



# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant** ZTE Corporation  
**FCC ID** SRQ-MF928  
**Product** LTE ufi Hotspot  
**Model** MF928  
**Report No.** R2006A0416-R4  
**Issue Date** July 16, 2020

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2019)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Performed by: Peng Tao

Approved by: Kai Xu

## TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China

TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3

FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000



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## Summary of measurement results

Number	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Maximum conducted output power	15.247(b)(3)	PASS
2	6 dB bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	PASS
3	Power spectral density	15.247(e)	PASS
4	Band Edge	15.247(d)	PASS
5	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	15.247(d)	PASS
6	Unwanted Emissions	15.247(d),15.205,15.209	PASS
7	Conducted Emissions	15.207	PASS
Date of Testing: March 9, 2018 ~ March 27, 2018 and July 16, 2020			
Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.			

## 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

### 1.2. Test facility

#### **FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### **A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

### 1.3. Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong  
City: Shanghai  
Post code: 201201  
Country: P. R. China  
Contact: Xu Kai  
Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3  
Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000  
Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>  
E-mail: [xukai@ta-shanghai.com](mailto:xukai@ta-shanghai.com)

## 2. General Description of Equipment under Test

### 2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant	ZTE Corporation
Applicant address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer	ZTE Corporation
Manufacturer address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

### 2.2. General information

EUT Description	
Model	MF928
IMEI	866987050000794
Hardware Version	MF928-1.0.0
Software Version	BD_RWMF928V0.0.0B02
Power Supply	Battery/AC adapter
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)
Antenna Gain	2.36 dBi
additional beamforming gain	NA
Test Mode	802.11b 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/HT40);
Modulation Type	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n(HT20/HT40): OFDM
Max. Conducted Power	Wi-Fi 2.4G :18.37dBm
Operating Frequency Range(s)	802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz
EUT Accessory	
Adapter 1	Manufacturer: DONGGUAN AOHAI POWER TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Model: STC-A51D-Z
Adapter 2	Manufacturer: SHENZHEN RUIJING INDUSTRIAL CO LTD Model: STC-A51D-Z
Battery	Manufacturer: HARBIN COSLIGHT POWER CO LTD Model: Li3820T43P3h715345



USB Cable 1	Manufacturer: LUXSHARE-ICT 100cm Cable, Shielded
USB Cable 2	Manufacturer: kingpower-tech 100cm Cable, Shielded
<p>Note: 1. The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant.</p> <p>2. There is more than one USB cable and one Adapter, each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, and however, only the worst case (USB cable 1/ Adapter 1) will be recorded in this report.</p>	



### 3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**Test standards:**

**FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2019) Radio Frequency Devices**

**ANSI C63.10 (2013)**

**Reference standard:**

**KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02**

## 4. Test Configuration

### Test Mode

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the loop antenna is vertical, the others are vertical and horizontal. and the worst case was recorded.

In order to find the worst case condition, Pre-tests are needed at the presence of different data rate. Preliminary tests have been done on all the configuration for confirming worst case. Data rate below means worst-case rate of each test item.

### The test software is used QRCT+CMD

Worst-case data rates are shown as following table.

Band	Data Rate
802.11b	1 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0



## 5. Test Case Results

### 5.1. Maximum output power

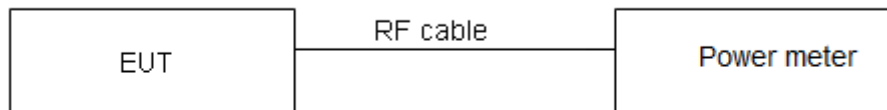
#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Power meter with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (3) specifies that " For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz: 1 Watt."

Average Output Power	$\leq 1W$ (30dBm)
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#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 0.44$  dB.

## Test Results

Single Antenna Power Index			
Packet Type	CH1	CH6	CH11
802.11b	18	19	18
802.11g	18	18	18
802.11n HT20	18	19	18
Packet Type	CH3	CH6	CH9
802.11n HT40	19	19	18

Band	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>(on+off)</sub> (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)
802.11b	12.43	12.54	0.99	NA
802.11g	2.06	2.25	0.92	0.37
802.11n HT20	1.93	2.04	0.95	0.24
802.11n HT40	0.95	1.06	0.89	0.50
Note: when Duty cycle>0.98, Duty cycle correction Factor not required.				

Network Standards	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Average Power Measured (dBm)	Average Power with duty factor (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412	18.19	18.19	30	PASS
	2437	18.37	18.37	30	PASS
	2462	17.63	17.63	30	PASS
802.11g	2412	17.31	17.68	30	PASS
	2437	16.68	17.05	30	PASS
	2462	16.75	17.12	30	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	17.07	17.31	30	PASS
	2437	17.27	17.51	30	PASS
	2462	16.54	16.78	30	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	17.46	17.96	30	PASS
	2437	17.44	17.94	30	PASS
	2452	16.76	17.26	30	PASS
Note: Average Power with duty factor = Average Power Measured +Duty cycle correction factor					

## 5.2. 99% Bandwidth and 6dB Bandwidth

### Ambient condition

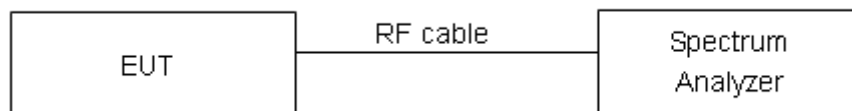
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable. RBW is set to 100 kHz; VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer.  
Dector=Peak, Trace mode=max hold.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through a known loss cable. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value.

### Test Setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (a) (2) specifies that “Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.”

minimum 6 dB bandwidth	≥ 500 kHz
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### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 936$  Hz.

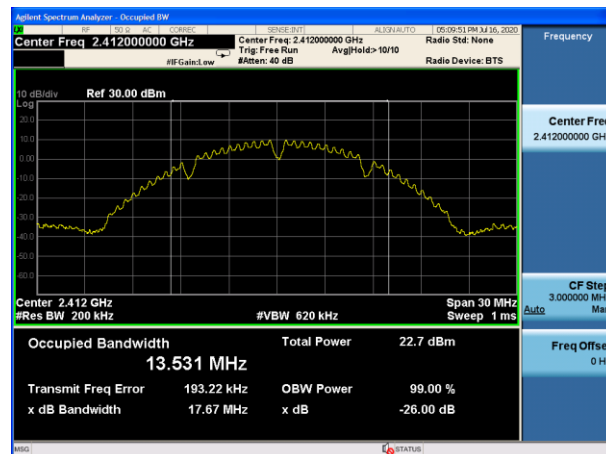
**Test Results:**

Network Standards	Carrier frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412	13.531	8.082	500	PASS
	2437	13.662	8.077	500	PASS
	2462	13.602	7.585	500	PASS
802.11g	2412	16.323	15.460	500	PASS
	2437	16.318	15.710	500	PASS
	2462	16.272	13.880	500	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	17.463	15.720	500	PASS
	2437	17.524	15.980	500	PASS
	2462	17.374	13.880	500	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	35.536	31.380	500	PASS
	2437	36.084	35.190	500	PASS
	2452	35.665	30.070	500	PASS

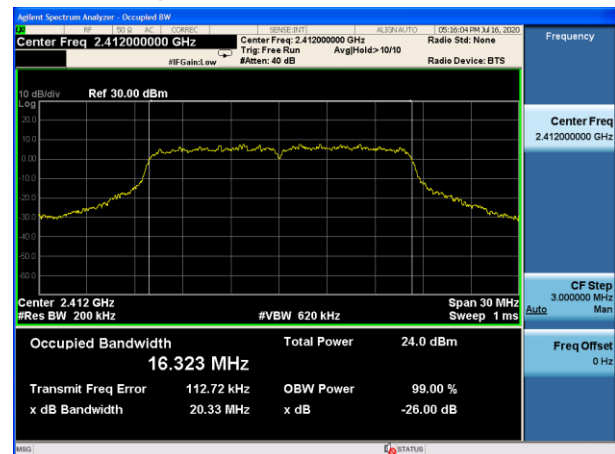


## 99%bandwidth

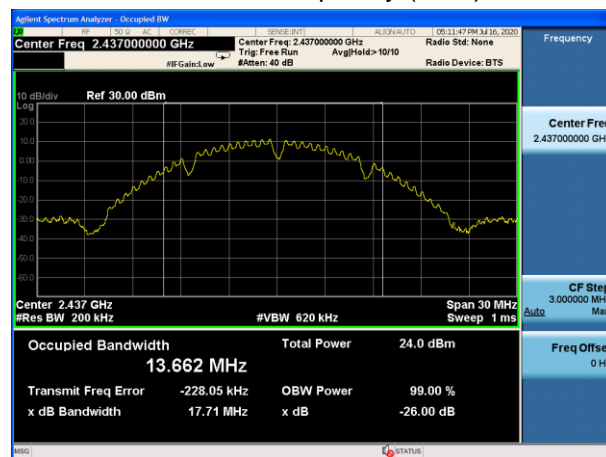
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



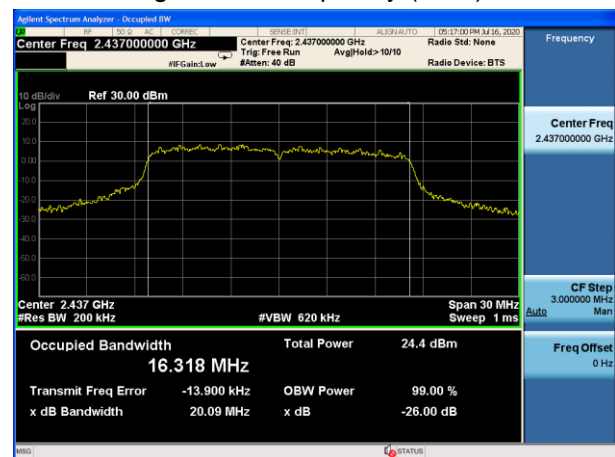
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



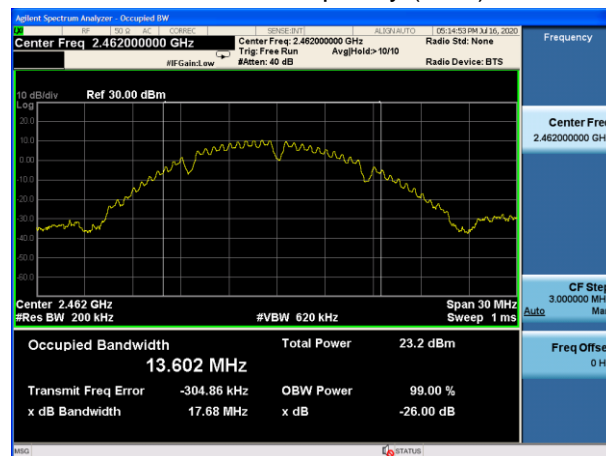
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



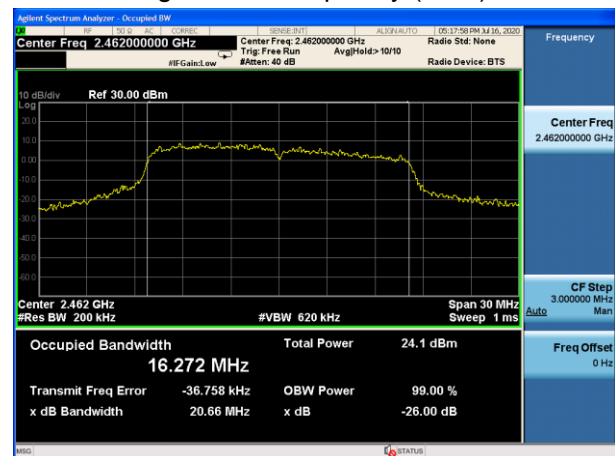
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462

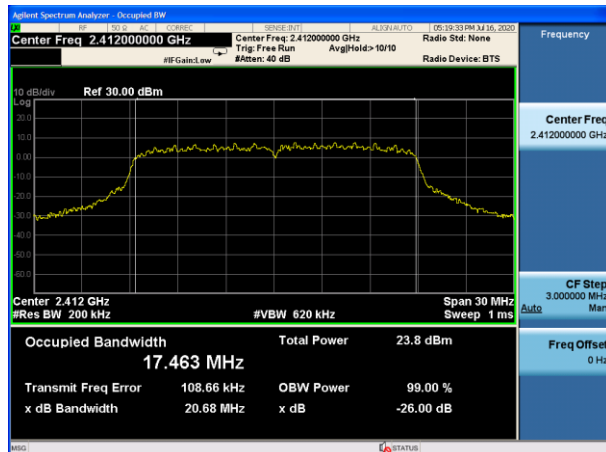


802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462

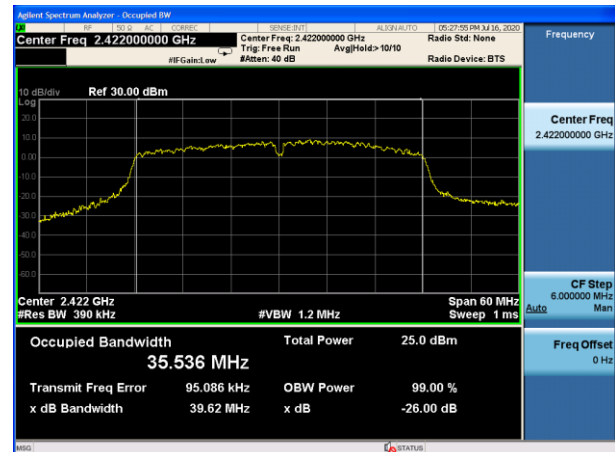




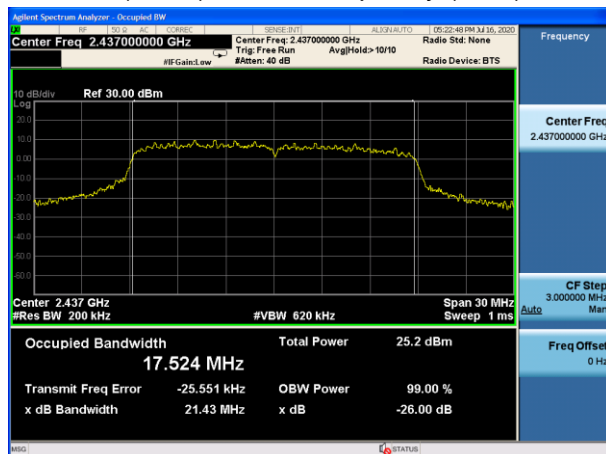
## 802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



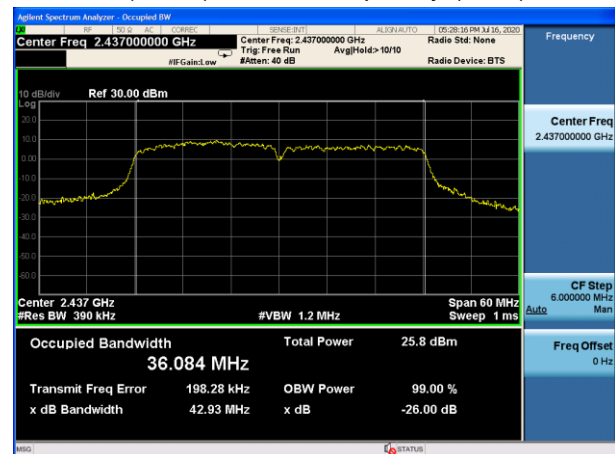
## 802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2422



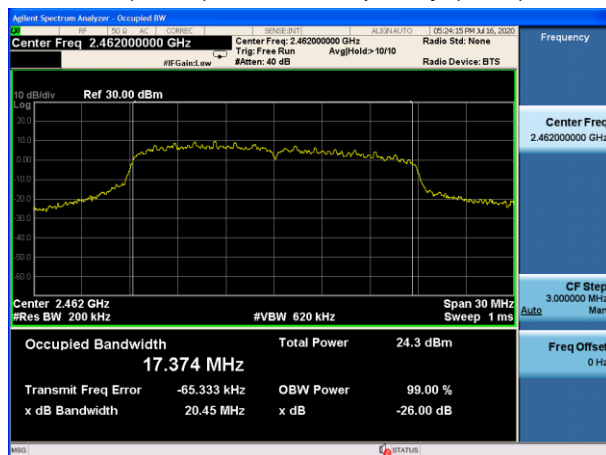
## 802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



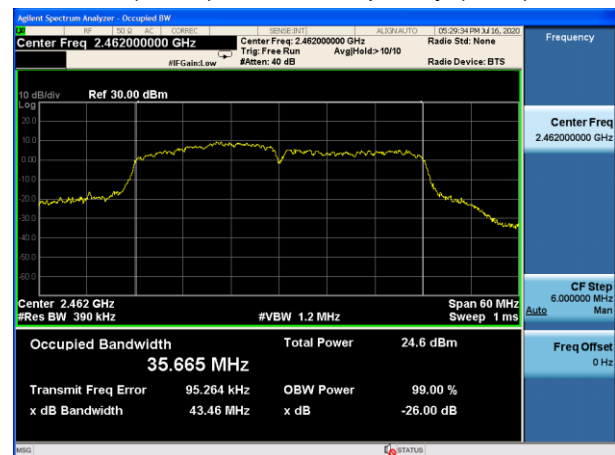
## 802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



## 802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



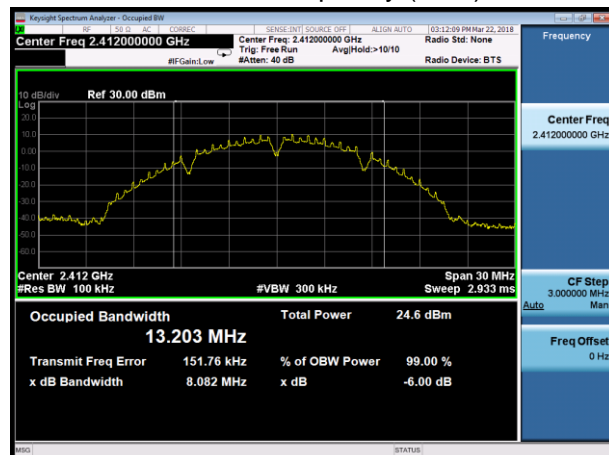
## 802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2452



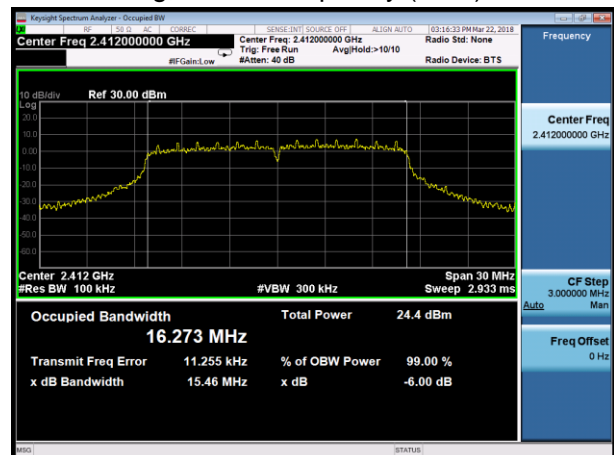


## 6 dB bandwidth

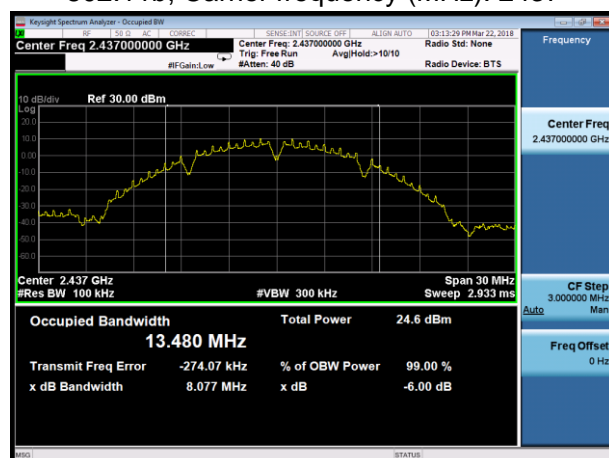
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



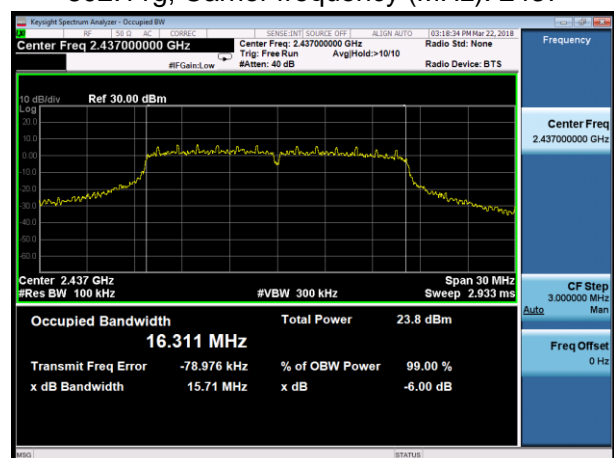
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



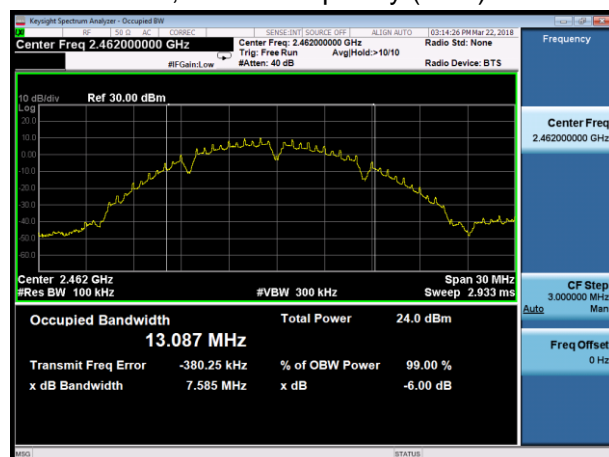
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



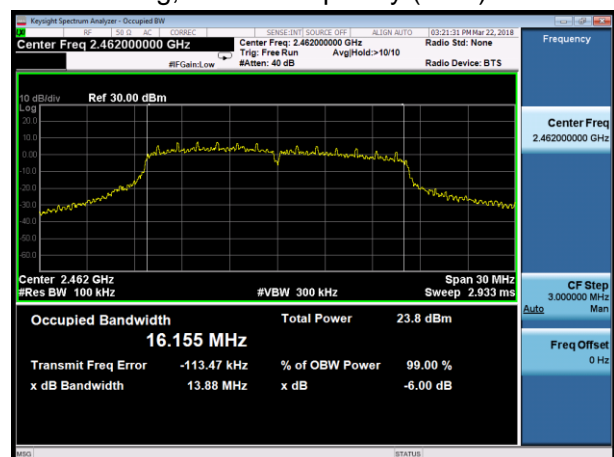
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



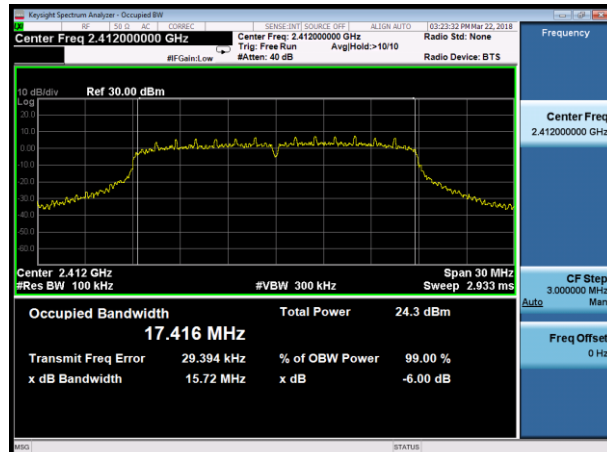
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



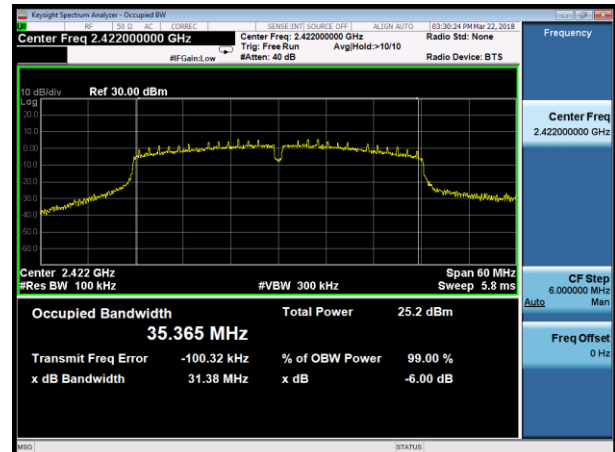




## 802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



## 802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2422



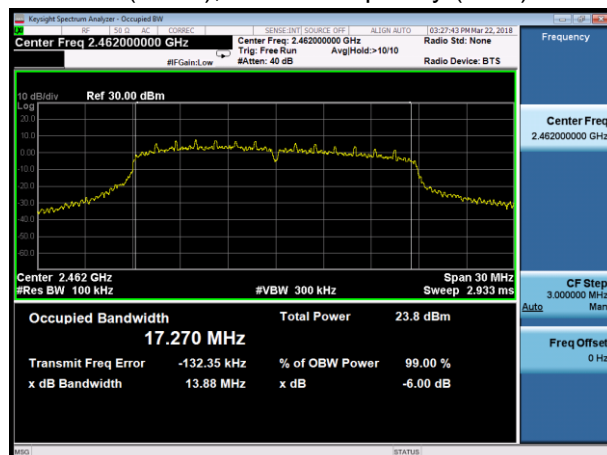
## 802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



## 802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



## 802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



## 802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2452



### 5.3. Band Edge

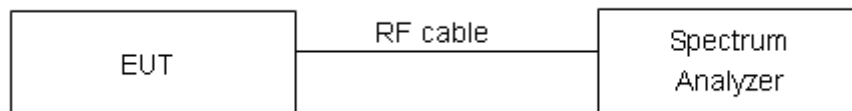
#### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable the band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The peak detector is used and RBW is set to 100 kHz and VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.” If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.”

#### Measurement Uncertainty

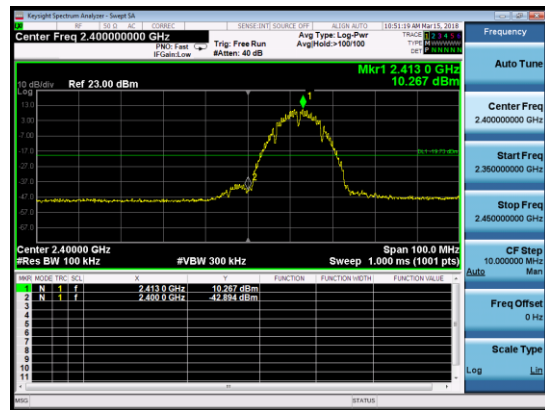
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

Frequency	Uncertainty
2GHz-3GHz	1.407 dB

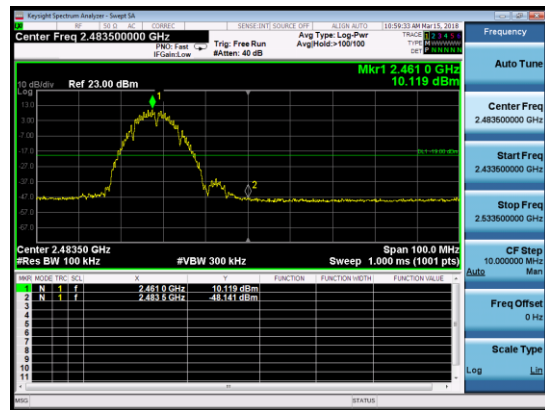


## Test Results: PASS

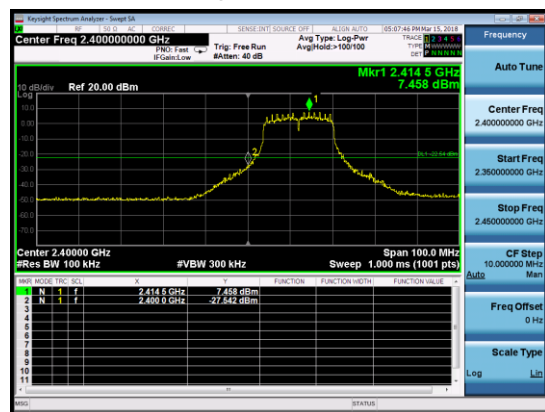
802.11b, Channel No.: 1



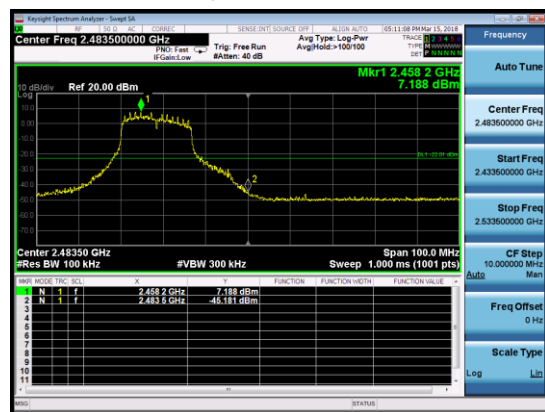
802.11b, Channel No.: 11



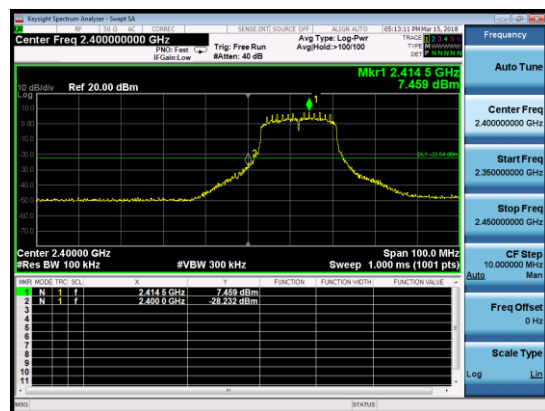
802.11g, Channel No.: 1



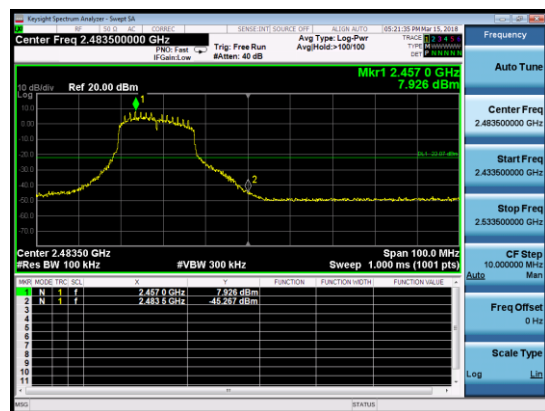
802.11g, Channel No.: 11

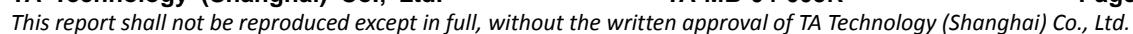


802.11n(HT20), Channel No.: 1



802.11n(HT20), Channel No.: 11





## 5.4. Power Spectral Density

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

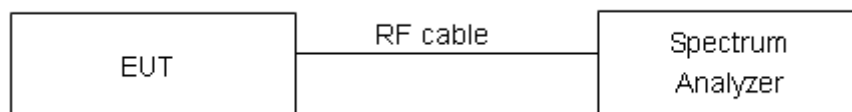
### Method of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation.

Method AVGPSD-1 was used for this test.

- Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
- Set RBW to:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{kHz}$
- Set VBW  $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$
- Detector=power averaging(rms) or sample detector(when rms not available)
- Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep  $2[2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}]$
- Sweep time auto couple
- Employ trace averaging(rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat(note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced)

### Test setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(e) specifies that” For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. ”

Limits	$\leq 8 \text{ dBm} / 3\text{kHz}$
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### Measurement Uncertainty

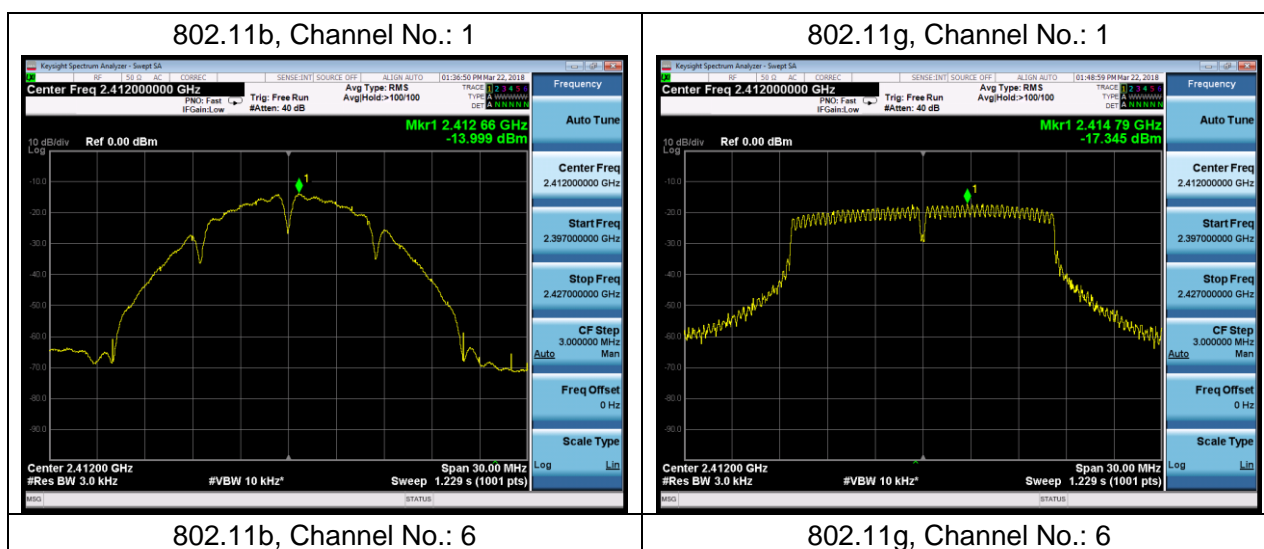
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 0.75\text{dB}$ .

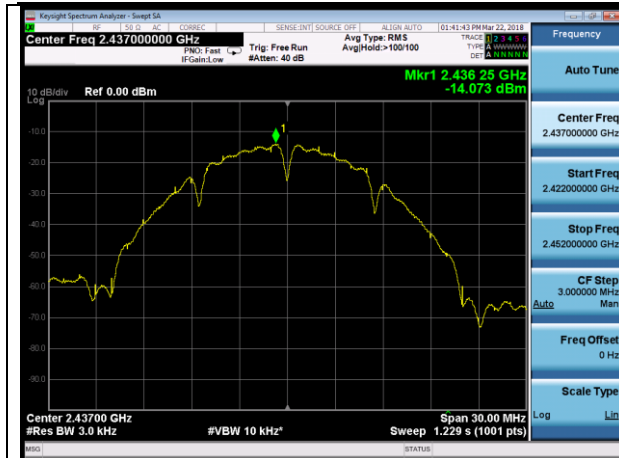


## Test Results:

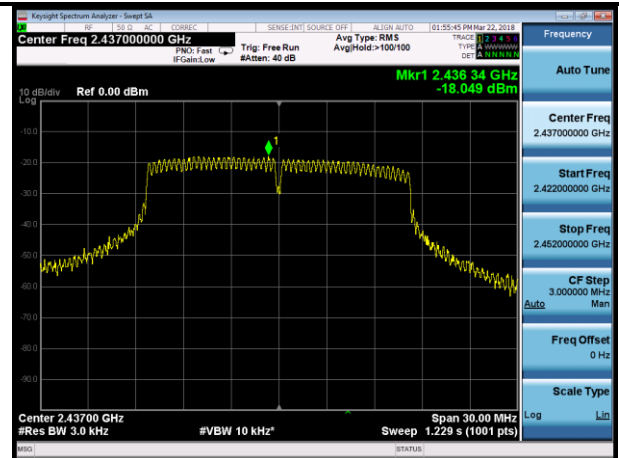
Network Standards	Channel Number	Read Value (dBm / 3kHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	1	-14.00	-14.00	8	PASS
	6	-14.07	-14.07	8	PASS
	11	-14.59	-14.59	8	PASS
802.11g	1	-17.35	-16.97	8	PASS
	6	-18.05	-17.68	8	PASS
	11	-17.19	-16.82	8	PASS
802.11n HT20	1	-17.55	-17.31	8	PASS
	6	-17.43	-17.19	8	PASS
	11	-17.34	-17.10	8	PASS
802.11n HT40	3	-19.12	-18.62	8	PASS
	6	-19.82	-19.32	8	PASS
	9	-18.73	-18.22	8	PASS

Note: Power Spectral Density = Read Value + Duty cycle correction factor

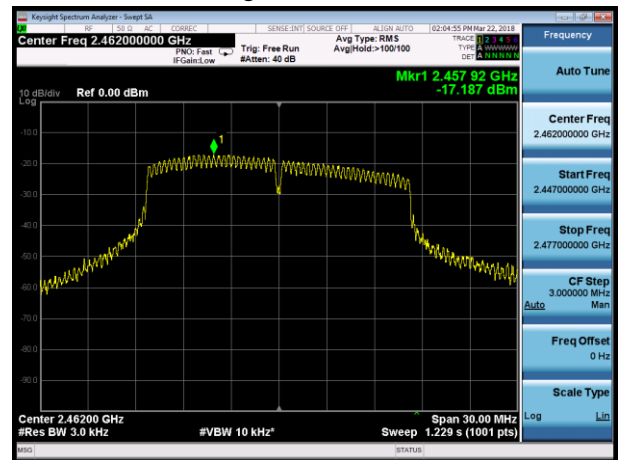
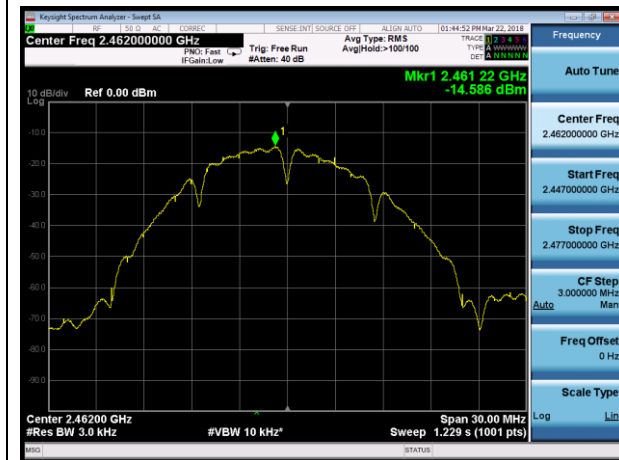




802.11b, Channel No.: 11

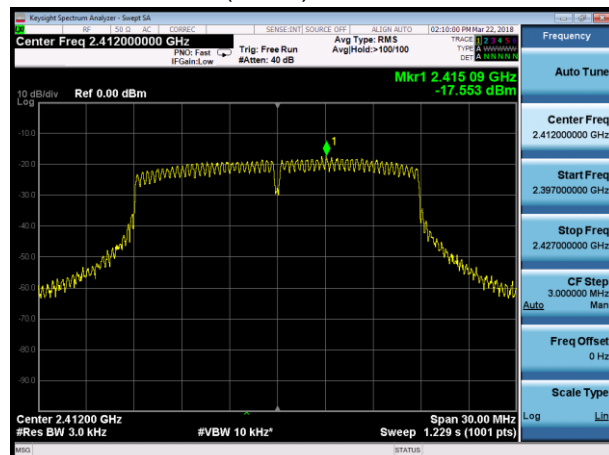


802.11g, Channel No.: 11

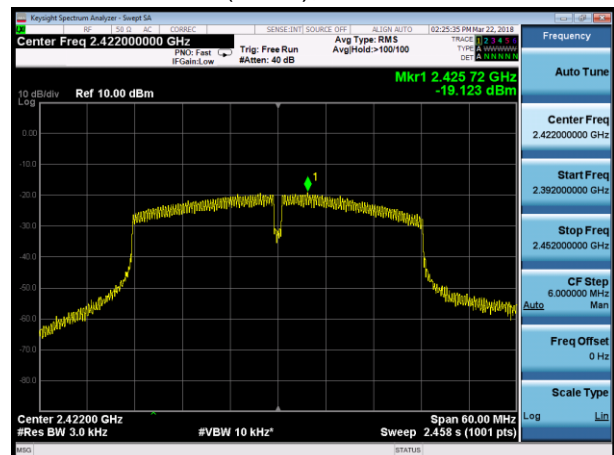




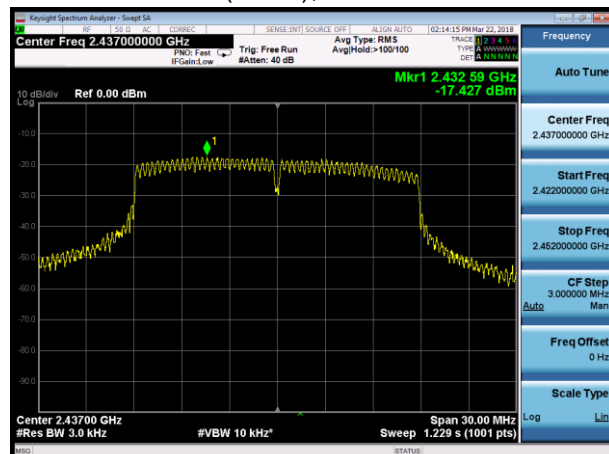
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



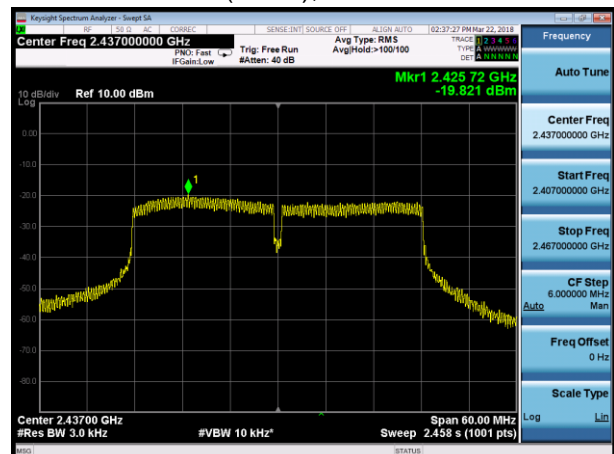
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



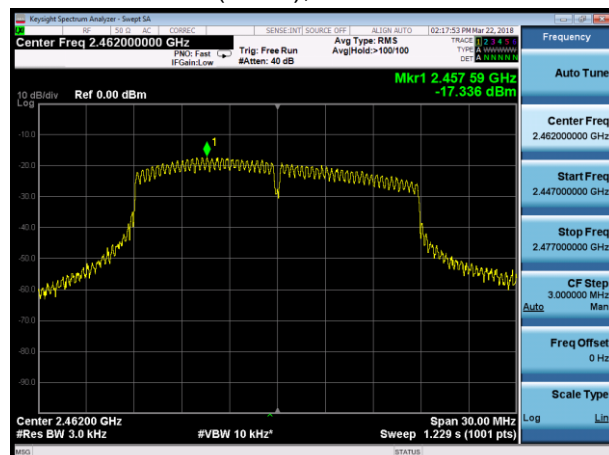
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



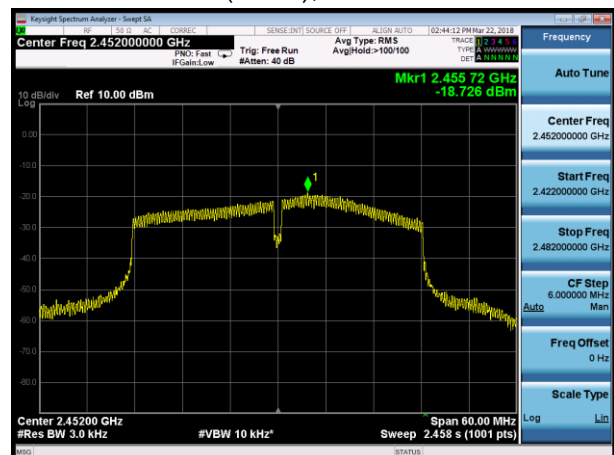
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9





## 5.5. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer with a known loss. The spectrum analyzer scans from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW to 300 kHz, Sweep is set to ATUO.

The test is in transmitting mode.

### Test setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) pacifies that “In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. ”

Network Standards	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Reference value (dBm)	Limit
802.11b	2412	9.78	-20.22
	2437	9.93	-20.07
	2462	8.01	-22.00
802.11g	2412	7.27	-22.73
	2437	6.34	-23.66
	2462	6.40	-23.60
802.11n HT20	2412	6.93	-23.07
	2437	6.98	-23.02
	2462	7.37	-22.63
802.11n HT40	2422	5.26	-24.74
	2437	4.72	-25.28
	2452	5.34	-24.66

### Measurement Uncertainty

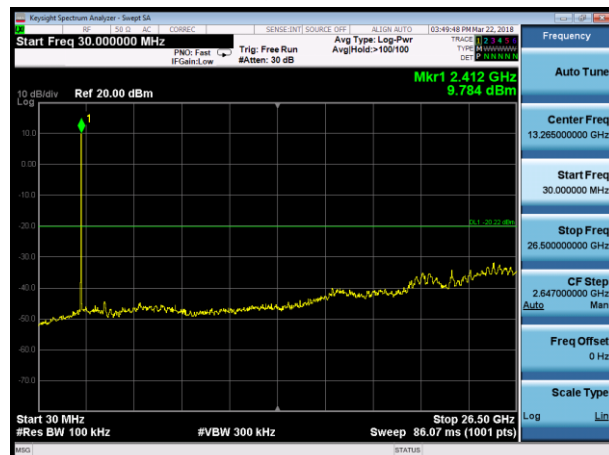
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-2GHz	0.684 dB
2GHz-26GHz	1.407 dB

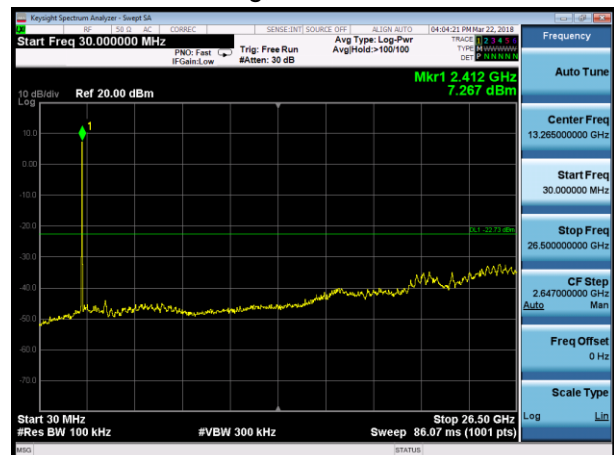


## Test Results:

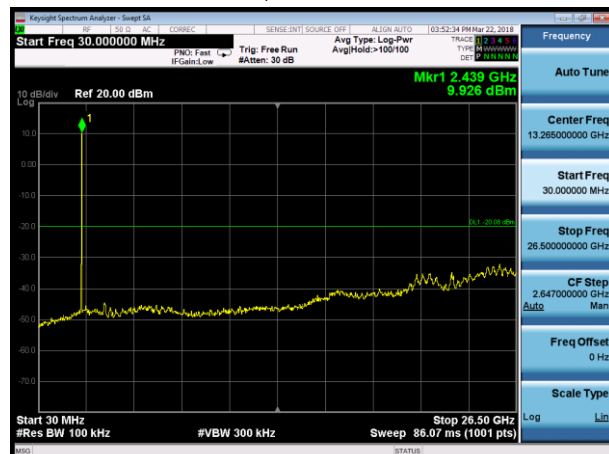
802.11b, Channel No.: 1



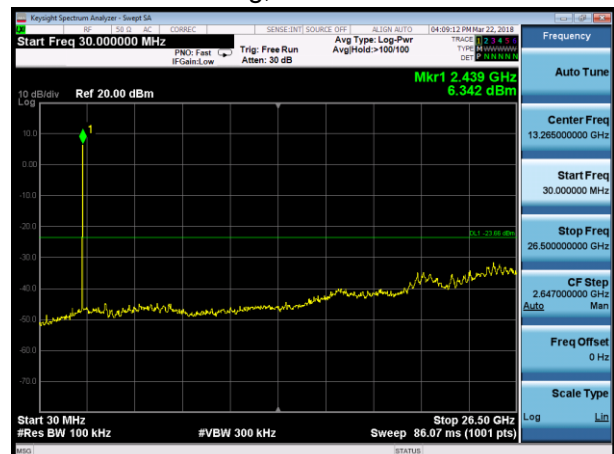
802.11g, Channel No.: 1



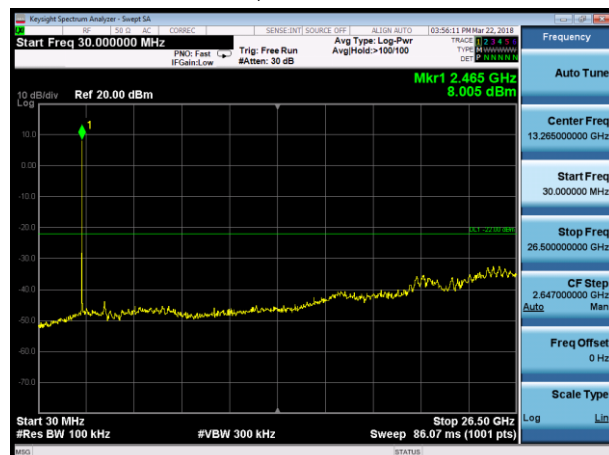
802.11b, Channel No.: 6



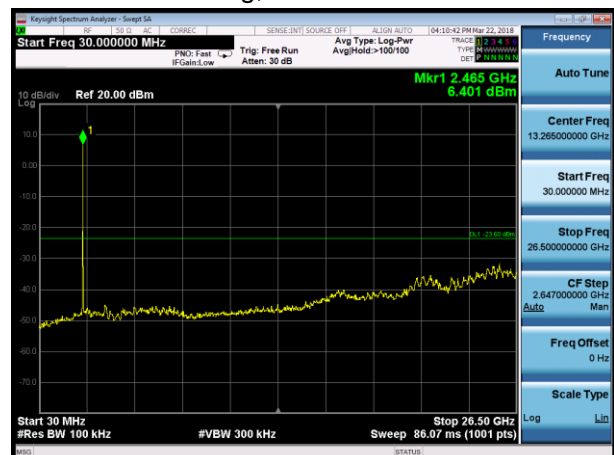
802.11g, Channel No.: 6



802.11b, Channel No.: 11

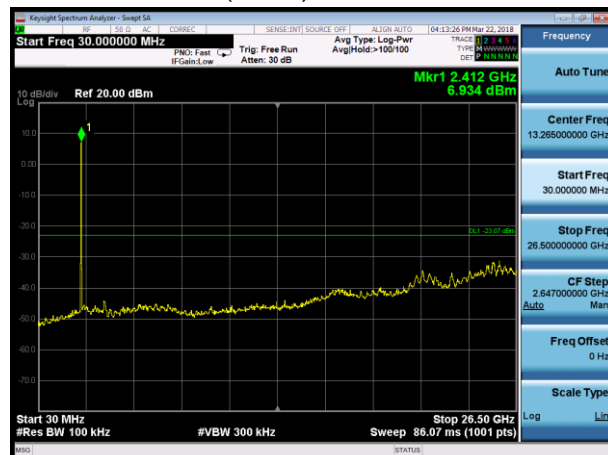


802.11g, Channel No.: 11

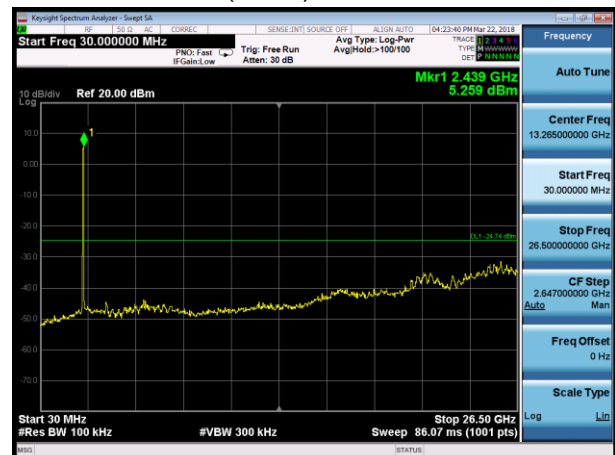




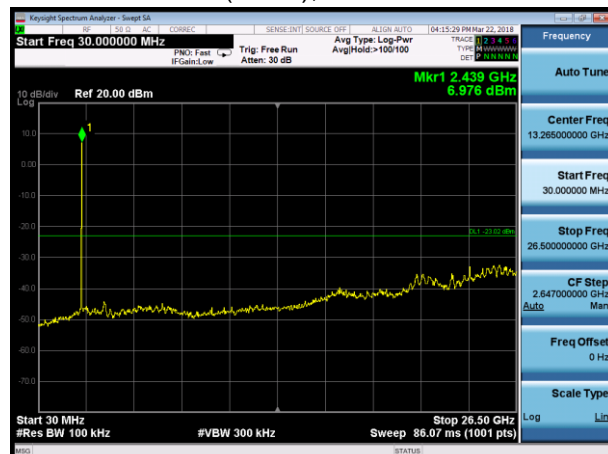
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



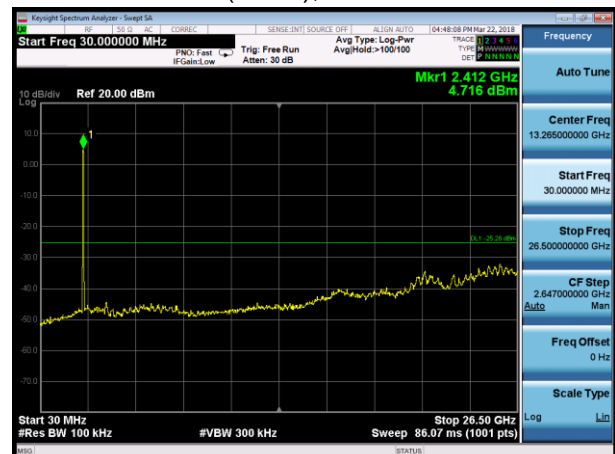
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



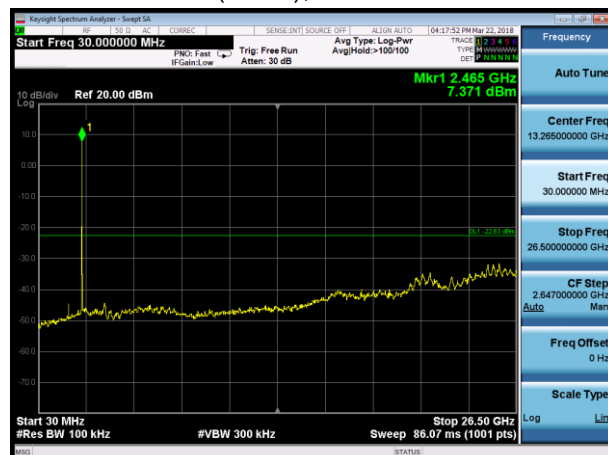
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



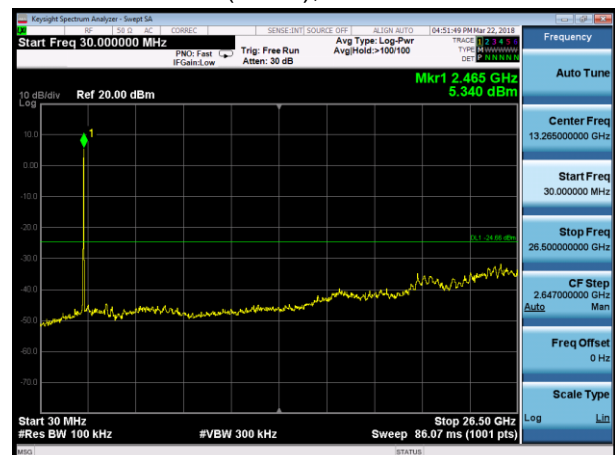
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9



## 5.6. Unwanted Emission

### Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	102.5kPa

### Method of Measurement

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna.

The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing. Sweep the Restricted Band and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

This method refer to ANSI C63.10-2013.

The procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz is as follows:

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

9kHz~150 kHz

RBW=200Hz, VBW=1kHz/ Sweep=AUTO

150 kHz~30MHz

RBW=9KHz, VBW=30KHz,/ Sweep=AUTO

Below 1GHz

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

a) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

PEAK: RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

b) Average emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=3MHz / Sweep=AUTO

c) Detector: The measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage

averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)

e) Sweep time = auto.

f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of  $1 / D$ , where  $D$  is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)

g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[10 \log (1 / D)]$ , where  $D$  is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

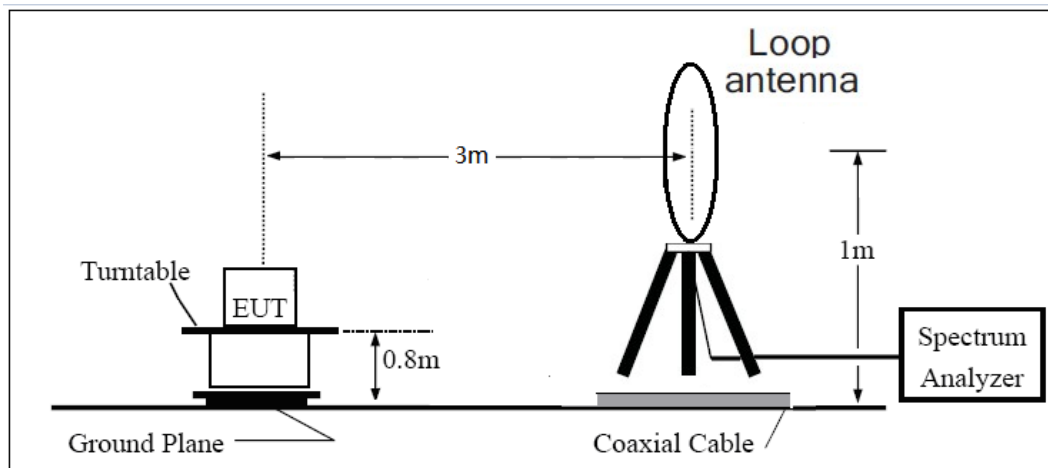
2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[20 \log (1 / D)]$ , where  $D$  is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

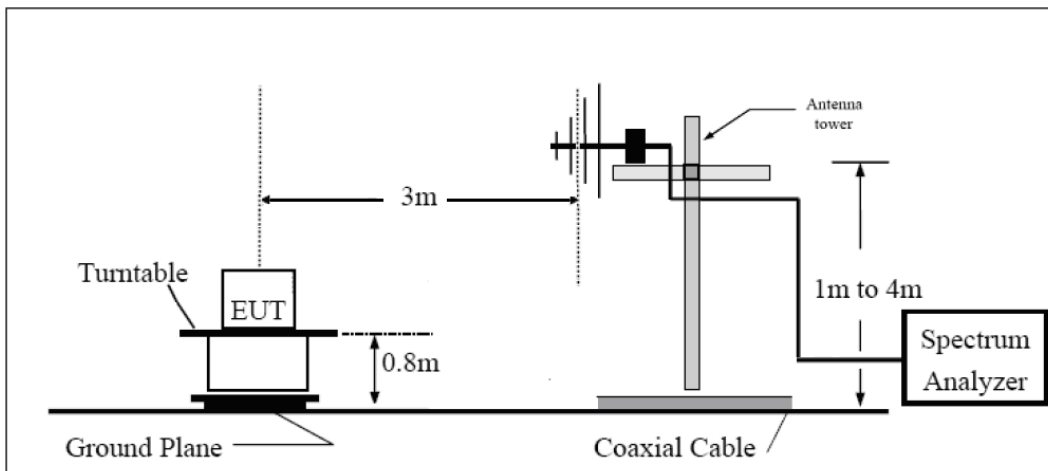
The test is in transmitting mode.

## Test setup

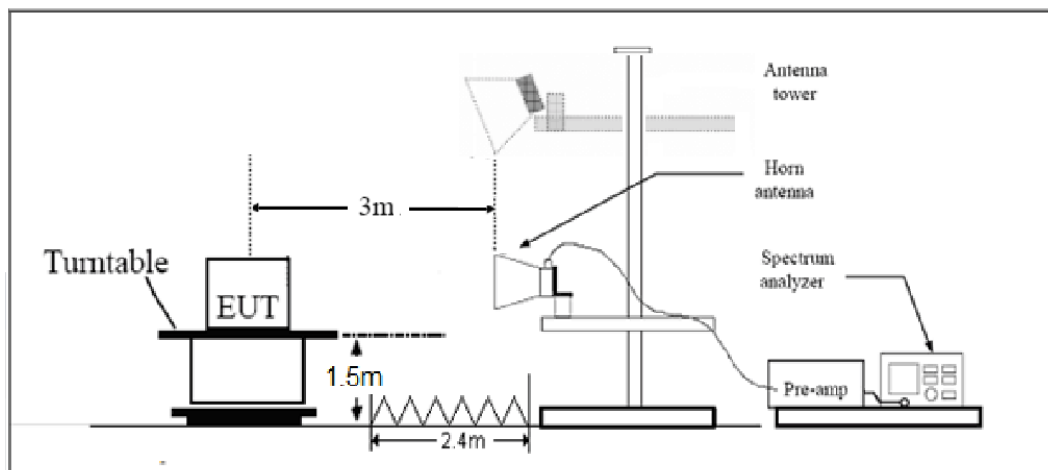
9KHz ~ 30MHz



30MHz ~ 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

## Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).”

Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	/
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	/
1.705–30.0	30	/
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

### §15.35(b)

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

Peak Limit=74 dBuV/m

Average Limit=54 dBuV/m

Spurious Radiated Emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			



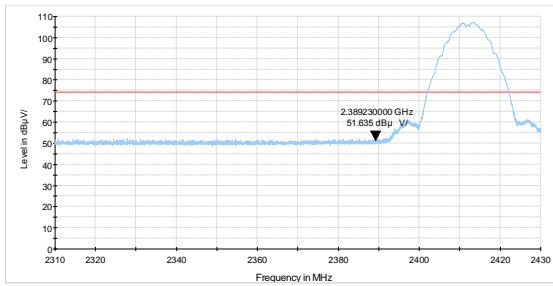
**Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

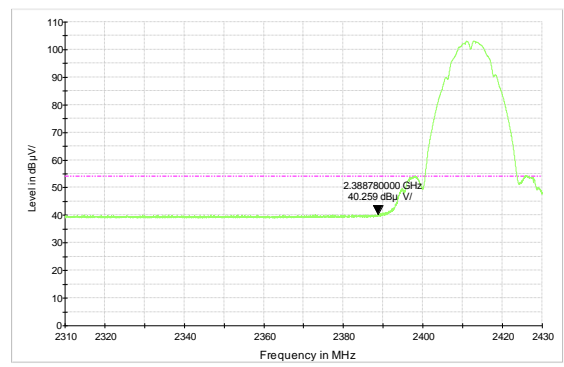
Frequency	Uncertainty
9KHz-30MHz	3.55 dB
30MHz-200MHz	4.17 dB
200MHz-1GHz	4.84 dB
1-18GHz	4.35 dB
18-26.5GHz	5.90 dB
26.5GHz~40GHz	5.92 dB



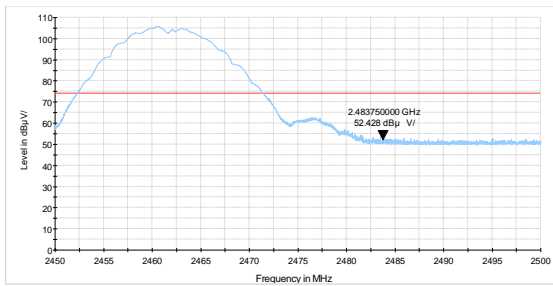
## Test Results:



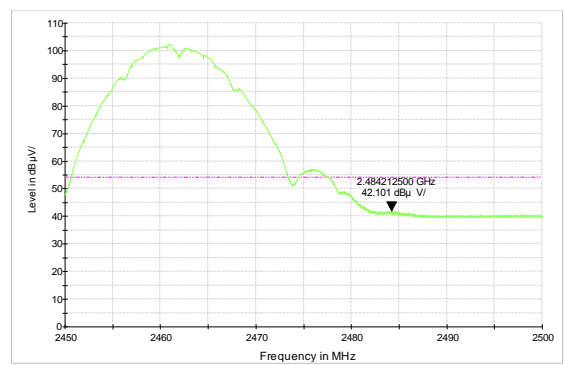
802.11b-Channel 1 Peak



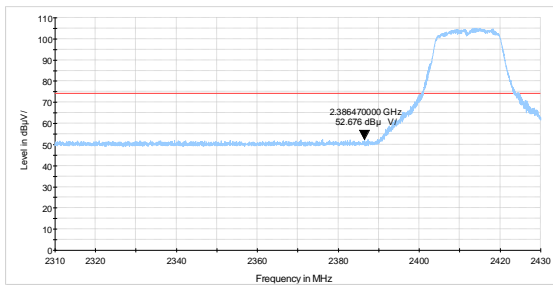
802.11b-Channel 1 Average



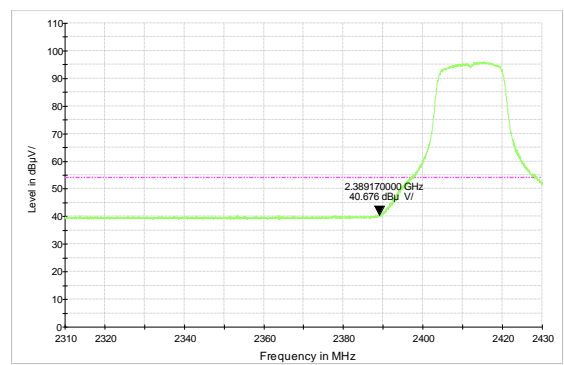
802.11b-Channel 11 Peak



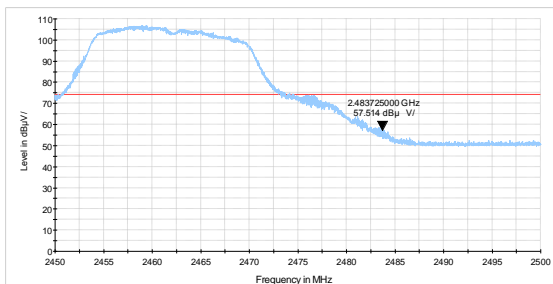
802.11b-Channel 11 Average



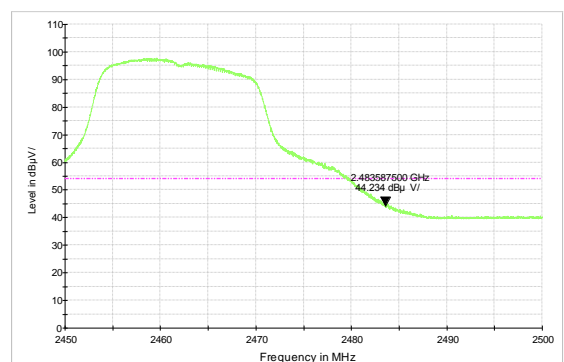
802.11g-Channel 1 Peak



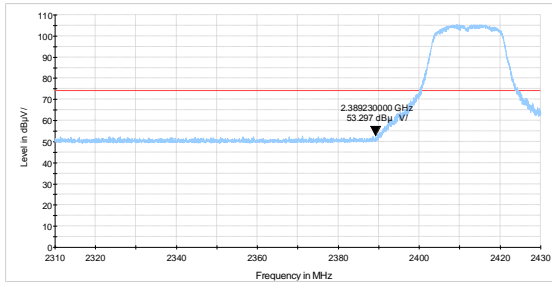
802.11g-Channel 1 Average



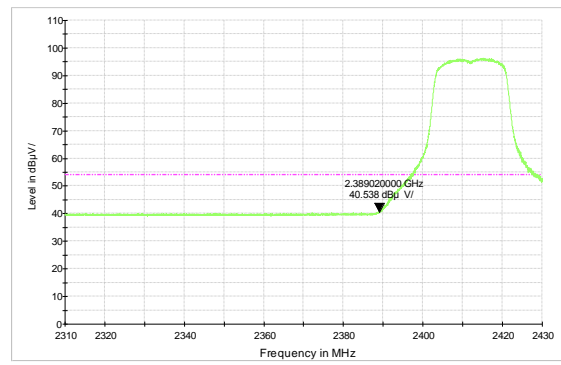
802.11g-Channel 11 Peak



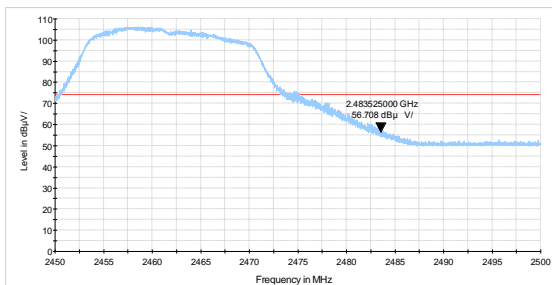
802.11g-Channel 11 Average



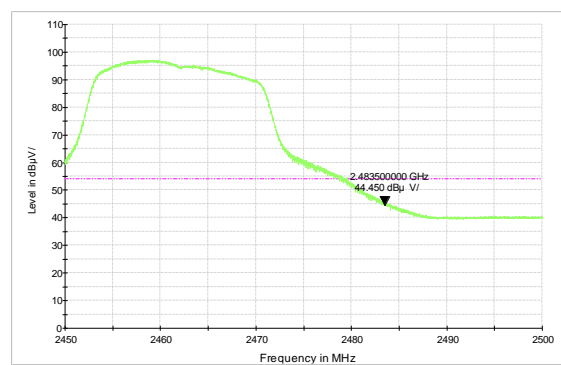
802.11n HT20 -Channel 1 Peak



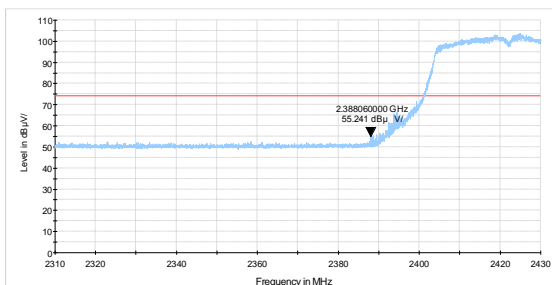
802.11n HT20 -Channel 1 Average



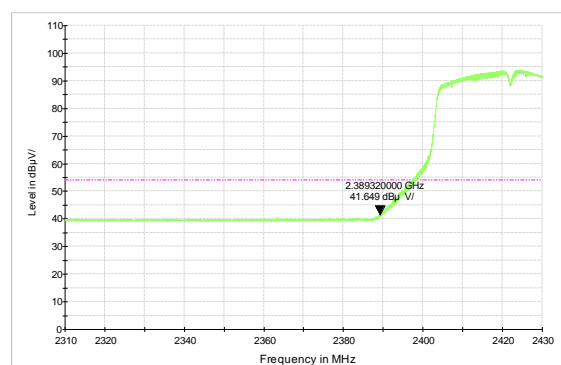
802.11n HT20 -Channel 11 Peak



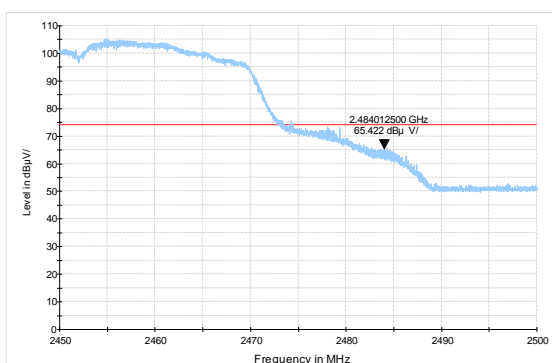
802.11n HT20 -Channel 11 Average



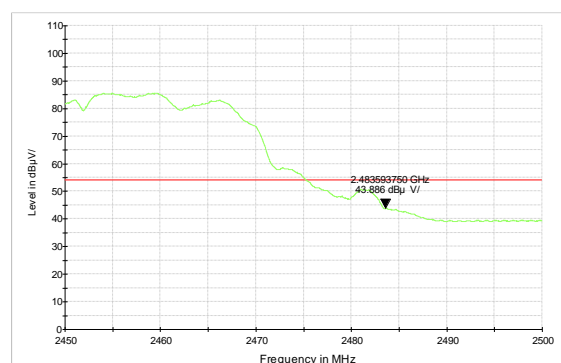
802.11n HT40 -Channel 3 Peak



802.11n HT40 -Channel 3 Average



802.11n HT40 -Channel 9 Peak



802.11n HT40 -Channel 9 Average



Band	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>(on+off)</sub> (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)
802.11b	12.43	12.54	0.99	0.00
802.11g	2.06	2.25	0.92	0.37
802.11n HT20	1.93	2.04	0.95	0.24
802.11n HT40	0.95	1.06	0.89	0.50
Note: when Duty cycle>0.98, Duty cycle correction Factor not required.				

**802.11b-Channel 1**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	51.635	--	200.0	V	135	0.00	51.635	22.365	74
2390	--	40.259	200.0	V	135	0.00	40.259	13.741	54

**802.11b-Channel 11**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	52.428	--	200.0	V	135	0.00	52.428	21.572	74
2483.5	--	42.101	200.0	V	135	0.00	42.101	11.899	54

**802.11g-Channel 1**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	52.676	--	150	V	65	0.37	53.046	20.954	74
2390	--	40.676	150	V	65	0.37	41.046	12.954	54

**802.11g-Channel 11**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	57.514	--	150	V	78	0.37	57.884	16.116	74
2483.5	--	44.234	150	V	78	0.37	44.604	9.396	54

**802.11n HT20 -Channel 1**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	53.297	--	200	V	90	0.24	53.537	20.463	74
2390	--	40.538	200	V	90	0.24	40.778	13.222	54

**802.11n HT20-Channel 11**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	56.708	--	200	V	90	0.24	56.948	17.052	74
2483.5	--	44.450	200	V	90	0.24	44.690	9.310	54

**802.11n HT40 -Channel 3**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	55.241	--	150	V	46	0.50	55.741	18.259	74
2390	--	41.649	150	V	46	0.50	42.149	11.851	54

**802.11n HT40-Channel 9**

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	65.422	--	150	V	46	0.50	65.922	8.078	74
2483.5	--	43.886	150	V	46	0.50	44.386	9.614	54

## Result of RE

### Test result

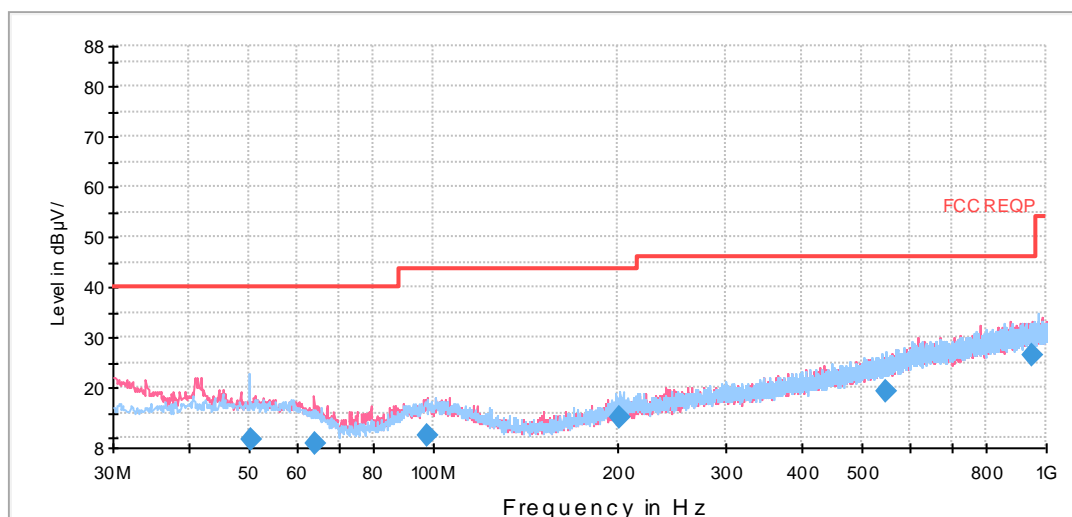
Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the Emissions in the frequency band 9kHz-30MHz and 18GHz-26.5GHz are more than 20dB below the limit are not reported.

The following graphs display the maximum values of horizontal and vertical by software.  
For above 1GHz, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection.

During the test, the Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz was performed in all modes with all channels, 802.11b, Channel 6 are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.

### Continuous TX mode:

FCC RE 0.03-1GHz QP Class B



Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBuV/m)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
50.566250	9.6	-3.4	125.0	H	105.0	13.0	30.4	40.0
64.108750	8.8	-2.3	100.0	V	218.0	11.1	31.2	40.0
97.696250	10.4	-2.5	125.0	V	351.0	12.9	33.1	43.5
200.922500	13.9	1.6	125.0	H	266.0	12.3	29.6	43.5
546.967500	19.1	-2.4	114.0	H	0.0	21.5	26.9	46.0
951.096250	26.5	-0.7	125.0	V	128.0	27.2	19.5	46.0

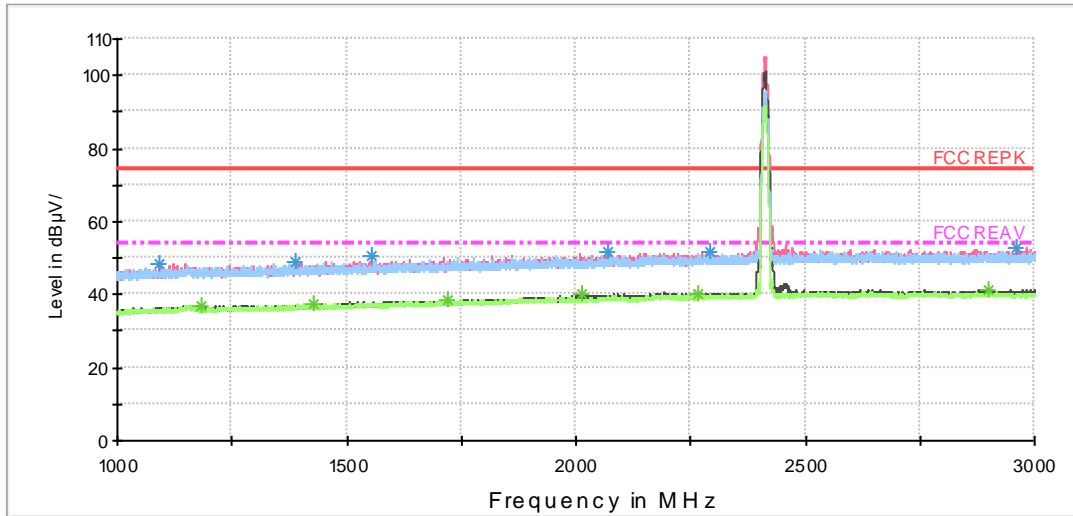
Remark: 1. Quasi-Peak = Reading value + Correction factor

2. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss(cable loss+amplifier gain)

3. Margin = Limit – Quasi-Peak

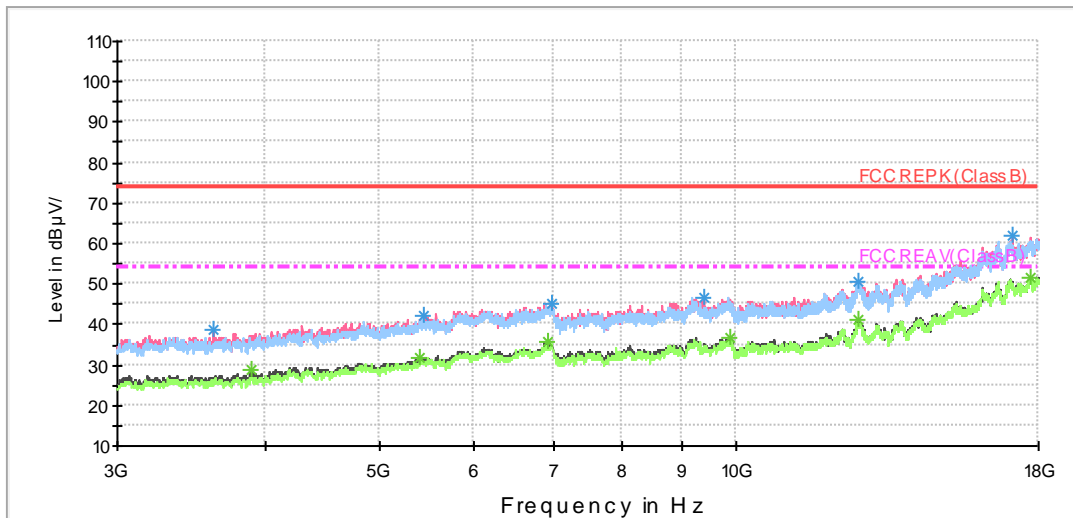
## 802.11b CH1

FCC RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV Class B



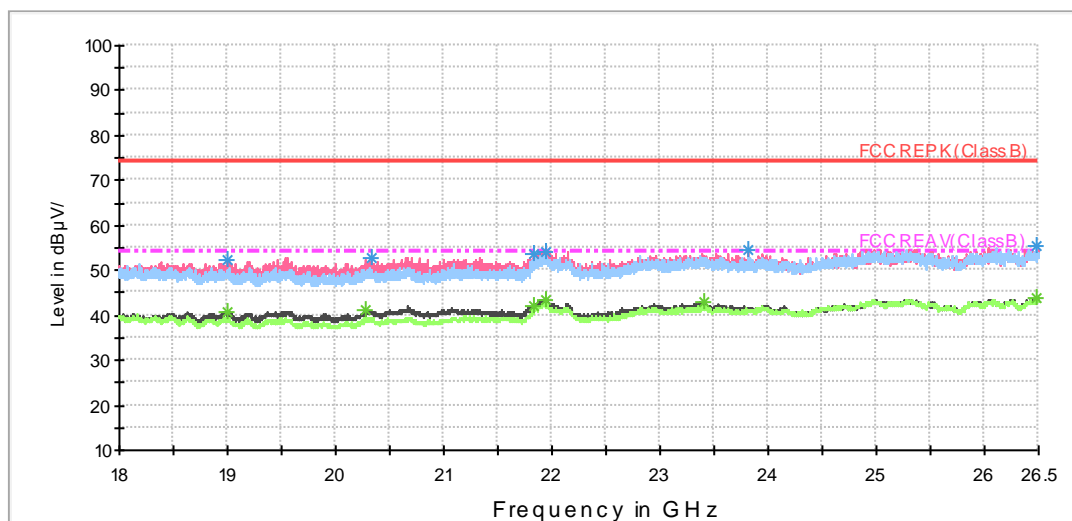
Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.  
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

## BELL\_RE 18-26.5GHz PK+AV



## Radiates Emission from 18GHz to 26.5GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1092.750000	48.6	100.0	V	28.0	46.5	2.1	25.4	74
1386.500000	48.9	100.0	V	359.0	45.9	3.0	25.1	74
1554.750000	50.4	100.0	V	338.0	46.8	3.6	23.6	74
2069.000000	51.7	100.0	V	359.0	46.2	5.5	22.3	74
2294.500000	51.8	100.0	V	0.0	45.4	6.4	22.2	74
2960.500000	52.8	100.0	V	303.0	45.3	7.5	21.2	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

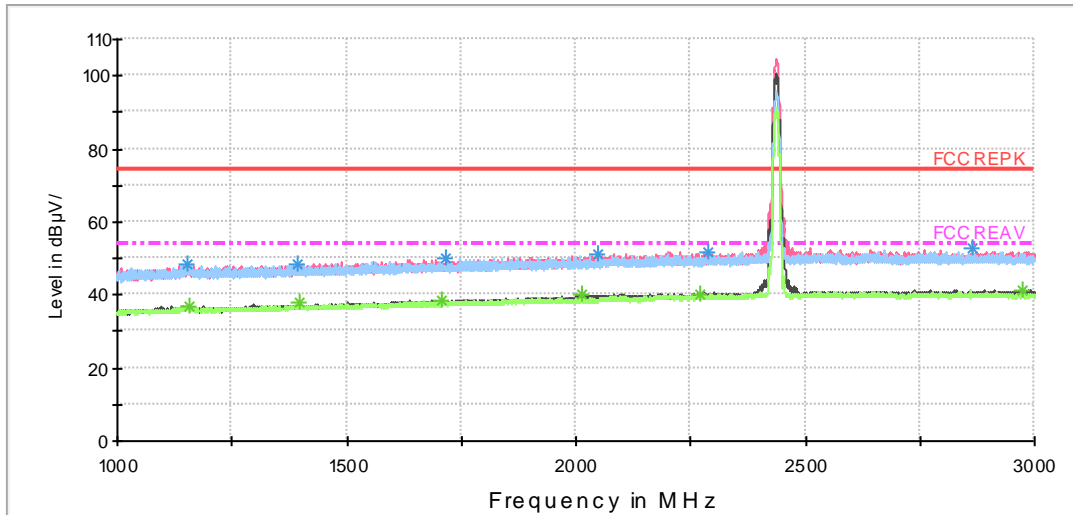
Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1185.500000	37.1	100.0	V	348.0	34.7	2.4	16.9	54
1427.500000	37.5	100.0	V	189.0	34.4	3.1	16.5	54
1721.750000	38.2	100.0	H	41.0	34.0	4.2	15.8	54
2015.250000	40.0	100.0	V	348.0	34.7	5.3	14.0	54
2268.250000	40.1	100.0	V	209.0	33.8	6.3	13.9	54
2900.000000	41.3	100.0	V	130.0	33.8	7.5	12.7	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)



# 802.11b CH6

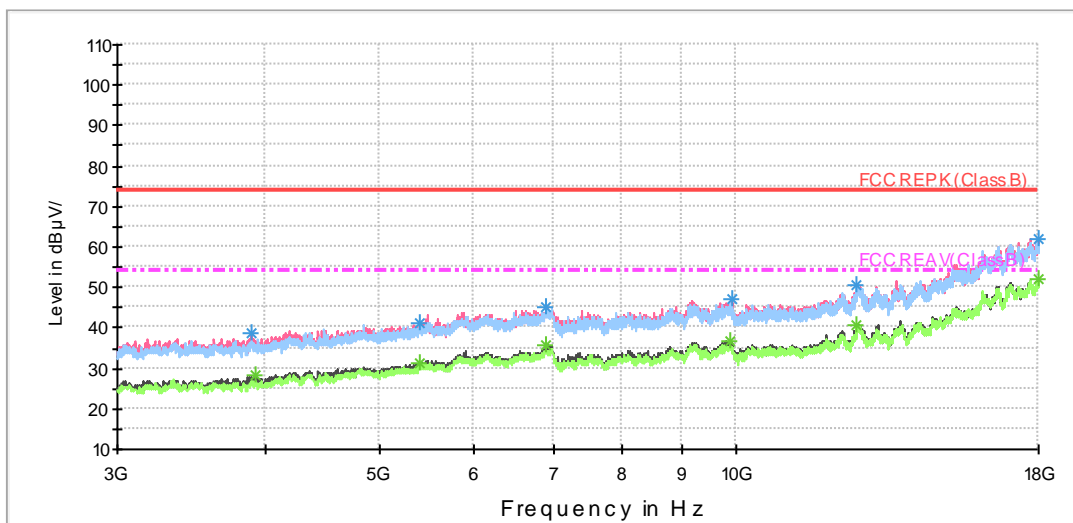
## FCC RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV Class B



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.

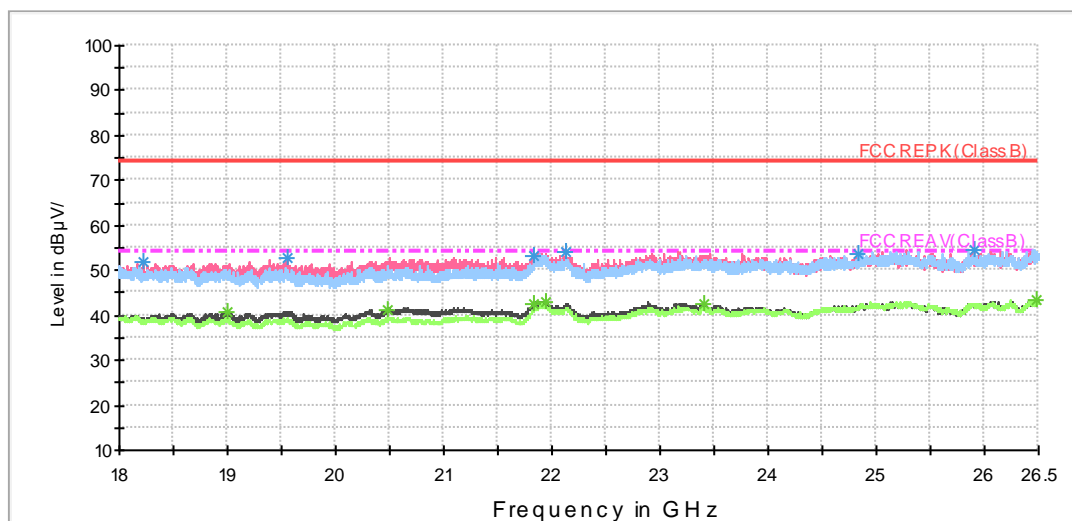
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

## RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

## BELL\_RE 18-26.5GHz PK+AV



## Radiates Emission from 18GHz to 26.5GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1152.750000	48.1	100.0	V	208.0	45.8	2.3	25.9	74
1393.500000	48.4	100.0	V	273.0	45.4	3.0	25.6	74
1714.250000	49.9	100.0	V	342.0	45.7	4.2	24.1	74
2049.250000	51.0	100.0	V	348.0	45.6	5.4	23.0	74
2287.250000	51.9	100.0	V	264.0	45.5	6.4	22.1	74
2866.500000	53.0	100.0	H	0.0	45.5	7.5	21.0	74

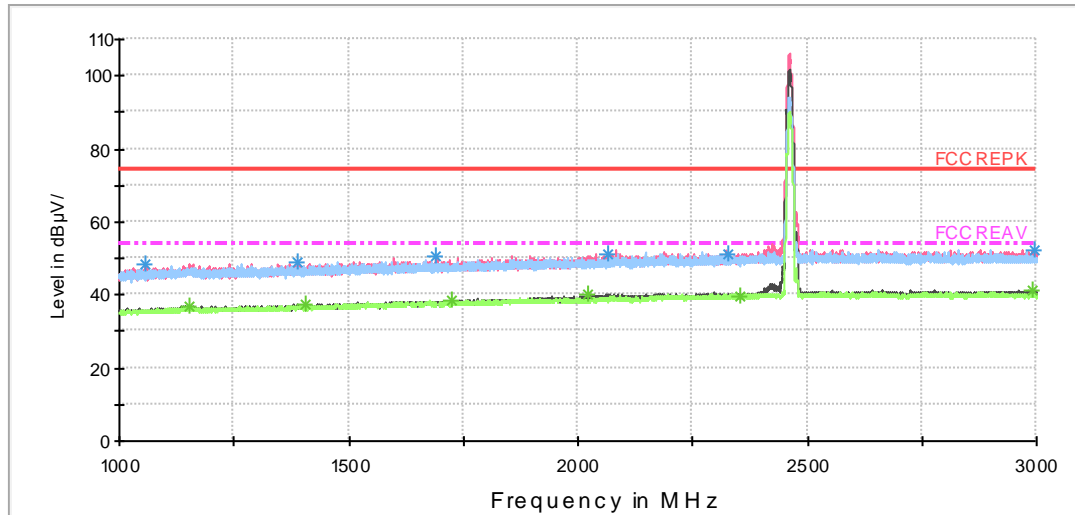
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1157.500000	37.1	100.0	H	114.0	34.8	2.3	16.9	54
1398.750000	37.7	100.0	V	354.0	34.6	3.1	16.3	54
1708.500000	38.5	100.0	V	310.0	34.4	4.1	15.5	54
2011.500000	40.0	100.0	V	336.0	34.8	5.2	14.0	54
2270.500000	40.4	100.0	V	292.0	34.1	6.3	13.6	54
2974.250000	41.2	100.0	V	245.0	33.7	7.5	12.8	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

# 802.11b CH11

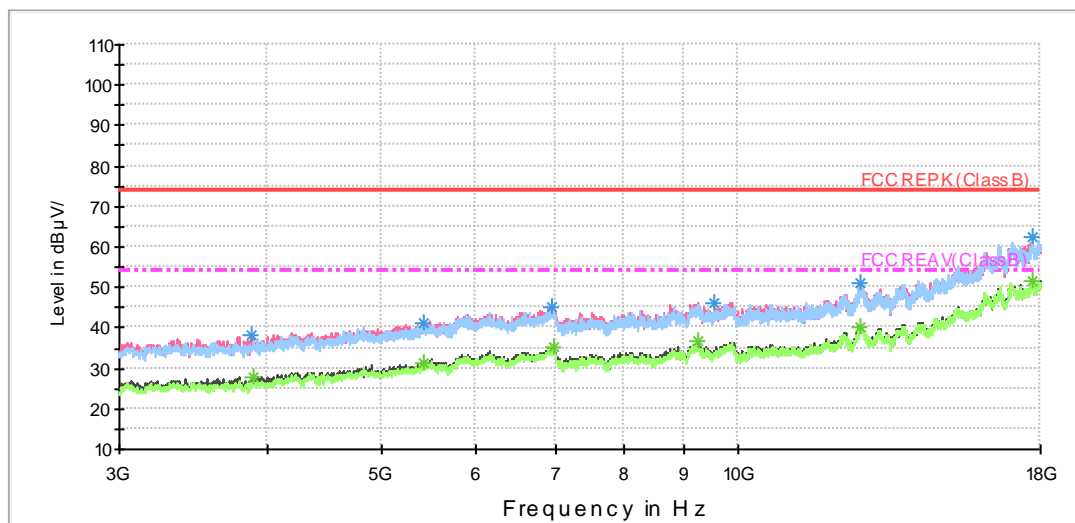
## FCC RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV Class B



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.

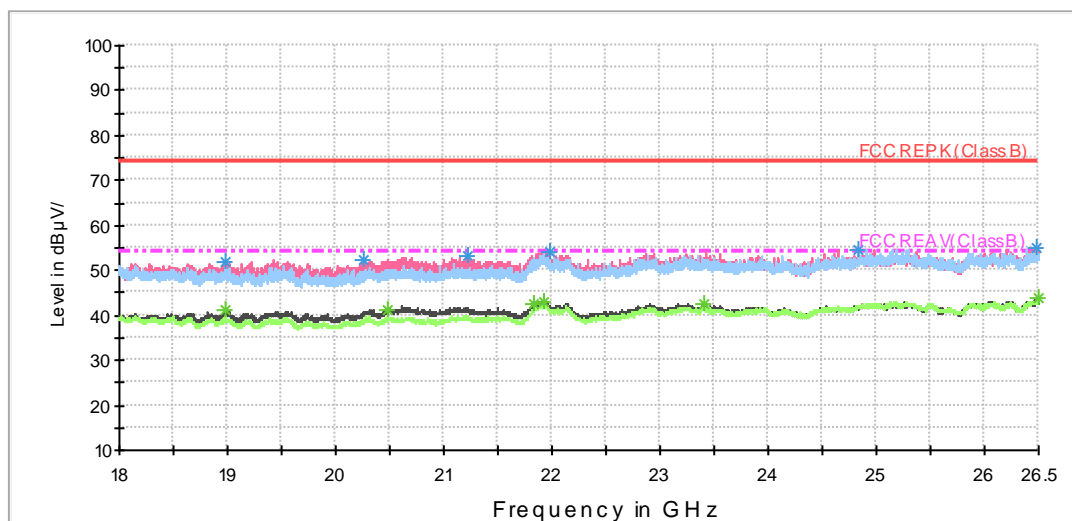
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

## RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

## BELL\_RE 18-26.5GHz PK+AV



## Radiates Emission from 18GHz to 26.5GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1058.250000	48.6	100.0	V	350.0	46.6	2.0	25.4	74
1386.750000	48.7	100.0	V	261.0	45.7	3.0	25.3	74
1689.500000	50.8	100.0	V	357.0	46.7	4.1	23.2	74
2067.500000	51.3	100.0	V	316.0	45.8	5.5	22.7	74
2328.000000	51.0	100.0	V	120.0	44.5	6.5	23.0	74
2995.000000	52.5	100.0	V	326.0	44.9	7.6	21.5	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1154.000000	37.1	100.0	V	141.0	34.8	2.3	16.9	54
1406.000000	37.3	100.0	V	204.0	34.2	3.1	16.7	54
1722.750000	38.3	100.0	H	204.0	34.1	4.2	15.7	54
2023.750000	40.2	100.0	V	355.0	34.9	5.3	13.8	54
2354.250000	39.6	100.0	V	359.0	33.0	6.6	14.4	54
2989.500000	41.3	100.0	V	214.0	33.7	7.6	12.7	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)