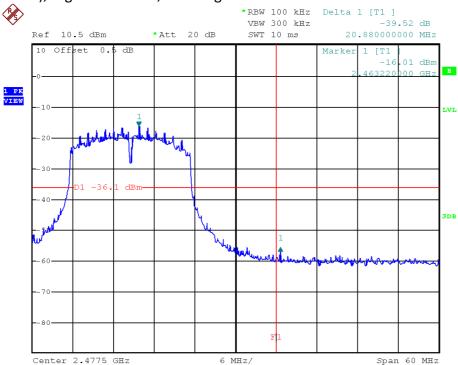


### PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802. 11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Bandedge



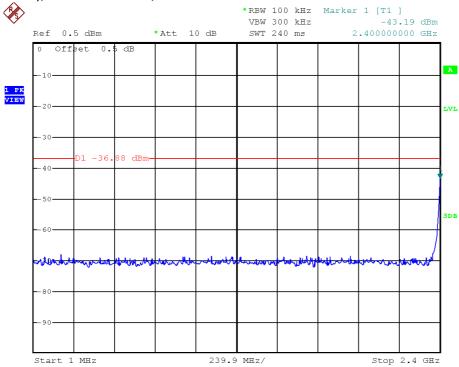
### 802. 11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Bandedge



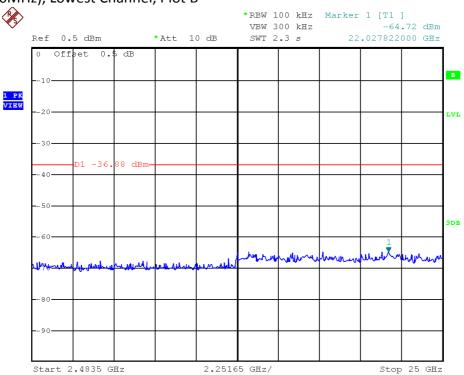


## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot A



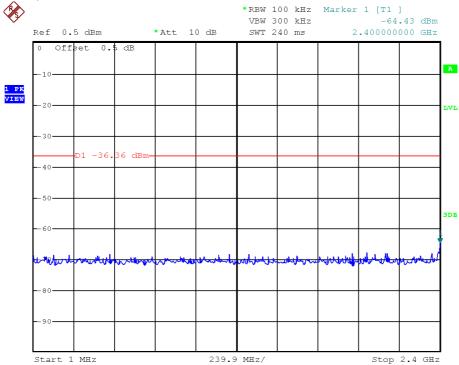
## 802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot B



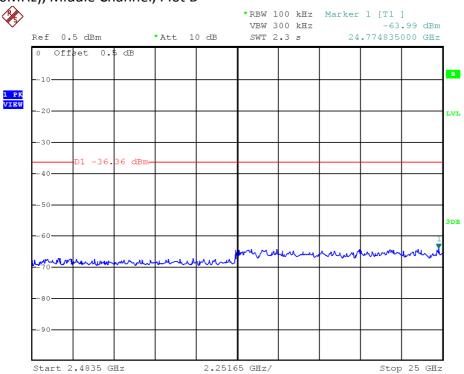


#### PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot A



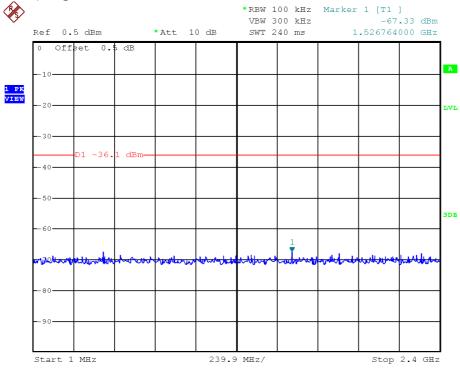
#### 802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot B



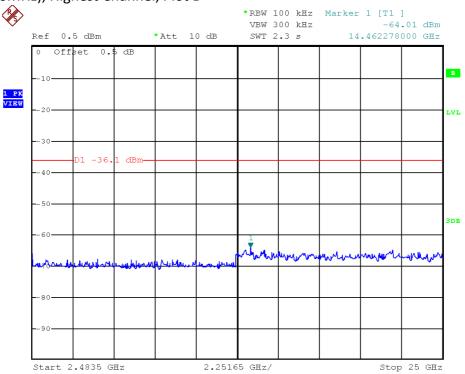


#### PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot A



#### 802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot B





#### 4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ 

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in  $dB\mu V$ 

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

#### **Example**

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29.0 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer is 0.0 dB, and the resultant average factor is -10.0 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32.0 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m is converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$ 

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0.0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0.0 + (-10.0) = 32.0 \, dB\mu V/m$ 

Level in  $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32.0 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$ 



#### 4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst-case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

#### 4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission at

2390 MHz

The worst-case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.pdf

#### 4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-10 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Judgement -

Passed by 0.2 dB margin



#### **RADIATED EMISSION DATA**

Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 1
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	51.2	33	29.4	47.6	54.0	-6.4
Н	4824.000	27.5	33	34.9	29.4	54.0	-24.6
Н	12060.000	32.3	33	40.5	39.8	54.0	-14.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	73.4	33	29.4	69.8	74.0	-4.2
Н	4824.000	37.9	33	34.9	39.8	74.0	-34.2
Н	12060.000	42.5	33	40.5	50.0	74.0	-24.0

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10.
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 2 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	28.3	33	34.9	30.2	54.0	-23.8
Н	7311.000	29.1	33	37.9	34.0	54.0	-20.0
Н	12185.000	31.3	<i>33</i>	40.5	38.8	54.0	-15.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	38.6	33	34.9	40.5	74.0	-33.5
Н	7311.000	38.5	33	37.9	43.4	74.0	-30.6
Н	12185.000	41.7	33	40.5	49.2	74.0	-24.8

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 3
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	49.8	33	29.4	46.2	54.0	-7.8
Н	4924.000	23.5	33	34.9	25.4	54.0	-28.6
Н	7386.000	25.5	33	37.9	30.4	54.0	-23.6
Н	12310.000	25.9	33	40.5	33.4	54.0	-20.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	71.8	33	29.4	68.2	74.0	-5.8
Н	4924.000	33.9	33	34.9	35.8	74.0	-38.2
Н	7386.000	35.9	33	37.9	40.8	74.0	-33.2
Н	12310.000	36.3	33	40.5	43.8	74.0	-30.2

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

# Table 4 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at 3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.2	33	29.4	53.6	54.0	-0.4
Н	4824.000	22.5	33	34.9	24.4	54.0	-29.6
Н	12060.000	26.3	33	40.5	33.8	54.0	-20.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	76.8	33	29.4	73.2	74.0	-0.8
Н	4824.000	34.6	33	34.9	36.5	74.0	-37.5
Н	12060.000	38.5	33	40.5	46.0	74.0	-28.0

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 5
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	25.3	33	34.9	27.2	54.0	-26.8
Н	7311.000	26.6	33	37.9	31.5	54.0	-22.5
Н	12185,000	28.9	33	40.5	36.4	54.0	-17.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	37.3	33	34.9	39.2	74.0	-34.8
Н	7311.000	38.7	33	37.9	43.6	74.0	-30.4
Н	12185.000	41.0	33	40.5	48.5	74.0	-25.5

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 6
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	54.8	33	29.4	51.2	54.0	-2.8
Н	4924.000	19.5	33	34.9	21.4	54.0	-32.6
Н	7386.000	22.9	33	37.9	27.8	54.0	-26.2
Н	12310.000	21.7	33	40.5	29.2	54.0	-24.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	74.8	33	29.4	71.2	74.0	-2.8
Н	4924.000	31.5	33	34.9	33.4	74.0	-40.6
Н	7386.000	34.9	33	37.9	39.8	74.0	-34.2
Н	12310.000	33.9	33	40.5	41.4	74.0	-32.6

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

# Table 7 IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

	1				N		
					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.2	33	29.4	53.6	54.0	-0.4
Н	4824.000	22.1	33	34.9	24.0	54.0	-30.0
Н	12060.000	25.3	33	40.5	32.8	54.0	-21.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	77.4	33	29.4	73.8	74.0	-0.2
Н	4824.000	33.3	33	34.9	35.2	74.0	-38.8
Н	12060.000	37.3	33	40.5	44.8	74.0	-29.2

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 8
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	25.3	33	34.9	27.2	54.0	-26.8
Н	7311.000	26.6	33	37.9	31.5	54.0	-22.5
Н	12185.000	28.9	33	40.5	36.4	54.0	-17.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	37.3	33	34.9	39.2	74.0	-34.8
Н	7311.000	38.7	33	37.9	43.6	74.0	-30.4
Н	12185.000	41.0	33	40.5	48.5	74.0	-25.5

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 9
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	53.4	33	29.4	49.8	54.0	-4.2
Н	4924.000	26.3	33	34.9	28.2	54.0	-25.8
Н	7386.000	27.5	33	37.9	32.4	54.0	-21.6
Н	12310.000	16.1	33	40.5	23.6	54.0	-30.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	56.8	33	29.4	53.2	74.0	-20.8
Н	4924.000	38.3	33	34.9	40.2	74.0	-33.8
Н	7386.000	39.6	33	37.9	44.5	74.0	-29.5
Н	12310.000	28.1	33	40.5	35.6	74.0	-38.4

- 2. Average measurement is according to ANSI C63.10
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: Wifi + Bluetooth + Charging

Table 10

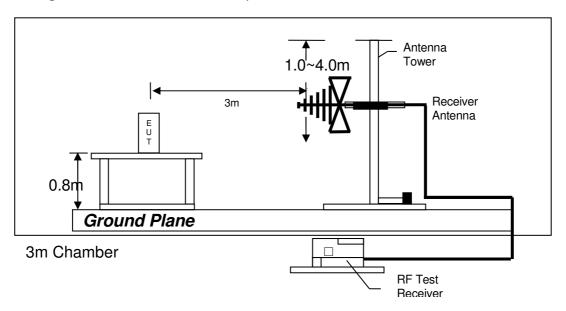
			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	31.212	31.8	16	10.0	25.8	40.0	-14.2
V	76.802	38.8	16	6.0	28.8	40.0	-11.2
V	124.938	25.8	16	14.0	23.8	43.5	-19.7
V	167.255	22.2	16	18.0	24.2	43.5	-19.3
Н	173.444	25.5	16	19.0	28.5	43.5	-15.0
Н	226.215	35.6	16	18.0	37.6	46.0	-8.4
Н	288.615	27.8	16	22.0	33.8	46.0	-12.2
Н	395.988	32.8	16	25.0	41.8	46.0	-4.2
Н	405.252	32.8	16	24.0	40.8	46.0	-5.2
Н	449.978	30.6	16	26.0	40.6	46.0	-5.4

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.

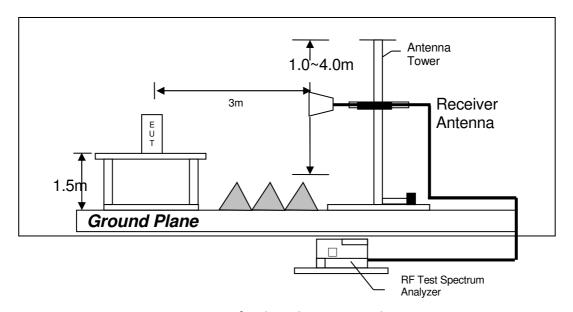


#### 4.6.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



4.6.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Not applicable – No average factor is required.



4.7	AC Power Line Conducted Emission
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
	Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.
4.7.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at
	2.819 MHz
The	worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached i

The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

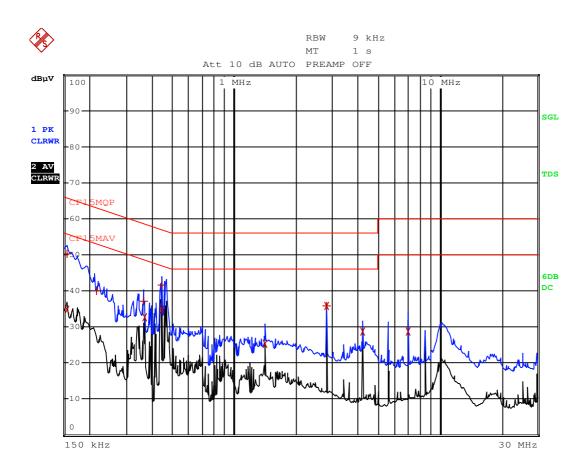
The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 10.3 dB margin



#### **AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION**

Worst Case: Wifi + Bluetooth + Charging



Date: 22.SEP.2020 14:31:05



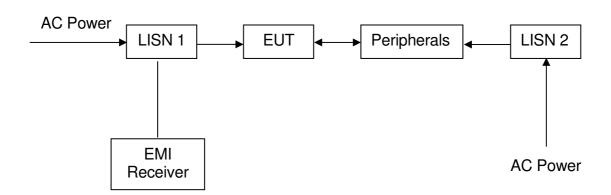
Worst Case: Wifi + Bluetooth + Charging

	EDIT	PEAK LIST (Final	Measurement Resul	ts)
Tra	ce1:	CF15MQP		
Tra	.ce2:	CF15MAV		
Tra	.ce3:			
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB
1	Quasi Peak	154.5 kHz	50.30 N	-15.45
2	CISPR Average	154.5 kHz	34.74 N	-21.01
1	Quasi Peak		40.15 N	-22.76
1	Quasi Peak	361.5 kHz	37.08 N	-21.60
2	CISPR Average	366 kHz	32.65 N	-15.94
1	Quasi Peak	442.5 kHz	41.54 L1	-15.46
2	CISPR Average	442.5 kHz	34.70 N	-12.31
2	CISPR Average	1.41 MHz	25.33 N	-20.66
1	Quasi Peak	2.8185 MHz	35.72 L1	-20.27
2	CISPR Average	2.8185 MHz	35.71 L1	-10.28
2	CISPR Average	4.2315 MHz	28.70 N	-17.29
2	CISPR Average	7.053 MHz	28.62 L1	-21.37

Date: 22.SEP.2020 14:30:33



### 4.7.3 Conducted Emission Test Setup





## **5.0 EQUIPMENT LIST**

#### 1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver (9kHz to 3GHz)	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-2500	EW-2253	EW-0571
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ	ROHDESCHWARZ	EMCO
Model No.	ESCI	FSP40	3104C
Calibration Date	January 09, 2020	18 Nov 2019	July 23, 2019
Calibration Due Date	January 09, 2021	18 Nov 2020	July 23, 2021

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	14m Double Shield RF Cable (20MHz - 6GHz)
Registration No.	EW-0447	EW-1015	EW-2528
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	RADIALL
Model No.	3146	3115	Nm-RG142-
Calibration Date	September 25, 2019	16 May 2019	30 Sep 2019
Calibration Due Date	March 25, 2021	16 Nov 2020	30 Sep 2020

Equipment	Active Loop H-field (9kHz to 30MHz)	RF Preamplifier (9kHz to 6000MHz)	2.4GHz Notch Filter
Registration No.	EW-2313	EW-3006b	EW-3435
Manufacturer	ELECTROMETRI	SCHWARZBECK	MICROWAVE
Model No.	EM-6876	BBV9718	N0324413
Calibration Date	December 17, 2019	25 Nov 2019	16 Nov 2019
Calibration Due Date	June 17, 2021	25 Nov 2020	16 Nov 2020

Equipment	RF Cable 14m (1GHz to 26.5GHz)	Pyramidal Horn Antenna
Registration No.	EW-3151	EW-0905
Manufacturer	GREATBILLION	EMCO
Model No.	SMA m/SHF5MPU	3160-09
	/SMA m ra14m,26G	
Calibration Date	March 04, 2020	July 23, 2019
Calibration Due Date	March 04, 2021	January 23, 2021



#### 2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	RF Cable 80cm (RG142) (9kHz to 30MHz)	Artificial Mains Network	EMI Test Receiver (9kHz to 3GHz)
Registration No.	EW-2451	EW-2501	EW-2500
Manufacturer	RADIALL	ROHDESCHWARZ	ROHDESCHWARZ
Model No.	RF Cable 80cm (RG142) (9kHz to 30MHz)	ENV-216	ESCI
Calibration Date	December 08, 2019	September 15, 2020	January 09, 2020
Calibration Due Date	December 08, 2020	September 15, 2021	January 09, 2021

#### 3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer	RF Power Meter with Power Sensor
Registration No.	EW-2253	EW-3309
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ	ROHDESCHWARZ
Model No.	FSP40	NRP-Z81
Calibration Date	18 Nov 2019	May 18, 2020
Calibration Due Date	18 Nov 2020	May 18, 2021

### 4) Bandwith/Bandedge Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-2253
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ
Model No.	FSP40
Calibration Date	18 Nov 2019
Calibration Due Date	18 Nov 2020

#### **END OF TEST REPORT**