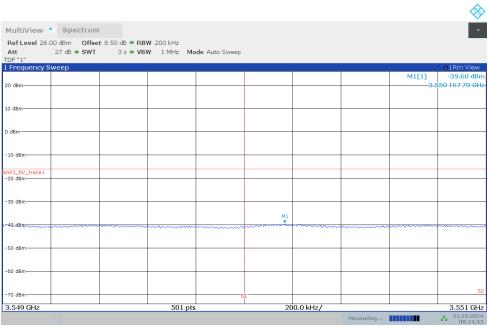


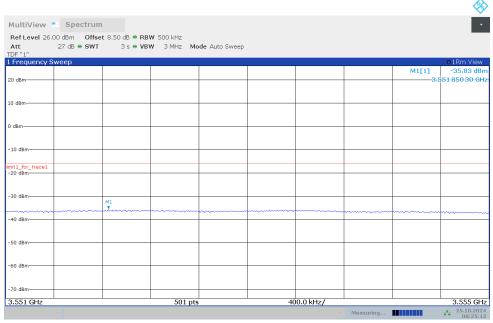


HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-100MHz-100%RB



08:24:33 25.10.2024

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-100MHz-100%RB



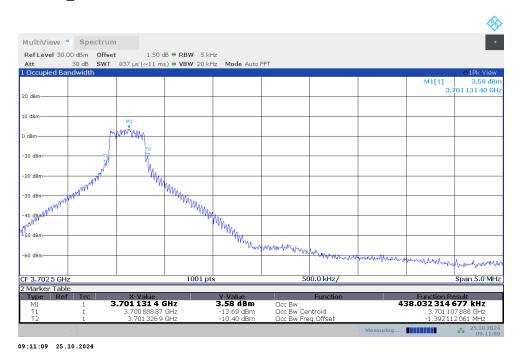
08:25:12 25.10.2024



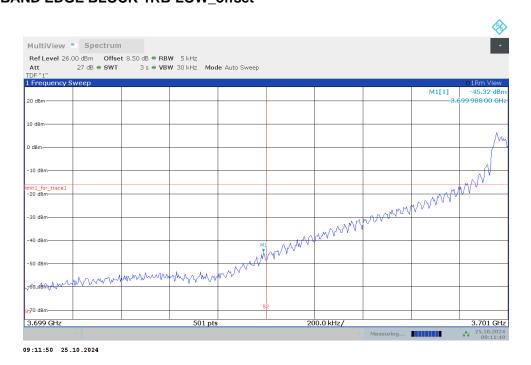


NR n77H

OBW: 1RB-LOW_offset



LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-LOW_offset

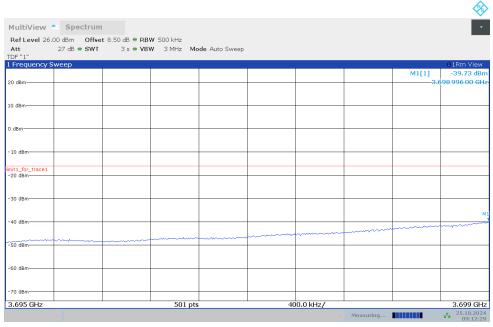


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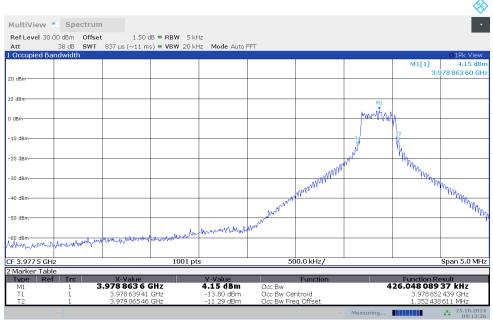


LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-LOW_offset



09:12:29 25.10.2024

OBW: 1RB-HIGH_offset

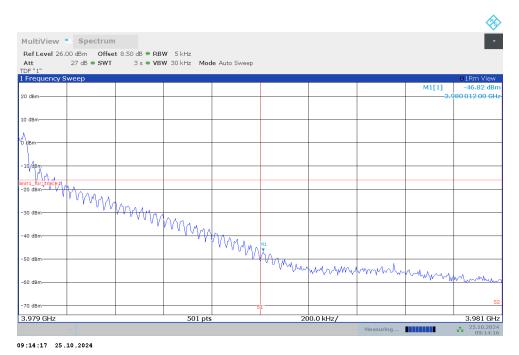


09:13:36 25.10.2024





HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-HIGH_offset



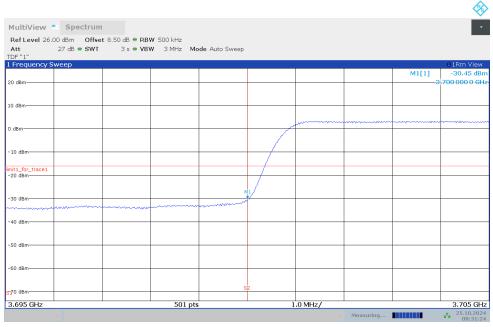
HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-HIGH_offset





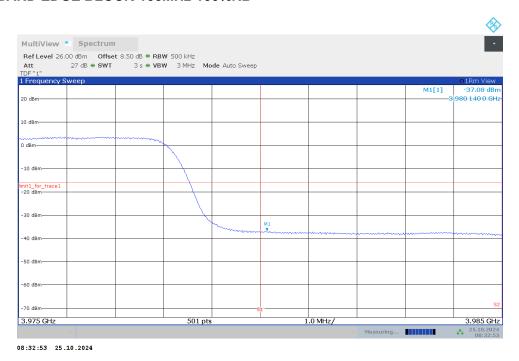


LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-100MHz-100%RB



08:31:24 25.10.2024

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-100MHz-100%RB



Note: The maximum value of expanded measurement uncertainty for this test item is U = 0.626 kHz, k = 2.





A.7 Conducted Spurious Emission

A.7.1 Measurement Method

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

- 1. In measuring unwanted emissions, the spectrum shall be investigated from 30 MHz or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, whichever is lower, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency given below:
 - (a) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
 - (b) If the equipment operates at or above 10 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower.
- 2. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.
- 3. The number of sweep points of spectrum analyzer is greater than $2 \times \text{span/RBW}$.

A. 7.2 Measurement Limit

Part 22.917, Part 24.238 and Part 27.53(h) specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

Part 27.53(m) specifies for mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than 40 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less that 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

Part 27.53(g) states for operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698–746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

Part 27.53(a) states for mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305–2315 MHz and 2350–2360 MHz bands: By a factor of not less than: 43 +10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than 61 + 10 log (P)





dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than 67 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337MHz; By a factor of not less than 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300MHz, 61 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, 67 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and 70 + 10 log (P) dB below 2288 MHz; By a factor of not less than 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than 70 + 10 log (P) dB above 2365 MHz.

Part 96.41(e) states for channel and frequency assignments made by a CBSD to End User Devices, the conducted power of any End User Device emission outside the fundamental emission (whether in or outside of the authorized band) shall not exceed −13 dBm/MHz within 0 to B megahertz (where B is the bandwidth in megahertz of the assigned channel or multiple contiguous channels of the End User Device) above the upper CBSD-assigned channel edge and within 0 to B megahertz below the lower CBSD-assigned channel edge. At all frequencies greater than B megahertz above the upper CBSD assigned channel edge and less than B megahertz below the lower CBSD-assigned channel edge, the conducted power of any End User Device emission shall not exceed -25 dBm/MHz. Notwithstanding the emission limits in this paragraph, the Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio for End User Devices shall be at least 30 dB. Part 27.53(h) for operations in the 1695–1710 MHz, 1710–1755 MHz, 1755–1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180–2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log10 (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Part 27.53(n) states for mobile operations in the 3450-3550 MHz band, the conducted power of any emission outside the licensee's authorized bandwidth shall not exceed –13 dBm/MHz. Compliance with this paragraph (n)(2) is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed, but limited to a maximum of 200 kHz. In the bands between 1 and 5 MHz removed from the licensee's frequency block, the minimum resolution bandwidth for the measurement shall be 500 kHz. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Part 27.53(I) states for mobile operations in the 3700-3980 MHz band, the conducted power of any emission outside the licensee's authorized bandwidth shall not exceed -13 dBm/MHz. Compliance with this paragraph (I)(2) is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands





immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, the minimum resolution bandwidth for the measurement shall be either one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter or 350 kHz. In the bands between 1 and 5 MHz removed from the licensee's frequency block, the minimum resolution bandwidth for the measurement shall be 500 kHz. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

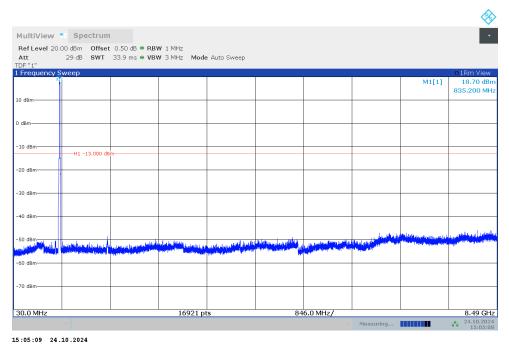




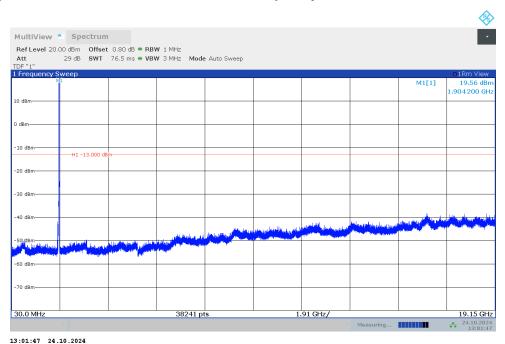
A. 7.3 Measurement result

n5

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



n25 NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.

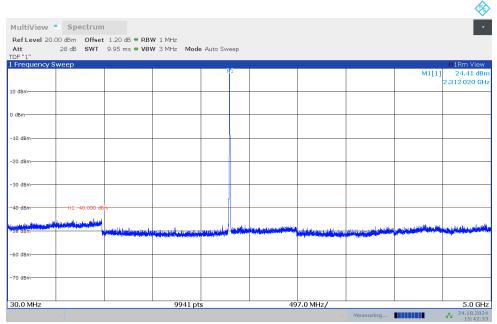


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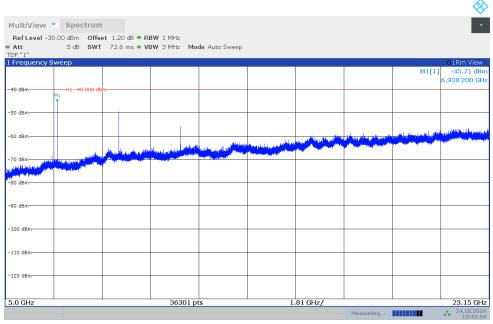




n30 NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



15:42:34 24.10.2024

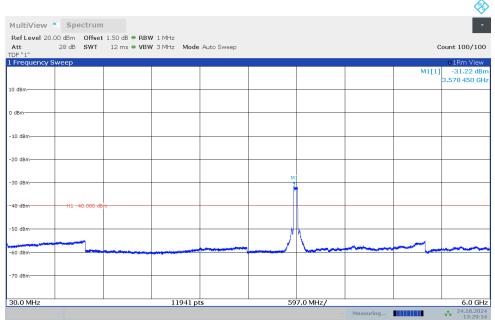


15:42:54 24.10.2024

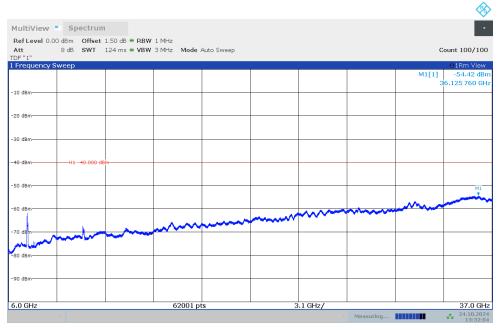




n48
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



13:29:35 24.10.2024

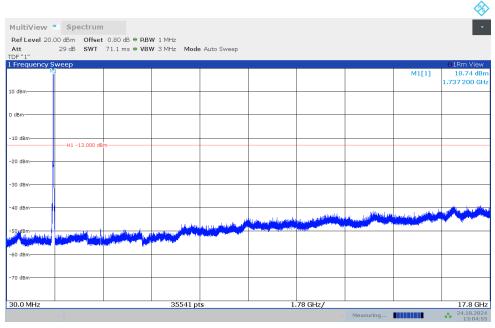






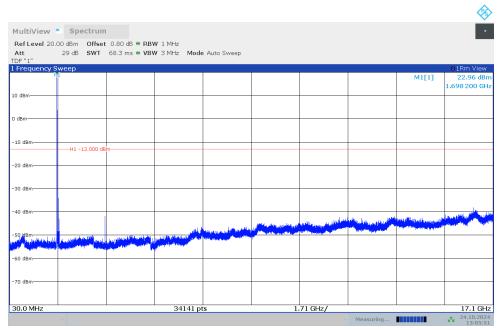
n66

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



13:04:55 24.10.2024

n70 NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.

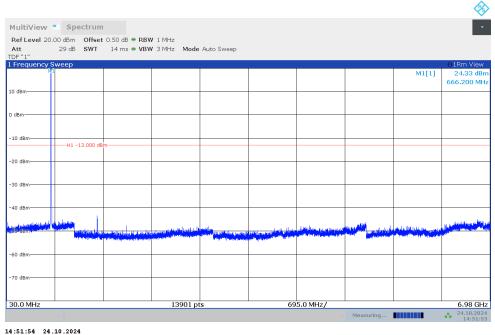


13:05:51 24.10.2024



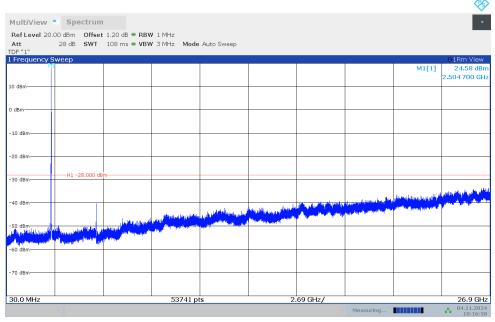


n71
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



14.01.04

n41 NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



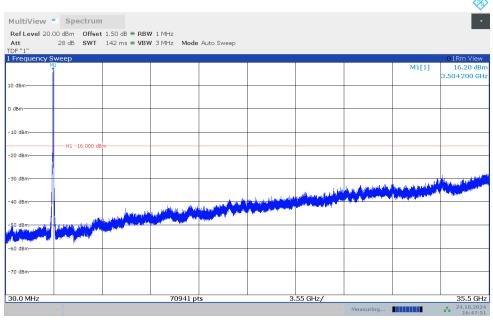
10:16:58 04.11.2024





n77L

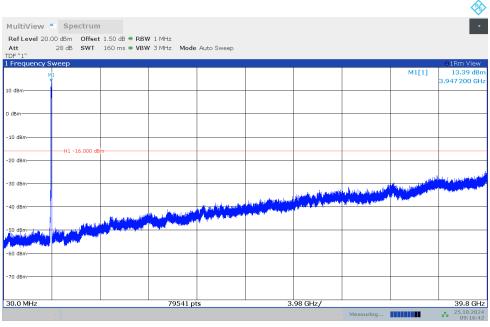
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



16:47:51 24.10.2024

n77H

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



09:16:43 25.10.2024

Note: The maximum value of expanded measurement uncertainty for this test item is U = 0.372 dB, k = 2.





A.8 Peak-to-Average Power Ratio

The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB

- a) Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;
- b) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ signal's occupied bandwidth;
- c) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
- d) Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

Measurement results

n25,45MHz

	Frequency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)										
		DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
	1882.5	4.77	5.58	6.36	6.51	6.59	8.42	8.41	8.49	8.49		

n30,10MHz

Fraguesia (MIII-)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
2310	4.46	5.46	6.10	6.50	6.80	7.76	7.82	7.98	8.64		

n48,100MHz

Fraguese (MIII)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
3624.99	5.36	6.61	7.48	7.07	7.20	9.32	8.88	9.05	8.78		

n66,45MHz

Fraguency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
1745	4.59	5.28	5.99	6.25	6.56	7.83	7.79	7.97	8.35		

n70,15MHz

Fraguency (MHz)		PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM			
1702.5	4.32	5.45	6.25	6.44	6.53	8.21	8.04	8.19	8.46			

n71,35MHz

Fraguency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
680.5	4.90	5.39	6.12	6.43	6.81	7.70	7.80	7.92	8.77		

n41,100MHz

Fraguency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
2592.99	5.75	6.06	6.16	6.48	7.23	8.22	7.98	8.66	8.76		





n77L,100MHz

Fraguency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
3500.01	5.88	6.32	6.56	7.66	7.55	8.60	9.32	8.53	8.99		

n77H,100MHz

Fraguency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)										
Frequency (MHz)	DFT-s-pi/2 BPSK	DFT-s-QPSK	DFT-s-16QAM	DFT-s-64QAM	DFT-s-256QAM	CP-QPSK	CP-16QAM	CP-64QAM	CP-256QAM		
3840	5.70	6.83	6.97	7.36	7.07	9.21	9.08	8.87	8.98		

Note: The maximum value of expanded measurement uncertainty for this test item is U = 0.356 dB, k = 2.





Annex B: Accreditation Certificate



Electrical Testing

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 23rd day of July 2024.

Mr. Trace McInturff, Vice President, Accreditation Services For the Accreditation Council Certificate Number 7049.01 Valid to July 31, 2026

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.

END OF REPORT