### **RadioShack Corporation**

Application For Certification (FCC ID: AAO3201258R)

Superheterodyne Receiver

0602987 TC/el March 22, 2006

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### LIST OF EXHIBITS

### INTRODUCTION

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### **MEASUREMENT / TECHNICAL REPORT**

## RadioShack Corporation – MODEL: 32-1258

### FCC ID: AAO3201258R

### March 22, 2006

This report concerns (check one:)	Original Grant X Class II Change							
Equipment Type: <u>Superheterodyne Rec</u>	eiver (example: computer, printer, modem, etc.)							
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.	457(d)(1)(ii)? Yes No <u>X</u>							
If yes, defer until:date								
Company Name agrees to notify the Co								
date of the intended date of announcement of the product so that the grant can be issued on that date.								
Transition Rules Request per 15.37?	Yes NoX							
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart B for unintentional radiator – the new 47 CFR [10-01-04 Edition] provision.								
Report prepared by:	Alfred Lo Intertek Testing Services 2/F., Garment Center, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. Phone: 852-2173-8545 Fax: 852-2371-0914							

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### List of attached file

Exhibit Type	File Description	Filename
Test Report	Test Report	report.pdf
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated photos.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Conducted Emission	conducted photos.pdf
Test Report	Conducted Emission Test Result	conducted.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.pdf
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.pdf
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label / Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf

# EXHIBIT 1

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

### 1.0 General Description

### 1.1 Product Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is an audio receiver for its corresponding wireless microphone. The main function of the EUT is used to receive the modulated signal that can be transmitting by its corresponding wireless microphone. And it can receive the transmitting signal in three difference channels, 169.505MHz, 170.245MHz and 171.905MHz. But it can receive only one channel for each receiver and need to change the crystal for the other two frequencies, the change of crystal can only be done by manufacturer. It's powered by a AC/DC adaptor (Model: U090025D12, Input: AC 120V, Output: DC 9V 250mA) and there are two power indicator (green and red LED) in the front of the EUT's body. The green and red LED will be lighted while received signal from the microphone and the power switch was on respectively.

For electronic filing, the brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf

#### 1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

The Certification procedure of transmitter for this receiver (with FCC ID: AAO3201258T) is being processed as the same time of this application.

#### 1.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Radiated Emission measurement was performed in Open Area Test Sites and Conducted Emission was performed in Shield Room. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.

#### 1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

# EXHIBIT 2

# SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### 2.0 System Test Configuration

#### 2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (2003).

The EUT was powered by AC/DC adaptor (Model: U090025D12).

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. The step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The rear of unit shall be flushed with the rear of the table and antennas are fully extended for testing.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on turntable, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

Test has been performed on the sample with upper channel 3 (171.905MHz) and the sample with the lower channel 1 (169.505MHz) in order to show the compliance of Equipment Under Test (EUT).

For simplicity of testing, the unit was operated to receive continuously.

### 2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the unit is powered up, it receives the RF signal continuously.

#### 2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

#### 2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by RadioShack Corporation will be incorporated in each production model sold / leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

2.6 Support Equipment List and Description

1.5m shielded audio cable with  $47k\Omega$  resistive load (Provided by Intertek)

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Alfred Lo Technical Manager Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. Agent for RadioShack Corporation

Signature

March 22, 2006 Date

# EXHIBIT 3

## **EMISSION RESULTS**

### 3.0 Emission Results

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

#### 3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where FS = Field Strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ 

- RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in  $dB\mu V$
- CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB
- AF = Antenna Factor in dB
- AG = Amplifier Gain in dB
- PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB
- AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

### 3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

### Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4dB and cable factor of 1.6dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0dB, and the resultant average factor was –10dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0dB\mu V$  AF = 7.4dB CF = 1.6dB AG = 29.0dB PD = 0dB AV = -10dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32dB\mu V/m$ 

Level in  $\mu$ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32dB $\mu$ V/m)/20] = 39.8 $\mu$ V/m

### 3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

#### Worst Case Radiated Emission at 52.936MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos.pdf.

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 9.8dB margin

### TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

<u>Terry C. H. Chan, Compliance Engineer</u> *Typed / Printed Name* 

March 22, 2006 Date

Company: RadioShack Corporation Model: 32-1258 Worst Case Operating Mode: Receiving (169.505MHz)

#### Table 1

#### **Radiated Emissions**

			Pre-	Antenna			
	Frequency	Reading	Amp	factor	Net at 3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	52.936	35.2	16	11	30.2	40.0	-9.8
V	105.872	32.6	16	13	29.6	43.5	-13.9
V	158.807	30.9	16	16	30.9	43.5	-12.6
V	211.744	28.4	16	17	29.4	43.5	-14.1
V	264.468	25.4	16	21	30.4	46.0	-15.6
V	317.618	23.2	16	23	30.2	46.0	-15.8
V	370.552	21.6	16	24	29.6	46.0	-16.4

NOTES: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distances were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.

4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Emission within the restricted band fulfil the requirement of Section 15.205.

Test Engineer: Terry C. H. Chan

Date of Test: March 02, 2006

Company: RadioShack Corporation Model: 32-1258 Worst Case Operating Mode: Receiving (171.905MHz)

#### Table 2

#### **Radiated Emissions**

	Frequency	Reading	Pre- Amp	Antenna factor	Net at 3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	53.734	35.2	16	11	30.2	40.0	-9.8
V	107.468	31.8	16	14	29.8	43.5	-13.7
V	161.204	30.8	16	16	30.8	43.5	-12.7
V	214.936	28.4	16	17	29.4	43.5	-14.1
V	268.670	24.2	16	22	30.2	46.0	-15.8
V	322.404	23.1	16	23	30.1	46.0	-15.9
V	376.138	21.2	16	24	29.2	46.0	-16.8

NOTES: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distances were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.

4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Emission within the restricted band fulfil the requirement of Section 15.205.

Test Engineer: Terry C. H. Chan

Date of Test: March 02, 2006

### 3.4 Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph

For electronic filing, the worst case line-conducted configuration photographs are saved with filename: conducted photos.pdf.

3.5 Conducted Emission Data

For electronic filing, the graph and data table of conducted emission are saved with filename: conducted.pdf. The data table lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by at least 20dB margin

TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

Terry C. H. Chan, Compliance Engineer Typed / Printed Name

March 22, 2006 Date

# EXHIBIT 4

## **EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS**

### 4.0 Equipment Photographs

For electronic filing, photographs of the tested EUT are saved with filename: external photos.pdf and internal photos.pdf.

# **EXHIBIT 5**

## **PRODUCT LABELLING**

### 5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronics filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf.

# EXHIBIT 6

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### 6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematic of the tested EUT are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

# EXHIBIT 7

## **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

### 7.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold / leased in the United States.

# **EXHIBIT 8**

## **MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION**

### 8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the test procedure and calculation of the factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

#### 8.1 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

This device is a superheterodyne receiver. No desensitization of the measurement equipment is required as the received signals are continuously.

### 8.2 Calculation of Average Factor

This device is a superheterodyne receiver. It is not necessary to apply average factor to the measurement result.

#### 8.3 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of superheterodyne receivers operating under Part 15, Subpart B rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels. The height of the antenna is varied from one to four meters.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9kHz to 1000MHz. For line-conducted emissions, the range scanned is 150kHz to 30MHz.

#### 8.3 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 – 2003.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100kHz or greater when frequency is below 1000MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.1). Above 1000MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz is used.

Measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the forbidden bands and above 1GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter of less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, unless otherwise reported. Measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.