

Installing the BSR

This chapter describes the installation of the WipLL Base Station Radio (BSR), which is installed at the Base Station.



Warning: This device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.



Notes:

- 1) The BSR operating in the 700 MHz band does not contain an internal (built-in) antenna. Instead, the BSR provides an N-type port for attaching a third-party external antenna.
- 2) The maximum cable length between the BSR and terminating equipment is 100 meters.

6.1. Basic Design and Physical Dimensions

The BSR is encased in a chassis providing access to the BSR's communication ports on the front panel. The BSR's bottom panel provides holes for mounting the BSR to, for example, a pole or wall.

The BSR provides the following ports:

- 9-pin D-type: RS-232 (serial) interface
- 15-pin D-type: data, synchronization, and power interface
- N-type: attaching a third-party external antenna

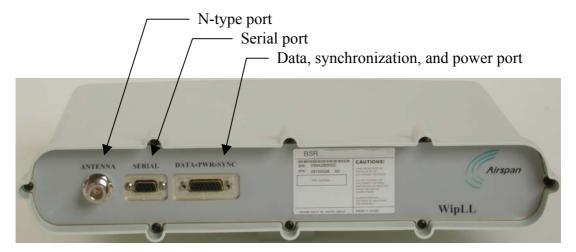


Figure 6-1: BSR front panel (built-in antenna model)

The BSR's physical dimensions are described in Table 6-1

Table 6-1: BSR physical dimensions

| Parameter | Value | Comment |
|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Height | 400 mm (15.74 inches) | The BSR's physical dimensions |
| Width | 317 mm (12.48 inches) | exclude the mounting kit |
| Depth | 65.5 mm (2.58 inches) | |
| Weight | 4.7 kg | |

6.2. Mounting

The BSR can be mounted on a wall or pole. The BSR is mounted using the mounting holes located on the BSR's bottom panel (see Figure 6-2) and the mounting bracket (provided by Airspan).

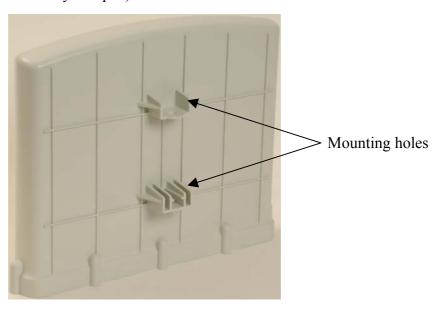


Figure 6-2: BSR bottom panel providing holes for mounting



Note: The BSR must be mounted in a location whereby the antenna used for the BSR is not co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

6.2.1. Minimum Distance Between BSRs

To prevent radio interference, each BSR requires a minimum of 1-metre separation between adjacent BSRs (see Figure 6-3).

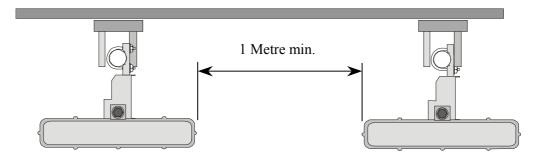


Figure 6-3: Minimum separation between mounted BSRs



Warning: To avoid RF interference between BSRs operating in the 700 MHz, where four BSRs are installed at a Base Station, a 1-meter separation must be provided between the antennas of the BSRs operating in the lower frequencies (i.e., 711.5 and 714.5 for 1 Msps mode; 712 and 714 for 1.33 Msps mode) and the antennas of the BSRs operating in the upper frequencies (i.e., 741.5 and 744.5 for 1 Msps mode; 742 and 744 for 1.33 Msps mode).



Warning: The BSR emits microwave radiation; a minimum distance of 200 mm must be maintained from the front of the BSR. However, for the 700 MHz band (i.e. WipLL 700), when external antennas are used, a minimum distance of 800 mm must be maintained from the front of the device.

6.2.2. Wall Mounting

BSR wall mounting is performed in two stages:

- Attaching the mounting bracket to the BSR's mounting holes
- Attaching the mounting bracket (attached to the BSR) to the wall

To mount the BSR on a wall:

1. Attach the mounting bracket to the BSR using two stainless steel bolts, as shown in Figure 6-4.

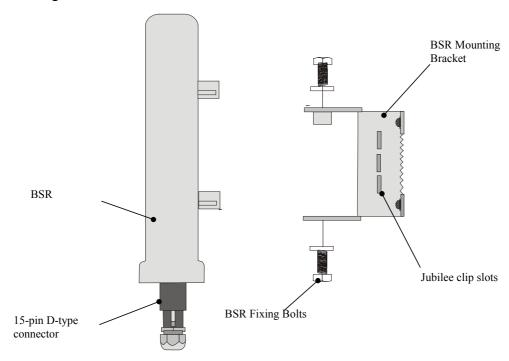


Figure 6-4: Attaching the mounting bracket to the BSR

2. Attach the mounting bracket to the wall using four screws. The fixing dimensions for the mounting bracket are illustrated in Figure 6-5



Note: Airspan does not provide screws for attaching the mounting bracket to the wall. The screw size depends on the structure of the building to which the bracket is to be attached. When selecting screw sizes, consideration must be given to the weight of the BSR and load that may be induced in windy conditions.

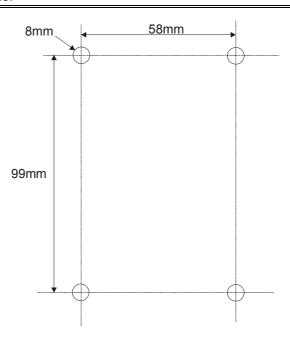


Figure 6-5: BSR mounting bracket dimensions for the four fixing holes

3. Adjust the horizontal positioning of the BSR, and then fasten tight the two stainless-steel bolts.

Rotation is restricted to the horizontal plane only. The permissible rotation is shown in Figure 6-6.

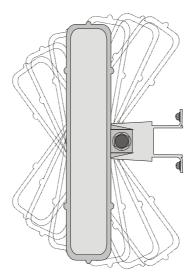


Figure 6-6: Horizontal rotation of the BSR



Note: A thread-locking compound is to be used to prevent the bolts working loose.

6.2.3. Pole Mounting

The BSR can be mounted on a pole (see Figure 6-7). Pole mounting allows the BSR to be adjusted in the horizontal and vertical planes. The pole-mounting bracket is designed to support the BSR on a round pole of 45 mm in diameter.



Figure 6-7: Pole-mounted BSR

To mount the BSR on a pole:

1. Attach the mounting bracket to the BSR using two stainless steel bolts.

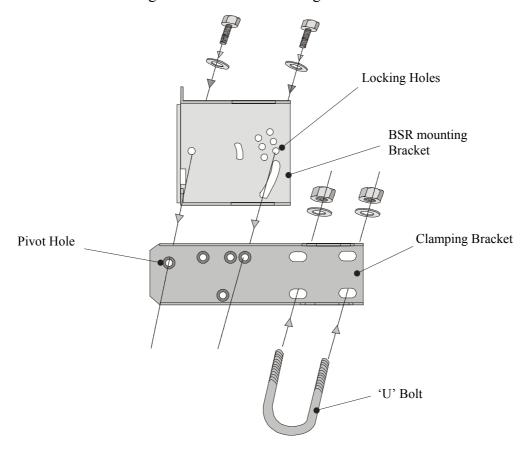


Figure 6-8: BSR mounting bracket assembly

- 2. Attach the clamping bracket to the mounting bracket using two M8 stainless bolts.
- 3. Attach the Clamping bracket to the pole by placing the U-bolt around the pole, and then inserting the U-bolt through the Clamping bracket and securing it by screwing the two bolts on the U-bolt.

- 4. Adjust the vertical position of the BSR. Lock the BSR at the desired position by inserting the locking bolt in the desired position. Once the correct angle has been set both bolts must be tightened to lock the BSR bracket in place.
- 5. Adjust the horizontal position of the BSR by rotating the BSR about the pole, and then tighten the U-bolt.

BSR positioning is obtained in two planes by adjustment of the mounting bracket assembly a shown in Figure 6-9.

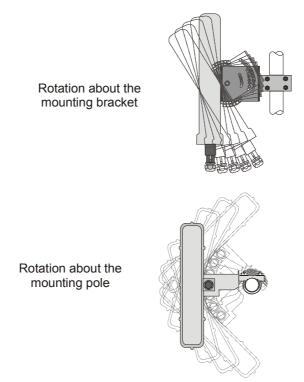


Figure 6-9: BSR orientation in vertical (top figure) and horizontal plane (lower figure)



Note: A thread-locking compound is to be used to prevent the bolts working loose. A loop should be left in the cable for maintenance purposes and to prevent the cable weight being taken directly on the connector.

6.3. Connecting Third-Party External Antennas (Optional)

A third-party external antenna can be attached to the BSR model providing an N-type port. These BSR devices do not contain internal, built-in antennas. The addition of an external antenna allows greater RF sector coverage than the standard BSR Internal Antenna model (i.e., 60°). The BSR with an external antenna is especially suited for Base Stations with one BSR, where sector coverage can be increased to 360° by using an omni-directional antenna.

The BSR model for the 900 MHz and 700 MHz bands provide two N-type connectors for attaching two external antennas. This provides dual-antenna diversity.



Warning: It is the responsibility of the person installing the WipLL system to ensure that when using the outdoor antenna kits in the United States (or where FCC rules apply), that only those antennas certified with the product are used. The use of any antenna other than those certified with the product is expressly forbidden in accordance with FCC rules CFR47 part 15.204. The installer should configure the output power level of antennas according to country regulations and per antenna type.



Warning: For WipLL 700 MHz, where four BSRs are installed at a Base Station, a 1-meter separation must be provided between the antennas of the BSRs operating in the lower frequencies (i.e., 711.5 and 714.5 for 1 Msps mode; and 712 and 714 for 1.33 Msps mode) and the antennas of the BSRs operating in the upper frequencies (i.e., 741.5 and 744.5 for 1 Msps mode; and 742 and 744 for 1.33 Msps mode).



Warning: In accordance with FCC regulations, ensure that when operating in unlicensed bands, the external antennas provide a maximum EIRP of 36 dBm to prevent interference with other radios operating in the unlicensed band. The EIRP is defined as:

Max. Power Output + Antenna Gain + Cable Loss ≤ 36 dBm (EIRP)

The following lists the BSR-to-third party antenna cable setup:

- **Cable** (third party): RF coaxial
- Connector (third party): N-type male (two N-type connectors for BSR model for 900 MHz band. The N-type socket labeled **Primary** is used only if one antenna is connected. If you are using two antennas for diversity coverage, attach the second antenna to the **Secondary** N-type socket.)



Warnings:

- 1) Before connecting the external antenna, ensure that the BSR is **NOT** connected to the power source.
- 2) Before powering on the BSR, ensure that some type of equipment such as an antenna or an RF attenuator is connected to the N-type socket. This eliminates the risk of damaging the BSR device.

To connect the BSR to a thrid-party external antenna:

Attach the third-party **N-type male** connector, at the end of the RF cable, to the N-type socket located on the BSR's front panel, as displayed in Figure 6-10.



Notes:

- 1) For crimping cables for N-type connectors, see Appendix B, "Cable Crimping".
- 2) Ensure that the third-party antenna cable is of sufficient quality to reduce or eliminate loss when operating in the required frequency band.

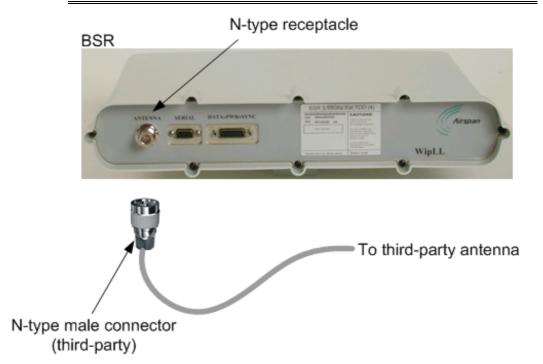


Figure 6-10: Attaching third-party external antenna

6.4. Cabling for Serial Configuration

The BSR provides an RS-232 port for serial interface to a PC. This serial interface allows you to perform local BSR configuration.



Notes:

- 1) For serial configuration, the BSR must remain connected to the BSDU/SDA (i.e., the BSR's 15-pin D-type port remains connected to the BSDU's/SDA's 15-pin D-type port).
- 2) For a detailed explanation on performing BSR initial configuration, refer to WipConfig User's Guide or WipConfig PDA User's Guide.

The following lists the BSR-to-PC serial cabling:

Cable: crossover serial cable

Connectors:

BSR side: 9-pin D-type male

PC side: 9-pin D-type female

Connector pinouts:

Table 6-2: BSR-to-PC serial connector pinouts

| Crossover serial cable | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----|----------|------------------------|--|
| BSR | | | PC | | | |
| 9-pin D-type male | pin D-type Pin Function | | Pin | Function | 9-pin D-type female | |
| 2) | 2 | RS232 Rx | 3 | Tx | - | |
| ~ [88]° | 3 | RS232 Tx | 2 | Rx | | |
| - 689 | 5 | GND | 5 | GND | " S | |

Note: Pins not mentioned are not connected

To connect the BSR to a PC for serial configuration (see Figure 6-11):

- 1. Connect the **9-pin D-type male** connector, at one end of the serial cable, to the BSR's serial port, labeled **Serial**.
- 2. Connect the **9-pin D-type female** connector, at the other end of the serial cable, to the PC's serial port.

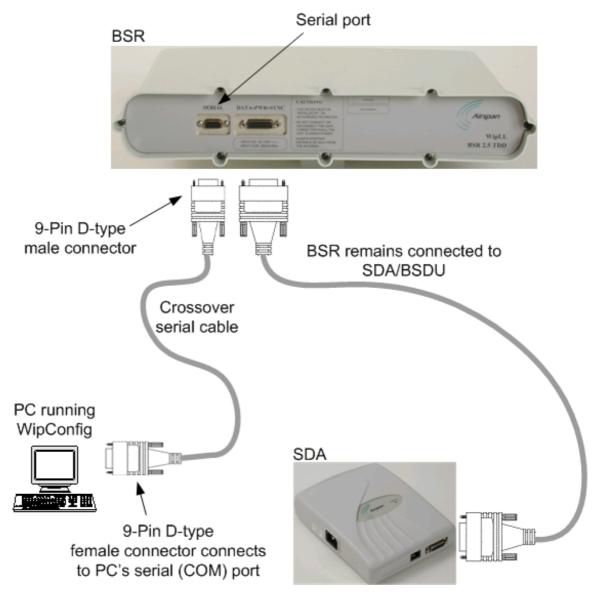


Figure 6-11: BSR-to-PC serial connection

6.5. Connecting to an Ethernet Switch

The BSR connects to the provider's backbone network through either the WipLL BSDU or WiPLL SDA Ethernet switch, depending on the Base Station's configuration:

- Base Station consisting of a single BSR: connection to the backbone may be through an SDA
- **Base Station consisting of multiple BSRs:** connection to the backbone is through a BSDU.

6.5.1. Through an SDA

For a Base Station consisting of a single BSR, the BSR's power supply and interface to the backbone network is provided by an SDA, which is typically used at the subscriber's premises. For a detailed description of the SDA, see Chapter 9, "Installing the SDA".

The following lists the BSR-to-SDA cable setup:

- Cable: straight-through CAT-5 (100 meters) 4 Pair outdoor type 24 AWG
- Connectors:
 - **BSR side:** 15-pin D-type male (only 8 pins are used)
 - **SDA side:** 15-pin D-type male (only 8 pins are used)



Note: Airspan supplies unterminated CAT 5 cables for 15-pin D-type connectors. For a detailed description on crimping cables, see Appendix B, "Cable Crimping".

Connector pinouts:

Table 6-3: BSR-to-SDA cable connector pinouts

| Straight-through CAT-5 UTP PVC 4 Pair 24 AWG cables | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-------------------|------|-----|----------|----------------|--------|
| 15-pin | | BSR | Wire color | Wire | | | _ | 15-pin |
| D-type male | Pin | Function | | pair | Pin | Function | D-type male | |
| | 1 | +48 VDC | Blue / White | 1 | 1 | +48 VDC | | |
| | 2 | 48 RTN | Blue | 1 | 2 | 48 RTN | | |
| 90000 | 3 | Tx+ | Orange / White | 2 | 3 | Rx+ | 00000 | |
| | 4 | Tx- | Orange | | 4 | Rx- | 000 | |
| 15000 | 5 | Rx+ | Green / White | 3 | 5 | Tx+ | 8 | |
| | 6 | Rx- | Green | | 6 | Tx- | | |



Notes:

- 1) Only pins 1 to 6 are used.
- 2) The wire color-coding is WipLL's standard for wire color-coding. However, if you implement your company's wire color-coding scheme, ensure that the wires are paired and twisted according to the pin functions listed in Table 6-3 (e.g., Rx+ with Rx-).

WipLL uses the following wire color-coding standard for CAT 5 cables (8 wires used) connecting outdoor radio units to indoor Ethernet hubs or switches:

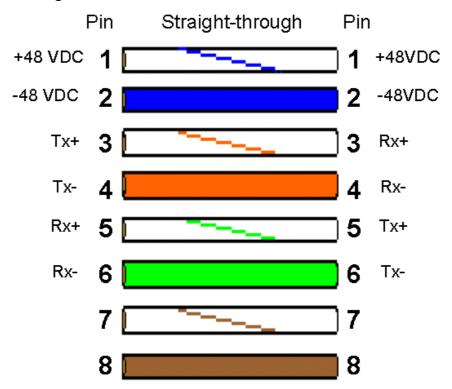


Figure 6-12: WipLL wire color-coding for 15-pin D-type connectors



Note: The wires are twisted together in pairs, for example, blue/white with blue, and orange/white with orange. This prevents electrical interference between the transmitter pins. For example, pin 3 (Tx+; orange / white) is paired and twisted with pin 4 (Tx-; orange).

To connect the BSR to the provider's backbone through an SDA:

- 1. Connect the **15-pin D-type male** connector, at one end of the CAT 5 cable, to the BSR's 15-pin D-type port labeled **DATA POWER SYNC**.
- 2. Connect the **15-pin D-type male** connector, at the other end of the CAT 5 cable, to the SDA.
- 3. Connect the SDA to the provider's backbone.



Note: For a detailed description of the SDA models, see Chapter 9, "Installing the SDA".

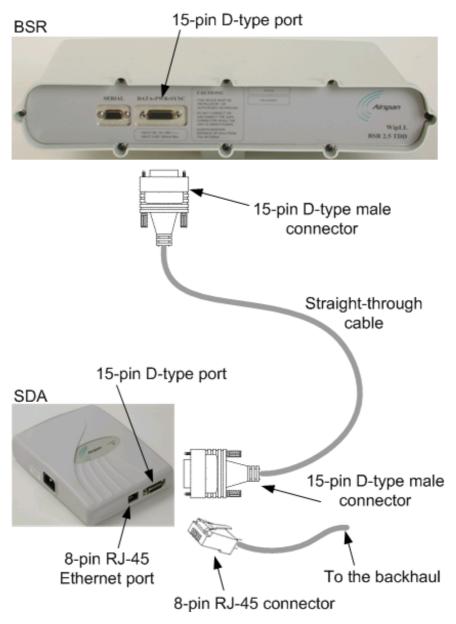


Figure 6-13: Connecting BSR to provider's backbone through an SDA

6.5.2. Through a BSDU

For Base Stations consisting of multiple BSRs, the power supply and interface to the backbone network is provided by the BSDU. The BSR's 15-pin D-type port is connected to one of the six BSDU's rear panel 15-pin D-type ports (labeled **BSR** #).



Note: For a detailed description of the BSDU, see Chapter 5, "Installing the BSDU".

The BSR-to-BSDU cable setup is as follows:

■ **Cable:** straight-through 10Base-T Ethernet 4 Pair Cat 5 outdoor type – 24 AWG (100 meters)

Connectors:

- **BSR side:** 15-pin D-type male (only 8 pins are used)
- **BSDU side:** 15-pin D-type male (only 8 pins are used)



Note: Airspan supplies unterminated CAT 5 cables for 15-Pin D-type connectors. For a detailed description on crimping cables, see Appendix B, "Cable Crimping".

Connector pinouts:

Table 6-4: BSR-to-BSDU cable connector pinouts

| Straight-through CAT-5 UTP PVC 4 Pair 24 AWG cables | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-------------------|-----------|------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 15-pin | | BSR | Wire color | Wire pair | BSDU | | 15-pin |
| D-type male | Pin | Function | | | Pin | Function | D-type male |
| | 1 | +48 VDC | Blue / White | 1 | 1 | +48 VDC | |
| | 2 | 48 RTN | Blue |] 1 | 2 | 48 RTN | |
| ا رون ا | 3 | Tx+ | Orange / White | 2 | 3 | Rx+ | ر ا د ا |
| | 4 | Tx- | Orange | | 4 | Rx- | 1501 |
| 10000 | 5 | Rx+ | Green / White | 3 | 5 | Tx+ | 8 0000000 0000000 15 |
| 15000 | 6 | Rx- | Green | | 6 | Tx- | 15 |
| | 7 | Sync.+ | Brown / White | 4 | 7 | Sync.+ | |
| | 8 | Sync | Brown | | 8 | Sync | |



Notes:

- 1) Only pins 1 to 8 of the 15-pin D-type connector are used.
- 2) The wire color-coding described in the table is WipLL's standard for wire color-coding. However, if you implement your company's wire color-coding scheme, ensure that the wires are paired and twisted according to the pin functions listed in the table above to prevent electrical interference between the transmitter pins (e.g., Rx+ with Rx-).

To connect the BSR to the backbone through a BSDU (Figure 6-14):

- 1. Connect the **15-pin D-type male** connector, at one end of the CAT 5 cable, to the BSR's 15-pin D-type port labeled **DATA POWER SYNC**.
- 2. Connect the **15-pin D-type male** connector, at the other end of the CAT-5 cable, to one of the six BSDU's **15-pin D-type** ports labeled **BSR**, located at the rear of the BSDU.
- 3. Connect one of the BSDU's 100Base-T ports, located at the front panel, to the backbone (for a detailed description of connecting the BSDU to the backhaul, see Chapter 5, "Installing the BSDU").



Note: For a detailed description of cabling the BSDU to the backbone, see Chapter 5, "Installing the BSDU"".

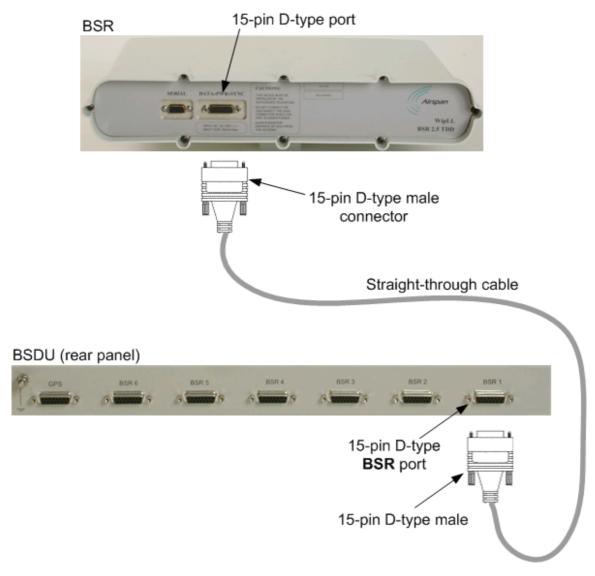


Figure 6-14: BSR-to-BSDU cable connection

6.6. Connecting DC Power

The BSR is powered by the SDA or BSDU, depending to which unit the BSR is connected. The power is supplied through the BSR's 15-pin D-type port, which is connected to the SDA or BSDU.

The BSR's power requirements are described in Table 6-5.

Table 6-5: BSR Power Requirements

| Parameter | Value | Comment |
|------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Voltage: | 48 VDC nominal | Voltage is received from the BSDU or |
| Minimum | • 30 VDC | SDA |
| Maximum | • 55 VDC | |
| Maximum Amperes: | 500 mA | |



Warning: If you are using an external antenna, ensure that you connect the antenna before connecting the BSR to the power source.



Note: For details on connecting the SDA or BSDU to the mains power supply, see Chapter 7, "Installing the BSDU" and Chapter 9, "Installing the SDA".