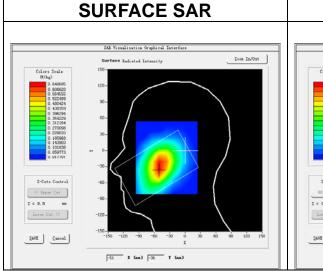


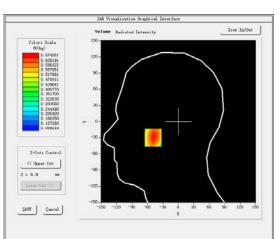
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 5
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Alt Medadi ellielit iteadita	
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.443550
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.180201
Conductivity (S/m)	0.937819
Variation (%)	-0.950000



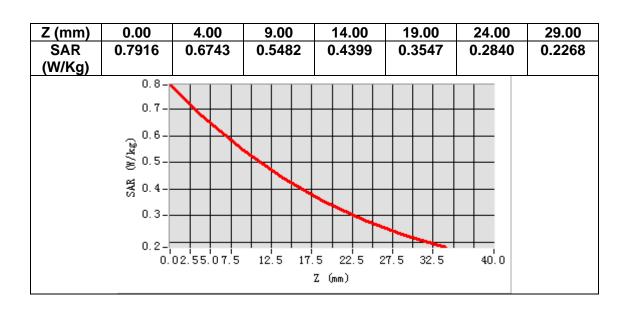


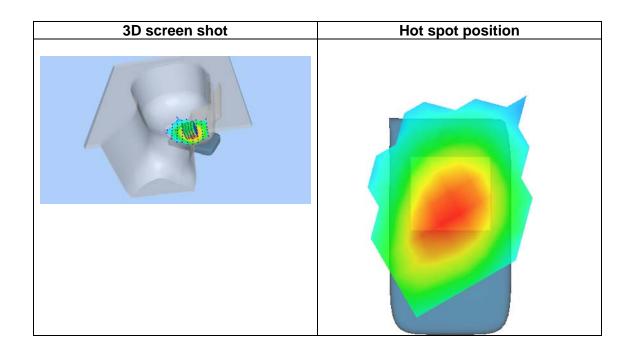
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-30.00

SAR Peak: 0.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.507476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.676383





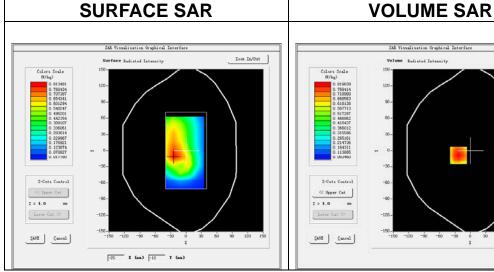


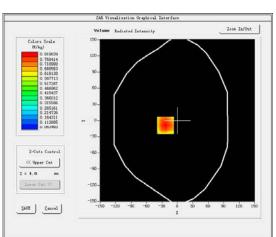
A. Experimental conditions.

<u> Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 5
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Alt Micasarciniciti Itesaits	
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.383499
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.716999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009237
Variation (%)	-0.680000

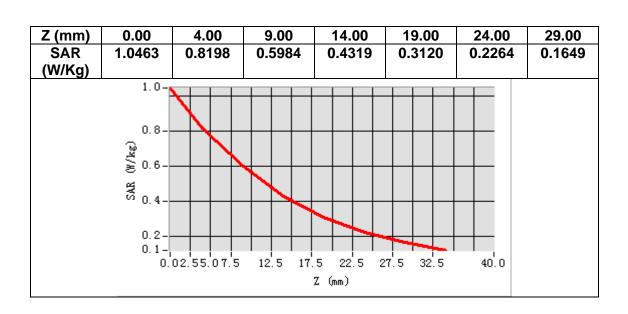


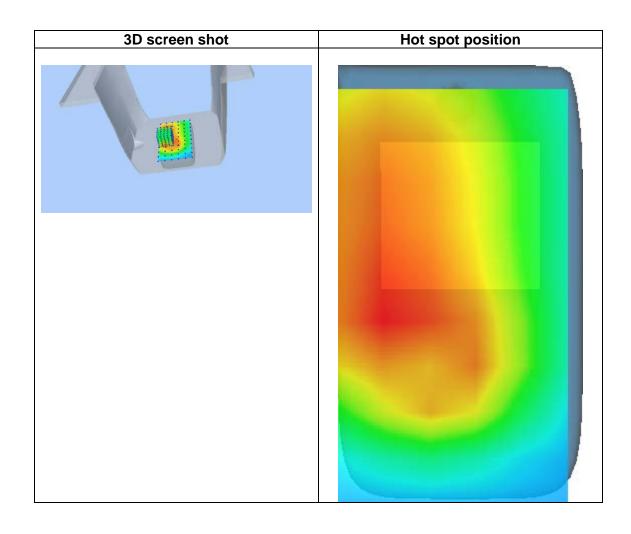


Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-9.00

SAR Peak: 1.08 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.567728
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.817418





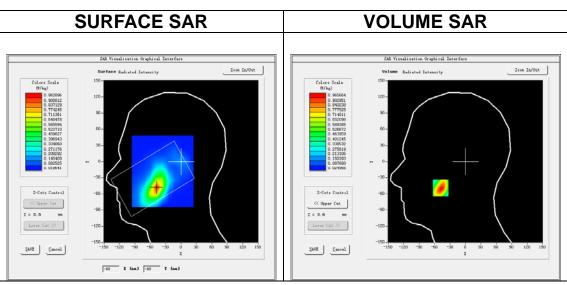


A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 7
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

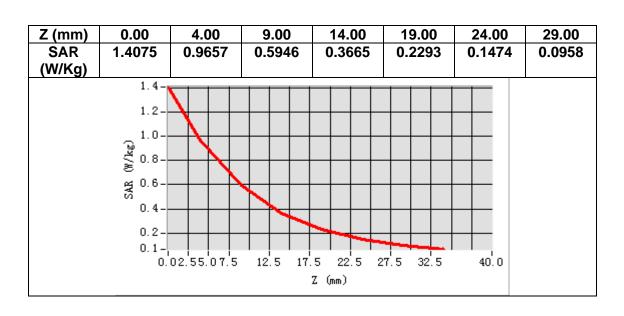
tit mododi omont itoodito	
Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.735485
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.891160
Conductivity (S/m)	1.956338
Variation (%)	-2.050000

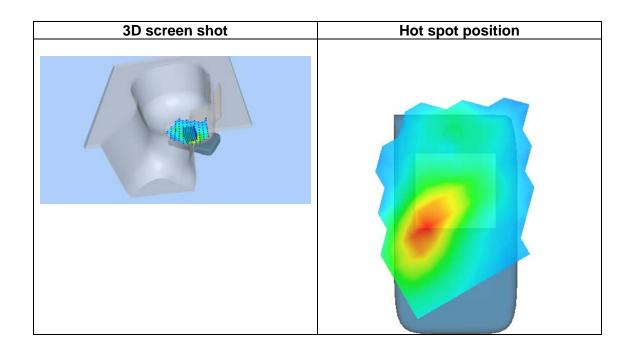


Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-49.00

SAR Peak: 1.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.500088
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.914270





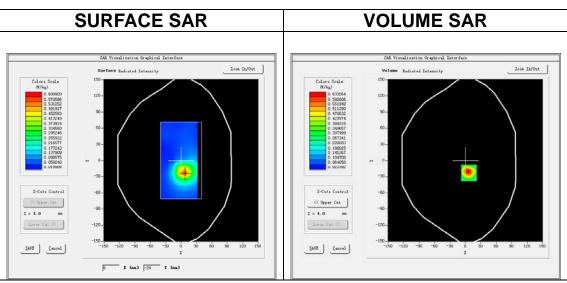


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 7
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

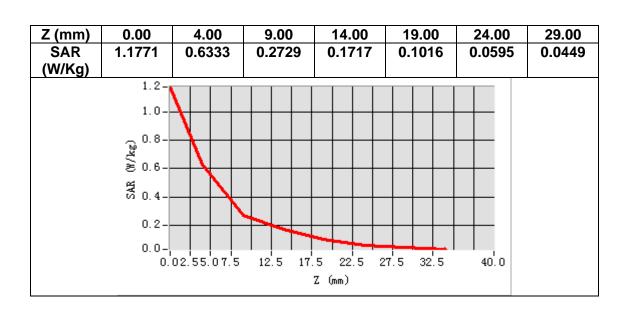
B. SAR Measurement Results

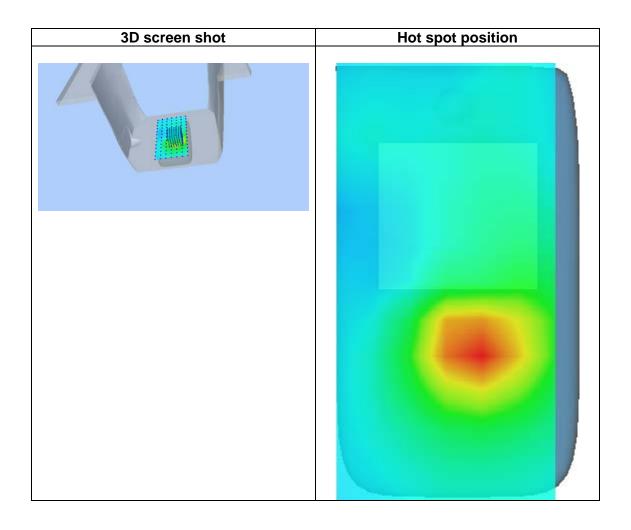
tit mododi omont i toodito	
Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.005485
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.097160
Conductivity (S/m)	1.956338
Variation (%)	-2.220000



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-23.00 SAR Peak: 1.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.301280
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.611356





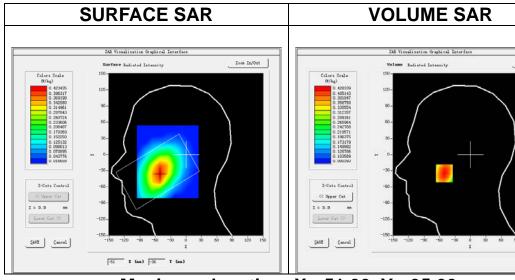


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 12
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

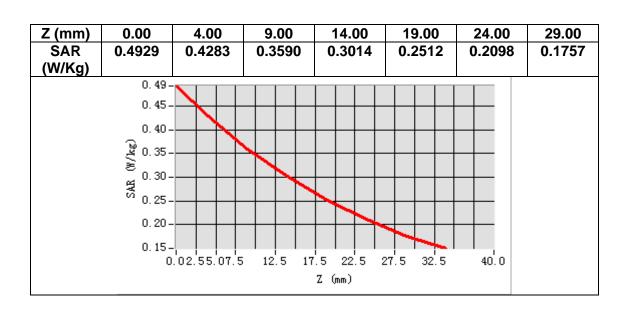
B. SAR Measurement Results

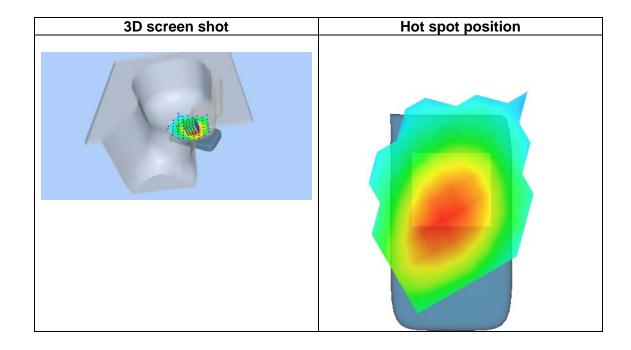
tit modearoment itoodite	
Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.765511
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.737028
Conductivity (S/m)	0.854386
Variation (%)	-0.110000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-35.00 SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.330217
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.417638





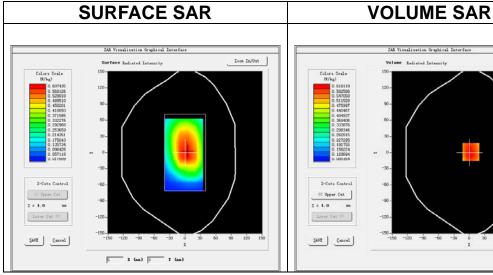


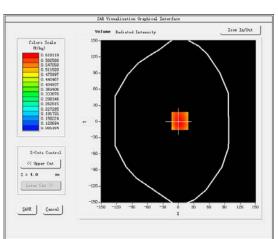
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 12
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

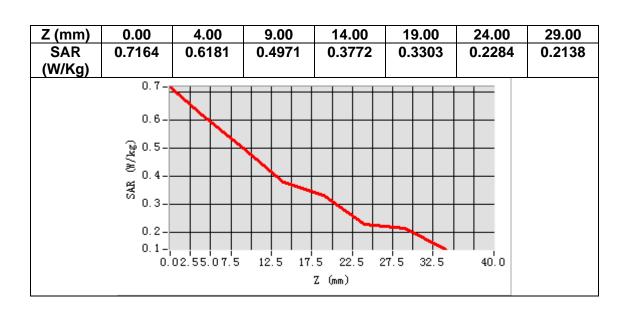
tit modearoment itoodite	
Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.926945
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.267840
Conductivity (S/m)	2.150221
Variation (%)	-0.630000

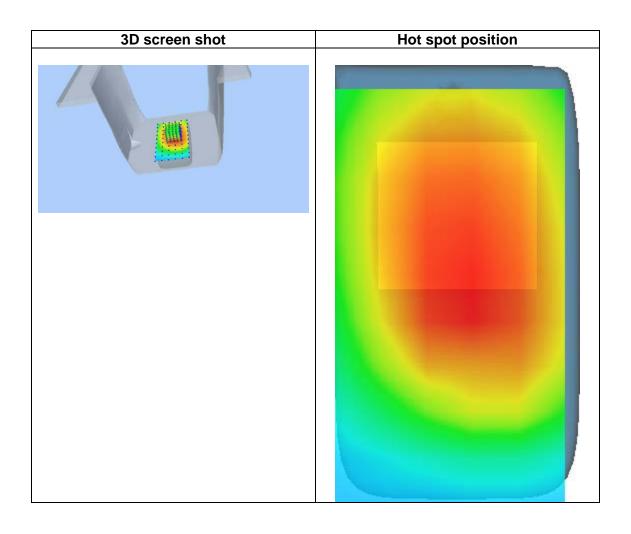




Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.467557
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.606507





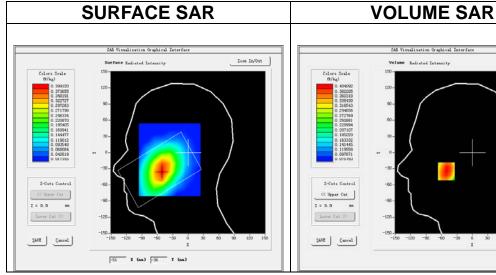


A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 17
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

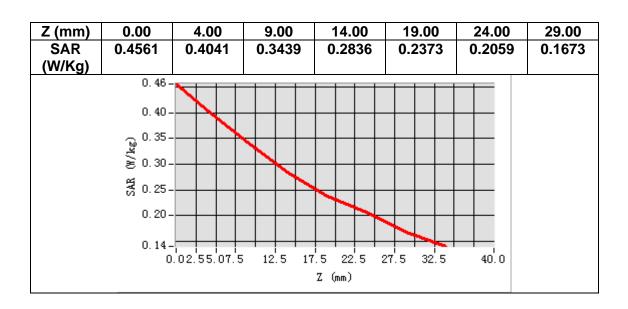
B. SAR Measurement Results

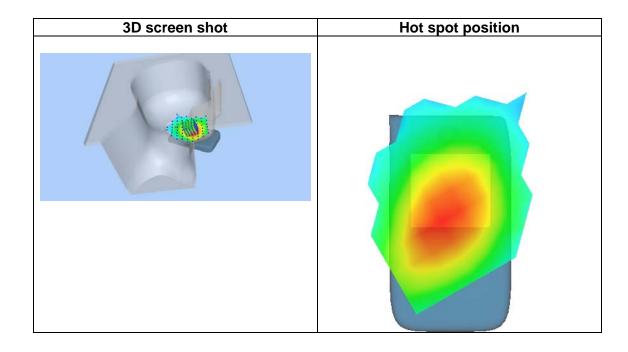
tit modeal omorit itoodite	
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.736309
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.797379
Conductivity (S/m)	0.859786
Variation (%)	-0.330000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-35.00 SAR Peak: 0.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.311117
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.393979





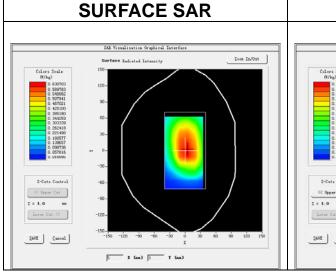


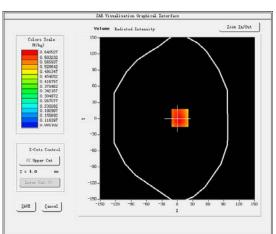
A. Experimental conditions.

<u> Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 17
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Alt Micasarciniciti Itesaits	
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.690762
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.524500
Conductivity (S/m)	0.927911
Variation (%)	-1.310000

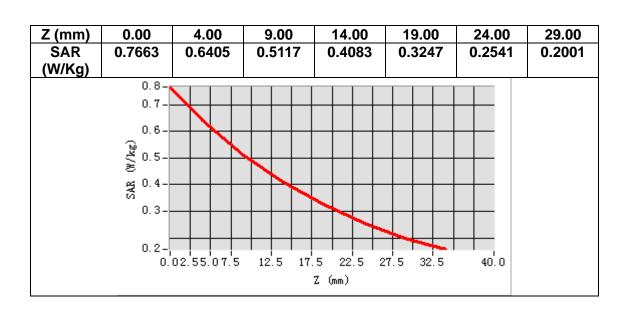


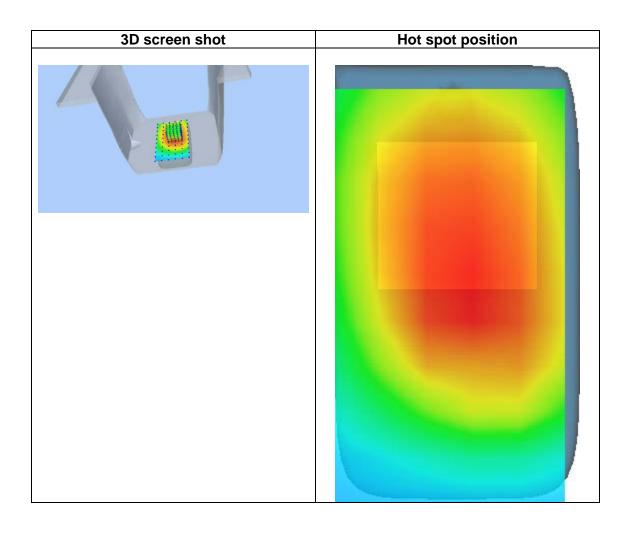


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 0.78 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.482525
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.628838





14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents	
E Field Probe - SN 41/18 EPGO330	
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356	
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33	

Report No.: STR191125001001E



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 41/18 EPGO330

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 05/21/19

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/22/2019	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/22/2019	Jes
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/22/2019	him Puthowski

	Customer Name
	CCIC SOUTHERN
Distribution:	TESTING CO.,
	LTD

Issue	Date	Modifications	
A	5/22/2019	Initial release	
В	5/27/2019	Change customer name and address	
2			





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

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4	Mea	surement Uncertainty 5	
5	Cali	bration Measurement Results 6	
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 41/18 EPGO330		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.186 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.191 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.201 MΩ		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

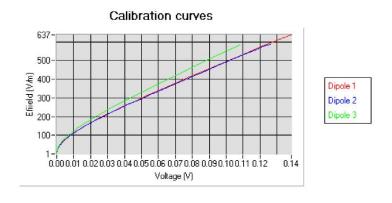
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.92	0.79	0.63

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
90	97	92

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



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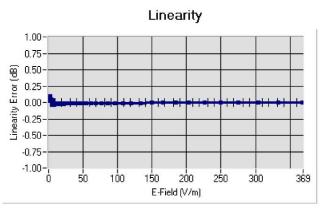




COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>



Linearity: I+/-2.36% (+/-0.10dB)

5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL750	750	40.76	0.93	1.54
BL750	750	56.70	0.98	1.59
HL850	835	40.86	0.92	1.60
BL850	835	56.35	0.99	1.64
HL900	900	42.84	0.95	1.61
BL900	900	53.25	1.05	1.65
HL1800	1800	39.56	1.40	1.74
BL1800	1800	52.84	1.45	1.81
HL1900	1900	39.67	1.38	2.03
BL1900	1900	52.84	1.59	2.08
HL2000	2000	38.71	1.42	1.86
BL2000	2000	52.03	1.52	1.92
HL2450	2450	38.72	1.80	2.05
BL2450	2450	54.91	1.97	2.12
HL2600	2600	39.98	1.89	2.06
BL2600	2600	54.42	2.18	2.11
HL5200	5200	36.68	4.45	1.85
BL5200	5200	49.02	5.46	1.92
HL5400	5400	36.08	4.69	1.75
BL5400	5400	49.55	5.53	1.83
HL5600	5600	35.34	4.95	1.88
BL5600	5600	47.60	5.77	1.95
HL5800	5800	34.81	5.08	1.89
BL5800	5800	47.81	6.12	1.94

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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Certificate #4298.01

Report No.: STR191125001001E



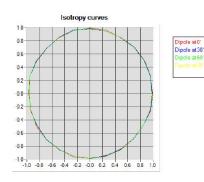
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

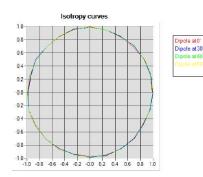
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB







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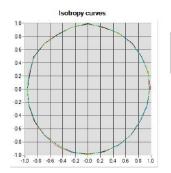


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.09 dB



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Manufacturer / Identification No. Ca		Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71		Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022	
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2019	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712		Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		Validated. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020	



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.109.1.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 04/19/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.1.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	Jes
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/19/2018	him Puthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK
	TESTING
	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	4/19/2018	Initial release
12		







SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID750		
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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mvg



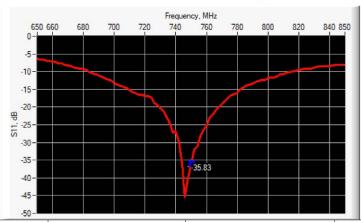
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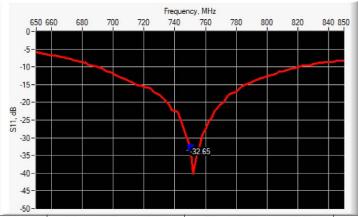
CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-35.83	-20	$51.3 \Omega - 1.2 j\Omega$

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-32.65	-20	$50.8 \Omega + 2.3 j\Omega$

6.3 <u>MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS</u>

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	PASS	100.0 ±1 %.	PASS	6.35 ±1 %.	PASS
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r} ')		Conductivity (σ) S/m		
	required	measured	required	measured	
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %		
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %		
750	41.9 ±5 %	PASS	0.89 ±5 %	PASS	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %		
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %		
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %		
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %		
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %		
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %		

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1800	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
1900	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
1950	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
2000	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %
2100	39.8 ±5 %	1.49 ±5 %
2300	39.5 ±5 %	1.67 ±5 %
2450	39.2 ±5 %	1.80 ±5 %
2600	39.0 ±5 %	1.96 ±5 %
3000	38.5 ±5 %	2.40 ±5 %
3500	37.9 ±5 %	2.91 ±5 %

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 40.0 sigma: 0.93
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)		
	required	measured	required	measured	
300	2.85		1.94		
450	4.58		3.06		
750	8.49	8.56 (0.86)	5.55	5.61 (0.56)	
835	9.56		6.22		
900	10.9		6.99		
1450	29		16		
1500	30.5		16.8		
1640	34.2		18.4		
1750	36.4		19.3		
1800	38.4		20.1		

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