



中认信通

CHINA CERTIFICATION ICT CO., LTD (DONGGUAN)



TEST REPORT

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Product Name: Cordless Hotel Telephone

Standard(s): FCC PART 15D

RSS-213, ISSUE 3, MARCH 2015

RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021

AMENDMENT 2

ANSI C63.17-2013

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: CR230846709-00

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Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol “▲”. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	CR230846709-00	Original Report	2023/11/14

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Cordless Hotel Telephone
EUT Model:	NG-A3112
Trade Name:	vtech
Operation Frequency:	1921.536-1928.448 MHz
Maximum Peak Output Power (Conducted):	20.34dBm
Modulation Type:	GFSK
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 5V from adapter
Serial Number:	CE&RE: 24DL_2 RF: 24DL_1
EUT Received Date:	2023/8/11
EUT Received Status:	Good

Antenna Information Detail▲:

Antenna	Antenna Type	input impedance (Ohm)	Frequency Range	Antenna Gain
ANT0	Monopole	50	1920-1930MHz	0 dBi
ANT1	Monopole	50	1920-1930MHz	0 dBi

The Method of §15.203/RSS-Gen Clause 6.8 Compliance:

- ☒ Antenna was permanently attached to the unit.
☐ Antenna use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
☐ Unit was professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Accessory Information:

Accessory Description	Manufacturer	Model	Parameters
Adapter	VTPL	VT05EUS05100	Input: AC 100-240V~50/60Hz, 0.15A Output: DC 5.0V, 1.0A 5.0W

1.2 Description of Test Configuration

1.2.1 EUT Operation Condition:

EUT Operation Mode:	The system was configured for testing in Engineering Mode, which was provided by the manufacturer.
Equipment Modifications:	No
EUT Exercise Software:	No
The engineering mode was provided by manufacturer. The maximum power was configured default, that was provided by the manufacturer ▲:	

1.2.2 Support Equipment List and Details

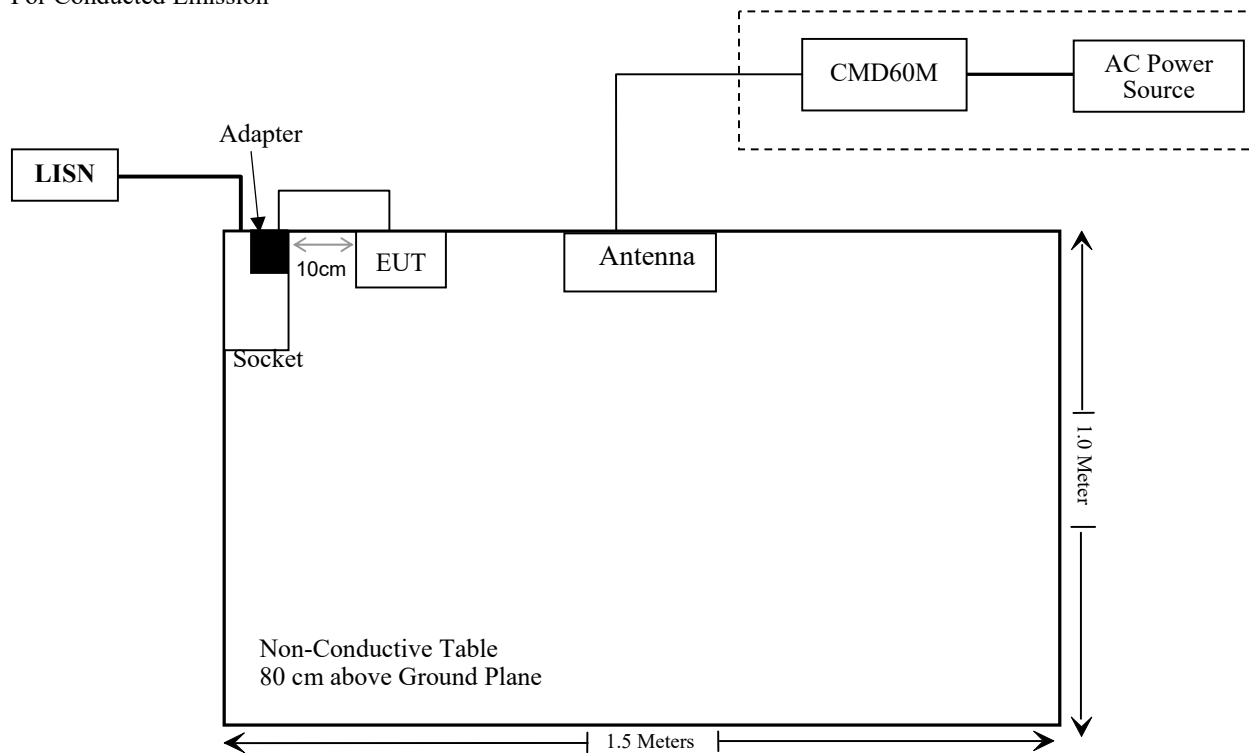
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Rohde & Schwarz	Digital Radio Communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010

1.2.3 Support Cable List and Details

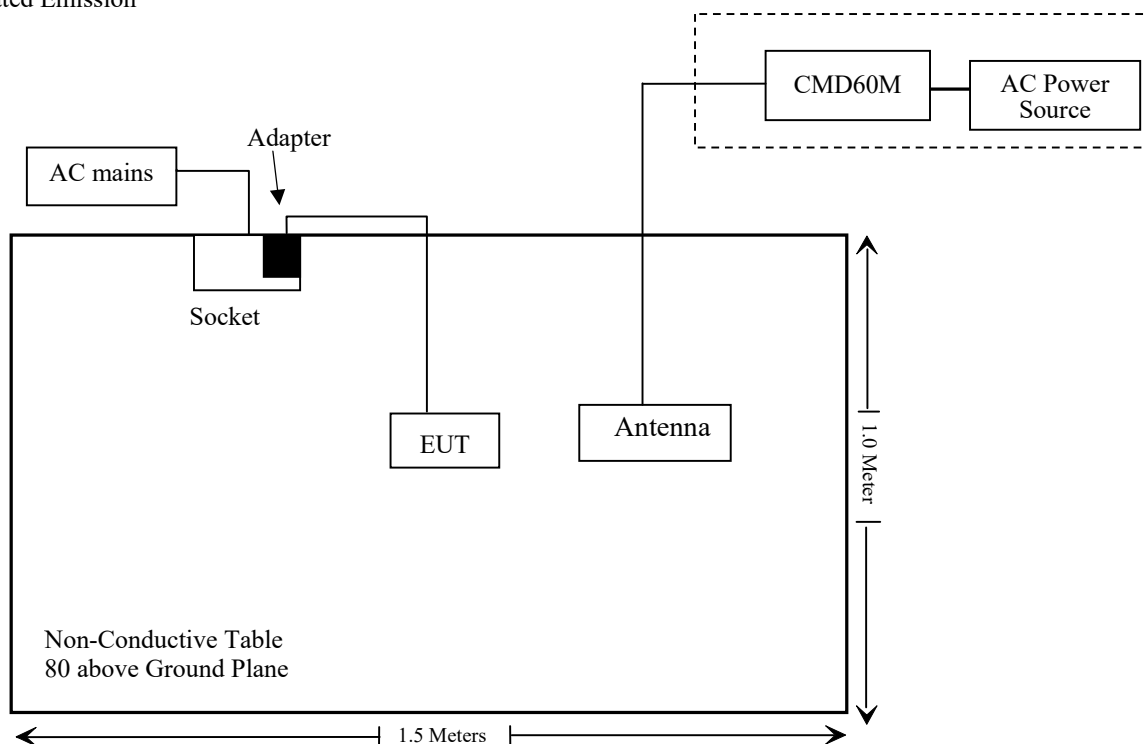
Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	To
AC cable	No	No	1.2	LISN/ AC mains	Socket
AC cable	No	No	1.2	AC Power Source	CMD60M
DC cable	No	No	2.0	Adapter	RJ11 Cable
RJ11 cable	No	No	1.5	RJ11 Cable	EUT

1.2.4 Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Conducted Emission



For Radiated Emission



1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.15 dB,200M~1GHz: 5.61 dB,1G~6GHz: 5.14 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.93 dB,18G~26.5G:5.47 dB,26.5G~40G:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
Temperature	±1℃
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	2.8 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Standard(s) Section	Test Items	Result
FCC § 15.315, § 15.207 RSS-213 Clause 5.4	Conducted Emission	Compliant
FCC § 15.323 (a) RSS-213 Clause 5.5	Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC § 15.319 (c) RSS-213 Clause 5.6	Peak Transmit Power	Compliant
FCC § 15.319 (d) RSS-213 Clause 5.7	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
FCC § 15.323 (d) RSS-213 Clause 5.8	Emission Inside and Outside the sub-band	Compliant
FCC § 15.323 (f) RSS-213 Clause 5.3	Frequency Stability	Compliant
FCC § 15.323 (c)(e) & § 15.319 (f) RSS-213 Clause 5.1 & 5.2	Specific Requirements for UPCS	Compliant
FCC § 15.317, § 15.203 RSS-Gen Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC § 15.319 (i) & §1.1307(b) RSS-102 Clause 2.5.2	RF Exposure Evaluation	Compliant

Note: EUT have two antennas, pre-scan output power of the two antennas, the worst case ANT 1 was select to full testing and ANT 0 tested radiated emission.

3. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

3.1 Conducted Emissions

3.1.1 Applicable Standard

FCC§15.315

An unlicensed PCS device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line must meet the limits specified in §15.207.

RSS-213 Clause 5.4

The limits of AC power line conducted emissions are given in RSS-Gen.

RSS-Gen Clause 8.8

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 ¹	56 to 46 ¹
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

(a) Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.

(b) Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

3.1.2 EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC 15.315, FCC 15.207 and RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter or EUT was connected to the main LISN with a 120 V/60 Hz AC power source.

3.1.3 EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

3.1.4 Test Procedure

The frequency and amplitude of the six highest ac power-line conducted emissions relative to the limit, measured over all the current-carrying conductors of the EUT power cords, and the operating frequency or frequency to which the EUT is tuned (if appropriate), should be reported, unless such emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit. AC power-line conducted emissions measurements are to be separately carried out only on each of the phase (“hot”) line(s) and (if used) on the neutral line(s), but not on the ground [protective earth] line(s). If less than six emission frequencies are within 20 dB of the limit, then the noise level of the measuring instrument at representative frequencies should be reported. The specific conductor of the power-line cord for each of the reported emissions should be identified. Measure the six highest emissions with respect to the limit on each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the power cords of associated or peripheral equipment that are part of the test configuration). Then, report the six highest emissions with respect to the limit from among all the measurements identifying the frequency and specific current-carrying conductor identified with the emission. The six highest emissions should be reported for each of the current-carrying conductors, or the six highest emissions may be reported over all the current-carrying conductors.

3.1.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor

Factor = attenuation caused by cable loss + voltage division factor of AMN

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

3.2 Emission Bandwidth:

3.2.1 Applicable Standard

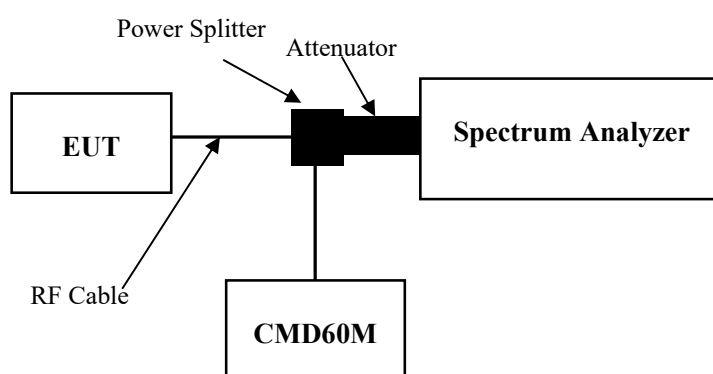
FCC §15.323 (a)

Operation shall be contained within the 1920–1930 MHz band. The emission bandwidth shall be less than 2.5 MHz and greater than 50 kHz.

RSS-213 Clause 5.5

The emission bandwidth shall not be less than 50 kHz nor more than 2.5 MHz.

3.2.2 EUT Setup



3.2.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.17-2013 Section 6.1.3

Table 3—Spectrum analyzer settings for measurement of emissions bandwidth *B*

RBW	Approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth (a rough estimate may be obtained from peak power level measurement, or use manufacturer's declared value)
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times$ the RBW
Center frequency	Nominal center frequency of channel
Span	$\geq 2 \times$ the expected emission bandwidth
Sweep time	Coupled to frequency span and RBW
Amplitude scale	Log
Detection	Peak detection with maximum hold enabled

Record the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Find the two furthest frequencies above and below the frequency of the maximum level of the modulated carrier where the signal level is 26 dB below the peak level of the carrier. The difference in frequency between these two frequencies is the emission bandwidth.

If after measuring the emission bandwidth, it is found that the RBW used was not approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth, then adjust the RBW and repeat the procedure until the correct RBW is used. If the spectrum analyzer has fixed values of RBW, the one that is the nearest to 1% of the emission bandwidth is acceptable, provided it is no less than 0.5% of the emission bandwidth and no greater than 2% of the emission bandwidth.

3.3 Peak Transmit Power:

3.3.1 Applicable Standard

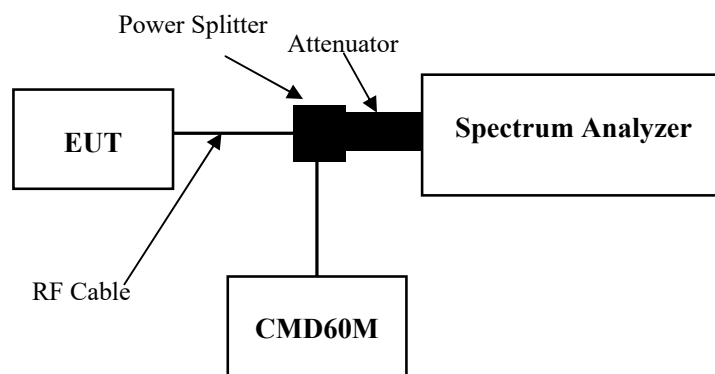
FCC §15.319 (c)

Peak transmit power shall not exceed 100 microwatts multiplied by the square root of the emission bandwidth in hertz. Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, etc., so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

RSS-213 Clause 5.6

Peak transmit power shall not exceed $100 \mu\text{W}$ multiplied by the square root of the occupied bandwidth in hertz. The peak transmit power shall be reduced by the amount in decibels that the maximum directional gain of the antenna exceeds 3 dBi.

3.3.2 EUT Setup



3.3.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.17-2013 Section 6.1.2

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) setting for this test must be adjusted by repeating this test and using increasing values of the RBW until there are negligible changes (within ± 0.5 dB) in the measured values of the maximum power.

Table 2—Spectrum analyzer settings for determining the peak power

RBW	\geq Emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	\geq RBW
Span	Zero
Center frequency	Nominal center frequency of transmit carrier
Amplitude scale	Log (linear may be used if analyzer has sufficient linear dynamic range and accuracy)
Detection	Peak detection
Trigger	Video
Sweep rate	Sufficiently rapid to permit the transmit pulse to be resolved accurately

3.4 Power Spectral Density:

3.4.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.319 (d)

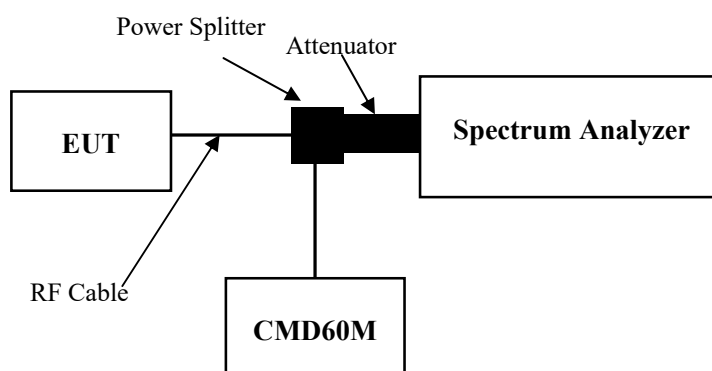
Power spectral density shall not exceed 3 milliwatts in any 3 kHz bandwidth as measured with a spectrum analyzer having a resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz.

RSS-213 Clause 5.7

The peak-hold power spectral density of transmitters shall not exceed 12 mW per any 3 kHz bandwidth.

As an alternative to the peak-hold power spectral density, the time-averaged power spectral density may be measured and it shall not exceed 3 mW per any 3 kHz bandwidth.

3.4.2 EUT Setup



3.4.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.17-2013 Section 6.1.5

The EUT transmit data sequence and mode of operation shall be representative of that encountered in normal operation, so that transient effects associated with transmission bursts or data content are captured by the PSD measurement.

Table 4—Spectrum analyzer settings for finding of the maximum of PSD_{EUT}

RBW	3 kHz
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span	Zero span at frequency with the maximum level (frequency determined in 6.1.3 if the same type of signal (continuous versus burst) was used in 6.1.3)
Center frequency	Spectral peak as determined in 6.1.3
Sweep time	For burst signals, sufficient to include essentially all of the maximum length burst at the output of a 3 kHz filter (e.g., maximum input burst duration plus 600 μs). For continuous signals, 20 ms.
Amplitude scale	Log power
Detection	Sample detection and averaged for a minimum of 100 sweeps
Trigger	External or internal

For burst-type signals, arrange to measure the wideband burst duration of each burst analyzed and compute the mean duration.

Determine the level that is 20 dB below the first peak. Record the power-averaged waveform between the 20 dB threshold levels around the first peak with at least 30 000 samples per second as shown in Figure 4. Multiple wideband bursts may produce the waveform between –20 dB peaks; these must be included in the determination of the average burst length. If there is no level that is 20 dB below the peak, then analyze the complete sweep and include all of the wideband waveform that occurs during the sweep time in the computation of average burst length.

Sum the values of the sample points (in linear units of power) and divide by the sample frequency to obtain the total pulse energy in the 3 kHz bandwidth, then divide by the average duration of the wideband input pulse to obtain the average pulse power.

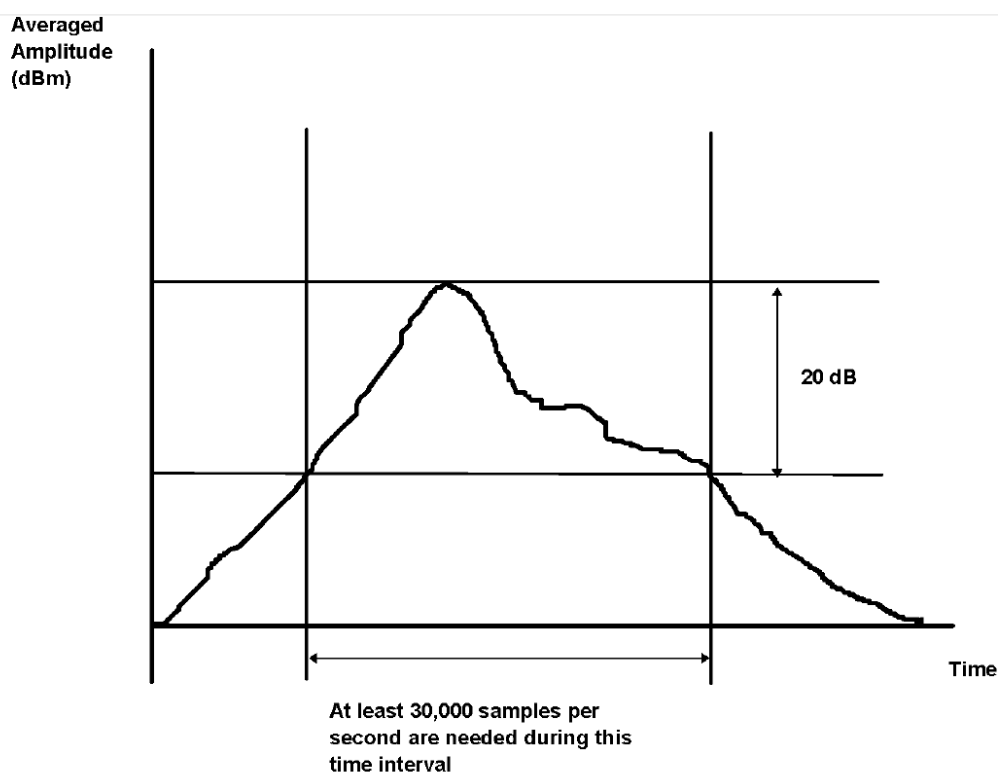


Figure 4—Computed average transient method: Sampling of the averaged power waveform measured with 3 kHz RBW

3.5 Emission Inside and Outside the Sub-band:

3.5.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.323 (d)

Emissions outside the band shall be attenuated below a reference power of 112 milliwatts as follows: 30 dB between the band and 1.25 MHz above or below the band; 50 dB between 1.25 and 2.5 MHz above or below the band; and 60 dB at 2.5 MHz or greater above or below the band. Emissions inside the band must comply with the following emission mask: In the bands between 1B and 2B measured from the center of the emission bandwidth the total power emitted by the device shall be at least 30 dB below the transmit power permitted for that device; in the bands between 2B and 3B measured from the center of the emission bandwidth the total power emitted by an intentional radiator shall be at least 50 dB below the transmit power permitted for that radiator; in the bands between 3B and the band edge the total power emitted by an intentional radiator in the measurement bandwidth shall be at least 60 dB below the transmit power permitted for that radiator. B” is defined as the emission bandwidth of the device in hertz. Compliance with the emission limits is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

RSS-213 Clause 5.8

Emissions outside the 1920-1930 MHz Band

Emissions outside the 1920-1930 MHz band shall be attenuated below a reference power of 112 milliwatts (-9.5 dBW) by at least:

- 30 dB between the band edges and 1.25 MHz above and below the band edges;
- 50 dB between 1.25 MHz and 2.5 MHz above or below the band edges; and
- 60 dB at 2.5 MHz or greater above or below the band edges.

Emissions inside the 1920-1930 MHz Band

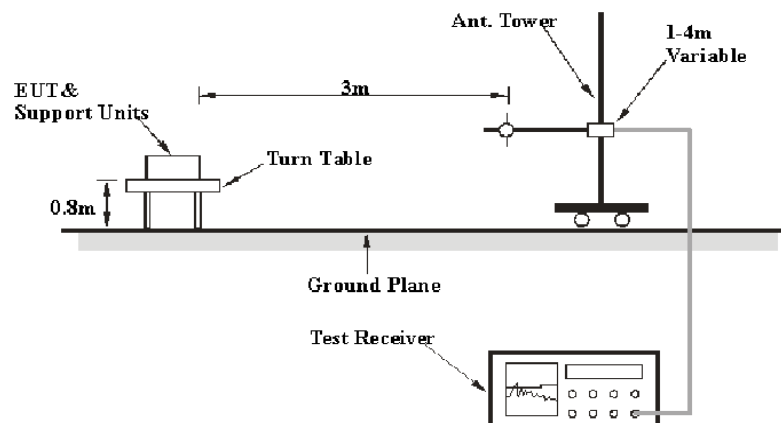
Emissions inside the 1920-1930 MHz band shall be attenuated below the transmit power permitted for that device, as follows:

- 30 dB between the frequencies 1B and 2B measured from the centre of the occupied bandwidth;
- 50 dB between the frequencies 2B and 3B measured from the centre of the occupied bandwidth; and
- 60 dB between the frequencies 3B and band edge;

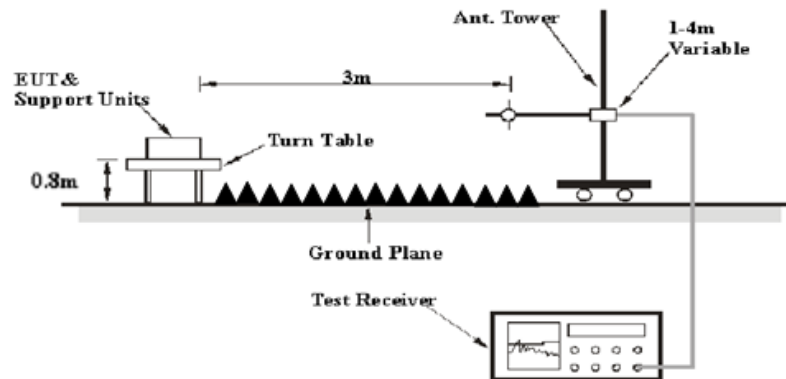
Where B is the occupied bandwidth in hertz.

3.5.2 EUT Setup

Radiated Emission Below 1GHz:

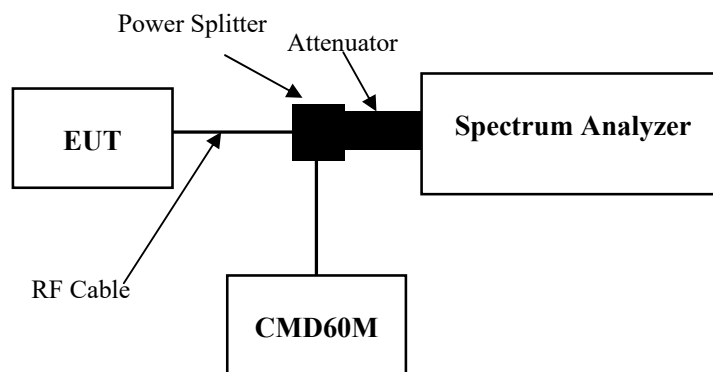


Radiated Emission Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site.

RF Conducted Emission:



3.5.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.17-2013 Section 6.1.6

In-band emission:

In the region between 1B and 2B from the center of the RF carrier, the measured emission level (measured with 1% of emission bandwidth) shall not exceed 30 dB below the permitted peak power for the EUT.

In the region between 2B and 3B from the center of the RF carrier, the measured emission level shall not exceed 50 dB below the permitted peak power for the EUT.

Table 5—Spectrum analyzer settings for measuring in-band emissions

RBW	Approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth (<i>B</i>)
Video bandwidth	$3 \times \text{RBW}$
Sweep time	The sweep time shall be sufficiently slow that the swept frequency rate shall not exceed one RBW per three transmit bursts.
Number of sweeps	Sufficient to stabilize the trace
Amplitude scale	Log
Detection	Peak detection and max hold enabled
Span	Approximately equal to $3.5 B$

In the region between $3B$ and the UPCS band edge, as measured from the center of the RF carrier, the measured emission level shall not exceed 60 dB below the permitted peak power for the EUT.

Out-band emission:

Out-of-band tests shall be performed with the RF carrier set to the lowest and highest carriers defined by the EUT. The spectrum analyzer settings for in-band unwanted emissions in 6.1.6.1 also apply to out-of-band emissions. The EUT shall pass the tests of item a), item b), and either item c) or item d), as follows:

- a) In the region between the band edges and 1.25 MHz below and above the lower and the upper band edges, respectively, the measured emission level shall not exceed -9.5 dBm.
- b) In the region between 1.25 and 2.5 MHz below and above the lower and the upper band edges, respectively, the measured emission level shall not exceed -29.5 dBm.
- c) In the region at 2.5 MHz or greater below and above the lower and upper band edges, respectively, the measured emission level shall not exceed -39.5 dBm.
- d) In the region at 2.5 MHz or greater below and above the lower and upper band edges, respectively, the measured emission level shall not exceed the limits of 47CFR15.209. Measurement shall be made as a radiated test.

UPCS devices, in general, include digital circuitry not directly associated with the radio transmitter and are subject to the requirements for unintentional radiators as described in 47CFR15.109, for both in-band and out-of-band emissions. These emissions shall be measured with the EUT operating in receive and transmit modes. For the transmit mode, do not measure within 3.75 MHz or $3B$, whichever is the largest, of the edges of the band. Emissions that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path do not have to meet 47CFR15.109 limits, but shall meet those limits as mentioned in the preceding list.

For Radiated Emission:

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

All emissions under the average limit and under the noise floor have not recorded in the report.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Amplifier Gain

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

3.6 Frequency Stability:

3.6.1 Applicable Standard

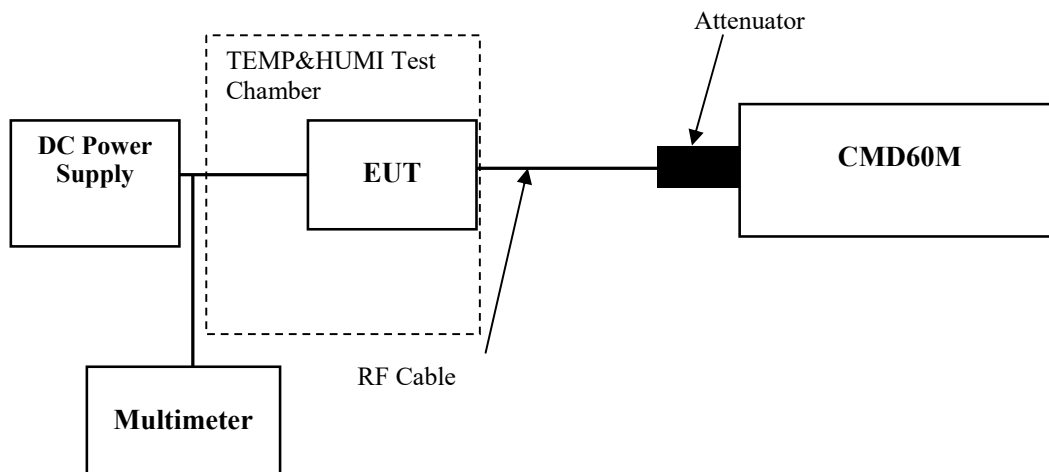
FCC §15.323(f)

The frequency stability of the carrier frequency of the intentional radiator shall be maintained within ± 10 ppm over 1 hour or the interval between channel access monitoring, whichever is shorter. The frequency stability shall be maintained over a temperature variation of -20° to $+50^{\circ}$ °C at normal supply voltage, and over a variation in the primary supply voltage of 85 percent to 115 percent of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20° °C. For equipment that is capable only of operating from a battery, the frequency stability tests shall be performed using a new battery without any further requirement to vary supply voltage.

RSS-213 Clause 5.3

The carrier frequency stability shall be maintained within ± 10 ppm ($\pm 0.001\%$).

3.6.2 EUT Setup



3.6.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.17-2013 Section 6.2.1.2

This test does not apply to an EUT that is capable only of operating from a battery. For a mains-powered EUT, the mean value of the carrier frequency shall be measured at the power supply voltage extremes of row 1 of Table 7.

Table 7—Test parameters for carrier-frequency stability testing

Temperature	Supply voltage
$20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	85% to 115% of declared nominal voltage
$-20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	All declared nominal(s)
$+50^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	All declared nominal(s)

During test, the equipment shall be placed in the boxes and set the temperature to the specified requirement until the thermal balance has been reached.

3.7 Specific Requirements For UPCS Device:

3.7.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.319(f)

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. The provisions in this section are not intended to preclude transmission of control and signaling information or use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.

FCC §15.323(c)

Devices must incorporate a mechanism for monitoring the time and spectrum windows that its transmission is intended to occupy. The following criteria must be met:

- (1) Immediately prior to initiating transmission, devices must monitor the combined time and spectrum windows in which they intend to transmit for a period of at least 10 milliseconds for systems designed to use a 10 milliseconds or shorter frame period or at least 20 milliseconds for systems designed to use a 20 milliseconds frame period.
- (2) The monitoring threshold must not be more than 30 dB above the thermal noise power for a bandwidth equivalent to the emission bandwidth used by the device.
- (3) If no signal above the threshold level is detected, transmission may commence and continue with the same emission bandwidth in the monitored time and spectrum windows without further monitoring. However, occupation of the same combined time and spectrum windows by a device or group of cooperating devices continuously over a period of time longer than 8 hours is not permitted without repeating the access criteria.
- (4) Once access to specific combined time and spectrum windows is obtained an acknowledgment from a system participant must be received by the initiating transmitter within one second or transmission must cease. Periodic acknowledgments must be received at least every 30 seconds or transmission must cease. Channels used exclusively for control and signaling information may transmit continuously for 30 seconds without receiving an acknowledgment, at which time the access criteria must be repeated.
- (5) If access to spectrum is not available as determined by the above, and a minimum of 20 duplex system access channels are defined for the system, the time and spectrum windows with the lowest power level may be accessed. A device utilizing the provisions of this paragraph must have monitored all access channels defined for its system within the last 10 seconds and must verify, within the 20 milliseconds (40 milliseconds for devices designed to use a 20 milliseconds frame period) immediately preceding actual channel access that the detected power of the selected time and spectrum windows is no higher than the previously detected value. The power measurement resolution for this comparison must be accurate to within 6 dB. No device or group of co-operating devices located within 1 meter of each other shall during any frame period occupy more than 6 MHz of aggregate bandwidth, or alternatively, more than one third of the time and spectrum windows defined by the system.
- (6) If the selected combined time and spectrum windows are unavailable, the device may either monitor and select different windows or seek to use the same windows after waiting an amount of time, randomly chosen from a uniform random distribution between 10 and 150 milliseconds, commencing when the channel becomes available.
- (7) The monitoring system bandwidth must be equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission and have a maximum reaction time less than $50 \times \text{SQRT}(1.25/\text{emission bandwidth in MHz})$ microseconds for signals at the applicable threshold level but shall not be required to be less than 50 microseconds. If a signal is detected that is 6 dB or more above the applicable threshold level, the maximum reaction time shall be $35 \times \text{SQRT}(1.25/\text{emission bandwidth in MHz})$ microseconds but shall not be required to be less than 35 microseconds.

(8) The monitoring system shall use the same antenna used for transmission, or an antenna that yields equivalent reception at that location.

(9) Devices that have a power output lower than the maximum permitted under this subpart may increase their monitoring detection threshold by one decibel for each one decibel that the transmitter power is below the maximum permitted.

(10) An initiating device may attempt to establish a duplex connection by monitoring both its intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows. If both the intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows meet the access criteria, then the initiating device can initiate a transmission in the intended transmit time and spectrum window. If the power detected by the responding device can be decoded as a duplex connection signal from the initiating device, then the responding device may immediately begin transmitting on the receive time and spectrum window monitored by the initiating device.

(11) An initiating device that is prevented from monitoring during its intended transmit window due to monitoring system blocking from the transmissions of a co-located (within one meter) transmitter of the same system, may monitor the portions of the time and spectrum windows in which they intend to receive over a period of at least 10 milliseconds. The monitored time and spectrum window must total at least 50 percent of the 10 millisecond frame interval and the monitored spectrum must be within 1.25 MHz of the center frequency of channel(s) already occupied by that device or co-located co-operating devices. If the access criteria is met for the intended receive time and spectrum window under the above conditions, then transmission in the intended transmit window by the initiating device may commence.

(12) The provisions of (c)(10) or (c)(11) of this section shall not be used to extend the range of spectrum occupied over space or time for the purpose of denying fair access to spectrum to other devices.

ANSI C63.17 2013 §6.2 Frequency and time stability and §7. Monitoring tests and §8. Time and spectrum window access procedure.

According to RSS-213 §5.1&§5.2 type of modulation and access protocol

Equipment certified under this standard shall use digital modulation.

In order to provide equitable access to the radio frequency spectrum, the licence-exempt PCS device must possess an access protocol.

FCC §15.323(e)

The frame period (a set of consecutive time slots in which the position of each time slot can be identified by reference to a synchronizing source) of an intentional radiator operating in this band shall be 20 milliseconds or 10 milliseconds/X where X is a positive whole number. Each device that implements time division for the purposes of maintaining a duplex connection on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 50 parts per million (ppm). Each device which further divides access in time in order to support multiple communication links on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 10 ppm. The jitter (time-related, abrupt, spurious variations in the duration of the frame interval) introduced at the two ends of such a communication link shall not exceed 25 microseconds for any two consecutive transmissions.

Transmissions shall be continuous in every time and spectrum window during the frame period defined for the device.

RSS-213 Clause 5.1

Equipment certified under this standard shall use digital modulation. Both asynchronous and isochronous operations are permitted within the band 1920-1930 MHz.

RSS-213 Clause 5.2

In order to provide equitable access to the radio frequency spectrum, the LE-PCS device must possess an access protocol as described below.

LE-PCS devices shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of absence of information to transmit or operational failure. This is not intended to preclude the transmission of control and signaling information or the use of repetitive codes employed by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.

Devices must incorporate a mechanism for monitoring the time and spectrum windows that their transmission is intended to occupy. The following criteria must be met:

(1) Immediately prior to initiating a transmission, devices must monitor the combined time and spectrum window that they intend to use to verify if the channel is free for at least 10 ms for systems designed to use a 10 ms or shorter frame period, or at least 20 ms for systems designed to use a 20 ms frame period.

(2) The monitoring threshold must not be more than 30 dB above the thermal noise power (KTB) of a bandwidth equivalent to the occupied bandwidth of the device.

(3) If no signal above the threshold level is detected, transmission may commence and continue with the same bandwidth in the monitored time and spectrum windows without further monitoring. Occupation of the same combined time and spectrum windows by a device or group of cooperating devices continuously over a period of time longer than 8 h is not permitted without repeating the access criteria.

(4) Once access to specific combined time and spectrum windows is obtained, an acknowledgement from a system participant must be received by the initiating transmitter within 1 s or transmission must cease.

Periodic acknowledgements must be received at least every 30 s or transmission must cease.

Channels used exclusively for control and signalling information may transmit continuously for 30 s without receiving an acknowledgement, at which time the access criteria must be repeated.

(5) If access to spectrum is not available as determined by the above, and a minimum of 20 duplex system access channels are defined for the system, the time and spectrum windows with the lowest power level may be accessed.

A device utilizing the provisions of this paragraph 5.2(5) must have monitored all access channels defined for its system within the last 10 s and must verify, within the 20 ms (40 ms for devices designed to use a 20 ms frame period) immediately preceding actual channel access, that the detected power of the selected time and spectrum windows is no higher than the previously detected value.

The power measurement resolution bandwidth for this comparison must be accurate to within 6 dB.

No device or group of cooperating devices located within 1 m of each other shall during any frame period occupy more than 6 MHz of aggregate bandwidth, or alternatively, more than one third of the time and spectrum windows defined by the system.

(6) If the selected combined time and spectrum windows are unavailable, the device may either monitor and select different windows or seek to use the same windows after waiting an amount of time, randomly chosen from a uniform random distribution between 10 and 150 ms, commencing from the time when the channel becomes available.

(7) The monitoring system bandwidth must be equal to or greater than the occupied bandwidth of the intended transmission. Note: Testing of the monitoring system bandwidth is not required if the designed bandwidth from the manufacturer is available and given in the test report.

The maximum reaction time of the monitor shall be less than $50\sqrt{1.25/\text{occupied bandwidth in MHz}}$ μs for signals at the applicable threshold level but shall not be required to be less than 50 μs .

If a signal of 6 dB or more above the threshold level is detected, the maximum reaction time shall be $35\sqrt{1.25/\text{occupied bandwidth in MHz}}$ μs but shall not be required to be less than 35 μs .

(8) The monitoring system shall use the same antenna used for transmission, or an antenna that yields equivalent reception at that location. Note: A monitoring antenna of the same model (and manufacturer) as the transmitting antenna is considered equivalent. An antenna not of the same model but of the same type (e.g. both are horn antennas of different manufacturers) is considered equivalent if the main beam antenna gains are within 3 dB of each other. Both antennas are to be installed to point at the same general coverage area.

(9) Devices that have a power output lower than the maximum permitted under this standard may increase their detection threshold by 1 dB for each 1 dB that the transmitter power is below the maximum permitted.

(10) A device initiating a communication (hereafter called an initiating device) may attempt to establish a duplex connection by monitoring both its intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows. If both the intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows meet the access criteria, then the initiating device can initiate a transmission in the intended transmit time and spectrum window. If the power detected by the responding device can be decoded as a duplex connection signal from the initiating device, then the responding device may immediately begin transmitting in the receive time and spectrum window monitored by the initiating device.

(11) An initiating device that is prevented from monitoring during its intended transmit window due to monitoring system blocking from the transmissions of a co-located (within 1 m) transmitter of the same system, may monitor the portions of the time and spectrum window in which they are to receive over a period of at least 10 ms.

The monitored time and spectrum window must total at least 50% of the 10 ms frame interval and the monitored spectrum must be within 1.25 MHz of the centre frequency of channel(s) already occupied by that device or co-located cooperating devices.

If the access criteria are met for the intended receive time and spectrum window under the above conditions, then transmission in the intended transmit window by the initiating device may commence.

(12) The provisions of paragraphs 5.2(10) and (11) shall not be used to extend the range of spectrum occupied over space or time for the purpose of denying fair access to spectrum to other devices.

(13) The frame period (a set of consecutive time slots in which the position of each time slot can be identified by reference to a synchronizing source) of an intentional radiator operating in this sub-band shall be $20 \text{ ms}/X$ where X is a positive whole number.

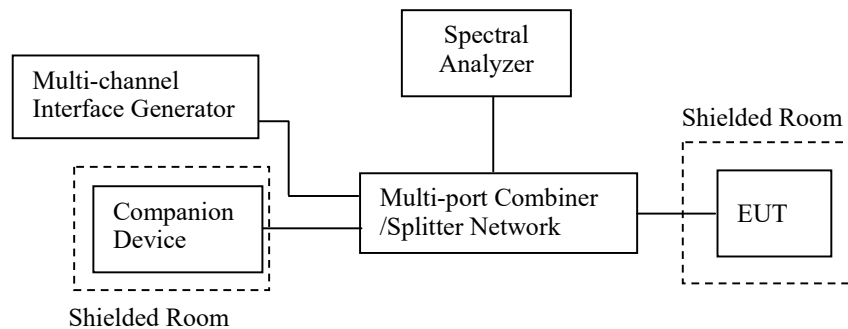
Each device that implements time division for the purpose of maintaining a duplex connection on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 50 parts per million (ppm).

Each device that further divides access in time in order to support multiple communication links on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 10 ppm.

The jitter (time-related, abrupt, spurious variations in the duration of the frame interval) introduced at the 2 ends of such a communication link shall not exceed $25 \mu\text{s}$ for any 2 consecutive transmissions.

Transmissions shall be continuous in every time and spectrum window during the frame period defined for the device.

3.7.2 EUT Setup



3.7.3 Test Procedure

1) Monitoring Time

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 7.3.3

2) Lower Monitoring Threshold

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 7.3.1

3) Maximum Transmit Period

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 8.2.2

4) System Acknowledgement

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 8.1, 8.2

5) Least Interfered Channel (LIC)

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 7.3.2, 7.3.3

6) Random waiting

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 8.1.2 or 8.1.3

7) Monitoring Bandwidth and Reaction Time

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 7.4, 7.5

8) Monitoring Antenna

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 4

9) Monitoring threshold relaxation

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 4

10) Duplex Connections

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 8.3

11) Alternative monitoring interval

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 8.4

12) Frame Repetition Stability Frame Period and Jitter

According to ANSI C63.17- 2013 Section 6.2.2, 6.2.3

4. TEST DATA AND RESULTS

4.1 Conducted Emissions

Serial Number:	24DL_2	Test Date:	2023/08/29
Test Site:	CE	Test Mode:	Transmitting maximum output power mode (ANT1 Low channel)
Tester:	David Huang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.5	Relative Humidity: (%)	60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.1
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	LISN	ENV216	101134	2023/03/31	2024/03/30
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102726	2023/03/31	2024/03/30
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UTIFLEX	C-0200-01	2023/08/06	2024/08/05
Audix	Test Software	E3	190306 (V9)	N/A	N/A

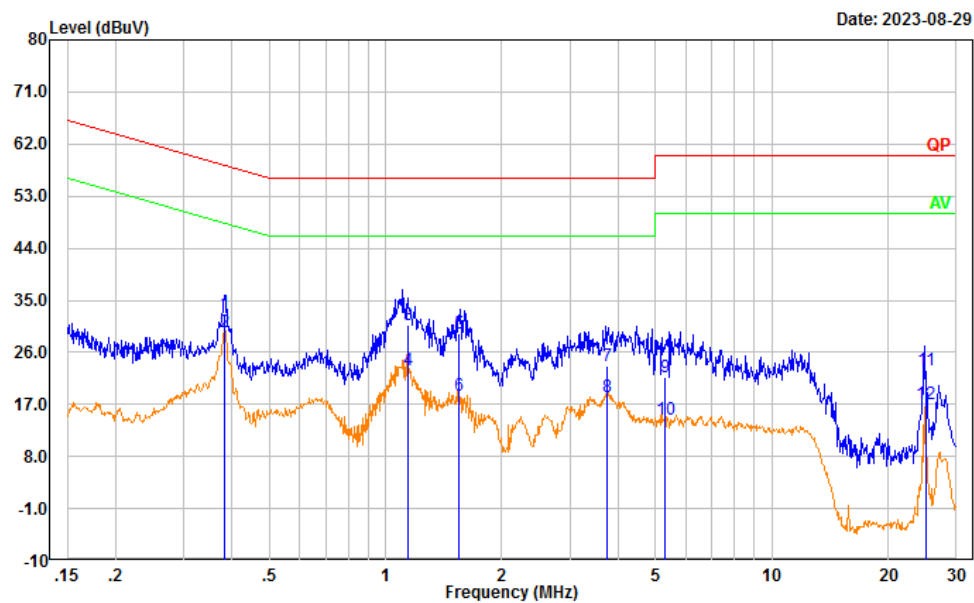
* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Project No.: CR230846709-RF

Tester: David Huang

Port: Line

Note:



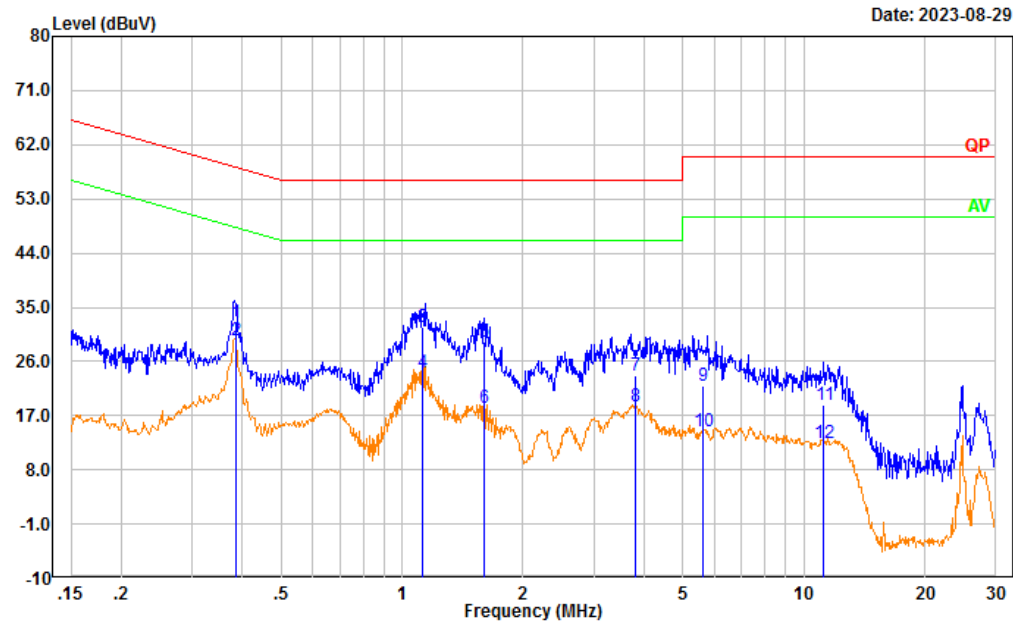
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.384	23.09	9.61	32.70	58.19	25.49	QP
2	0.384	19.94	9.61	29.55	48.19	18.64	Average
3	1.140	21.02	9.62	30.64	56.00	25.36	QP
4	1.140	13.28	9.62	22.90	46.00	23.10	Average
5	1.553	19.60	9.63	29.23	56.00	26.77	QP
6	1.553	8.87	9.63	18.50	46.00	27.50	Average
7	3.736	14.13	9.65	23.78	56.00	32.22	QP
8	3.736	8.70	9.65	18.35	46.00	27.65	Average
9	5.287	12.12	9.66	21.78	60.00	38.22	QP
10	5.287	4.82	9.66	14.48	50.00	35.52	Average
11	24.962	13.05	9.81	22.86	60.00	37.14	QP
12	24.962	7.21	9.81	17.02	50.00	32.98	Average

Project No.: CR230846709-RF

Tester: David Huang

Port: neutral

Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBUV)	Limit (dBUV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.385	22.94	9.61	32.55	58.18	25.63	QP
2	0.385	19.80	9.61	29.41	48.18	18.77	Average
3	1.120	22.18	9.62	31.80	56.00	24.20	QP
4	1.120	14.46	9.62	24.08	46.00	21.92	Average
5	1.602	19.69	9.63	29.32	56.00	26.68	QP
6	1.602	8.64	9.63	18.27	46.00	27.73	Average
7	3.798	14.04	9.65	23.69	56.00	32.31	QP
8	3.798	8.77	9.65	18.42	46.00	27.58	Average
9	5.595	12.20	9.66	21.86	60.00	38.14	QP
10	5.595	4.66	9.66	14.32	50.00	35.68	Average
11	11.198	9.11	9.67	18.78	60.00	41.22	QP
12	11.198	2.72	9.67	12.39	50.00	37.61	Average

4.2 Emission Bandwidth:

Serial Number:	24DL_1	Test Date:	2023.8.15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Len Huang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2023/4/18	2024/4/17
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

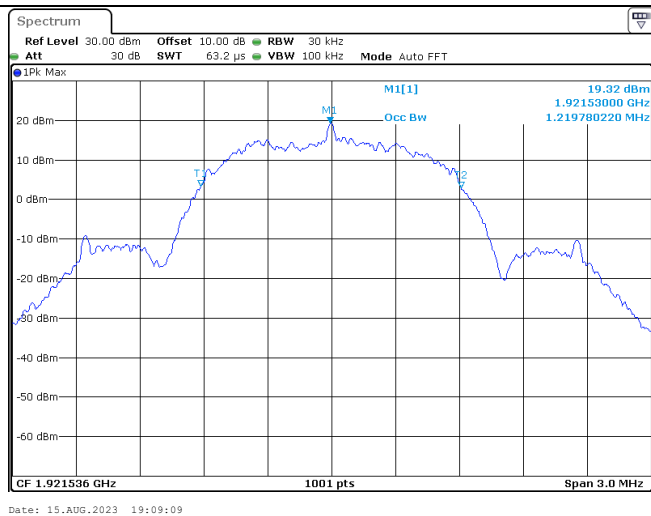
** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

Test Data:

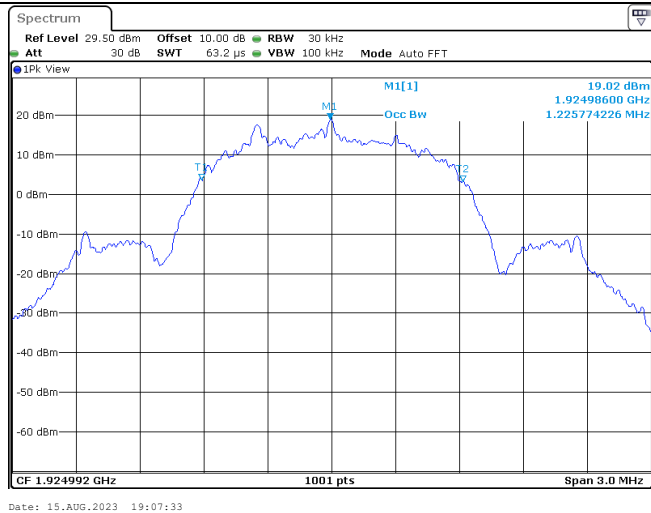
Test Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)	99% Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	26 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
Lowest	1921.536	1.220	1.428	50 kHz ~ 2.5 MHz
Middle	1924.992	1.226	1.428	50 kHz ~ 2.5 MHz
Highest	1928.448	1.223	1.443	50 kHz ~ 2.5 MHz

99% Emission Bandwidth

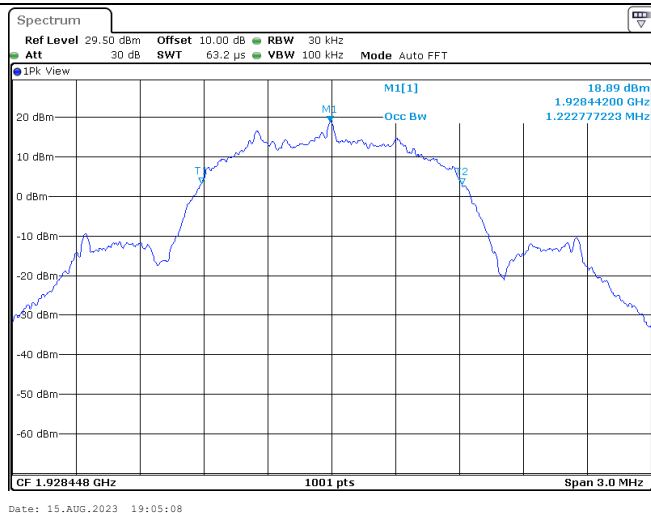
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel

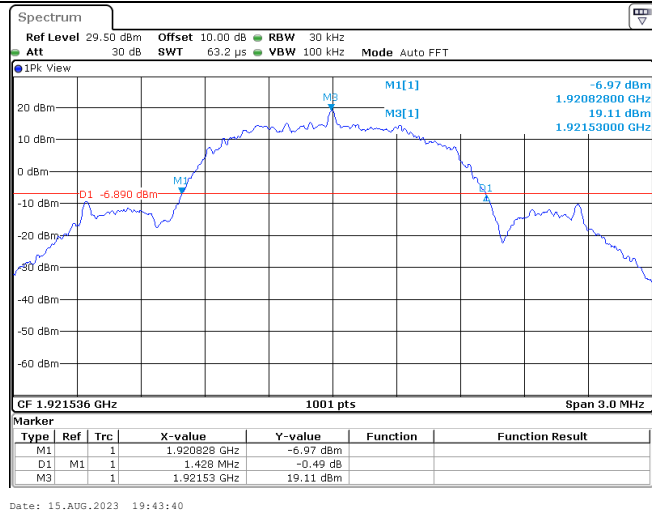


Highest Channel

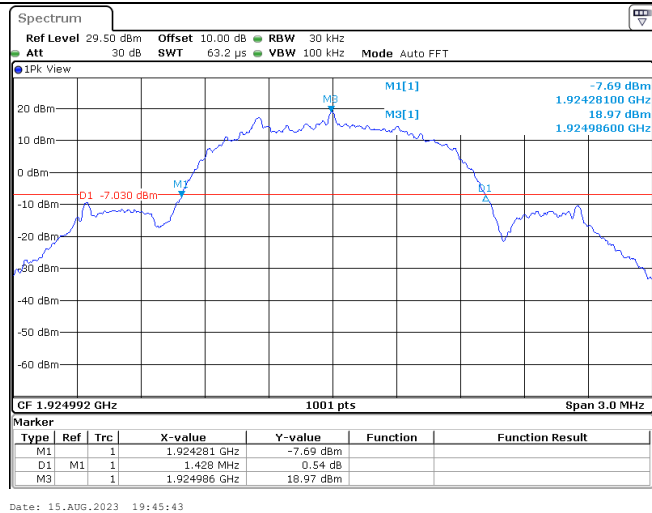


26 dB Emission Bandwidth

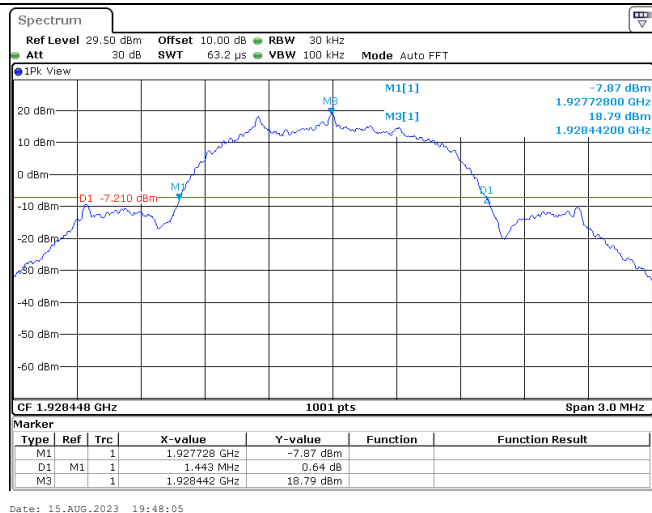
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel



Highest Channel



4.3 Peak Transmit Power:

Serial Number:	24DL_1	Test Date:	2023.8.15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Len Huang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2023/4/18	2024/4/17
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

ANT 0:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	FCC Limit (dBm)	ISED Limit (dBm)
Lowest	1921.536	19.35	20.77	20.43
Middle	1924.992	19.19	20.77	20.44
Highest	1928.448	19.01	20.80	20.44

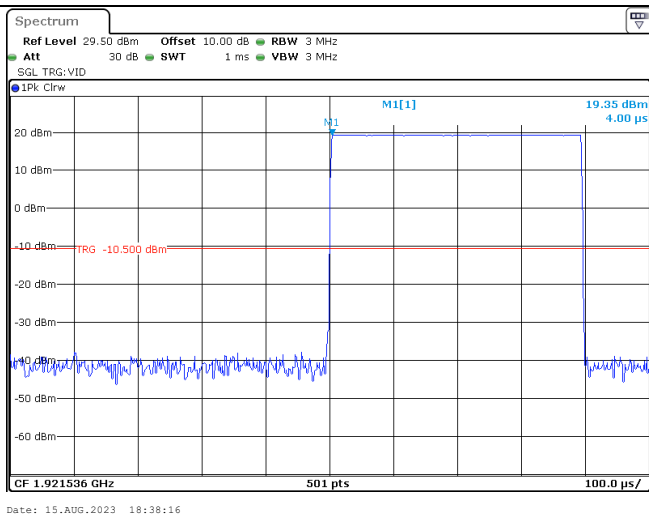
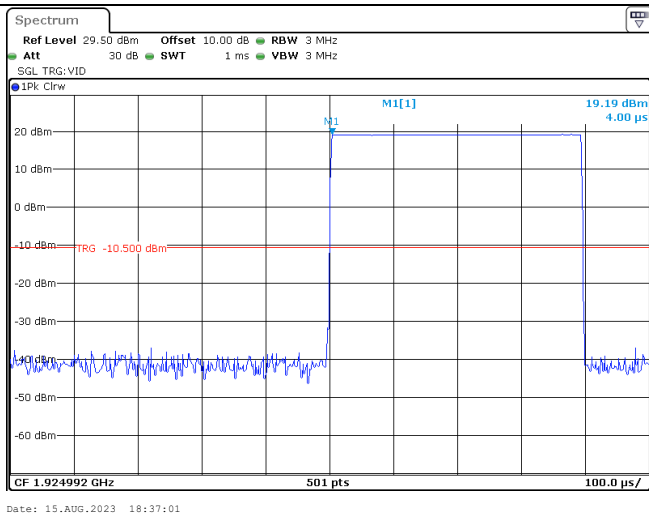
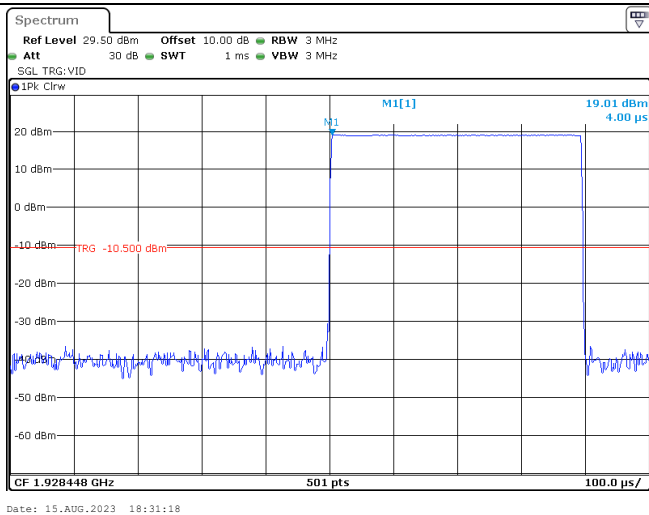
ANT 1:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	FCC Limit (dBm)	ISED Limit (dBm)
Lowest	1921.536	20.34	20.77	20.43
Middle	1924.992	20.13	20.77	20.44
Highest	1928.448	20.13	20.80	20.44

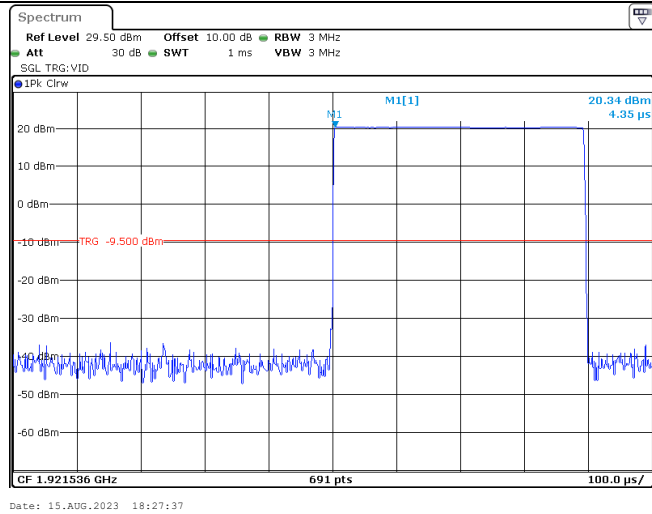
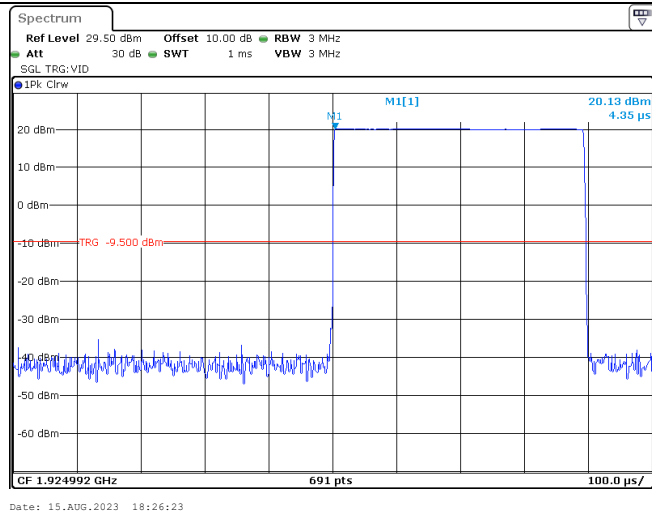
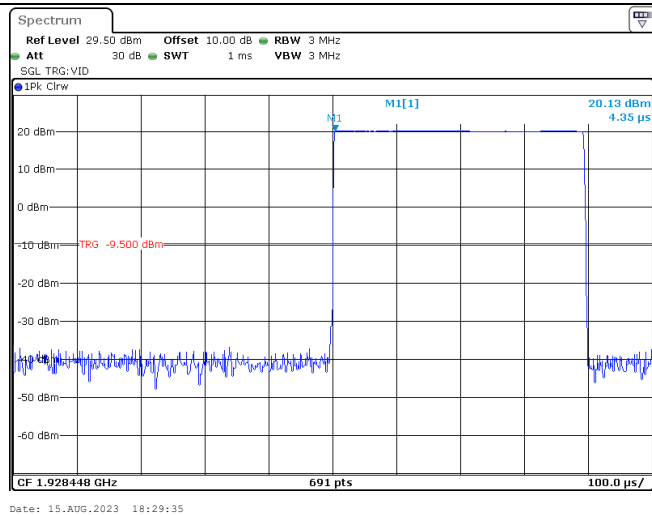
Note:

For FCC: Peak Transmit Power Limit = $100(EBW)^{1/2} \mu W$ For ISED: Peak Transmit Power Limit = $100(OBW)^{1/2} \mu W$

Peak Transmit Power

ANT 0
Lowest ChannelANT 0
Middle ChannelANT 0
Highest Channel

Peak Transmit Power

ANT 1
Lowest ChannelANT 1
Middle ChannelANT 1
Highest Channel

4.4 Power Spectral Density:

Serial Number:	24DL_1	Test Date:	2023.8.15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Len Huang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2023/4/18	2024/4/17
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

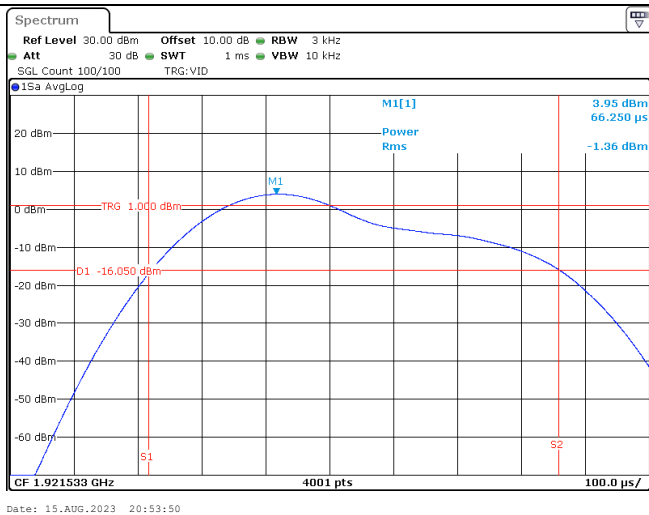
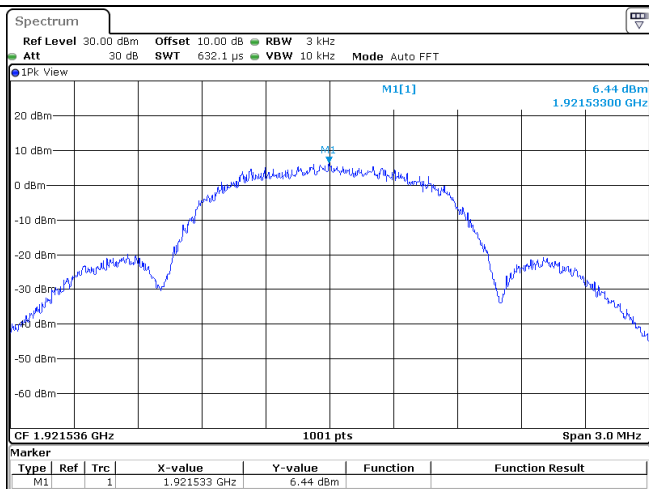
* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density		Limit (mW/3kHz)
		(dBm/3kHz)	(mW/3kHz)	
Lowest	1921.536	-1.36	0.731	3
Middle	1924.992	-1.36	0.731	3
Highest	1928.448	-1.74	0.670	3

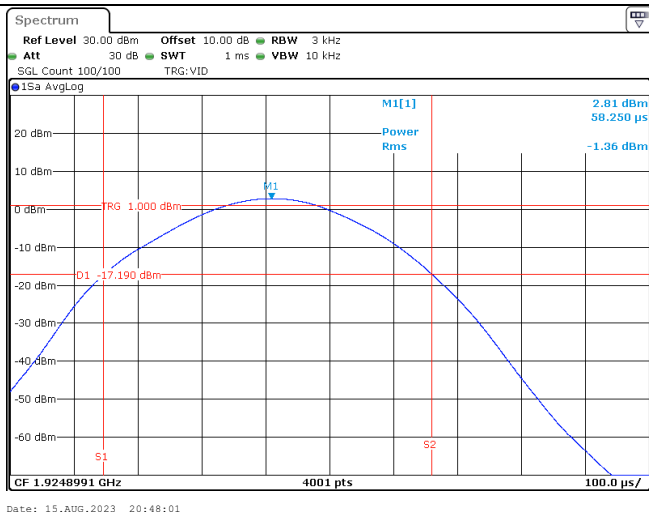
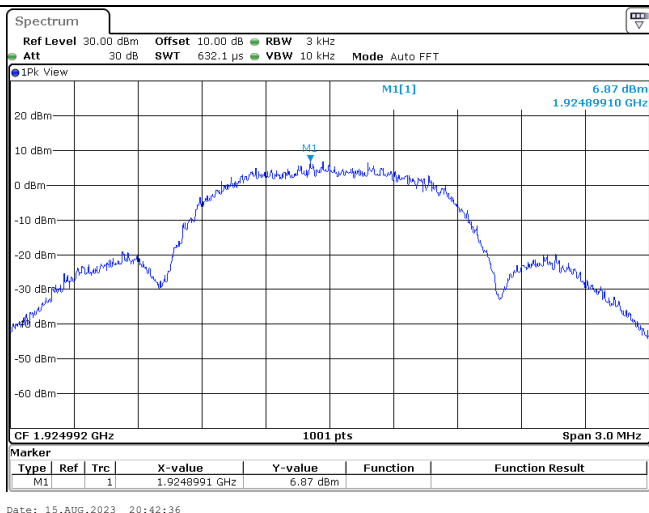
Lowest Channel

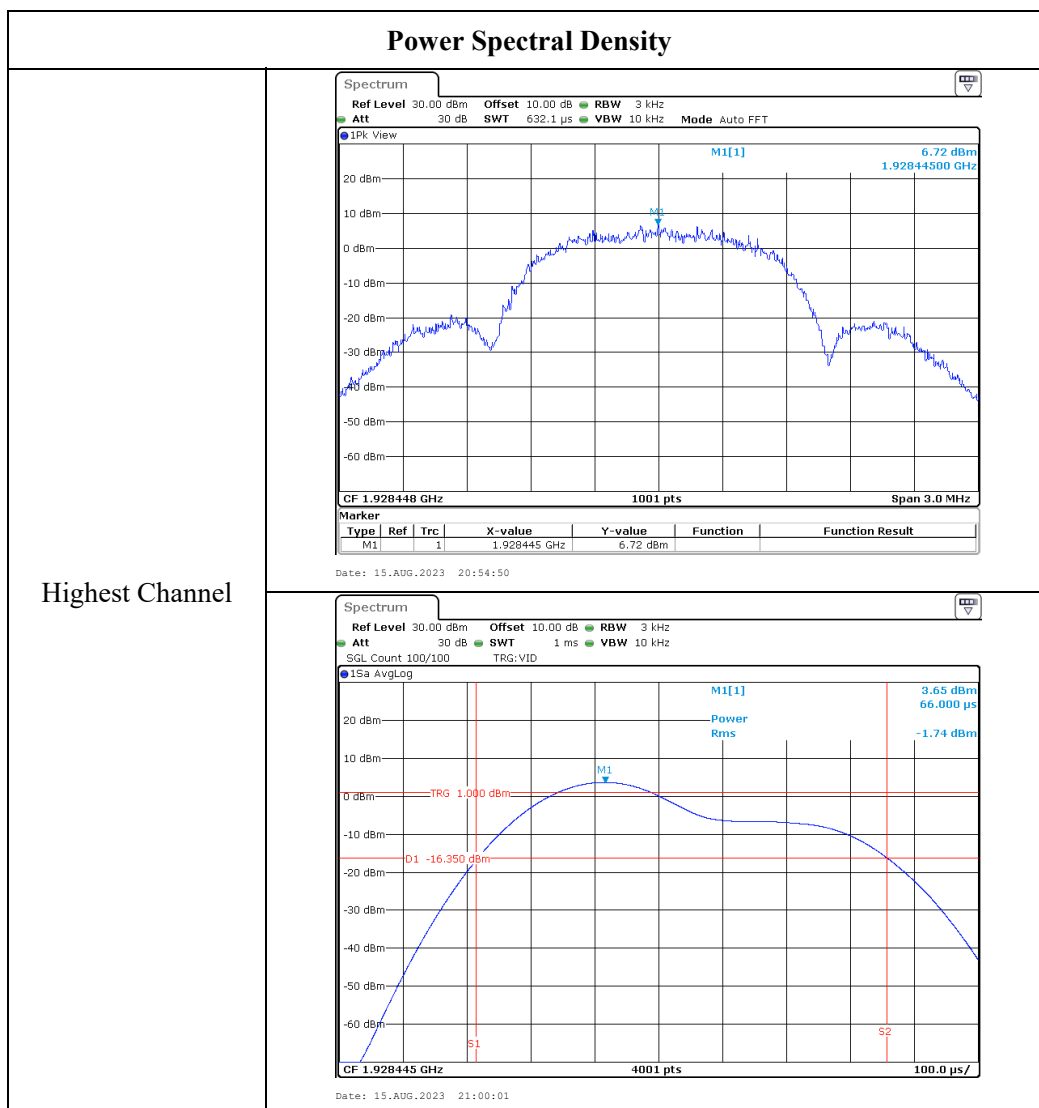
Power Spectral Density



Middle Channel

Power Spectral Density





4.5 Emission Inside and Outside the Sub-band:**1) For RF Conducted Emission:**

Serial Number:	24DL_1	Test Date:	2023.8.15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Len Huang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101
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Test Equipment List and Details:

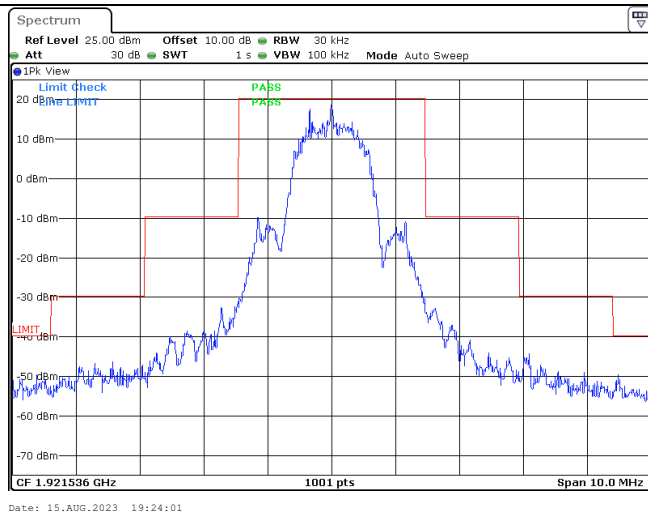
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2023/4/18	2024/4/17
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
R&S	Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

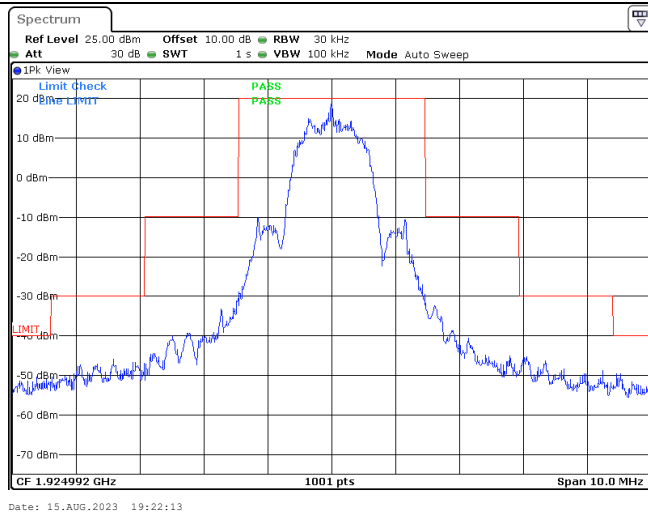
Test Data:

Unwanted Emission inside the Sub-band For FCC

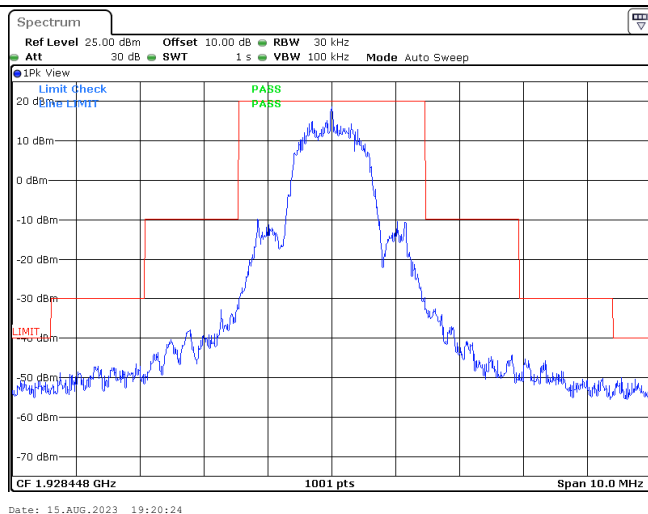
Low Channel



Middle Channel

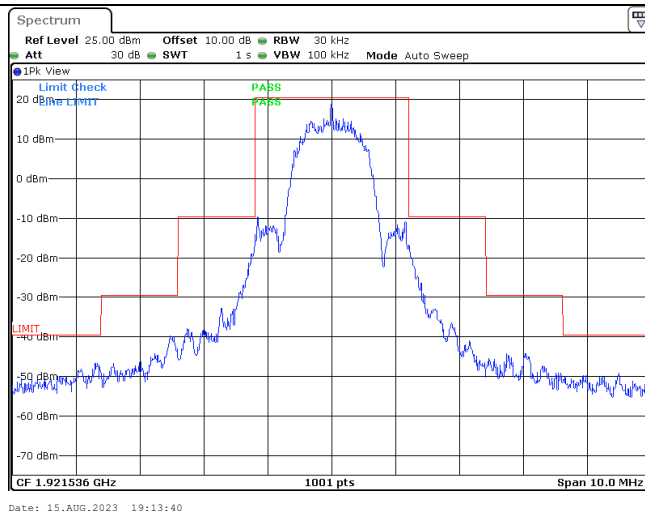


High Channel

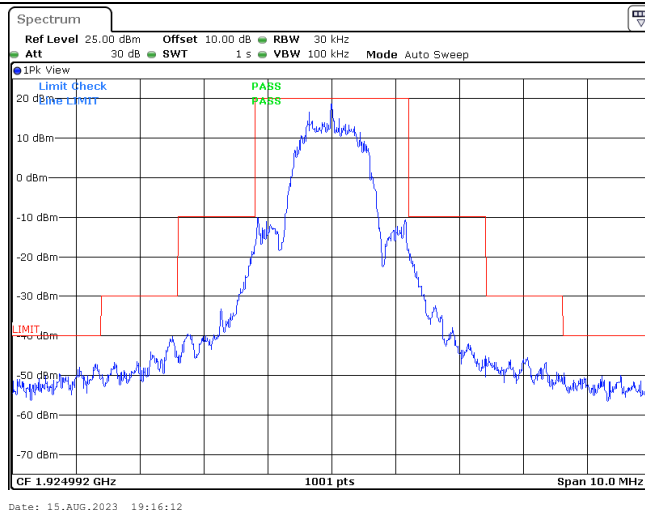


Unwanted Emission inside the Sub-band For IC

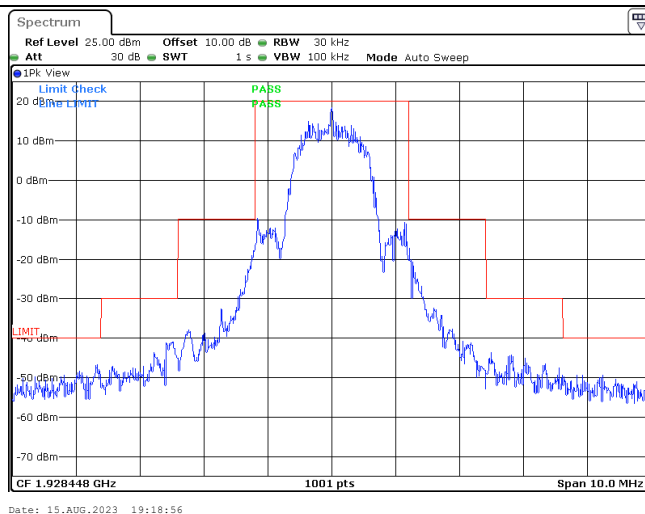
Low Channel

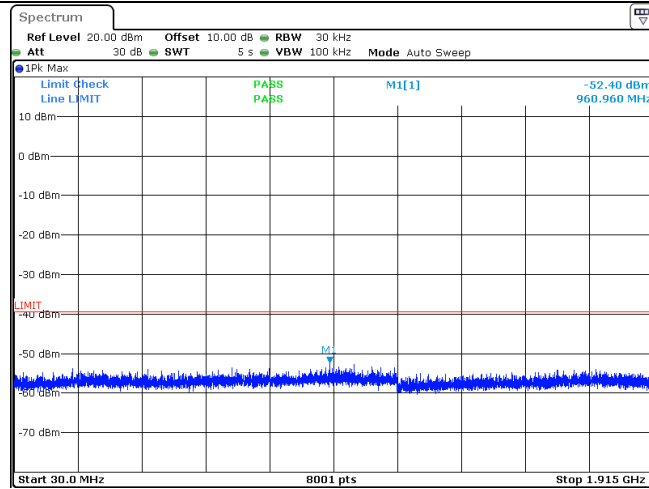


Middle Channel

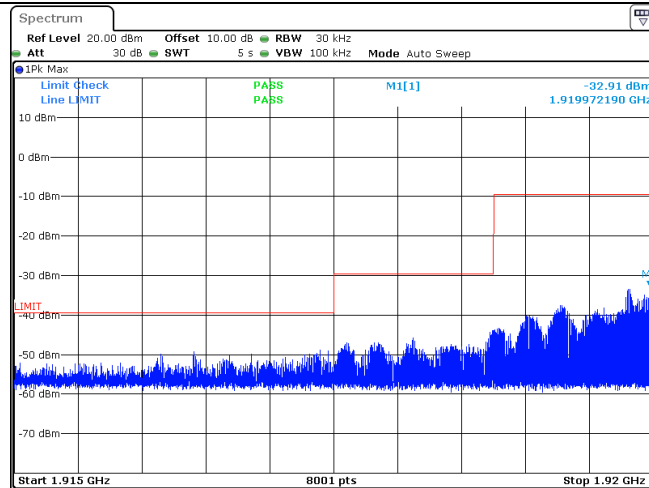


High Channel

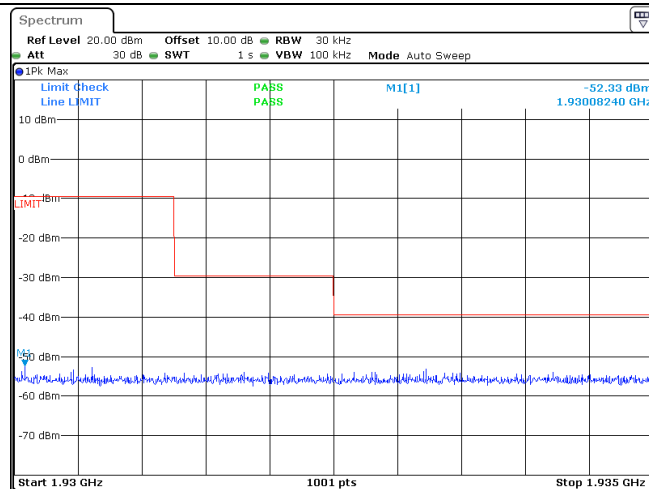


Low Channel (Unwanted Emission outside the Sub-band)

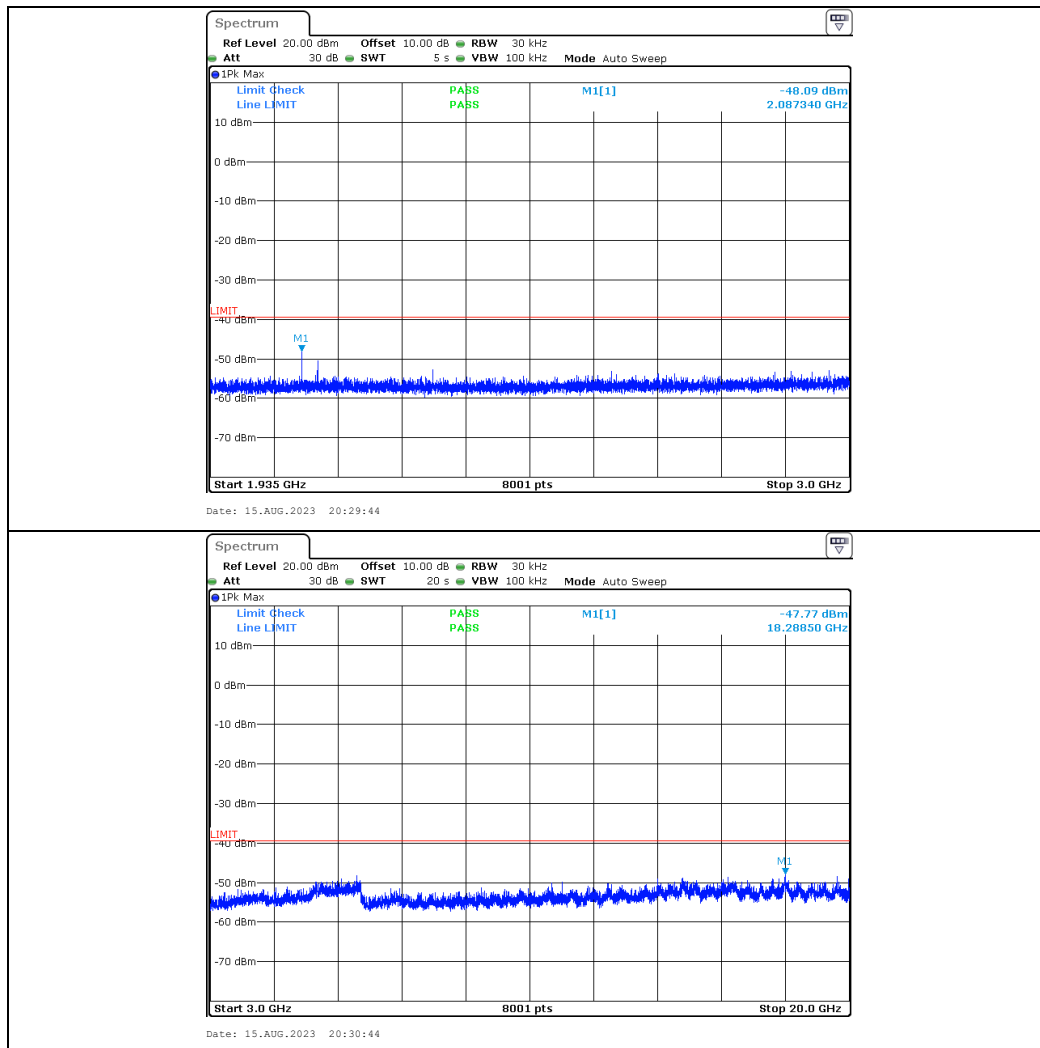
Date: 15.AUG.2023 20:27:51

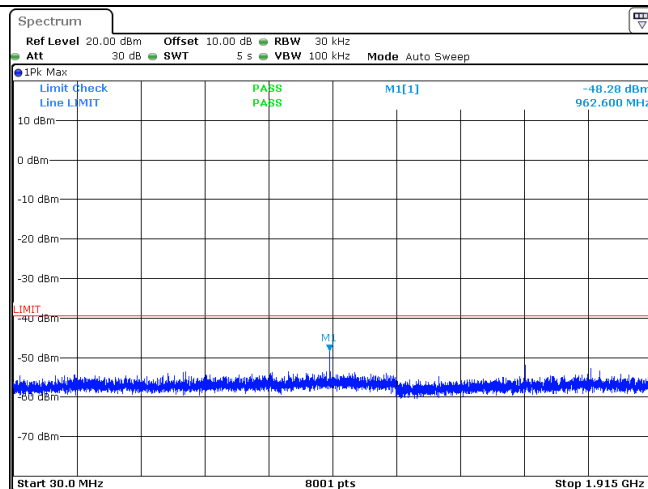


Date: 15.AUG.2023 20:28:32

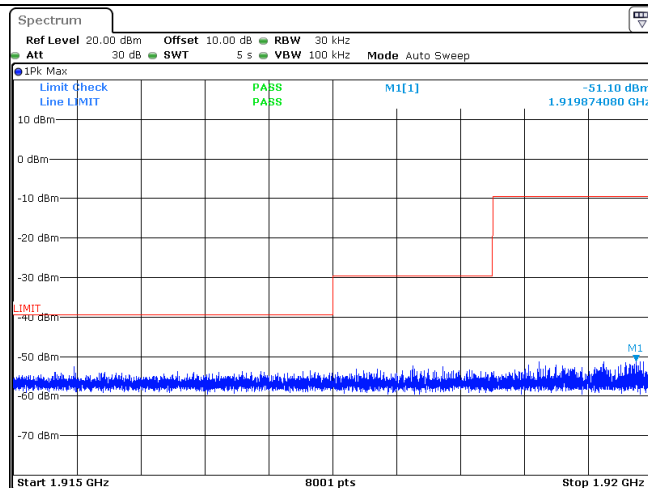


Date: 15.AUG.2023 20:29:04

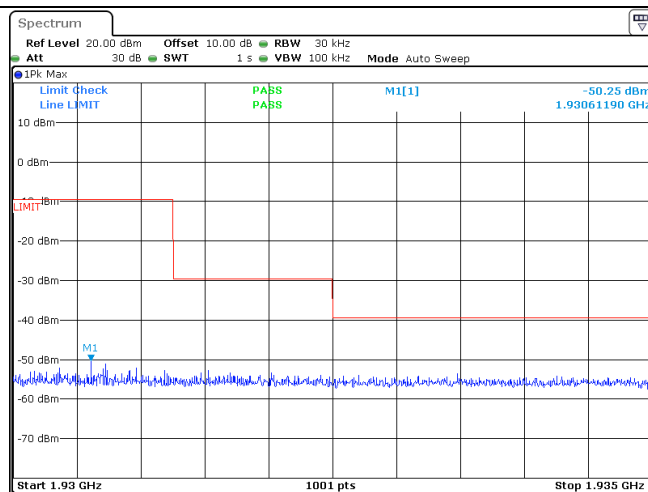


Middle Channel (Unwanted Emission outside the Sub-band)

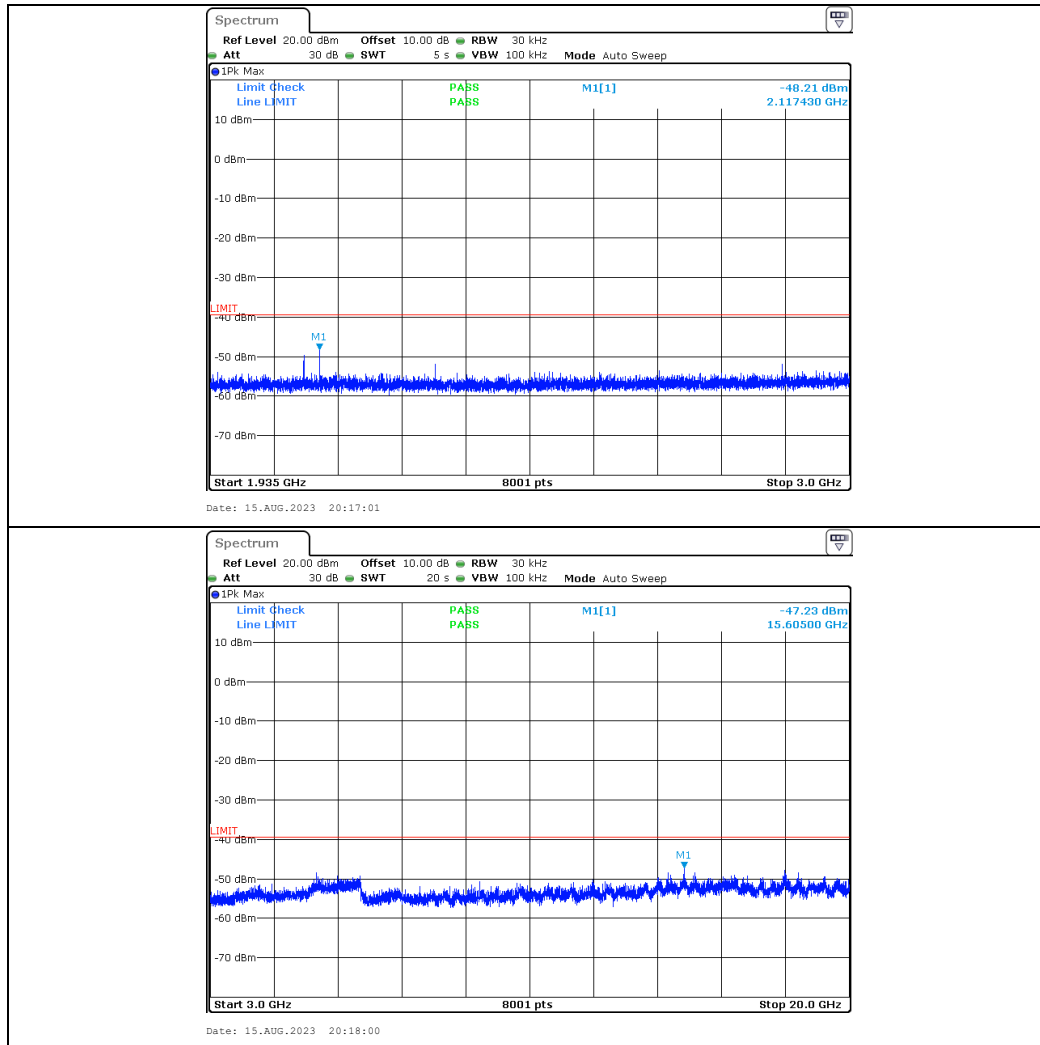
Date: 15.AUG.2023 20:15:07

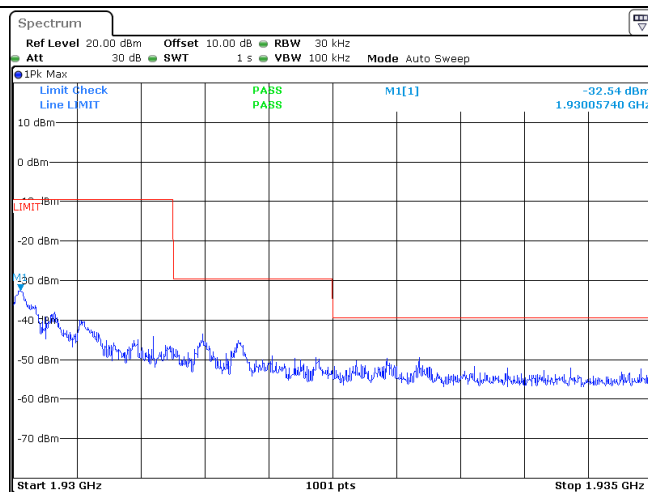
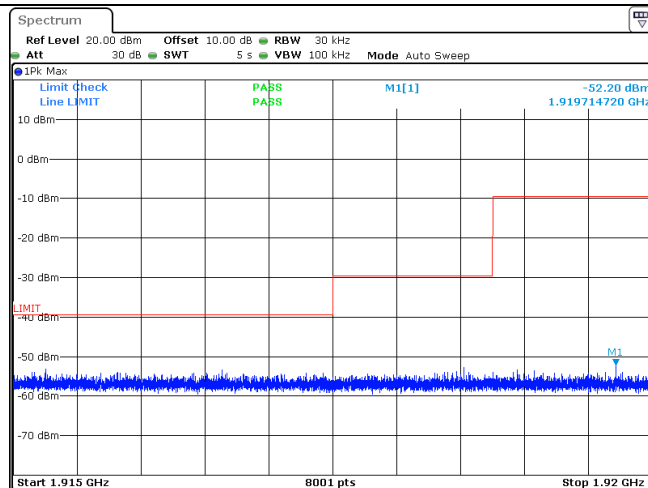
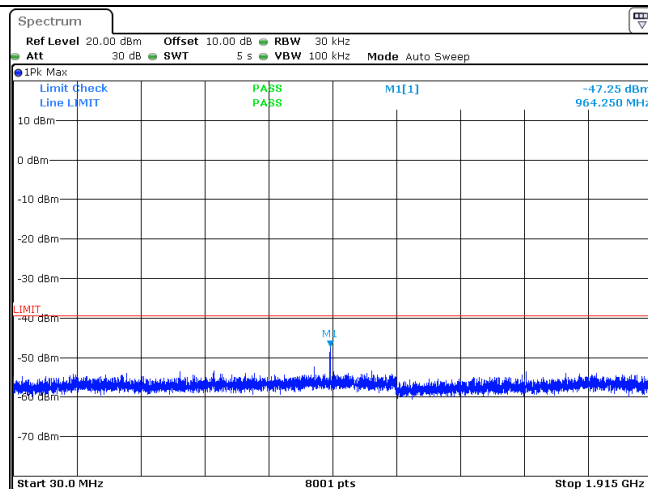


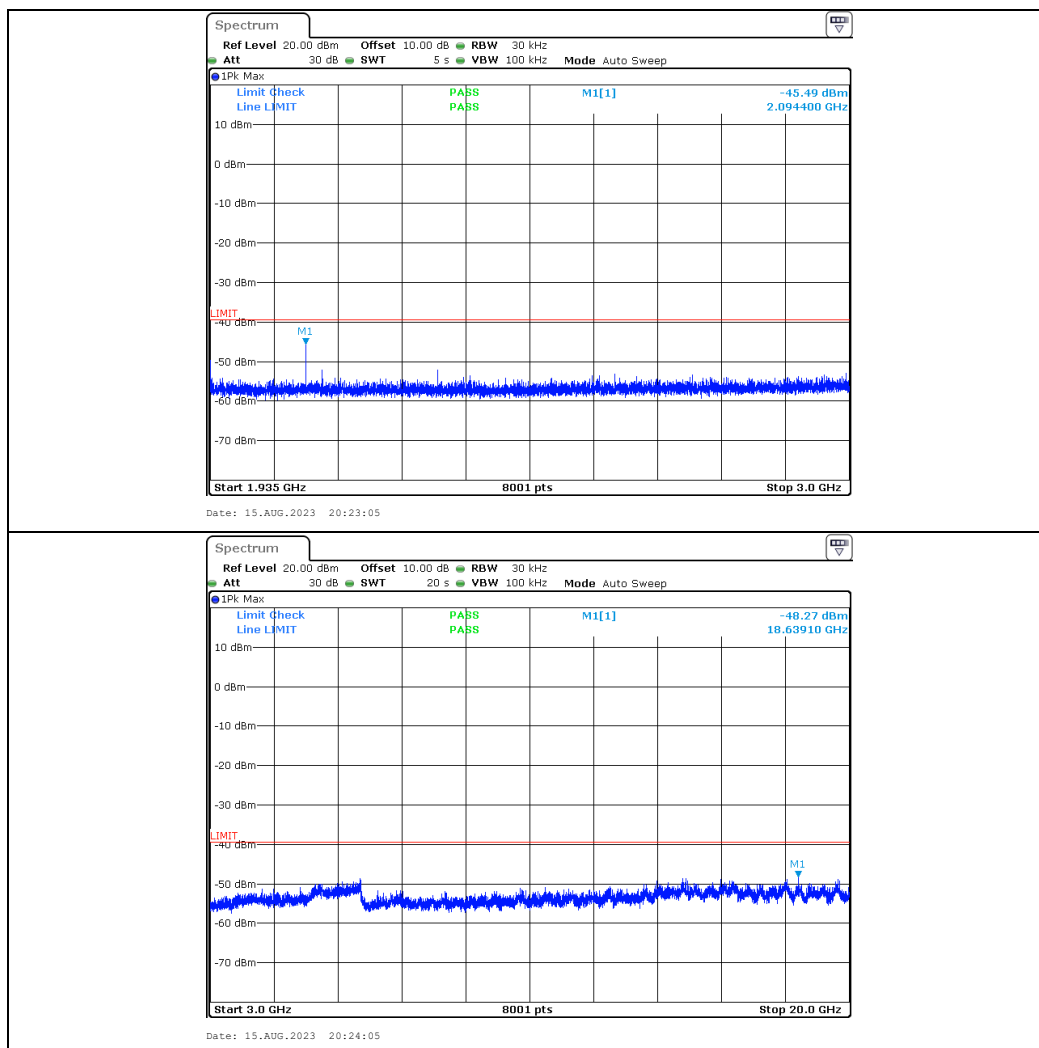
Date: 15.AUG.2023 20:15:48



Date: 15.AUG.2023 20:16:20



High Channel (Unwanted Emission outside the Sub-band)



2) For Radiated Emissions:

Serial Number:	24DL_2	Test Date:	2023/11/2 for below 1GHz 2023/8/15~2023/8/19 for above 1GHz
Test Site:	966-2, 966-1	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Jeff Luo, Mack Huang	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	24.7~26.1	Relative Humidity: (%)	57~58	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	99.9~100.9
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
30MHz-1GHz					
Sunol Sciences	Antenna	JB6	A082520-6	2023/9/18	2026/9/17
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102724	2023/3/31	2024/3/30
TIMES MICROWAVE	Coaxial Cable	LMR-600-UltraFlex	C-0470-02	2023/7/16	2024/7/15
TIMES MICROWAVE	Coaxial Cable	LMR-600-UltraFlex	C-0780-01	2023/7/16	2024/7/15
Sonoma	Amplifier	310N	186165	2023/7/16	2024/7/15
Audix	Test Software	E3	201021 (V9)	N/A	N/A
Above 1GHz					
AH	Double Ridge Guide Horn Antenna	SAS-571	1394	2023/2/22	2025/2/23
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101591	2023/3/31	2024/3/30
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFA210A-1-1200-70U300	217423-008	2023/8/6	2024/8/5
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFA210A-1-2362-300300	235780-001	2023/8/6	2024/8/5
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	2022/11/9	2023/11/8
Audix	Test Software	E3	201021 (V9)	N/A	N/A
PASTERNAK	Horn Antenna	PE9852/2F-20	112002	2021/2/5	2024/2/4
Quinstar	Preamplifier	QLW-18405536-JO	15964001005	2022/9/14	2023/9/13
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFB142A-1-2362-200200	235772-001	2023/8/6	2024/8/5

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

Test Data:

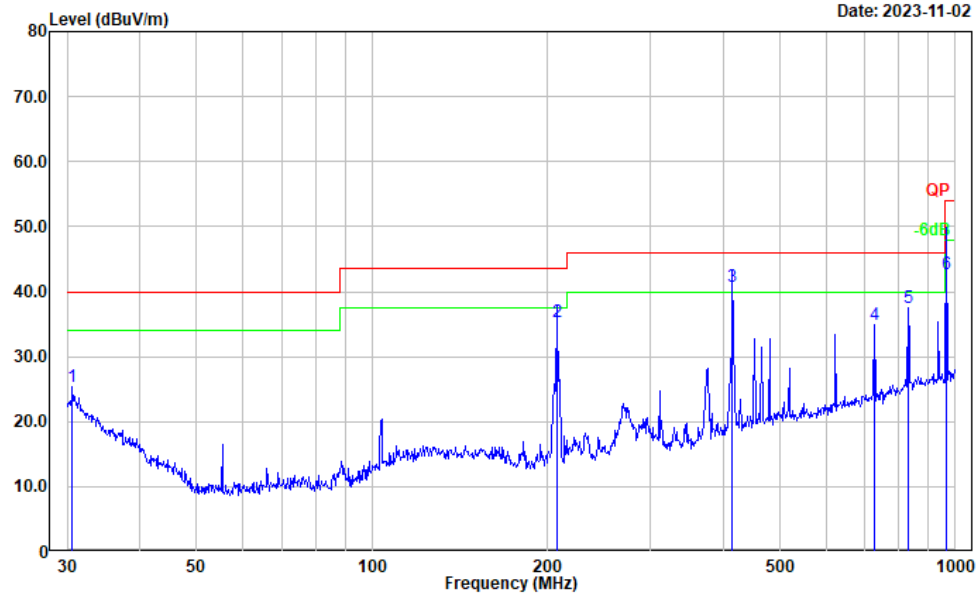
Please refer to the below table and plots.

1) 30MHz-1GHz (ANT0)

Low channel

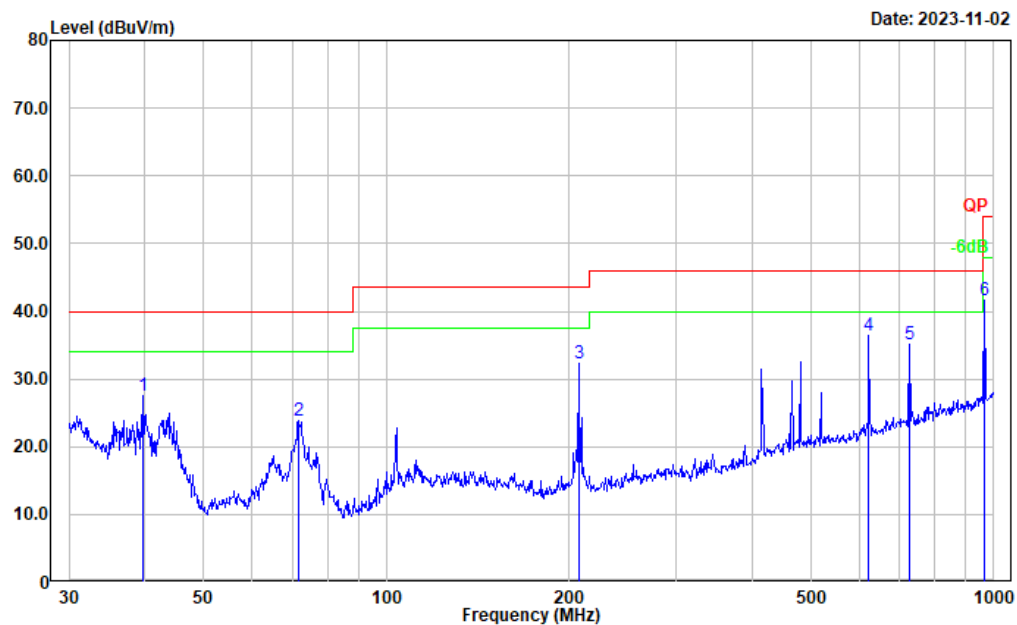
Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: horizontal
Note:

Date: 2023-11-02



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.638	29.62	-4.28	25.34	40.00	14.66	Peak
2	207.347	47.85	-12.42	35.43	43.50	8.07	QP
3	414.689	49.01	-8.16	40.85	46.00	5.15	QP
4	726.805	37.99	-3.13	34.86	46.00	11.14	Peak
5	830.400	39.26	-1.70	37.56	46.00	8.44	Peak
6	963.999	42.58	0.09	42.67	54.00	11.33	QP

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: vertical
Note:

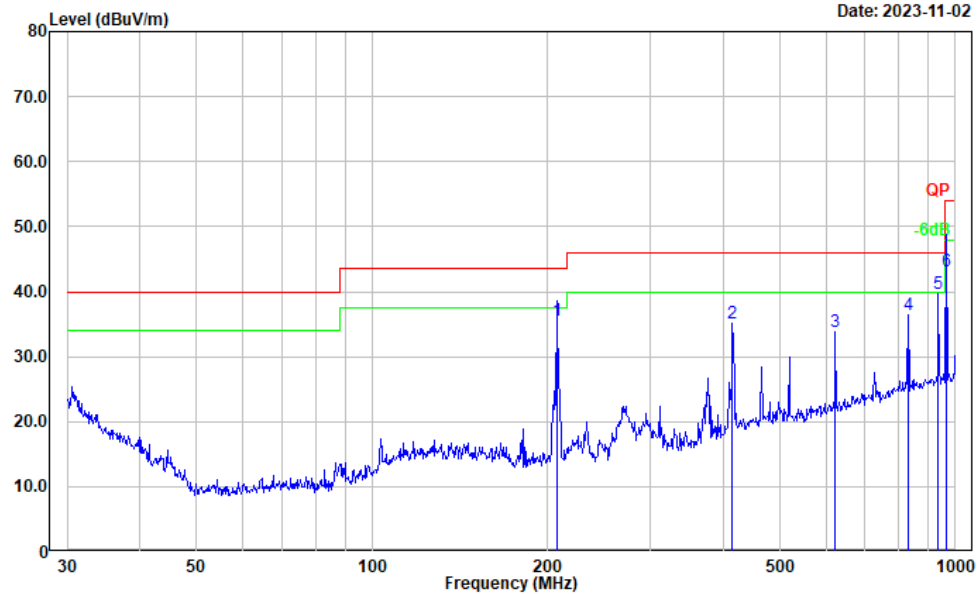


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	39.715	38.80	-11.19	27.61	40.00	12.39	Peak
2	71.581	40.49	-16.72	23.77	40.00	16.23	Peak
3	207.123	44.64	-12.41	32.23	43.50	11.27	Peak
4	622.890	41.16	-4.70	36.46	46.00	9.54	Peak
5	726.805	38.20	-3.13	35.07	46.00	10.93	Peak
6	965.542	41.57	0.12	41.69	54.00	12.31	Peak

Middle channel

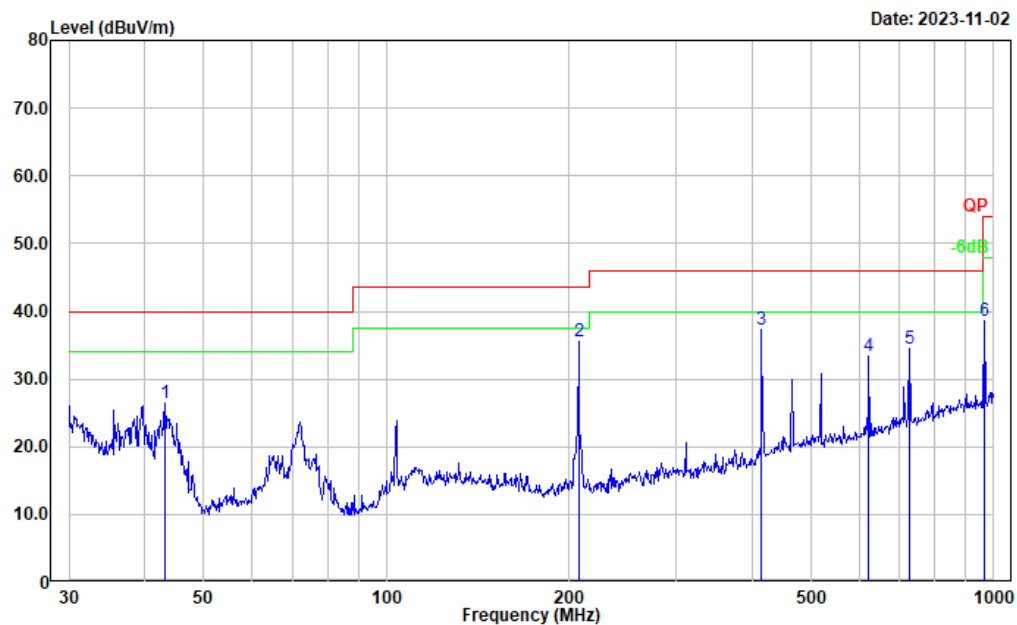
Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: horizontal
Note:

Date: 2023-11-02



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBUV/m)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	207.354	47.92	-12.42	35.50	43.50	8.00	QP
2	414.722	43.32	-8.16	35.16	46.00	10.84	Peak
3	622.890	38.54	-4.70	33.84	46.00	12.16	Peak
4	830.400	38.04	-1.70	36.34	46.00	9.66	Peak
5	935.546	40.30	-0.54	39.76	46.00	6.24	Peak
6	964.191	43.14	0.09	43.23	54.00	10.77	QP

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: vertical
Note:

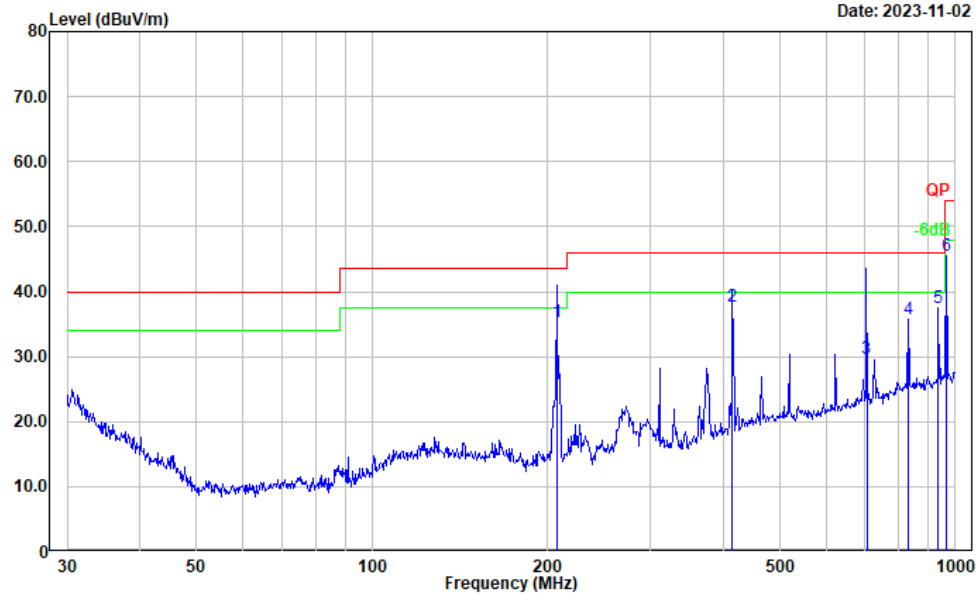


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	43.202	39.71	-13.22	26.49	40.00	13.51	Peak
2	207.123	48.05	-12.41	35.64	43.50	7.86	Peak
3	414.722	45.41	-8.16	37.25	46.00	8.75	Peak
4	622.890	37.99	-4.70	33.29	46.00	12.71	Peak
5	726.805	37.60	-3.13	34.47	46.00	11.53	Peak
6	965.542	38.57	0.12	38.69	54.00	15.31	Peak

High channel

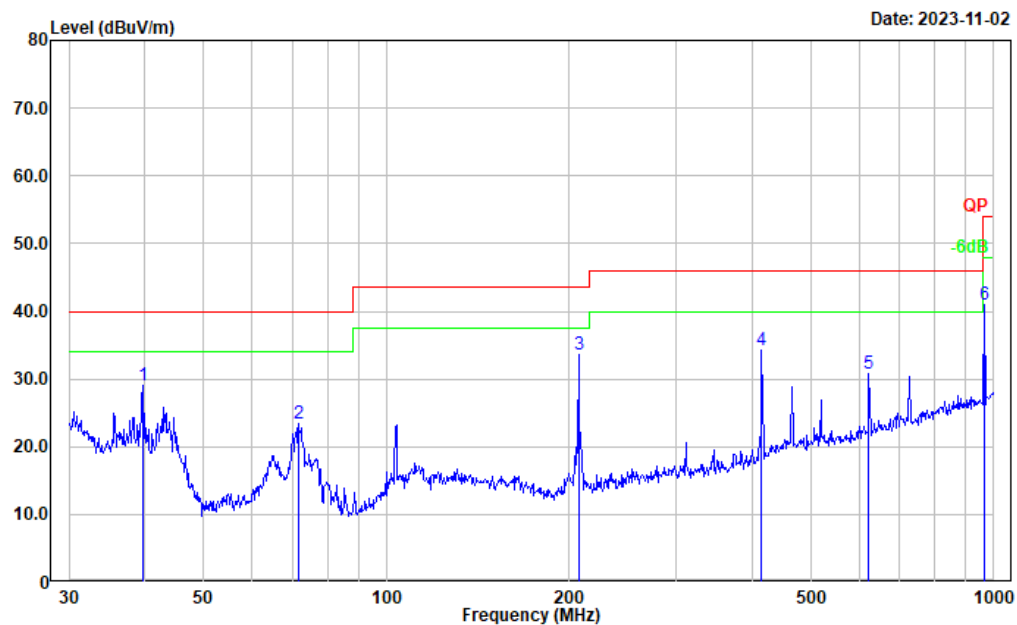
Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: horizontal
Note:

Date: 2023-11-02



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	207.380	47.76	-12.42	35.34	43.50	8.16	QP
2	414.673	45.83	-8.16	37.67	46.00	8.33	QP
3	704.564	33.33	-3.59	29.74	46.00	16.26	QP
4	830.400	37.46	-1.70	35.76	46.00	10.24	Peak
5	935.546	38.02	-0.54	37.48	46.00	8.52	Peak
6	965.542	45.33	0.12	45.45	54.00	8.55	Peak

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: vertical
Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	39.715	40.33	-11.19	29.14	40.00	10.86	Peak
2	71.581	40.14	-16.72	23.42	40.00	16.58	Peak
3	207.123	46.02	-12.41	33.61	43.50	9.89	Peak
4	414.722	42.39	-8.16	34.23	46.00	11.77	Peak
5	622.890	35.51	-4.70	30.81	46.00	15.19	Peak
6	965.542	40.84	0.12	40.96	54.00	13.04	Peak

30MHz-1GHz (ANT1)

Low channel

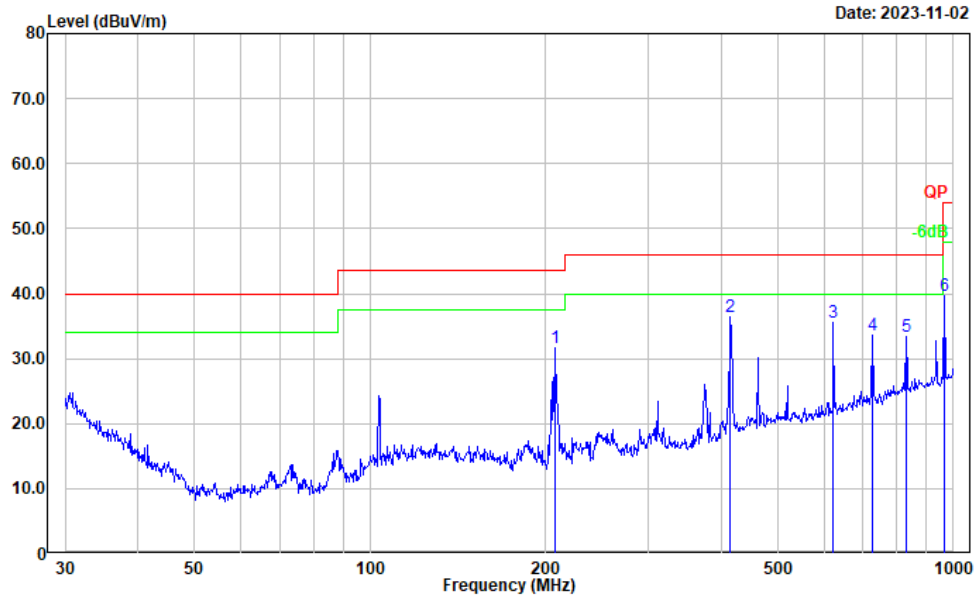
Project No.: CR230846709-RF

Tester: Jeff Luo

Polarization: horizontal

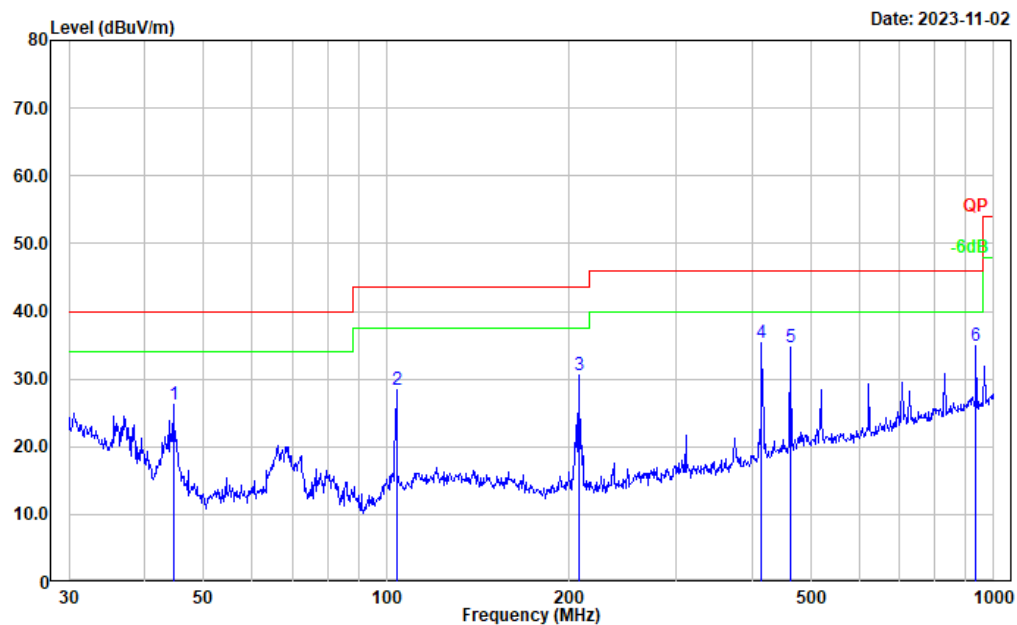
Note:

Date: 2023-11-02



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	207.850	44.17	-12.45	31.72	43.50	11.78	Peak
2	414.722	44.59	-8.16	36.43	46.00	9.57	Peak
3	622.890	40.27	-4.70	35.57	46.00	10.43	Peak
4	726.805	36.84	-3.13	33.71	46.00	12.29	Peak
5	830.400	35.00	-1.70	33.30	46.00	12.70	Peak
6	965.542	39.47	0.12	39.59	54.00	14.41	Peak

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: vertical
Note:

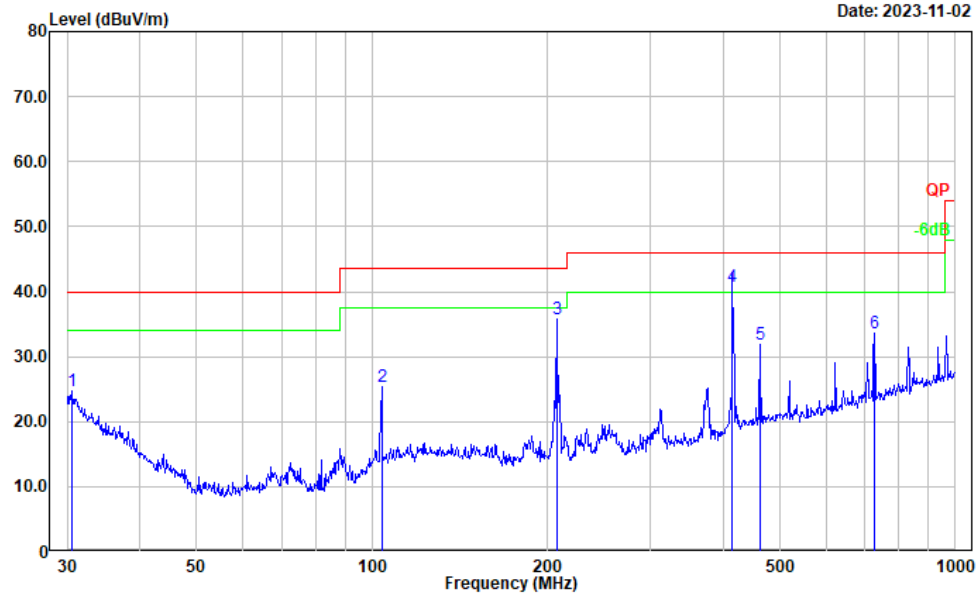


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	44.587	40.32	-14.00	26.32	40.00	13.68	Peak
2	103.806	42.03	-13.58	28.45	43.50	15.05	Peak
3	207.123	42.89	-12.41	30.48	43.50	13.02	Peak
4	414.722	43.47	-8.16	35.31	46.00	10.69	Peak
5	462.346	41.17	-6.58	34.59	46.00	11.41	Peak
6	935.546	35.50	-0.54	34.96	46.00	11.04	Peak

Middle channel

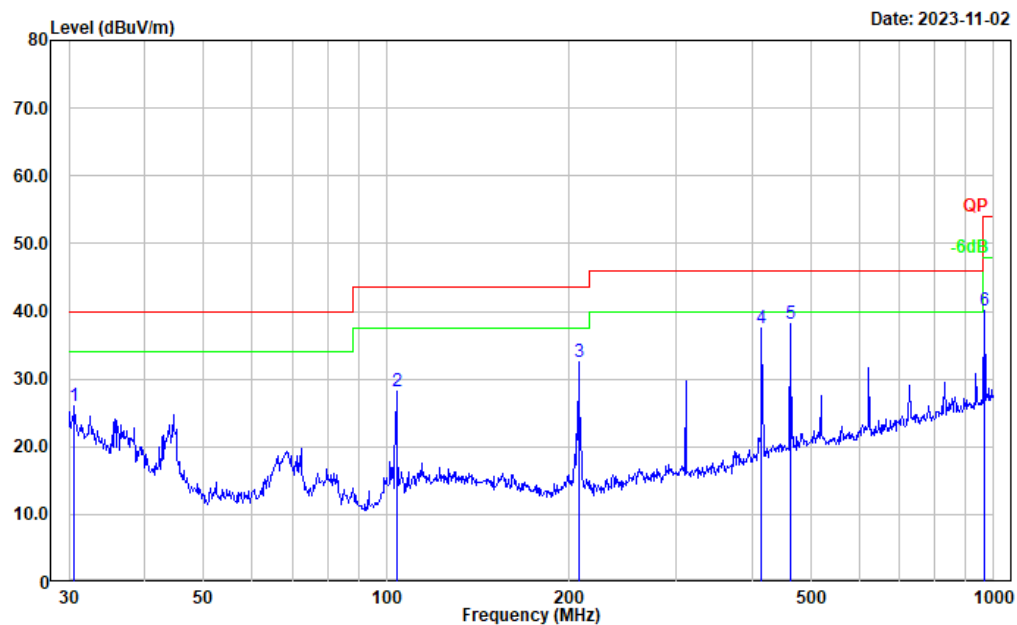
Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: horizontal
Note:

Date: 2023-11-02



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBUV/m)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.531	28.88	-4.20	24.68	40.00	15.32	Peak
2	103.806	38.89	-13.58	25.31	43.50	18.19	Peak
3	207.123	48.11	-12.41	35.70	43.50	7.80	Peak
4	414.722	48.90	-8.16	40.74	46.00	5.26	QP
5	462.346	38.55	-6.58	31.97	46.00	14.03	Peak
6	726.805	36.84	-3.13	33.71	46.00	12.29	Peak

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: vertical
Note:

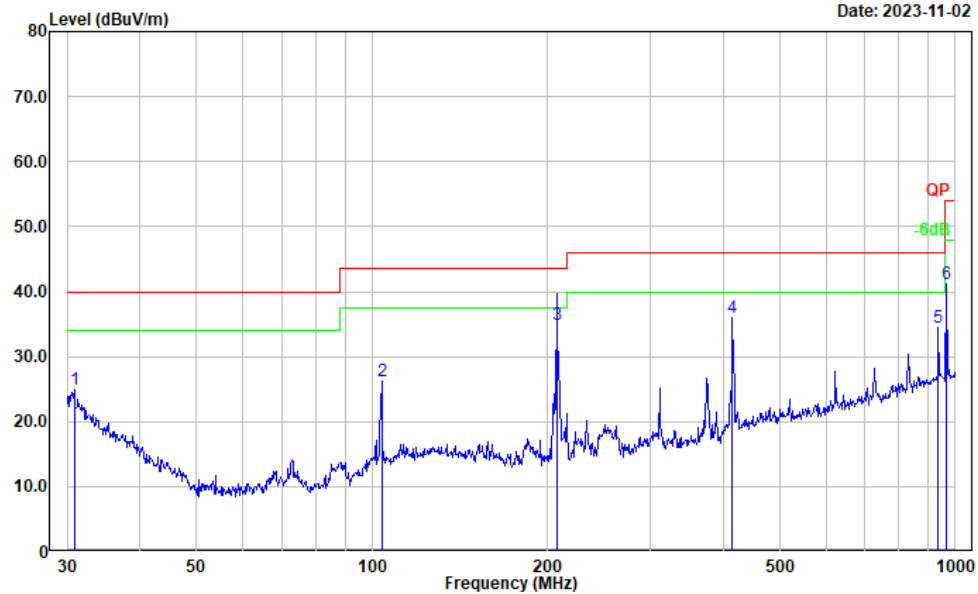


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.638	30.24	-4.28	25.96	40.00	14.04	Peak
2	103.806	41.85	-13.58	28.27	43.50	15.23	Peak
3	207.123	44.90	-12.41	32.49	43.50	11.01	Peak
4	414.722	45.68	-8.16	37.52	46.00	8.48	Peak
5	462.346	44.66	-6.58	38.08	46.00	7.92	Peak
6	965.542	40.03	0.12	40.15	54.00	13.85	Peak

High channel

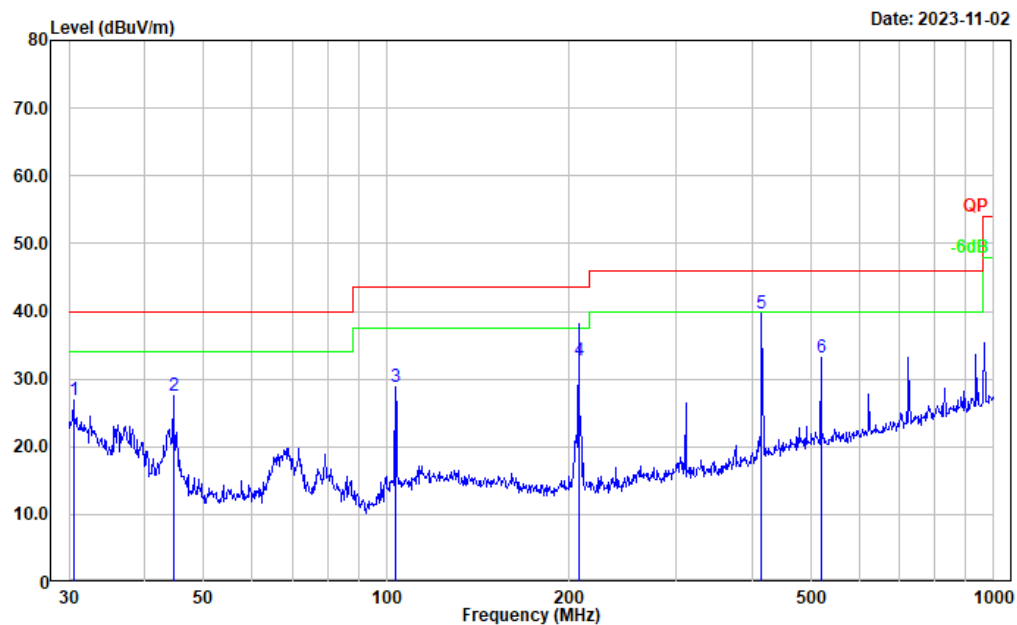
Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: horizontal
Note:

Date: 2023-11-02



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBUV/m)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.853	29.31	-4.45	24.86	40.00	15.14	Peak
2	103.806	39.84	-13.58	26.26	43.50	17.24	Peak
3	207.338	47.41	-12.42	34.99	43.50	8.51	QP
4	414.722	44.18	-8.16	36.02	46.00	9.98	Peak
5	935.546	34.98	-0.54	34.44	46.00	11.56	Peak
6	965.542	41.05	0.12	41.17	54.00	12.83	Peak

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Jeff Luo
Polarization: vertical
Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.531	31.12	-4.20	26.92	40.00	13.08	Peak
2	44.587	41.44	-14.00	27.44	40.00	12.56	Peak
3	103.442	42.54	-13.64	28.90	43.50	14.60	Peak
4	207.355	45.15	-12.42	32.73	43.50	10.77	QP
5	414.722	47.93	-8.16	39.77	46.00	6.23	Peak
6	519.065	39.10	-5.84	33.26	46.00	12.74	Peak

1) Above 1GHz:**ANT 1****Peak Field Strength**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector					
Low Channel:				1921.536	MHz		
3843.072	40.73	PK	H	7.77	48.50	74.00	25.50
3843.072	42.83	PK	V	7.77	50.60	74.00	23.40
Middle Channel:				1924.992	MHz		
3849.984	41.34	PK	H	7.77	49.11	74.00	24.89
3849.984	42.97	PK	V	7.77	50.74	74.00	23.26
High Channel:				1928.448	MHz		
3856.896	42.00	PK	H	7.78	49.78	74.00	24.22
3856.896	43.00	PK	V	7.78	50.78	74.00	23.22

Average Field Strength

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBμV/m)	Polar (H/V)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel: 1921.536 MHz						
3843.072	48.50	H	-28.20	20.30	54.00	33.70
3843.072	50.60	V	-28.20	22.40	54.00	31.60
Middle Channel: 1924.992 MHz						
3849.984	49.11	H	-28.20	20.91	54.00	33.09
3849.984	50.74	V	-28.20	22.54	54.00	31.46
High Channel: 1928.448 MHz						
3856.896	49.78	H	-28.20	21.58	54.00	32.42
3856.896	50.78	V	-28.20	22.58	54.00	31.42

Note: Average level= Peak level+ Duty Cycle Factor

ANT 0**Peak Field Strength**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 1921.536 MHz							
3843.072	37.98	PK	H	7.77	45.75	74.00	28.25
3843.072	36.71	PK	V	7.77	44.48	74.00	29.52
Middle Channel: 1924.992 MHz							
3849.984	39.35	PK	H	7.77	47.12	74.00	26.88
3849.984	40.98	PK	V	7.77	48.75	74.00	25.25
High Channel: 1928.448 MHz							
3856.896	39.85	PK	H	7.78	47.63	74.00	26.37
3856.896	41.85	PK	V	7.78	49.63	74.00	24.37

Average Field Strength

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBμV/m)	Polar (H/V)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel: 1921.536 MHz						
3843.072	45.75	H	-28.20	17.55	54.00	36.45
3843.072	44.48	V	-28.20	16.28	54.00	37.72
Middle Channel: 1924.992 MHz						
3849.984	47.12	H	-28.20	18.92	54.00	35.08
3849.984	48.75	V	-28.20	20.55	54.00	33.45
High Channel: 1928.448 MHz						
3856.896	47.63	H	-28.20	19.43	54.00	34.57
3856.896	49.63	V	-28.20	21.43	54.00	32.57

Note: Average level= Peak level+ Duty Cycle Factor

Duty cycle:

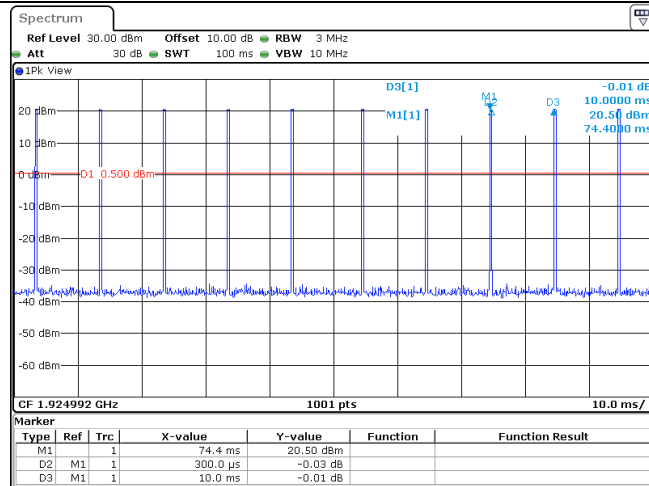
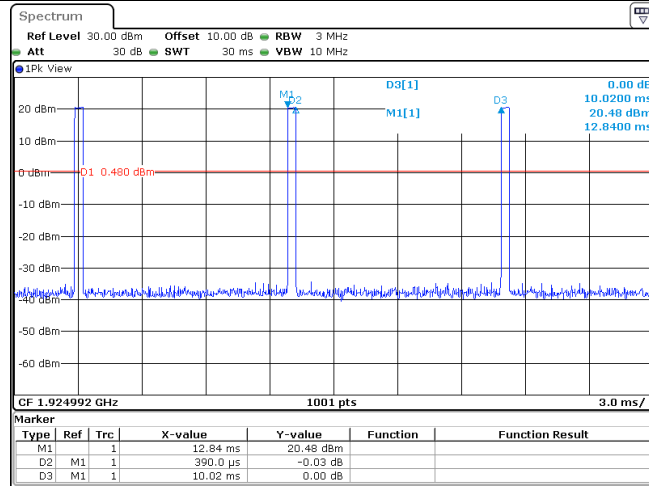
Ton1 =0.390ms

Tp = 10.02ms

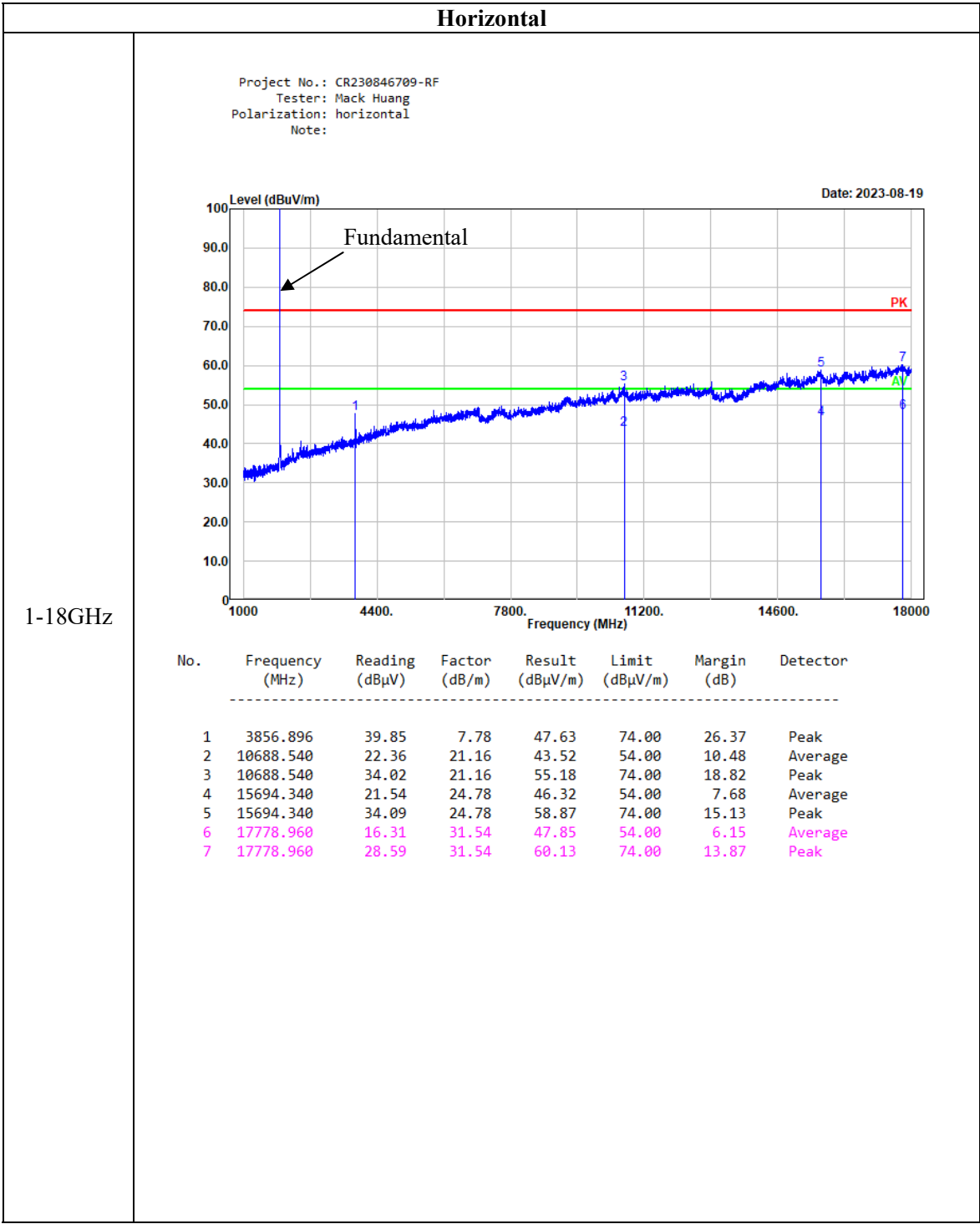
Duty cycle = Ton/Tp = 0.390/10.02=0.0389

Duty Cycle Corrected Factor = 20lg (Duty cycle) = 20lg0.0389= -28.20

Duty Cycle

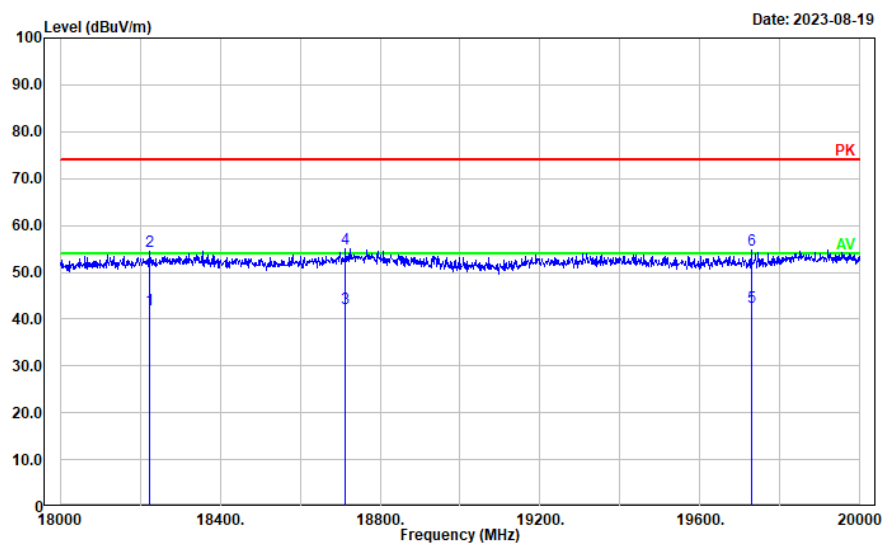


Worst Harmonic Margin Test plots
(ANT 0, High channel)



Horizontal

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Mack Huang
Polarization: Horizontal
Note:



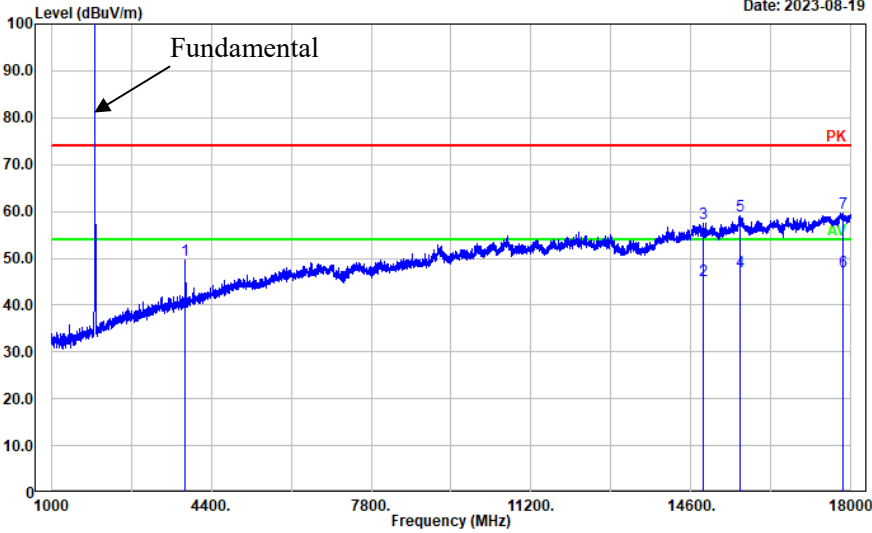
18-20GHz

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	18222.640	37.63	4.49	42.12	54.00	11.88	Average
2	18222.640	49.99	4.49	54.48	74.00	19.52	Peak
3	18712.740	37.35	5.00	42.35	54.00	11.65	Average
4	18712.740	49.99	5.00	54.99	74.00	19.01	Peak
5	19727.950	38.06	4.62	42.68	54.00	11.32	Average
6	19727.950	50.17	4.62	54.79	74.00	19.21	Peak

Vertical

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Mack Huang
Polarization: vertical
Note:

Date: 2023-08-19



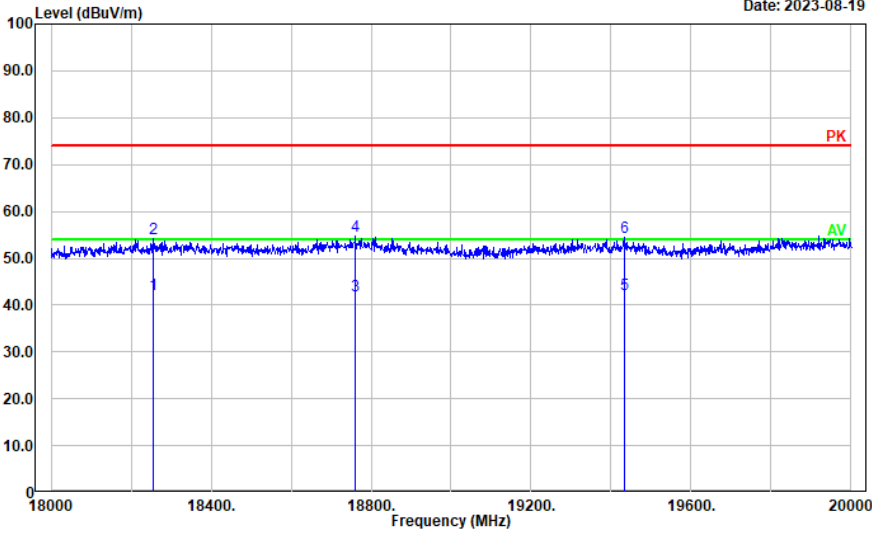
1-18GHz

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	3856.896	41.85	7.78	49.63	74.00	24.37	Peak
2	14861.170	19.80	25.51	45.31	54.00	8.69	Average
3	14861.170	32.06	25.51	57.57	74.00	16.43	Peak
4	15646.730	22.48	24.74	47.22	54.00	6.78	Average
5	15646.730	34.44	24.74	59.18	74.00	14.82	Peak
6	17816.360	15.40	31.72	47.12	54.00	6.88	Average
7	17816.360	27.88	31.72	59.60	74.00	14.40	Peak

Vertical

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Mack Huang
Polarization: Vertical
Note:

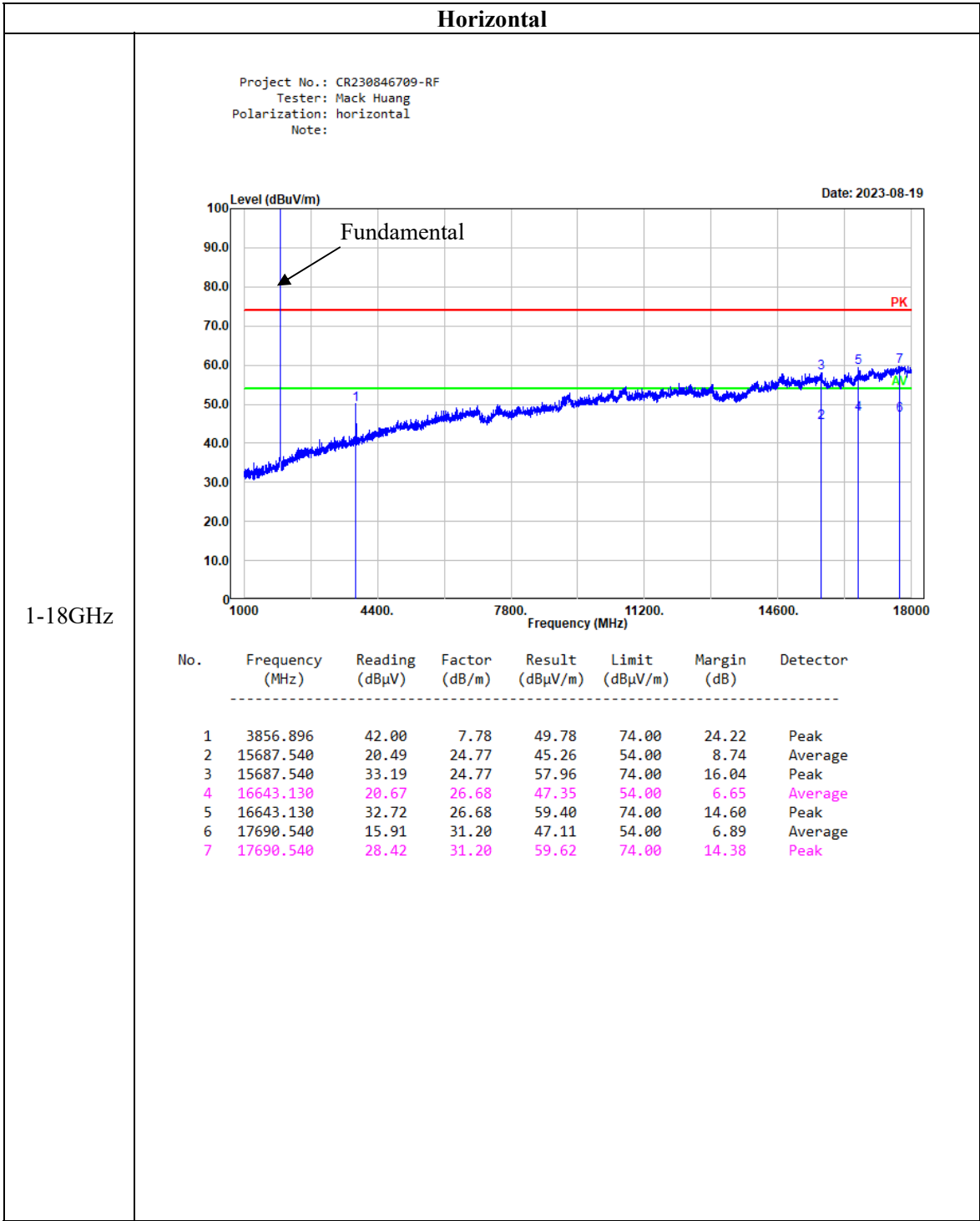
Date: 2023-08-19



18-20GHz

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	18256.250	37.88	4.47	42.35	54.00	11.65	Average
2	18256.250	49.60	4.47	54.07	74.00	19.93	Peak
3	18761.750	37.04	5.08	42.12	54.00	11.88	Average
4	18761.750	49.73	5.08	54.81	74.00	19.19	Peak
5	19432.490	37.58	4.79	42.37	54.00	11.63	Average
6	19432.490	49.77	4.79	54.56	74.00	19.44	Peak

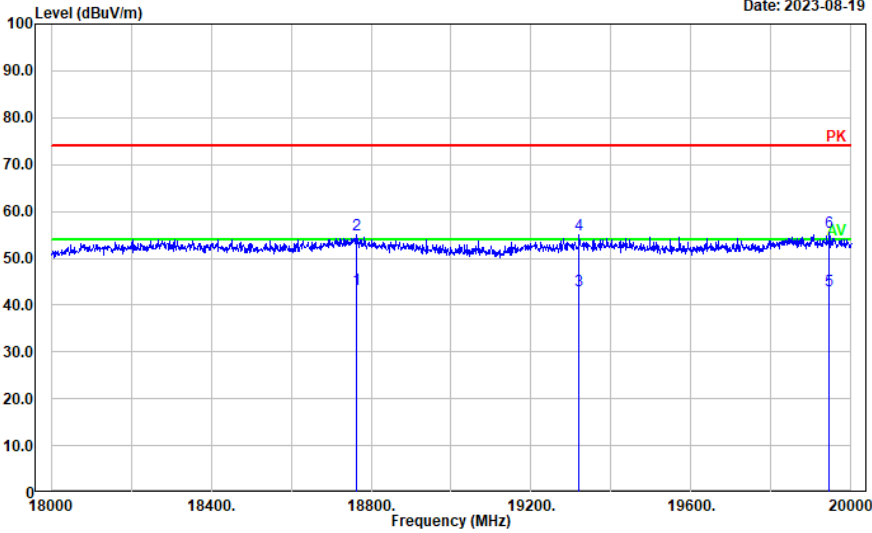
(ANT 1, High channel)



Horizontal

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Mack Huang
Polarization: Horizontal
Note:

Date: 2023-08-19

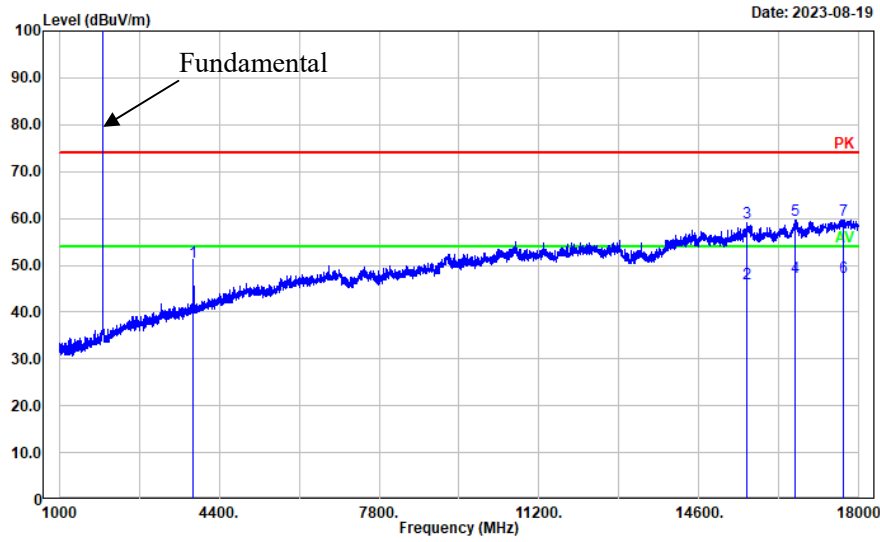


18-20GHz

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	18763.150	38.28	5.07	43.35	54.00	10.65	Average
2	18763.150	49.94	5.07	55.01	74.00	18.99	Peak
3	19320.460	38.35	4.79	43.14	54.00	10.86	Average
4	19320.460	50.28	4.79	55.07	74.00	18.93	Peak
5	19944.990	38.53	4.67	43.20	54.00	10.80	Average
6	19944.990	50.78	4.67	55.45	74.00	18.55	Peak

Vertical

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Mack Huang
Polarization: vertical
Note:

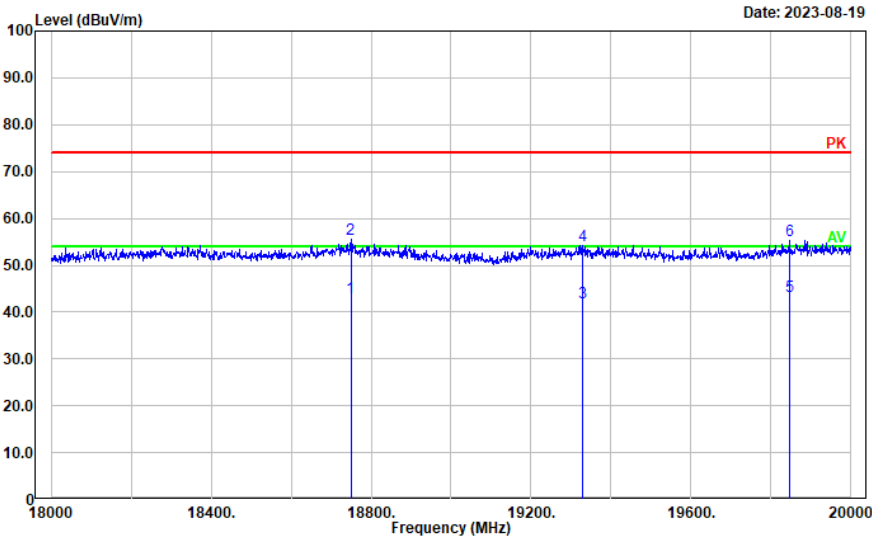


1-18GHz

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	3856.896	43.00	7.78	50.78	74.00	23.22	Peak
2	15626.330	21.47	24.73	46.20	54.00	7.80	Average
3	15626.330	34.24	24.73	58.97	74.00	15.03	Peak
4	16646.530	20.73	26.68	47.41	54.00	6.59	Average
5	16646.530	33.01	26.68	59.69	74.00	14.31	Peak
6	17659.930	16.31	31.01	47.32	54.00	6.68	Average
7	17659.930	28.73	31.01	59.74	74.00	14.26	Peak

Vertical

Project No.: CR230846709-RF
Tester: Mack Huang
Polarization: Vertical
Note:



18-20GHz

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	18749.150	38.01	5.10	43.11	54.00	10.89	Average
2	18749.150	50.43	5.10	55.53	74.00	18.47	Peak
3	19327.460	37.31	4.79	42.10	54.00	11.90	Average
4	19327.460	49.50	4.79	54.29	74.00	19.71	Peak
5	19845.570	38.69	4.63	43.32	54.00	10.68	Average
6	19845.570	50.56	4.63	55.19	74.00	18.81	Peak

4.6 Frequency Stability:

Serial Number:	24DL_1	Test Date:	2023.8.15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Len Huang	Test Result:	PASS

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010	2023/3/31	2024/3/30
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2022/9/29	2023/9/28
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2023/3/31	2024/3/30
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	N/A	N/A
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

AC Power:

Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V _{AC})	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency Offset (kHz)	Measured Frequency Offset (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
-20	120	1924.992	6	3.12	±10
20	102	1924.992	8	4.16	±10
	138	1924.992	8	4.16	±10
50	120	1924.992	5	2.60	±10

4.7 Specific Requirements for UPCS Device:

Serial Number:	24DL_1	Test Date:	2023.8.15
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Len Huang	Test Result:	N/A

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.3	Relative Humidity: (%)	52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350144	2023/3/31	2024/3/30
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A
Weinschel	Power Splitter	1515	RA914	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2023/4/18	2024/4/17
R&S	Digital Radio communication Tester	CMD 60M	846956/010	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

Test Data:

Test Result: Pass

Please see the below data

1) Automatic Discontinuation of Transmission**Test result:**

The following tests were performed after a connection had been established with handset.

Test condition	Reaction of EUT	Pass/Fail
Adapter removed from EUT	Connection break down	Pass
Battery remove from Handset	Connection break down	Pass

2) Monitoring Time**Test result:**

This requirement is covered by the results of Least Interfered Channel (LIC).

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.3)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Apply the interference on f_1 at level $T_L + U_M + 20\text{dB}$ and no interference on f_2 . Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on f_2 . Then terminate it.	EUT transmits on f_2	Pass
b) Apply the interference on f_2 at level $T_L + U_M + 20\text{dB}$ and immediately remove all interference from f_1 . The EUT should immediately attempt transmission on f_1 (but at least 20 ms after the interference on f_2 is applied), verify the transmission only on f_1 .	EUT transmission f_1	Pass

3) Lower Monitoring Threshold**Test result:**

Not applicable because the EUT has more 40 defined duplex system access channels and meet the provision of the Least Interfered Channel (LIC).

4) Maximum Transmit Period**Test result:**

Repetition of Access Criteria	Measured Maximum Transmission Time (Second)	Limit (Second)	Results
First	19880	28,800	Pass
Second	19880	28,800	Pass

5) System Acknowledgement**Test result:**

Test	Time taken (second)	Limit (second)	Result
Initial Connection acknowledgement	0.36	1	Pass
Change of access criteria for control information	N/A	30	N/A
Transmission cease time	4.09	30	Pass

Note: N/A=Not Applicable

6) Least Interfered Channel (LIC)

Calculation of monitoring threshold limits for isochroous devices:

Lower threshold: $T_L = -174 + 10\log_{10}B + M_L + P_{MAX} - P_{EUT}$ (dBm)

Where: B=Emission bandwidth (Hz)

M_L = dB the threshold may exceed thermal noise (30 for T_L)

$P_{MAX} = 5\log_{10}B - 10$ (dBm)

P_{EUT} = Transmitted power (dBm)

Calculated thresholds:

Monitor Threshold	B(MHz)	M_L (dB)	P_{MAX} (dBm)	P_{EUT} (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)
Lower threshold	1.443	30	20.8	20.34	-81.95

Note: 1. The upper threshold is applicable as the EUT utilizes more than 20 duplex system channels

Test result:

LIC procedure test:

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.3)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Apply the interference on f_1 at level $T_L + U_M + 7$ dB and the interference on f_2 at level $T_L + U_M$. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on f_2 . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on f_2	Pass
b) Apply the interference on f_1 at level $T_L + U_M$ and the interference on f_2 at level $T_L + U_M + 7$ dB. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on f_1 . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on f_1	Pass
c) Apply the interference on f_1 at level $T_L + U_M + 1$ dB the interference on f_2 at level $T_L + U_M - 6$ dB. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on f_2 . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on f_2	Pass
d) Apply the interference on f_1 at level $T_L + U_M - 6$ dB and the interference on f_2 at level $T_L + U_M + 1$ dB. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on f_1 . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on f_1	Pass

Selected channel confirmation:

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.4)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Apply the interference on f_1 at level $T_U + U_M$ and no interference on f_2 . Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on f_2 . Then terminate it.	EUT transmits on f_2	Pass
b) Apply the interference on f_2 at level $T_L + U_M$ and immediately remove all interference from f_1 . The EUT should immediately attempt transmission on f_1 (but at least 20 ms after the interference on f_2 is applied), verify the transmission only on f_1 .	EUT transmission f_1	Pass

7) Random waiting

Note: This is Not Applicable

8) Monitoring Bandwidth and Reaction Time

Test result:

Monitoring Bandwidth:

The antenna of the EUT used for monitoring is the same interior antenna that used for transmission, so the monitoring system bandwidth is equal to the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission

Reaction Time Test:

No.	Interference Pulse width (μs)	Reaction of EUT	Observing time (μs)	Result
1	50μs with level T_L+U_M	No transmission	25.62	Pass
2	35μs with level $T_L+U_M+6\text{dB}$	No transmission	23.43	Pass

9) Monitoring Antenna

Test result:

The antenna of the EUT used for transmission is the same interior antenna that used for monitoring.

10) Monitoring threshold relaxation

Test result:

This requirement is covered by the results of Least Interfered Channel (LIC).

11) Duplex Connections

Test result:

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 § 8.3& § 8.3.2)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Only a single carrier f_1 for EUT TDMA systems and on f_1 and f_2 and corresponding duplex carriers for FDMA systems.	EUT can transmit	Pass
b) All Tx windows with level T_L+U_M except one & Rx windows with level $T_L+U_M+7\text{dB}$ except one, which are not the duplex mate.	Connected on the target Rx window and its duplex mate.	Pass
c) All Tx windows with level $T_L+U_M+7\text{dB}$ except one & Rx windows with level T_L+U_M except one, which are not duplex mate.	Connected on the target Tx window and its duplex mate.	Pass
d) All Tx & Rx windows with level T_U+U_M , except one for Tx window & one for Rx window, which are not duplex mate.	No connection possible	Pass

12) Alternative monitoring interval**Test result:**

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 § 8.4)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Only a single carrier f_1 for EUT TDMA systems and on f_1 and f_2 and corresponding duplex carriers for FDMA systems.	EUT can transmit	Pass
b) Apply interference with same parameters as EUT transmissions on all Tx windows with level TL+UM on the enabled carrier(s) and no interference on the Rx windows on the enabled carriers.	No connection is established	Pass

IC:

Not appropriate, as the system always monitor both the transmit and receive time/spectrum windows, it is not a co-located device.

13) Fair Access**Test result:**

The manufacturer declares that this device does not use any mechanisms as provided by FCC §15.323(c)(10) or (11) & IC RSS-213 5.2(10) and (11) to extend the range of spectrum occupied over space or time for the purpose of denying fair access to spectrum to other device.

14) Frame Repetition Stability Frame Period and Jitter**Test result:**

Frame Period and Jitter:

Max. pos. Jitter (μ s)	Max. neg. Jitter (μ s)	Frame period (ms)	Limit	
			Frame Period (ms)	Jitter (μ s)
0.08	-0.03	10.37	20 or 10/X	25

Note: X is a positive whole number.

5. RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

5.1 MPE-Based Exemption

5.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b)(3)(i)

(C) Or using Table 1 and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in Table 1 to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

Table 1 to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$.
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$.
30-300	$3.83 R^2$.
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$.
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$.

5.1.2 Measurement Result

Frequency (MHz)	$\lambda/2\pi$ (mm)	Distance (mm)	Exemption ERP		Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	ERP (dBm)	MPE-Based Exemption
			(mW)	(dBm)				
1920-1930	24.87	200	768	28.85	20.4	0	18.25	Compliant

Note:

The Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance was declared by manufacturer.

Result: The device compliant the MPE-Based Exemption at 20cm distances.

5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

5.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 Clause 2.5.2

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

Calculated Data:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain	Conducted output power including Tune-up Tolerance	EIRP		Exemption limits (mW)
	(dBi)		(dBm)	(mW)	
1920-1930	0	20.4	20.4	110	2297

So the device is compliance exemption from Routine Evaluation Limits –RF exposure Evaluation.

Result: The device compliant the RF Exposure Evaluation at 20cm distances.

6. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment CR230846709-EXP EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS and CR230846709-INP EUT INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS

7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment CR230846709-00-TSP TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS.

===== END OF REPORT =====