The University of Michigan Radiation Laboratory 3228 EECS Building Ann Arbor, MI 48109-2122 Tel: (734) 647-1792

Measured Radio Frequency Emissions From

Delco Body Computer Module (with Receiver) PN: 16257009

> Report No. 415031-968 October 20, 1998

For:
Delco Electronics Corporation
P.O. Box 471
Oak Creek, WI 53154

EXHIBIT_E

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U of Mich file 415031- 763

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Measurements made by:

Tests supervised by: Report approved by:

> Valdis V. Liepa Research Scientist

Summary

Tests for compliance with FCC Regulations subject to Part 15, Subpart B, were performed on Delco Body Computer Module (with Receiver). This device is subject to Rules and Regulations as a Receiver. As a Digital Device it is exempt, but such measurements were made to assess the receiver's overall emissions.

Scott Lukas Ben Flaster

In testing performed on October 8 and 10, 1998, the device tested in the worst case met the specifications for radiated emissions by 9.8 dB (see p. 6). The line conductive emission tests do not apply, since the device is powered from an automotive 12 VDC source.

1. Introduction

Delco Body Computer Module (with Receiver) was tested for compliance with FCC Regulations, Part 15, adopted under Docket 87-389, April 18, 1989. The tests were performed at the University of Michigan Radiation Laboratory Willow Run Test Range following the procedures described in ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". The attenuation characteristics of the Open Site facility are on file with FCC Laboratory, Columbia, Maryland. (FCC file 31040/SIT)

2. Test Procedure and Equipment Used

The test equipment commonly used in our facility is listed in Table 2.1 below. The second column identifies the specific equipment used in these tests. The HP 8593E spectrum analyzer is used for primary amplitude and frequency reference.

Table 2.1. Test Equipment.

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3. Configuration and Identification of Device Under Test

The DUT is a 315.0 MHz superregenerative receiver, in this case, built in the same package as the body computer module. It is housed in a metal case, approximately 6 x 5 x 1 inches, and uses an external 24.0 cm wire monopole antenna. A dual multi-pin connector interfaces to the outside, to which for the tests a 3-meter generic harness was connected with two power wire separated from rest of the wires. The unit was powered by 12 VDC and the signal wires were unterminated.

The DUT was designed and manufactured by Delco Electronics Corporation, P.O. Box 471,

Oak Creek, WI 53154. It is identified as:

Delco Body Computer Module (with Receiver)

PN: 16257009

SN: 877009RB82150436 FCC ID: L2C0001R CANADA: 2686102869A

3.1 Modifications Made

None.

4. Emission Limits

The DUT tested falls under Part 15, Subpart B, "Uninternational Radiators". The pertinent test frequencies with corresponding emission limits are given in Tables 4.1 and 4.2 below.

4.1 Radiated Emission Limits

Table 4.1. Radiated Emission Limits (Ref: 15.33, 15.35, 15.109).

Freq. (MHz)	E _{lim} (3m) μV/m	E _{lim} dB(μV/m)
30-88	100	40.0
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46.0
960-2000	500	54.0

Note: Quasi-Peak readings apply to 1000 MHz (120 kHz BW) Average readings apply above 1000 MHz (1 MHz BW)

4.2 Conducted Emission Limits

Table 4.2. Conducted Emission Limits (Ref: 15.107).

Freq. (MHz)	μV	dB(μV)
0.450 - 1.705	250	48.0
1.705 - 30.0	250	48.0

Note: Quasi-Peak readings apply here

4.3 Antenna Power Conduction Limits

Ref: 15.111(a). Pmax = 2 nW; for frequency range see Table 4.1.

5. Emission Tests and Results

NOTE: Even though the FCC and/or Industry Canada specify that both the radiated and conductive emissions be measured using the Quasi-Peak and/or average detection schemes, we normally use peak detection since especially the Quasi-Peak is cumbersome to use with our instrumentation. In case the measurement fails to meet the limits, or the measurement is near the limit, it is remeasured using appropriate detection. We note, that since the peak detected signal is always higher or equal to the Quasi-Peak or average detected signal, the margin of compliance may be better, but not worse, than indicated in this report. The type of detection used is indicated in the data table, Table 5.1.

5.1 Anechoic Chamber Radiated Emission Tests

To familiarize with the radiated emission behavior of the DUT, it was studied and measured in the shielded anechoic chamber. In the chamber there is a set-up similar to that of an outdoor 3-meter site, with turntable, antenna mast, and a ground plane. Instrumentation includes spectrum analyzers and other equipment as needed.

To study and test for radiated emissions, the DUT was powered by a laboratory power supply at 12 VDC. A 315 MHz CW signal was injected (radiated) from a nearby signal generator using a short wire antenna. The DUT was taped to a Styrofoam block and placed on the test table on each of the three axis. At each orientation, the table was rotated to obtain maximum signal for vertical and horizontal emission polarizations. This sequence was repeated throughout the required frequency range.

In the chamber we studied and recorded all the emissions using a ridge-horn antenna, which covers 200 MHz to 5000 MHz, up to 2 GHz. In scanning from 30 MHz to 2.0 GHz, there were no spurious emissions observed other than the LO and injection signal (315 MHz), and the LO harmonics. Figures 5.1 and 5.2 show emissions measured 0-1000 MHz and 1000-2000 MHz, respectively. These measurements are made with a ridge-horn antenna at 3m, with spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode and the receiver rotated in all orientations. The measurements up to 1000 MHz (Fig. 5.1) are used for initial evaluation only, but those above 1000 MHz (Fig. 5.2) are used in final assessment for compliance.

Open Site Radiated Emission Tests 5.2

The DUT was then moved to the 3 meter Open Field Test Site where measurements were repeated up to 1000 MHz using a small bicone, or dipoles when the measurement is near the limit. The DUT was exercised as described in Sec. 5.1 above. The measurements were made with a spectrum analyzer using 120 kHz IF bandwidth and peak detection mode, and, when appropriate, using Quasi-Peak or average detection (see 5.0). Figure 5.3 shows the DUT on the test table, and figure 5.4 shows the table oriented with respect to antenna for the worst case emissions for measurement at "fundamental".

The emissions from digital circuitry were measured on the Open Site using a standard bicone. These results are also presented in Table 5.1.

5.3 Computations and Results for Radiated Emissions

To convert the dBm's measured on the spectrum analyzer to $dB(\mu V/m)$, we use expression

$$E_3(dB\mu V/m) = 107 + P_R + K_A - K_G$$

 P_R = power recorded on spectrum analyzer, dB, measured at 3m K_A = antenna factor, dB/m K_G = pre-amplifier gain, including cable loss, dB where

When presenting the data, at each frequency the highest measured emission under all of the possible orientations is given. Computations and results are given in Table 5.1. There we see that the DUT meets the limit by 9.8 dB.

5.4 Conducted Emission Tests

These tests do not apply, since the DUT is normally powered from an automobile 12 VDC source.

6. Other Measurements

6.1 Emission Spectrum Near Fundamental

Near operating frequency the emission spectrum is measured typically over 50 MHz span with and without injection signal. These data are taken with the DUT close to antenna and, hence, amplitudes are relative. The plots are shown in Figure 6.1.

6.2 Effect of Supply Voltage Variation

The DUT has been designed to operate from 12 VDC power. Using a spectrum analyzer, relative radiated emissions were recorded at the "fundamental" (318.0 MHz) as voltage was varied from 4.0 to 18.0 VDC. Figure 6.2 shows the emission variation.

6.3 Operating Voltage and Current

V = 12.5 VDC I = 30.0 mADC (pulsed)

The University of Michigan Radiation Laboratory 3228 EECS Building Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109-2122 (734) 647-1792

Table 5.1 Highest Emissions Measured

	Radiated Emission - RF Delco, RX; FCC										
	Freq.	Ant.	Ant.	Pr	Det.	Ka	Kg	ЕЗ	E3lim	Pass	
#	MHz	Used	Pol.	dBm	Used	dB/m	dB	dBμV/m	dΒμV/m	dB	Comments
1	318.0	Dip	Н	-71.0	Pk	19.0	20.8	34.2	46.0	11.8	flat
2	318.0	Dip	Н	-70.0	Pk	19.0	20.8	35.2	46.0	10.8	side
3	318.0	Dip	Н	-69.0	Pk	19.0	20.8	36.2	46.0	9.8	end
4	318.0	Dip	V	-73.0	Pk	19.0	20.8	32.2	46.0	13.8	flat
5	318.0	Dip	V.	-78.0	Pk	19.0	20.8	27.2	46.0	18.8	side
6	318.0	Dip	V	-79.0	Pk	19.0	20.8	26.2	46.0	19.8	end
7	630.0	Dip	V/H	-84.0	Pk	25.2	17.5	30.8	46.0	15.2	max. of all, noise; 10 kHz BW
8	945.0	Dip	V/H	-85.0	Pk	28.9	15.1	35.8	46.0	10.2	max. of all, noise; 10 kHz BW
9	1190.0	Horn	Н	-64.0	Pk	20.4	28.0	35.4	54.0	18.6	max. of all, noise
10	1235.0	Horn	Н	-65.0	Pk	20.6	28.0	34.6	54.0	19.4	max. of all, noise
11	1305.0	Horn	Н	-64.7	Pk	20.8	28.2	34.9	54.0	19.1	max. of all, noise
12	1550.0	Horn	Н	-64.5	Pk	21.5	28.2	35.8	54.0	18.2	max. of all, noise
13											
14											
15											
16		:									
17											
181											
					Radi	ated E	mission	- Digita	ıl (Class	(B)	
1											
2			!								
3	,	,	'	Digita	al Emiss	ions mo	re than 20) dB belov	v FCC Cla	ass B lii	mits
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5											
6											
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11								į			
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	Conducted Emissions									
	Freq.	Line	Det.	Vtest	Vlim	Pass				
#	MHz	Side	Used	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	Comments			
1										
2	Not applicable									
3										

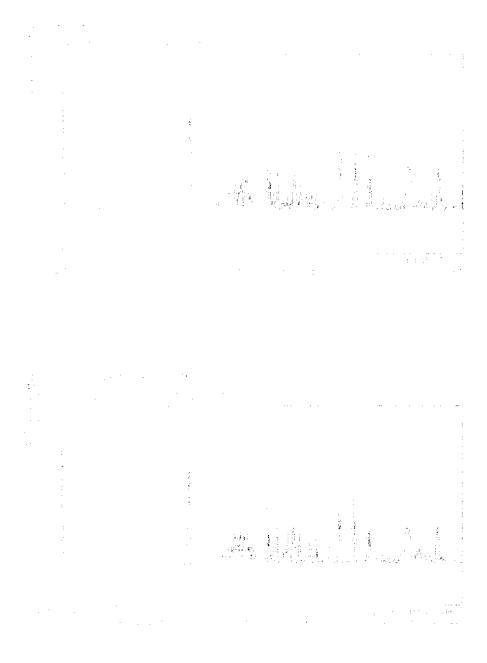


Figure 5.1. Emissions measured at 3 meters in anechoic chamber, 0-1000 MHz. (top) Receiver plus ambient (bottom) Ambient

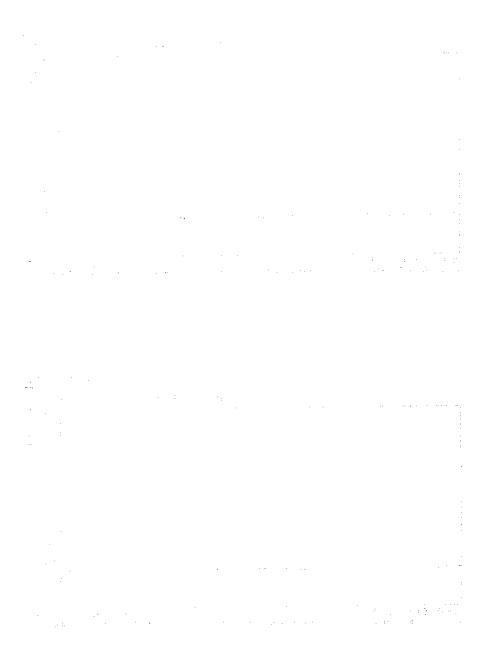


Figure 5.2. Emissions measured at 3 meters in anechoic chamber, 1000-2000 MHz. (top) Receiver plus ambient (bottom) Ambient

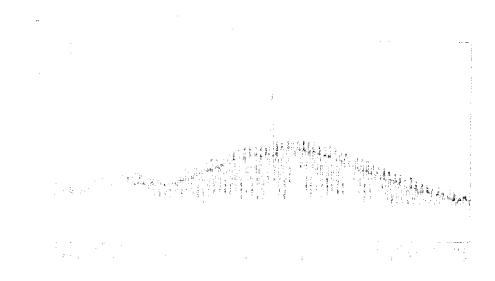


Figure 6.1. Relative receiver emissions in stand-by and "locked-in" modes. The final emission measurements were made with the receiver in "locked-in" mode.

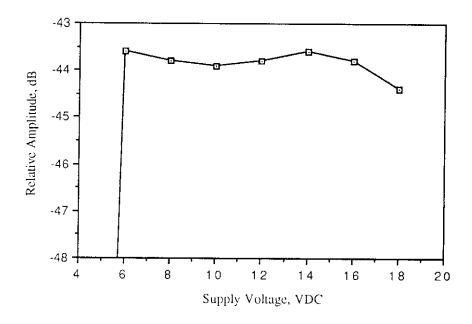


Figure 6.2. Relative emission at "fundamental" vs. supply voltage.