

# Plot 45 UMTS Band V Top Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/26

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.953$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.762$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483) **Top Edge Middle /Area Scan (4x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 W/kg

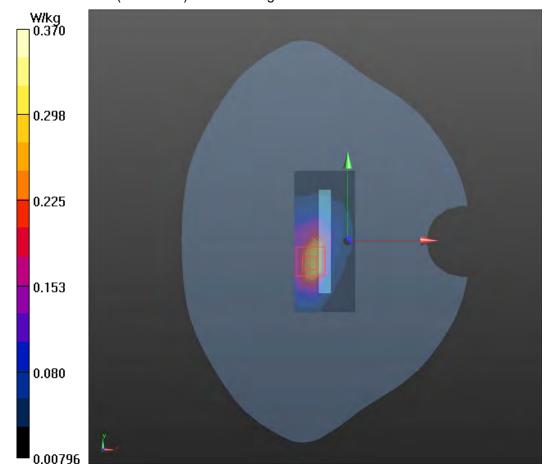
Top Edge Middle /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.399 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 W/kg





#### Plot 46 LTE Band 2 50%RB Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/22

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.948$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.742 W/kg

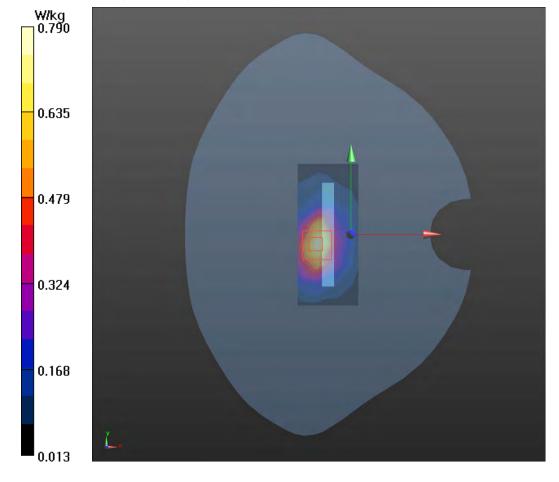
#### Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.744 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.402 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.790 W/kg





# Plot 47 LTE Band 4 1RB Top Edge High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/27

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.323$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.378$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### **Top Edge High/Area Scan (4x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.961 W/kg

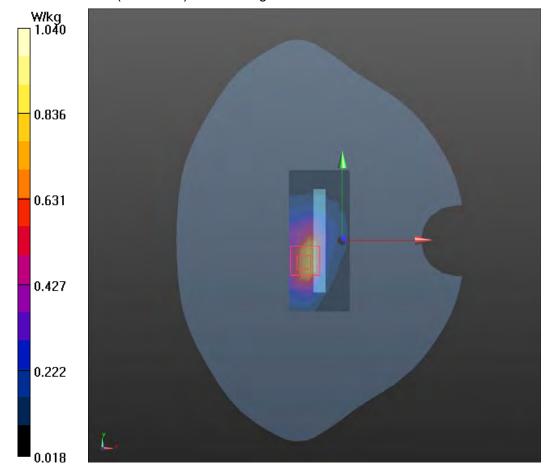
#### Top Edge High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.944 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg





# Plot 48 LTE Band 5 1RB Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/26

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.958$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.728$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side High/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.615 W/kg

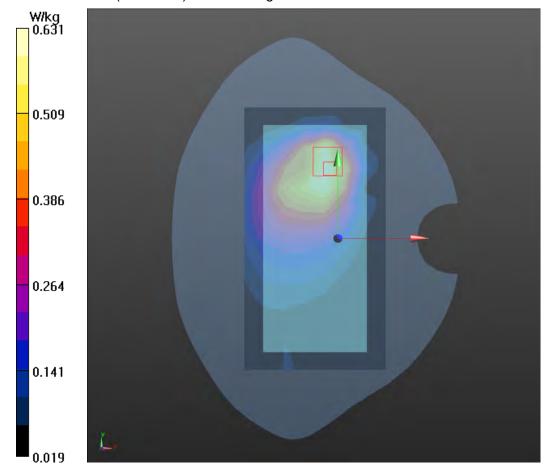
#### Front Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.25 V/m; Power Drift =0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.969 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.495 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 W/kg





# Plot 49 LTE Band 7 1RB Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/2

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.971$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.231$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side High/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.926 W/kg

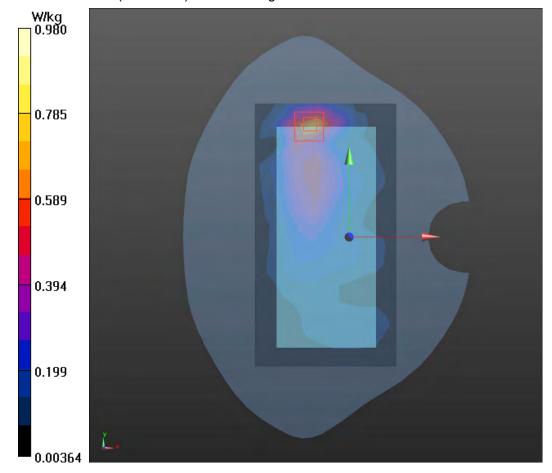
#### Front Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.67 V/m; Power Drift =-0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.895 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.980 W/kg





# Plot 50 LTE Band 38 1RB Top Edge High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/2

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2610 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.027$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.056$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Top Edge High/Area Scan (5x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.821 W/kg

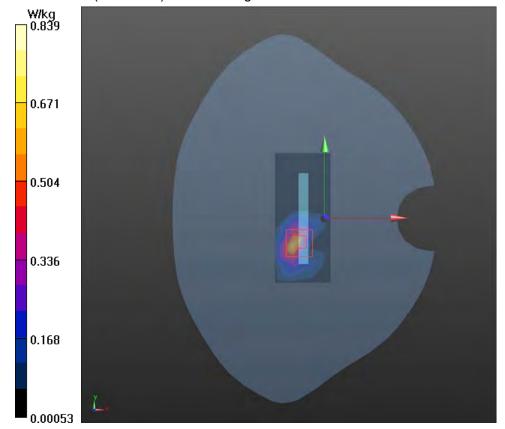
#### Top Edge High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.660 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.814 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.839 W/kg





# Plot 51 LTE Band 41 50%RB Top Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/3

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2593 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.984$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.196$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Top Edge Middle/Area Scan (5x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.854 W/kg

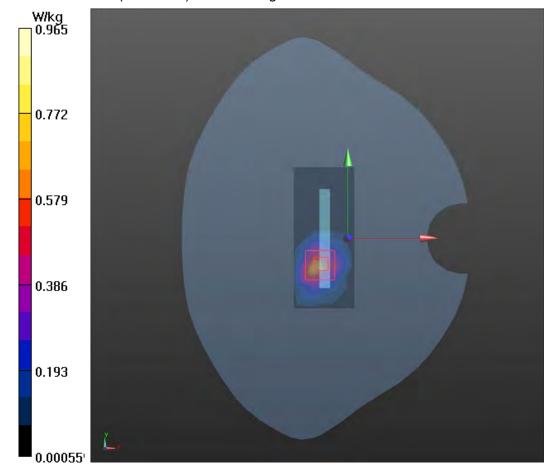
#### Top Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.247 V/m; Power Drift = 0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.878 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 W/kg





### Plot 52 802.11b Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.020 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.801$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.737$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Back Side Low/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 W/kg

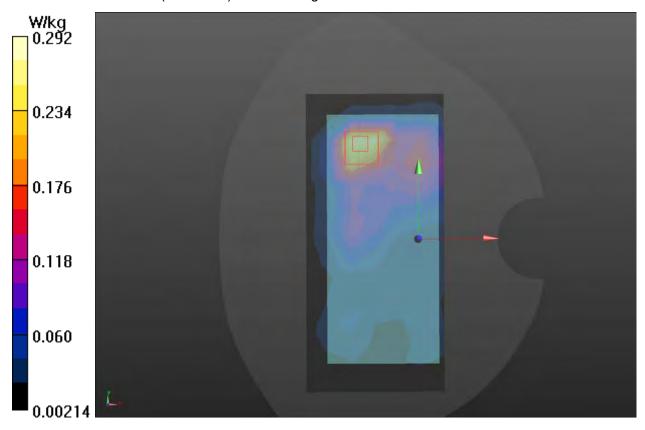
#### Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.714 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.614 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.278 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 W/kg





# Plot 53 Bluetooth Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.315 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.789$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.77$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Back Side Low/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 W/kg

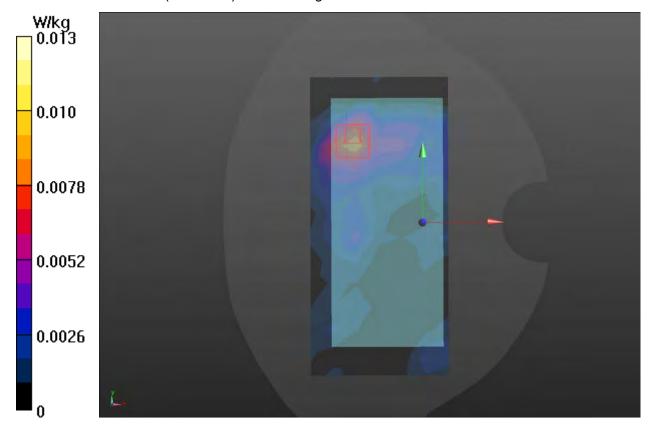
#### Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.414 V/m; Power Drift = -0.160 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.011 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.005 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.013 W/kg





# Plot 54 UMTS Band II Bottom Edge Low (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/6/22

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.04$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.99 W/kg

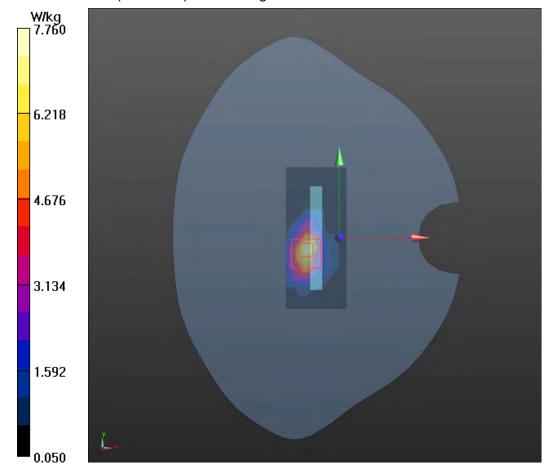
#### Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.0 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 4.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.88 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.76 W/kg





# Plot 55 UMTS Band IV Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/6/24

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.312$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.365$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.75 W/kg

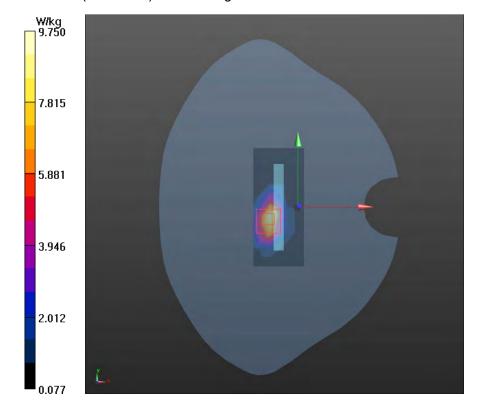
#### Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 4.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.75 W/kg





# Plot 56 LTE Band 2 1RB Bottom Edge Low (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/6/22

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.407$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.071$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.28 W/kg

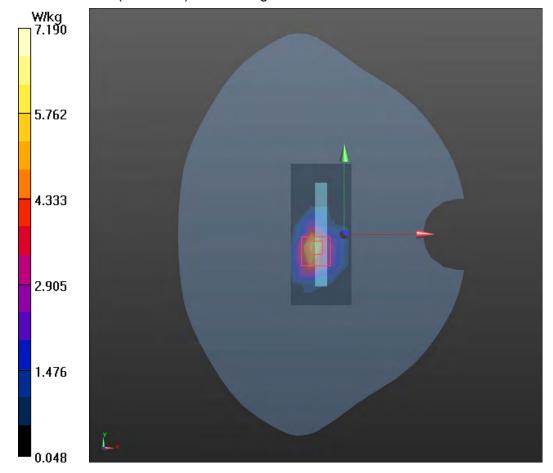
#### Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.7 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 3.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.84 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.19 W/kg





# Plot 57 LTE Band 4 1RB Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/6/24

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.313 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.384$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.64 W/kg

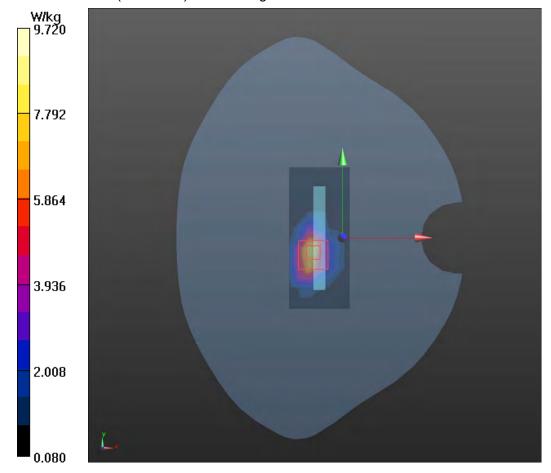
#### Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 69.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 3.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.72 W/kg





# Plot 58 LTE Band 7 1RB Top Edge High (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/7/4

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.971$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.231$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Top Edge High/Area Scan (5x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.73 W/kg

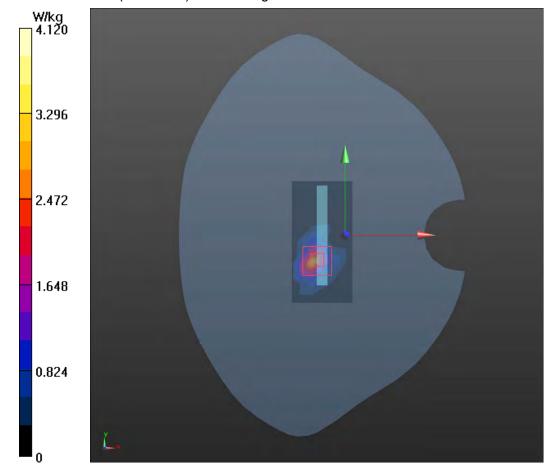
#### Top Edge High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.26 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 3.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.12 W/kg





# Plot 59 LTE Band 38 1RB Top Edge High (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/7/4

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2610 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.027$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.056$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Top Edge High/Area Scan (5x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.25 W/kg

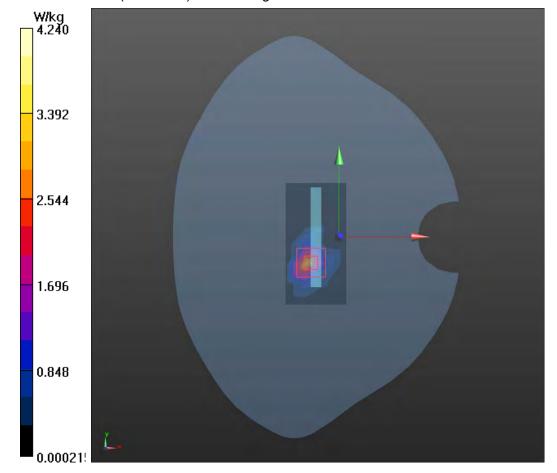
#### Top Edge High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.85 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 3.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.24 W/kg





# Plot 60 LTE Band 41 1RB Top Edge Middle (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/7/3

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2593 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2593 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.063$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.918$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Top Edge Middle/Area Scan (5x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.82 W/kg

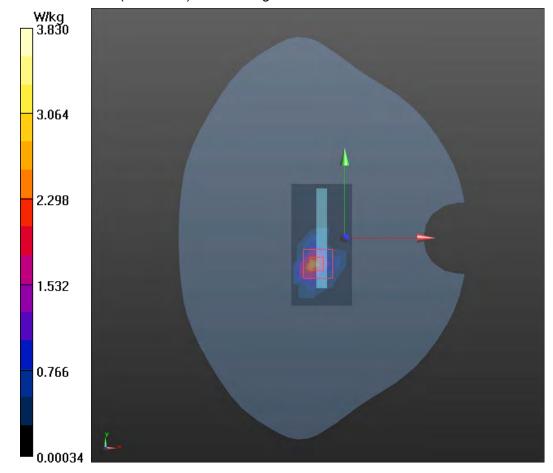
#### Top Edge Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.49 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 3.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.83 W/kg





### Plot 61 UMTS Band II Front Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/30

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.948$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side Middle/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 W/kg

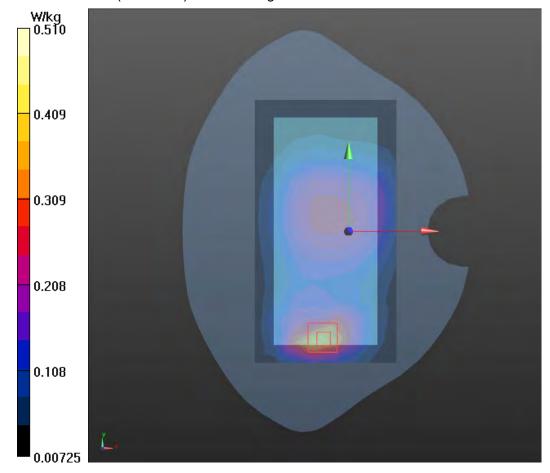
#### Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.596 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.711 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.476 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 W/kg





# Plot 62 UMTS Band IV Front Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/29

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.312$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.365$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 W/kg

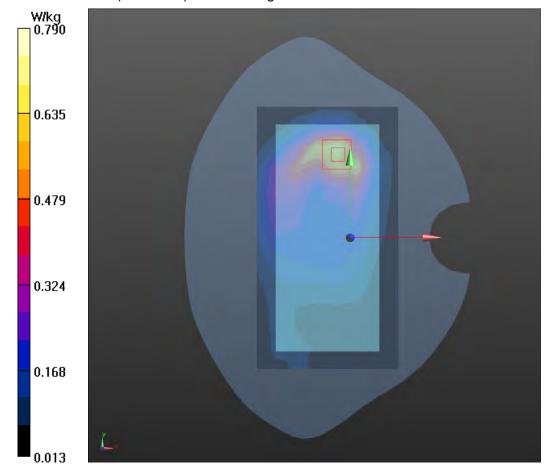
#### Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.684 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.790 W/kg





# Plot 63 UMTS Band V Front Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/25

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.953$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.762$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 W/kg

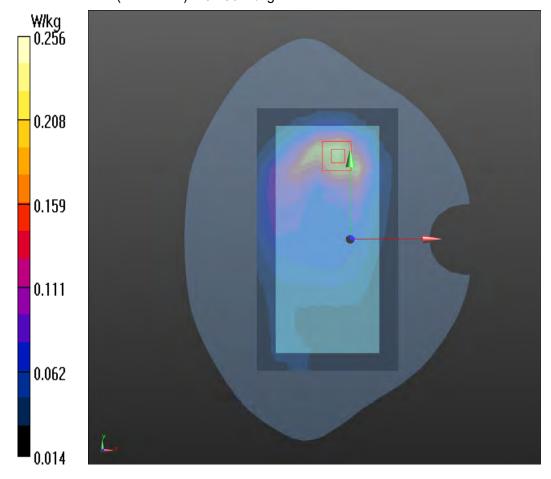
#### Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.884 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg





# Plot 64 LTE Band 2 1RB Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/21

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.434$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.861$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side High/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.51 W/kg

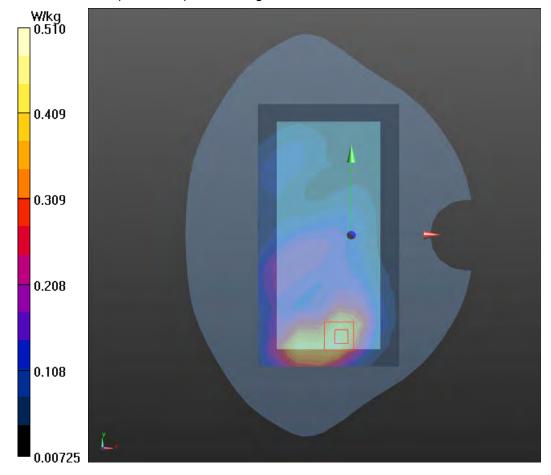
#### Front Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.509 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.51W/kg





# Plot 65 LTE Band 5 1RB Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/6/25

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.958$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.728$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side High/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.615 W/kg

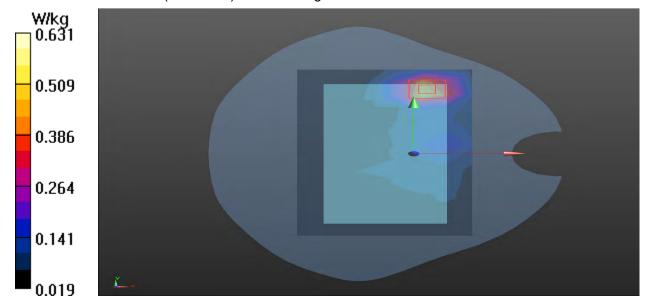
#### Front Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.969 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.471 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 W/kg





#### Plot 66 LTE Band 38 1RB Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/1

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2610 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.027$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.056$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side High/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

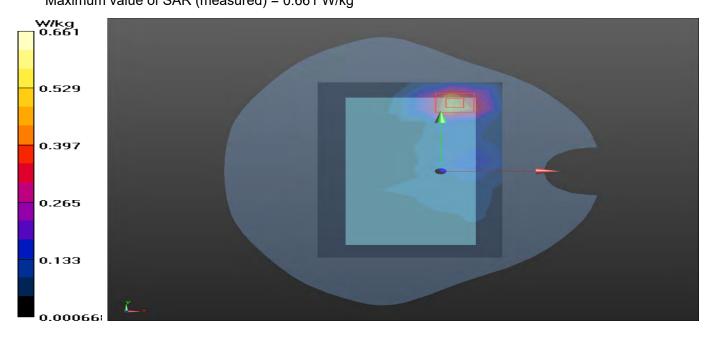
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 W/kg

#### Front Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.045 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 0.490 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 W/kg





#### Plot 67 LTE Band 41 1RB Front Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/1

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2593MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2593MHz;  $\sigma = 2.063 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.918$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### Front Side Middle/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.505 W/kg

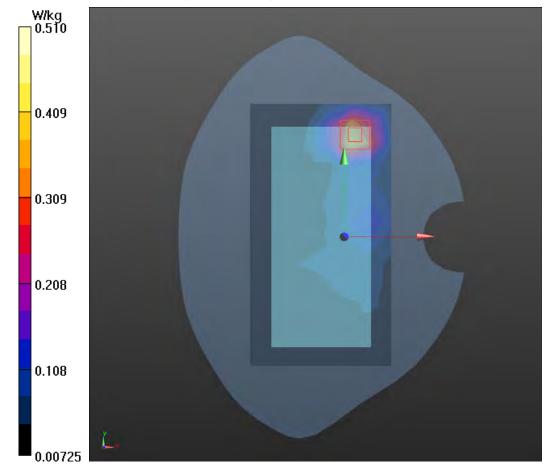
#### Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.360 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

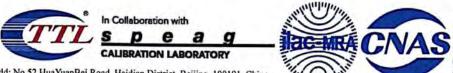
#### SAR(1 g) = 0.497 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 W/kg





# ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate (SN: 3677)



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Client

TA(Shanghai)



Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

Certificate No: Z21-60285

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: August 12, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards		ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2		101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z	91	101547	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 101548			15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Reference 10dBAttenuator 18N50W-10dB			10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenuator 18N50W-20d		18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN 3617			27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan2	1) Jan-22
DAE4		SN 1556	15-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Jan	21) Jan-22
Secondary Standards ID#		ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3	700A	6201052605	16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	Jun-22
Network Analyzer E50	71C	MY46110673	21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Jan-22
	Nar	ne	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu	Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	1
Reviewed by:	Lin	Нао	SAR Test Engineer	林治
Approved by:	Qi	Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	20/
				J

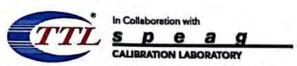
Issued: August 14, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Page 1 of 9





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, y, z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)\*, July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the

frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx, y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.

Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy); in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Page 2 of 9





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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3677

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²)A	0.41	0.46	0.40	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.3	101.9	101.5	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0 CW	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	158.2	±2.0%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		170.4	-
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		156.9	7

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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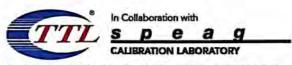
Page 3 of 9

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3677

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct.
750		-	0.04	0.04	9.64	0.40	0.80	(k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.64	9.64				±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.16	1.29	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.24	1.00	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.24	1.10	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.21	1.17	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.67	7.67	7.67	0.66	0.68	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.66	0.70	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.25	7.25	7.25	0.62	0.73	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.45	0.94	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.45	0.98	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.45	1.04	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.62	6.62	6.62	0.40	1.25	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.66	6.66	6.66	0.30	1.38	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.50	1.13	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.45	5.45	5.45	0.50	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.60	1.15	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.55	1.26	±13.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

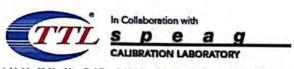
Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 4 of 9

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

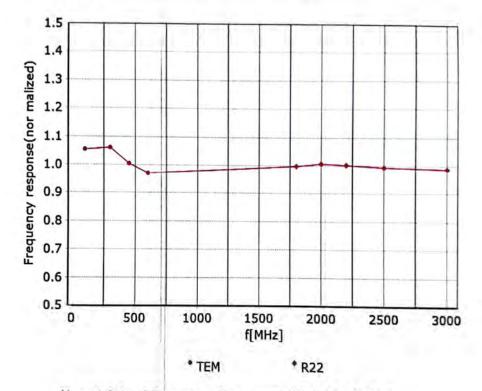
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 5 of 9



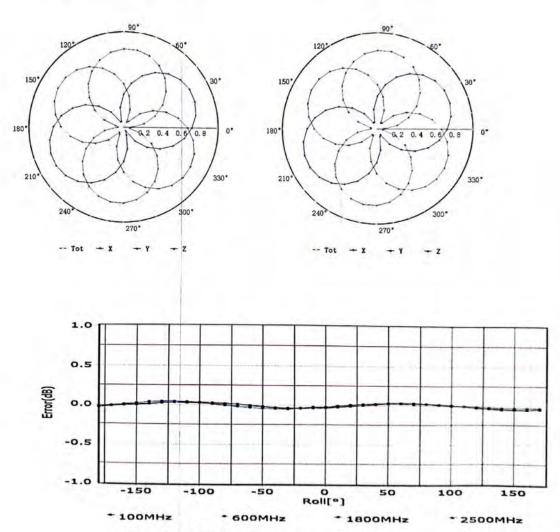


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# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

# f=1800 MHz, R22

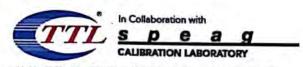


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

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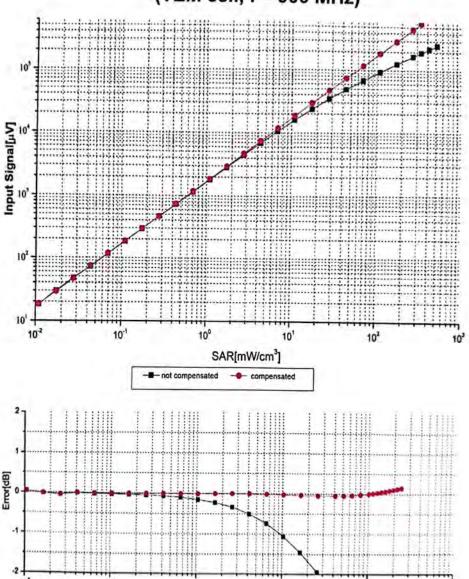
Page 6 of 9

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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

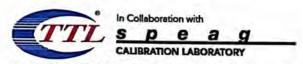
SAR[mW/cm³]

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 7 of 9

- - not compensated



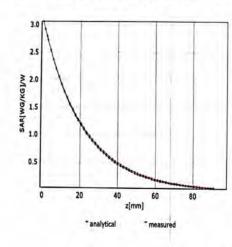


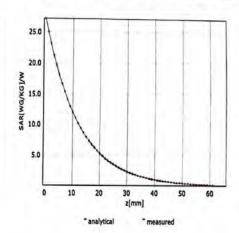
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# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

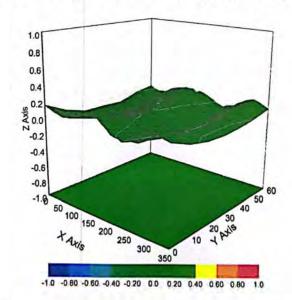
### f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

# f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)





# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 8 of 9



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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3677

#### Other Probe Parameters

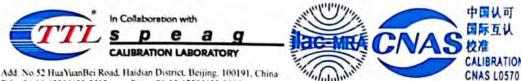
Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	117.4		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enable		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10mm		
Tip Length	9mm		
Tip Diameter	2.5mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm		

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 9 of 9



# ANNEX E: Probe Calibration Certificate (SN: 7543)



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Certificate No: Z21-60417

Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN: 7543

TA(Shanghai)

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

Client

December 28, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	1	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP- Power sensor NRP- Reference 10dBAtte Reference 20dBAtte Reference Probe EX DAE4	Z91 nuator nuator	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 3617 SN 1555	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan2 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Feb-22 Feb-22 Jan-22
Secondary Standards	14	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	0.1.1.1.2.2.1
A second contract of the second contract of t	3700A 5071C	6201052605 MY46110673	16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) 21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-22
Calibrated by:	Yu	me Zongying	Function SAR Test Engineer	Signature
Reviewed by:	Lir	n Hao	SAR Test Engineer	献光
Approved by:	Qi	Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	So
	Y			

Issued: December 30, 2021 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60417

Page 1 of 9



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, \*Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)\*. July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010.

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

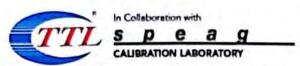
#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:Z21-60417

Page 2 of 9





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# DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7543

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.62	0.69	0.55	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>8</sup>	100.4	104.2	102.3	

### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	1	A dB	B dBõV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0 CW	cw	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	197.2	±2.7%
	124	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		206.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		180.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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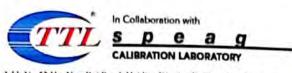
Page 3 of 9

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7543

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10,27	10.27	10.27	0.17	1.26	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.89	9.89	9.89	0.14	1.62	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.28	0.95	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.20	8.20	8.20	0.28	1.03	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.23	8.23	8.23	0.26	1.08	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.62	0.70	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.49	7.49	7.49	0.68	0.69	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.50	0.81	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.41	1.05	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.79	6.79	6.79	0.43	1.03	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.51	6.51	6.51	0.44	1.01	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.40	6.40	6.40	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.49	6.49	6.49	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.45	1.20	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.16	6.16	6.16	0.45	1.20	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.95	5.95	5.95	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.44	5.44	5.44	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.55	1.20	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.55	1.25	±13.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Certificate No:Z21-60417

Page 4 of 9

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. General Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary

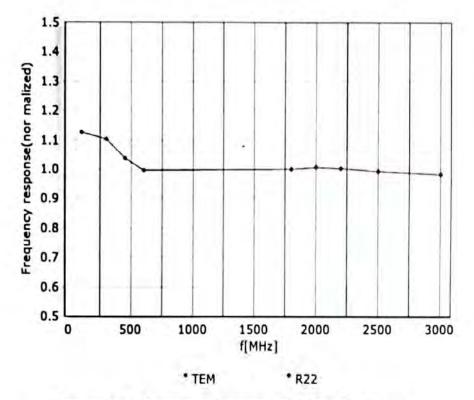


AR Test Report No.: R2207A0659-S1



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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

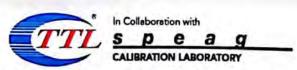


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z21-60417

Page 5 of 9





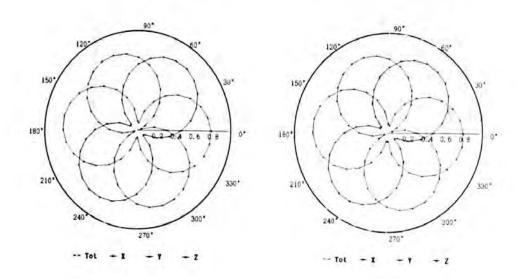
Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel; +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

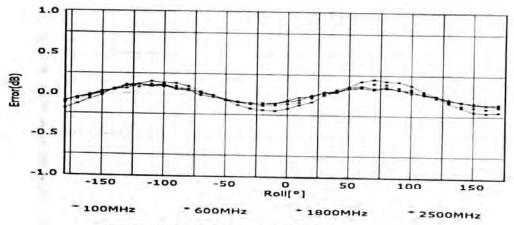
# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

# f=1800 MHz, R22

Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

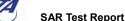


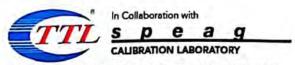


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z21-60417

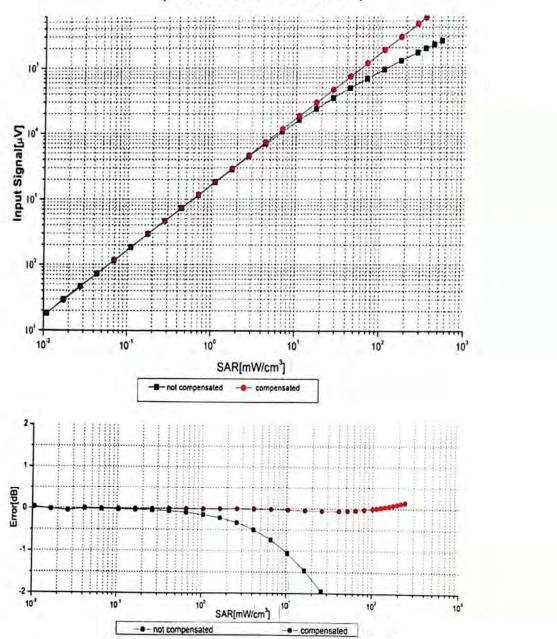
Page 6 of 9





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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



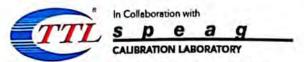
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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Page 7 of 9



R Test Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

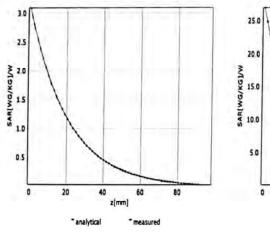


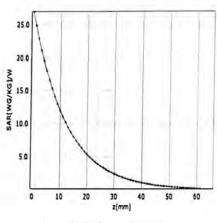
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# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

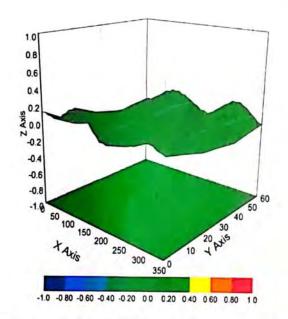
# f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

# f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)





# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

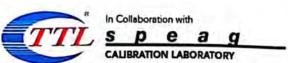


Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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Page 8 of 9





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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7543

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	50.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z21-60417

Page 9 of 9



AR Test Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

# **ANNEX F: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No:

Z20-60296

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 28, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

Calibrated	by:	

Name Zhao Jing Function

Signature

Reviewed by:

.....

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Lin Hao

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Test Engineer

SAR Project Leader

A THE

Issued: September 3, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-60296

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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60296

Page 2 of 8





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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.65 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.37 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

# Body TSL parameters The following parameters a

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	440	

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.76 W /kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.40 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8





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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8Ω+ 1.73jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0Ω- 2.47jΩ
Return Loss	- 26,2dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

258 ns
1.2

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
mandiactared by	7.60

Certificate No: Z20-60296

Page 4 of 8

Date: 08.28.2020



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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.877$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.23$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

# Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

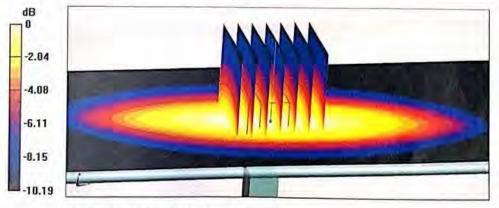
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



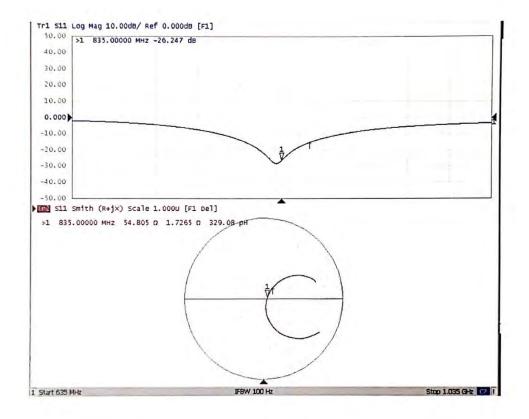
0 dB = 3.12 W/kg = 4.94 dBW/kg

Page 5 of 8



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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8

Date: 08.28.2020



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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.958$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.02$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.53, 9.53, 9.53) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

# Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

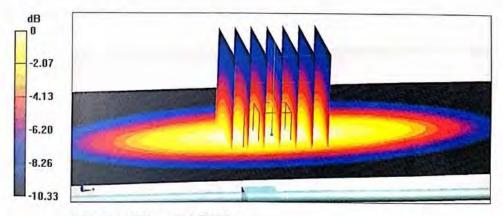
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 15.8 mm

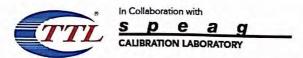
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 W/kg



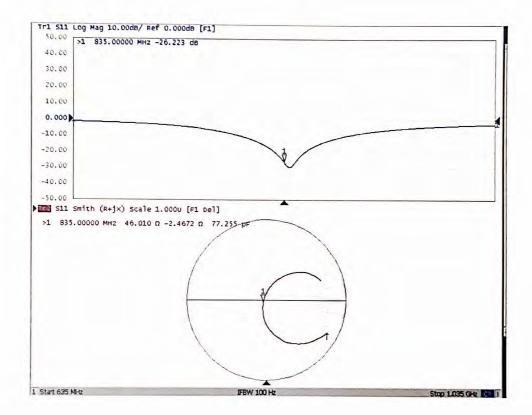
0 dB = 3.24 W/kg = 5.11 dBW/kg

Page 7 of 8



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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60296

Page 8 of 8



# **ANNEX G: D1750V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**



TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60079 Client

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

Feburary 25, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	25-Mar-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60064)	Mar-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	三 林光
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	The state of the s
		Iss	sued: Feburary 29, 2020

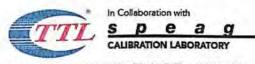
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Page 1 of 8







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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z ConvF not applicable or not measured N/A

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 2 of 8



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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		_

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	8.93 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	35.9 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.71 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	18.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.9 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.8 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8





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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω- 0.06 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 38.3 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.5Ω- 0.85 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.085 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 4 of 8







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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 02.25.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.349$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-03-25
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

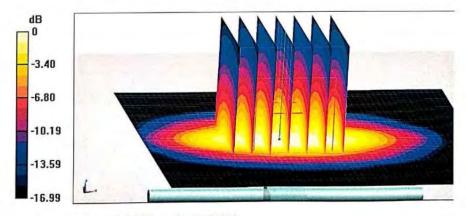
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 8.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.71 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.5%

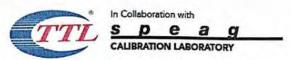
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg



0 dB = 13.9 W/kg = 11.43 dBW/kg

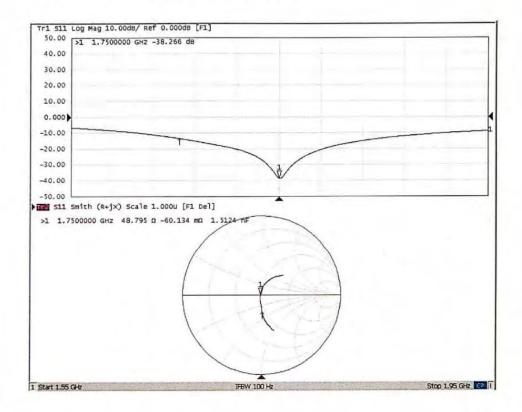
Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 5 of 8



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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8

Date: 02.25.2020



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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.482$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.35$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-03-25
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

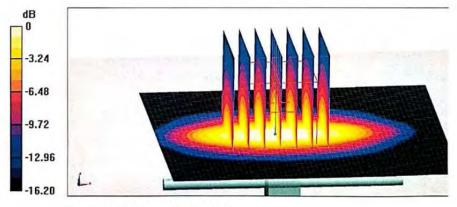
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 56%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



0 dB = 14.1 W/kg = 11.49 dBW/kg

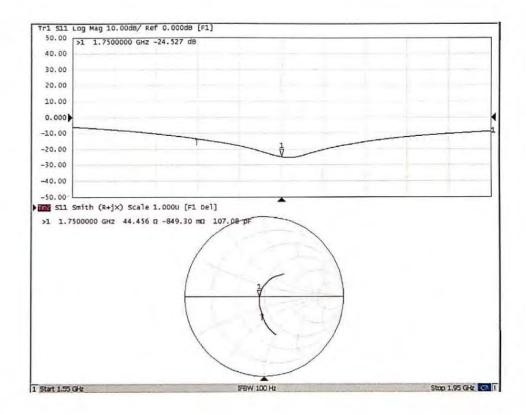
Page 7 of 8





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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 8 of 8



ANNEX H: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No:

Z20-60297

Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

Calibrated by:

Name Zhao Jing Function

Signature

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Test Engineer

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

SAR Test Engineer

Sura

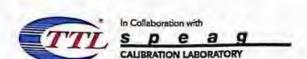
Issued: September 3, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Page 1 of 8





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lossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

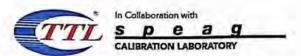
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60297

Page 2 of 8





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# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52,10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.5 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8





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In Collaboration with

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

ALIERATION LABORATORY

# Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5Q+ 6.58jQ
Return Loss	- 23 3dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0Ω+ 6,72jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.9dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.061 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z20-60297

Page 4 of 8

Date: 08.27.2020



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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.404 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

#### System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

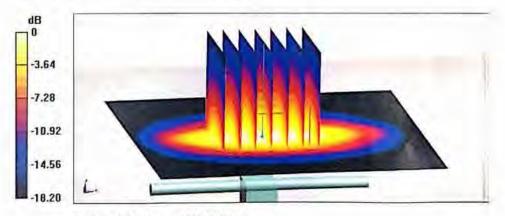
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



0 dB = 15.6 W/kg = 11.93 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60297

Page 5 of 8

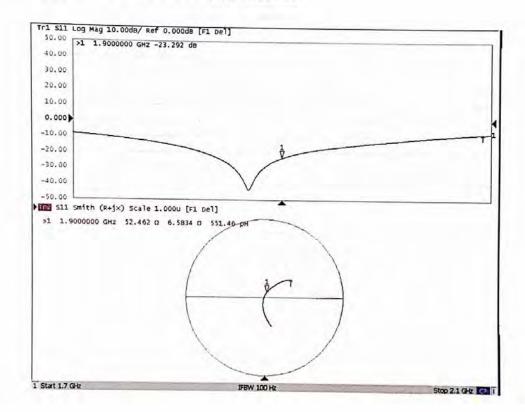






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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.27.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.508 S/m; ε<sub>r</sub> = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

**DASY5 Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

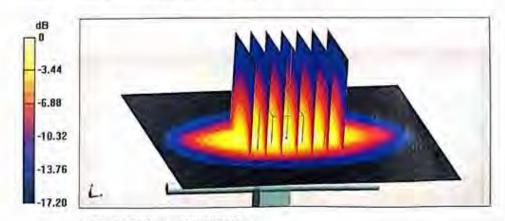
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 55.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



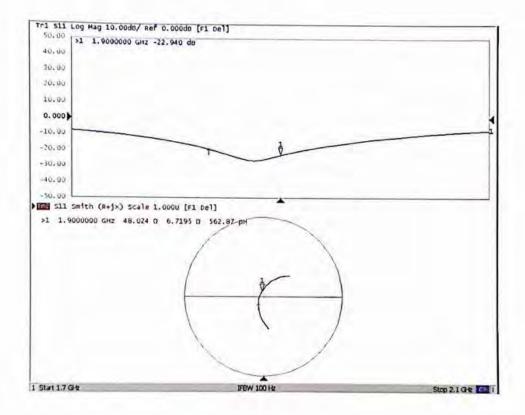
0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

Page 7 of 8



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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Page 8 of 8



# **ANNEX I: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**



Z20-60298 Certificate No: TA(Shanghai) Client

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 786

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46107873	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Function	Signature
Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	Market III de
Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	横路
Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	122
	Lin Hao	Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-60298

Page 1 of 8







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Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, v, z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", September 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Page 2 of 8



**SAR Test Report** 



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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	_	eine :

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13,0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.3 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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Page 3 of 8





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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω+ 1.44 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.9dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9Ω+ 5.09 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.8dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.018 ns
the state of the s	1.010113

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z20-60298

Page 4 of 8

Date: 08.27.2020



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.787$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_f = 39.53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

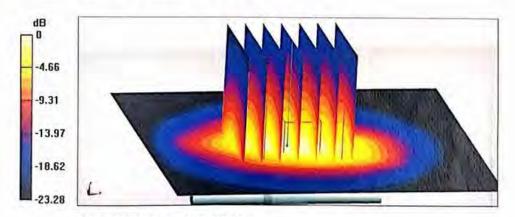
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



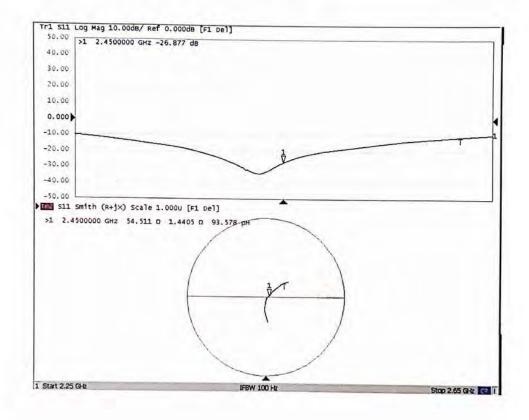
0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

Page 5 of 8



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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8





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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; α = 1.938 S/m; ε<sub>t</sub> = 52.06; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

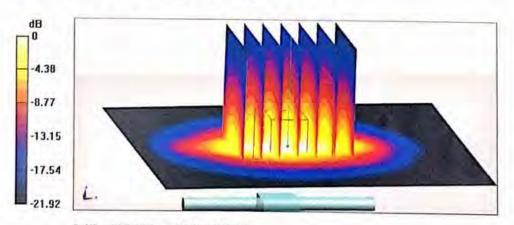
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

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Page 7 of 8

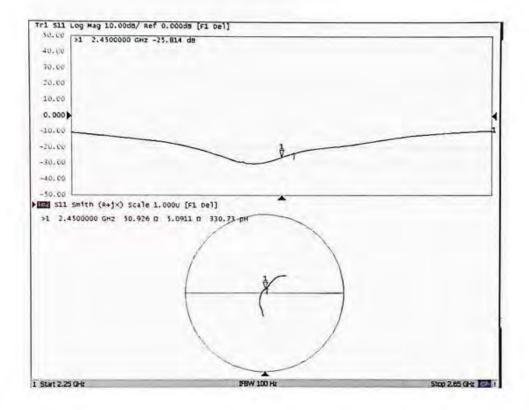
Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

Date: 08.27.2020



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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60298

Page 8 of 8



AR Test Report Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

# **ANNEX J: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**



TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z21-60156 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits Calibration date: April 23, 2021 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22±3)% and humidity<70% Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID) # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power Meter NRP2 106276 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 Power sensor NRP6A 101369 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 SN 3617 Reference Probe EX3DV4 27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No. EX3-3617 Jan21) Jan-22 DAE4 SN 777 08-Jan-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60003) Jan-22 Secondary Standards ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Signal Generator E4438C 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593) MY49071430 Jan-22 Network Analyzer E5071C MY46110673 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232) Jan-22 Name Function Calibrated by: SAR Test Engineer Zhao Jing Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader Issued: April 29, 2021 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 1 of 6





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013. "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices. Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1; Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 2 of 6





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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1. DASY Version DASY52 V52 10.4 Extrapolation Advanced Extrapolation Phantom Triple Flat Phantom 5 1C

Distance Dipole Center - TSL 10 mm with Spacer Zoom Scan Resolution dx, dy, dz = 5 mm Frequency 2600 MHz ± 1 MHz

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.9 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		_

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.1 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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Page 3 of 6





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### Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1Ω- 7.19)Ω	
Return Loss	- 22 9dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

- Control of the Cont		_
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.055 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manus Control of the	
Manufactured by	SPEAG
	SI LAG

Certificate No: Z21-60156



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 04.23.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.944 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_i = 39.94$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-01-27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 2021-01-08
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4): SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

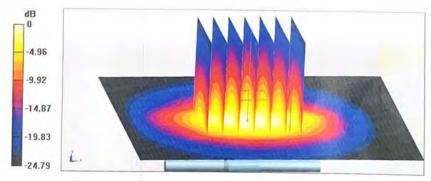
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 44%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.4 W/kg



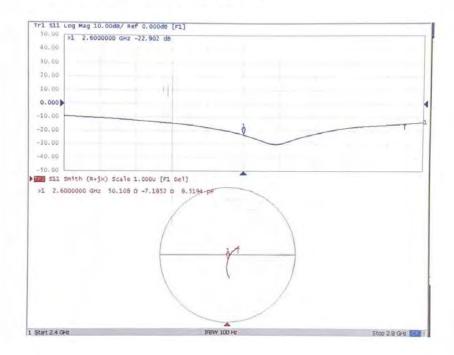
0 dB = 24.4 W/kg = 13.87 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 5 of 6



#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 6 of 6



# **ANNEX K: DAE4 Calibration Certificate (SN: 1692)**

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client TA-SH (Auden) Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-1692 Oct21

CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BO - SN: 1692	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration proces	dure for the data acquisition elec	ctronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	October 04, 2021		
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laboratory	nal standards, which realize the physical unbability are given on the following pages and tacility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&)	4.5	derrica a ser	
Ceithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 31-Aug-21 (No:31368)	Scheduled Calibration
econdary Standards	has a	27 (10.01000)	Aug-22
auto DAE Calibration Unit	ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	Check Date (in house) 07-Jan-21 (in house check) 07-Jan-21 (in house check)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-22 In house check: Jan-22
	Name	Function	Signature
calibrated by:	Adrian Gehring	Laboratory Technician	
	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	i.V. Blume
pproved by:			
pproved by:		ull without written approval of the laboratory	Secured: October 4, 2024

Certificate No: DAE4-1692\_Oct21

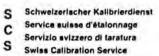
Page 1 of 5



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot Connector angle

coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1692\_Oct21

Page 2 of 5



# DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = full range = -100...+300 mV full range = -1......+3mV 6.1μV , Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.451 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.531 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.388 ± 0.02% (k=2)
		4.00333 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

#### **Connector Angle**

	Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	334.5°±1°
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Certificate No: DAE4-1692\_Oct21

Page 3 of 5

SAR Test Report

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199998.31	2.10	0.00
Channel X + Input	20004.35	2.07	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19997,45	4.22	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199996.63	0.87	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20001.14	-1.08	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20002.28	-0.47	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199998.12	1.98	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20002.54	0.26	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20001.19	0.53	-0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.64	0.32	0.02
Channel X + Input	202.20	0.58	0.29
Channel X - Input	-197.54	0.78	-0.39
Channel Y + Input	1999.35	-1.87	-0.09
Channel Y + Input	200.36	-1.25	-0.62
Channel Y - Input	-199.29	-0.98	0.49
Channel Z + Input	2000.89	-0.32	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	200.91	-0.59	-0.29
Channel Z - Input	-199.57	-1.16	0.58

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	15.85	13.56
	- 200	-12.16	-14.19
Channel Y	200	21.51	20.97
	- 200	-24.04	-24.35
Channel Z	200	-6.87	-7.13
	- 200	6.28	5.75

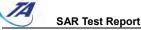
#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		-0.88	-2.39
Channel Y	200	6.27		2.31
Channel Z	200	8.86	3.02	

Certificate No: DAE4-1692\_Oct21

Page 4 of 5



R Test Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

# 4. AD-Converter Values with Inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15949	15587
Channel Y	15899	16465
Channel Z	15625	15999

# 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10 M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	1.24	-0.39	2.50	0.44
Channel Y	-0.70	-1.86	0.77	0.48
Channel Z	-0.23	-1.42	0.54	0.37

### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1692\_Oct21

Page 5 of 5



# ANNEX L: DAE4 Calibration Certificate (SN: 1291)



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn



Certificate No: Z22-60098

#### TA(Shanghai) Client : CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE4 - SN: 1291 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics Calibration date: March 24, 2022 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Process Calibrator 753 1971018 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465) Jun-22 Name Function Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Certificate No: Z22-60098

Page 1 of 3

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: March 28, 2022







Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z22-60098

Page 2 of 3



In Collaboration with

S. D. E. a. g.

CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Report No.: R2207A0659-S1

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

#### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{High Range:} & 1 \mbox{LSB} = & 6.1 \mu\mbox{V} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & -100...+300 \mbox{ mV} \\ \mbox{Low Range:} & 1 \mbox{LSB} = & 61 \mbox{nV} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & -1......+3 \mbox{mV} \\ \mbox{DASY measurement parameters:} & \mbox{Auto Zero Time: 3 sec;} & \mbox{Measuring time: 3 sec} \end{array}$ 

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	402.577 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.249 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.164 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97371 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97778 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97281 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	167° ± 1 °

Certificate No: Z22-60098

Page 3 of 3



# **ANNEX M: The EUT Appearance**

The EUT Appearance are submitted separately.



# **ANNEX N: Test Setup Photos**

The Test Setup Photos are submitted separately.



# **ANNEX O: Product Change Description**

The Product Change Description are submitted separately.