

6 Safety Human Exposure

6.1 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance

6.1.1 Electromagnetic Fields

RESULT:**Pass****Test Specification**

Test standard : FCC KDB Publication 447498 v06
CFR47 FCC Part 2: Section 2.1091
CFR47 FCC Part 1: Section 1.1310

FCC requirement: Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 20cm normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

MPE Calculation Method according to OET Bulletin 65

Power Density: $S(\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2) = PG/4\pi R^2$ or $\text{EIRP}/4\pi R^2$

Where:

S = power density (mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

The worst-case mode (the configuration having highest EIRP) specified:

2.4GHz: 11.35 dBm with -0.5dBi antenna gain

From the RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=20 cm, as well as the antenna gain, the RF power density can be calculated as below:

For 2.4GHz: $S(\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2) = PG/4\pi R^2 = 0.002 \text{ mW}/\text{cm}^2$

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) according to FCC Part 1.1310: 1.0 mW/cm²

“RF Radiation Exposure Statement Caution: This Transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons.”