





SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant Shanghai Smawave Technology Co. ,Ltd

FCC ID 2AU8HSTP310

Product Tablet

Brand Smawave

Model STP310

Report No. R2001A0024-S1

Issue Date April 28, 2020

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013**, **ANSI C95.1**: **1992/IEEE C95.1**: **1992.** The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein . Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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I.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows: Table 1: Highest Reported SAR

- Address - Andress - Andr							
	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)						
Mode	1g SAR Body-SAR						
	(Separation 0mm)						
LTE TDD 41	0.612						
LTE TDD 43	1.514						
LTE TDD 48	0.481						
LTE TDD 53	0.263						
Date of Testing:	April 15, 2020~ April 17, 2020						

Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.



3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	Shanghai Smawave Technology Co. ,Ltd						
Applicant address	Applicant address 3/F, Building 8, 1001 North Qinzhou Road, Xuhui Distriction Shanghai, China						
Manufacturer	Shanghai Smawave Technology Co. ,Ltd						
Manufacturer address	3/F, Building 8, 1001 North Qinzhou Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China						

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant					
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype					
Model:	STP310					
IMEI:	863134038148881					
Hardware Version:	dt863-mb-v0.4					
Software Version:	P701_DT863_STP310_20200416_V 9.1					
Antenna Type:	Battery/AC adapter					
Power Class:	LTE TDD 41/43/48/53:3					
Power Level	LTE TDD 41/43/48/53:max power					
Note: The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the						

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Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireles	s Technology	Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)						
	TDD 41			2496 ~ 2690						
	TDD 43		Dal 40 /Cataman C	3600 ~ 3800						
	TDD 48	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	Rel.12 /Category 6	3550 ~ 3700						
LTE	TDD 53			2483.5 ~ 2495						
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) □Yes ⊠No									
	Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? □Yes ⊠No									



4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1992, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

IEC 62209-1

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

KDB 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

KDB 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02



5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

According to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

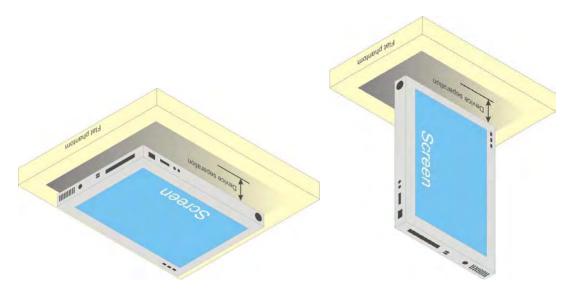


Fig-5.1 Illustration for Tablet Setup

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

(1) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances \leq 50mm is defined by the following equation:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) *√ Frequency (GHz) ≤3.0 (min. test separation distance, mm)

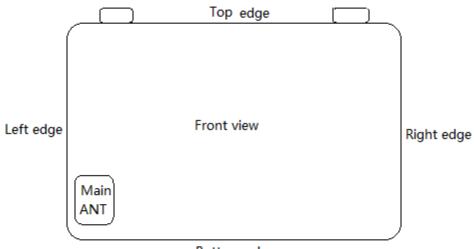
- (2) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances >50mm is defined by the following equation, as illustrated in KDB 447498 D01 Appendix B:
 - a) at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f (MHz)/150)] mW

b) at > 1500 MHz and≤ 6 GHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) ·10] mW





Bottom edge

		Max.	Ba	ck Side		Le	ft Edge		Ri	ght Edge		To	p Edge		Bot	tom Edg	e
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Ant. To Surgace (mm)	Evaluati on		Ant. To Surgace (mm)	Evaluat ion	Conclu sion	Ant. To Surgace (mm)	Evaluatio n	Concl usion	Ant. To Surgace (mm)	Evaluati on	Conclu	Ant. To Surgace (mm)	Evaluat ion	Conclu sion
LTE 41	2593	25.00	5	101.84	YES	15.49	32.87	YES	215.62	1666.38	No	120.02	710.38	No	19.83	25.68	YES
LTE 43	3700	23.00	5	76.76	YES	15.49	24.78	YES	215.62	1663.88	No	120.02	707.88	No	19.83	19.35	YES
LTE 48	3675	21.00	5	48.27	YES	15.49	15.58	YES	215.62	1661.03	No	120.02	705.03	No	19.83	12.17	YES
LTE 53	2489.2	25.00	5	99.78	YES	15.49	32.21	YES	215.62	1666.18	No	120.02	710.18	No	19.83	25.16	YES



5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.



5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) as 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

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4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5.3.2 TDD LTE specification

For Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

TDD LTE Band supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

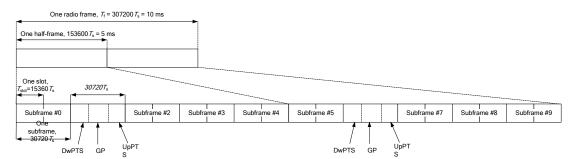


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2

Table 2: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)



T CC SAIL TES	t report		Report No.: N2001A0024-51					
	Normal	cyclic prefix	in downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	Up	PTS		
Chaoial aubframa		Normal						
Special subframe configuration		cyclic	Extended		Normal	Extended		
Configuration		prefix	cyclic prefix		cyclic prefix	cyclic prefix in		
		in	in uplink		in uplink	uplink		
		uplink						
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		2560 · T _s	$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
1	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot I_{\rm S}$	2300·1 _s		
3	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$25600 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
4	$26336 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	5120 · T _s		
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	4304 · 1 _s	3120.1 _s		
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\mathrm{s}}$	$12800 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				-	-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-		



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Table 3: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink				Sub	frame	e nun	nber			
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms		S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms		S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms		S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms		S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to Figure 4.2-1, one radio frame is configured by 10 subframes, which consist of Uplink-subframe, Downlink-subframe and Special subframe. For TDD-LTE, the Duty Cycle should be calculated on Uplink-subframes and Special subframes, due to Special subframe containing both Uplink transmissions. So for one radio frame, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below. The count of Uplink subframes are according to Table 4.2-2:

Duty cycle =(30720Ts*Ups+Uplink Component*Specials)/(307200Ts)

About the uplink component of Special subframes, we can figure out by Table 4.2-1:

Uplink Component=UpPTS

In conclusion, for the TDD LTE Band, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below .all these sets are ok when we test, or we can set as below.

Duty cycle =[(30720Ts*Ups)+ UpPTS *Specials]/(307200Ts)

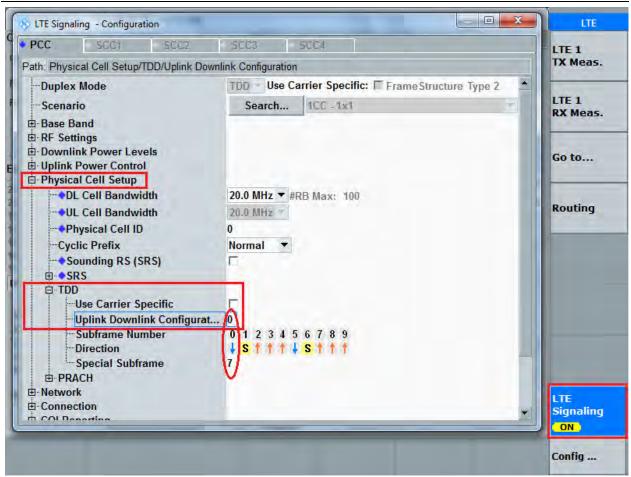
And we can get different Duty cycles under different configurations:

				Configuration of special subframe											
Uplink- downlink	Su	bframe numi	ber	N	ormal cyclic pi	efix in downlin	ık	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink							
configuration				Normal cy in u	clic prefix plink	Extended c	yclic prefix plink	Normal cy in u	clic prefix plink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink					
	D	s	U	configuration 0~4	configuration 5~9	configuration 0~4	configuration 5~9	configuration 0~3	configuration 4~7	configuration 0~3	configuration 4~7				
0	2	2	6	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%				
1	4	2	4	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%				
2	6	2	2	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%				
3	6	1	3	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%				
4	7	1	2	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%				
5	8	1	1	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%				
6	3	2	5	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%				

SAR test Plan: For TDD LTE, SAR should be tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33%) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 7 for Frame structure type



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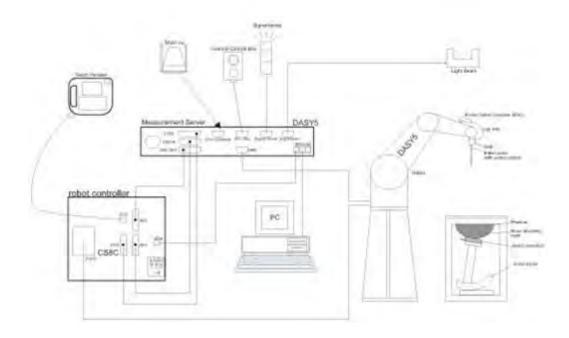




6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- > The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- ➤ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- > The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



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6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: Range \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.





E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.



SAR=CAT/At

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI²σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly. Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest		
measurement point (geometric center of	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
probe sensors) to phantom surface		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to		
phantom surface normal at the	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
measurement location		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
	2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimens	sion of the test device, in
Maximum area scan spatial resolution:	the measurement plar	ne orientation, is smaller
ΔxArea, ΔyArea	than the above, the m	neasurement resolution
	must be ≤ the correspo	nding x or y dimension of
	the test device with at	least one measurement
	point on the	e test device.



Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table

below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from	FCC KDB 865664 D01 SA	R measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
Zudili scali parallicicis extracted ildii	11 CC NDD 00300 4 D01 3A	in ineasurement 100 miliz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zo	om scan	spatial resolution:△x _{zoom}	≤2GHz: ≤8mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*
	\triangle	y zoom	2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Manianon				3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm
Maximum	Uı	niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$	≤5mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm
zoom scan				5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
spatial		$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two		3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm
resolution,	0	points closest to phantom	≤4mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm
normal to	Graded	surface		5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
phantom surface	grid	$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between	21 F. A.	- (- 1)
Surface		subsequent points	≦1.5•∆2	z _{zoom} (n-1)
Minimum				3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm
zoom scan		X, y, z	≥30mm	4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm
volume				5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR</u> estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.



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7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2019-06-19	2020-06-18
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7543	2019-08-05	2020-08-04
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1317	2019-10-23	2020-10-22
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2017-08-29	2020-08-28
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2018-05-02	2021-05-01
Validation Kit 3700MHz	SPEAG	D3700V2	1048	2019-08-20	2020-08-19
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	NT-311	20150731	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Software for Test	Speag	DASY5	/	/	/
Softwarefor Tissue	Agilent	85070	/	/	/



8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequen cy (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	٤ _r	σ(s/m)
2450	62.70	0.50	0	36.80	0	0	39.2	1.80
2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
3700	71.88	0.16	0	37.90	0	0	37.7	3.12

Measurements results

Frequency	Toot Date	Temp	Measured Paran	Dielectric neters		Dielectric neters		nit n ±5%)
(MHz)	Test Date	C	ε _r	σ(s/m)	٤ _r	σ(s/m)	Dev	Dev
			۲	0(3/111)	c _r	0(3/111)	ε _r (%)	σ(%)
2450	4/15/2020	21.5	38.6	1.81	39.2	1.80	-1.53	0.56
2600	4/16/2020	21.5	38.2	2.01	39.0	1.96	-2.05	2.55
3700	4/17/2020	21.5	37.9	3.03	37.7	3.12	0.53	-2.88

Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

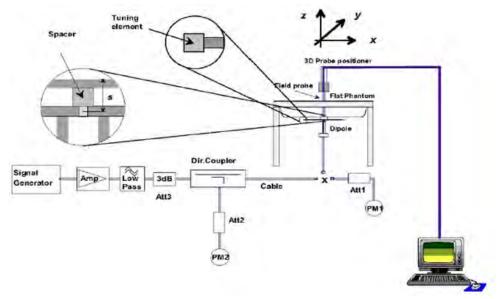


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8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo



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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ
Dipole		8/29/2017	-25.5	/	53.4	/
D2450V2	Head Liquid	8/28/2018	-23.0	10.9	57.2	-3.8
SN: 786	Liquid	8/27/2019	-22.2	3.6	56.4	0.8
Dipole	Head	5/2/2018	-22.0	/	48.1	/
D2600V2 SN: 1025	Liquid	5/1/2019	-22.5	-2.2	48.7	-0.6

System Check results

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
2450	4/15/2020	21.5	13.70	54.80	52.60	4.18	1
2600	4/16/2020	21.5	13.90	55.60	54.10	2.77	2
3700	4/17/2020	21.5	6.83	68.30	67.20	1.64	3
Note. Target	Values used o	derive fro	m the calibration	n cortificate Da	ta Storage and	l Evaluation	,

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.



8.3 SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point must be validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

a tabulated summary of the system validation status, measurement frequencies, SAR probes, calibrated signal type(s) and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

F		Dunka	Dooks			DEDM	COND	CW	Validatio	n	Mod	l. Validati	ion
Frequency	Date	Probe	Probe	Probe C	Cal Point	PERM (Er)	COND	0	Probe	Probe	Mod.	Duty	242
[MHz]		SN	Type				(Σ)	Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy	Туре	Factor	PAR
750	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	750	Head	42.81	0.85	PASS	PASS	PASS	FDD	PASS	N/A
835	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	835	Head	42.22	0.90	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1750	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	1750	Head	39.91	1.32	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	N/A
1900	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	1900	Head	39.43	1.42	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2450	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	2450	Head	38.19	1.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2600	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	2600	Head	37.60	1.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
5250	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	5250	Head	35.36	4.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	5600	Head	34.43	5.29	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5750	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	5750	Head	34.07	5.47	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
750	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	750	Body	55.35	0.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	FDD	PASS	N/A
835	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	835	Body	54.88	0.98	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1750	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	1750	Body	51.24	1.44	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	N/A
1900	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	1900	Body	50.98	1.56	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2450	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	2450	Body	50.59	1.95	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2600	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	2600	Body	50.14	2.13	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
5250	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	5250	Body	47.37	5.44	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	5600	Body	46.42	5.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5750	6/25/2019	3677	EX3DV4	5750	Body	46.02	6.23	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.

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9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3-

•	Modulation#	Char	nnel bandw	idth / Trai	nsmission l	bandwidth (N _{RB})₽	MPR (dB)
		1.4⊬ MHz₊	3.0⊬ MHz∂	5↔ MHz÷	10↔ MHz≠	15⊬ MHz₽	20₽ MHz₽	
•	QPSK₽	>5₽	>4 4	>8₽	> 12₽	> 16₽	> 18₽	≤ 1₽
•	16 QAM∉	≤5₽	≤ 4₽	≤ 8₽	≤ 12₽	≤ 16₽	≤ 18₽	≤ 1₽
•	16 QAM₽	>5₽	> 40	> 8₽	> 12₽	> 16₽	> 18₽	≤ 2+2
۰	64 QAM₽	≤5₽	≤ 4+3	≤ 8₽	≤ 12₽	≤ 16₽	≤ 18₽	≤ 2₽
•	64 QAM∉	>5₽	> 40	> 8₽	> 12₽	> 16₽	> 18₽	≤ 3₽

	LTE TDD Ba	nd 41			Maxin	num Out	put Powe	er(dBm)	
		DD			Channel	/Frequer	ncy(MHz)		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB allocation	offset	39675	40148	40620	41093	41565	Tune-up
		allocation		/2498.5	/2545.8	/2593	/2640.3	/2687.5	
		1	0	23.90	24.48	23.72	23.75	23.47	25.00
		1	13	23.83	24.11	23.43	23.44	23.33	25.00
		1	24	23.91	23.85	23.75	23.43	24.11	25.00
	QPSK	12	0	23.09	23.18	22.69	22.65	22.33	24.00
		12	6	22.97	22.65	22.65	22.57	22.48	24.00
		12	13	23.06	22.50	22.80	22.52	22.68	24.00
		25	0	23.00	22.67	22.73	22.60	22.61	24.00
		1	0	23.09	23.19	23.81	22.69	22.52	24.00
5MHz		1	13	23.07	22.77	23.51	22.67	22.59	24.00
SIVIFIZ		1	24	23.10	22.57	23.74	22.57	23.35	24.00
	16QAM	12	0	22.24	21.76	22.97	21.81	21.43	23.00
		12	6	22.24	21.57	22.74	21.75	21.62	23.00
		12	13	22.18	21.40	22.94	21.65	21.82	23.00
		25	0	22.16	21.64	21.88	21.69	21.72	23.00
		1	0	21.61	21.57	21.60	21.64	21.69	23.00
	64QAM	1	13	21.49	21.37	21.06	21.45	21.63	23.00
	04QAIVI	1	24	21.52	21.57	21.36	21.52	21.67	23.00
		12	0	20.53	20.57	20.48	20.51	20.83	22.00



	O OAN TEST NEPON	12	6	20.53	20.52	20.32	20.56	20.82	22.00
		12	13	20.48	20.62	20.41	20.44	20.63	22.00
		25	0	20.47	20.50	20.39	20.58	20.66	22.00
					Channel	/Frequer	icy(MHz)		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	39700	40160	40620	41080	41540	Tune-up
		allocation		/2501	/2547	/2593	/2639	/2685	·
		1	0	23.92	24.49	23.75	23.77	23.48	25.00
		1	25	23.86	24.16	23.47	23.47	23.38	25.00
		1	49	23.93	23.89	23.78	23.45	24.15	25.00
	QPSK	25	0	23.12	23.23	22.73	22.68	22.38	24.00
		25	13	23.00	22.70	22.69	22.60	22.53	24.00
		25	25	23.08	22.54	22.85	22.54	22.72	24.00
		50	0	23.04	22.69	22.77	22.64	22.63	24.00
		1	0	23.11	23.22	23.83	22.71	22.55	24.00
		1	25	23.10	22.81	23.54	22.70	22.63	24.00
		1	49	23.13	22.59	23.77	22.60	23.37	24.00
10MHz	16QAM	25	0	22.27	21.81	23.01	21.84	21.48	23.00
		25	13	22.26	21.61	22.77	21.77	21.66	23.00
		25	25	22.21	21.45	22.98	21.68	21.87	23.00
		50	0	22.19	21.69	21.92	21.72	21.77	23.00
		1	0	21.63	21.56	21.62	21.66	21.68	23.00
	64QAM	1	25	21.52	21.37	21.09	21.48	21.63	23.00
		1	49	21.51	21.59	21.39	21.51	21.69	23.00
		25	0	20.56	20.62	20.48	20.54	20.88	22.00
		25	13	20.55	20.56	20.35	20.58	20.86	22.00
		25	25	20.51	20.67	20.45	20.47	20.68	22.00
		50	0	20.50	20.55	20.43	20.61	20.71	22.00
		RB			Channel	/Frequer	cy(MHz)		
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	39725	40173	40620	41068	41515	Tune-up
		anocation		/2503.5	/2548.3	/2593	/2637.8	/2682.5	
		1	0	23.91	24.45	23.73	23.76	23.44	25.00
		1	38	23.84	24.15	23.44	23.45	23.37	25.00
		1	74	23.90	23.84	23.74	23.42	24.10	25.00
	QPSK	36	0	23.10	23.19	22.70	22.66	22.34	24.00
		36	18	22.97	22.65	22.65	22.57	22.48	24.00
		36	39	23.05	22.51	22.81	22.51	22.69	24.00
15MHz		75	0	23.02	22.65	22.72	22.62	22.59	24.00
		1	0	23.06	23.20	23.81	22.66	22.53	24.00
		1	38	23.08	22.78	23.52	22.68	22.60	24.00
	16QAM	1	74	23.10	22.55	23.74	22.57	23.33	24.00
	IUQAIVI	36	0	22.24	21.79	22.98	21.81	21.46	23.00
		36	18	22.23	21.56	22.73	21.74	21.61	23.00
		36	39	22.19	21.41	22.95	21.66	21.83	23.00



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	LTE TDD Ba	nd 43		Conducted Power(dBm)					
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Chanr	(MHz)	Tungun			
Danuwiutii	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	43615/3602.5	44590/3700	45565/3797.5	Tune-up		
		1	0	22.98	22.00	21.78	23.00		
		1	13	22.60	21.33	21.40	23.00		
5MHz	OBSK	1	24	22.48	21.49	21.72	23.00		
SIVIFIZ	QPSK	12	0	21.63	20.34	20.65	22.00		
		12	6	21.39	20.07	20.52	22.00		
		12	13	21.34	20.16	20.61	22.00		

20.45

20.36

20.46

20.56

20.62

22.00

100

0



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		25	0	21.37	20.28	20.57	22.00
		1	0	21.58	20.81	20.60	22.00
		1	13	21.56	20.18	20.68	22.00
		1	24	21.41	20.39	20.56	22.00
	16QAM	12	0	20.50	19.18	19.55	21.00
		12	6	20.28	19.26	19.43	21.00
		12	13	20.22	19.60	19.52	21.00
		25	0	20.29	19.12	19.45	21.00
		1	0	20.15	19.50	19.64	21.00
		1	13	20.12	19.61	19.65	21.00
		1	24	20.08	19.54	19.56	21.00
	64QAM	12	0	19.08	18.73	18.89	20.00
		12	6	19.03	18.65	18.53	20.00
		12	13	18.94	18.70	18.65	20.00
		25	0	19.00	18.73	18.77	20.00
Donduidth	Madulation	RB	offeet	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	43640/3605	44590/3700	45540/3795	Tune-up
		1	0	22.95	22.01	21.81	23.00
		1	25	22.63	21.38	21.44	23.00
		1	49	22.50	21.53	21.75	23.00
	QPSK	25	0	21.66	20.39	20.69	22.00
		25	13	21.42	20.12	20.56	22.00
		25	25	21.36	20.20	20.66	22.00
		50	0	21.41	20.30	20.61	22.00
		1	0	21.60	20.84	20.62	22.00
		1	25	21.59	20.22	20.71	22.00
		1	49	21.44	20.41	20.59	22.00
10MHz	16QAM	25	0	20.53	19.23	19.59	21.00
		25	13	20.30	19.30	19.46	21.00
		25	25	20.25	19.65	19.56	21.00
		50	0	20.32	19.17	19.49	21.00
		1	0	20.17	19.49	19.66	21.00
		1	25	20.15	19.61	19.68	21.00
		1	49	20.07	19.56	19.59	21.00
	64QAM	25	0	19.11	18.78	18.89	20.00
		25	13	19.05	18.69	18.56	20.00
		25	25	18.97	18.75	18.69	20.00
		50	0	19.03	18.78	18.81	20.00
Don duvidath	Modulation	RB	offeet	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tuna
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	43665/3607.5	44590/3700	45515/3792.5	Tune-up
		1	0	22.99	21.97	21.79	23.00
15MHz	QPSK	1	38	22.61	21.37	21.41	23.00
TOIVIE		1	74	22.47	21.48	21.71	23.00



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		36	0	21.64	20.35	20.66	22.00
		36	18	21.39	20.07	20.52	22.00
		36	39	21.33	20.17	20.62	22.00
		75	0	21.39	20.26	20.56	22.00
		1	0	21.55	20.82	20.60	22.00
		1	38	21.57	20.19	20.69	22.00
		1	74	21.41	20.37	20.56	22.00
	16QAM	36	0	20.50	19.21	19.56	21.00
		36	18	20.27	19.25	19.42	21.00
		36	39	20.23	19.61	19.53	21.00
		75	0	20.29	19.12	19.45	21.00
		1	0	20.12	19.47	19.64	21.00
		1	38	20.13	19.58	19.66	21.00
		1	74	20.08	19.55	19.60	21.00
	64QAM	36	0	19.10	18.80	18.90	20.00
		36	18	19.03	18.66	18.55	20.00
		36	39	18.95	18.71	18.66	20.00
		75	0	19.00	18.73	18.77	20.00
Danduidth	Madulation	RB		Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Tung up
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	43690/3610	44590/3700	45490/3790	Tune-up
		1	0	22.96	21.93	21.76	23.00
	QPSK	1	50	22.60	21.33	21.39	23.00
		1	99	22.45	21.47	21.68	23.00
		50	0	21.61	20.30	20.62	22.00
		50	25	21.37	20.03	20.49	22.00
		50	50	21.30	20.12	20.58	22.00
		100	0	21.36	20.21	20.52	22.00
		1	0	04.04			
		ļ	U	21.84	20.78	20.55	22.00
		1	50	21.84	20.78 20.17	20.55 20.65	22.00 22.00
20MHz		-					
20MHz	16QAM	1	50	21.53	20.17	20.65	22.00
20MHz	16QAM	1	50 99	21.53 21.39	20.17 20.34	20.65 20.54	22.00 22.00
20MHz	16QAM	1 1 50	50 99 0	21.53 21.39 20.47	20.17 20.34 19.17	20.65 20.54 19.53	22.00 22.00 21.00
20MHz	16QAM	1 1 50 50	50 99 0 25	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00
20MHz	16QAM	1 1 50 50 50	50 99 0 25 50	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24 20.20	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23 19.56	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39 19.49	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00
20MHz	16QAM	1 1 50 50 50 100	50 99 0 25 50	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24 20.20 20.27	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23 19.56 19.08	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39 19.49 19.42	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00
20MHz	16QAM	1 1 50 50 50 100	50 99 0 25 50 0	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24 20.20 20.27 20.10	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23 19.56 19.08 19.43	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39 19.49 19.42 19.59	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00
20MHz	16QAM 64QAM	1 1 50 50 50 100 1	50 99 0 25 50 0 50	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24 20.20 20.27 20.10 20.09	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23 19.56 19.08 19.43 19.56	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39 19.49 19.42 19.59 19.62	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00
20MHz		1 1 50 50 50 100 1 1	50 99 0 25 50 0 0 50	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24 20.20 20.27 20.10 20.09 20.02	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23 19.56 19.08 19.43 19.56 19.49	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39 19.49 19.42 19.59 19.62 19.54	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00
20MHz		1 1 50 50 50 100 1 1 1 50	50 99 0 25 50 0 50 99	21.53 21.39 20.47 20.24 20.20 20.27 20.10 20.09 20.02 19.05	20.17 20.34 19.17 19.23 19.56 19.08 19.43 19.56 19.49 18.72	20.65 20.54 19.53 19.39 19.49 19.42 19.59 19.62 19.54 18.83	22.00 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 20.00



LTE TDD Band 48				Conducted Power(dBm)				
		RB		Chann				
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	56265/3652.5	56490/3675	56715/3697.5	Tune-up	
		1	0	20.41	20.49	20.62	21.00	
		1	13	20.34	20.41	20.68	21.00	
		1	24	20.31	20.42	20.70	21.00	
	QPSK	12	0	20.29	20.44	20.69	21.00	
	4. 2	12	6	20.28	20.43	20.68	21.00	
		12	13	20.29	20.43	20.68	21.00	
		25	0	20.25	20.45	20.51	21.00	
		1	0	20.27	19.77	20.25	21.00	
		1	13	20.25	20.36	20.27	21.00	
		1	24	20.03	20.11	20.09	21.00	
5MHz	16QAM	12	0	19.16	19.17	19.27	20.00	
		12	6	19.04	19.03	19.35		
		12	13	19.15	19.28	19.38		
		25	0	18.92	19.12	19.21		
		1	0	19.06	19.00	19.07	20.00	
		1	13	18.81	18.87	19.07	20.00	
		1	24	19.17	19.22	19.36	20.00	
	64QAM	12	0	18.04	18.12	18.28	20.00	
		12	6	18.06	17.87	18.07	19.00	
		12	13	17.80	17.97	17.96	19.00	
		25	0	17.94	17.92	17.94	19.00	
5 1 1 11		RB		Chanr	nel/Frequency(MHz)		
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	56290/3655	56490/3675	56690/3695	Tune-up	
		1	0	20.43	20.50	20.65	21.00	
		1	25	20.37	20.46	20.72	21.00	
		1	49	20.33	20.46	20.73	21.00	
	QPSK	25	0	20.32	20.49	20.73	21.00	
		25	13	20.31	20.48	20.72	21.00	
		25	25	20.31	20.47	20.73	21.00	
		50	0	20.29	20.47	20.55	21.00	
		1	0	20.29	19.80	20.27	21.00	
10MHz		1	25	20.28	20.40	20.30	21.00	
		1	49	20.06	20.13	20.12	21.00	
	16QAM	25	0	19.19	19.22	19.31	20.00	
		25	13	19.06	19.07	19.38	20.00	
		25	25	19.18	19.33	19.42	20.00	
		50	0	18.95	19.17	19.25	20.00	
		1	0	19.08	18.99	19.09	20.00	
	64QAM	1	25	18.84	18.87	19.10	20.00	
		1	49	19.16	19.24	19.39	20.00	



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		25	0	18.07	18.17	18.28	19.00	
		25	13	18.08	17.91	18.10	19.00	
		25	25	17.83	18.02	18.00	19.00	
		50	0	17.97	17.97	17.98	19.00	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Tune-up	
Danawiatii	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	56315/36.57.5	56490/3675	56665/3692.5	rune-up	
		1	0	20.42	20.46	20.63	21.00	
		1	38	20.35	20.45	20.69	21.00	
		1	74	20.30	20.41	20.69	21.00	
	QPSK	36	0	20.30	20.45	20.70	21.00	
		36	18	20.28	20.43	20.68	21.00	
		36	39	20.28	20.44	20.69	21.00	
		75	0	20.27	20.43	20.50	21.00	
		1	0	20.24	19.78	20.25	21.00	
		1	38	20.26	20.37	20.28	21.00	
		1	74	20.03	20.09	20.09	21.00	
15MHz	16QAM	36	0	19.16	19.20	19.28	20.00	
		36	18	19.03	19.02	19.34	20.00	
		36	39	19.16	19.29	19.39	20.00	
		75	0	18.92	19.12	19.21	20.00	
	64QAM	1	0	19.03	18.97	19.07	20.00	
		1	38	18.82	18.84	19.08	20.00	
		1	74	19.17	19.23	19.40	20.00	
		36	0	18.06	18.19	18.29	19.00	
		36	18	18.06	17.88	18.09	19.00	
		36	39	17.81	17.98	17.97	19.00	
		75	0	17.94	17.92	17.94	19.00	
Dondwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Chanr	nel/Frequency((MHz)	Tung un	
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	onset	56340/3660	56490/3675	56640/3690	Tune-up	
		1	0	20.39	20.42	20.60	21.00	
		1	50	20.34	20.41	20.67	21.00	
		1	99	20.28	20.40	20.66	21.00	
	QPSK	50	0	20.27	20.40	20.66	21.00	
		50	25	20.26	20.39	20.65	21.00	
		50	50	20.25	20.39	20.65	21.00	
20MLI-		100	0	20.24	20.38	20.46	21.00	
20MHz		1	0	19.76	19.74	20.20	21.00	
	16QAM	1	50	20.22	20.35	20.24	21.00	
		1	99	20.01	20.06	20.07	21.00	
		50	0	19.13	19.16	19.25	20.00	
		50	25	19.00	19.00	19.31	20.00	
		50	50	19.13	19.24	19.35	20.00	
		100	0	18.90	19.08	19.18	20.00	
		1		1	1	1		

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	1	0	19.01	18.93	19.02	20.00
	1	50	18.78	18.82	19.04	20.00
	1	99	19.11	19.17	19.34	20.00
64QAM	50	0	18.01	18.11	18.22	19.00

18.02

17.78

17.92

17.84

17.93

17.88

18.03

17.93

17.91

19.00

19.00

19.00

25

50

0

50

50

100

LTE TDD Band 53				Maximum Output Power(dBm)				
		RB		Chan				
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	60147/2484.2	60197/2489.2	60248/2494.3	Tune-up	
		1	0	24.29	24.41	24.38	25.00	
		1	2	24.26	24.32	24.36	25.00	
		1	5	24.28	24.32	24.39	25.00	
	QPSK	3	0	24.28	24.33	24.38	25.00	
		3	2	24.26	24.32	24.37	25.00	
		3	3	24.27	24.32	24.36	25.00	
		6	0	24.24	24.34	24.39	25.00	
		1	0	23.53	23.67	23.63	24.00	
		1	2	23.51	23.42	23.42	24.00	
		1	5	23.60	23.68	23.56	24.00	
1.4MHz	16QAM	3	0	23.45	23.31	23.38	24.00 24.00 23.00 23.00	
		3	2	22.46	22.41	22.52	23.00	
		3	3	22.47	22.35	22.59	23.00	
		6	0	22.50	22.40	22.46	24.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00	
		1	0	22.41	22.32	22.37	23.00	
		1	2	22.35	22.17	22.25	23.00	
		1	5	22.52	22.39	22.34	23.00	
	64QAM	3	0	21.45	21.32	21.42	22.00	
		3	2	21.40	21.41	21.46	22.00	
		3	3	21.48	21.36	21.41	22.00	
		6	0	21.54	21.44	21.48	22.00	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		Tuna		
Baridwidtri	Wodulation	allocation	UllSet	60155/2485	60197/2489.2	60240/2493.5	Tune-up	
		1	0	24.31	24.42	24.41	25.00	
		1	7	24.29	24.37	24.40	25.00	
		1	14	24.30	24.36	24.42	25.00	
3MHz	QPSK	8	0	24.31	24.38	24.42	25.00	
JIVII IZ		8	4	24.29	24.37	24.41	25.00	
		8	7	24.29	24.36	24.41	25.00	
		15	0	24.28	24.36	24.43	25.00	
	16QAM	1	0	23.55	23.70	23.65	24.00	



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		1	7	23.54	23.46	23.45	24.00
		1	14	23.63	23.70	23.59	24.00
		8	0	23.48	23.36	23.42	24.00
		8	4	22.48	22.45	22.55	23.00
		8	7	22.50	22.40	22.63	23.00
		15	0	22.53	22.45	22.50	23.00
		1	0	22.43	22.31	22.39	23.00
		1	7	22.38	22.17	22.28	23.00
		1	14	22.51	22.41	22.37	23.00
	64QAM	8	0	21.48	21.37	21.42	22.00
		8	4	21.42	21.45	21.49	22.00
		8	7	21.51	21.41	21.45	22.00
		15	0	21.57	21.49	21.52	22.00
Dana di cii dilib	N/a di dati a a	RB	-41	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	60165/2486	60197/2489.2	60230/2492.5	Tune-up
		1	0	24.30	24.38	24.39	25.00
		1	13	24.27	24.36	24.37	25.00
	QPSK	1	24	24.27	24.31	24.38	25.00
		12	0	24.29	24.34	24.39	25.00
		12	6	24.26	24.32	24.37	25.00
		12	13	24.26	24.33	24.37	25.00
		25	0	24.26	24.32	24.38	25.00
	16QAM	1	0	23.50	23.68	23.63	24.00
		1	13	23.52	23.43	23.43	24.00
		1	24	23.60	23.66	23.56	24.00
5MHz		12	0	23.45	23.34	23.39	24.00
		12	6	22.45	22.40	22.51	23.00
		12	13	22.48	22.36	22.60	23.00
		25	0	22.50	22.40	22.46	23.00
		1	0	22.38	22.29	22.37	23.00
		1	13	22.36	22.14	22.26	23.00
		1	24	22.52	22.40	22.38	23.00
	64QAM	12	0	21.47	21.39	21.43	22.00
		12	6	21.40	21.42	21.48	22.00
		12	13	21.49	21.37	21.42	22.00
		25	0	21.54	21.44	21.48	22.00
Day 1 111	Madelata	RB	-11	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			т
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	60190/2488.5	60197/2489.2	60205/2490	Tune-up
		1	0	24.27	24.34	24.36	25.00
		1	25	24.26	24.32	24.35	25.00
10MHz	QPSK	1	49	24.25	24.30	24.35	25.00
		25	0	24.26	24.29	24.35	25.00
		25	13	24.24	24.28	24.34	25.00



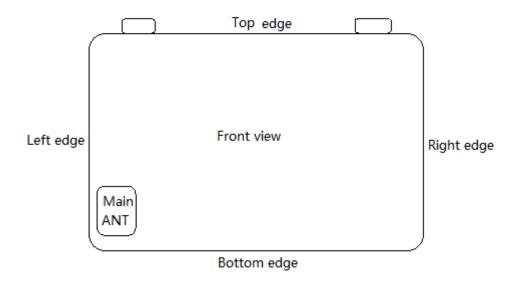
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	100 OAK Test Report						
		25	25	24.23	24.28	24.33	25.00
		50	0	24.23	24.27	24.34	25.00
		1	0	23.59	23.64	23.58	24.00
		1	25	23.48	23.41	23.39	24.00
		1	49	23.58	23.63	23.54	24.00
	16QAM	25	0	23.42	23.30	23.36	24.00
		25	13	22.42	22.38	22.48	23.00
		25	25	22.45	22.31	22.56	23.00
		50	0	22.48	22.36	22.43	23.00
		1	0	22.36	22.25	22.32	23.00
		1	25	22.32	22.12	22.22	23.00
		1	49	22.46	22.34	22.32	23.00
	64QAM	25	0	21.42	21.31	21.36	22.00
		25	13	21.36	21.38	21.42	22.00
		25	25	21.46	21.32	21.38	22.00
		50	0	21.52	21.40	21.45	22.00



10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 233 mm x 158 mm Overall Diagonal: 272 mm/Display Diagonal: 186mm

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

- 2.For smart phones with an overall diagonal dimension is 272mm.Per KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension> 16.0 cm, product specific 10-g SAR must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR < 1.2 W/kg, product specific 10-g SAR is no required.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01,
- for each exposure position, testing of other requised channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
- a) ≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100MHz
- b) ≤0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
- c) \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 Wkg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz.
- 4. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 5. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



10.2 Measured SAR Results

Table 4: LTE Band 41 (20MHz)

			DD		Channal		Magazirad	Li	imit of SAR	1.6 W/k	g (mW/g)		
Test Position	Cover Type	Duty Cycle	RB allo cation	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR10g	Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	Plot No.
					Body SAR	(QPSK, E	istance 0m	m)					
Back Side	standard	1:1.58	1	0	40185/2549.5	25.00	24.41	0.195	0.408	0.029	1.15	0.467	1
Left Edge	standard	1:1.58	1	0	40185/2549.5	25.00	24.41	0.247	0.534	-0.030	1.15	0.612	4
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Bottom Edge	standard	1:1.58	1	0	40185/2549.5	25.00	24.41	0.107	0.207	0.021	1.15	0.237	1
Back Side	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	40185/2549.5	24.00	23.14	0.149	0.312	0.147	1.22	0.380	1
Left Edge	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	40185/2549.5	24.00	23.14	0.190	0.411	0.084	1.22	0.501	1
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Bottom Edge	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	40185/2549.5	24.00	23.14	0.081	0.156	0.053	1.22	0.190	1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.}For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 50% limit(1g).



Table 5: LTE Band 43 (20MHz)

			RB		Channell		Massured	L	imit of SAR	1.6 W/k	g (mW/g)		
Test Position	Cover Type	Duty Cycle	allo cation	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR10g	Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	Plot No.
					Body SAR	R (QPSK, I	Distance 0n	nm)					
	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	43690/3610	23.00	22.96	0.457	1.200	0.100	1.01	1.211	/
Back Side	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	44590/3700	23.00	21.93	0.356	0.912	0.026	1.28	1.167	/
	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	45490/3790	23.00	21.76	0.309	0.835	0.021	1.33	1.111	/
	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	43690/3610	23.00	22.96	0.685	1.500	0.058	1.01	1.514	5
Left Edge	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	44590/3700	23.00	21.93	0.328	0.838	0.067	1.28	1.072	/
	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	45490/3790	23.00	21.76	0.234	0.594	0.067	1.33	0.790	/
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Bottom Edge	Standard	1:1.58	1	0	43690/3610	23.00	22.96	0.083	0.179	-0.069	1.01	0.181	/
	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	43690/3610	22.00	21.61	0.351	0.928	-0.056	1.09	1.015	/
Back Side	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	44590/3700	22.00	20.30	0.224	0.586	0.032	1.48	0.867	/
	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	45490/3790	22.00	20.62	0.173	0.472	0.010	1.37	0.649	/
	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	43690/3610	22.00	21.61	0.521	1.110	0.140	1.09	1.214	/
Left Edge	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	44590/3700	22.00	20.30	0.325	0.731	0.011	1.48	1.081	/
	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	45490/3790	22.00	20.62	0.287	0.629	-0.024	1.37	0.864	/
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Bottom Edge	Standard	1:1.58	50%	0	43690/3610	22.00	21.61	0.071	0.152	0.061	1.09	0.166	/
	Standard	1:1.58	100%	0	43690/3610	22.00	21.36	0.314	0.767	0.057	1.16	0.889	/
Left Edge	Standard	1:1.58	100%	0	44590/3700	22.00	20.21	0.237	0.531	-0.142	1.51	0.802	/
	Standard	1:1.58	100%	0	45490/3790	22.00	20.52	0.162	0.438	-0.028	1.41	0.616	/
Left Edge	Repeated	1:1.58	1	0	43690/3610	23.00	22.96	0.692	1.470	0.060	1.01	1.484	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.}For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 50% limit(1g).

		Measurement Variability		
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Left Edge	43690/3610	1.500	1.470	1.02

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

²⁾ A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



Table 6: LTE Band 48 (20MHz)

10	able 6: L	L Dan	iu 40 (2	LOIVII IZ	<i>'</i>								
			RB		Channel/		Measured	L	imit of SAR	1.6 W/k	g (mW/g)		
Test Position	Cover Type	Duty Cycle	allo cation	RB offset	Frequency	Tune-up (dBm)		Measured SAR10g	Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	Plot No.
					Body SAI	R (QPSK,	Distance 0r	nm)					
Back Side	standard	1:1.58	1	50	56640/3690	21.00	20.67	0.165	0.446	0.028	1.08	0.481	6
Left Edge	standard	1:1.58	1	50	56640/3690	21.00	20.67	0.160	0.413	0.113	1.08	0.446	/
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Bottom Edge	standard	1:1.58	1	50	56640/3690	21.00	20.67	0.023	0.052	0.013	1.08	0.056	1
Back Side	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	56640/3690	21.00	20.66	0.125	0.339	0.100	1.08	0.367	1
Left Edge	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	56640/3690	21.00	20.66	0.122	0.315	-0.056	1.08	0.341	1
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
	1							1					_

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

Bottom Edge | standard | 1:1.58 | 50% | 0 | 56640/3690 | 21.00 | 20.66

0.024

0.054

-0.035

0.058

^{2.}For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 50% limit(1g).



Table 7: LTE Band 53 (10MHz)

10	able /: L	I E Dali	iu 55 (i	UNITIZ)								
			RB		Channel/		Measured	L	imit of SAR	1.6 W/k	g (mW/g)		
Test Position	Cover Type	Duty Cycle	allo cation	RB offset	Frequency	Tune-up (dBm)		Measured SAR10g	Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	Plot No.
					Body SA	R (QPSK,	Distance 0r	nm)					
Back Side	standard	1:1.58	1	0	60205/2490	25.00	24.36	0.082	0.182	0.055	1.16	0.211	1
Left Edge	standard	1:1.58	1	0	60205/2490	25.00	24.36	0.102	0.227	0.035	1.16	0.263	7
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1:1.58	1	0	60205/2490	25.00	24.36	0.026	0.054	0.109	1.16	0.062	1
Back Side	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	60205/2490	25.00	24.35	0.062	0.134	0.130	1.16	0.156	1
Left Edge	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	60205/2490	25.00	24.35	0.078	0.175	0.061	1.16	0.203	1
Right Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Top Edge	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Bottom Edge	standard	1:1.58	50%	0	60205/2490	25.00	24.35	0.020	0.041	0.021	1.16	0.048	1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.}For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 50% limit(1g).



11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

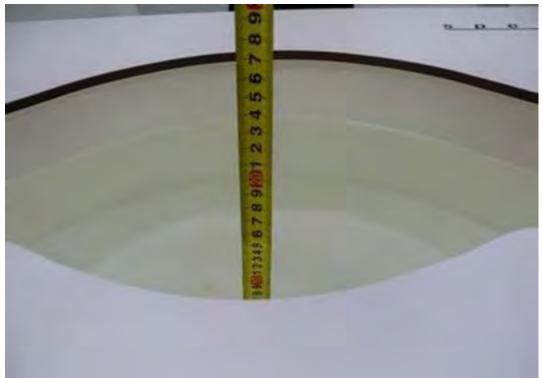
ANNEX A: Test Layout





Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the flat phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For Head and Body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Picture 3.



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom



ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2

Date: 4/15/2020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 6/19/2019;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

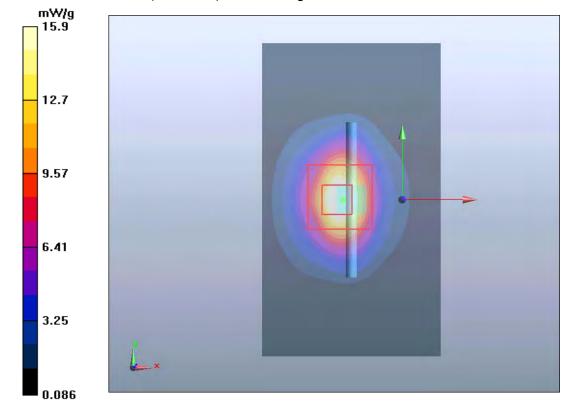
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g





Plot 2 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2

Date: 4/16/2020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.20, 7.20, 7.20); Calibrated: 6/19/2019;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid:dx=12mm, dy=12mm

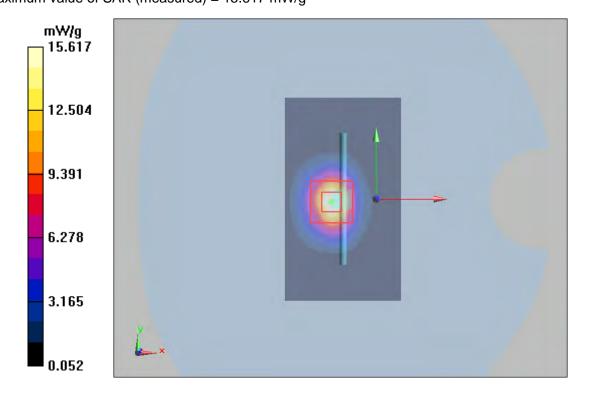
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.439 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.617 mW/g





Plot 3 System Performance Check at 3700 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2

Date: 4/17/2020

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 3700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; $\sigma = 3.03$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7543; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57) Calibrated: 8/5/2019

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (4x4x1): Measurement grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg

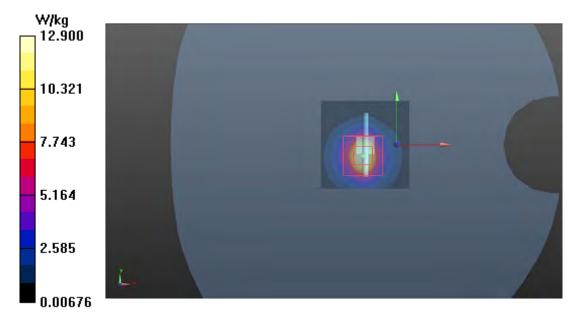
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 46.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg





ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 4 LTE Band 41 1RB Left Edge Low (Distance 0mm)

Date: 4/16/2020

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2549.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.916 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.013$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.20, 7.20, 7.20); Calibrated: 6/19/2019;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Left Edge Low/Area Scan (5x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 W/kg

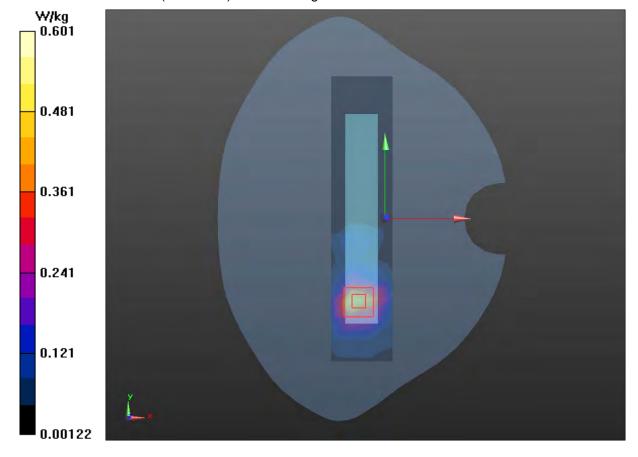
Left Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.332 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.534 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.601 W/kg





Plot 5 LTE Band 43 1RB Left Edge Low (Distance 0mm)

Date: 4/17/2020

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 3610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 3610 MHz; $\sigma = 2.807$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.115$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7543; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57) Calibrated: 8/5/2019

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Left Edge Low/Area Scan (6x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg

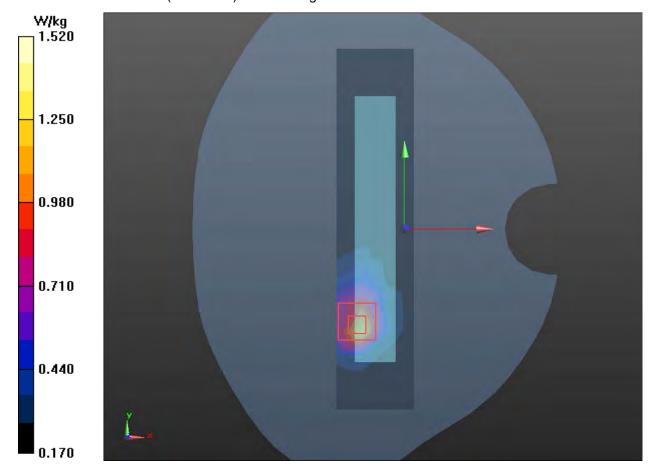
Left Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.759 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.685 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg





Plot 6 LTE Band 48 1RB Back Side High(Distance 0mm)

Date: 4/17/2020

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 3690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 3690 MHz; σ = 3.03 S/m; ϵ r = 37.963; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7543; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57) Calibrated: 8/5/2019

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Back Side High/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.454 W/kg

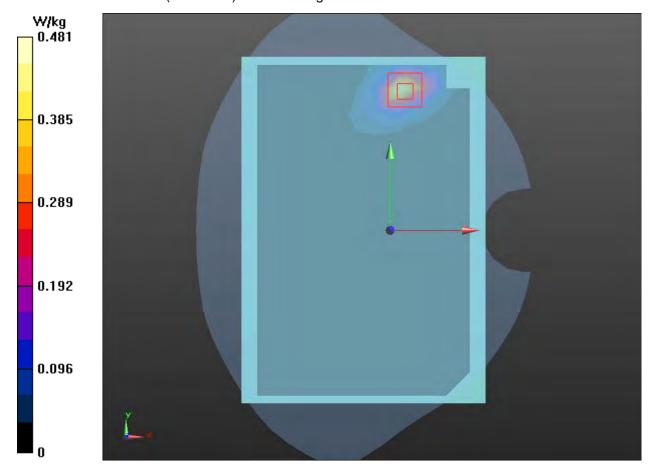
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.5830 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.446 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.481 W/kg





Plot 7 LTE Band 53 1RB Left Edge High (Distance 0mm)

Date: 4/15/2020

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2490 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58 Medium parameters used: f = 2490 MHz; $\sigma = 1.849$ S/m; $\epsilon = 39.202$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 6/19/2019;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 10/23/2019 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Left Edge High/Area Scan (5x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg

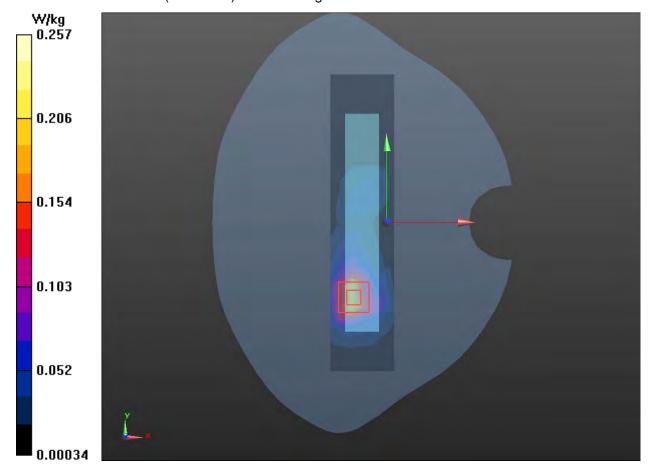
Left Edge High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.209 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.227 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.257 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate(3677)



Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Http://www.chinattl.cn TA(Shanghai) Client

Certificate No: Z19-60169

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: June 19, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)	Feb-20
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)	Feb-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb -20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	21-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05033)	Jun-19
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan -20
	Name	Function	Signature .
Calibrated by:	Vi. Zanavina	CAD Tool Facinger	W/

Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer Lin Hao

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: June 20, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60169

Reviewed by:

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SAR Test Engineer



In Collaboration with

S P 8 8 9

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Hup://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010.

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z19-60169





Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

Calibrated: June 19, 2019

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z19-60169

Page 3 of 11



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.46	0.40	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	101.1	102.9	101.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0	CW	×	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	152.0	±2.6%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		170.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60169

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.54	9.54	9.54	0.11	1.56	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.20	9.20	9.20	0.11	1.61	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.22	1.11	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.22	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.57	0.72	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.59	0.71	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.65	0.68	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.56	5.56	5.56	0.40	1.40	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.45	1.40	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.50	1.35	±13.3%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

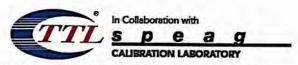
Certificate No: Z19-60169

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	9.40	9.40	9.40	0.18	1.38	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.23	1.09	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.22	1.15	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.67	7.67	7.67	0.55	0.81	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.59	0.75	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.74	0.65	±12.1%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.45	1.55	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.50	1.45	±13.3%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.50	1.50	±13.3%

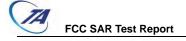
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$ if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to $\pm 5\%$. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

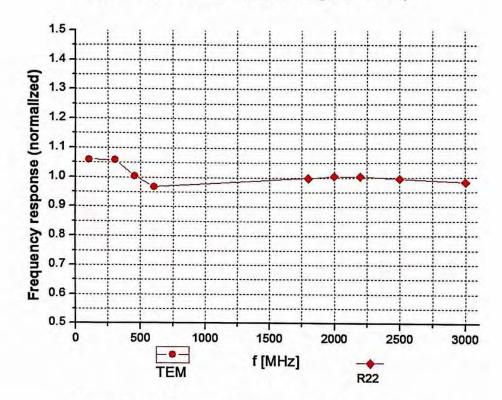
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

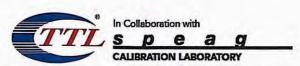


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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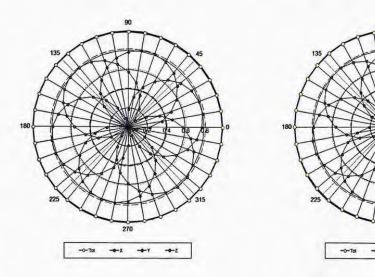
Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

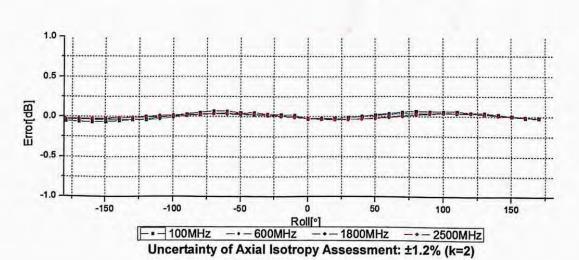
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

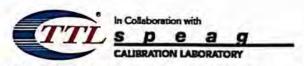




Certificate No: Z19-60169

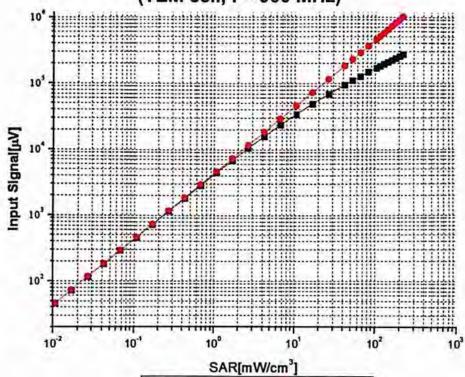
Page 8 of 11

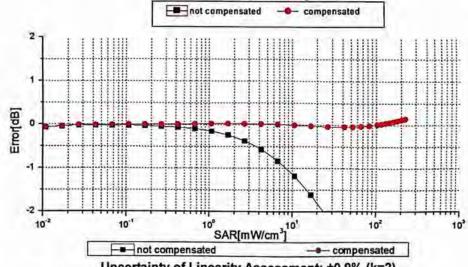




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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

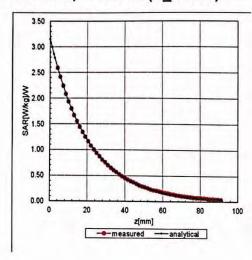


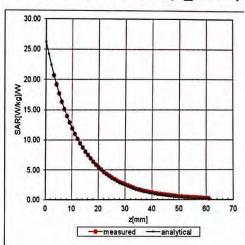
Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Conversion Factor Assessment

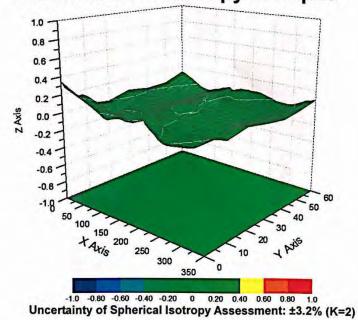
f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



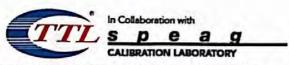


Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	117.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No: Z19-60169



ANNEX E: Probe Calibration Certificate(7543)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client TA-SH (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7543

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: August 5, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660 Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN 3013	31-Dec-18 (No ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check, Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check, Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	aug
			Issued August 5, 2019

Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

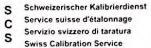
Page 1 of 10

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

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August 5, 2019 EX3DV4 - SN:7543

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7543

Rasic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.59	0.63	0.56	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	100.3	102.3	97.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	179.9	±3.0 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		197.1	The Table	
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		196.2		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



C SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

EX3DV4- SN:7543 August 5, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7543

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	55.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

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August 5, 2019 EX3DV4- SN:7543

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7543

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.52	0.82	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.89	9.89	9.89	0.49	0.85	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.44	8.44	8.44	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.98	7.98	7.98	0.31	0.80	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	6.72	6.72	6.72	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.62	6.62	6.62	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.57	6.57	6.57	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
3900	37.5	3.32	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.40	1.50	± 13.1 %
4100	37.2	3.53	6.00	6.00	6.00	0.40	1.50	± 13.1 %
4400	36.9	3.84	5.98	5.98	5.98	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	5.90	5.90	5.90	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4800	36.4	4.25	5.62	5.62	5.62	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4950	36.3	4.40	5.59	5.59	5.59	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.32	5.32	5.32	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

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measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Applicable of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Applicable of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Applicable of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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Applicable of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertai



EX3DV4- SN:7543

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7543

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.25	10.25	10.25	0.45	0.86	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.49	0.83	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.32	0.86	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.27	0.80	± 12.0 %
3300	51.6	3.08	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.40	1.30	± 13.1 %
3900	51.2	3.78	5.96	5.96	5.96	0.50	1.60	± 13.1 %
4100	50.5	4.01	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.45	1.60	± 13.1 9
4400	50.1	4.37	5.82	5.82	5.82	0.45	1.70	± 13.1 9
4600	49.8	4.60	5.69	5.69	5.69	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 9
4800	49.6	4.83	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 9
4950	49.4	5.01	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 9
5750	48.3	5.94	4.22	4.22	4.22	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 9

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and a) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

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August 5, 2019

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

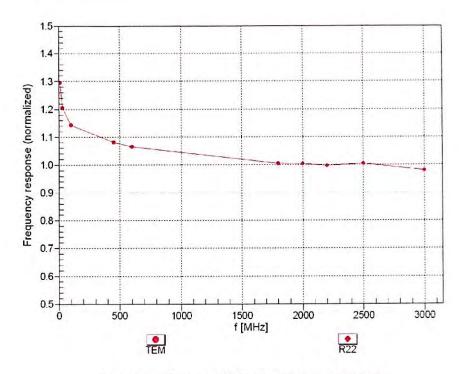
the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

August 5, 2019 EX3DV4- SN:7543

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

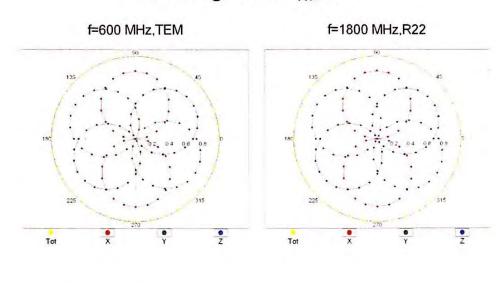
Page 7 of 10

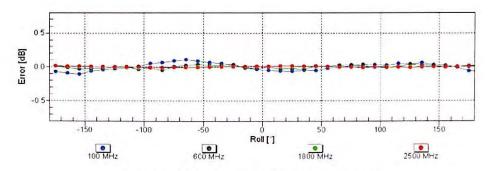


EX3DV4- SN:7543

CC SAR Test Report Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

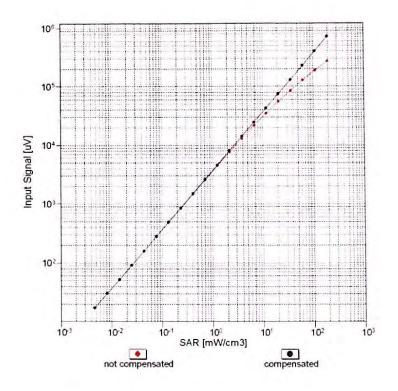
August 5, 2019

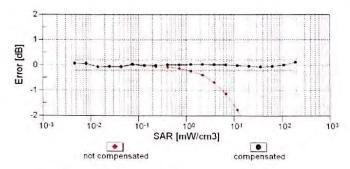


CC SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

EX3DV4- SN.7543 August 5, 2019

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

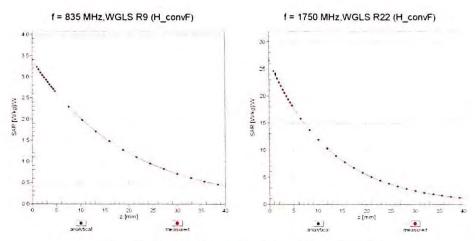
Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

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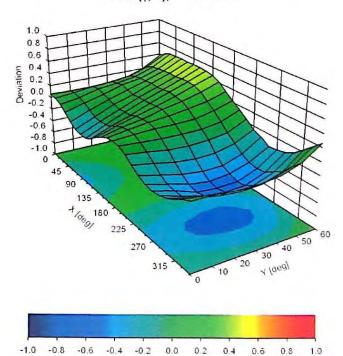
EX3DV4- SN:7543 August 5, 2019

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No: EX3-7543_Aug19

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Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)



Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

ANNEX F: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



227.13	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 786	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-003-01	
	Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	August 29, 2017	

pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	发现
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	# 10 10
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	3000

Issued: September 1, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z17-97116

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e In Colleboration with

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Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

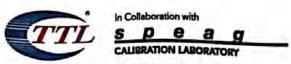
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97116

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Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

CC SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52,10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.6 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.16 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.8 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.87 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.5 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z17-97116



C SAR Test Report Report No.: R2001A0024-S1



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4Ω+ 4.29jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.5dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0Ω+ 6.61jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.6dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.265 ns
- control bond (one direction)	1.200 113

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z17-97116

CC SAR Test Report Report Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Date: 08.29.2017



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.822$ S/m; $\epsilon = 39.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

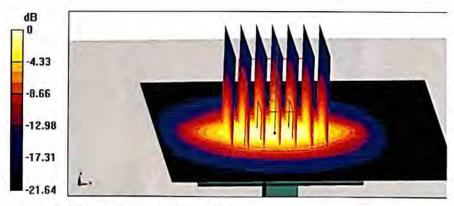
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg

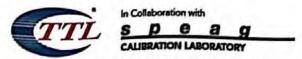


0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97116

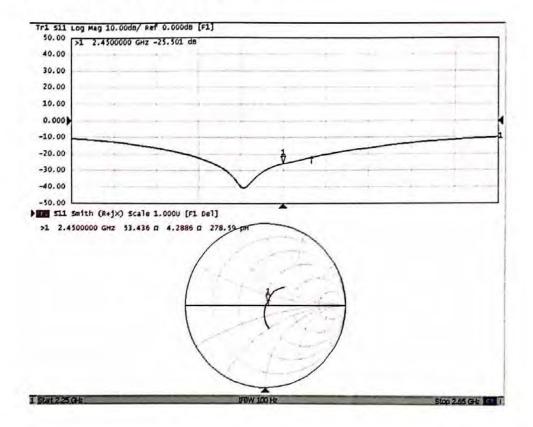
Page 5 of 8

SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97116

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C SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Date: 08.29.2017



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.943$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.45$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

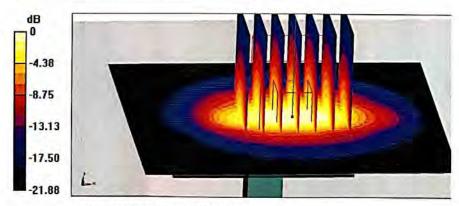
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97116

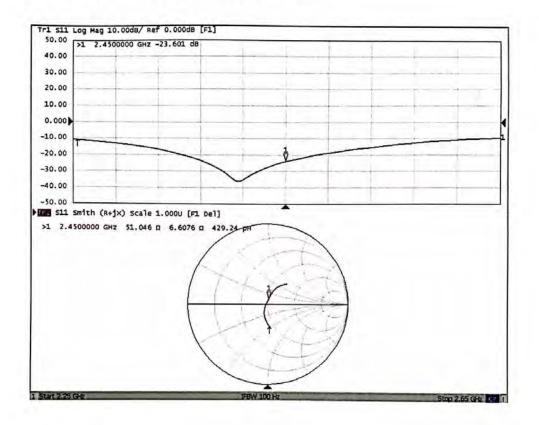
Page 7 of 8

C SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97116



ANNEX G: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No:

Z18-60094

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 2, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100542	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7464	12-Sep-17(SPEAG, No. EX3-7464_Sep17)	Sep-18
DAE4	SN 1525	02-Oct-17(SPEAG No.DAE4-1525_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	(製製水
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	(小村光)
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

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Certificate No: Z18-60094

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

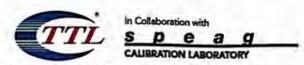
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z18-60094

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Report No.: R2001A0024-S1



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.1 ± 6%	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	1-4	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.1 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.03 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6%	2.15 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.5 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z18-60094





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Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.1Ω- 7.55jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.0dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6Ω- 7.06jΩ	
Return Loss	-21.9dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,014 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	2.100.00

Certificate No: Z18-60094

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Report No.: R2001A0024-S1





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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.014 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.09$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7464; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 9/12/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

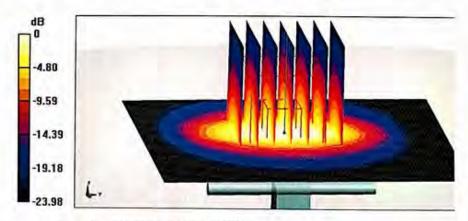
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.5 W/kg



0 dB = 23.5 W/kg = 13.71 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z18-60094

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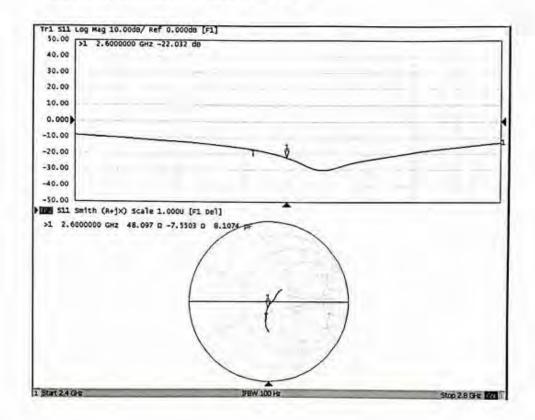
Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Date: 05.02.2018



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.ehinattl.cn

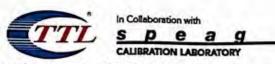
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z18-60094

Page 6 of 8

Date: 05.02.2018



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.146 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.09$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7464; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 9/12/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

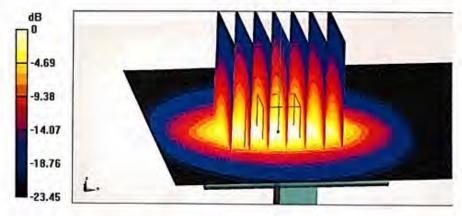
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg

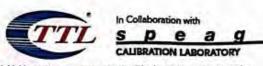
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.6 W/kg



0 dB = 23.6 W/kg = 13.73 dBW/kg

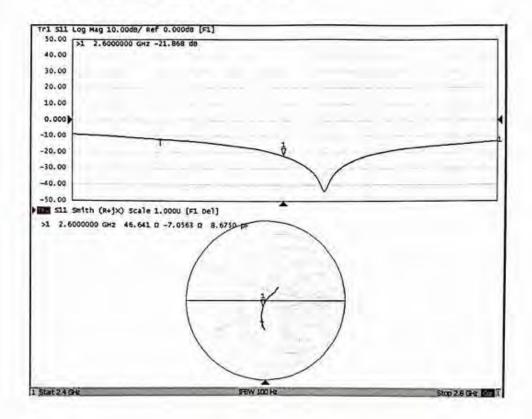
Certificate No: Z18-60094

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z18-60094

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ANNEX H: D3700V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration c

Client TA-SH (Auden)

Certificate No: D3700V2-1048_Sep19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D3700V2 - SN:1048 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz Calibration date: September 20, 2019 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter NRP SN: 104778 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) Apr-20 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) Apr-20 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) Apr-20 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) Apr-20 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) Apr-20 Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 3503 25-Mar-19 (No. EX3-3503 Mar19) Mar-20 DAF4 SN: 601 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) Apr-20 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter E4419B SN: GB39512475 In house check: Oct-20 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) Power sensor HP 8481A SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-20 Power sensor HP 8481A SN: MY41092317 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-20 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-20 SN: US41080477 In house check; Oct-19 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) Name Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by:

Certificate No: D3700V2-1048_Sep19

Page 1 of 8

Issued: September 24, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,v,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D3700V2-1048_Sep19

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on

DASY Version	given on page 1.	
Extrapolation	DASY5	V52.10.2
	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution		with Spacer
Frequency	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
requency	3700 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.7	3.12 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.3 ± 6 %	3.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.71 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	67.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	51.0	3.55 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.5 ± 6 %	3.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	64.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D3700V2-1048_Sep19

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.7 Ω - 2.5 jΩ	
Return Loss		
	- 24.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

43.9 Ω - 2.0 jΩ	
- 23.3 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

er		
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.137 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufacture of the	
Manufactured by	SPEAG
	SILAG

Certificate No: D3700V2-1048_Sep19

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Report No.: R2001A0024-S1



C SAR Test Report Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.09.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN:1048

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; σ = 3.07 S/m; ϵ_r = 37.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5) @ 3700 MHz; Calibrated: 25.03.2019

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3700MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg

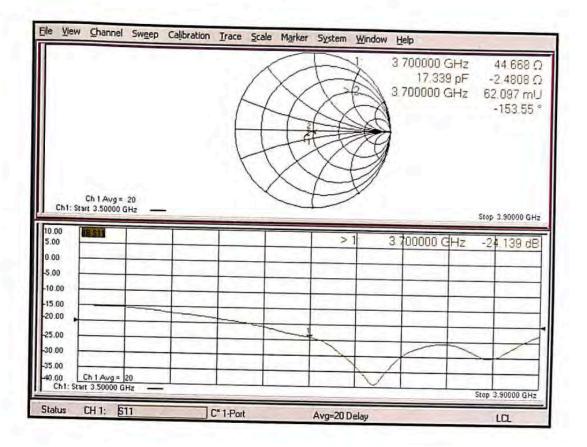


0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.18 dBW/kg



CC SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D3700V2-1048_Sep19



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.09.2019

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN:1048

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz; $\sigma = 3.55$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(7.1, 7.1, 7.1) @ 3700 MHz; Calibrated: 25.03.2019

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3700MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

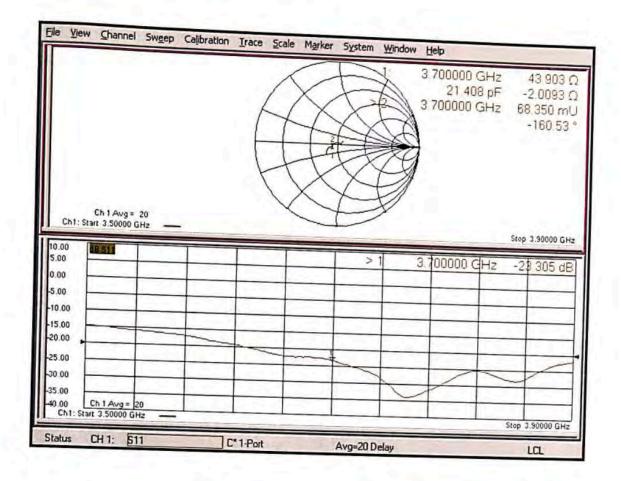
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



0 dB = 12.6 W/kg = 11.02 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

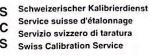


ANNEX I: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

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Client

TA-SH (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-1317_Oct19 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1317 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: October 23, 2019 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 03-Sep-19 (No:25949) Sep-20 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Auto DAE Calibration Unit SE UWS 053 AA 1001 07-Jan-19 (in house check) In house check: Jan-20 Calibrator Box V2.1 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 07-Jan-19 (in house check) In house check: Jan-20 Function Calibrated by: Dominique Steffen Laboratory Technician Approved by: Sven Kühn Deputy Manager Issued: October 23, 2019 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1317_Oct19

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossarv

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1317_Oct19 Page 2 of 5



CC SAR Test Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

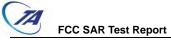
Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	403.804 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.568 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.927 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97954 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99058 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96919 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	332.5 ° ± 1 °
---	---------------

Certificate No: DAE4-1317_Oct19

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199993.97	-1.61	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20003.68	1.67	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19999.35	1.95	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199994.72	-0.94	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20001.93	-0.03	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-19999.69	1.70	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	199995.14	-0.83	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20001.23	-0.62	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20001.59	-0.08	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.92	-0.47	-0.02
Channel X + Input	202.45	0.76	0.37
Channel X - Input	-197.45	0.81	-0.41
Channel Y + Input	2000.30	-0.94	-0.05
Channel Y + Input	201.24	-0.37	-0.18
Channel Y - Input	-198.12	0.14	-0.07
Channel Z + Input	2000.71	-0.42	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	200.46	-1.06	-0.53
Channel Z - Input	-198.55	-0.18	0.09

2. Common mode sensitivity

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	12.11	9.92
	- 200	-9.05	-11.12
Channel Y	200	11.30	11.37
	- 200	-12.29	-12.77
Channel Z	200	1.70	1.84
	- 200	-3.81	-3.72

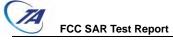
3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		1.67	-4.44
Channel Y	200	8.45		3.12
Channel Z	200	10.32	5.39	

Certificate No: DAE4-1317_Oct19

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C SAR Test Report Report No.: R2001A0024-S1

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15754	15950
Channel Y	16502	16801
Channel Z	16087	13971

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10 \text{M}\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.94	-0.24	2.94	0.49
Channel Y	0.26	-1.03	1.33	0.51
Channel Z	-1.40	-2.82	0.02	0.54

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1317_Oct19

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*****END OF REPORT *****