

# FCC TEST REPORT

Test report On Behalf of KINGRAY ELECTRONICS Co., LTD For True wireless earbuds Model No.: EV7677, BB2516, TWS-306 FCC ID: 2AML6KR304

Prepared for : KINGRAY ELECTRONICS Co., LTD Building B, Ge Tailong Industrial Park,No.445 Bulong Rd,BanTian,LongGang,China

Prepared By : Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. 1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China

# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant's name	KINGRAY ELECTRONICS Co., LTD
Address	Building B, Ge Tailong Industrial Park,No.445 Bulong Rd,BanTian,LongGang,China
Manufacture's Name	KINGRAY ELECTRONICS Co., LTD
Address	Building B, Ge Tailong Industrial Park,No.445 Bulong Rd,BanTian,LongGang,China
Product description	
Trade Mark:	/
Product name:	True wireless earbuds
Model and/or type reference:	EV7677, BB2516, TWS-306
Standards	FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 ANSI C63.10: 2013

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Date of Test	
Date (s) of performance of tests::	Apr. 10, 2019 ~. Apr. 19, 2019
Date of Issue:	Apr. 19, 2019
Test Result	Pass

2

2

**Testing Engineer** 

Gog Dian) (Gary Qian) Edan Mu (Eden Hu)

**Technical Manager** 

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(Jason Zhou)



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# 1. <u>TEST STANDARDS</u>

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>FCC Rules Part 15.247</u>: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz. <u>ANSI C63.10-2013</u>: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices <u>DA 00-705</u>: Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems



# 2. <u>SUMMARY</u>

# 2.1. Product Description

Name of EUT	True wireless earbuds
Trade Mark:	1
Model Number	EV7677
List Model:	BB2516, TWS-306
Power Rating	DC 3.7V and DC 5V From external circuit
Adapter(Auxiliary test Provided by the	Mode:ZWS003AV05000801
laborator)	Input:AC100-240V-50/60Hz, 0.2A
	Output:DC 5V,800mA
FCC ID	2AML6KR304
Bluetooth FCC Operation frequency	2402MHz-2480MHz
Bluetooth Modulation	GFSK, II/4DQPSK
Antenna Type	Ceramic antenna
Antenna gain	1.05dBi

# 2.2. Equipment Under Test

### Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	230V / 50 Hz	0	120V / 60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
		•	Other (specified in blank bel	ow)	

DC 3.7V and DC 5V From Adapter

# 2.3. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

This is a True wireless earbuds.

For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.



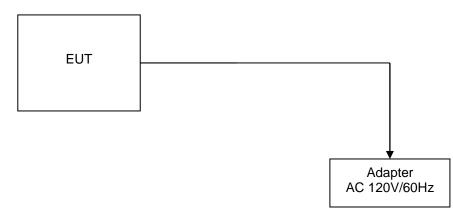
## 2.4. EUT operation mode

The Applicant provides test software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing .There are 79 channels provided to the EUT. Channel 00/39/78 was selected to test.

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
00	2402	40	2442
01	2403	41	2443
02	2404	42	2444
03	2405	43	2445
04	2406	44	2446
05	2407	45	2447
06	2408	46	2448
07	2409	47	2449
08	2410	48	2450
09	2411	49	2451
10	2412	50	2452
11	2413	51	2453
12	2414	52	2454
13	2415	53	2455
14	2416	54	2456
15	2417	55	2457
16	2418	56	2458
17	2419	57	2459
18	2420	58	2460
19	2421	59	2461
20	2422	60	2462
21	2423	61	2463
22	2424	62	2464
23	2425	63	2465
24	2426	64	2466
25	2427	65	2467
26	2428	66	2468
27	2429	67	2469
28	2430	68	2470
29	2431	69	2471
30	2432	70	2472
31	2433	71	2473
32	2434	72	2474
33	2435	73	2475
34	2436	74	2476
35	2437	75	2477
36	2438	76	2478
37	2439	77	2479
38	2400	78	2480
39	2441		2100



# 2.5. Block Diagram of Test Setup



# 2.6. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2AML6KR304 filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

### 2.7. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

# 3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

# 3.1. TEST FACILITY

Test Firm : Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Address 1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China

### 3.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15-35 ° C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

### 3.3. Summary of measurement results

Test Specification clause	Test case	Test Mode	Test Channel	Reco In Re		Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency separation	GFSK ∏/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK П/4DQPSK	🛛 Middle	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping channels	GFSK ∏/4DQPSK	🛛 Full	GFSK П/4DQPSK	🛛 Full	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(a)(1)	Time of Occupancy (dwell time)	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK П/4DQPSK	🛛 Middle	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(a)(1)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system 20dB bandwidth	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK ∏/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(b)(1)	Maximum output power	GFSK ∏/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(d)	Band edge compliance conducted	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Highest	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Highest	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.205	Band edge compliance radiated	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Highest	GFSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Highest	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(d)	TX spurious emissions conducted	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.247(d)	TX spurious emissions radiated	GFSK П/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.209(a)	TX spurious Emissions radiated Below 1GHz	GFSK ∏/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK	🛛 Middle	$\boxtimes$				complies
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted Emissions 9KHz-30 MHz	GFSK ∏/4DQPSK	⊠ Lowest ⊠ Middle ⊠ Highest	GFSK	🛛 Middle	$\boxtimes$				complies

#### Remark:

1. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

2. NA = Not Applicable; NP = Not Performed

3. We tested all test mode and recorded worst case in report



# 3.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty		
Conducted Emission Expanded Uncertainty	=	2.23dB, k=2
Radiated emission expanded uncertainty(9kHz-30MHz)	=	3.08dB, k=2
Radiated emission expanded uncertainty(30MHz-1000MHz)	=	4.42dB, k=2
Radiated emission expanded uncertainty(Above 1GHz)	=	4.06dB, k=2

# 3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schewarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
11.	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	HKE-017	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
13.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
14.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Dec. 28, 2018	N/A
15.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
16.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
17.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
18.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
19.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 28, 2018	3 Year
20.	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-055	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year
21. Note: 1	RF Cable(above 1GHz) The Cal Interval was	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	HKE-056	Dec. 28, 2018	1 Year

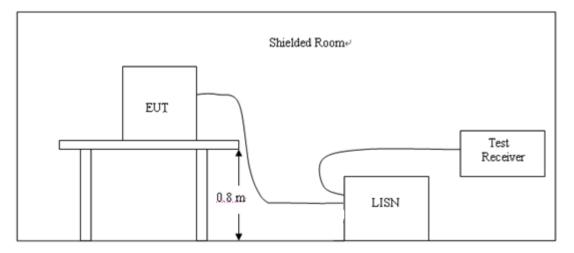
Note: 1. The Cal.Interval was one year.



# 4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

# 4.1. AC Power Conducted Emission

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1, The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10.
- 2, Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10.
- 3, All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10.
- 4, If a EUT received DC power from the USB Port of Notebook PC, the PC's adapter received power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5, All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
- 6, The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7, Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.

#### AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) AC Power Conducted Emission Limits is as following :

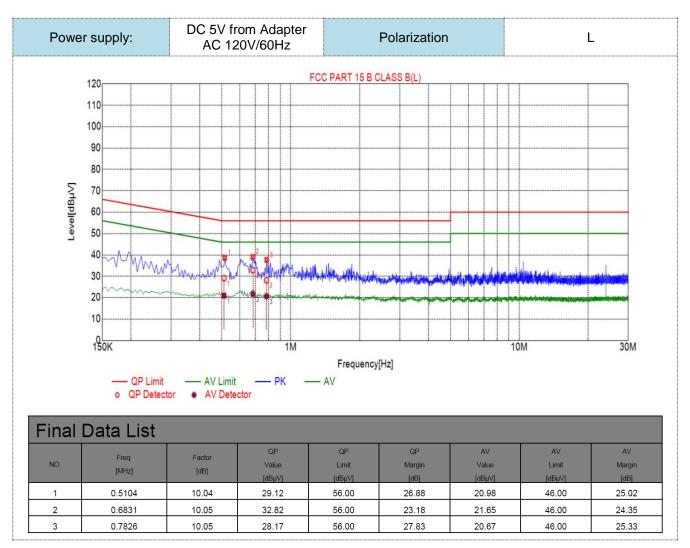
Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)			
Frequency range (Miriz)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*		
0.5-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.				

#### TEST RESULTS

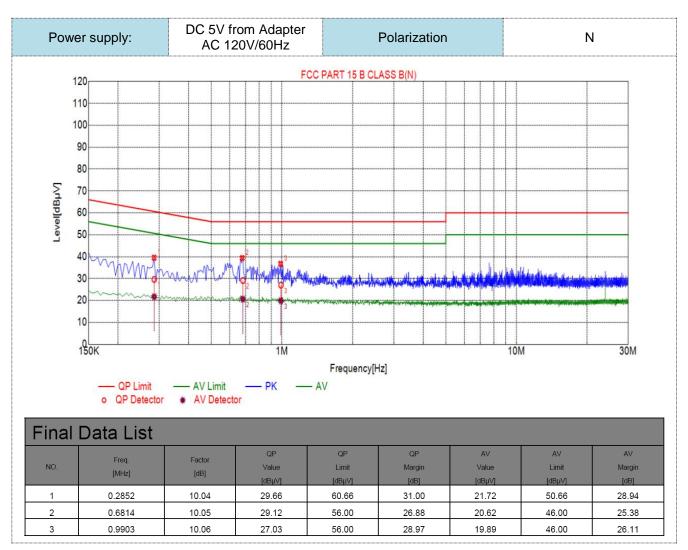
#### Remark:

- 1. All modes of GFSK and Pi/4 DQPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK Middle Channel was reported as below:
- Both 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz power supply have been tested, only the worst result of 120 VAC, 60 Hz was reported as below:.







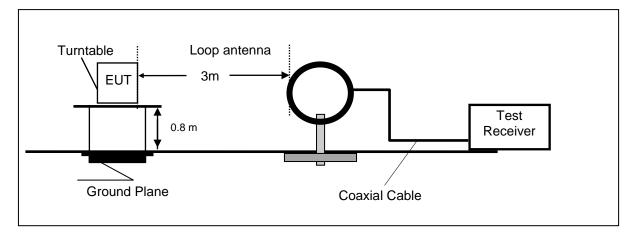




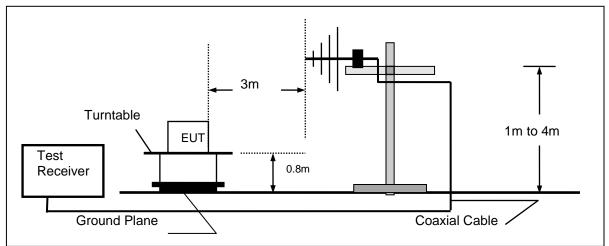
# 4.2. Radiated Emission

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**

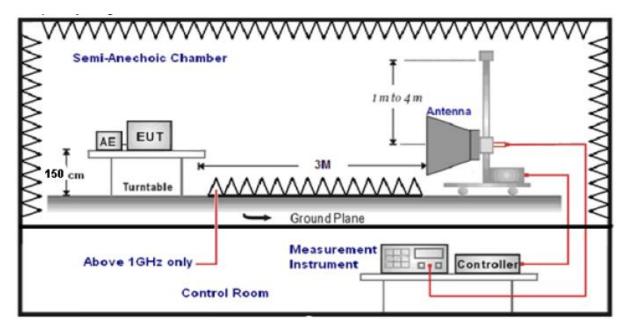
Frequency range 9 KHz – 30MHz



#### Frequency range 30MHz – 1000MHz



Frequency range above 1GHz-25GHz



1

- 1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 12mm above ground plane when testing frequency range 9 KHz –25GHz.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from  $0^{\circ}$ C to 360°C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
- 3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
- 5. The EUT minimum operation frequency was 32.768KHz and maximum operation frequency was 2480MHz.so radiated emission test frequency band from 9KHz to 25GHz.
- 6. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

   Test Frequency range
   Test Antenna Type

   9KHz-30MHz
   Active Loop Antenna
   3

   30MHz-1GHz
   Ultra-Broadband Antenna
   3

   1GHz-18GHz
   Double Ridged Horn Antenna
   3
- 18GHz-25GHz
   Horn Anternna

   7. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

÷ .			
	Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
	9KHz-150KHz	RBW=200Hz/VBW=3KHz,Sweep time=Auto	QP
	150KHz-30MHz	RBW=9KHz/VBW=100KHz,Sweep time=Auto	QP
	30MHz-1GHz	RBW=120KHz/VBW=1000KHz,Sweep time=Auto	QP
		Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz,	
	1GHz-40GHz	Sweep time=Auto	Peak
	TGHZ-40GHZ	Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz,	reak
		Sweep time=Auto	

#### Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

#### FS = RA + AF + CL - AG

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

Transd=AF +CL-AG

#### RADIATION LIMIT

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following table. According to § 15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the EUT is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

The pre-test have done for the EUT in three axes and found the worst emission at position shown in test setup photos.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBµV/m)	Radiated (µV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	20log(2400/F(KHz))+40log(300/3)	2400/F(KHz)
0.49-1.705	3	20log(24000/F(KHz))+ 40log(30/3)	24000/F(KHz)
1.705-30	3	20log(30)+ 40log(30/3)	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500



Remark: For test below 1GHz all modes of GFSK and Pi/4 DQPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK Middle Channel was reported as below:

#### For 9 KHz-30MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)@3m	FCC Limit (dBuV/m) @3m	Margin (dB)	Detector	Result
0.38	46.62	96.01	49.39	QP	PASS
1.55	51.47	63.80	12.33	QP	PASS
19.68	56.63	69.54	12.91	QP	PASS
24.62	41.57	69.54	27.97	QP	PASS

#### For 30MHz-1GHz

5

6

405.390

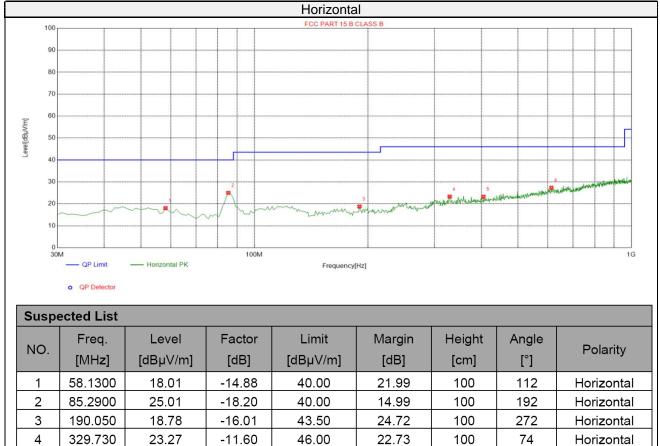
613.940

23.23

27.34

-10.31

-5.54



46.00

46.00

22.77

18.66

100

100

274

163

Horizontal

Horizontal



4

5

6

172.590

299.660

463.590

25.65

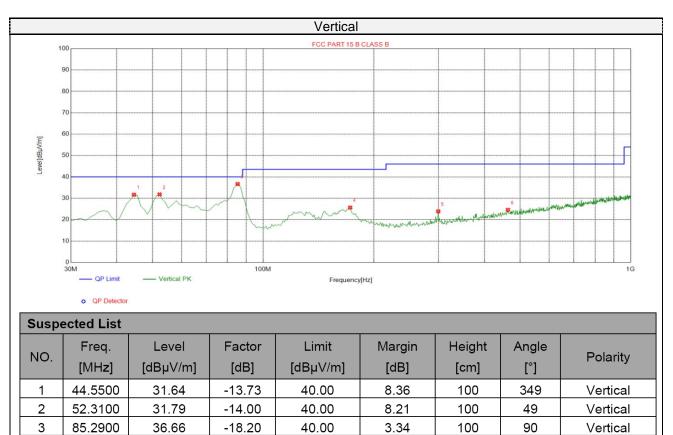
23.89

24.59

-17.18

-12.74

-8.55



43.50

46.00

46.00

100

100

100

180

12

190

Vertical

Vertical

Vertical

17.85

22.11

21.41



#### For 1GHz to 25GHz

Remark: For test above 1GHz GFSK and Pi/4 DQPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK was reported as below:

CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin		
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type	
4804	61.87	-3.64	58.23	74	-15.77	peak	
4804	45.23	-3.64	41.59	54	-12.41	AVG	
7206	57.53	-0.95	56.58	74	-17.42	peak	
7206	43.21	-0.95	42.26	54	-11.74	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4804	63.1	-3.64	59.46	74	-14.54	peak
4804	46.23	-3.64	42.59	54	-11.41	AVG
7206	55.37	-0.95	54.42	74	-19.58	peak
7206	43.76	-0.95	42.81	54	-11.19	AVG



# CH Middle (2441MHz)

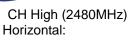
Horizontal:

Frequency	Motor Dooding	Fastar		Linsite	Morain		
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Datastan	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type	
4882	59.18	-3.51	55.67	74	-18.33	peak	
4882	45.13	-3.51	41.62	54	-12.38	AVG	
7326	56.19	-0.82	55.37	74	-18.63	peak	
7326	41.82	-0.82	41	54	-13	AVG	
Remark: Facto	Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:	<u> </u>						
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin		
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type	
4882	60.63	-3.51	57.12	74	-16.88	peak	
4882	45.91	-3.51	42.4	54	-11.6	AVG	
7326	57.27	-0.82	56.45	74	-17.55	peak	
7326	42.34	-0.82	41.52	54	-12.48	AVG	
Remark: Facto	emark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						





Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin		
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type	
4960	59.42	-3.43	55.99	74	-18.01	peak	
4960	46.02	-3.43	42.59	54	-11.41	AVG	
7440	55.81	-0.75	55.06	74	-18.94	peak	
7440	41.32	-0.75	40.57	54	-13.43	AVG	
Remark: Facto	lemark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Detector Type
4960	62.16	-3.43	58.73	74	-15.27	peak
4960	47.21	-3.43	43.78	54	-10.22	AVG
7440	58.42	-0.75	57.67	74	-16.33	peak
7440	42.96	-0.75	42.21	54	-11.79	AVG
	•					

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Remark:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "--- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

(2) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed.



#### 4.3. Maximum Peak Output Power

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 Maximum peak conducted output power for HFSS devices: The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the HFSS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 nonoverlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### TEST RESULTS

Туре	Channel	Peak Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
	00	2.121		
GFSK	39	1.452	21	Pass
	78	0.897		
	00	1.582		
π/4DQPSK	39	1.120	21	Pass
	78	0.217		

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.



#### 4.4. 20dB Bandwidth

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW=30 KHz and VBW=100KHz. The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5MHz no limit for 20dB bandwith.

#### TEST RESULTS

Modulation	Channel	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	Result
	CH00	0.8179	0.82764	
GFSK	CH39	0.8260	0.84681	
	CH78	0.8225	0.84870	Pass
	CH00	1.114	1.0675	Fass
π/4DQPSK	CH39	1.111	1.0672	
	CH78	1.124	1.0542	











### 4.5. Frequency Separation

#### TEST CONFIGURATION

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW=30 KHz and VBW=100KHz.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

According to 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25KHz or the 2/3\*20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### TEST RESULTS

#### 4.5.1 GFSK Test Mode

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit(MHz) 2/3* 20dB Bw or20dB Bw	Result
GFSK	CH38	1.000	0.826	0.826	Pass
GFSK	CH39	1.000	0.020	0.020	F 855
π/4DQPSK	CH38	1.000	1.124	0.749	Pass
II/4DQP3K	CH39	1.000	1.124	0.749	Fass

Remark: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle









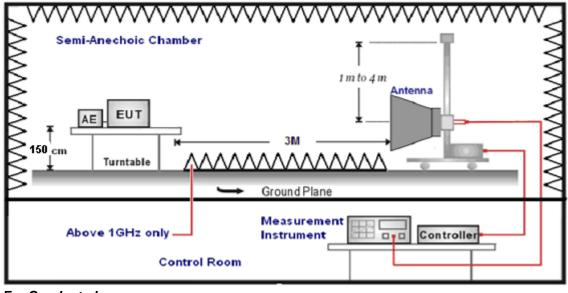
# 4.6. Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission

#### **TEST REQUIREMENT**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**

#### For Radiated



For Conducted



#### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0°C to 360°C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
- 3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
- The distance between test antenna and EUT was 3 meter:
   Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

6.	Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:				
	Test Frequency range Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting		Detector		
		Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz,			
	1GHz-40GHz	Sweep time=Auto	Peak		
	IGHZ-40GHZ	Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz,	reak		
		Sweep time=Auto			
			•		

#### LIMIT

Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)



#### 4.6.1 For Radiated Bandedge Measurement

Remark: GFSK and Pi/4 DQPSK all have been tested, only worse case GFSK is reported.

### Operation Mode: GFSK TX Low channel(2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре
2390	55.12	-5.81	49.31	74	-24.69	peak
2390	38.21	-5.81	32.4	54	-21.6	AVG
Domarki Fast	Pomark: Easter - Antonna Easter + Cable Loss Pro amplifier					

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

#### Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре
2390	57.82	-5.81	52.01	74	-21.99	peak
2390 41.19 -5.81 35.38 54 -18.62 AVG						AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

# Operation Mode: GFSK TX High channel (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре
2483.5	56.56	-5.65	50.91	74	-23.09	peak
2483.5	41.27	-5.65	35.62	54	-18.38	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

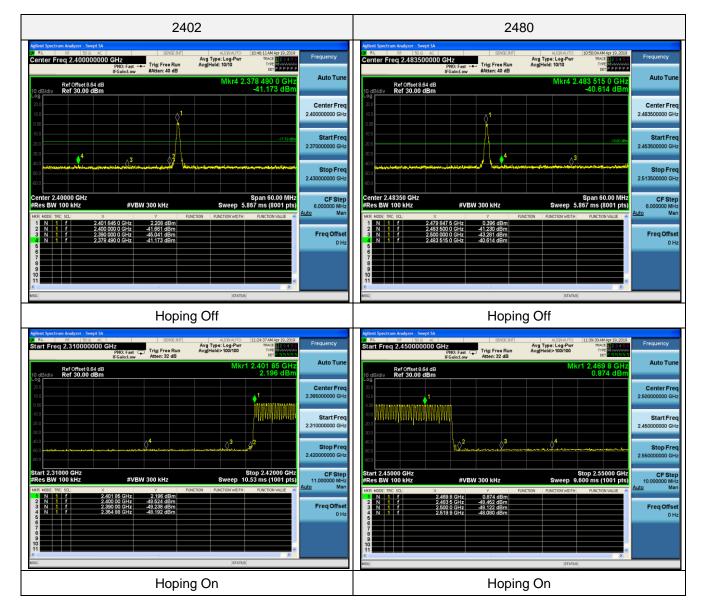
Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	Туре
2483.5	58.97	-5.65	53.32	74	-20.68	peak
2483.5	42.72	-5.65	37.07	54	-16.93	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						
Remark: All the other emissions not reported were too low to read and deemed to comply with FCC limit.						



#### 4.6.2 For Conducted Bandedge Measurement

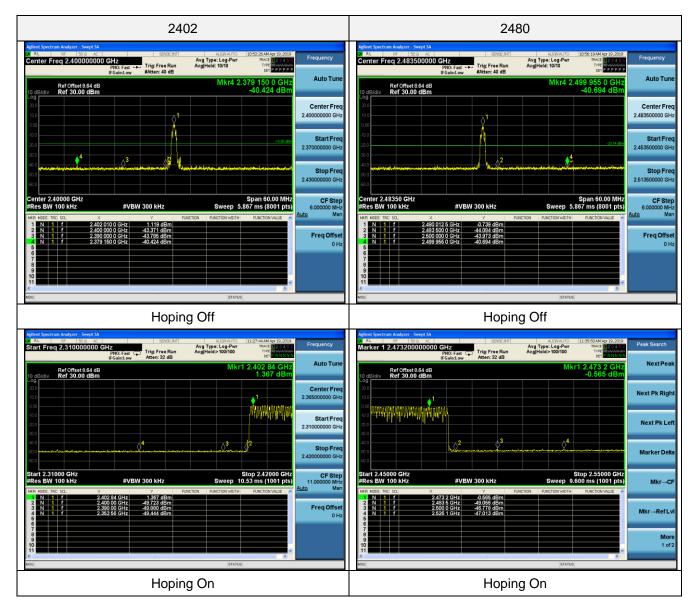
GFSK					
Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Hoping Mode	Limit (dBc)	Verdict	
2400.00	-43.870	OFF	-20	PASS	
2400.00	-51720	ON	-20	PASS	
2483.50	-41.626	OFF	-20	PASS	
2483.50	-49.326	ON	-20	PASS	





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	π/4 DQPSK					
Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Hoping Mode	Limit (dBc)	Verdict		
2400.00	-44.490	OFF	-20	PASS		
2400.00	-51.090	ON	-20	PASS		
2483.50	-43.345	OFF	-20	PASS		
2483.50	-48.491	ON	-20	PASS		





### 4.7. Spurious RF Conducted Emission

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100kHz and VBW= 300KHz to measure the peak field strength , and mwasure frequeny range from 9KHz to 25GHz.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.

2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

#### TEST RESULTS

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandege measurement data.







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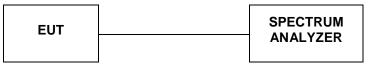






#### **4.8.** Number of hopping frequency

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator.Set spectrum analyzer start 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz with RBW=1MHz and VBW=3MHz.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

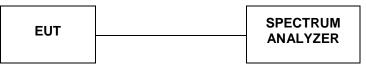
Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	<b>&gt;1</b> <i>E</i>	Deee
π/4 DQPSK	79	≥15	Pass





#### 4.9. Time Of Occupancy(Dwell Time)

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency with RBW=1MHz and VBW=3MHz,Span=0Hz.

#### <u>LIMIT</u>

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a pe-riod of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### TEST RESULTS

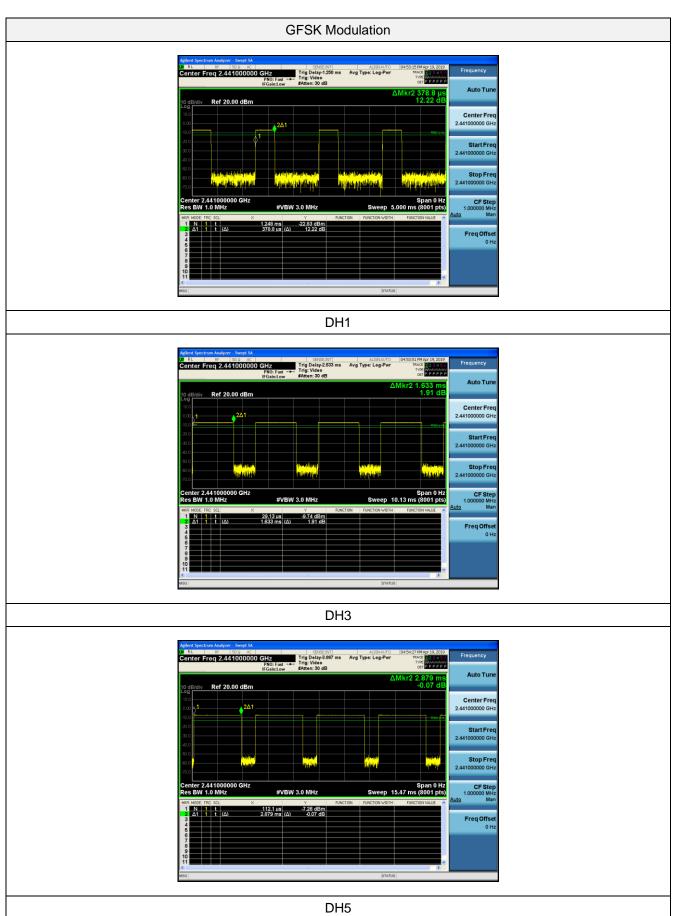
Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
	DH1	0.379	0.121		
GFSK	DH3	1.633	0.261	0.40	Pass
	DH5	2.879	0.307		
	DH1	0.384	0.123		
π/4 DQPSK	DH3	1.637	0.262	0.40	Pass
	DH5	2.885	0.308		

Note:

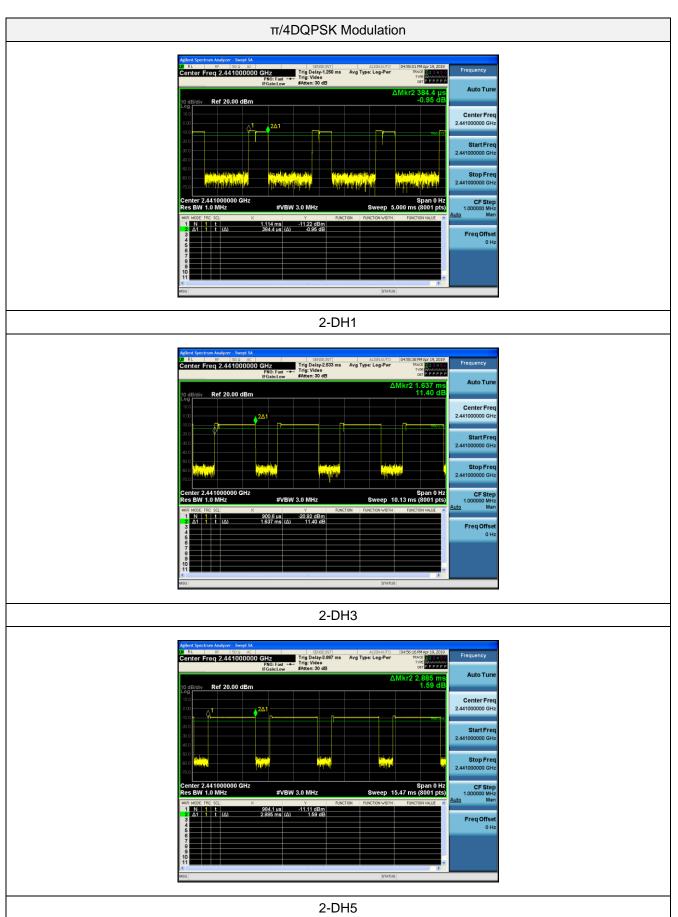
1. We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recoreded worst case at middle channel.

2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) ×  $(1600 \div 2 \div 79)$  ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1 Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) ×  $(1600 \div 4 \div 79)$  ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3 Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) ×  $(1600 \div 6 \div 79)$  ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5











#### 4.10. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

#### TEST APPLICABLE

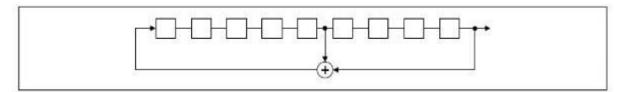
#### For 47 CFR Part 15C section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier fre-quencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hop-ping channel, whichever is greater. Al-ternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier fre-quencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo ran-domly ordered list of hopping fre-quencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each trans-mitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their cor-responding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nice-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the frist stage. The sequence begins with the frist one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages:9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:29-1=511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros:8(non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An explame of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:

0246	62 64 78 1	73 75 77
		11
		1

Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



#### 4.11. Antenna Requirement

#### Standard Applicable

#### Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (c), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

#### Antenna Information

The antenna is Ceramic antenna, The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 1.05 dBi.

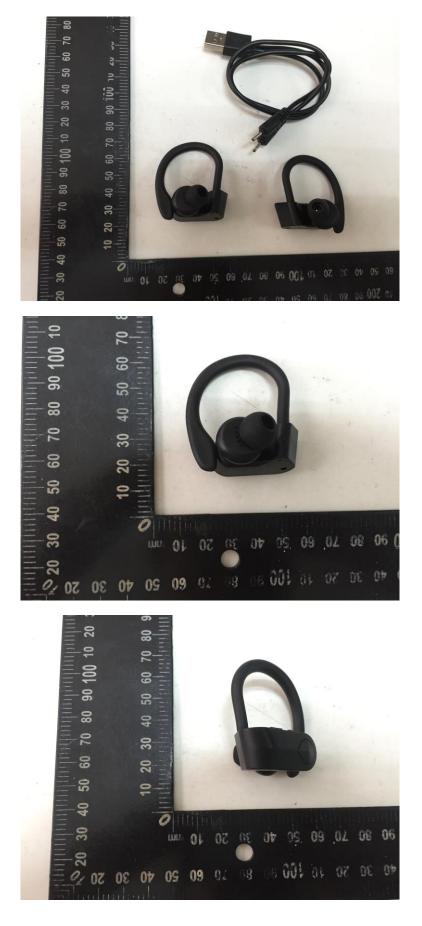


# 5. Test Setup Photos





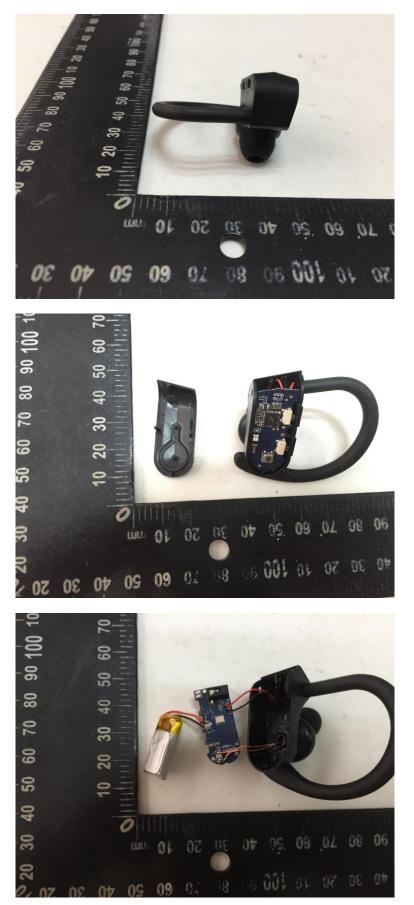
# 6. The Photos of the EUT



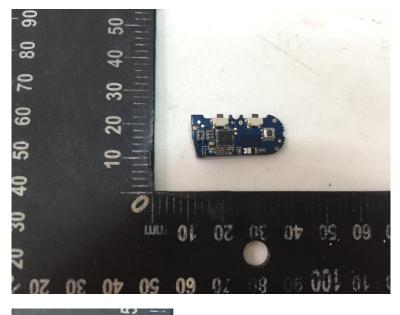


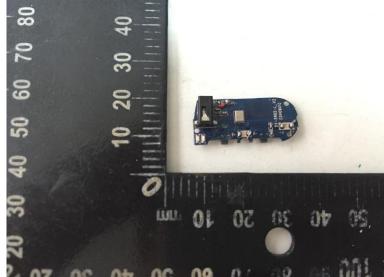


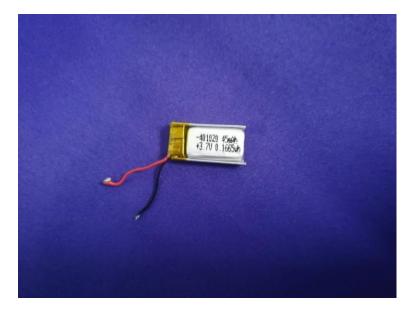












.....End of Report.....