



# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant: Guangdong He Yi Cai Investment Co., Ltd.

Address: No. 398-8, Xingyuan 5th Road, Yuanzhou Town, Boluo County,

**Huizhou City, Guangdong Province** 

Product Name: Mechanical keyboard

**FCC ID: 2BF6O-B98** 

IC: 32389-B98

HVIN: B98, 778

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Standard(s): RSS-Gen, Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2

ANSI C63.10-2013

KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

Report Number: 2502P40902E-RF-00A

**Report Date: 2025/3/3** 

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

Peobo Yun

Reviewed By: Pedro Yun Approved By: Gavin Xu

Gamin Xn

Title: Project Engineer Title: RF Supervisor

### **Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)**

No.12, Pulong East 1<sup>st</sup> Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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# DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	2502P40902E-RF-00A	Original Report	2025/3/3

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 General Description Of Equipment under Test

EUT Name:	Mechanical keyboard
EUT Model:	B98
Multiple Model:	778
<b>Operation Frequency:</b>	2402-2480 MHz
Maximum Peak Output Power (Conducted):	2.67dBm
Modulation Type:	GFSK
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 3.7V From Battery or DC 5V From USB
Serial Number:	2X5V-1(AC line conducted emissions and Radiated Spurious Emissions Below 1G) 2X5V-11 (Radiated Spurious Emissions Above 1G) 2X5V-10(RF conducted )
<b>EUT Received Date:</b>	2025/1/8
<b>EUT Received Status:</b>	Good

Note: The multiple models are electrically identical with the test model. Please refer to the declaration letter for more detail, which was provided by manufacturer.

## 1.2 Accessory Information

<b>Accessory Description</b>	Manufacturer	Model	Parameters
/	/	/	/

## 1.3 Antenna Information Detail ▲

Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	input impedance (Ohm)	Frequency Range	Antenna Gain
Dingnan Jinpeng Electronics Co., Ltd.	PCB	PCB 50 2.4-2.4835GHz 1.2 dBi		
The design of compliance with §15.203:				
Unit uses a permanently attached antenna.				
Unit uses a	Unit uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator.			
Unit was professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.				

## 1.4 Equipment Modifications

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.207(a) RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC line conducted emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2) RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a)	Minimum 6 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3) RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(e) RSS-247 Clause 5.2 b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.247(d) RSS-247 Clause 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.203 RSS-Gen Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.247 (i) & §1.1310 & §2.1093	SAR Evaluation	Compliant
RSS-102 Clause 6.3	Exemption Limits For Routine Evaluation-SAR Evaluation	Compliant

Note 1: For AC line conducted emissions, the maximum output power mode and channel was tested.

Note 2: For Radiated Spurious Emissions 9kHz~1GHz and 18~25GHz, the maximum output power mode and channel was tested.

## 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION

## 3.1 Operation Frequency Detail

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404		
•••	•••	•••	•••
•••		•••	•••
		38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

Note: The above frequencies in bold were performed the test.

### **3.2 EUT Operation Condition**

The EUT was configured for testing in Engineering Mode, which was provided by the manufacturer. The EUT configuration as below:

EUT Exercise Software: Engineeri	Engineering mode		
The software was provided by manufacturer. The maximum power was configured as below, that was provided by the manufacturer \( \blacktriangle :			
Test Modes		Power Level S	etting
rest Modes	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel
BLE 1Mbps	default	default	default

## 3.3 Support Equipment List and Details

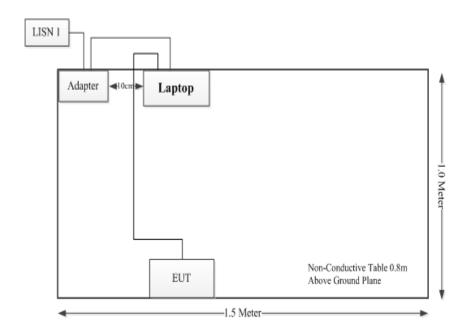
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Lenovo	Laptop	G510	EMZBPC21103006
Lenovo	Laptop	E450	PF-OMR8KV

## 3.4 Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	То
USB Cable	No	No	1.6	EUT	Laptop
DC Cable	No	yes	1.5	Adapter	Laptop

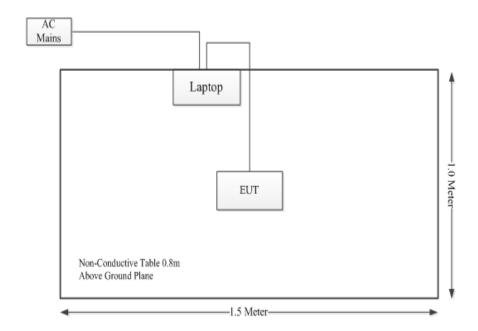
## 3.5 Block Diagram of Test Setup

AC line conducted emissions:

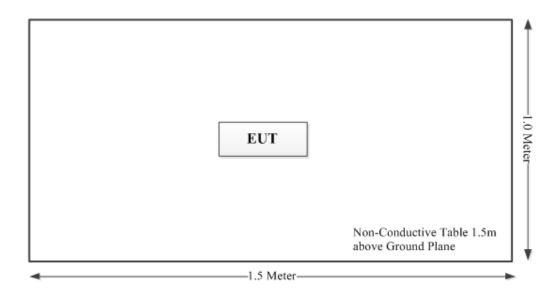


Spurious Emissions:

Below 1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



### 3.6 Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 829273, the FCC Designation No.: CN5044.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0022.

#### 3.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
	9kHz~30MHz: 3.3dB, 30MHz~200MHz: 4.55 dB, 200MHz~1GHz:
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	5.92 dB, 1GHz~6GHz: 4.98 dB, 6GHz~18GHz: 5.89 dB,
	18GHz~26.5GHz:5.47 dB, 26.5GHz~40GHz:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.47 dB
Temperature	±1℃
Humidity	$\pm 5\%$
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	3.11 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

## 4. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

#### 4.1 AC Line Conducted Emissions

### 4.1.1 Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207(a).

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

<sup>\*</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

- (b) The limit shown in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:
- (1) For carrier current system containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.
- (2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000  $\mu V$  within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz, as measured using a 50  $\mu H/50$  ohms LISN.
- (3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in §15.205, §15.209, §15.221, §15.223, or §15.227, as appropriate.
- (c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

#### RSS-Gen Clause 8.8

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50  $\mu H$  / 50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT. For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

 Frequency (MHz)
 Conducted limit (dBμV)

 0.15 - 0.5
 Quasi-peak
 Average

 0.5 - 5
 56 to 46<sup>1</sup>

 5 - 30
 60
 50

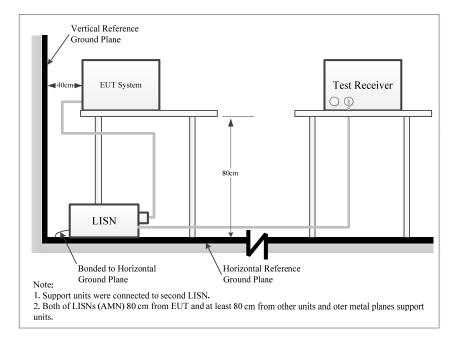
Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

- (a) Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.
- (b) Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

#### 4.1.2 EUT Setup



The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207, RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter or EUT was connected to the main LISN with a 120 V/60 Hz AC power source.

### **4.1.3 EMI Test Receiver Setup**

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W	
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz	

#### 4.1.4 Test Procedure

The frequency and amplitude of the six highest ac power-line conducted emissions relative to the limit, measured over all the current-carrying conductors of the EUT power cords, and the operating frequency or frequency to which the EUT is tuned (if appropriate), should be reported, unless such emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit. AC power-line conducted emissions measurements are to be separately carried out only on each of the phase ("hot") line(s) and (if used) on the neutral line(s), but not on the ground [protective earth] line(s). If less than six emission frequencies are within 20 dB of the limit, then the noise level of the measuring instrument at representative frequencies should be reported. The specific conductor of the power-line cord for each of the reported emissions should be identified. Measure the six highest emissions with respect to the limit on each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the power cords of associated or peripheral equipment that are part of the test configuration). Then, report the six highest emissions with respect to the limit from among all the measurements identifying the frequency and specific current-carrying conductor identified with the emission. The six highest emissions should be reported for each of the current-carrying conductors, or the six highest emissions may be reported over all the current-carrying conductors.

#### 4.1.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor

Factor = attenuation caused by cable loss + voltage division factor of AMN

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit - Result

#### 4.1.6 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.1.

#### 4.2 Radiation Spurious Emissions

## 4.2.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (d);

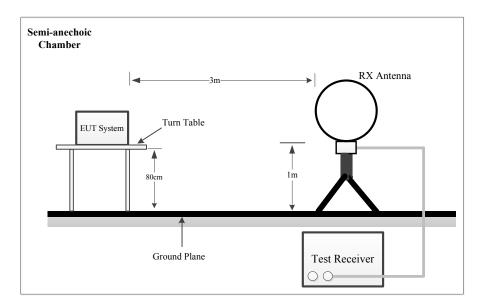
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

#### RSS-247 Clause 5.5

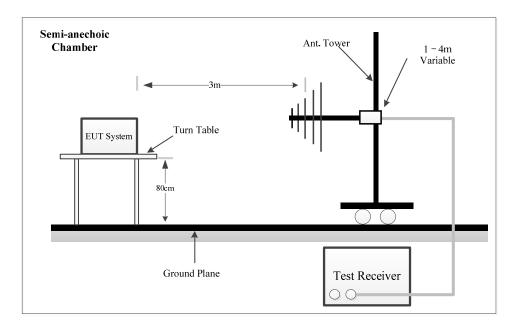
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required

#### 4.2.2 EUT Setup

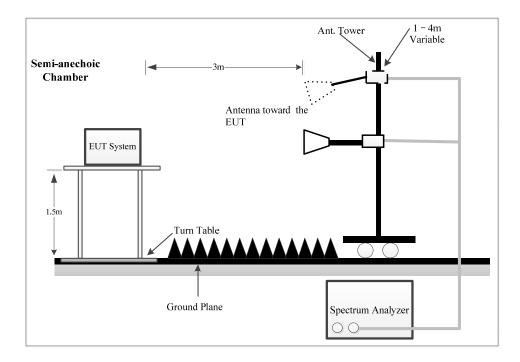
#### 9kHz-30MHz:



#### 30MHz~1GHz:



#### **Above 1GHz:**



The radiated emissions were performed in the 3 meters distance, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247, RSS-247, RSS-Gen limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

For 9kHz-30MHz test, the lowest height of the magnetic antenna shall be 1 m above the ground and three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) shall be measured.

#### 4.2.3 EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

#### 9kHz-1000MHz:

Frequency Range	Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
9 kHz-150 kHz	QP/AV	300 Hz	1 kHz	200 Hz	QP/AV
150 kHz-30 MHz	QP/AV	10 kHz	30 kHz	9 kHz	QP/AV
30 MHz-1000 MHz	Peak	100 kHz	300 kHz	/	PK
30 MINZ-1000 MINZ	QP	/	/	120 kHz	QP

#### Above 1GHz:

#### Pre-scan:

Measurement	Detector	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
Ave.	PK	>98%	1MHz	5kHz
	PK	<98%	1MHz	≥1/T, not less than 5kHz

Final measurement for emission identified during the pre-scan:

Measurement	Detector	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
Ave.	PK	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz
	PK	<98%	1MHz	≥1/T

Note: T is minimum transmission duration

#### 4.2.4 Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was required in Quasi-peak measurement for frequency range of 9 kHz-1 GHz except 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz, employing an average measurement, peak and Average measurement for frequencies above 1 GHz.

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

### 4.2.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

#### 4.2.6 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.2.

#### 4.3 Minimum 6 dB Emission Bandwidth

#### 4.3.1 Applicable Standard

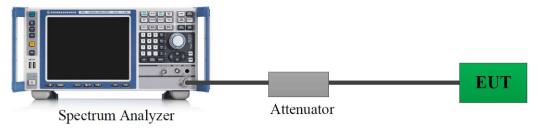
FCC §15.247 (a)(2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

#### 4.3.2 EUT Setup



A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by manufacturer. The insert loss of this RF cable/attenuator was offset into the setting of test equipment.

#### 4.3.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.8

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times RBW$ .
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### 4.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.3.

#### 4.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth:

## 4.4.1 Applicable Standard

#### RSS-Gen Clause 6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs. In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth: The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions. The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

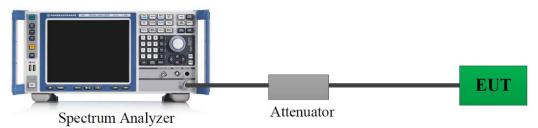
The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

#### 4.4.2 EUT Setup



A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by manufacturer. The insert loss of this RF cable/attenuator was offset into the setting of test equipment.

#### 4.4.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.9.3

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### 4.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.4.

#### 4.5 Maximum Conducted Output Power:

#### 4.5.1 Applicable Standard

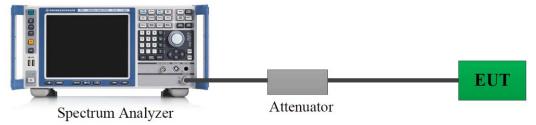
FCC §15.247 (b)(3)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

#### RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

#### 4.5.2 EUT Setup



A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by manufacturer. The insert loss of this RF cable/attenuator was offset into the setting of test equipment.

#### 4.5.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.9.1.1

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
- c) Set span  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

#### 4.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.5.

#### 4.6 Maximum power spectral density:

#### 4.6.1 Applicable Standard

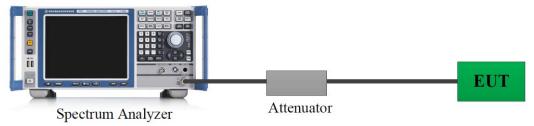
FCC §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### RSS-247 Clause5.2 b

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

#### 4.6.2 EUT Setup



A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by manufacturer. The insert loss of this RF cable/attenuator was offset into the setting of test equipment.

#### 4.6.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.10.2

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to  $3 \text{ kHz} \le \text{RBW} \le 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3  $\times$  RBW].
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode =  $\max$  hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

#### 4.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.6.

#### 4.7 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge:

## 4.7.1 Applicable Standard

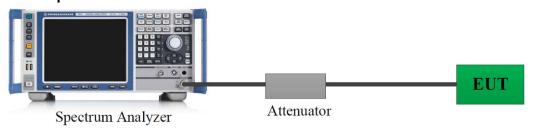
FCC §15.247 (d);

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

#### RSS-247 Clause 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required

#### 4.7.2 EUT Setup



A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by manufacturer. The insert loss of this RF cable/attenuator was offset into the setting of test equipment.

#### 4.7.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.11

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

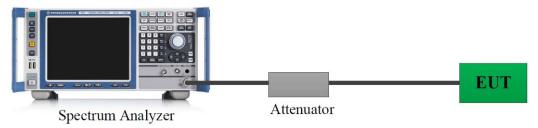
Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 4.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to section 5.7.

### 4.8 Duty Cycle:

#### 4.8.1 EUT Setup



A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by manufacturer. The insert loss of this RF cable/attenuator was offset into the setting of test equipment.

#### 4.8.2 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.6

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:

- 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
- 2) Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
- 3) Set  $VBW \ge RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average.
- 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7  $\mu$ s.)

### 4.8.3 Judgment

Report Only. Please refer to section 5.8.

#### 4.9 Antenna Requirement

#### 4.9.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §§15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, 15.221, or §15.236. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

#### RSS-Gen Clause 6.8

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below). When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

#### 4.9.2 Judgment

**Compliant.** Please refer to the Antenna Information detail in Section 1.3.

## 5. Test DATA AND RESULTS

#### **5.1 AC Line Conducted Emissions**

Serial Number:	2X5V-1	Test Date:	2025/1/11
Test Site:	CE	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Yolo Fan	Test Result:	Pass

## **Environmental Conditions:**

Temperature: $(^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$	22.3	Relative Humidity:	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.4	
( )		(%)	(111 11)		

**Test Equipment List and Details:** 

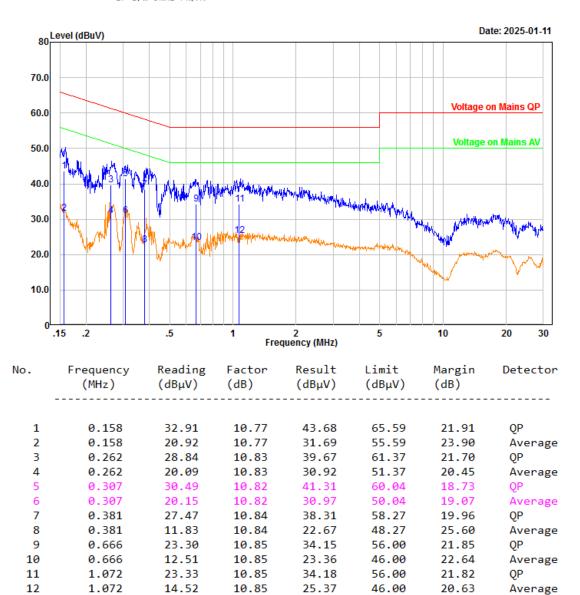
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	LISN	ENV216	101614	2024/9/5	2025/9/4
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0200-01	2024/9/5	2025/9/4
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2024/8/26	2025/8/25
Audix	Test Software	E3	191218 V9	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

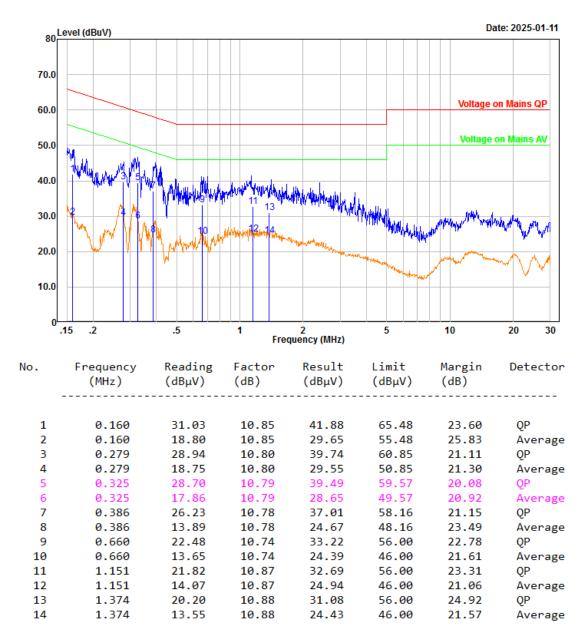
#### **Test Data:**

Low channel was tested.

Project No.: 2502P40902E-RF Port: Line Test Mode: Transmitting IF B/W 9kHz PK/AV Serial No.: 2X5V-1 Tester: Yolo Fan



Project No.: 2502P40902E-RF Port: neutral Test Mode: Transmitting IF B/W 9kHz PK/AV Serial No.: 2X5V-1 Tester: Yolo Fan



## **5.2 Radiation Spurious Emissions**

### 1) 9kHz - 1GHz

Serial Number:	2X5V-1	Test Date:	2025/1/21
Test Site:	Chamber A	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Alan Xie	Test Result:	Pass

<b>Environmental Conditions:</b>					
Temperature: $(^{\circ}C)$	20.2	Relative Humidity: (%) 30	ATM Pressure (kPa	2: 101	

### **Test Equipment List and Details:**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
EMCO	Passive Loop Antenna	6512	9706-1206	2023/10/25	2026/10/24
Sunol Sciences	Hybrid Antenna	JB3	A060611-2	2024/4/16	2027/4/15
Narda	Coaxial Attenuator	757C-6dB	34010	2024/4/16	2027/4/15
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0075-01	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0400-01	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-1400-01	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Sonoma	Amplifier	310N	372193	2024/8/16	2025/8/15
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102453	2024/8/26	2025/8/25
Audix	Test Software	E3	191218 V9	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

#### **Test Data:**

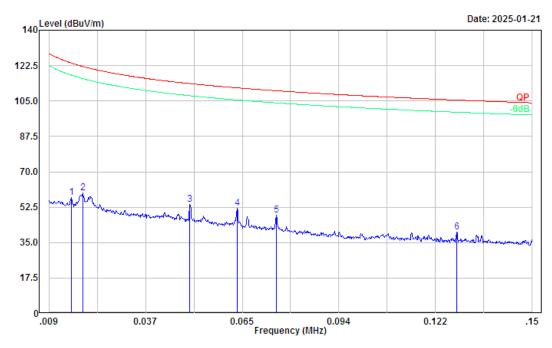
Please refer to the below table and plots.

After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case is refer to table and plots.

#### 9kHz~30MHz(Low channel was tested)

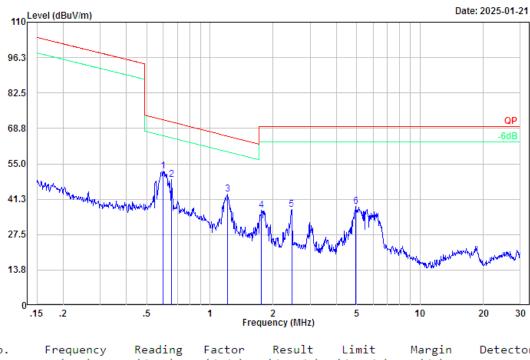
Three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) was measured, the worst orientations was below:

Project No.: 2502P40902E-RF Serial No.: 2X5V-1
Polarization: Parallel Tester: Alan Xie
Test Mode: Transmitting
: RBW:300Hz VBW:1kHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.016	7.21	50.12	57.33	123.73	66.40	Peak
2	0.019	10.32	49.29	59.61	122.09	62.48	Peak
3	0.050	10.53	43.41	53.94	113.60	59.66	Peak
4	0.064	10.98	41.15	52.13	111.48	59.35	Peak
5	0.075	9.44	39.19	48.63	110.06	61.43	Peak
6	0.128	6.67	33.40	40.07	105.46	65.39	Peak

Project No.: 2502P40902E-RF Serial No.: 2X5V-1 Polarization: Parallel Test Mode: Transmitting : RBW:10kHz VBW:30kHz Tester: Alan Xie

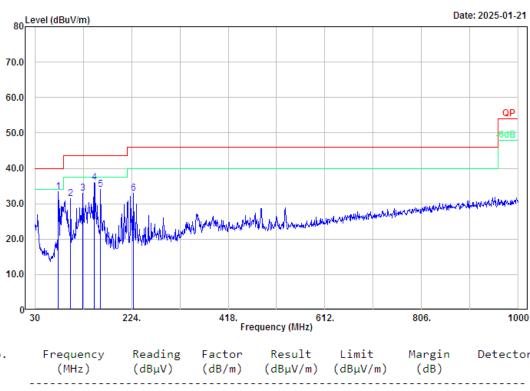


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.598	30.21	21.89	52.10	72.03	19.93	Peak
2	0.658	27.88	21.16	49.04	71.19	22.15	Peak
3	1.210	28.53	14.68	43.21	65.78	22.57	Peak
4	1.762	24.80	12.20	37.00	69.54	32.54	Peak
5	2.448	26.92	10.21	37.13	69.54	32.41	Peak
6	4.952	32.59	5.76	38.35	69.54	31.19	Peak

### 30MHz-1GHz (Low channel was tested)

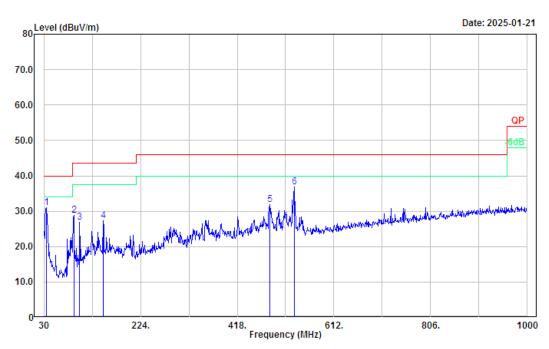
Project No.: 2502P40902E-RF Polarization: Horizontal Test Mode: Transmitting Serial No.: 2X5V-1 Tester: Alan Xie

: RBW:100kHz VBW:300kHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	77.53	50.04	-16.61	33,43	40.00	6.57	Peak
2	101.78	44.56	-13.19	31.37	43.50	12.13	Peak
3	126.03	43.04	-10.00	33.04	43.50	10.46	Peak
4	149.31	47.47	-11.47	36.00	43.50	7.50	Peak
5	161.92	45.57	-11.51	34.06	43.50	9.44	Peak
6	227.88	44.06	-11.06	33.00	46.00	13.00	Peak

Project No.: 2502P40902E-RF Serial No.: 2X5V-1 Polarization: Vertical Test Mode: Transmitting : RBW:100kHz VBW:300kHz Tester: Alan Xie



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	35.82	38.72	-7.67	31.05	40.00	8.95	Peak
2	90.14	45.53	-16.75	28.78	43.50	14.72	Peak
3	101.78	40.14	-13.19	26.95	43.50	16.55	Peak
4	149.31	38.71	-11.47	27.24	43.50	16.26	Peak
5	483.96	36.58	-4.61	31.97	46.00	14.03	Peak
6	532.46	40.64	-3.79	36.85	46.00	9.15	Peak

### 2) 1-25GHz:

Serial Number:	2X5V-11	Test Date:	2025/2/17
Test Site:	Chamber B	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Colin Yang	Test Result:	Pass

<b>Environmental Conditions:</b>								
Temperature (°C	22.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	55	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.5			

### **Test Equipment List and Details:**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
ETS-Lindgren	Horn Antenna	3115	000 527 35	2023/9/7	2026/9/6
Xinhang Macrowave	Coaxial Cable	XH750A-N/J- SMA/J-10M			2025/11/16
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	469	2024/4/15	2025/4/14
Audix	Test Software	E3	191218 V9	N/A	N/A
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101944	2024/9/6	2025/9/5
Ducommun Technologies	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	1007726-02 1304	2023/2/22	2026/2/21
Xinhang Macrowave	Coaxial Cable	XH360A-2.92/J- 2.92/J-6M-A	20231208001 #0001	2024/12/9	2025/12/8
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-1840VH	191	2024/9/5	2025/9/4
Decentest	Multiplex Switch Test Control Set & Filter Switch Unit	DT7220SCU & DT7220FCU	DC79902 & DC79905	2024/8/27	2025/8/26

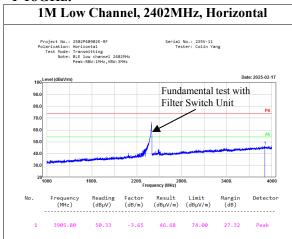
<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

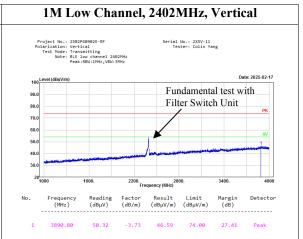
### **Test Data:**

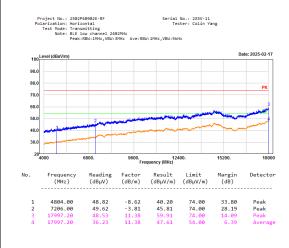
Please refer to the below table and plots.

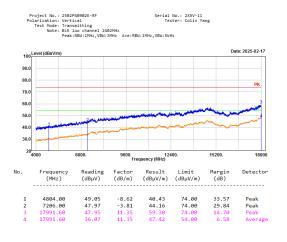
After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case is refer to table and plots.

## 1-18GHz:

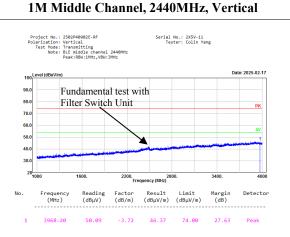


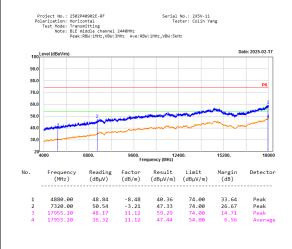


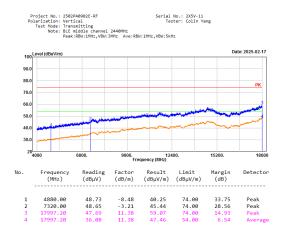




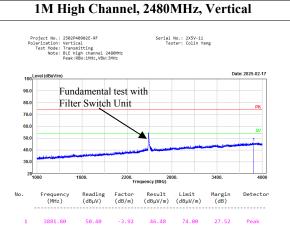
# The Middle Channel, 2440MHz, Horizontal Project No.: 25899466021-8F Polasecation: Norticental Test Note: Present Note: Note:

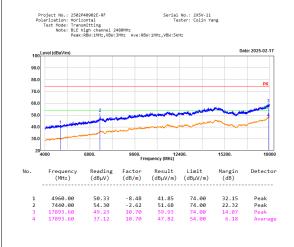


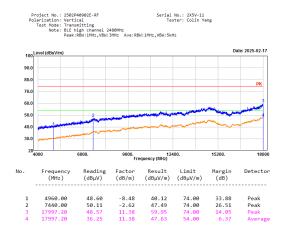




# Project No.: 25029409021-8F Polarization: Nortizontal Project No.: 25029409021-8F Polarization: Nortizontal Test Node: Ironantizontal Test Node: Ironantizontal Test Node: Ironantizontal Test Polarization: Notizontal Test Polarization: Notizontal Test Colin Yang Tester: Colin Ya

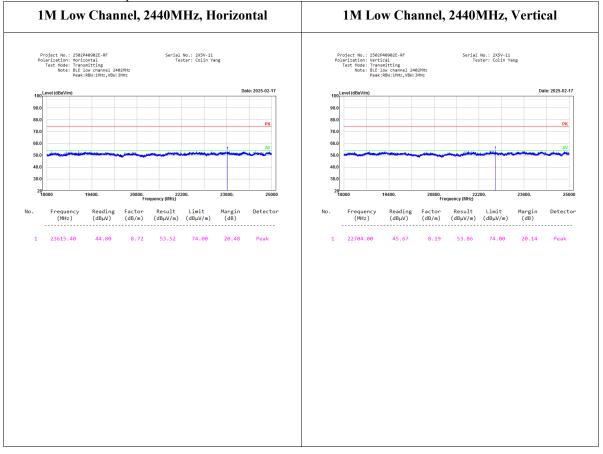






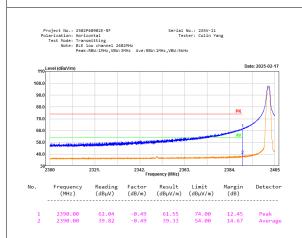
#### 18-25GHz:

No Emission was detected in the range 18-25GHz, test was performed on the mode and channel which with the maximum power.

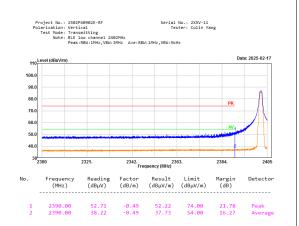


#### **Bandedge:**

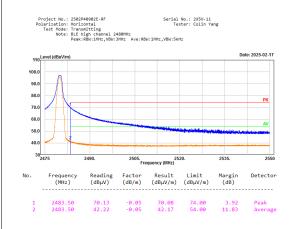
# 1M, Low Channel, Bandedge, Horizontal



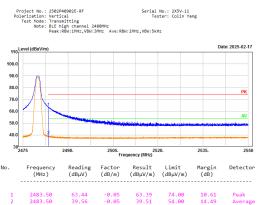
# 1M, Low Channel, Bandedge, Vertical



# 1M, High Channel, Bandedge, Horizontal



# 1M, High Channel, Bandedge, Vertical



#### 5.3 6dB Emission Bandwidth

## **Test Information:**

Serial No.:	2X5V-10	Test Date:	2025/01/18
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Tower Qing	Test Result:	Pass

# **Environmental Conditions:**

Temperatu (	re: °C)	21.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	35	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.5
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# **Test Equipment List and Details:**

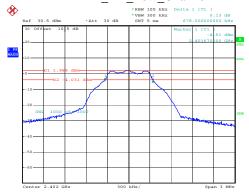
Manufactur	er Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Coaxial Attenuator	10dB	F-08-EM512	2024/06/13	2025/06/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2024/09/05	2025/09/04

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## **Test Data:**

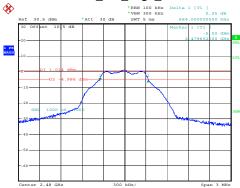
Channel	Result (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Verdict
BLE 1Mbps Low	0.678	≥0.5	Pass
BLE 1Mbps Middle	0.693	≥0.5	Pass
BLE 1Mbps High	0.684	≥0.5	Pass

# BLE\_1M\_Low\_Channel



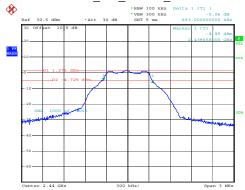
ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:45:01

# $BLE\_1M\_High\_Channel$



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 13:16:06

# $BLE\_1M\_Middle\_Channel$



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:48:05

# 5.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth

# **Test Information:**

Serial No.:	2X5V-10	Test Date:	2025/01/18
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Tower Qing	Test Result:	N/A

# **Environmental Conditions:**

-	214	Femperature: (°C)	Relative Humidity: (%)	35	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.5
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# **Test Equipment List and Details:**

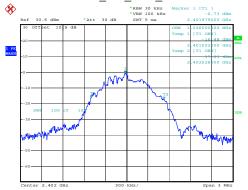
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Coaxial Attenuator	10dB	F-08-EM512	2024/06/13	2025/06/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2024/09/05	2025/09/04

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

# **Test Data:**

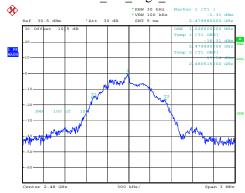
Channel	99% OBW (MHz)
BLE 1Mbps Low	1.026
BLE 1Mbps Middle	1.023
BLE 1Mbps High	1.026

# $BLE\_1M\_Low\_Channel$



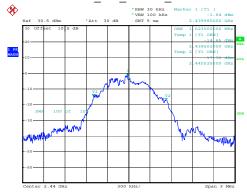
ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:45:26

# BLE\_1M\_High\_Channel



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 13:16:32

# $BLE\_1M\_Middle\_Channel$



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:48:30

# **5.5 Maximum Conducted Output Power**

# **Test Information:**

Serial No.:	2X5V-10	Test Date:	2025/01/18
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Tower Qing	Test Result:	Pass

## **Environmental Conditions:**

-	214	Femperature: (°C)	Relative Humidity: (%)	35	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.5
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# **Test Equipment List and Details:**

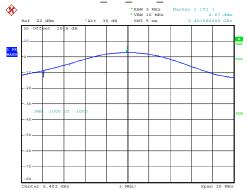
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Coaxial Attenuator	10dB	F-08-EM512	2024/06/13	2025/06/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2024/09/05	2025/09/04

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

# **Test Data:**

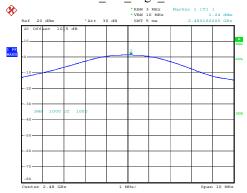
Channel	Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
BLE 1Mbps Low	2.67	30.00	Pass
BLE 1Mbps Middle	1.94	30.00	Pass
BLE 1Mbps High	1.24	30.00	Pass
Max EIRP	3.87	36.00	Pass

# $BLE\_1M\_Low\_Channel$



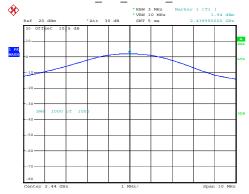
ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:46:31

# BLE\_1M\_High\_Channel



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 13:17:32

# $BLE\_1M\_Middle\_Channel$



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:49:36

# **5.6 Power Spectral Density**

# **Test Information:**

Serial No.:	2X5V-10	Test Date:	2025/01/18
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Tower Qing	Test Result:	Pass

## **Environmental Conditions:**

Temperature: (°C)	21.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	35	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.5
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# **Test Equipment List and Details:**

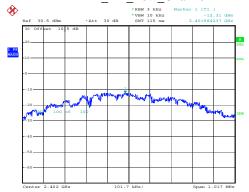
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	
R&S	Coaxial Attenuator	10dB	F-08-EM512	2024/06/13	2025/06/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2024/09/05	2025/09/04

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

# **Test Data:**

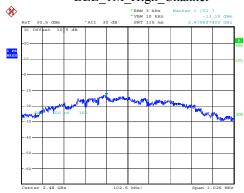
Channel	Result (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict	
BLE 1Mbps Low	-12.31	8	Pass	
BLE 1Mbps Middle	-12.64	8	Pass	
BLE 1Mbps High	-13.15	8	Pass	

# BLE\_1M\_Low\_Channel



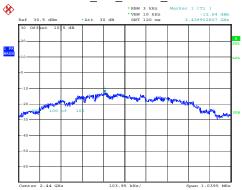
ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:47:10

# BLE\_1M\_High\_Channel



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 13:18:11

# $BLE\_1M\_Middle\_Channel$



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:50:18

# 5.7 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

## **Test Information:**

Serial No.:	2X5V-10	Test Date:	2025/01/18
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Tower Qing	Test Result:	Pass

## **Environmental Conditions:**

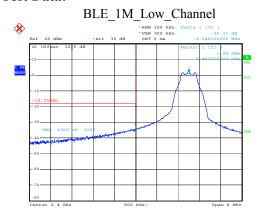
Temperature: (°C)	21.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	35	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.5
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## **Test Equipment List and Details:**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
R&S	Coaxial Attenuator	10dB	F-08-EM512	2024/06/13	2025/06/12	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2024/09/05	2025/09/04	

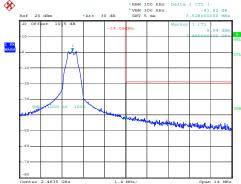
<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

# **Test Data:**



ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 11:44:00





ProjectNo.:2502P40902E-RF Tester:Tower Qing Date: 18.JAN.2025 13:15:11

# 5.8 Duty Cycle

# **Test Information:**

Serial No.:	2X5V-10	Test Date:	2025/03/03
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Tower Qing	Test Result:	N/A

## **Environmental Conditions:**

Temper	rature: (°C)	24.7	Relative Humidity: (%)	67	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.5
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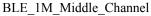
## **Test Equipment List and Details:**

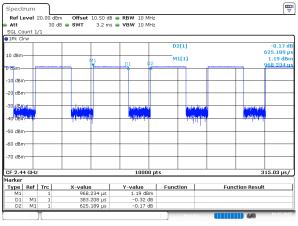
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Coaxial Attenuator	10dB	F-08-EM512	2024/06/13	2025/06/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101589	2024/09/05	2025/09/04

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## **Test Data:**

Channel	Ton Ton+Toff (ms) (ms)		Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	1/Ton (Hz)	VBW Setting (kHz)
BLE 1Mbps Middle	0.383	0.625	61.28	2.13	2611	3





# **EXHIBIT A - EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**

Please refer to the attachment 2502P40902E-RF-EXP EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS and 2502P40902E-RF-INP EUT INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS.

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# **EXHIBIT B - TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

Please refer to the attachment 2502P40902E-RF-00A-TSP TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS.

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## **EXHIBIT C - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION**

#### **SAR** test exclusion

## **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.247(i) and §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### **Measurement Result**

The max conducted power including tune-up tolerance is 3.0 dBm (2.0 mW). [(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)][ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $=2.0/5*(\sqrt{2.480})=0.6<3.0$ 

Note: the max conducted power including tune-up tolerance was declared by manufacturer. BLE/ SRD can't transmit simultaneously.

Result: Compliant. The stand-alone SAR evaluation is not necessary.

## **Exemption Limits For Routine Evaluation- SAR Evaluation**

## **Applicable Standard**

RSS-102, Issue 6, Clause 6.3:

Devices operating at or below the applicable output power levels (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) specified in table 11, based on the separation distance, are exempt from SAR evaluation. The separation distance, defined as the distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device or the outer surface of the device, shall be less than or equal to 20 cm for these exemption limits to apply.

Table 11: Power limits for exemption from routine SAR evaluation based on the separation distance

Frequenc y (MHz)	≤5 mm (mW)	10 mm (mW)	15 mm (mW)	20 mm (mW)	25 mm (mW)	30 mm (mW)	35 mm (mW)	40 mm (mW)	45 mm (mW)	> 50 mm (mW)
≤ 300	45	116	139	163	189	216	246	280	319	362
450	32	71	87	104	124	147	175	208	248	296
835	21	32	41	54	72	96	129	172	228	298
1900	6	10	18	33	57	92	138	194	257	323
2450	3	7	16	32	56	89	128	170	209	245
3500	2	6	15	29	50	72	94	114	134	158
5800	1	5	13	23	32	41	54	74	102	128

## **Measurement Result:**

The max tune-up conducted power is 3.0 dBm(2.0mW), Antenna Gain: 1.2 dBi, EIRP is 4.2 dBm(2.63 mW)

The exemption power(P) limits for routine evaluation in 2402-2480MHz is: (2480-2450)/(3500-2450)=( P -3)/( 2-3) =>P=2.97 mW@2480 MHz

> 2.63 mW

Note: the max conducted power including tune-up tolerance was declared by manufacturer. BLE/ SRD can't transmit simultaneously.

So the stand-alone SAR evaluation can be exempted.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*