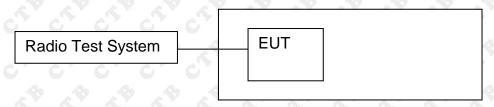
Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03



#### 10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

## 10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 10.2 Limits

- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

## 10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

#### 1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

## 2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 \* RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 40 of 62



- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

## D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a).

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 \* RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 41 of 62



## 10.4 Test Results

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0, 0, 0	5180	20.41
802.11a	5200	22.07
	5240	19.76
0	5180	21.85
802.11ac20	5200	21.93
65 65 6	5240	20.90
000 110010	5190	45.51
802.11ac40	5230	40.04
802.11ac80	5210	116.9
802.11n(HT20)	5180	22.98
	5200	20.74
	5240	22.94
802.11n(HT40)	5190	45.63
ου <b>2.1111(Π14</b> 0)	5230	47.94

Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
802.11a	5745	16.402	
	5785	16.432	
	5825	16.332	
802.11ac20	5745	17.316	
	5785	17.48	
	5825	17.241	
000 4440	5755	35.365	
802.11ac40	5795	33.326	
802.11ac80	5775	75.031	
200	5745	17.287	
802.11n(HT20)	5785	17.589	
	5825	16.896	
000 44p/UT40\	5755	36.002	
802.11n(HT40)	5795	35.107	

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 42 of 62



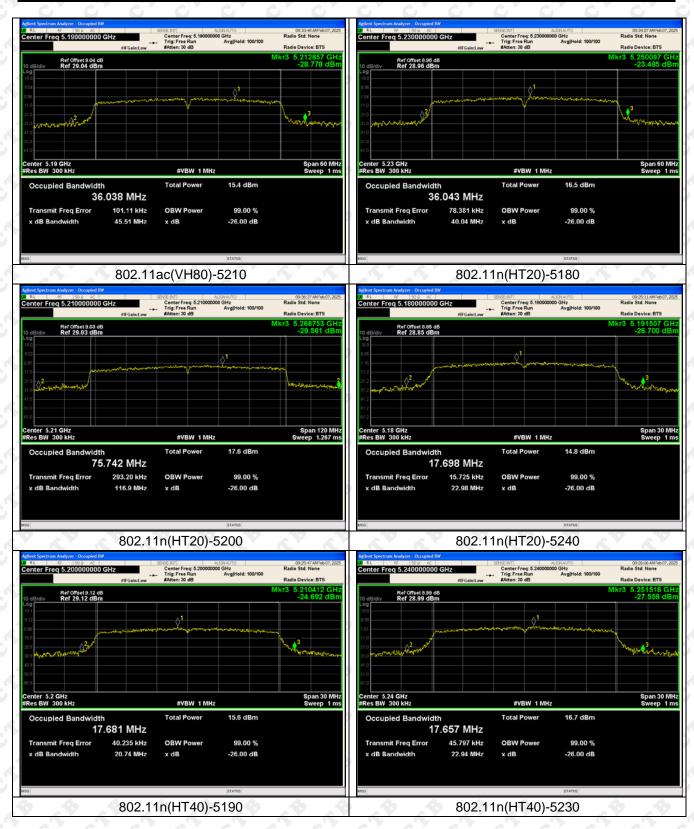
# Test Graph



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 43 of 62



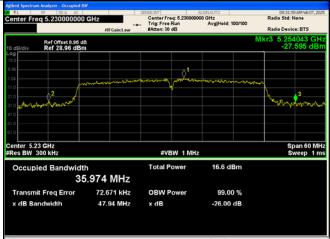
## Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 44 of 62

Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03





Report

Tel: 4008-707-283

Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net



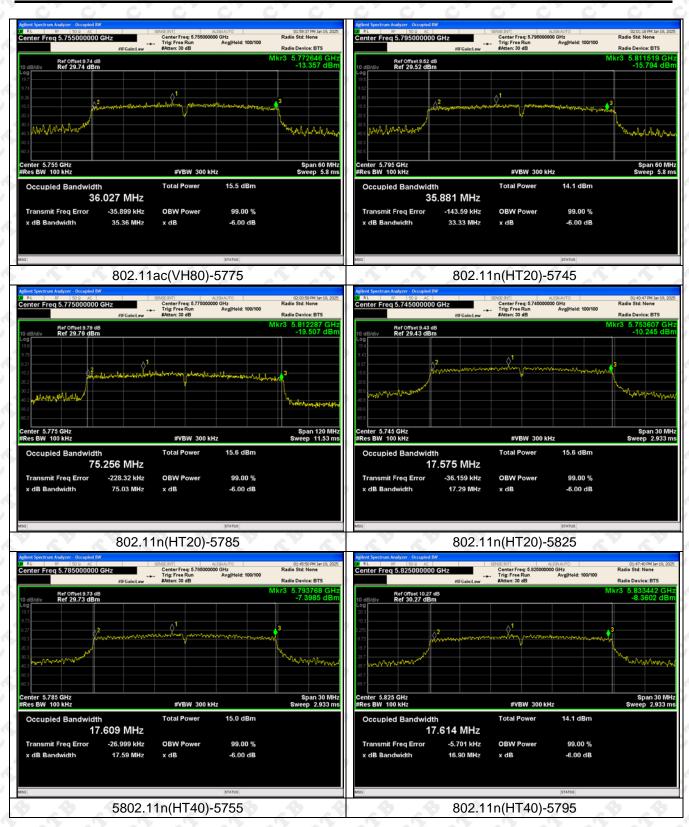
## 5745-5825MHz



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 46 of 62

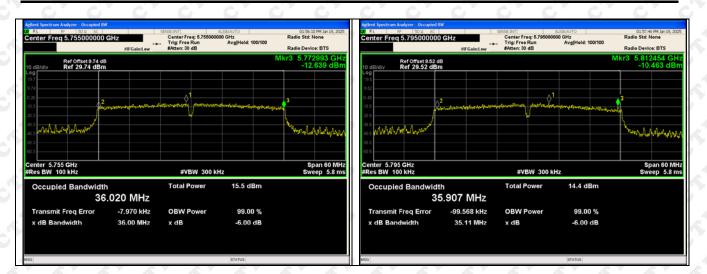


## Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 47 of 62

Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

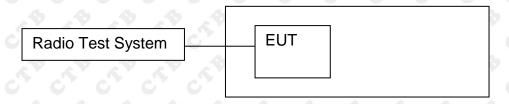


Report Tel: 4008-707-283



### 11. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

## 11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

### 11.2 Limit

- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

## 11.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15–5.25 GHz, 5.25–5.35 GHz, and 5.47–5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set RBW  $\geq 1/T$ , where T is defined in II.B.l.a).
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 49 of 62



c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 50 of 62



## 11.4 Test Result

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/MHz]	Limit [dBm/MHz]	Result
802.11a	5180	4.36	9 11	Pass
	5200	4.302	4511 A5	Pass
	5240	2.677	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5180	4.164	11	Pass
	5200	2.686	<b>311</b>	Pass
	5240	4.003	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5190	-0.22	11	Pass
	5230	-0.375	11.	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5210	-3.547	3 11	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5180	4.338	11	Pass
	5200	1.626	110	Pass
	5240	1.616	9 11	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5190	0.409	<b>4</b> 011 <b>4</b> 0	Pass
	5230	0.378	11	Pass

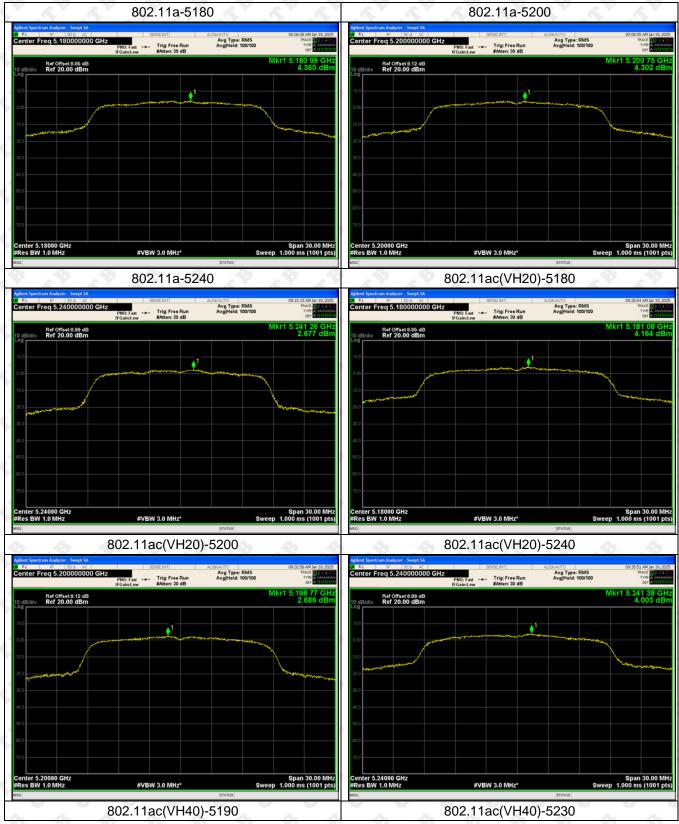
Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/500kHz]	Limit [dBm/MHz]	Result
802.11a	5745	2.98	30	Pass
	5785	2.456	30	Pass
	5825	1.847	C 30 C	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	3.205	30	Pass
	5785	3.284	30	Pass
	5825	2.566	930	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	-0.103	30	Pass
	5795	-1.435	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	-3.848	30	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5745	2.976	30	Pass
	5785	2.017	30	Pass
	5825	1.536	30	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5755	-0.314	30	Pass
	5795	-1.138	30	Pass

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 51 of 62

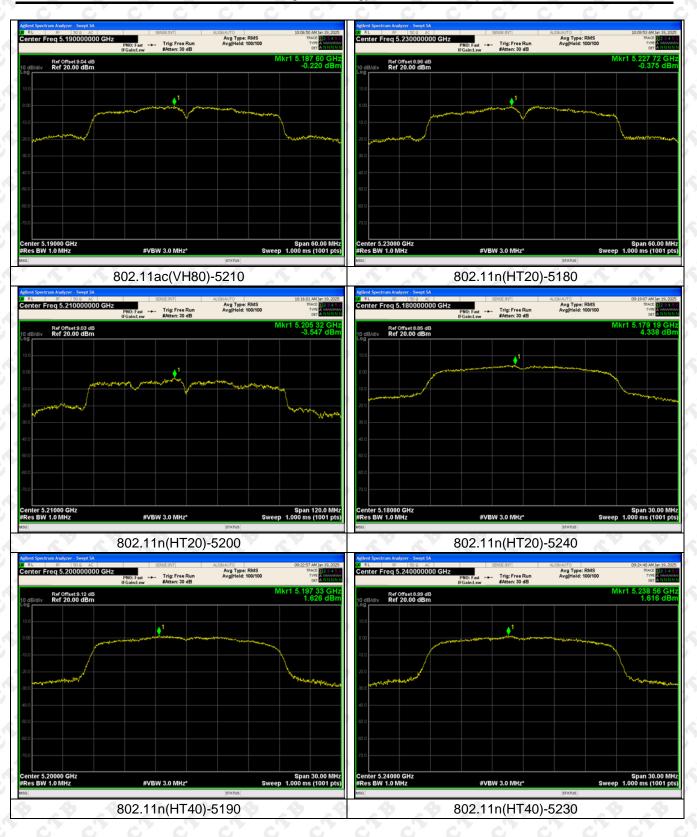


## 5180-5240MHz

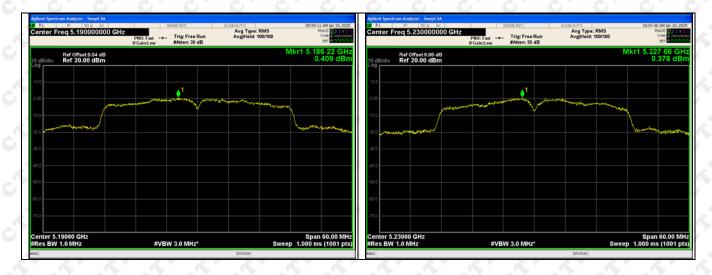


Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 52 of 62

Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03



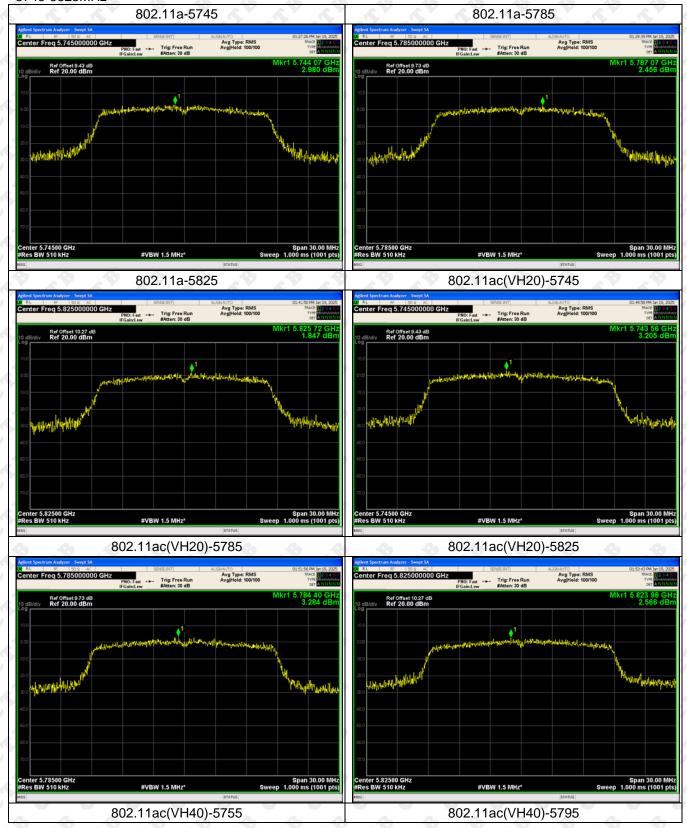
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 53 of 62



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 54 of 62

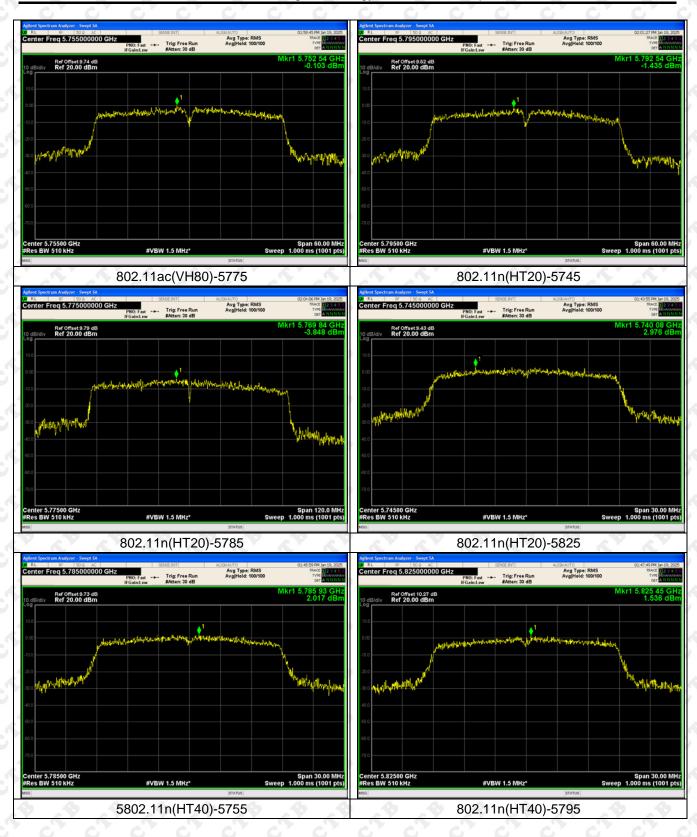


## 5745-5825MHz



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 55 of 62

Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03



Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 56 of 62





Report

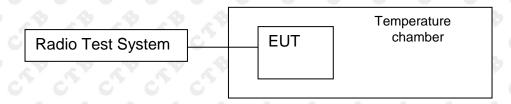
Tel: 4008-707-283

Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net



## 12. FREQUENCY STABILITY

## 12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

## 12.2 Limit

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

## 12.3 Test procedure

- 1. The EUT was placed inside temperature chamber and powered and powered by nominal DC voltage.
- 2. Set EUT as normal operation.
- 3. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to spectrum.
- 4. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.
- 5. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT and measure the operating frequency.
- 6. Repeat step with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature.

#### 12.4 Test Result

Pass

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 58 of 62



## 13. OPERATION IN THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION TO THE TRANSMIT

### 13.1 Requirement

## 15.407(c) requirement:

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signal ling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals. Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization a description of how this requirement is met.

Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

## 13.2 Test Results

Operation in the absence of information to the transmit:

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling signal of WLAN message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall reconnect. (manufacturer declare )

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 59 of 62



## 14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

## 15.203 requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

## **EUT Antenna:**

The antenna is Internal antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is WIFI(5.2G): 0.25dBi, WIFI(5.8G): 0.25dBi

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 60 of 62

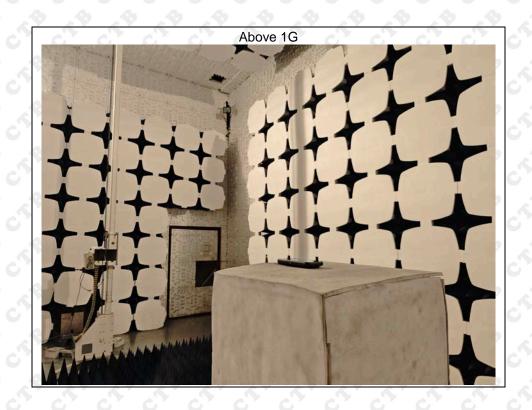


# Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

# 15. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Radiated Emission





Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 61 of 62

Report No.: CTB25012000103RF03

# Conducted Emission



\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 62 of 62