## RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min.test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

• f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

• Power and distance are rounded to the nearest  $\mathsf{m} \mathsf{W}$  and  $\mathsf{m} \mathsf{m}$  before calculation

• The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2440 MHz 1.54 dBm (1.43mW) output power]

 $(1.43 \text{mW} / 5 \text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.440} (\text{GHz})] = 0.45 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}$ Then SAR evaluation is not required