



TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE#4323.01



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Beijing Wiseasy Technology CO., Ltd.

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China

FCC ID: 2AXOJ-WISENET5

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: WISENET5
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Report Number:	RKSA201130001-20A
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Attestation of Test Results		
EUT Information	EUT Description	WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal
	Model Name	WISENET5
	FCC ID	2AXOJ-WISENET5
	Serial Number	RKSA201130001
	Test Date	2021-01-08~2021-01-13

MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit(W/kg)
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.11	1.6
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.27	
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.19	
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.13	
LTE Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.23	
LTE Band 4	1g Body SAR	0.13	
LTE Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.12	
LTE Band 12& LTE Band 17	1g Body SAR	0.09	
2.4GHz WLAN	1g Body SAR	0.02	
5.2GHz WLAN	1g Body SAR	0.33	
5.3GHz WLAN	1g Body SAR	0.36	
5.8GHz WLAN	1g Body SAR	0.20	
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	0.63	
	1g Body SAR	0.29 (Hotspot)	

MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit(W/kg)
GSM 850	10g Extremity SAR	0.99	4.0
PCS 1900	10g Extremity SAR	2.19	
WCDMA Band 2	10g Extremity SAR	1.67	
WCDMA Band 5	10g Extremity SAR	1.05	
LTE Band 2	10g Extremity SAR	0.40	
LTE Band 4	10g Extremity SAR	0.96	
LTE Band 5	10g Extremity SAR	1.85	
LTE Band 12<E Band 17	10g Extremity SAR	1.24	
2.4GHz WLAN	10g Extremity SAR	0.08	
5.2GHz WLAN	10g Extremity SAR	0.52	
5.3GHz WLAN	10g Extremity SAR	0.53	
5.8GHz WLAN	10g Extremity SAR	0.35	
Simultaneous	10g Extremity SAR	1.77	

Applicable Standards	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
	IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)
	EN62209-1:2016 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1: Devices used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05 KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.	

Revision History

Revision	Report Number	Issue Date	Description	Author/ Revised by
1.0	RKSA201130001-20A	2021.01.20	Original Report	Bard Liu

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **Beijing Wiseasy Technology CO., Ltd.** and their product **WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal**, Model: **WISENET5** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: **RKSA201130001 (Assigned by BACL, Kunshan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on **2020-11-30**.*

Technical Specification

Product Type	WPOS Intelligent Business Terminal
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	FPC Antenna for GSM and WCDMA and LTE FPC Antenna for WLAN
Body-Worn Accessories:	None
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode :	GPRS/EGPRS: GMSK/8PSK WCDMA: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM LTE: QPSK 16QAM WLAN 2.4G/WLAN 5G Bluetooth/BLE
Frequency Band:	GPRS/EGPRS 850: 824-849 MHz(TX), 869-894 MHz(RX) GPRS/EGPRS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX), 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band II: 1850-1910 MHz(TX), 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band V: 824-849 MHz(TX), 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX), 1930 MHz-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX), 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX), 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 12: 699-716 MHz(TX), 729-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 17: 704-716 MHz(TX), 734-746 MHz(RX), WLAN (2.4G): 2412 -2462 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.2G): 5150-5250 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.3G): 5250-5350 MHz (TX&RX) WLAN (5.8G): 5725-5850 MHz (TX&RX) Bluetooth/BLE: 2402 MHz-2480 MHz

Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 33.49 dBm PCS 1900: 31.76 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 20.96 dBm WCDMA Band 5: 22.69 dBm LTE Band 2: 21.95 dBm LTE Band 4: 21.89 dBm LTE Band 5: 22.37 dBm LTE Band 12: 22.75 dBm LTE Band 17: 21.97 dBm WLAN (2.4G): 15.31 dBm WLAN (5.2G): 14.23 dBm WLAN (5.3G): 13.12 dBm WLAN (5.8G): 10.57 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 5.90 dBm BLE:5.77dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	194.0 cm (H) x 7.8 cm (W) x 3.6 cm (D)
Power Source:	DC 5.0V from adapter and DC 3.8V from battery
Normal Operation:	Body supported and Handheld

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits**FCC Limit**

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that maybe incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg(CE) applied to the EUT.

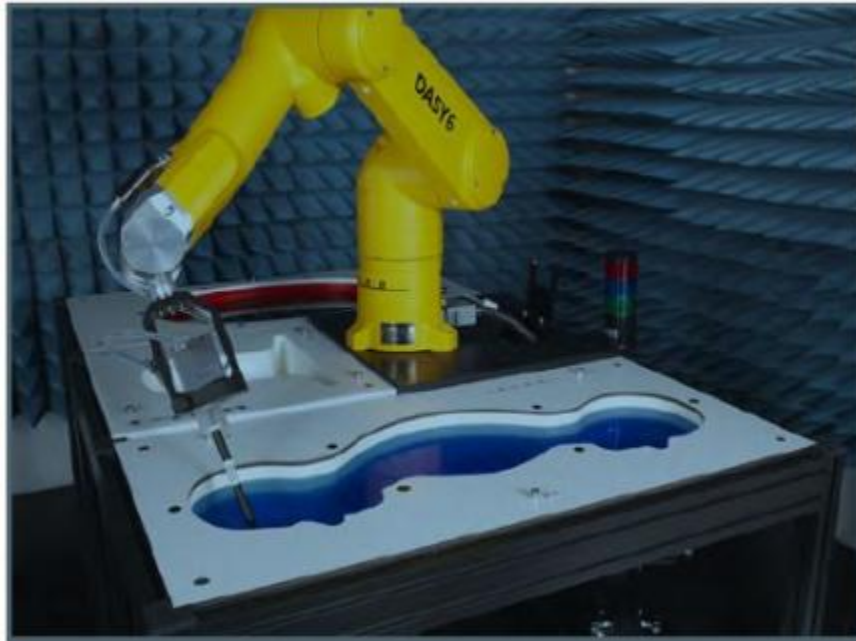
FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by A2LA (Lab code: 4323.01) and the FCC designation No. CN1185 under the FCC KDB 974614 D01 and CAB identifier CN0004 under the ISED requirement. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

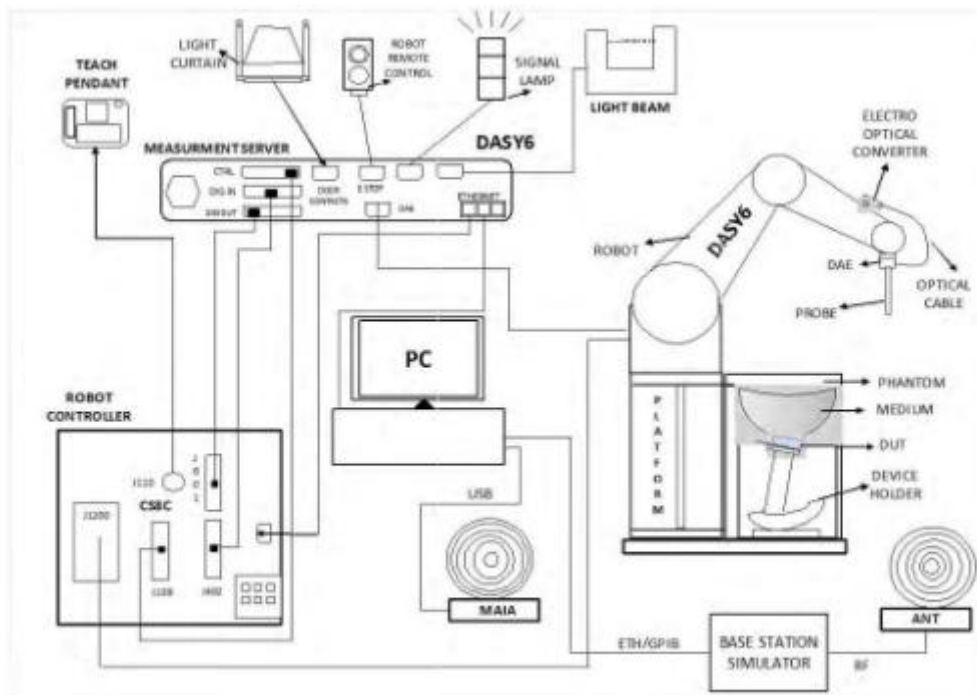
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY6 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY6 System Description

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY6 Measurement Server

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program- controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

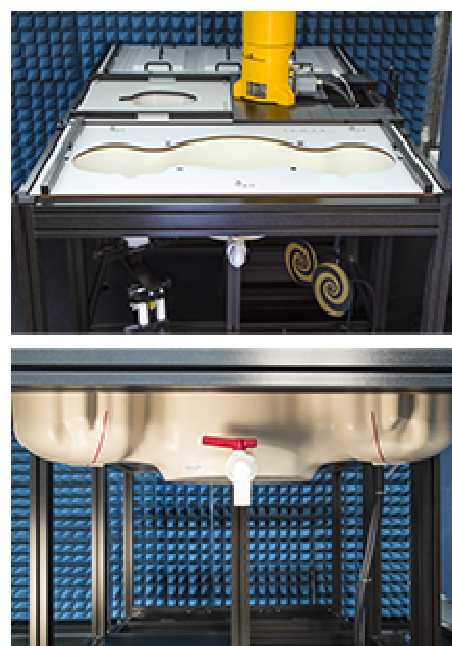
The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI-Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required. For devices such as glasses with a wireless link, the Face Down Phantom is the most suitable (between the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms).

When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY6 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY6 platform is used to mount the

Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required. In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation. DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.



Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.

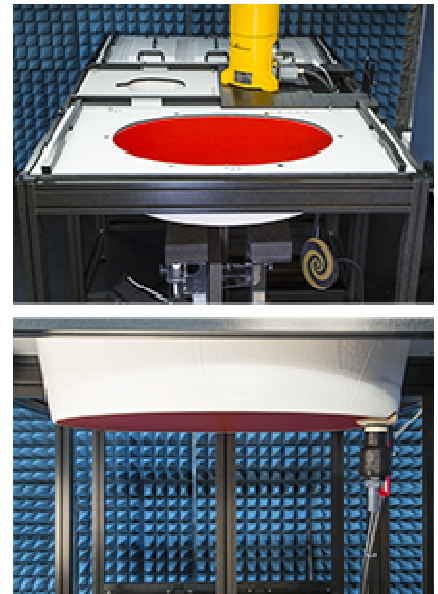
ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to _fill the ELI phantom



Robots

The DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L, TX90XL, and RX160L from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm² step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY6 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ϵ_r	Conductivity (σ) S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
<i>750</i>	<i>41,9</i>	<i>0,89</i>
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
<i>1 500</i>	<i>40,4</i>	<i>1,23</i>
<i>1 640</i>	<i>40,2</i>	<i>1,31</i>
<i>1 750</i>	<i>40,1</i>	<i>1,37</i>
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
<i>2 100</i>	<i>39,8</i>	<i>1,49</i>
<i>2 300</i>	<i>39,5</i>	<i>1,67</i>
2 450	39,2	1,80
<i>2 600</i>	<i>39,0</i>	<i>1,96</i>
3 000	38,5	2,40
<i>3 500</i>	<i>37,9</i>	<i>2,91</i>
<i>4 000</i>	<i>37,4</i>	<i>3,43</i>
<i>4 500</i>	<i>36,8</i>	<i>3,94</i>
<i>5 000</i>	<i>36,2</i>	<i>4,45</i>
<i>5 200</i>	<i>36,0</i>	<i>4,66</i>
<i>5 400</i>	<i>35,8</i>	<i>4,86</i>
<i>5 600</i>	<i>35,5</i>	<i>5,07</i>
<i>5 800</i>	<i>35,3</i>	<i>5,27</i>
<i>6 000</i>	<i>35,1</i>	<i>5,48</i>

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

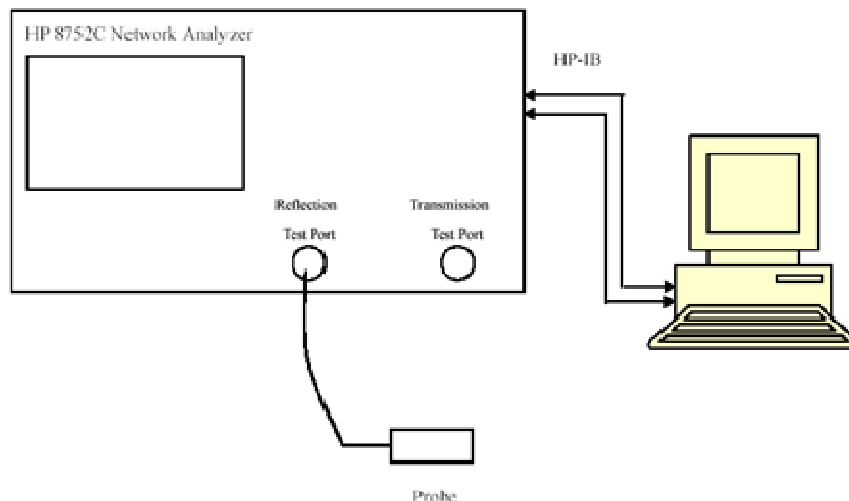
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipment's List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY6 Measurement Server	DASY6 6.0.31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	527	2020/07/9	2021/07/8
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7557	2020/11/05	2021/11/04
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin ELI	Twin ELI V8.0	2095	N/A	N/A
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1166	2018/09/05	2021/09/04
Dipole, 835MHz	D835V2	445	2019/12/17	2022/12/16
Dipole,1750MHz	D1750V2	1140	2018/06/25	2021/06/24
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2018/09/11	2021/09/10
Dipole,2450MHz	D2450V2	970	2018/06/26	2021/06/25
Dipole,5GHz	D5GHzV2	1296	2019/10/03	2022/10/02
Simulated Tissue LiquidHead	HBBL600-6000V6	180611-3	Each Time	
Network Analyzer	8753B	3625A00809	2020/12/13	2021/12/12
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	SM DAK 300AB	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53051592	2020/12/13	2021/12/12
Power Meter	E4419B	GB43312421	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	71377	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	4242-10	3307	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	3dB	5402	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	10dB	AU 3842	N/A	N/A
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	100184	2020/02/14	2021/02/13
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	104478	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101116	2020-07-22	2021-07-21

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	
707.5	Head	0.867	42.848	0.887	42.1171	-2.58	1.73	± 5
750	Head	0.907	42.274	0.89	41.9	1.91	0.89	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021-01-08

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	
835	Head	0.919	42.879	0.90	41.50	2.11	3.32	± 5
836.4	Head	0.92	42.853	0.90	41.50	2.22	3.26	± 5
836.5	Head	0.92	42.851	0.90	41.50	2.22	3.26	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021-01-09

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	
1733	Head	1.346	41.198	1.377	40.065	-2.46	2.82	± 5
1750	Head	1.364	41.134	1.387	40.038	-1.87	2.73	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021-01-10

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	
1900	Head	1.401	40.143	1.4	40.00	0.07	0.36	± 5
1880	Head	1.380	40.235	1.4	40.00	-0.96	0.59	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021-01-11

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	
2450	Head	1.875	39.228	1.800	39.200	4.17	0.07	± 5
2437	Head	1.859	39.274	1.788	39.219	3.85	0.14	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021-01-12

Frequency (MHz)	LiquidType	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	
5250	Head	4.643	36.244	4.711	35.950	-1.42	0.82	± 5
5230	Head	4.622	36.260	4.691	35.970	-1.45	0.81	± 5
5280	Head	4.671	36.196	4.740	35.920	-1.46	0.77	± 5
5800	Head	5.205	35.484	5.270	35.300	-1.23	0.52	± 5
5755	Head	5.161	35.538	5.225	35.345	-1.13	0.53	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021-01-13

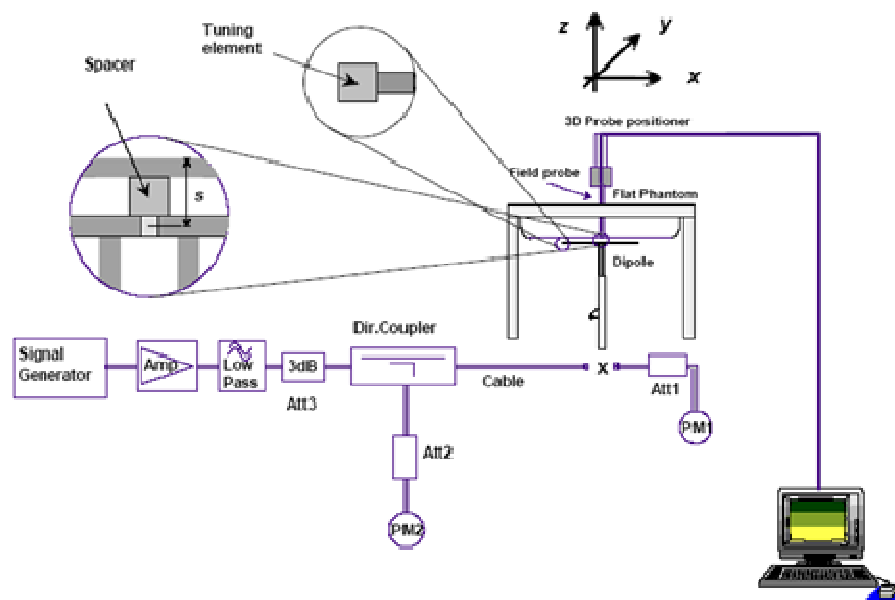
System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$;
- b) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $1\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 3\,000 \text{ MHz}$;
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR(W/kg)		Normalized to 1g&10g SAR (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2021/01/08	750	Head	250	1g	2.26	9.04	8.26	9.44	±10
				10g	1.48	5.92	5.56	6.47	±10
2021/01/09	835	Head	250	1g	2.51	10.04	9.52	5.46	±10
				10g	1.66	6.64	6.20	7.10	±10
2021/01/10	1750	Head	250	1g	8.67	34.68	36.5	-4.99	±10
				10g	4.71	18.84	19.90	-5.33	±10
2021/01/11	1900	Head	250	1g	9.23	36.92	39.2	-5.82	±10
				10g	4.84	19.36	20.80	-6.92	±10
2021/01/12	2450	Head	250	1g	13.5	54.00	53.3	1.31	±10
				10g	6.35	25.40	25.10	1.20	±10
2021/01/13	5250	Head	100	1g	8.25	82.5	79.2	4.17	±10
				10g	2.31	23.1	22.7	1.76	±10
2021/01/13	5800	Head	100	1g	8.39	83.9	79.9	8.01	±10
				10g	2.34	23.4	22.60	3.54	±10

*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power

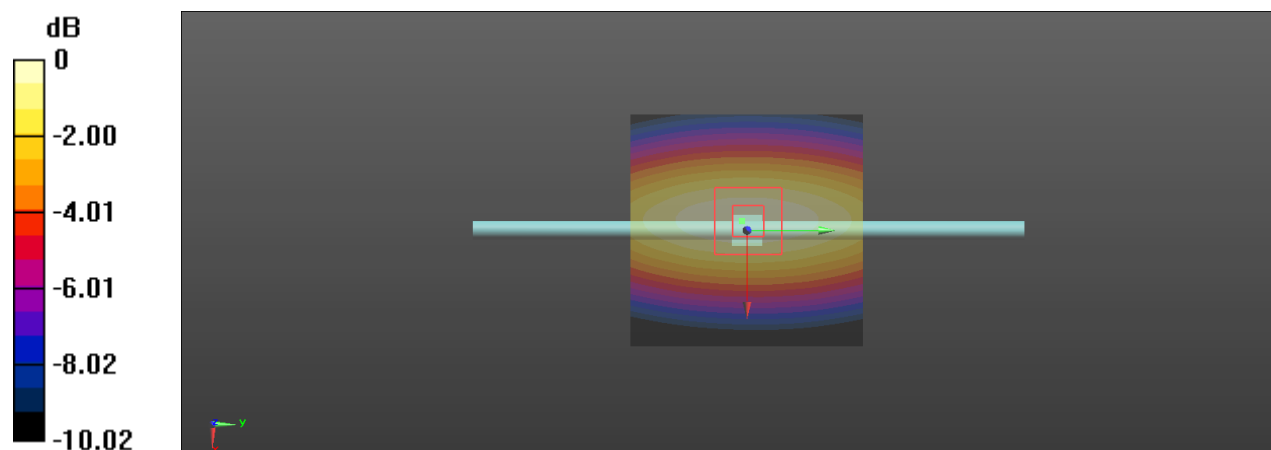
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA**System Check_Head_750MHz****DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1166**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.907 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.274$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.39, 10.39, 10.39); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 W/kg **Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 54.05 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 2.26 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg  $0 \text{ dB} = 2.69 \text{ W/kg} = 4.30 \text{ dBW/kg}$

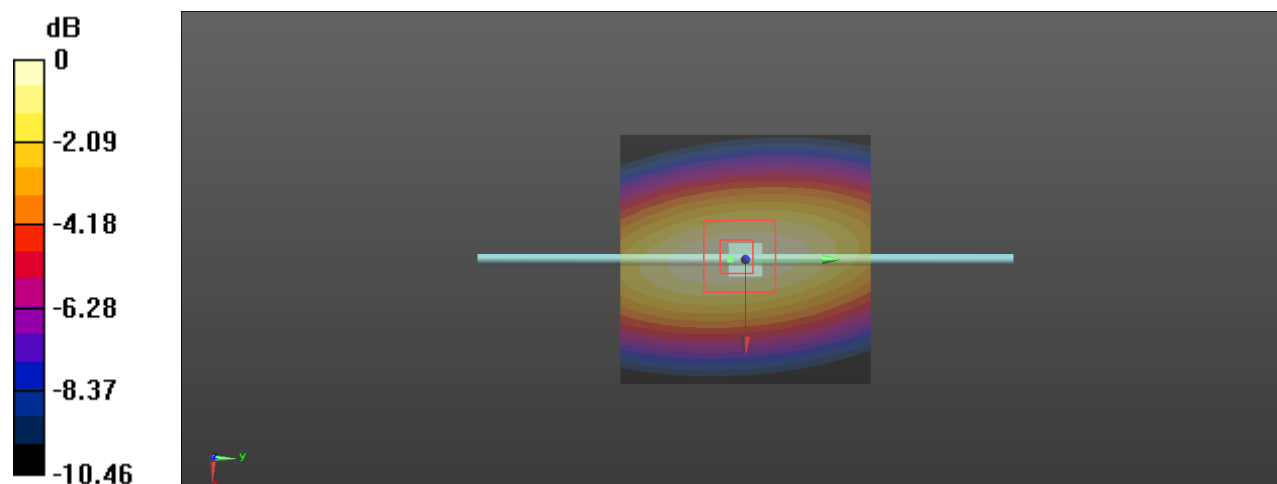
System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:445**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.879$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.88 W/kg **Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 56.89 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 W/kg  $0 \text{ dB} = 2.92 \text{ W/kg} = 4.65 \text{ dBW/kg}$

System Check_Head_1750MHz**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1140**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.134$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 W/kg

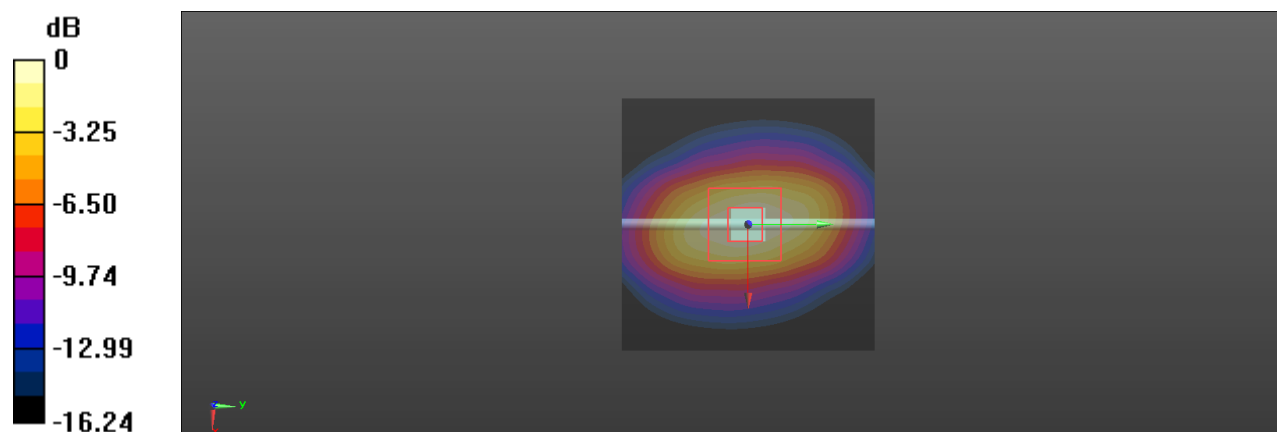
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.71 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 W/kg



0 dB = 10.9 W/kg = 10.37 dBW/kg

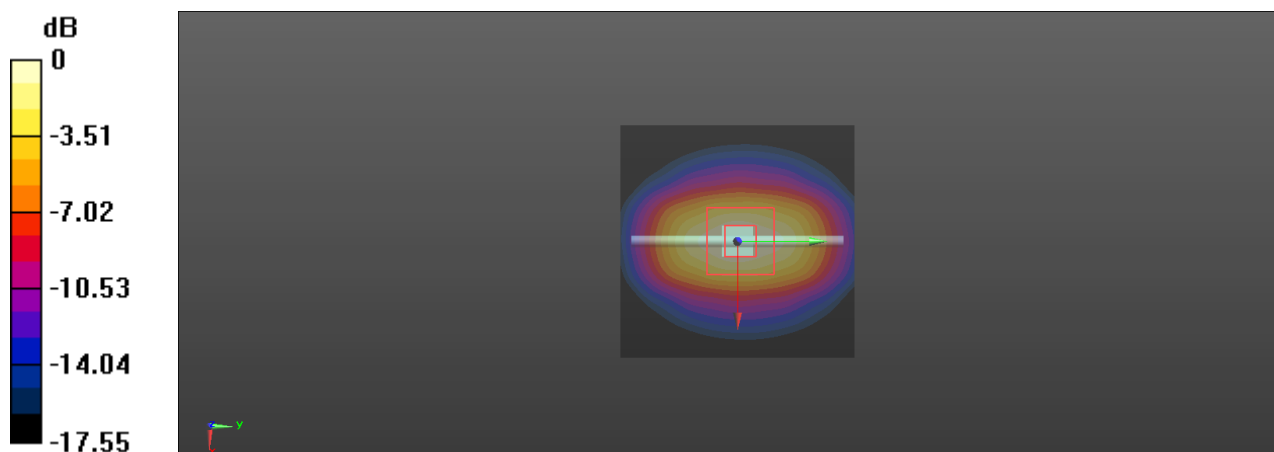
System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d206**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.401 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.143$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg **Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 92.03 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 9.23 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 4.84 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg  $0 \text{ dB} = 11.7 \text{ W/kg} = 10.68 \text{ dBW/kg}$

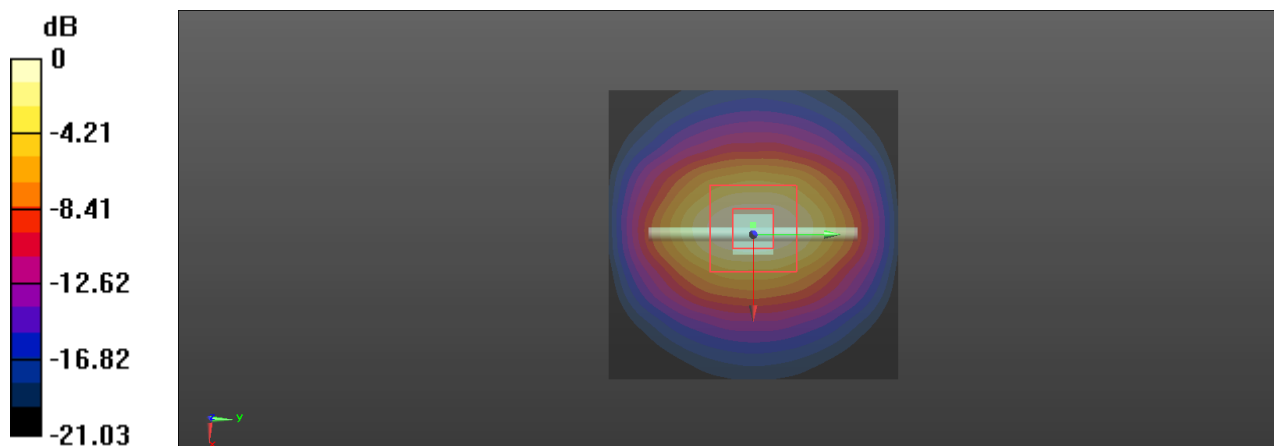
System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2-969; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:970**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.875 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.228$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 W/kg **Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 95.68 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg  $0 \text{ dB} = 17.7 \text{ W/kg} = 12.48 \text{ dBW/kg}$

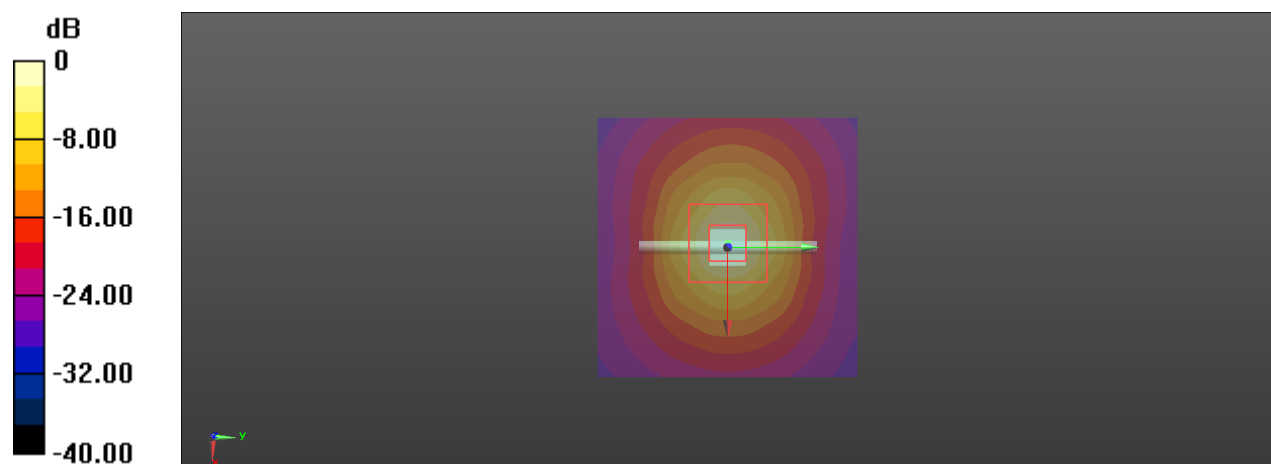
System Check_Head_5250MHz**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2- SN:1296**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.643 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.244$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.4 W/kg **Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 78.15 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 41.1 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.8 W/kg  $0 \text{ dB} = 24.8 \text{ W/kg} = 13.94 \text{ dBW/kg}$

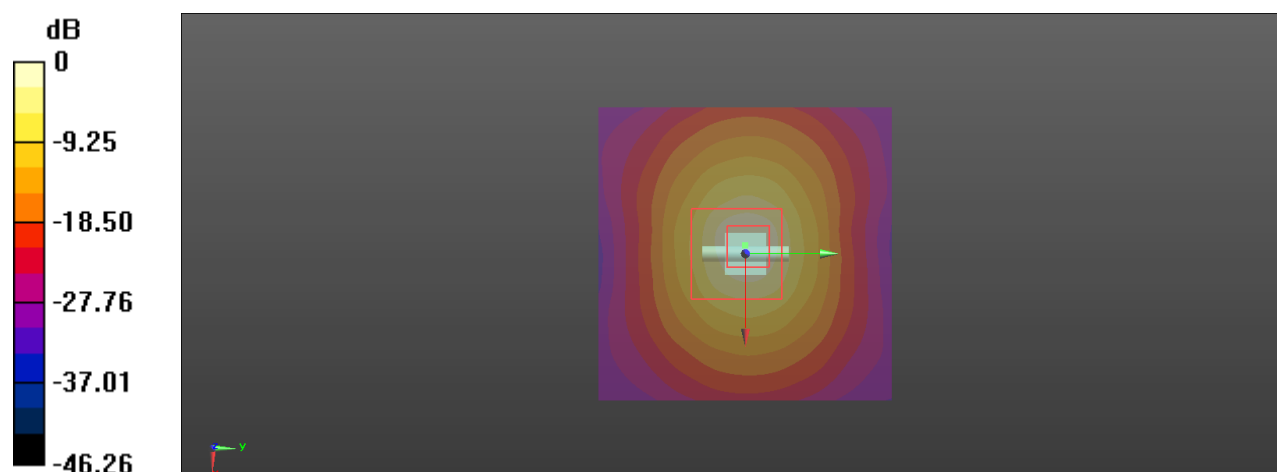
System Check_Head_5800MHz**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1296**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.205 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.484$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

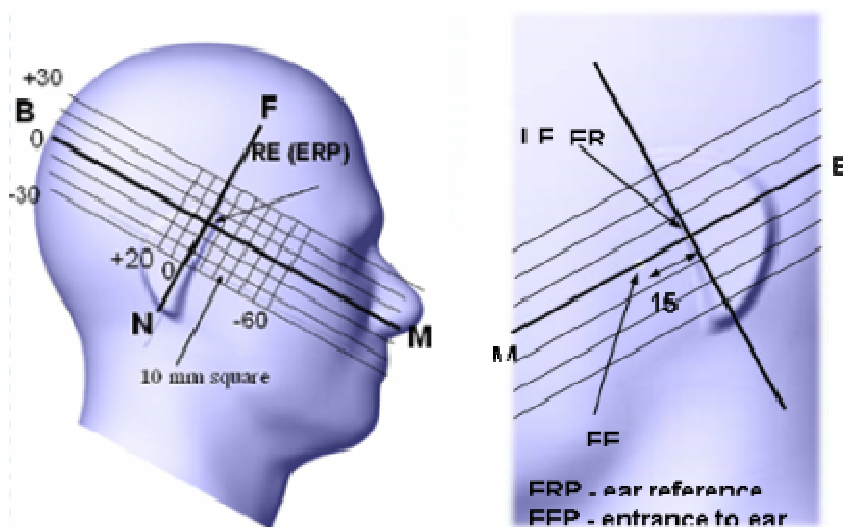
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.3 W/kg **Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 70.15 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.6 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 8.39 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg  $0 \text{ dB} = 21.5 \text{ W/kg} = 13.32 \text{ dBW/kg}$

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

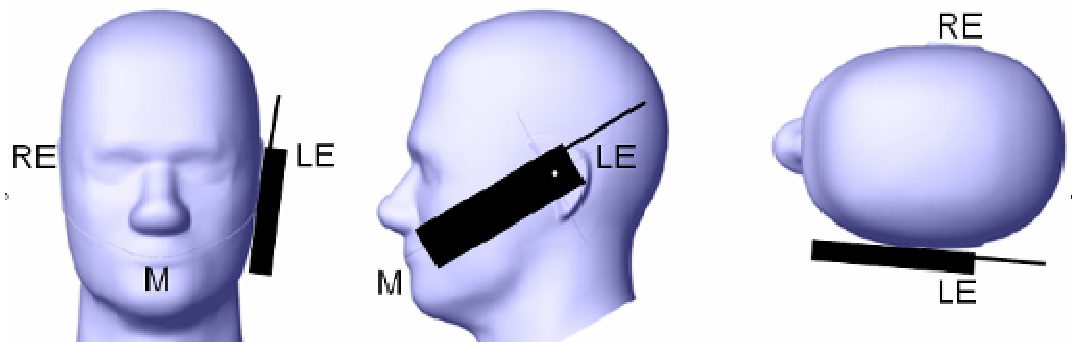
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

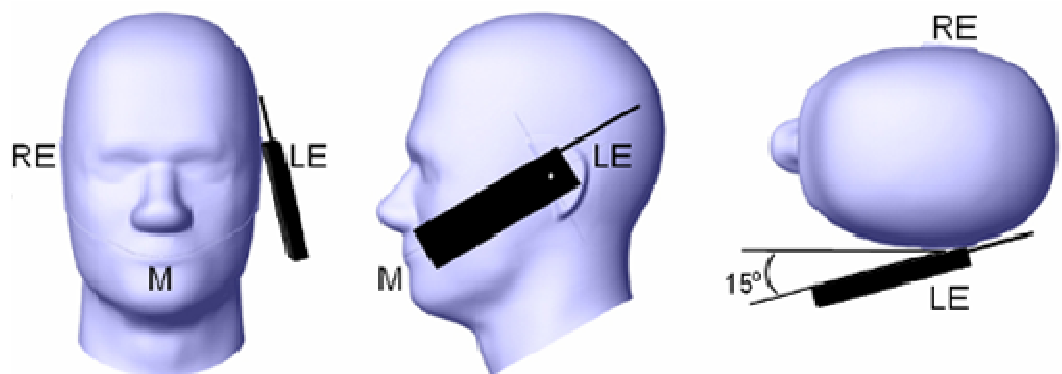
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15o Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

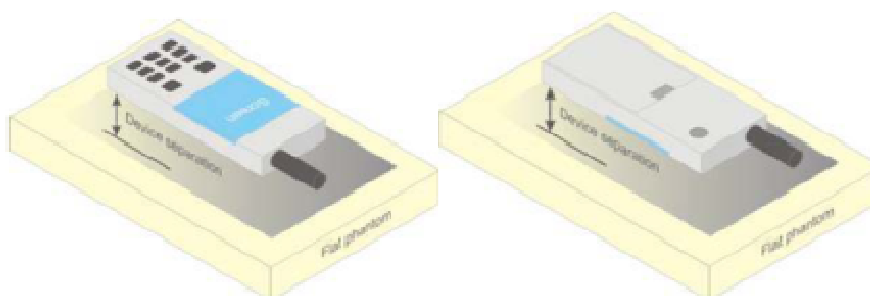


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

For this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 10mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 10mm.

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

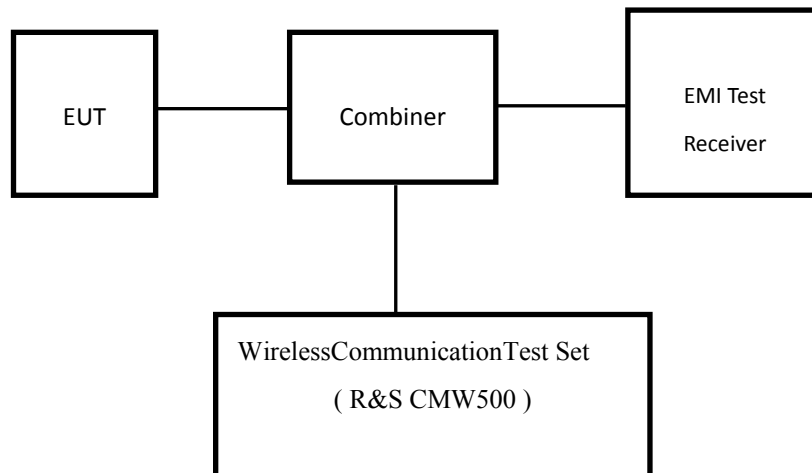
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

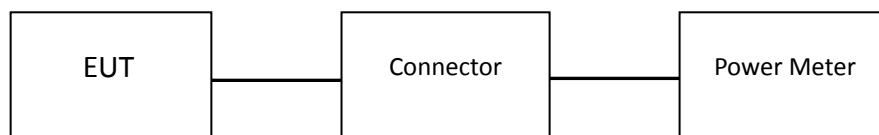
The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM&WCDMA<E



WLAN

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

- > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

- > 33 dBm for GPRS 850

- > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

- > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850

- > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desired test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c / β_d	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	β_d (SF)	64			
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	β_c/β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18		E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27

LTE

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N_{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10, 15, 20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	
NS_08	6.6.3.3.2				
NS_09	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
				> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-5	
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table 6.2.4-6	
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table 6.2.4-7	
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table 6.2.4-8	
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	Table 6.2.4-9	
				Table 6.2.4-10	
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-11, Table 6.2.4-12, Table 6.2.4-13	
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-14	
NS_20	6.2.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-15	
	6.6.2.2.1				
NS_32	6.6.3.2				
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Wi-Fi

For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 11 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	/	/
6	2437	/	/
7	2442	/	/

For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 6 and 11

For 802.11n-HT40 mode, 7 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2422	6	2447
2	2427	7	2452
3	2432	/	/
4	2437	/	/
5	2442	/	/

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM850 GPRS 1 TX	33.8	33.8	33.8
GSM850 GPRS 2 TX	33.0	33.0	33.0
GSM850 GPRS 3 TX	32.0	32.0	32.0
GSM850 GPRS 4 TX	31.0	31.0	31.0
GSM850 EGPRS 1 TX	29.5	29.5	29.5
GSM850 EGPRS 2 TX	28.5	28.5	28.5
GSM850 EGPRS 3 TX	27.5	27.5	27.5
GSM850 EGPRS 4 TX	26.0	26.0	26.0
PCS1900 GPRS 1 TX	32.0	32.0	32.0
PCS1900 GPRS 2 TX	30.0	30.0	30.0
PCS1900 GPRS 3 TX	28.0	28.0	28.0
PCS1900 GPRS 4 TX	26.0	26.0	26.0
PCS1900 EGPRS 1 TX	26.0	26.0	26.0
PCS1900 EGPRS 2 TX	25.0	25.0	25.0
PCS1900 EGPRS 3 TX	24.0	24.0	24.0
PCS1900 EGPRS 4 TX	23.0	23.0	23.0
WCDMA Band 2	21.5	21.5	21.5
WCDMA Band 5	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 2	22.0	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 4	22.0	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 5	22.5	22.5	22.5
LTE Band12	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band17	23.0	23.0	23.0
WLAN(2.4G)	16.0	16.0	16.0
Bluetooth	6.0	6.0	6.0
BLE	6.0	6.0	6.0
WLAN(5.2G)	14.5	14.5	14.5
WLAN(5.3G)	13.5	13.5	13.5
WLAN(5.8G)	11.	11.	11.

Test Results:**GPRS**

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	33.21	32.37	31.67	30.72
	190	836.6	33.49	32.71	31.64	30.74
	251	848.8	33.03	32.01	31.11	30.72
PCS1900	512	1850.2	31.71	29.21	27.55	25.37
	661	1880	31.76	29.48	27.5	25.4
	810	1909.8	31.59	29.32	27.16	25.28

EGPRS

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	28.08	27.03	26.53	25.63
	190	836.6	28.95	27.34	26.46	25.62
	251	848.8	28.77	27.93	26.28	25.64
PCS1900	512	1850.2	25.04	24.45	23.68	22.37
	661	1880	25.46	24.01	23.95	22.18
	810	1909.8	25.75	24.69	23.77	22.82

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	24.21	26.37	27.41	27.72
	190	836.6	24.49	26.71	27.38	27.74
	251	848.8	24.03	26.01	26.85	27.72
PCS1900	512	1850.2	22.71	23.21	23.29	22.37
	661	1880	22.76	23.48	23.24	22.40
	810	1909.8	22.59	23.32	22.90	22.28

The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM850	128	824.2	19.08	21.03	22.27	22.63
	190	836.6	19.95	21.34	22.20	22.62
	251	848.8	19.77	21.93	22.02	22.64
PCS1900	512	1850.2	16.04	18.45	19.42	19.37
	661	1880	16.46	18.01	19.69	19.18
	810	1909.8	16.75	18.69	19.51	19.82

Note:

- For GPRS, 1 and 2 timeslots has been activated separately with power control level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
- For EGPRS, 1 and 2 timeslots has been activated separately with power control level 6(850 MHz band) and 5(1900 MHz band).

WCDMA Band 2

Mode	Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Average Output Power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency	Middle Frequency	High Frequency
WCDMA (Band II)	Normal	RMC12.2Kbps	1	20.85	20.96	20.67
		HSDPA	1	20.50	20.63	20.46
			2	20.52	20.49	20.48
			3	20.67	20.54	20.55
			4	20.47	20.47	20.38
		HSUPA	1	20.58	20.54	20.53
			2	20.50	20.51	20.46
			3	20.43	20.52	20.49
			4	20.62	20.57	20.66
			5	20.53	20.45	20.54
		HSPA+	1	20.45	20.43	20.59

WCDMA Band 5

Mode	Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Average Output Power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency	Middle Frequency	High Frequency
WCDMA (Band V)	Normal	RMC12.2Kbps	1	22.65	22.69	22.48
		HSDPA	1	22.01	22.05	22.07
			2	22.07	22.15	22.07
			3	22.11	22.03	22.13
			4	21.96	22.06	22.28
		HSUPA	1	21.97	22.01	22.11
			2	22.06	22.10	22.27
			3	22.11	22.01	22.26
			4	21.94	21.98	22.11
			5	22.02	22.02	22.07
		HSPA+	1	22.00	22.05	22.15

Note:

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.

LTE :**LTE Band 2**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	20.53	20.90	20.88
		1#3	20.58	20.87	20.86
		1#5	20.63	20.83	20.75
		3#0	20.55	20.92	20.71
		3#1	20.42	20.96	20.81
		3#3	20.40	20.98	20.85
		6#0	20.44	21.00	20.81
	16-QAM	1#0	20.57	20.92	20.71
		1#3	20.58	20.98	20.72
		1#5	20.52	20.96	20.69
		3#0	20.56	21.01	20.64
		3#1	20.54	21.09	20.61
		3#3	20.65	21.13	20.59
		6#0	20.58	21.23	20.55
3M	QPSK	1#0	20.64	21.32	20.52
		1#7	20.51	21.35	20.5
		1#14	20.52	21.27	20.49
		8#0	20.54	21.26	20.48
		8#4	20.68	21.24	20.46
		8#7	20.80	21.24	20.47
		15#0	20.86	21.24	20.48
	16-QAM	1#0	20.96	21.14	20.48
		1#7	21.01	21.22	20.5
		1#14	21.00	21.23	20.62
		8#0	21.01	21.30	20.65
		8#4	21.14	21.29	20.67
		8#7	21.24	21.22	20.73
		15#0	21.18	21.26	20.77

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.1	21.32	20.85
		1#12	21.13	21.37	20.82
		1#24	21.17	21.37	20.85
		12#0	21.22	21.46	20.83
		12#6	21.15	21.49	20.79
		12#11	21.08	21.51	20.71
		25#0	21.09	21.52	20.59
	16-QAM	1#0	21.07	21.51	20.6
		1#12	20.99	21.43	20.53
		1#24	20.98	21.37	20.49
		12#0	20.98	21.36	20.63
		12#6	20.96	21.43	20.72
		12#11	21.06	21.43	20.76
		25#0	21.02	21.54	20.66
10M	QPSK	1#0	21.16	21.52	20.64
		1#24	21.04	21.5	20.52
		1#49	21.06	21.49	20.49
		25#0	21.08	21.55	20.58
		25#12	21.06	21.59	20.68
		25#24	21.19	21.59	20.59
		50#0	21.11	21.56	20.48
	16-QAM	1#0	21.09	21.64	20.43
		1#24	20.99	21.66	20.39
		1#49	20.9	21.67	20.42
		25#0	20.92	21.68	20.41
		25#12	20.91	21.68	20.4
		25#24	20.87	21.74	20.44
		50#0	20.87	21.76	20.38

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
15M	QPSK	1#0	21	21.82	20.34
		1#37	20.92	21.82	20.32
		1#74	20.96	21.86	20.32
		36#0	20.97	20.65	20.29
		36#17	20.91	21.91	20.3
		36#35	20.96	21.82	20.34
		75#0	20.91	21.83	20.44
	16-QAM	1#0	21.05	21.81	20.45
		1#37	20.92	21.78	20.49
		1#74	20.99	21.72	20.43
		36#0	20.93	21.84	20.29
		36#17	20.98	21.92	20.31
		36#35	20.96	21.88	20.37
		75#0	20.92	21.75	20.36
20M	QPSK	1#0	20.92	21.95	20.31
		1#49	20.95	21.9	20.3
		1#99	21.06	21.88	20.22
		50#0	20.99	21.81	20.2
		50#24	20.91	21.75	20.16
		50#49	20.9	21.78	20.23
		100#0	20.91	21.77	20.22
	16-QAM	1#0	20.81	21.75	20.3
		1#49	20.68	21.78	20.41
		1#99	20.68	21.8	20.45
		50#0	20.65	21.78	20.46
		50#24	20.66	21.77	20.34
		50#49	20.75	21.83	20.25
		100#0	20.81	21.83	20.31

LTE Band 4

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	20.95	21.11	21.08
		1#3	21.01	21.19	20.98
		1#5	20.95	21.20	21.00
		3#0	20.92	21.06	21.08
		3#1	20.90	21.17	21.05
		3#3	20.97	21.09	21.07
		6#0	20.95	21.02	21.18
	16-QAM	1#0	20.98	20.97	21.23
		1#3	20.99	20.88	21.19
		1#5	21.00	20.78	21.22
		3#0	21.01	20.74	21.13
		3#1	21.01	20.83	21.16
		3#3	20.90	20.81	21.25
		6#0	20.87	20.91	21.23
3M	QPSK	1#0	20.91	20.96	21.16
		1#7	20.78	20.92	21.24
		1#14	20.70	20.94	21.10
		8#0	20.75	20.92	21.04
		8#4	20.75	20.93	21.09
		8#7	20.78	20.94	21.17
		15#0	20.66	21.02	21.24
	16-QAM	1#0	20.68	21.12	21.19
		1#7	20.72	21.10	21.24
		1#14	20.80	21.20	21.22
		8#0	20.88	21.23	21.21
		8#4	20.81	21.19	21.23
		8#7	20.83	21.21	21.36
		15#0	20.90	21.15	21.24

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	20.77	21.25	21.19
		1#12	20.90	21.38	21.23
		1#24	20.85	21.36	21.26
		12#0	20.84	21.30	21.31
		12#6	20.85	21.38	21.30
		12#11	20.97	21.41	21.42
		25#0	20.87	21.41	21.35
	16-QAM	1#0	20.83	21.37	21.39
		1#12	20.80	21.33	21.45
		1#24	20.81	21.36	21.48
		12#0	20.86	21.37	21.59
		12#6	20.73	21.33	21.61
		12#11	20.84	21.43	21.65
		25#0	20.83	21.42	21.56
10M	QPSK	1#0	20.86	21.34	21.55
		1#24	20.78	21.45	21.52
		1#49	20.88	21.42	21.60
		25#0	20.77	21.33	21.70
		25#12	20.81	21.47	21.71
		25#24	20.80	21.41	21.73
		50#0	20.77	21.48	21.81
	16-QAM	1#0	20.73	21.36	21.70
		1#24	20.76	21.27	21.73
		1#49	20.73	21.28	21.64
		25#0	20.85	21.31	21.70
		25#12	20.86	21.35	21.68
		25#24	20.84	21.39	21.64
		50#0	20.91	21.37	21.70

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
15M	QPSK	1#0	20.94	21.47	21.79
		1#37	21.06	21.45	21.79
		1#74	20.96	21.35	21.82
		36#0	20.97	21.35	21.72
		36#17	21.02	21.47	21.72
		36#35	20.93	21.45	21.65
		75#0	20.94	21.39	21.60
	16-QAM	1#0	21.05	21.35	21.59
		1#37	21.08	21.33	21.64
		1#74	21.06	21.32	21.76
		36#0	21.05	21.36	21.77
		36#17	21.03	21.36	21.76
		36#35	21.05	21.43	21.73
		75#0	21.13	21.40	21.70
20M	QPSK	1#0	21.62	21.89	21.71
		1#49	21.15	21.50	21.75
		1#99	21.15	21.44	21.71
		50#0	21.07	21.45	21.68
		50#24	21.01	21.35	21.61
		50#49	20.95	21.38	21.61
		100#0	21.08	21.32	21.63
	16-QAM	1#0	21.21	21.24	21.74
		1#49	21.23	21.28	21.88
		1#99	21.32	21.27	21.85
		50#0	21.32	21.18	21.84
		50#24	21.45	21.19	21.82
		50#49	21.50	21.14	21.79
		100#0	21.52	21.17	21.78

LTE Band 5

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	21.96	22.09	21.36
		1#3	21.98	22.01	21.49
		1#5	22.03	21.92	21.52
		3#0	22.02	21.81	21.50
		3#1	22.12	21.86	21.43
		3#3	22.21	21.92	21.42
		6#0	22.25	21.95	21.49
	16-QAM	1#0	22.14	21.87	21.49
		1#3	22.17	21.99	21.45
		1#5	22.23	21.93	21.45
		3#0	22.28	21.84	21.48
		3#1	22.31	21.90	21.38
		3#3	22.29	21.95	21.37
		6#0	22.24	22.00	21.41
3M	QPSK	1#0	22.15	21.97	21.38
		1#7	22.15	22.10	21.31
		1#14	22.03	22.02	21.31
		8#0	22.02	21.98	21.35
		8#4	22.07	21.98	21.33
		8#7	22.09	22.04	21.39
		15#0	22.02	22.01	21.40
	16-QAM	1#0	22.07	22.06	21.38
		1#7	22.06	22.17	21.42
		1#14	22.02	22.17	21.43
		8#0	22.01	22.06	21.51
		8#4	21.95	22.20	21.56
		8#7	21.98	22.23	21.56
		15#0	21.93	22.19	21.54

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.82	22.16	21.58
		1#12	21.82	22.21	21.60
		1#24	21.83	22.24	21.64
		12#0	21.82	22.33	21.62
		12#6	21.92	22.21	21.52
		12#11	21.95	22.32	21.45
		25#0	21.97	22.33	21.57
	16-QAM	1#0	21.98	22.32	21.64
		1#12	22.10	22.25	21.57
		1#24	22.16	22.28	21.69
		12#0	22.13	22.23	21.70
		12#6	22.15	22.33	21.68
		12#11	22.18	22.32	21.72
		25#0	22.26	22.31	21.78
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.28	22.37	22.21
		1#24	22.32	22.15	21.75
		1#49	22.25	22.25	21.72
		25#0	22.23	22.18	21.66
		25#12	22.15	22.12	21.65
		25#24	22.05	22.08	21.64
		50#0	21.94	22.07	21.60
	16-QAM	1#0	21.82	22.09	21.53
		1#24	21.69	22.13	21.63
		1#49	21.68	22.10	21.58
		25#0	21.76	22.06	21.48
		25#12	21.77	22.10	21.52
		25#24	21.80	22.12	21.54
		50#0	21.83	22.13	21.61

LTE Band 12

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	21.90	22.23	21.54
		1#3	21.88	22.26	21.53
		1#5	21.97	22.21	21.53
		3#0	21.90	22.27	21.39
		3#1	21.83	22.22	21.46
		3#3	21.79	22.08	21.46
		6#0	21.77	22.14	21.42
	16-QAM	1#0	21.75	22.24	21.45
		1#3	21.81	22.30	21.50
		1#5	21.86	22.37	21.49
		3#0	21.83	22.40	21.62
		3#1	21.83	22.47	21.63
		3#3	21.80	22.52	21.68
		6#0	21.79	22.57	21.72
3M	QPSK	1#0	21.90	22.65	21.72
		1#7	21.82	22.67	21.83
		1#14	21.84	22.70	21.75
		8#0	21.82	22.01	21.70
		8#4	21.76	22.70	21.68
		8#7	21.79	22.65	21.55
		15#0	21.83	22.61	21.51
	16-QAM	1#0	21.94	22.66	21.56
		1#7	21.98	22.56	21.54
		1#14	21.96	22.59	21.56
		8#0	21.97	22.50	21.60
		8#4	22.09	22.52	21.69
		8#7	22.02	22.53	21.78
		15#0	22.11	22.62	21.74

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	22.19	22.61	21.69
		1#12	22.26	22.52	21.66
		1#24	22.29	22.46	21.66
		12#0	22.37	22.42	21.79
		12#6	22.44	22.43	21.86
		12#11	22.40	22.38	21.80
		25#0	22.42	22.39	21.74
	16-QAM	1#0	22.38	22.50	21.74
		1#12	22.34	22.47	21.63
		1#24	22.28	22.49	21.56
		12#0	22.25	22.52	21.55
		12#6	22.30	22.47	21.57
		12#11	22.20	22.46	21.55
		25#0	22.26	22.43	21.56
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.19	22.75	21.64
		1#24	22.05	22.41	21.71
		1#49	22.00	22.49	21.65
		25#0	22.05	22.39	21.71
		25#12	22.10	22.42	21.70
		25#24	22.11	22.35	21.80
		50#0	22.15	22.43	21.80
	16-QAM	1#0	22.24	22.37	21.89
		1#24	22.35	22.32	21.94
		1#49	22.36	22.43	21.96
		25#0	22.34	22.51	21.96
		25#12	22.38	22.45	21.88
		25#24	22.35	22.45	21.88
		50#0	22.46	22.51	21.90

LTE Band 17

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.74	21.84	21.95
		1#12	21.72	21.73	21.92
		1#24	21.73	21.74	21.95
		12#0	21.78	21.71	21.93
		12#6	21.67	21.76	21.93
		12#11	21.65	21.79	21.95
		25#0	21.59	21.80	21.91
	16-QAM	1#0	21.56	21.89	21.89
		1#12	21.47	21.79	21.86
		1#24	21.55	21.79	21.75
		12#0	21.46	21.89	21.73
		12#6	21.58	21.97	21.74
		12#11	21.61	21.97	21.83
		25#0	21.72	21.95	21.88
10M	QPSK	1#0	21.70	21.92	21.87
		1#24	21.64	21.91	21.78
		1#49	21.58	21.91	21.65
		25#0	21.53	21.84	21.65
		25#12	21.57	21.77	21.67
		25#24	21.63	21.80	21.68
		50#0	21.54	21.68	21.63
	16-QAM	1#0	21.55	21.67	21.61
		1#24	21.59	21.73	21.71
		1#49	21.57	21.72	21.70
		25#0	21.56	21.72	21.74
		25#12	21.53	21.74	21.70
		25#24	21.62	21.66	21.70
		50#0	21.64	21.70	21.67

Note:

The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.

WLAN 2.4GHz:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	2412	1Mbps	15.16
	2437		15.31
	2462		15.38
802.11g	2412	6Mbps	10.78
	2437		12.71
	2462		12.75
802.11n-HT20	2412	MCS0	10.56
	2437		12.68
	2462		12.57
802.11n-HT40	2422	MCS0	9.29
	2437		10.19
	2452		10.29

Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
BDR (GFSK)	2402	5.90
	2440	5.65
	2480	4.94
EDR ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2402	5.18
	2440	5.07
	2480	4.32
EDR (8DPSK)	2402	5.29
	2440	5.07
	2480	4.44

BLE:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
Low	2402	5.77
Middle	2442	5.53
High	2480	4.81

WLAN 5.2GHz:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5180	6Mbps	12.58
	5200		12.19
	5240		13.24
802.11n-HT20	5180	MCS0	12.48
	5200		12.88
	5240		12.50
802.11n-HT40	5190	MCS0	13.76
	5230		14.23

WLAN 5.3GHz:

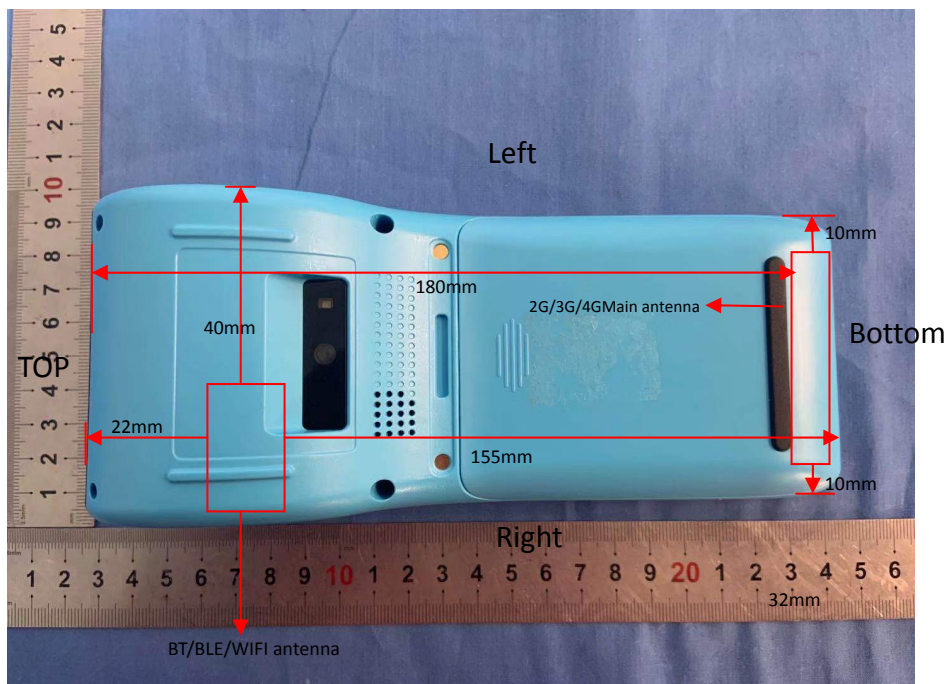
Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5260	6Mbps	12.39
	5280		13.12
	5320		12.85
802.11n-HT20	5260	MCS0	12.57
	5280		12.14
	5320		12.56
802.11n-HT40	5270	MCS0	12.96
	5310		12.37

WLAN 5.8GHz:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	5745	6Mbps	10.27
	5785		10.33
	5825		10.09
802.11n-HT20	5745	MCS0	10.40
	5785		10.29
	5825		10.06
802.11n-HT40	5755	MCS0	10.57
	5795		10.45

STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS

Antennas Location:



Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna	Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)					
	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
WWAN	<5	<5	10	10	180	<5
WIFI/BT	<5	<5	40	<5	22	155

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Test Exclusion Distance(mm)
GSM 850	848.8	31.0	1259	244
PCS 1900	1909.8	30.0	1000	140
WCDMA 2	1907.6	21.5	141	54
WCDMA 5	846.6	23.0	200	57
LTE Band 2	1900	22.0	158	55
LTE Band 4	1745	22.0	158	55
LTE Band 5	844	22.5	178	53
LTE Band 12	711	23.0	200	60
WLAN 2.4G Antenna	2462	16	40	21
WLAN 5.2G Antenna	5230	14.5	28	22
WLAN 5.3G Antenna	5280	13.5	22	18
WLAN 5.8G Antenna	5755	11	13	11

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
GSM 850	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required
PCS 1900	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WCDMA Band 2	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WCDMA Band 5	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 2	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 4	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 5	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band 12&17	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WLAN 2.4G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion
WLAN 5G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion

Distance< 50mm(To Edges)

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$$

$$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.
5. The Time based average Power is used for calculation

Distance > 50mm (To Edges)

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz.

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth Body	2480	6	3.98	5	1.2	3(1g)	YES
	2480	6	3.98	5	1.2	7.5(10g)	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$$

$$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Body	2480	6	3.98	5	0.167

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 10-g (W/kg)
BT Body	2480	6	3.98	5	0.067

Note: The bluetooth based Peak power for calculation.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$\left[\frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot$$

$$\left[\frac{f(\text{GHz})}{x} \right]$$

W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR. and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed diametric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.4-23.5℃	22.1-23.4℃	22.2-23.3 ℃	22.6-23.3 ℃	22.4-23.3 ℃
Relative Humidity:	62%	60%	55%	51%	58%
Test Date:	2021/01/08	2021/01/09	2021/01/10	2021/01/11	2021/01/12
Temperature:	22.4-23.6℃				
Relative Humidity:	52%				
Test Date:	2021/01/13				

The testing was performed by **Bard Liu and Chris Wang**

GSM:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
GSM850	Back(10mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.106	0.113	1.6	1#
GSM850	Front(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.928	0.985	4.0	2#
GSM850	Back(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.268	0.285	4.0	/
GSM850	Left Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.223	0.237	4.0	/
GSM850	Right Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.165	0.175	4.0	/
GSM850	Top Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.032	0.033	4.0	/
GSM850	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.6	GPRS 4 Tx slots	30.74	31	1.062	0.369	0.392	4.0	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
PCS1900	Back(10mm)	1880	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.48	30	1.127	0.239	0.269	1.6	3#
PCS1900	Front(0mm)	1880	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.48	30	1.127	1.500	1.691	4.0	/
PCS1900	Back(0mm)	1880	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.48	30	1.127	0.475	0.535	4.0	/
PCS1900	Left Side(0mm)	1880	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.48	30	1.127	0.077	0.087	4.0	/
PCS1900	Right Side(0mm)	1880	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.48	30	1.127	0.530	0.597	4.0	/
PCS1900	Bottom Side(0mm)	1850.2	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.21	30	1.199	1.820	2.183	4.0	/
PCS1900	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.48	30	1.127	1.940	2.187	4.0	4#
PCS1900	Bottom Side(0mm)	1909.8	GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.32	30	1.169	1.750	2.047	4.0	/

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

WCDMA:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WCDMA Band 2	Back(10mm)	1880	RMC	20.96	21.5	1.132	0.166	0.188	1.6	5#
WCDMA Band 2	Front(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.96	21.5	1.132	1.010	1.144	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 2	Back(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.96	21.5	1.132	0.400	0.453	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 2	Left Side(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.96	21.5	1.132	0.045	0.051	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 2	Right Side(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.96	21.5	1.132	0.358	0.405	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	RMC	20.96	21.5	1.132	1.470	1.665	4.0	6#

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WCDMA Band 5	Back(10mm)	836.4	RMC	22.69	23	1.074	0.118	0.127	1.6	#7
WCDMA Band 5	Front(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.69	23	1.074	0.979	1.051	4.0	#8
WCDMA Band 5	Back(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.69	23	1.074	0.369	0.396	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 5	Left Side(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.69	23	1.074	0.243	0.261	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 5	Right Side (0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.69	23	1.074	0.228	0.245	4.0	/
WCDMA Band 5	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.4	RMC	22.69	23	1.074	0.406	0.436	4.0	/

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSUPA/HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

LTE:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 2	Back(10mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.95	22	1.012	0.222	0.225	1.6	9#
LTE Band 2	Back(10mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.81	22	1.045	0.182	0.190	1.6	
LTE Band 2	Front(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.95	22	1.012	1.500	1.517	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Front(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.81	22	1.045	1.270	1.327	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Back(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.95	22	1.012	0.446	0.451	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Back(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.81	22	1.045	0.374	0.391	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Left Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.95	22	1.012	0.078	0.079	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Left Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.81	22	1.045	0.064	0.067	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Right Side (0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.95	22	1.012	0.530	0.536	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Right Side (0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.81	22	1.045	0.436	0.455	4.0	/
LTE Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	1RB	21.95	22	1.012	1.830	1.851	4.0	10#
LTE Band 2	Bottom Side(0mm)	1880	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.81	22	1.045	1.320	1.379	4.0	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 4	Back(10mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.129	0.132	1.6	11#
LTE Band 4	Back(10mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.45	22	1.135	0.114	0.129	1.6	/
LTE Band 4	Front(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	21.89	22	1.026	1.150	1.179	4.0	12#
LTE Band 4	Front(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.45	22	1.135	1.090	1.237	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Back(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.228	0.234	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Back(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.45	22	1.135	0.206	0.234	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Left Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.088	0.090	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Left Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.45	22	1.135	0.075	0.085	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Right Side (0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.305	0.313	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Right Side (0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.45	22	1.135	0.275	0.312	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Bottom Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	1RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.991	1.016	4.0	/
LTE Band 4	Bottom Side(0mm)	1732.5	QPSK	20	50%RB	21.45	22	1.135	0.883	1.002	4.0	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 5	Back(10mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.37	22.5	1.030	0.112	0.115	1.6	13#
LTE Band 5	Back(10mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.18	22.5	1.076	0.099	0.106	1.6	/
LTE Band 5	Front(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.37	22.5	1.030	0.931	0.959	4.0	14#
LTE Band 5	Front(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.18	22.5	1.076	0.886	0.954	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Back(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.37	22.5	1.030	0.340	0.350	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Back(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.18	22.5	1.076	0.284	0.306	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Left Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.37	22.5	1.030	0.238	0.245	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Left Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.18	22.5	1.076	0.191	0.206	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Right Side (0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.37	22.5	1.030	0.204	0.210	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Right Side (0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.18	22.5	1.076	0.168	0.181	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.37	22.5	1.030	0.539	0.555	4.0	/
LTE Band 5	Bottom Side(0mm)	836.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.18	22.5	1.076	0.469	0.505	4.0	/

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Back(10mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.75	23	1.059	0.083	0.088	1.6	15#
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Back(10mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	23	1.151	0.074	0.085	1.6	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Front(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.75	23	1.059	0.381	0.404	4.0	16#
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Front(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	23	1.151	0.338	0.389	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Back(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.75	23	1.059	0.179	0.190	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Back(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	23	1.151	0.155	0.178	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Left Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.75	23	1.059	0.097	0.103	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Left Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	23	1.151	0.086	0.099	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Right Side (0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.75	23	1.059	0.113	0.120	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Right Side (0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	23	1.151	0.092	0.105	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Bottom Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	1RB	22.75	23	1.059	0.308	0.326	4.0	/
LTE Band 12<E Band17	Bottom Side(0mm)	707.5	QPSK	10	50%RB	22.39	23	1.151	0.250	0.288	4.0	/

Note:

1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
2. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
3. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
4. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.
5. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
6. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is < 1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.
8. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

WLAN 2.4G:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN2.4G	Back(10mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	15.31	16	1.172	0.020	0.023	1.6	17#
WLAN2.4G	Front(0mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	15.31	16	1.172	0.064	0.075	4.0	18#
WLAN2.4G	Back(0mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	15.31	16	1.172	0.016	0.018	4.0	/
WLAN2.4G	Right Side(0mm)	2437	802.11b 1Mbps	15.31	16	1.172	0.030	0.036	4.0	/

WLAN 5.2G:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Back(10mm)	5230	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	14.23	14.5	1.064	0.306	0.326	1.6	19#
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5230	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	14.23	14.5	1.064	0.012	0.013	4.0	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5230	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	14.23	14.5	1.064	0.488	0.519	4.0	20#
WLAN5G	Right Side(0mm)	5230	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	14.23	14.5	1.064	0.033	0.036	4.0	

WLAN 5.3G:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Back(10mm)	5280	802.11a 6Mbps	13.12	13.5	1.091	0.330	0.360	1.6	21#
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5280	802.11a 6Mbps	13.12	13.5	1.091	0.013	0.014	4.0	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5280	802.11a 6Mbps	13.12	13.5	1.091	0.483	0.527	4.0	22#
WLAN5G	Right Side(0mm)	5280	8802.11a 6Mbps	13.12	13.5	1.091	0.034	0.037	4.0	/

WLAN 5.8G:

Band	Mode	Freq. (MHz) Position	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. (W/Kg)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)	Plot
WLAN5G	Back(10mm)	5755	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.57	11	1.104	0.178	0.197	1.6	23#
WLAN5G	Front(0mm)	5755	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.57	11	1.104	0.005	0.005	4.0	/
WLAN5G	Back(0mm)	5755	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.57	11	1.104	0.318	0.351	4.0	24#
WLAN5G	Right Side(0mm)	5755	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	10.57	11	1.104	0.039	0.043	4.0	/

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. KDB 248227 D01-SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM(801.11g/n20) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS(802.11b) is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, and the output power for DSSS is not less than that for OFDM.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Bluetooth	√	×
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Wi-Fi 2.4G	√	√
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Wi-Fi 5G	√	×

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		ΣSAR<1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 2.4G	Body Back	0.269	0.023	0.292

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		ΣSAR<1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 5G	Body Back	0.269	0.360	0.629

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		ΣSAR<1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(BT)	
WWAN+ Bluetooth	Body Back	0.269	0.167	0.436

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		Σ SAR< 4.0W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(Bluetooth)	
WWAN+ Bluetooth	Handheld Front	1.691	0.067	1.758
	Handheld Back	0.535	0.067	0.602
	Handheld Left	0.261	0.067	0.328
	Handheld Right	0.597	0.067	0.664
	Handheld Top	0.033	0.067	0.100
	Handheld Bottom	2.187	0.067	2.254

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		Σ SAR< 4.0W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 2.4G	Handheld Front	1.691	0.075	1.766
	Handheld Back	0.535	0.018	0.553
	Handheld Left	0.261	N/A	N/A
	Handheld Right	0.597	0.036	0.633
	Handheld Top	0.033	N/A	N/A
	Handheld Bottom	2.187	N/A	N/A

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		Σ SAR< 4.0W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 5G	Handheld Front	1.691	0.014	1.705
	Handheld Back	0.535	0.527	1.062
	Handheld Left	0.261	N/A	N/A
	Handheld Right	0.597	0.043	0.640
	Handheld Top	0.033	N/A	N/A
	Handheld Bottom	2.187	N/A	N/A

Conclusion:

1.Sum of SAR: Σ SAR $\leq$ 1.6 W/kg for 1g Body SAR,therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

2.Sum of SAR: Σ SAR $\leq$ 4 W/kg for 1g Body SAR,therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty	/	RSS	/	/	/	12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)	/	/	/	/	/	24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty	/	RSS	/	/	/	12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)	/	/	/	/	/	24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Please refer to the file document of RKSA201130001-20A

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

APPENDIX C SAR PLOTS OF SAR MEASUREMENT

1_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.853$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.153 W/kg

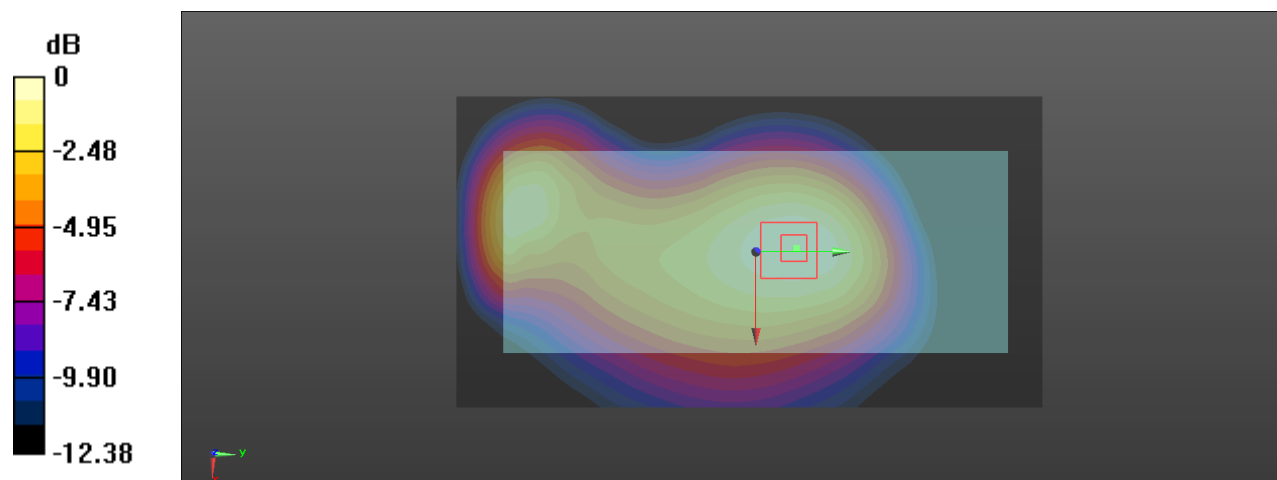
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 W/kg



0 dB = 0.147 W/kg = -8.33 dBW/kg

2_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Front_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.853$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.42 W/kg

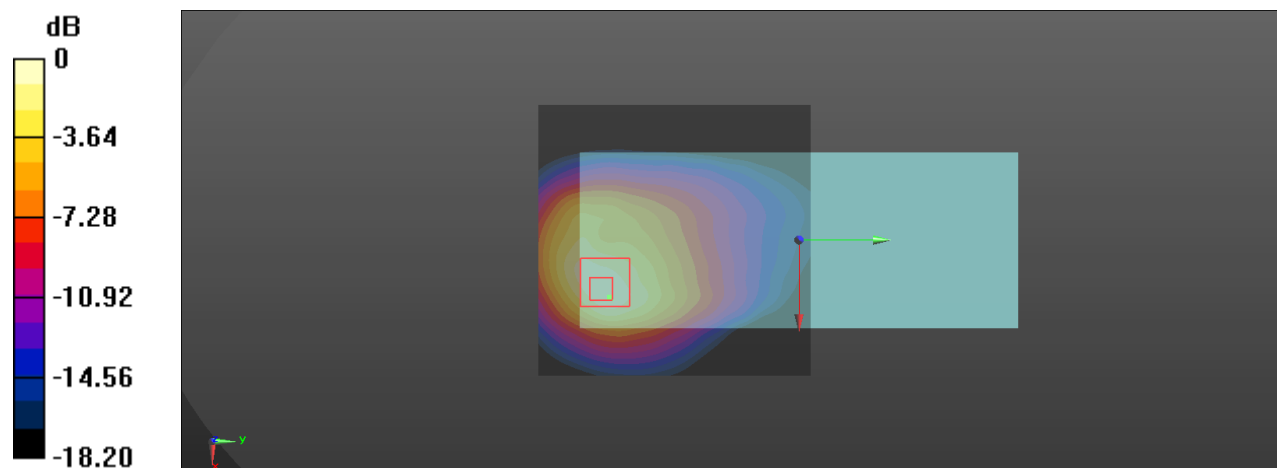
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.827 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.928 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.53 W/kg



0 dB = 2.53 W/kg = 4.03 dBW/kg

3_GSM1900_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.235$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 W/kg

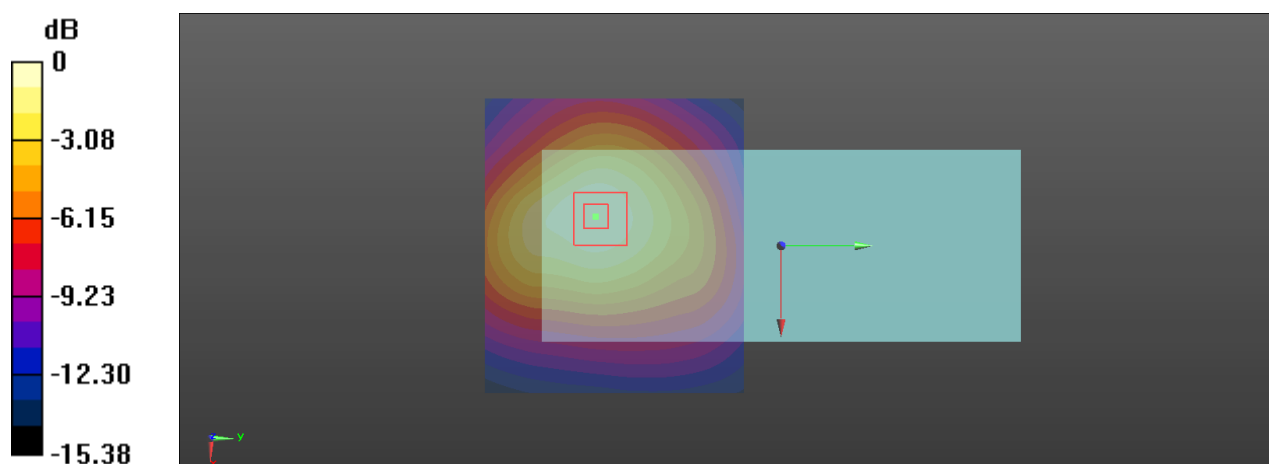
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.327 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.397 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg



0 dB = 0.337 W/kg = -4.72 dBW/kg

4_GSM1900_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.235$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.63 W/kg

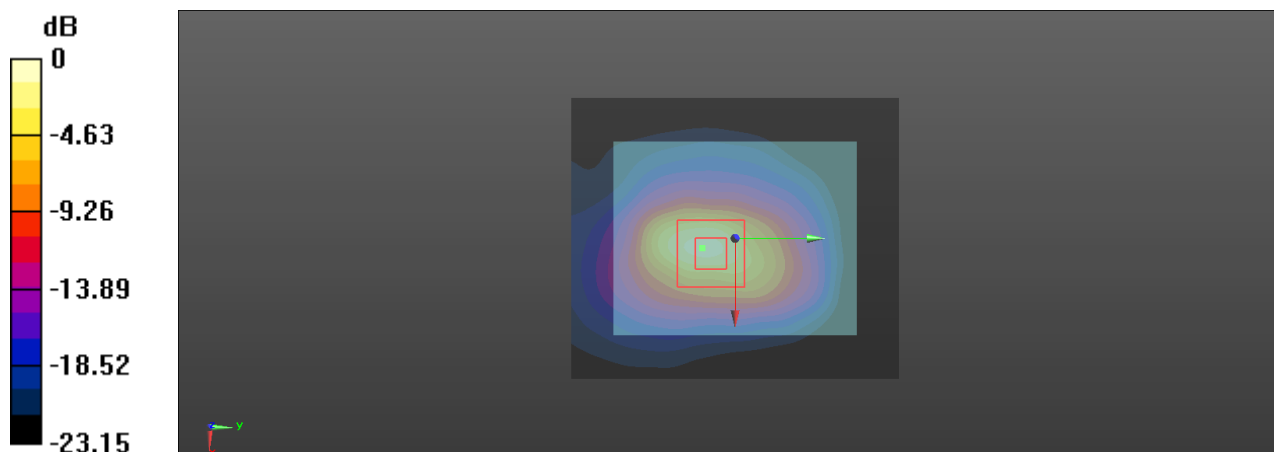
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.16 W/kg



0 dB = 8.16 W/kg = 9.12 dBW/kg

5_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 3G (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.235$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.239 W/kg

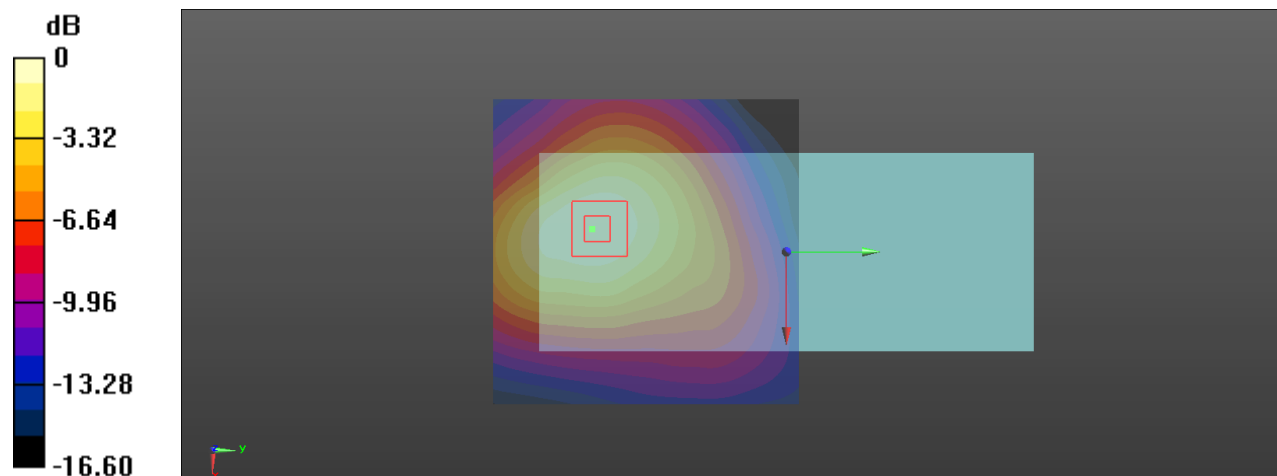
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.925 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.166 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



0 dB = 0.235 W/kg = -6.29 dBW/kg

6_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 3G (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.235$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.07 W/kg

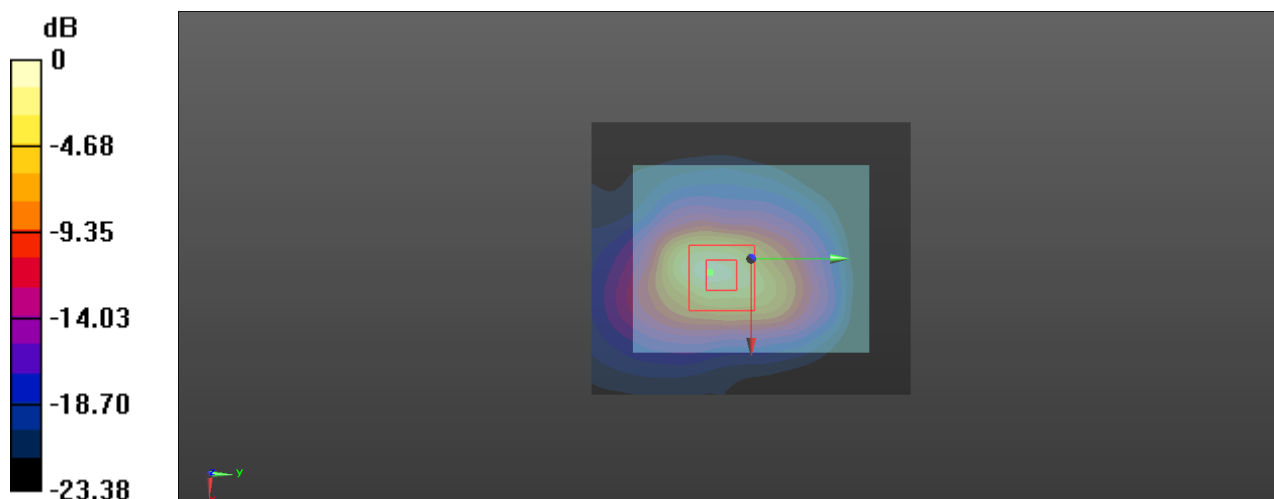
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.10 W/kg



0 dB = 6.10 W/kg = 7.85 dBW/kg

7_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 3G (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.853$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.162 W/kg

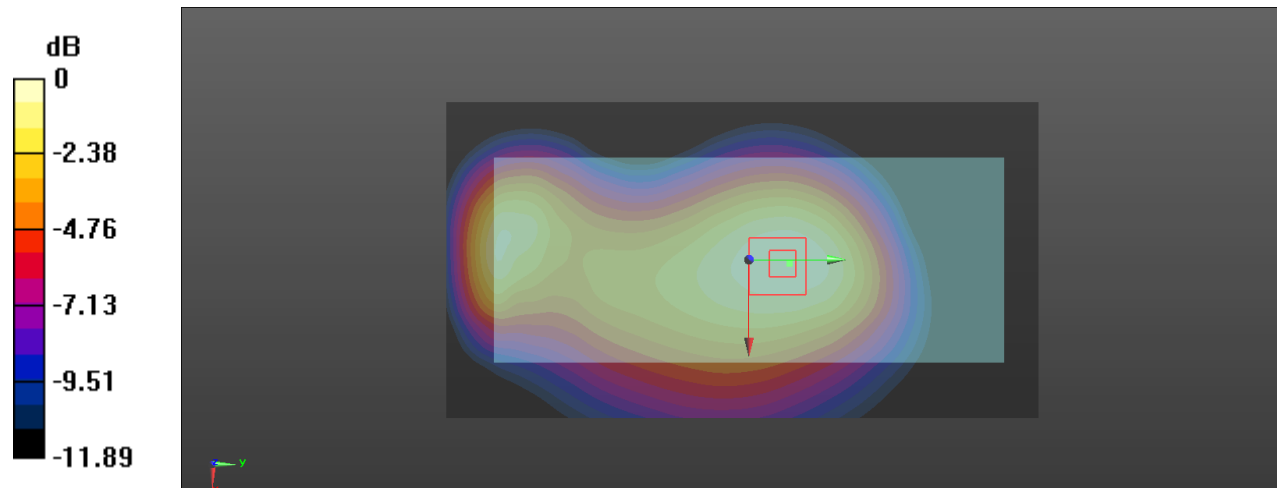
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 W/kg



0 dB = 0.162 W/kg = -7.90 dBW/kg

8_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_0mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 3G (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.853$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.48 W/kg

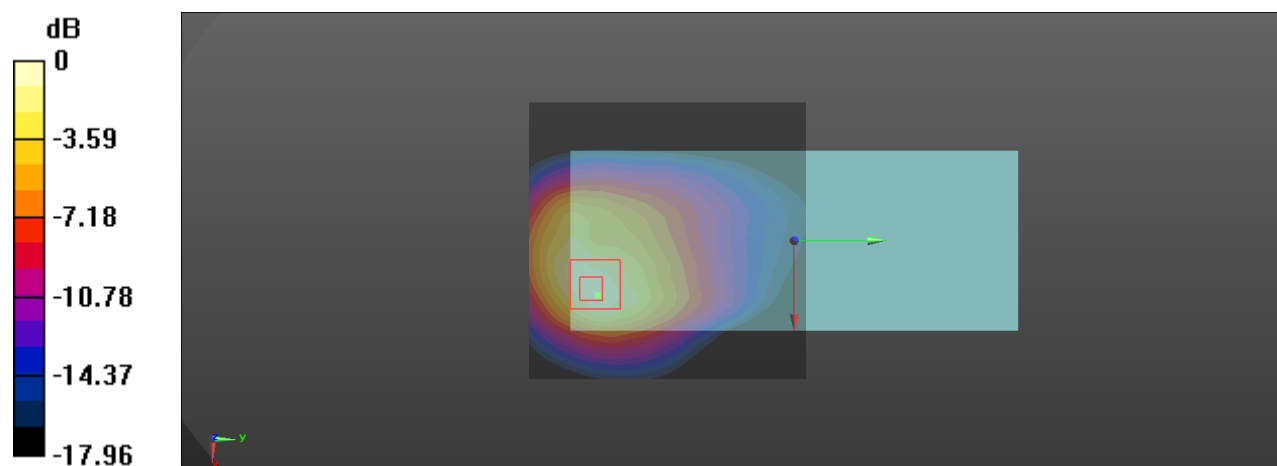
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.798 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.979 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



0 dB = 2.69 W/kg = 4.30 dBW/kg

9_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Back_10mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.235$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.312 W/kg

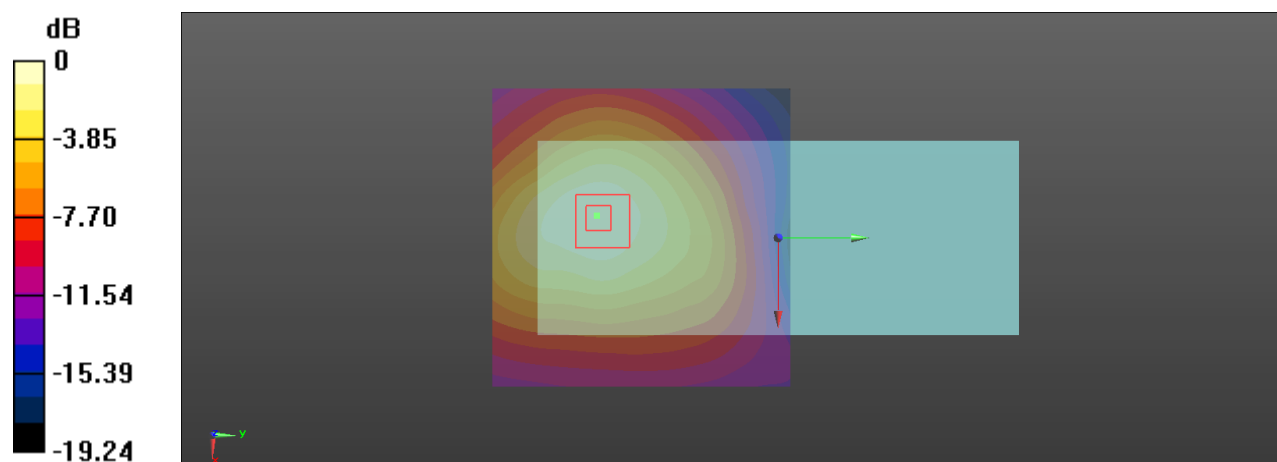
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.488 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



0 dB = 0.314 W/kg = -5.03 dBW/kg

10_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.235$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.64 W/kg

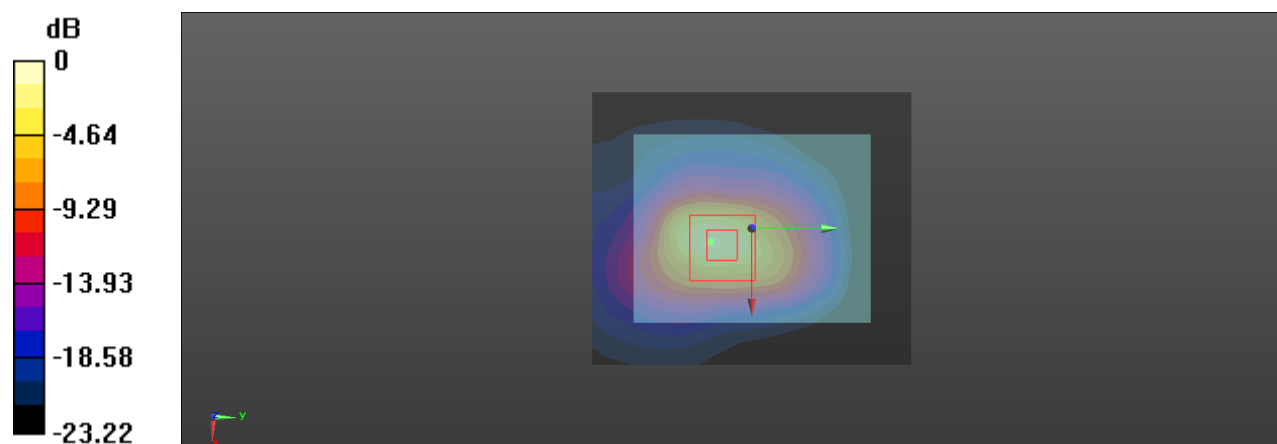
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 43.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.57 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 7.57 \text{ W/kg} = 8.79 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

11_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.346$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.198$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

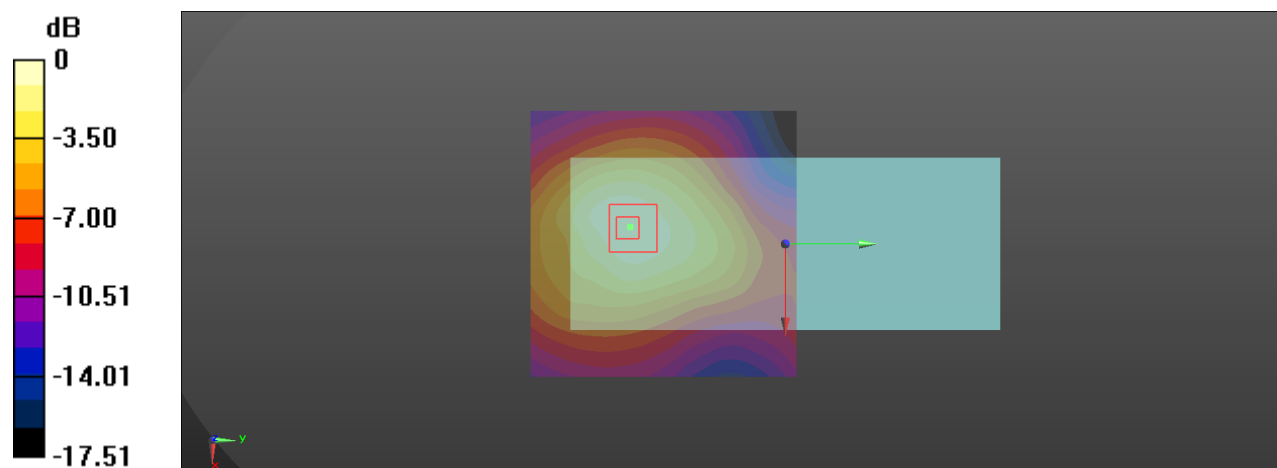
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.326 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.129 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg



0 dB = 0.177 W/kg = -7.52 dBW/kg

12_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Front_0mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.346$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.198$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.38 W/kg

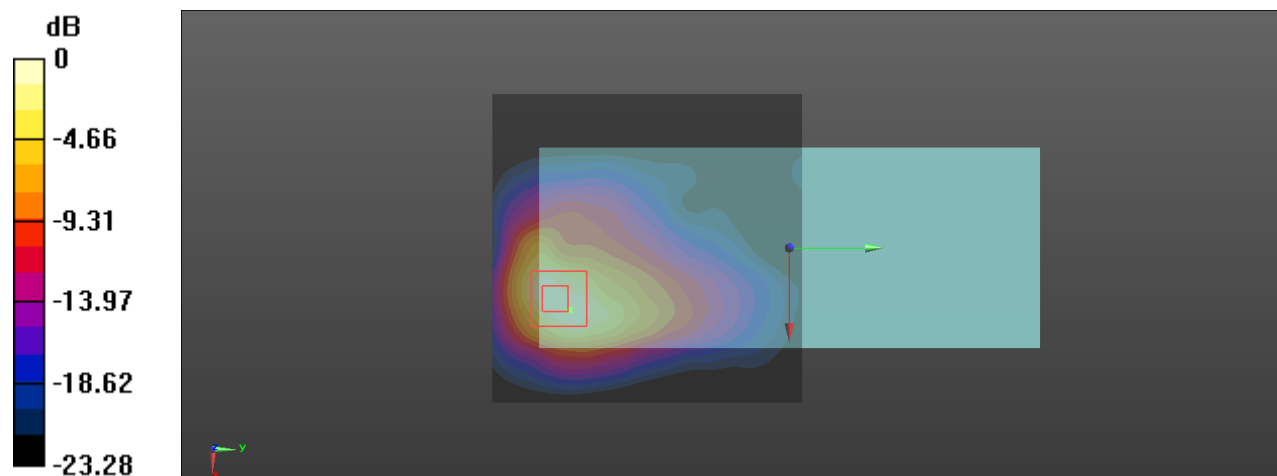
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.257 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.59 W/kg



0 dB = 3.59 W/kg = 5.55 dBW/kg

13_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.851$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.156 W/kg

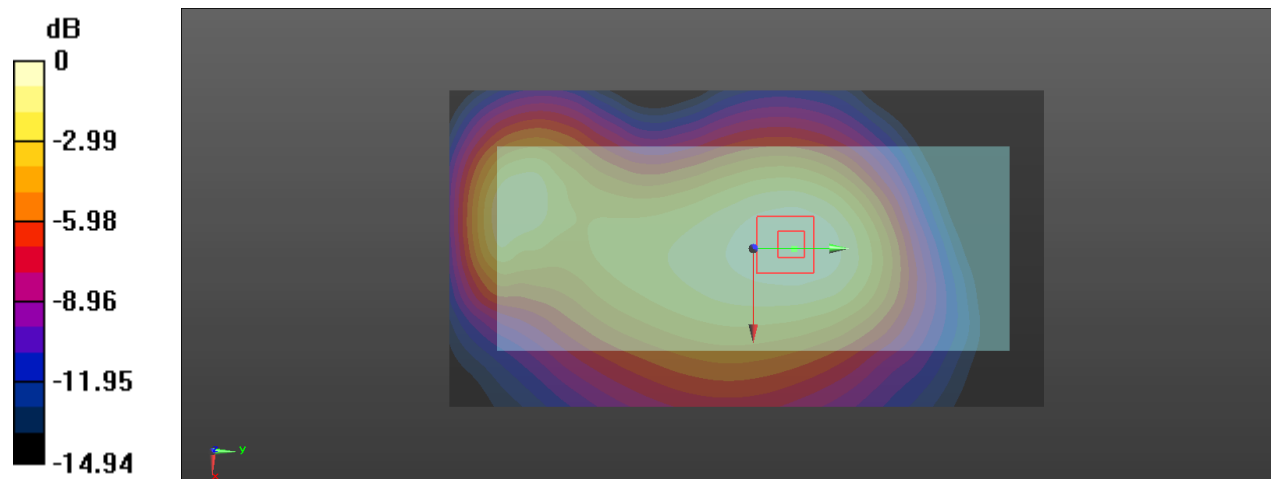
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.195 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.112 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg



0 dB = 0.158 W/kg = -8.01 dBW/kg

14_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Front_0mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.851$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.31 W/kg

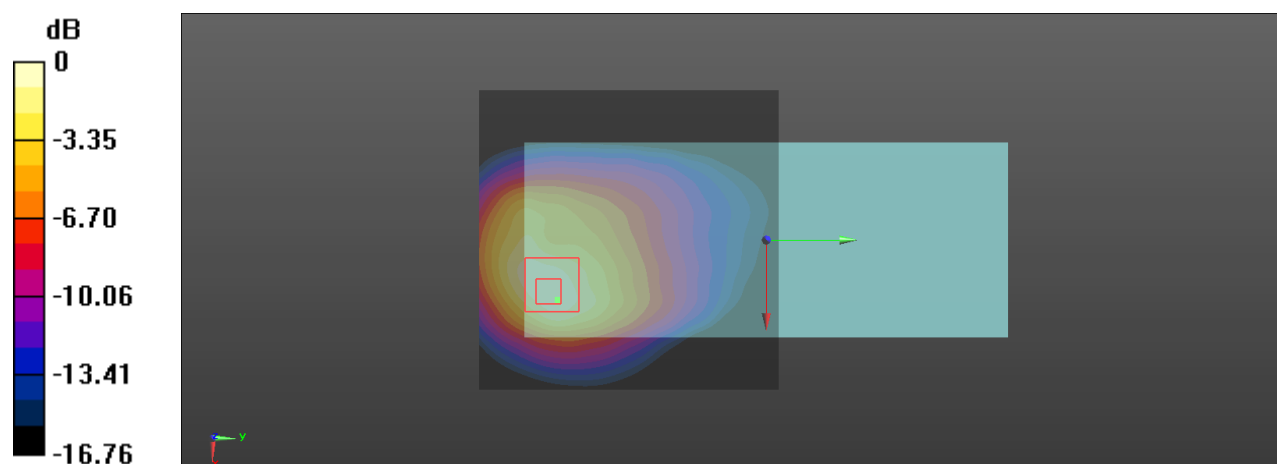
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.539 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.931 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 W/kg



0 dB = 2.49 W/kg = 3.96 dBW/kg

15_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.867$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.848$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.39, 10.39, 10.39); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.114 W/kg

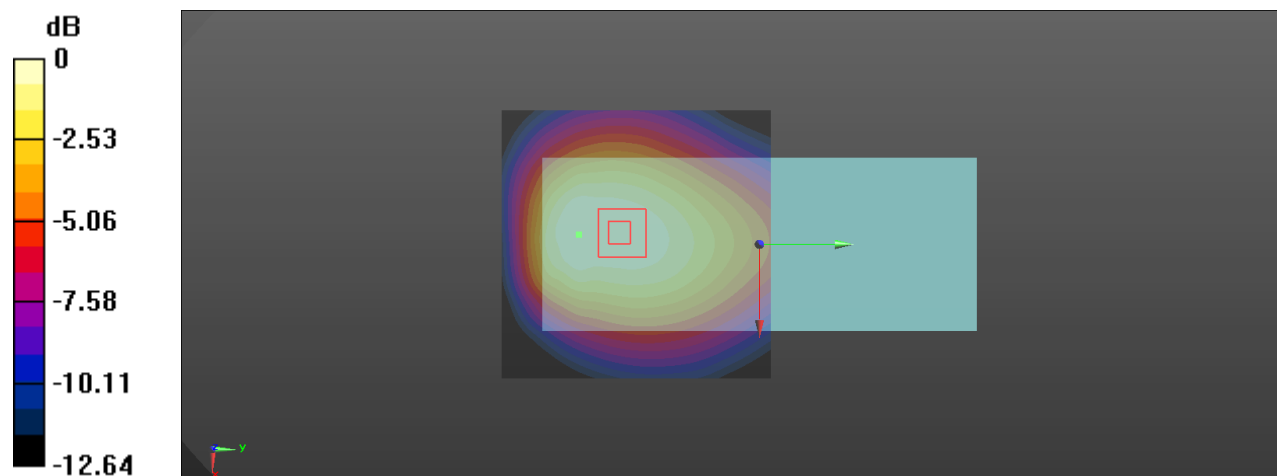
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.117 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.083 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 W/kg



0 dB = 0.107 W/kg = -9.71 dBW/kg

16_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Front_0mm_Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.867$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.848$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.39, 10.39, 10.39); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.959 W/kg

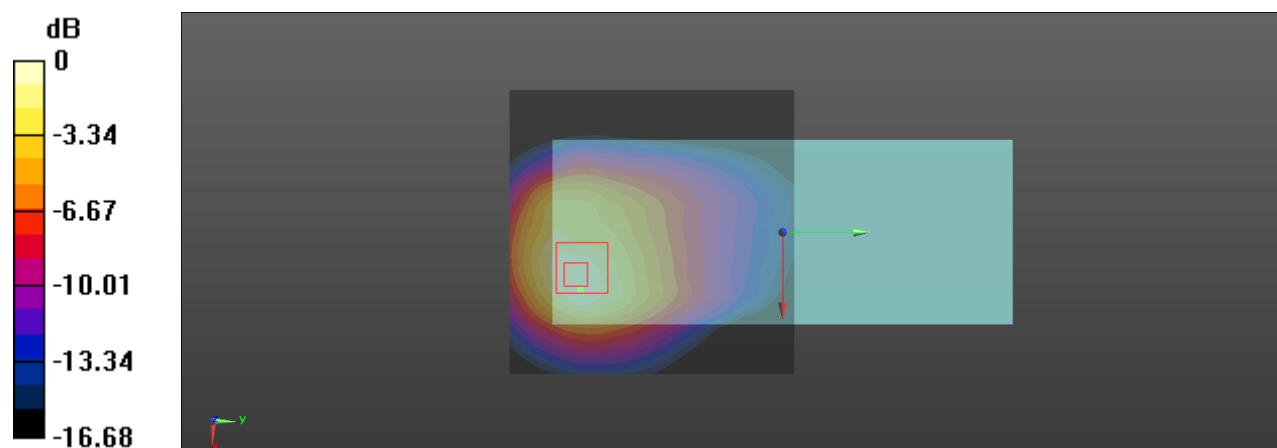
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.643 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.654 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.977 W/kg



0 dB = 0.977 W/kg = -0.10 dBW/kg

17_WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI2.4G (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.859 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.274$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x181x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0296 W/kg

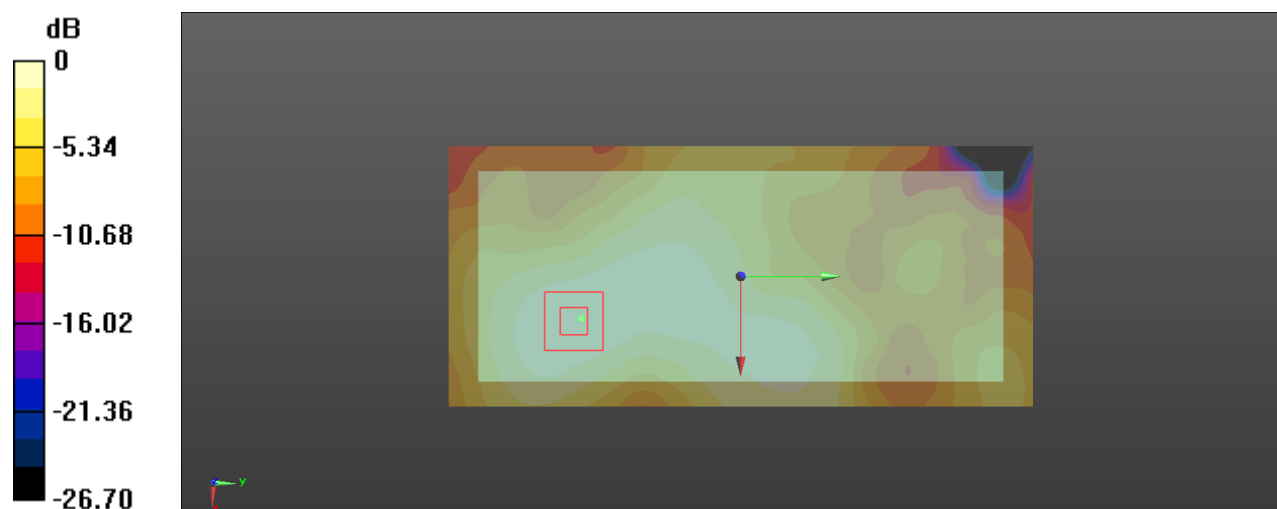
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.745 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0360 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0298 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 0.0298 \text{ W/kg} = -15.26 \text{ dBW/kg}$

18_WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Front_0mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI2.4G (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.859$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.274$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

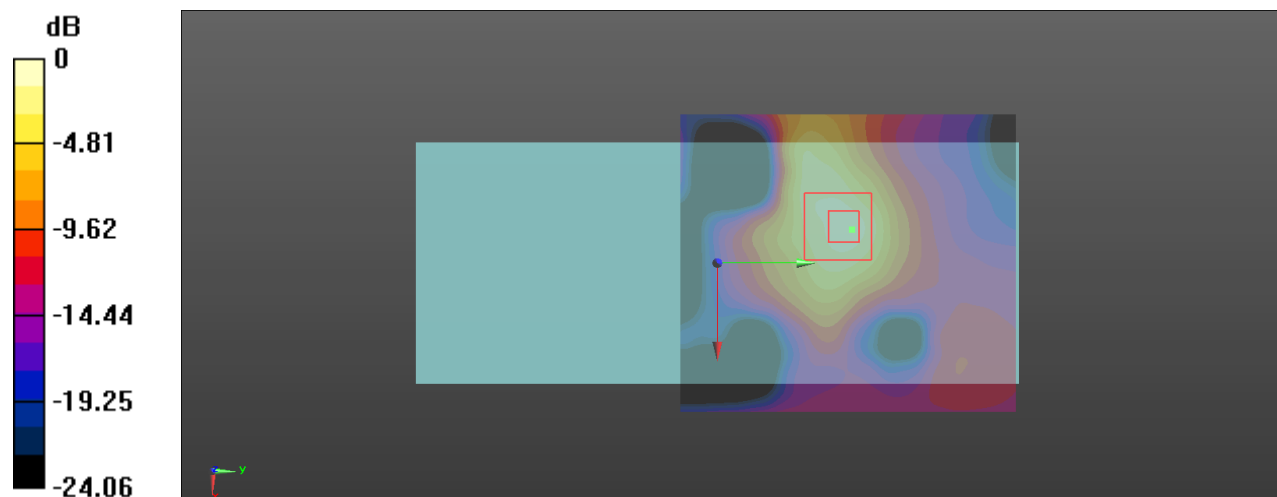
Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.854 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg



0 dB = 0.241 W/kg = -6.18 dBW/kg

19_WLAN 5.2GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch46

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5230 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.622 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.693 W/kg

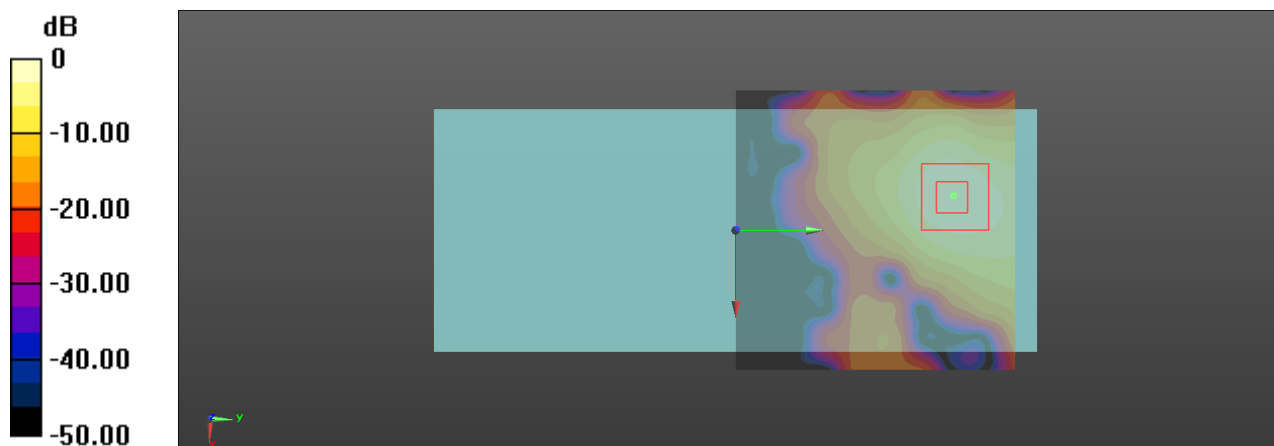
Zoom Scan (11x11x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.683 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 0.683 \text{ W/kg} = -1.66 \text{ dBW/kg}$

20_WLAN 5.2GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_0mm_Ch46

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5230 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.622 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.94 W/kg

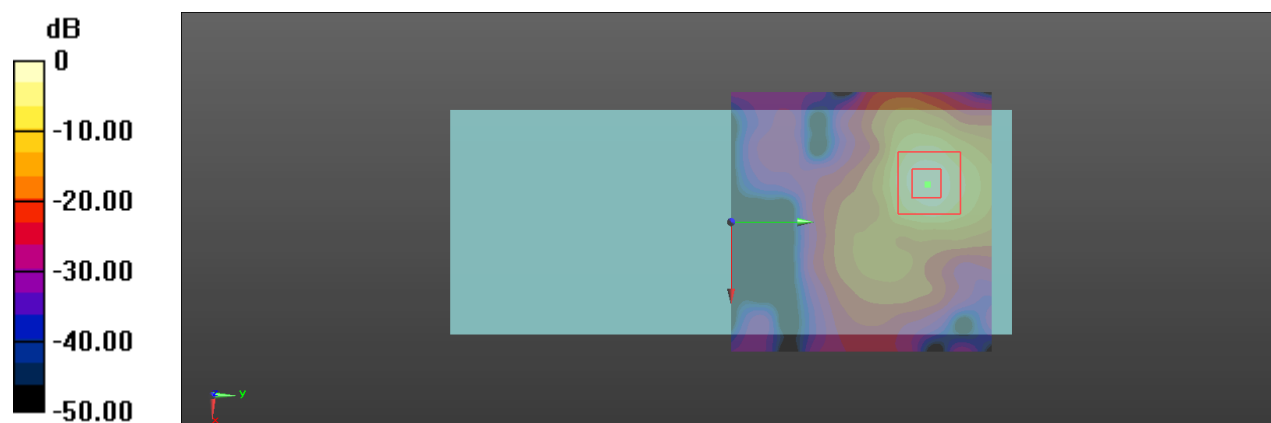
Zoom Scan (10x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.7480 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.71 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.488 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.25 W/kg



0 dB = 4.25 W/kg = 6.28 dBW/kg

21_WLAN 5.3GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch56

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5280$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.671$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.196$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.743 W/kg

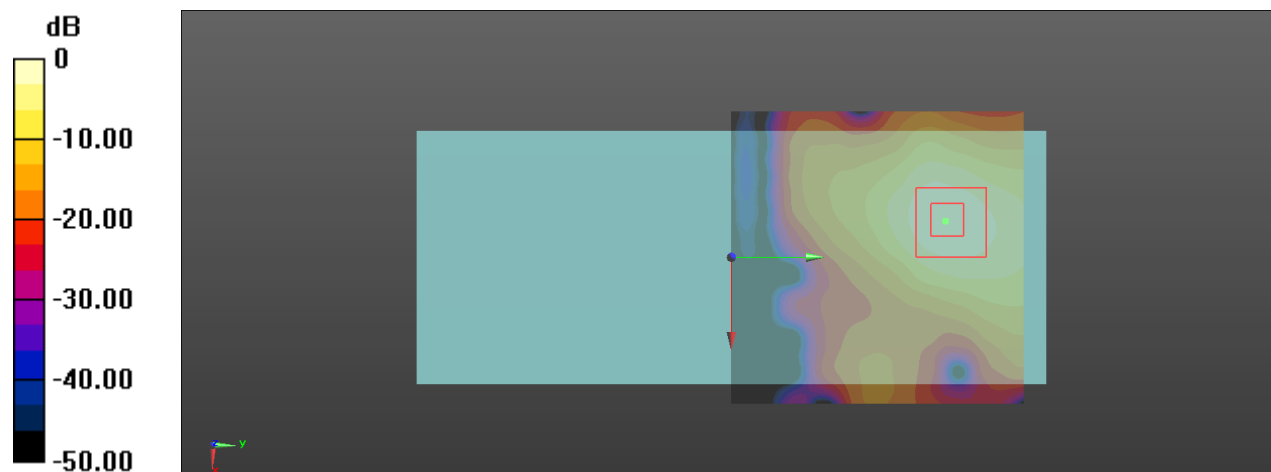
Zoom Scan (11x11x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.752 W/kg



0 dB = 0.752 W/kg = -1.24 dBW/kg

22_WLAN 5.3GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_0mm_Ch56

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5280$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.671$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.196$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.94 W/kg

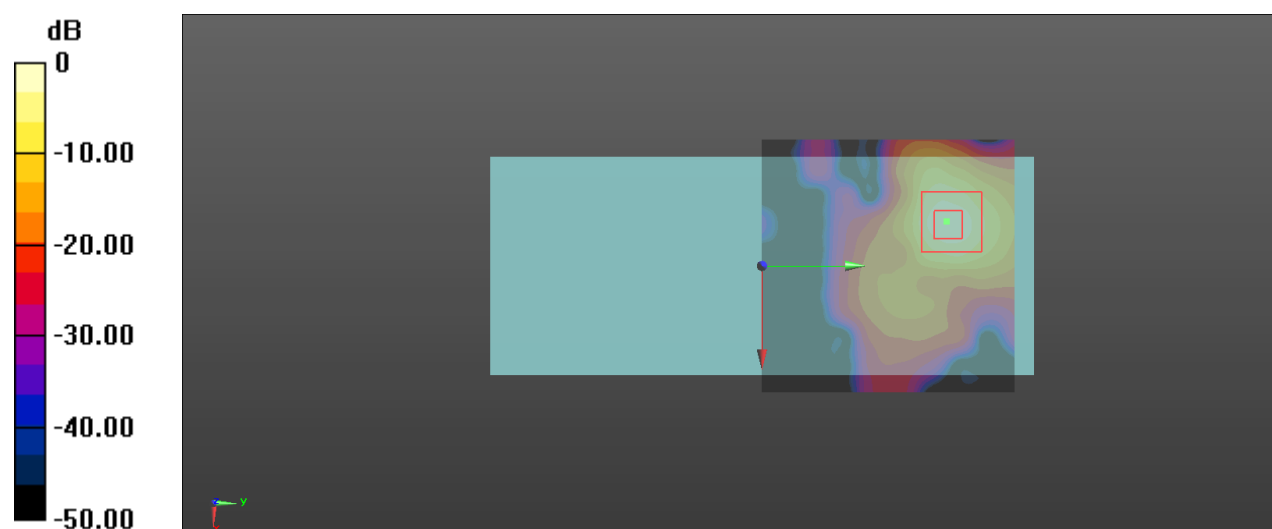
Zoom Scan (11x11x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 0.6120 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.483 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.20 W/kg



0 dB = 4.20 W/kg = 6.23 dBW/kg

23_ WLAN 5.8GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_10mm_Ch151

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5755 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5755$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.161$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.538$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.468 W/kg

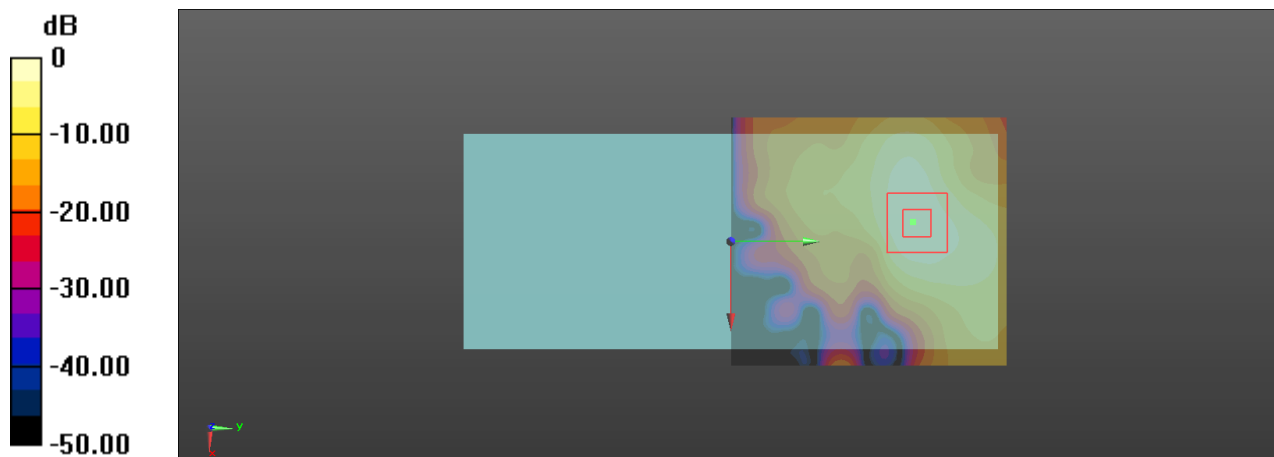
Zoom Scan (11x11x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 0.5530 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.772 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 W/kg



0 dB = 0.418 W/kg = -3.79 dBW/kg

24_ WLAN 5.8GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Back_0mm_Ch151

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5755 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5755 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.161 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.538$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 W/kg

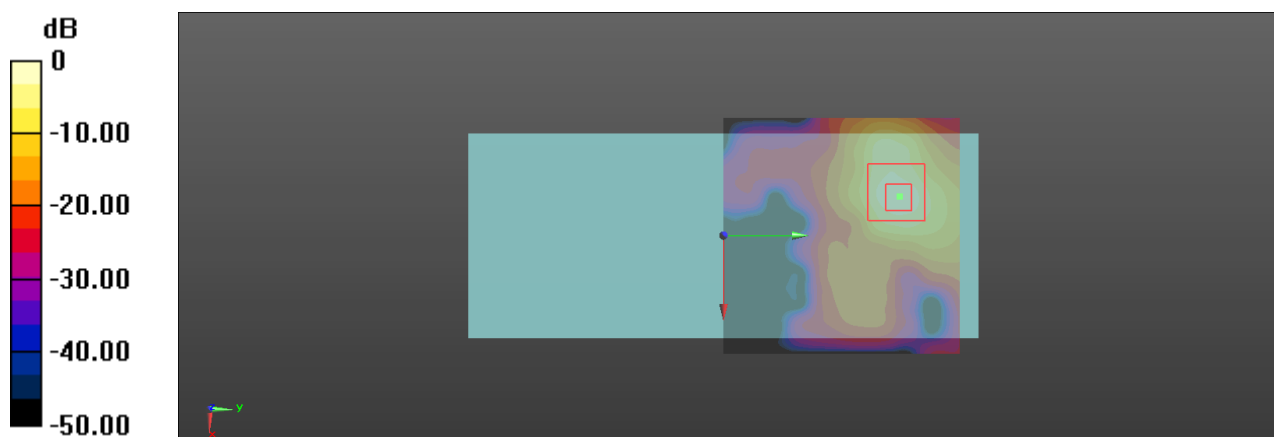
Zoom Scan (11x11x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.318 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 2.94 \text{ W/kg} = 4.68 \text{ dBW/kg}$

APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please refer to the file document of RKSA201130001-20A

APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES.

******* END OF REPORT *******