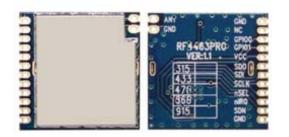


915Mhz si4463 wireless module

1. Description

Lab RF4463Pro-915 adopts Silicon EzradioPro2 RF transceiver Si4463, which is a highly integrated wireless ISM band transceiver chip. The features of high sensitivity (-121 dBm), +20 dBm output power, low current 10PPM crystal, and good RF matching consumption, circuit make this module work well in hot/cold environment with reliable communication and long distance.



2. Features

- Frequency Range: 902.5-927.5MHz
- Sensitivity up to -126 dBm
- Maximum output power: 20dBm
- 10mA@receiver mode
- Data transfer rate: 0.1-1000 kbps
- FSK, GFSK and OOK Modulation mode
- 1.8-3.6 V Power supply
- Ultra-low consumption shutdown mode
- Digital received signal strength indicator (RSSI)
- Timed wake-up function
- Excellent antenna match circuit and bi-direction communication

- Configurable packet structure
- Preamble detection
- Built-in crystal adjustment function
- Low-battery detection
- Temperature sensor and 8-bit analog-to-digital converters
- Operating Temperature Range: -40 ~ +85 °C
- Integrated voltage regulator
- Frequency hopping
- Power-on reset function
- 64/128byte transmit and receive data register (FIFO)



3. Application

- Remote control
- Remote meter reading
- Home security alarm and remote keyless entry
- Industrial control
- Home automation remote sensing
- Individual data records

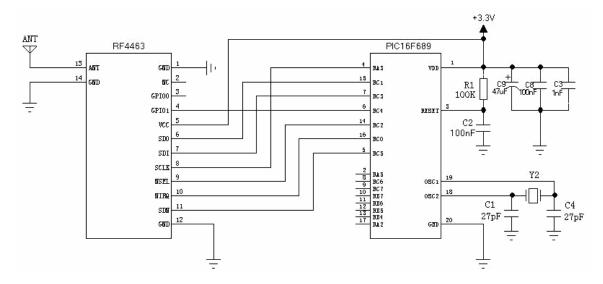
- Toys control
- Sensor network
- Tire pressure monitoring
- Health monitoring
- Wireless PC peripherals
- Tag reading and writing

4. Electrical Specifications

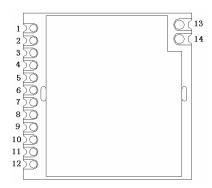
| Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unite | Condition | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Working condition | | | | | | | |
| Working voltage range | 1.8 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | | | |
| Temperature voltage | -40 | | 85 | $^{\circ}\!$ | | | |
| Current consumption | | | | | | | |
| Receiving current | | 13.5 | | mA | High performance mode | | |
| Receiving current | | 10.7 | | mA | Low power mode | | |
| Transmitting current | | 85 | | mA | @20dBm | | |
| Sleep current | | < 0.1 | | uA | | | |
| parameter | | | | | | | |
| Frequency range | 902.5 | | 927.5 | MHZ | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Modulation rate | 0.123 | | 1000 | Kbps | FSK | | |
| Output power range | -5 | | 20 | dBm | | | |
| Receiving sensitivity | | -126 | | dBm | @data=500bps,Fdev=3kHZ | | |



5. Schematic



6. Pin Configuration

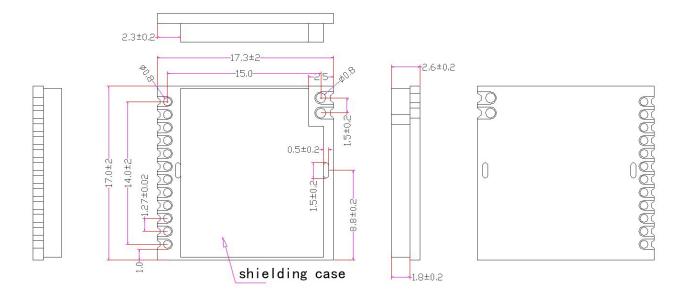


| Pin NO. | Pin name | Description | | |
|---------|----------|---|--|--|
| 1 | GND | power ground | | |
| 2 | NC | NC | | |
| 3 | GPIO0 | GPIO0 of Si4463 | | |
| 4 | GPIO1 | GPIO1 of Si4463 | | |
| 5 | VCC | Positive power supply 3.3V | | |
| 6 | SDO | Serial data out for SPI interface. | | |
| 7 | SDI | Serial data in for SPI interface | | |
| 8 | SCLK | Serial data clock for SPI interface | | |
| 9 | nSEL | Serial data selection for SPI interfaces. | | |
| 10 | nIRQ | Interrupt output | | |
| | | Power down control. | | |
| 11 | SDN | SDN = 1, power down | | |
| | | SDN = 0, normal working | | |
| 12 | GND | power ground | | |
| 13 | ANT | Connect with 50 ohm coaxial antenna | | |
| 14 | GND | power ground | | |



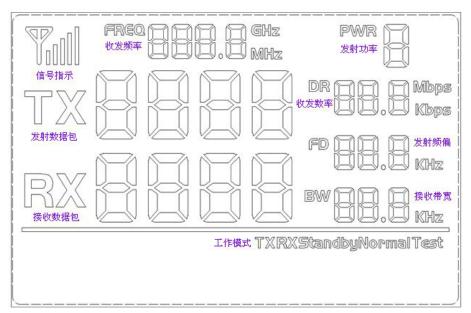
The GPIO2, GPIO3 of the Si4463 is connected to the antenna switch on the module. The detailed method on how to use these two Port, please contact the sales engineer to take reference to the Demo Code

7. Mechanism dimensions



8. Products Ordering Information

The LCD Full Segment is as below:





Users can set the parameters of the RF module such as frequency / transmitter power / transmission data rate / working mode through the buttons, and measure the wireless communication distance. Also, all the connection Pins of the module are extended to the demo board, user can use oscilloscope, multi-meter to monitor the operation of the RF module, which is very useful for software programming.

Working Mode

There are 5 working modes in the DEMO. They are: Master mode, Slave mode, Tx Test mode, Rx test mode, Standby mode, accordingly, they are displayed on the LCD as: Tx normal / Rx normal / Tx Test / Rx test / Standby. When one packet is transmitted, the Red LED will blink once, the number of Tx packets will increase; when one packet is received, the Blue LED will blink once, the number of Rx packets will increase.

- Master Mode: Send 1 packet per second, and waiting for the acknowledge;
- Slave Mode: Stay in Rx mode to wait for the data from the master, it will send back the 2) acknowledged signal after received the data from the master.
- Tx Test Mode: RF module continuously transmit signal;
- 4) Rx Test Mode: RF module is always in Rx mode;
- 5) Standby Mode: RF module is always in standby state.

Button Operation

1) [SET] Button

Press the [SET] button to enter setting mode if not in setting mode. In setting mode, press [SET] button to toggle between the set parameters: frequency /output power / data rate / working mode. The related LCD ICON will flash to indicate.

2) [UP] Button

In setting mode, press the [UP] button to increase the value of flash icon.

3) [Down] Button

In setting mode, press the [Down] button to decrease the value of flash icon.

Note: The DEMO board has FLASH memory inside, all the setting parameters will be saved automatically and keep unchanged even power-off.

Note: The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter

Only those antenna(s) tested with the device or similar antenna(s) with equal or lesser gain may be used with this transmitter

The RF4463Pro-915 module is designed to comply with the FCC statement. FCC ID is 2AD66-915

The host system using RF4463Pro-915, should have label indicated it contain modular's FCC ID 2AD66-915

FCC Information and Copyright

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- —Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- —Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- —Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- —Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

15.19 Labelling requirements.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.