

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Fujian LANDI Commercial Equipment Co., Ltd.

Building 17, Section A, Software Park, No. 89 Software Road, Gulou District, Fuzhou Municipality, Fujian Province, P.R. China.

FCC ID: 2AG6N-APOSA8-BLWF

IC: 23725-APOSA8BLWF

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: APOS A8
Report Number: RXM171225055-20	
Report Date: 2018-04-09	
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Attestation of Test Results			
EUT Information	EUT Description	APOS A8	
	Tested Model	APOS A8-I94A4	
	FCC ID	2AG6N-APOSA8-BLWF	
	IC	23725-APOSA8BLWF	
	Serial Number	17122505521	
	Test Date	2018-04-01 ~ 2018-04-02	
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Wi-Fi 5.2 GHz	1g Body SAR	1.40	1.6
Wi-Fi 5.3 GHz	1g Body SAR	1.41	
Wi-Fi 5.6 GHz	1g Body SAR	1.33	
Wi-Fi 5.8 GHz	1g Body SAR	1.14	
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	1g Body SAR	0.31	
Bluetooth	1g Body SAR	0.08	
Wi-Fi 5.2 GHz	10g Extremity SAR	0.13	4.0
Wi-Fi 5.3 GHz	10g Extremity SAR	0.12	
Wi-Fi 5.6 GHz	10g Extremity SAR	0.17	
Wi-Fi 5.8 GHz	10g Extremity SAR	0.16	
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	10g Extremity SAR	0.28	
Bluetooth	10g Extremity SAR	0.07	
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices		
	RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).		
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
	IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02		
Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093/ RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.			
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.			

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	RXM171225055-20	Original Report	2018-04-09

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **Fujian LANDI Commercial Equipment Co., Ltd.** and their product **APOS A8**, Model: **APOS A8-I94A4**, FCC ID: **2AG6N-APOSA8-BLWF**, IC: **23725-APOSA8BLWF** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

**All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 17122505521 (Assigned by BACL, Dongguan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2018-02-01.*

Technical Specification

Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	None
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode :	Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G and Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	Wi-Fi 2.4G: 2412 -2462 MHz Wi-Fi 5G: 5150-5250 MHz/5250-5350 MHz/ 5470-5725 MHz/5725-5850 MHz Bluetooth : 2402 MHz-2480 MHz
Conducted RF Power:	Wi-Fi 2.4G: 15.76 dBm; Wi-Fi 5G: 15.36 dBm; Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 12.95 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	183 mm (L) * 84 mm (W) * 64 mm (H)
Power Source:	7.2 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Body Supported, Close to Body and Hand-held

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits**FCC/IC Limit**

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 4.0W/kg for 10g Extremity SAR and 1.6W/kg for 1g Body SAR applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industry Area, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 897218,the FCC Designation No. : CN1220.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062D.

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at:

☐ SAR Lab 1	☒ SAR Lab 2
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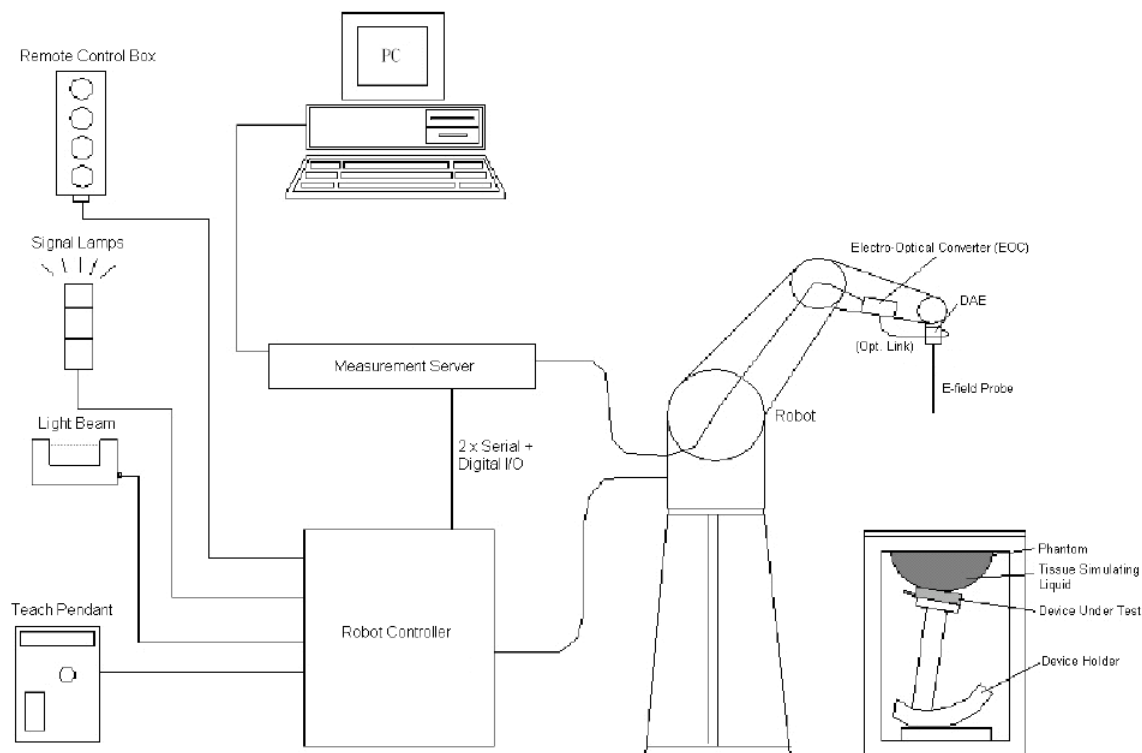
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Triple Flat Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm (± 0.2 mm) shell thickness. The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).

The phantom table have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H).

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

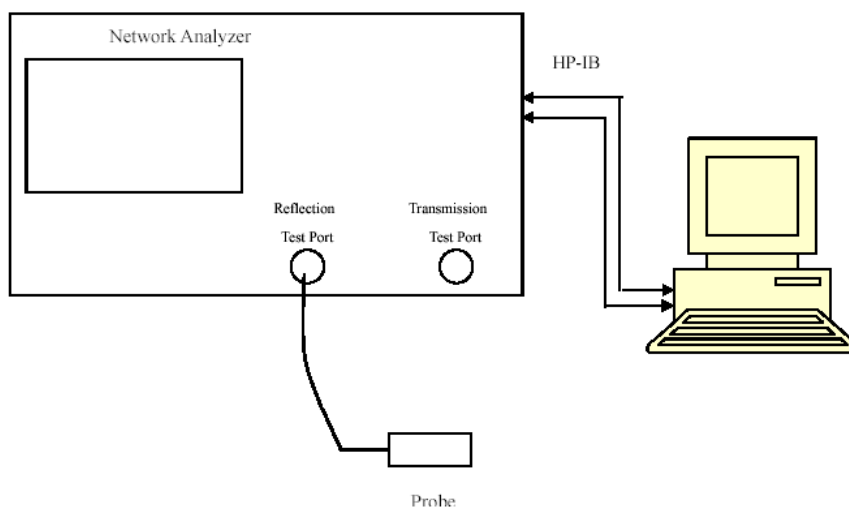
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	772	2017/10/9	2018/10/8
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7431	2017/9/30	2018/9/29
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	QD 000 P51 CA	1130	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2015/7/8	2018/7/8
Dipole, 5GHz	D5GHzV2	1245	2018/1/31	2021/1/30
Dipole, 5GHz	D5GHzV2	1246	2016/11/7	2019/11/6
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	TS-2450-B	1709245002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz Body	TS-5250-B	1701525002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 5300 MHz Body	TS-5300-B	1701530002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz Body	TS-5600-B	1701560002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz Body	TS-5800-B	1701580002	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	3033A02857	2017/8/31	2018/8/31
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350142	2017/5/4	2018/5/4
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2017/12/11	2018/12/11
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	3dB, 150W	N/A	NCR	NCR

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
5180	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz Body	49.698	5.235	49.04	5.28	1.34	-0.85	± 5
5200	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz Body	49.675	5.258	49.01	5.3	1.36	-0.79	± 5
5240	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz Body	49.629	5.304	48.95	5.34	1.39	-0.67	± 5
5250	Simulated Tissue 5250 MHz Body	49.618	5.316	48.94	5.35	1.39	-0.64	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/04/01.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
5260	Simulated Tissue 5300 MHz Body	49.607	5.328	48.93	5.36	1.38	-0.6	± 5
5280	Simulated Tissue 5300 MHz Body	49.585	5.352	48.91	5.38	1.38	-0.52	± 5
5300	Simulated Tissue 5300 MHz Body	49.562	5.357	48.88	5.42	1.4	-1.16	± 5
5320	Simulated Tissue 5300 MHz Body	49.541	5.4	48.87	5.42	1.37	-0.37	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/04/01.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
5500	Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz Body	49.343	5.616	48.69	5.6	1.34	0.29	± 5
5580	Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz Body	49.255	5.712	48.61	5.68	1.33	0.56	± 5
5600	Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz Body	49.233	5.736	48.59	5.7	1.32	0.63	± 5
5700	Simulated Tissue 5600 MHz Body	49.123	5.856	48.49	5.8	1.31	0.97	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/04/01.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
5745	Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz Body	49.074	5.91	48.45	5.85	1.29	1.03	± 5
5785	Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz Body	49.031	5.958	48.42	5.9	1.26	0.98	± 5
5800	Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz Body	49.015	5.976	48.41	5.92	1.25	0.95	± 5
5825	Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz Body	48.988	6.006	48.39	5.95	1.24	0.94	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/04/02.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
2402	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.933	1.908	52.76	1.9	4.12	0.42	± 5
2412	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.673	1.919	52.75	1.91	3.65	0.47	± 5
2437	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.427	1.934	52.72	1.94	3.24	-0.31	± 5
2441	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.368	1.944	52.71	1.94	3.15	0.21	± 5
2450	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.166	1.958	52.7	1.95	2.78	0.41	± 5
2462	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	53.978	1.981	52.68	1.97	2.46	0.56	± 5
2480	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	53.597	1.995	52.66	1.99	1.78	0.25	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/04/02.

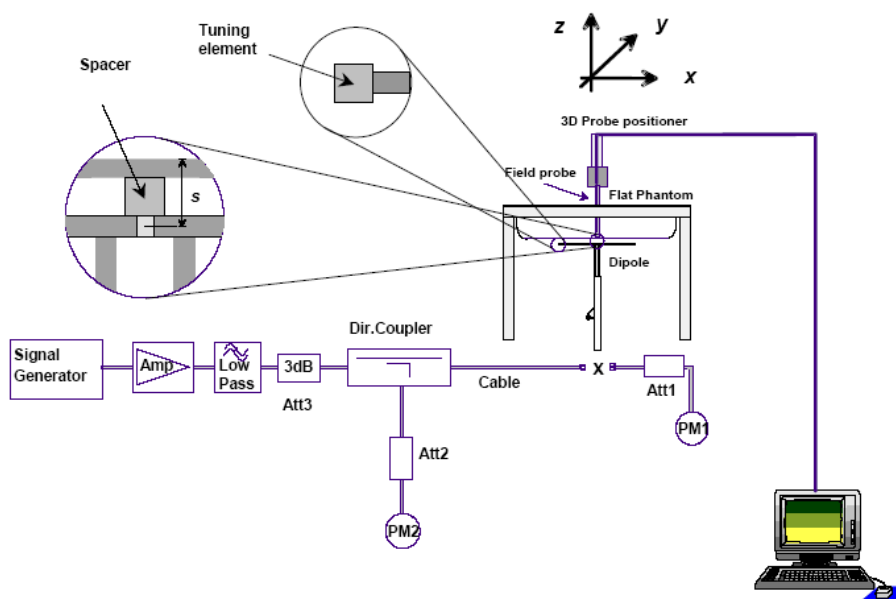
System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $1\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 3\,000 \text{ MHz}$;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2018/04/02	2450 MHz	2450MHz Body	100	1g	5.34	53.4	50.6	5.53	± 10
				10g	2.42	24.2	23.9	1.26	± 10
2018/04/01	5250 MHz	5250MHz Body	100	1g	7.52	75.2	77.6	-3.09	± 10
				10g	2.06	20.6	21.7	-5.07	± 10
2018/04/01	5300 MHz	5300MHz Body	100	1g	7.69	76.9	74.1	3.78	± 10
				10g	2.15	21.5	21	2.38	± 10
2018/04/01	5600 MHz	5600MHz Body	100	1g	7.75	77.5	77.8	-0.39	± 10
				10g	2.21	22.1	21.7	1.84	± 10
2018/04/02	5800 MHz	5800MHz Body	100	1g	7.79	77.9	75.4	3.32	± 10
				10g	2.26	22.6	20.9	8.13	± 10

*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.958$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.166$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

D ASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7431; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2017/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2017/10/9
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (61x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.85 W/kg

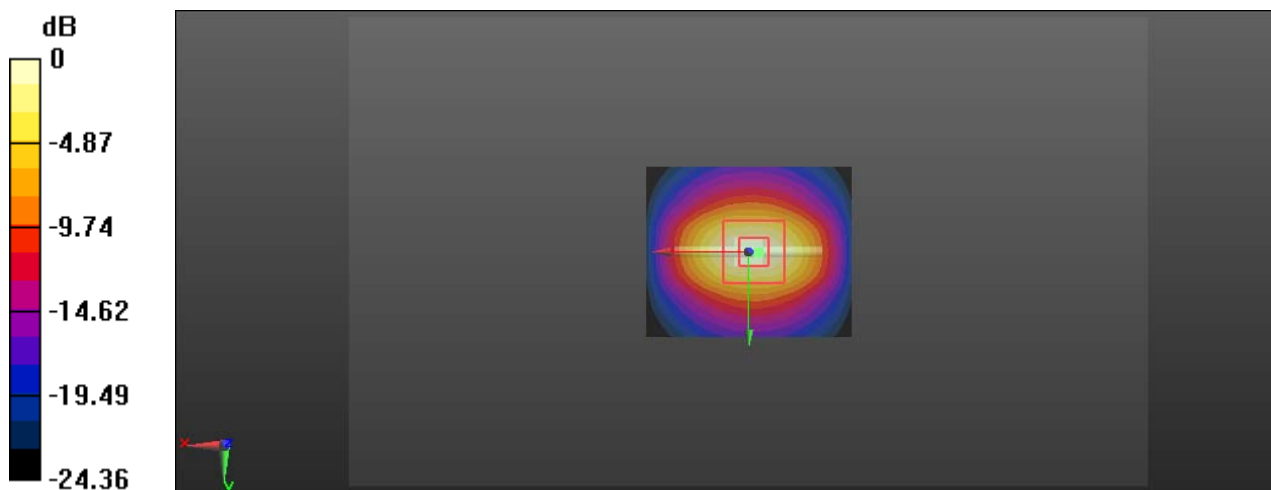
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 55.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.27 W/kg



0 dB = 9.27 W/kg = 9.67 dBW/kg

System Performance 5250 MHz Body**DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5250 MHz; Serial: SN:1246**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.316$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.618$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7431; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2017/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2017/10/9
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.6000 mm, dy=0.6000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.1 W/kg

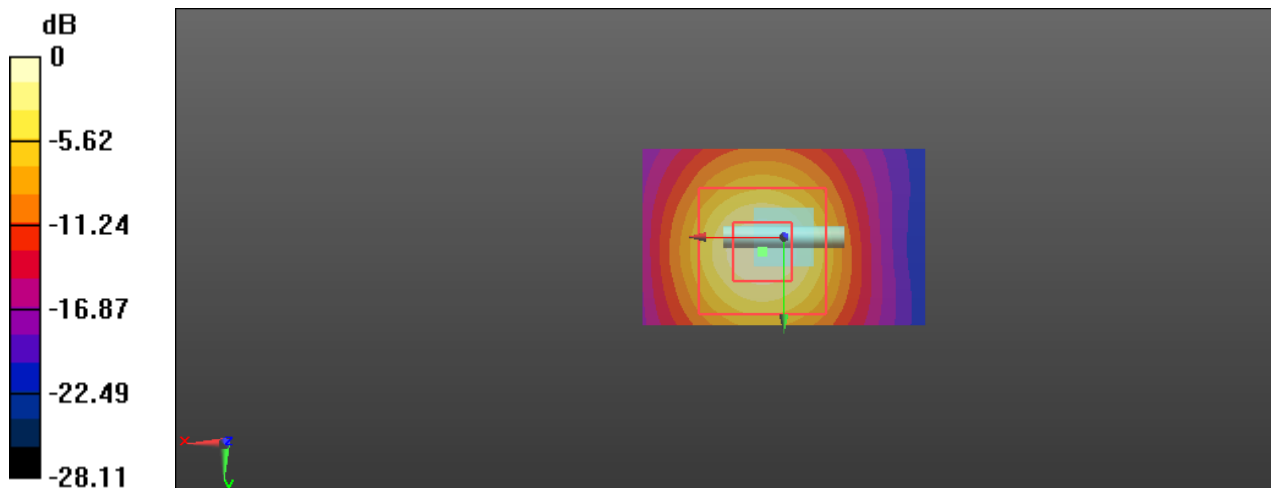
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 37.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg

System Performance 5300 MHz Body**DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5300 MHz; Serial: SN:1245**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.357$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.562$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7431; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: 2017/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2017/10/9
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=0.6000$ mm, $dy=0.6000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

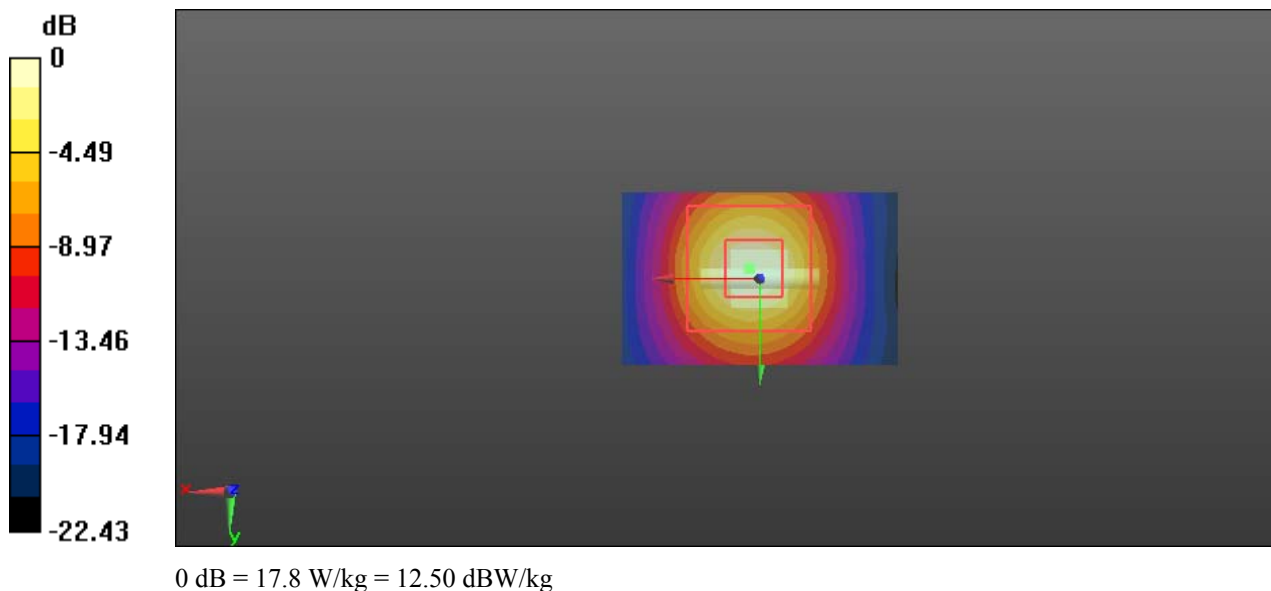
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 39.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



System Performance 5600 MHz Body**DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5600 MHz; Serial: SN:1246**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.736$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.233$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7431; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2017/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2017/10/9
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=0.6000$ mm, $dy=0.6000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

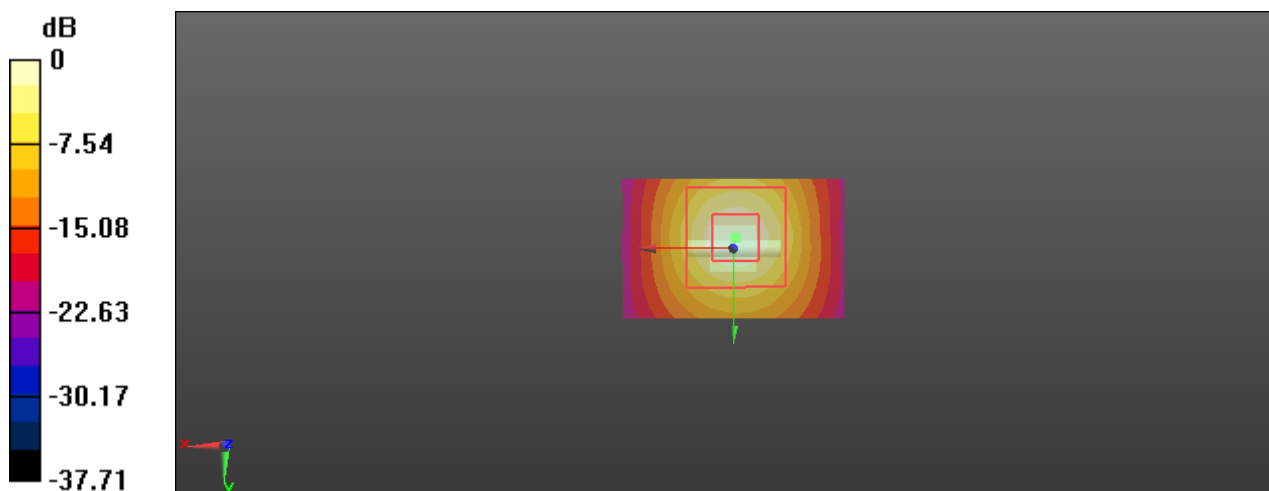
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 40.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

System Performance 5800 MHz Body**DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5800 MHz; Serial: SN:1246**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.976$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.015$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7431; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2017/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2017/10/9
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=0.6000$ mm, $dy=0.6000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.6 W/kg

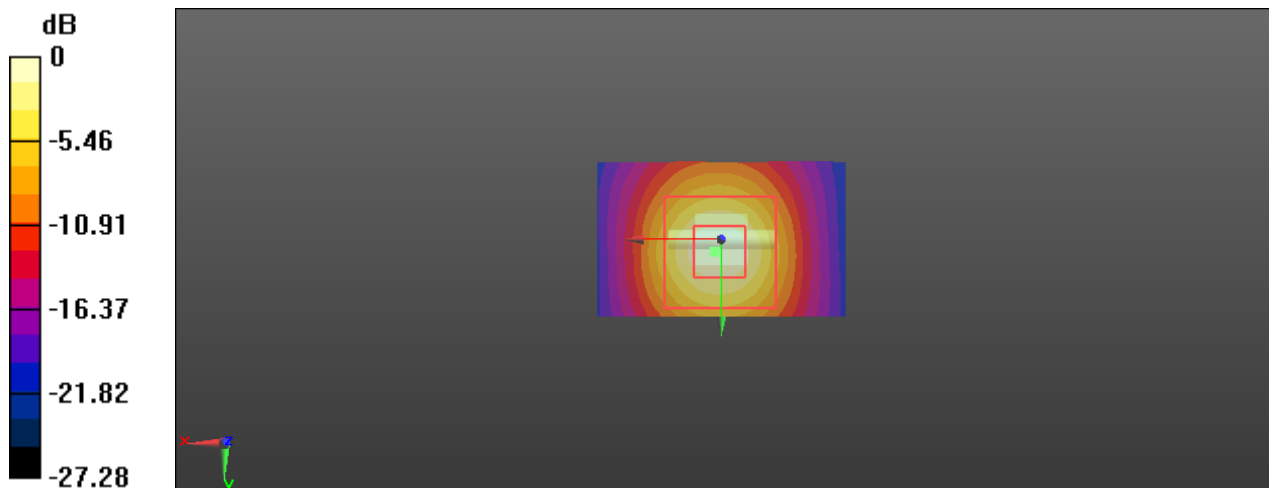
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 36.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



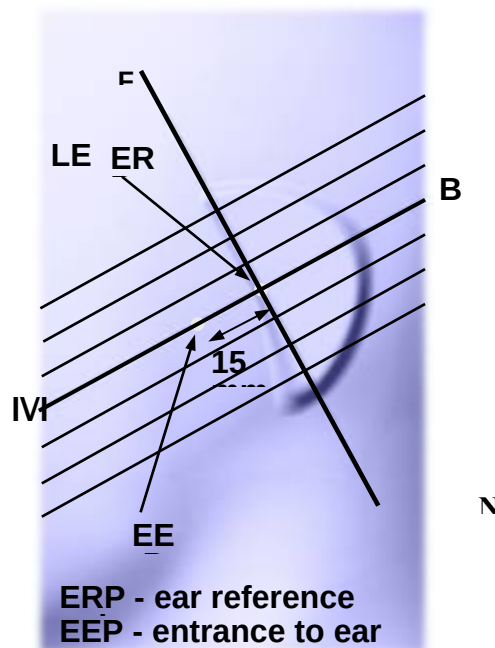
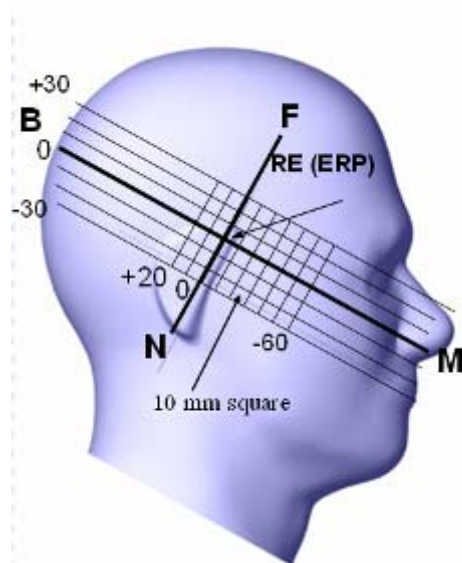
0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

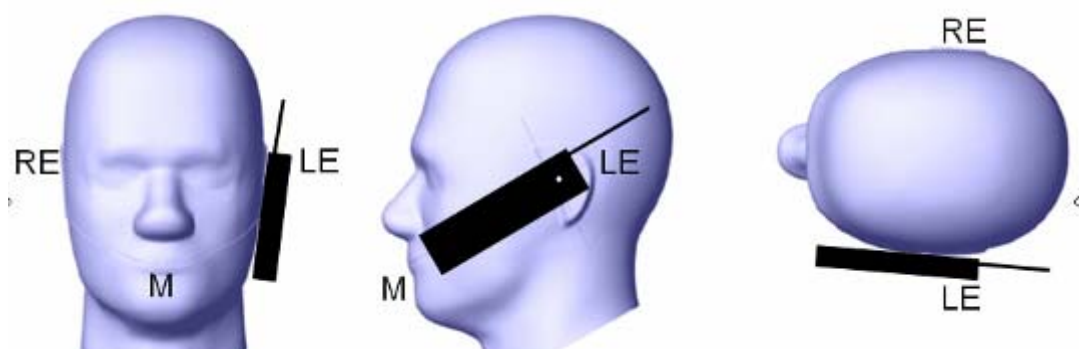
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



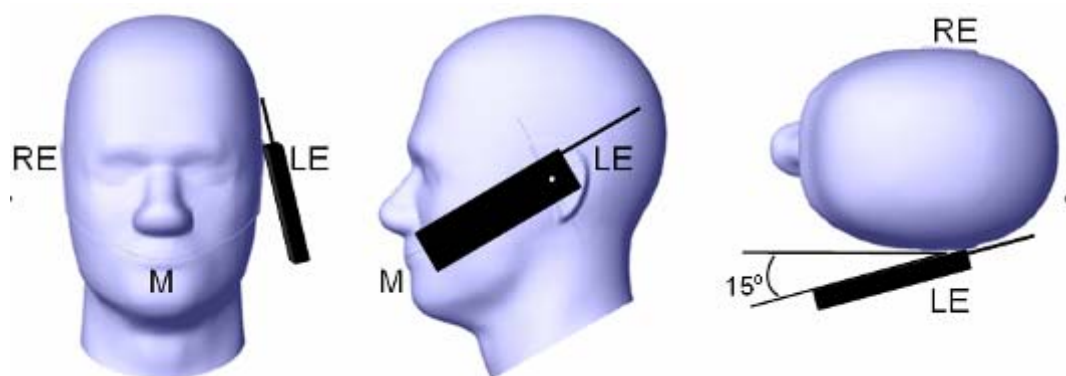
Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 to 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position**Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

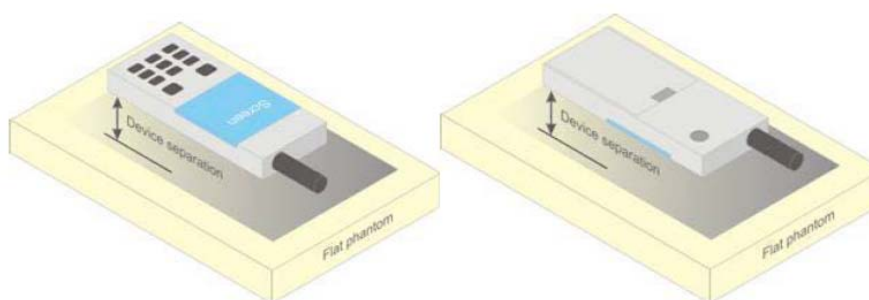


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

For Body Supported and Hand-held mode the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 0mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

For Close to Body mode the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 5mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 5mm.

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

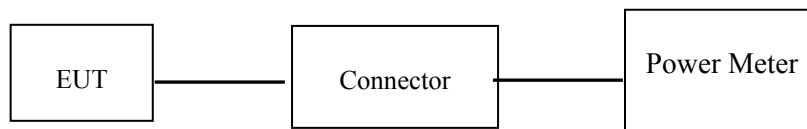
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the Power Meter through Connector.



Maximum Target Output Power

Maximum Target Output Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band		Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
Wi-Fi 2.4G	802.11b	16	16	16
	802.11g	16	16	14
	802.11n HT20	15.5	15.5	13.5
	802.11n HT40	16	16	13.5
Wi-Fi 5.2G	802.11 a	15	15	15
	802.11 n20	15	15	15
	802.11 n40	14.5	/	14.5
Wi-Fi 5.3G	802.11 a	14	14	14
	802.11 n20	13.5	13.5	13.5
	802.11 n40	13.8	/	13.8
Wi-Fi 5.6G	802.11 a	14.5	14.5	14.5
	802.11 n20	14	14	14
	802.11 n40	14.5	14.5	13.5
Wi-Fi 5.8G	802.11 a	15.5	15.5	15.5
	802.11 n20	15.5	15.5	15.5
	802.11 n40	15	/	15
Bluetooth BDR/EDR		13.5	13.5	13.5

Test Results:**Wi-Fi 2.4G:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Average Output Power(dBm)
802.11b	2412	1Mbps	15.02
	2437		15.16
	2462		15.76
802.11g	2412	6Mbps	15.61
	2437		15.69
	2462		13.24
802.11n HT20	2412	MCS0	15.23
	2437		15.16
	2462		12.98
802.11n HT40	2422	MCS0	15.67
	2437		15.69
	2452		13.05

Wi-Fi 5G:

UNII Band	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)
5150-5250MHz	802.11 a	5180	6Mbps	14.2
		5200		14.72
		5240		14.67
	802.11 n20	5180	MCS0	13.66
		5200		14.66
		5240		14.22
	802.11 n40	5190	MCS0	13.67
		5230		14.42
5250-5350MHz	802.11 a	5260	6Mbps	13.8
		5280		13.93
		5320		13.42
	802.11 n20	5260	MCS0	13.38
		5280		13.39
		5320		12.95
	802.11 n40	5270	MCS0	13.66
		5310		13.38
5470-5725MHz	802.11 a	5500	6Mbps	14.15
		5580		13.91
		5700		13.38
	802.11 n20	5500	MCS0	13.67
		5580		13.31
		5700		12.9
	802.11 n40	5510	MCS0	14.12
		5550		13.43
		5670		12.9

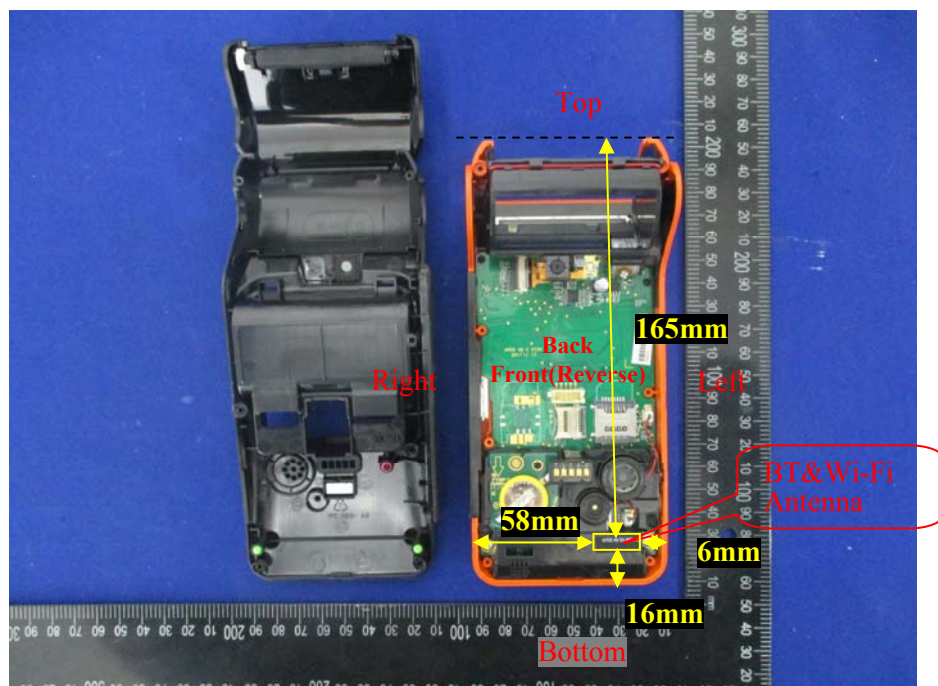
UNII Band	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)
5725-5850MHz	802.11 a	5745	6Mbps	14.95
		5785		15.15
		5825		15.36
	802.11 n20	5745	MCS0	15.03
		5785		15.25
		5825		15.28
	802.11 n40	5755	MCS0	14.51
		5795		14.85

Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	2402	12.27
	2441	12.85
	2480	11.79
EDR($\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2402	12.32
	2441	12.68
	2480	11.54
EDR(8-DPSK)	2402	12.63
	2441	12.95
	2480	12.18

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Antennas Location:



Note:

The BT and 2.4G/5G Wi-Fi transmit and receive through the same antenna, they can not transmit simultaneously.

Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)					
Antenna	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	< 5	6	58	165	16

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\left(\frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right) \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \right] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations(KDB):**1g Body:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Test Exclusion Distance (mm)
Wi-Fi 5.2G	5240	15	31.6	25
Wi-Fi 5.3G	5320	14	25.1	20
Wi-Fi 5.6G	5700	14.5	28.2	23
Wi-Fi 5.8G	5785	15.5	35.5	29
Wi-Fi 2.4G	2462	16	39.8	21
Bluetooth	2480	13.5	22.4	12

10g Extremity:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Test Exclusion Distance (mm)
Wi-Fi 5.2G	5240	15	31.6	10
Wi-Fi 5.3G	5320	14	25.1	8
Wi-Fi 5.6G	5700	14.5	28.2	9
Wi-Fi 5.8G	5785	15.5	35.5	12
Wi-Fi 2.4G	2462	16	39.8	9
Bluetooth	2480	13.5	22.4	5

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Mode	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
Wi-Fi 5.2G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 5.3G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 5.6G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 5.8G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 2.4G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Bluetooth	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Exclusion

Note:

Required: The distance is less than **Test Exclusion Distance**, the SAR test is required.

Exclusion: The distance is large than **Test Exclusion Distance**, SAR test is not required.

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations detail:**Distance < 50mm (To Edges)**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot$$

$$\left[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \right] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.
5. The Time based average Power is used for calculation

Distance > 50mm (To Edges)

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

- a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge consideration (RSS-102)

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Pavg (mW)	Test Exclusion Distance (mm)
Wi-Fi 5.2G	5240	15	2.85	61	30
Wi-Fi 5.3G	5320	14	2.85	48.4	27
Wi-Fi 5.6G	5700	14.5	2.85	54.3	30
Wi-Fi 5.8G	5785	15.5	2.85	68.4	35
Wi-Fi 2.4G	2462	16	2.31	67.8	28
Bluetooth	2480	13.5	2.31	38.1	22

Note:

- 1, When the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1 of **RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015**, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance.
- 2, When the **Test Exclusion Distance** is farther than **50mm** and less than 200mm, testing for each edge is required.

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Mode	Back Edge	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Wi-Fi 5.2G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 5.3G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 5.6G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 5.8G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Wi-Fi 2.4G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
Bluetooth	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required

Note:

Required: The distance is less than **Test Exclusion Distance**, the SAR test is required.

Exclusion: The distance is large than **Test Exclusion Distance**, SAR test is not required.

Only when the distance from the antenna to edge is large than **Test Exclusion Distance specified under KDB and RSS-102 Issue 5 March 2015**, SAR test is not required

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.7-22.8 °C	21.6-22.4 °C
Relative Humidity:	36 %	37 %
ATM Pressure:	100.2 kPa	100.7 kPa
Test Date:	2018/04/01	2018/04/02

Testing was performed by Gaochao Gong, Sam Liang, William Ye.

Wi-Fi 5.2G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=1.6W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Body Back (0mm)	5180	802.11a	14.2	15	1.202	1.10	1.322	1.33	1#
	5200	802.11a	14.72	15	1.067	1.31	1.398	1.40	2#
	5240	802.11a	14.67	15	1.079	1.24	1.338	1.34	3#
Body Bottom (0mm)	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5200	802.11a	14.72	15	1.067	0.290	0.309	0.31	4#
	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=4.0W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Handheld Left (0mm)	5180	802.11a	14.2	15	1.202	0.107	0.129	0.13	5#
	5200	802.11a	14.72	15	1.067	0.122	0.13	0.13	6#
	5240	802.11a	14.67	15	1.079	0.113	0.122	0.12	7#
Handheld Bottom (0mm)	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5200	802.11a	14.72	15	1.067	0.108	0.115	0.12	4#
	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Wi-Fi 5.3G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=1.6W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Body Back (0mm)	5260	802.11a	13.8	14	1.047	1.34	1.403	1.41	8#
	5280	802.11a	13.93	14	1.016	1.32	1.341	1.34	9#
	5320	802.11a	13.42	14	1.143	1.21	1.383	1.38	10#
Body Bottom (0mm)	5260	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5280	802.11a	13.93	14	1.016	0.168	0.171	0.17	11#
	5320	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=4.0W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Handheld Left (0mm)	5260	802.11a	13.8	14	1.047	0.110	0.115	0.12	12#
	5280	802.11a	13.93	14	1.016	0.111	0.113	0.11	13#
	5320	802.11a	13.42	14	1.143	0.108	0.123	0.12	14#
Handheld Bottom (0mm)	5260	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5280	802.11a	13.93	14	1.016	0.070	0.071	0.07	11#
	5320	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Wi-Fi 5.6G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=1.6W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Body Back (0mm)	5500	802.11a	14.15	14.5	1.084	1.23	1.333	1.33	15#
	5580	802.11a	13.91	14.5	1.146	1.14	1.306	1.31	16#
	5700	802.11a	13.38	14.5	1.294	0.972	1.258	1.26	17#
Body Bottom (0mm)	5500	802.11a	14.15	14.5	1.084	0.252	0.273	0.27	18#
	5580	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5700	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=4.0W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Handheld Left (0mm)	5500	802.11a	14.15	14.5	1.084	0.152	0.165	0.17	19#
	5580	802.11a	13.91	14.5	1.146	0.104	0.119	0.12	20#
	5700	802.11a	13.38	14.5	1.294	0.083	0.107	0.11	21#
Handheld Bottom (0mm)	5500	802.11a	14.15	14.5	1.084	0.095	0.103	0.10	18#
	5580	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5700	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Wi-Fi 5.8G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=1.6W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Body Back (0mm)	5745	802.11a	14.95	15.5	1.135	1	1.135	1.14	22#
	5785	802.11a	15.15	15.5	1.084	1	1.084	1.09	23#
	5825	802.11a	15.36	15.5	1.033	1.06	1.095	1.10	24#
Body Bottom (0mm)	5745	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5785	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5825	802.11a	15.36	15.5	1.033	0.260	0.269	0.27	25#

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=4.0W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Handheld Left (0mm)	5745	802.11a	14.95	15.5	1.135	0.138	0.157	0.16	26#
	5785	802.11a	15.15	15.5	1.084	0.143	0.155	0.16	27#
	5825	802.11a	15.36	15.5	1.033	0.141	0.146	0.15	28#
Handheld Bottom (0mm)	5745	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5785	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5825	802.11a	15.36	15.5	1.033	0.099	0.102	0.10	25#

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. According to IEC 62209-2:2010 ,If the correction Δ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

Wi-Fi 2.4G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=1.6W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Body Back (0mm)	2412	802.11b	15.02	16	1.253	0.225	0.282	0.28	29#
	2437	802.11b	15.16	16	1.213	0.244	0.296	0.30	30#
	2462	802.11b	15.76	16	1.057	0.293	0.31	0.31	31#
Body Bottom (0mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	15.76	16	1.057	0.188	0.199	0.20	32#

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=4.0W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Handheld Left (0mm)	2412	802.11b	15.02	16	1.253	0.218	0.273	0.27	33#
	2437	802.11b	15.16	16	1.213	0.219	0.266	0.27	34#
	2462	802.11b	15.76	16	1.057	0.266	0.281	0.28	35#
Handheld Bottom (0mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	802.11b	15.76	16	1.057	0.094	0.099	0.10	32#

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. KDB 248227 D01-SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM(801.11g/n) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS(802.11b) is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, and the output power for DSSS is not less than that for OFDM.
4. According to IEC 62209-2:2010 ,If the correction Δ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

Bluetooth:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=1.6W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Body Back (0mm)	2402	8-DPSK	12.63	13.5	1.222	0.051	0.062	0.06	36#
	2441	8-DPSK	12.95	13.5	1.135	0.071	0.081	0.08	37#
	2480	8-DPSK	12.18	13.5	1.355	0.059	0.08	0.08	38#
Body Bottom (0mm)	2402	8-DPSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	8-DPSK	12.95	13.5	1.135	0.059	0.067	0.07	39#
	2480	8-DPSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10 g SAR (W/kg), Limit=4.0W/kg				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
Handheld Left (0mm)	2402	8-DPSK	12.63	13.5	1.222	0.035	0.043	0.04	40#
	2441	8-DPSK	12.95	13.5	1.135	0.051	0.058	0.06	41#
	2480	8-DPSK	12.18	13.5	1.355	0.053	0.072	0.07	42#
Handheld Bottom (0mm)	2402	8-DPSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2441	8-DPSK	12.95	13.5	1.135	0.026	0.03	0.03	39#
	2480	8-DPSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is less than half of the limit value, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. According to IEC 62209-2:2010 ,If the correction Δ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

1g Body

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
				Original	Repeated	
5200MHz (5100~5250MHz)	Wi-Fi 5.2G	5200	Body Back	1.31	1.27	1.03
5300MHz (5250~5400MHz)	Wi-Fi 5.3G	5260	Body Back	1.34	1.32	1.02
5600MHz (5500~5700MHz)	Wi-Fi 5.6G	5500	Body Back	1.23	1.19	1.03
5800MHz (5700~5900MHz)	Wi-Fi 5.8G	5825	Body Back	1.06	1.01	1.05

10g Extremity

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
				Original	Repeated	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 .
2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

Corrected SAR Evaluation

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Annex F
(normative)**SAR correction for deviations of complex permittivity from targets****F.2 SAR correction formula**

From [13] and [14], a linear relationship was found between the percent change in SAR (denoted ΔSAR) and the percent change in the permittivity and conductivity from the target values in Table 1 (denoted $\Delta\epsilon_r$ and $\Delta\sigma$, respectively). This linear relationship agrees with the results of Kuster and Balzano [48] and Bit-Babik et al. [2]. The relationship is given by:

$$\Delta\text{SAR} = c_\epsilon \Delta\epsilon_r + c_\sigma \Delta\sigma \quad (\text{F.1})$$

where

$c_\epsilon = \partial(\Delta\text{SAR})/\partial(\Delta\epsilon_r)$ is the coefficients representing the sensitivity of SAR to permittivity where SAR is normalized to output power;

$c_\sigma = \partial(\Delta\text{SAR})/\partial(\Delta\sigma)$ is the coefficients representing the sensitivity of SAR to conductivity, where SAR is normalized to output power.

The values of c_ϵ and c_σ have a simple relationship with frequency that can be described using polynomial equations. For the 1 g averaged SAR c_ϵ and c_σ are given by

$$c_\epsilon = -7,854 \times 10^{-4} f^3 + 9,402 \times 10^{-3} f^2 - 2,742 \times 10^{-2} f - 0,202 \ 6 \quad (\text{F.2})$$

$$c_\sigma = 9,804 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 8,661 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 2,981 \times 10^{-2} f + 0,782 \ 9 \quad (\text{F.3})$$

where

f is the frequency in GHz.

For the 10 g averaged SAR, the variables c_ϵ and c_σ are given by:

$$c_\epsilon = 3,456 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 3,531 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 7,675 \times 10^{-2} f - 0,186 \ 0 \quad (\text{F.4})$$

$$c_\sigma = 4,479 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 1,586 \times 10^{-2} f^2 - 0,197 \ 2 f + 0,771 \ 7 \quad (\text{F.5})$$

Corrected SAR Evaluation Table

Date: 2018/04/01

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	C ϵ	$\Delta \epsilon r$	C δ	$\Delta \delta$	Δ SAR (%)
5180	1g Body	-0.202	1.34	-0.024	-0.85	-0.25
5200	1g Body	-0.201	1.36	-0.026	-0.79	-0.25
5240	1g Body	-0.201	1.39	-0.028	-0.67	-0.26
5250	1g Body	-0.201	1.39	-0.029	-0.64	-0.26
5180	10g Body	-0.256	1.34	-0.053	-0.85	-0.30
5200	10g Body	-0.256	1.36	-0.053	-0.79	-0.31
5240	10g Body	-0.256	1.39	-0.053	-0.67	-0.32
5250	10g Body	-0.256	1.39	-0.053	-0.64	-0.32

Date: 2018/04/01

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	C ϵ	$\Delta \epsilon r$	C δ	$\Delta \delta$	Δ SAR (%)
5260	1g Body	-0.201	1.38	-0.030	-0.6	-0.26
5280	1g Body	-0.201	1.38	-0.031	-0.52	-0.26
5300	1g Body	-0.201	1.4	-0.032	-1.16	-0.24
5320	1g Body	-0.201	1.37	-0.034	-0.37	-0.26
5260	10g Body	-0.256	1.38	-0.053	-0.6	-0.32
5280	10g Body	-0.256	1.38	-0.052	-0.52	-0.33
5300	10g Body	-0.257	1.4	-0.052	-1.16	-0.30
5320	10g Body	-0.257	1.37	-0.052	-0.37	-0.33

Date: 2018/04/01

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	C ϵ	$\Delta \epsilon r$	C δ	$\Delta \delta$	Δ SAR (%)
5500	1g Body	5500	-0.200	1.34	-0.042	0.29
5580	1g Body	5580	-0.199	1.33	-0.044	0.56
5600	1g Body	5600	-0.199	1.32	-0.045	0.63
5700	1g Body	5700	-0.199	1.31	-0.046	0.97
5500	10g Body	-0.257	1.34	-0.047	0.29	-0.36
5580	10g Body	-0.257	1.33	-0.044	0.56	-0.37
5600	10g Body	-0.257	1.32	-0.043	0.63	-0.37
5700	10g Body	-0.256	1.31	-0.038	0.97	-0.37

Date: 2018/04/02

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	C ϵ	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	C δ	$\Delta \delta$	Δ SAR (%)
5745	1g Body	-0.199	1.29	-0.045	1.03	-0.30
5785	1g Body	-0.199	1.26	-0.045	0.98	-0.29
5800	1g Body	-0.199	1.25	-0.045	0.95	-0.29
5825	1g Body	-0.199	1.24	-0.044	0.94	-0.29
5745	10g Body	-0.255	1.29	-0.035	1.03	-0.37
5785	10g Body	-0.255	1.26	-0.033	0.98	-0.35
5800	10g Body	-0.254	1.25	-0.032	0.95	-0.35
5825	10g Body	-0.254	1.24	-0.030	0.94	-0.34

Date: 2018/04/02

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	C ϵ	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	C δ	$\Delta \delta$	Δ SAR (%)
2402	1g Body	-0.225	4.12	0.491	0.42	-0.72
2412	1g Body	-0.225	3.65	0.489	0.47	-0.59
2437	1g Body	-0.225	3.24	0.483	-0.31	-0.88
2441	1g Body	-0.225	3.15	0.482	0.21	-0.61
2450	1g Body	-0.225	2.78	0.480	0.41	-0.43
2462	1g Body	-0.225	2.46	0.478	0.56	-0.29
2480	1g Body	-0.225	1.78	0.474	0.25	-0.28
2402	10g Body	-0.157	4.12	0.269	0.42	-0.54
2412	10g Body	-0.158	3.65	0.267	0.47	-0.45
2437	10g Body	-0.159	3.24	0.262	-0.31	-0.60
2441	10g Body	-0.159	3.15	0.261	0.21	-0.45
2450	10g Body	-0.159	2.78	0.259	0.41	-0.34
2462	10g Body	-0.159	2.46	0.257	0.56	-0.25
2480	10g Body	-0.160	1.78	0.253	0.25	-0.22

$$\Delta \text{SAR} = c_{\epsilon} \Delta \epsilon_r + c_{\sigma} \Delta \sigma$$

where

f is the frequency in GHz.

$$\text{Corrected SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} * ((100 + (\Delta \text{SAR} \times -1)) / 100)$$

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities	
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?
Wi-Fi 5G + Wi-Fi 2.4G	×
Wi-Fi 5G + Bluetooth	×
Wi-Fi 2.4G + Bluetooth	×

Note:

The BT and 2.4G/5GWi-Fi transmit and receive through the same antenna, they can not transmit simultaneously.

SAR Plots

Please Refer to the Attachment.

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Please Refer to the Attachment.

APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

******* END OF REPORT *******