

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Suzhou) Co., Ltd

 Report No.:
 SUCR241100048401

 Rev.:
 01

# Appendix C

# **Calibration certificate**

1. Dipole
D835V2-SN 4d161
D1750V2-SN 1038
D1950V3-SN 1218
D2450V2-SN 922
D2600V2-SN 1187
2. DAE
DAE4-SN 1484
3. Probe& Dipole
EX3DV4-SN 3982

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SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Wireless Laboratory

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J23Z60379

**Certificate No:** 

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Client

SGS

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d161

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 25, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	22-Sep-22 (CTTL, No.J22X09561)	Sep-23
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	22-Sep-22 (CTTL, No.J22X09561)	Sep-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Mar-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60161)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN 1556	11-Jan-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60034)	Jan-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	05-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00107)	Jan-24
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00104)	Jan-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	家主
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	- THE -
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	Sob?

Issued: September 1, 2023

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.1 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.60 W/kg ± 18.8 % ( <i>k</i> =2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.16 W/kg ± 18.7 % ( <i>k</i> =2)





#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3Ω- 3.44jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.3dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.342 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

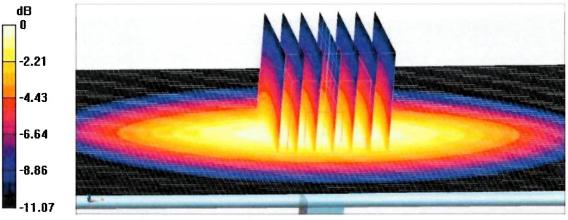
Manufactured by	SPEAG
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- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2023-03-31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2023-01-11
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 17.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.1% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg

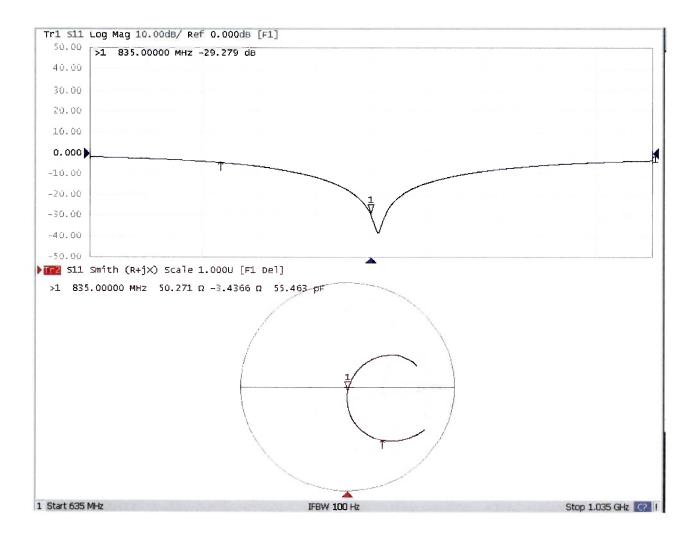


0 dB = 3.34 W/kg = 5.24 dBW/kg





#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL







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Certificate No: Z21-60470

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

SGS

Object

D1750V2 - SN: 1038

In Collaboration with

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 16, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)	Sep-22
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)	Sep-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	26-May-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May21)	May-22
DAE4	SN 1556	15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)	Jan-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)	Jan-22
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)	Jan-22

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	the second
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林子路
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	No

Issued: December 27 2021

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm		
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz		

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.0 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.0 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.3 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0Ω+ 1.09jΩ	
Return Loss	- 36.6 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.131 ns	
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by		SPEAG	
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Date: 2021-11-16

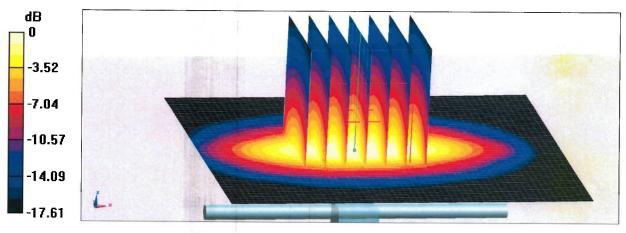
Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1038** Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.366$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-05-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



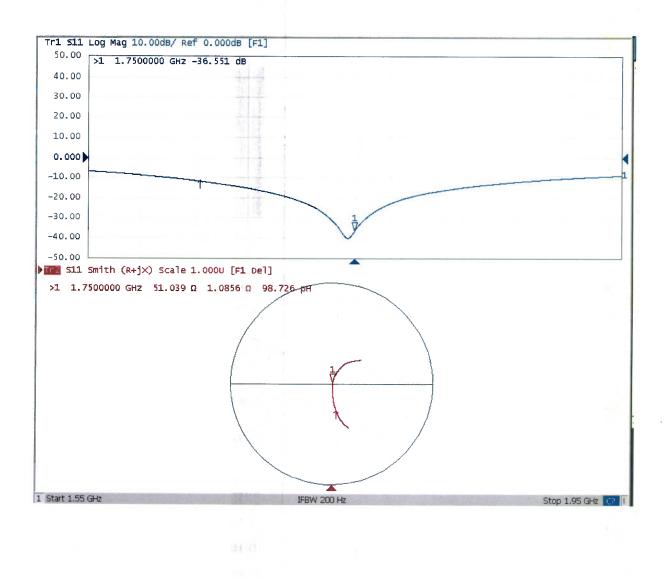
0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg



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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Certificate No: Z21-60470





Client

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**Certificate No:** J23Z60228

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**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object

D1950V3 - SN: 1218

May 4, 2023

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Qi Dianyuan

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	10-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03103)	May-23
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	10-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03103)	May-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7517	27-Jan-23(SPEAG,No.EX3-7517_Jan23)	Jan-24
DAE4	SN 1556	11-Jan-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60034)	Jan-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49070393	17-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03157)	May-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00104)	Jan-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	June -
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	JA 2/3

SAR Project Leader

Issued: May 8, 2023

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Certificate No: J23Z60228

Approved by:





#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm		
Frequency	1950 MHz ± 1 MHz		

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.4 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)





#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0Ω- 4.71jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.6dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.106 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

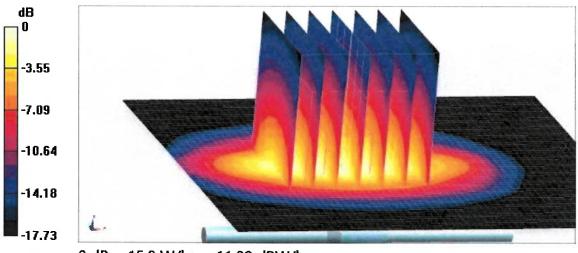




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- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7517; ConvF(8.05, 7.46, 7.73) @ 1950 MHz; Calibrated: 2023-01-27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2023-01-11
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg

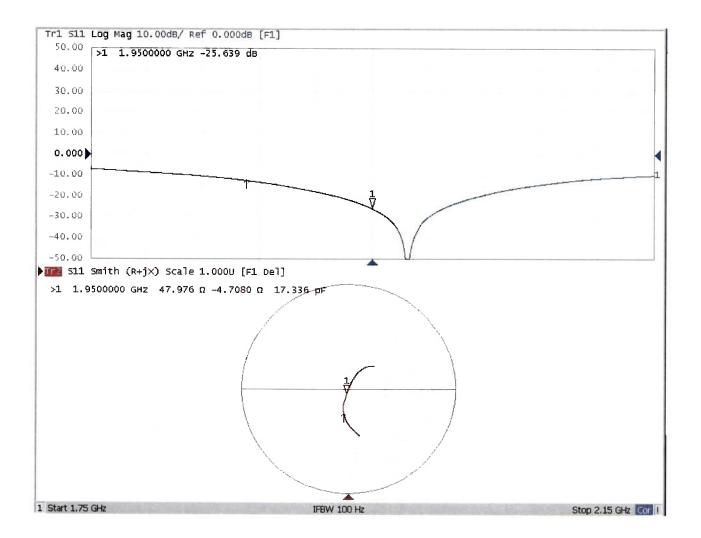


0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.99 dBW/kg





### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





中国认可 国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

J23Z60380

**Certificate No:** 



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Client

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## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 922

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 28, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	22-Sep-22 (CTTL, No.J22X09561)	Sep-23
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	22-Sep-22 (CTTL, No.J22X09561)	Sep-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Mar-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60161)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN 1556	11-Jan-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60034)	Jan-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	05-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00107)	Jan-24
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00104)	Jan-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	and the second s
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林水
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	Ser
		Issu	ued: September 1, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.7 W/kg ± 18.8 % ( <i>k</i> =2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % ( <i>k</i> =2)





#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2Ω+ 5.45jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.068 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

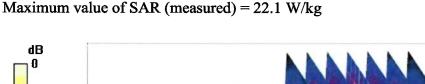
Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

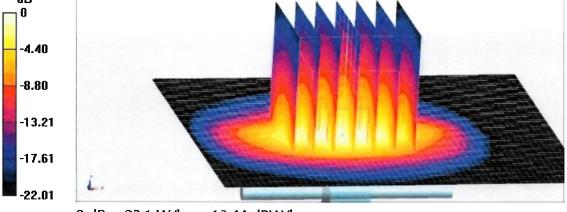




- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023-03-31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2023-01-11
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.1%



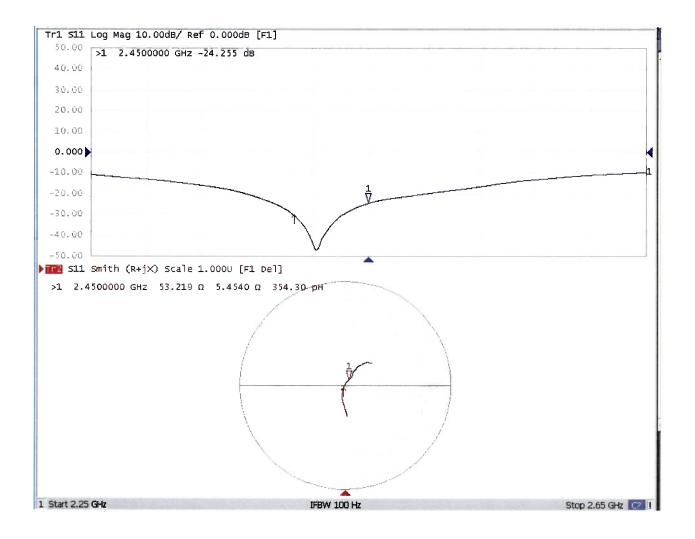


0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg





#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

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  - **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### SGS (Auden) Client

Certificate No: D2600V2-1187_Feb22

Object	D2600V2 - SN	:1187	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v1 Calibration Pro	1 cedure for SAR Validation Sourc	ces between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	February 03, 20	)22	
	icted in the closed laborat	ational standards, which realize the physical probability are given on the following pages ory facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)	and are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344) 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21) 01-Nov-21 (No. DAE4-601_Nov21)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-22 Nov-22
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344) 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21) 01-Nov-21 (No. DAE4-601_Nov21)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-22 Nov-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 AE4	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344) 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-22 Nov-22 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination leference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 econdary Standards Dwer meter E4419B Dwer sensor HP 8481A Dwer sensor HP 8481A E generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344) 31-Dec-21 (No. 2X3-7349_Dec21) 01-Nov-21 (No. DAE4-601_Nov21) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Function	Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-22 Nov-22 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination reference Probe EX3DV4 AE4 econdary Standards Dwer meter E4419B Dwer sensor HP 8481A Dwer sensor HP 8481A Dwer sensor HP 8481A E generator R&S SMT-06 etwork Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344) 31-Dec-21 (No. 2X3-7349_Dec21) 01-Nov-21 (No. DAE4-601_Nov21) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-22 Nov-22 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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  - Service suisse d'étalonnage
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  - Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Classe

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled • phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage

# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version		
	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	with Spacer
Frequency		
	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Nominal Head To:	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.7 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured		
	250 mW input power	14.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL		3_=
	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	
Return Loss	46.1 Ω - 0.6 jΩ
	- 27.6 dB

# **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	
	1.146 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

E.

Manufactured by	
	SPEAG

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.02.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

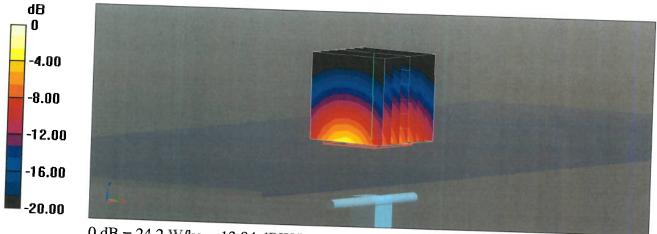
DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1187

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.02$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

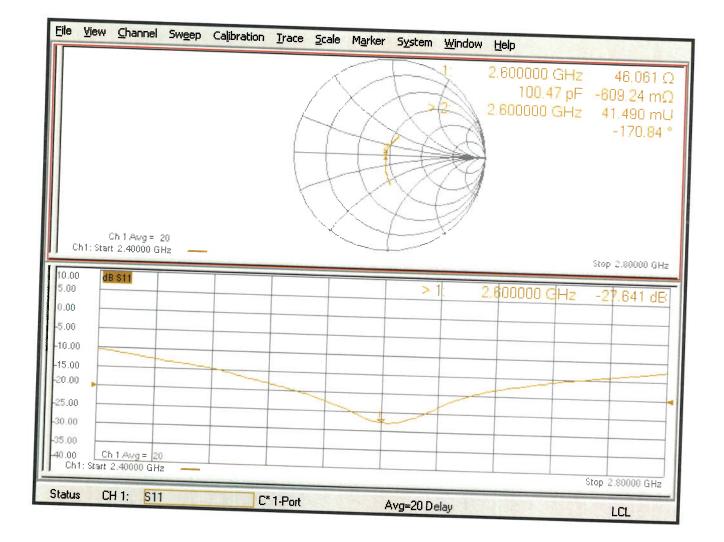
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 01.11.2021
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 120.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.44 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.2 W/kg



0 dB = 24.2 W/kg = 13.84 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



*	In Co	llabora	tion wit	h		
	S	p	е	а	g	
	CALI	BRATIC	ON LAB	ORATO	ORY	

SGS

Client :

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <u>http://www.caict.ac.cn</u>



#### Certificate No: 24J02Z000778

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE					
Object	DAE	4 - SN: 1484			
Calibration Procedure(s)	Calil	FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)			
Calibration date:	Octo	ober 15, 2024			
	measurements a	e traceability to national standards, whic nd the uncertainties with confidence proba			
All calibrations have be humidity<70%.	een conducted i	n the closed laboratory facility: environ	ment temperature(22±3) <sup>°</sup> C and		
Calibration Equipment us	sed (M&TE critica	al for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration				
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	11-Jun-24 (CTTL, No.24J02X005147)	Jun-25		
	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying		12-20-2		
Reviewed by:	Lin Jun	SAR Test Engineer	王王王		
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuar	SAR Project Leader			
Issued: October 17, 2024 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.					





#### Glossary: DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

In Collaboration with S D E A G CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <u>http://www.caict.ac.cn</u>

#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{rrrr} \mbox{High Range:} & 1LSB = & 6.1 \mu V \,, & \mbox{full range} = & -100...+300 \ mV \\ \mbox{Low Range:} & 1LSB = & 61 nV \,, & \mbox{full range} = & -1.....+3mV \\ \mbox{DASY measurement parameters:} \ \mbox{Auto Zero Time:} \ \mbox{3 sec;} \ \mbox{Measuring time:} \ \mbox{3 sec} \end{array}$ 

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.179 ± 0.15% (k=2)	$403.930 \pm 0.15\%$ (k=2)	403.586 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96641 ± 0.7% (k=2)	$3.98640 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)	$3.98860 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	17.5° ± 1 °
---	-------------





#### Certificate No: 24J02Z000161

Client

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

SGS

Object

EX3DV4 - SN : 3982

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-02 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

April 29, 2024

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID # Cal	Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Sche	eduled Calibration			
Power Meter NRP2	106277	7 19-Oct-23(CTTL, No.J23X11026)				
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	104291 19-Oct-23(CTTL, No.J23X11026)				
Power sensor NRP8S	104292	292 19-Oct-23(CTTL, No.J23X11026)				
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	V-10dB 19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)				
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25			
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7464	22-Jan-24(SPEAG, No.EX-7464_Jan2	24) Jan-25			
DAE4	SN 1555	24-Aug-23(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_A	Aug23) Aug-24			
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.	.) Scheduled Calibration			
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05434)	Jun-24			
SignalGenerator APSIN26G	181-33A6D0700-19					
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	110673 25-Dec-23(CTTL, No.J23X13425)				
Reference 10dBAttenuator	BT0520	0 11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)				
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25			
OCP DAK-12	SN 1174	25-Oct-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK12-1	174_Oct23) Oct-24			
N	ame Fi	inction Şigi	nature			
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	ent			
Reviewed by:	Lin Jun §	AR Test Engineer	MA			
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	bor/			
		Issued	l: May 03, 2024			
Fhis calibration certificate shall r	not be reproduced except	in full without written approval of the labora	itory.			



In Collaboration with

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Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i
	$\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:** 

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx, y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y,z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup> -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax, y,z; Bx, y,z; Cx, y,z; VRx, y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:24J02Z000161





### DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3982

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc ( <i>k</i> =2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²) <sup>A</sup>	0.55	0.59	0.57	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.9	102.3	111.9	

### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication		Α	В	C	D	VR	UncE
	System Name		dB	dBõV		dB	mV	( <i>k</i> =2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	176.2	±2.0%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.9	
		Ζ	0.0	0.0	1.0		186.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





### DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3982

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. ( <i>k</i> =2)
750			10.66	40.00	40.66	0.46		
	41.9	0.89	10.66	10.66	10.66	0.16	1.23	±12.7%
835	41.5	0.90	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.16	1.23	±12.7%
1450	40.5	1.20	9.26	9.26	9.26	0.16	1.20	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.86	8.86	8.86	0.22	1.08	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.50	8.50	8.50	0.24	1.00	±12.7%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.19	1.17	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.29	8.29	8.29	0.65	0.65	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.65	0.65	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.65	0.65	±12.7%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.52	0.83	±13.9%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.50	0.90	±13.9%
3700	37.7	3.12	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.45	1.04	±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.35	1.25	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.72	5.72	5.72	0.45	1.38	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.55	1.20	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.55	1.20	±13.9%

### **Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$ 100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$ 50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

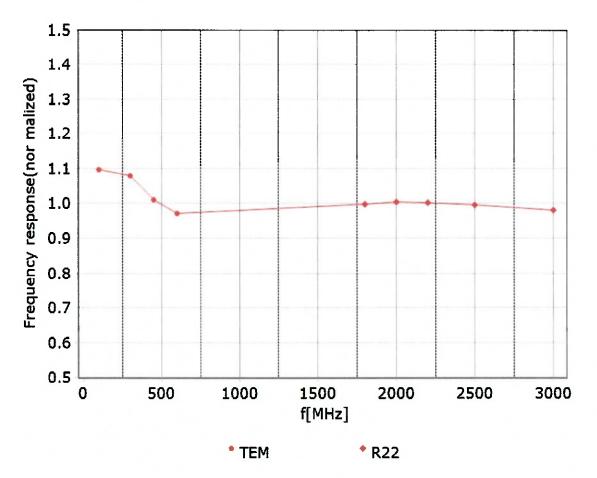
<sup>F</sup> At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

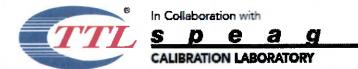




### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

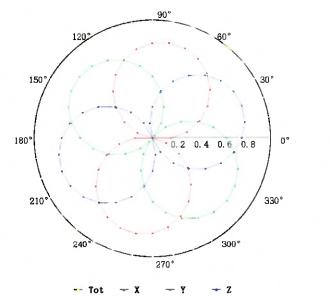


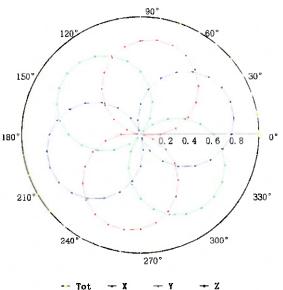


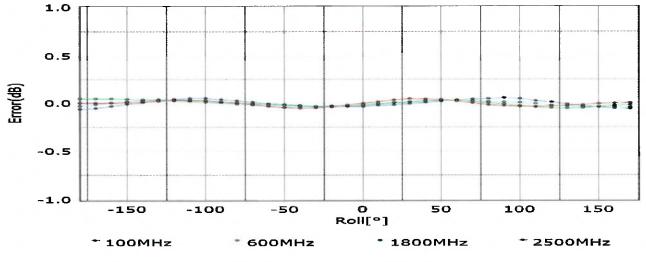
# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

### f=600 MHz, TEM

### f=1800 MHz, R22







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

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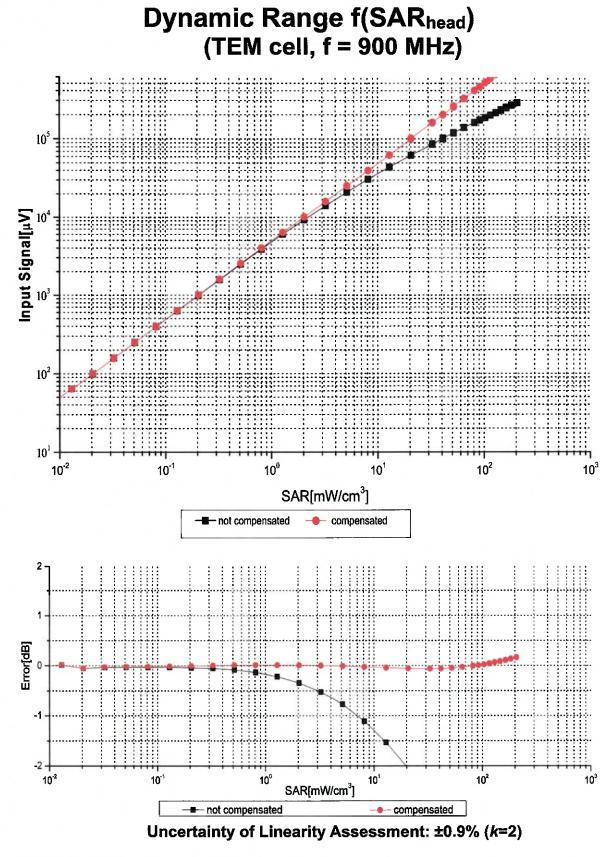
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Certificate No:24J02Z000161

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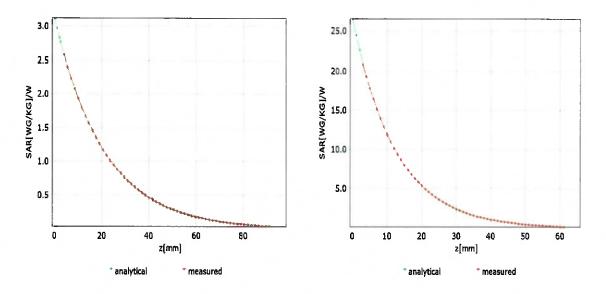




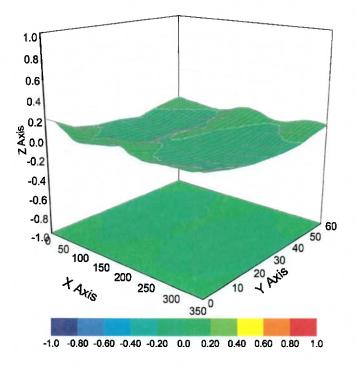
## **Conversion Factor Assessment**

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3982

Other Probe Parameters	
Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	88
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm