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SAR Compliance Test Report

Testing Lab:	Research In Motion Limited 305 Phillip Street Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2L 3W8 Phone: 519-888-7465 Fax: 519-888-6906 Web site: www.rim.net	Applicant:	Research In Motion Limited 295 Phillip Street Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2L 3W8 Phone: 519-888-7465 Fax: 519-888-6906 Web site: www.rim.net
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Statement of Compliance: Research In Motion Limited, declares under its sole responsibility that the product to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

Device Category: This wireless handheld is a portable device, designed to be used in direct contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in an approved holster when carried on the user's body.

RF exposure environment: This wireless portable device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, and reproduced in RSS-102 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-1991, IEEE 1528-2003 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6.

Approved by:

Signatures

Date

Paul G. Cardinal, Ph.D.
Manager, Compliance & Certification




Tested and documented by:

Daoud Attayi
Compliance Specialist




August 17, 2004

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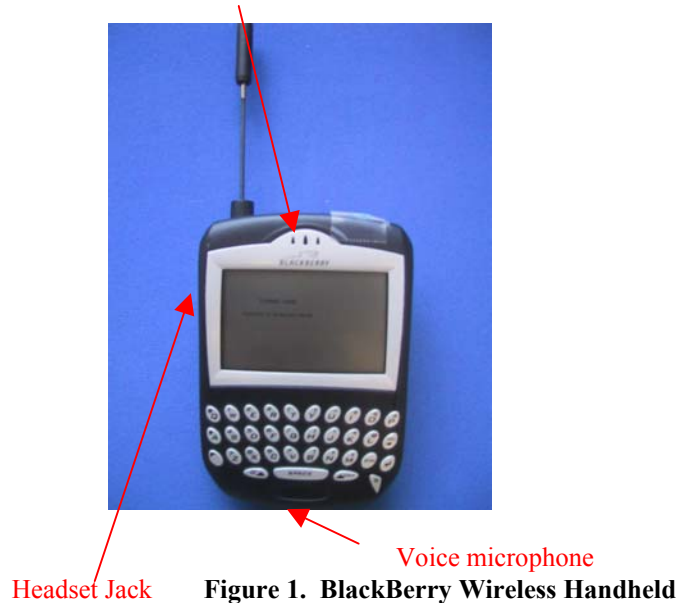
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1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

1.1 Pictures of Handheld Audio output



1.2 Antenna description

Type	External whip antenna
Location	Left side
Configuration	Helix

Table 1. Antenna description


1.3 Handheld description

Handheld Model	RAL10IN	
FCC ID	L6ARAL10IN	
Serial Number	332B2-418X6	
Prototype or Production Unit	Pre-production	
Mode(s) of Operation	PSTN (Phone) / Data-Mode	Push-To-Talk mode
Modulation Mode(s)	TDMA 16QAM	TDMA 16QAM
Maximum pulsed average conducted RF Output Power	28.50 dBm	28.50 dBm
Tolerance in Power Setting	±1.60 dB	±1.60 dB
Duty Cycle	2:6	1:6

Table 2. Test device description

Note:

In this test report only body-worn SAR compliance results are demonstrated with two new foam holsters.

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1.4 Body worn accessories

Holster

In addition to the plastic holster / leather swivel holster that were tested and submitted under file number RIM-0057-0309-01, the following two new foam holsters are designed to be used with the BlackBerry Wireless Handheld.


The handheld can be slid into the holster either facing towards body or facing away from body.

The worst case SAR is determined to be for back side of handheld facing towards body.



Figure 2. Body-worn Vertical Holster HDW-06620-003 and Horizontal Holster HDW-06619-003

The device-to-phantom spacing when the handheld is in the holster is 15 mm as shown in the bottom portion of Figure 2.

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1.5 Headsets

The RIM Blackberry Wireless handheld was tested with (for worst case scan) and without headset model number HDW-03458-001. It was found that the SAR values were lower while the headset was attached as shown in the Table 15

1.6 Battery

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld FCC ID L6ARAL10IN has been tested with three battery options:

BAT-03087-001- Manufactured by GS Melcotec, 1000 mAh

BAT-03487-002- Manufactured by Sanyo, 1000 mAh

BAT-06532-001- Manufactured by GS Melcotec, 1425 mAh (Higher capacity)

1.7 Procedure used to establish the test signal

The units are loaded with SW so that it could be set to transmit at maximum power and duty cycle without the need of a base station for iDEN. The SW is called BERBUG. To run the test, the following BERBUG commands are used which can be typed in with the keypad on the unit.

When the battery is installed, a berbug prompt will appear on the LCD. Then proceed with the following.

- tx fre XXX.XXXX (this set the transmit frequency, low band = 806.0125 MHz, midband = 815.500 MHz, high band = 824.9875 MHz)
- tx pse (this set transmitter in pseudo training mode)
- frame 3 (this set the transmitter to transmit 2 slots per frame. "frame 6" will cause the transmitter to transmit 1 slot per frame.)
- mode tx (this set the transmitter to transmit)


2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 SAR measurement system

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
- An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A DAE module which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

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2.2 Description of the test setup

Before a SAR test is conducted the Handheld and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

2.2.1 Handheld and base station simulator setup

The handhelds are loaded with a SW to transmit at maximum power and duty cycle without the need of a base station simulator. The SW is called BERBUG. When the battery is installed, a berbug prompt will appear on the LCD. Then proceed with the steps outlined in Section 1.6 of this report.


2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows 2000.
- Start DASY4 software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop. Once the software loads, click on the Change to Robot toolbar button to open the State and Robot Monitoring Windows.
- Once the DASY State dialog opens you can ignore all errors and click OK to open the Robot Monitoring window.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe and click the align probe in the light beam button to correct the probe offset.
- Open a program and configure it to the proper parameters
- Establish a connection between the Handheld and the communications test instrument. Place the Handheld on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

3.1 Probe Specification

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fiber for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

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Property	Data
Frequency range	30 MHz – 3 GHz
Linearity	± 0.1 dB
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	$\leq \pm 0.2$ dB
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	± 0.4 dB
Dynamic Range	5 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe positioning repeatability	± 0.2 mm
Spatial resolution	< 0.125 mm ³

Table 4. Probe specification

3.2 Probe calibration and measurement errors

The probe was calibrated on 09/10/2003 with an accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D.


4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR evaluation, the measurements were validated using the dipole validation kit and a flat phantom. A power level of 1.0 W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are satisfactory.

4.1 System accuracy verification for head adjacent use

f (MHz)	Limits / Measured	SAR (W/kg) 1 g / 10 g	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp (°C)
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
	Measured	9.81 / 6.46	43.5	0.91	22.0
	Recommended Limit	9.60 / 6.24	43.3	0.91	N/A

Table 5. System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)

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5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fiberglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

- Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom


The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with free standing robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.



Figure 4
SAM Twin Phantom

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6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTY

6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids for 800-900 MHz and 1800-1900 MHz are shown in the table below.

INGREDIENT	MIXTURE – 800-900 MHz		MIXTURE – 1800-1900 MHz	
	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %
Water	51.07	65.45	54.88	69.91
Sugar	47.31	34.31	0	0
Salt	1.15	0.62	0.21	0.13
HEC	0.23	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.24	0.10	0	0
DGBE	0	0	44.91	29.96

Table 7. Tissue simulant recipe

6.1.1 Equipment


Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
Hart Scientific	Digital Thermometer	61161-302	21352860	15/09/2004
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A

Table 8. Tissue simulant preparation equipment

6.1.2 Preparation procedure

800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose**, the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add **Sugar**. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

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1800-1900 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **salt** and **Glycol**. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are show in the table below. Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528/D1.2: “ Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, SPEAG dipole calibration certificates and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at <http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh>


f (MHz)	Tissue Type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp (°C)
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
	Head	Measured	43.5	0.91	22.0
		Recommended Limits	43.3	0.91	N/A
	Muscle	Measured	53.8	0.98	22.2
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	N/A

Table 9. Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid

6.2.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	27/07/2005
Agilent Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Dell	PC using GPIB card	GX110	347	N/A
Hart Scientific	Digital Thermometer	61161-302	21352860	15/09/2004

Table 10. Equipment required for electrical parameter measurements

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Test Configuration

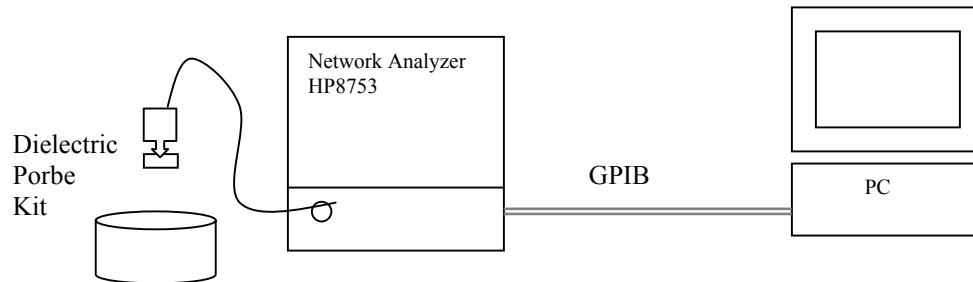


Figure 6: Test configuration

6.2.3 Procedure


1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with $>8\text{mm}$ thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' ; ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = \epsilon'$ and conductivity can be calculated from ϵ''

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample ($\sim 50\text{ml}$) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
14. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).

Sample calculation for 835 MHz head tissue dielectric parameters using data from Table 11.

Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = \epsilon' = 43.49$

Conductivity $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = 2 \times 3.1416 \times 835 \times 10^6 \times 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \times 19.60 = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$

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Title
SubTitle


August 11, 2004 05:11 PM

Title
SubTitle

August 11, 2004 05:17 PM

Frequency	e'	e''	Frequency	e'	e''
800.000000 MHz	43.5363	19.6014	800.000000 MHz	53.5300	21.1865
801.000000 MHz	43.5462	19.5915	801.000000 MHz	53.5415	21.2063
802.000000 MHz	43.5589	19.5918	802.000000 MHz	53.5388	21.1687
803.000000 MHz	43.5527	19.6028	803.000000 MHz	53.5418	21.1801
804.000000 MHz	43.5574	19.6325	804.000000 MHz	53.5734	21.1759
805.000000 MHz	43.5529	19.6103	805.000000 MHz	53.5727	21.1603
806.000000 MHz	43.5728	19.5975	806.000000 MHz	53.5521	21.1686
807.000000 MHz	43.5294	19.6298	807.000000 MHz	53.5464	21.1547
808.000000 MHz	43.5579	19.6091	808.000000 MHz	53.5292	21.1562
809.000000 MHz	43.5283	19.6321	809.000000 MHz	53.5439	21.1521
810.000000 MHz	43.5410	19.6322	810.000000 MHz	53.5589	21.1648
811.000000 MHz	43.5452	19.6401	811.000000 MHz	53.5480	21.1360
812.000000 MHz	43.5401	19.5965	812.000000 MHz	53.5730	21.1451
813.000000 MHz	43.5550	19.6230	813.000000 MHz	53.5724	21.1294
814.000000 MHz	43.5627	19.6244	814.000000 MHz	53.5971	21.1217
815.000000 MHz	43.5633	19.6009	815.000000 MHz	53.6214	21.0973
816.000000 MHz	43.5447	19.6422	816.000000 MHz	53.6246	21.1083
817.000000 MHz	43.5475	19.6073	817.000000 MHz	53.6247	21.1260
818.000000 MHz	43.5454	19.6492	818.000000 MHz	53.6542	21.1164
819.000000 MHz	43.5205	19.6115	819.000000 MHz	53.6650	21.0856
820.000000 MHz	43.5397	19.6150	820.000000 MHz	53.6683	21.0965
821.000000 MHz	43.5199	19.6135	821.000000 MHz	53.6780	21.0939
822.000000 MHz	43.5723	19.6020	822.000000 MHz	53.6711	21.0917
823.000000 MHz	43.5420	19.6197	823.000000 MHz	53.6660	21.0944
824.000000 MHz	43.5399	19.6238	824.000000 MHz	53.6944	21.1128
825.000000 MHz	43.5507	19.6349	825.000000 MHz	53.6953	21.0855
826.000000 MHz	43.5541	19.5840	826.000000 MHz	53.7229	21.0708
827.000000 MHz	43.5480	19.6106	827.000000 MHz	53.7112	21.0703
828.000000 MHz	43.4953	19.5868	828.000000 MHz	53.7156	21.0529
829.000000 MHz	43.5089	19.6077	829.000000 MHz	53.7280	21.0880
830.000000 MHz	43.4973	19.6146	830.000000 MHz	53.7288	21.0607
831.000000 MHz	43.5191	19.5904	831.000000 MHz	53.7439	21.0726
832.000000 MHz	43.5144	19.5847	832.000000 MHz	53.7386	21.0587
833.000000 MHz	43.5085	19.6111	833.000000 MHz	53.7723	21.0306
834.000000 MHz	43.5108	19.5927	834.000000 MHz	53.7289	21.0636
835.000000 MHz	43.4895	19.6024	835.000000 MHz	53.7563	21.0488
836.000000 MHz	43.4889	19.5743	836.000000 MHz	53.7405	21.0058
837.000000 MHz	43.4981	19.5433	837.000000 MHz	53.7000	21.0157
838.000000 MHz	43.4507	19.5713	838.000000 MHz	53.7406	21.0071
839.000000 MHz	43.4696	19.5376	839.000000 MHz	53.7170	21.0329
840.000000 MHz	43.4280	19.5849	840.000000 MHz	53.7409	21.0083

Table 11. 835 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameter data

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7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP (1998) Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)


Table 12. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP (1998) Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any "x" g of tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00

Table 13. SAR safety limits

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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8.0 DEVICE POSITIONING

8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Handheld was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY4 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

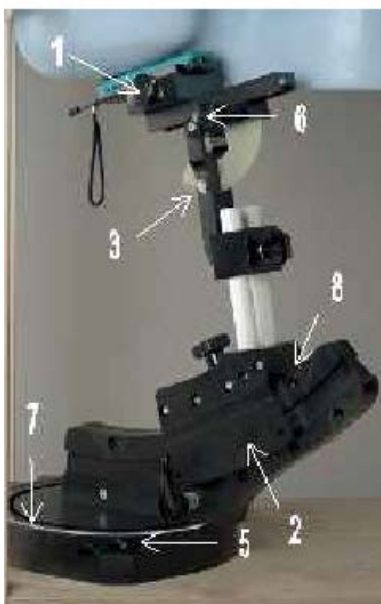



Figure 6
Device Holder

1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the ear piece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).
2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90°. Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the ear piece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and back sides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0°.
3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).
4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the ear piece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.

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5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.
6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking.
(The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

8.2 Description of the test positioning

8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the “cheek” position and the “tilted” position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE P1528-2003 : “Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques”.

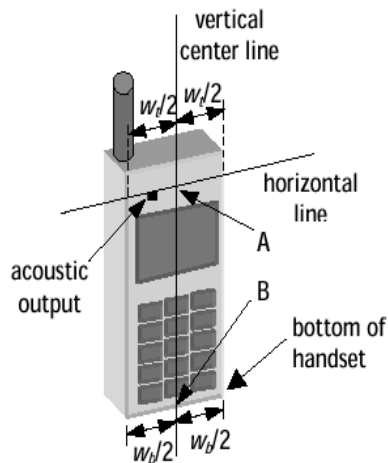


Figure 8a – Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

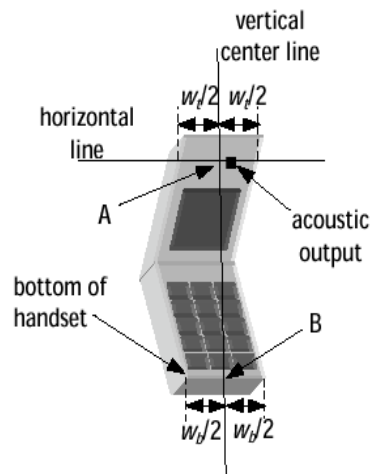



Figure 8b – Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – “clam-shell”

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8.2.1.1 Definition of the “cheek” position

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 8a and 8b), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 8a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 8b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.
- 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 8), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB (“mouth-back”) - NF (“neck-front”) including the line MB (reference plane).
- 6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

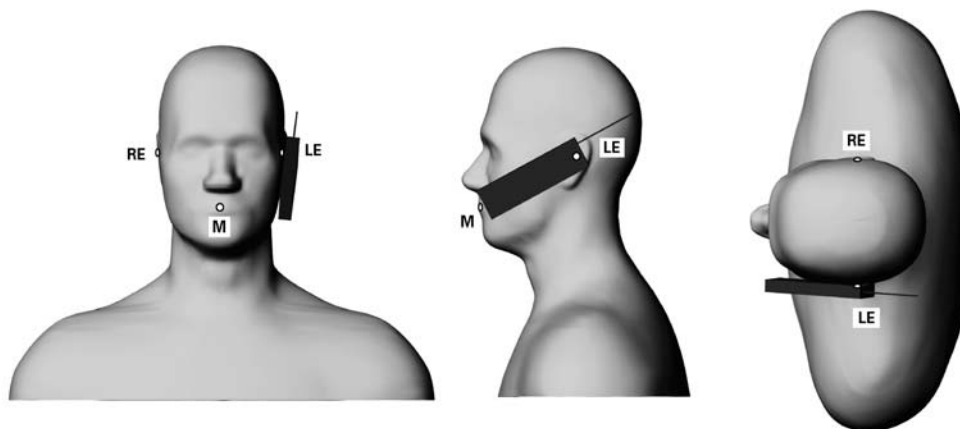



Figure 9 – Phone position 1, “cheek” or “touch” position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

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8.2.1.2 Definition of the “Tilted” Position

- 1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the “cheek position.”
- 2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.

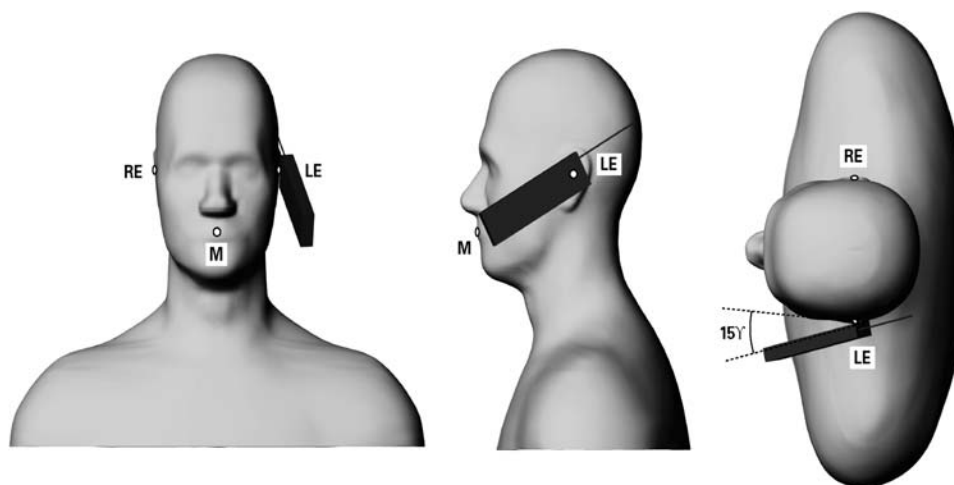



Figure 10 – Phone position 2, “tilted position.” The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

A body worn holster, as shown on Figure 2, was tested with the Wireless Handheld for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in the holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the handheld to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.

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9.0 High Level Evaluation

9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.


9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 5x5x7 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.


The measure volume of 32x32x35mm mm contains about 35g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

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10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

DASY4 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE P1528 [1]								
Error Description	Uncertainty value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±4.8 %	N	1	1	1	±4.8 %	±4.8 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.2 %	±0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8 %	±1.2 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6 %	±1.1 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7 %	±1.4 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5 %	±1.2 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.3 %	±10.0 %	330
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±20.6 %	±20.1 %	

Table 14. Measurement uncertainty

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11.0 TEST RESULTS

11.1 SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the body using holster

Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. pulse average power (dBm)	Antenna Config.	Liquid Temp. (C) °	Holster / battery type / Headset	SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/kg)
TDMA 835	*815.5000	28.39	Retracted	23.3	V. Foam Holster/ GS- Melcotec	0.58
	815.5000	28.39	Extended	23.1	V. Foam Holster/ GS- Melcotec	0.40
	815.5000	28.39	Retracted	23.4	V. Foam Holster/ Sanyo	0.60
	815.5000	28.39	Retracted	23.3	V. Foam Holster/ Sanyo-GS higher capacity	0.63
	815.5000	28.39	Retracted	23.2	V. Foam Holster/ Sanyo-GS higher capacity / headset	0.52
	815.5000	28.39	Retracted	23.1	H. Foam Holster/ Sanyo-GS higher capacity	0.78
	815.5000	28.39	Extended	23.0	H. Foam Holster/ Sanyo-GS higher capacity	0.52
	815.5000	28.39	Retracted	22.9	H. Foam Holster/ Sanyo-GS higher capacity / headset	0.69


Table 15 SAR results for body-worn configuration with holsters

* Supplement C: Middle channel testing is sufficient only if SAR < 3dB below limit see PN 02-1438


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12.0 REFERENCES

- [1] EN 50360: 2001, Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz – 3 GHz)
- [2] EN 50361: 2001, Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz)
- [3] ICNIRP, International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (1998), Guidelines for limiting exposure in time-varying electric, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields (up to 300 GHz).
- [4] Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC of July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz)
- [5] IEEE C95.3-1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.
- [6] IEEE C95.1-1999, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
- [7] OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.
- [8] FCC 96-326-August 1, 1996, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio-Frequency Radiation.
- [9] DASY 4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM SOFTWARE MANUAL V4.1
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, April 2003.
- [10] IEEE 1528-2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
- [11] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, 1999: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
- [12] RSS-102, issue 1 (Provisional), September 25, 1999: Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields.

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APPENDIX A: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR THE ACCURACY VERIFICATION

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Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

835 MHz dipole validation; Ambient temp. 24.5; Liquid temp. 23.2 deg.cel

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:446

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 MHz Head Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.5$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1076
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure 2/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 111.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.5 mW/g

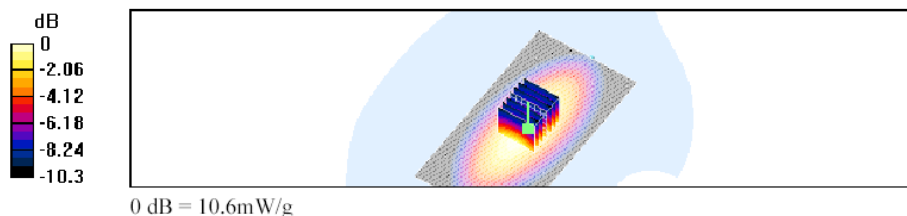
Unnamed procedure 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.1 W/kg


SAR(1 g) = 9.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.46 mW/g



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APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS FOR BODY-WORN SAR CONFIGURATION

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Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

Body-worn with Vertical Foam Holster; Mid frequency (815.50 MHz); Retracted antenna; Back side; GS Melcotec battery; Ambient temp. 24.7; Liquid temp. 23.3 deg.cel

DUT: BlackBerry 7510 Wireless Handheld; Type: Sample (Retracted Ant.)

Communication System: IDEN ; Frequency: 815.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: M 835 Medium parameters used: $f = 815.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1080
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.3 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 mW/g

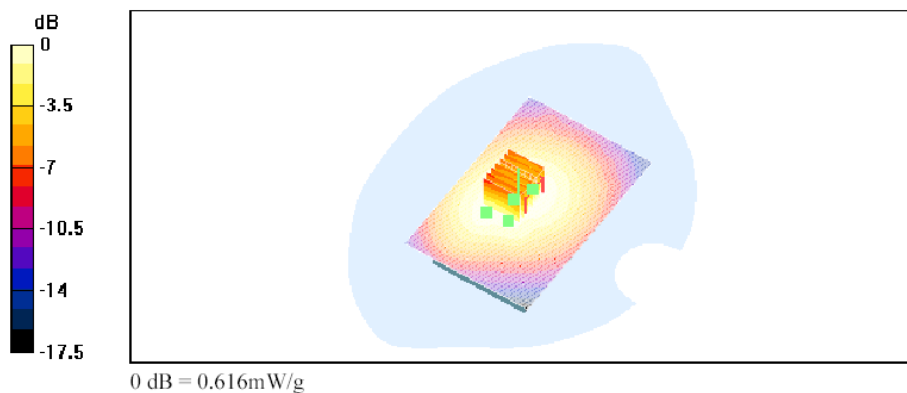
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.699 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.584 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 mW/g


Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 25.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.3 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.616 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

Body-worn with Vertical Foam Holster; Mid frequency (815.50 MHz); extended antenna; Back side; GS Melcotec battery; Ambient temp. 24.; Liquid temp. 23.1 deg.cel

DUT: BlackBerry 7510 Wireless Handheld; Type: Sample

Communication System: IDEN ; Frequency: 815.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: M 835 Medium parameters used: $f = 815.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1080
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.4 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 mW/g

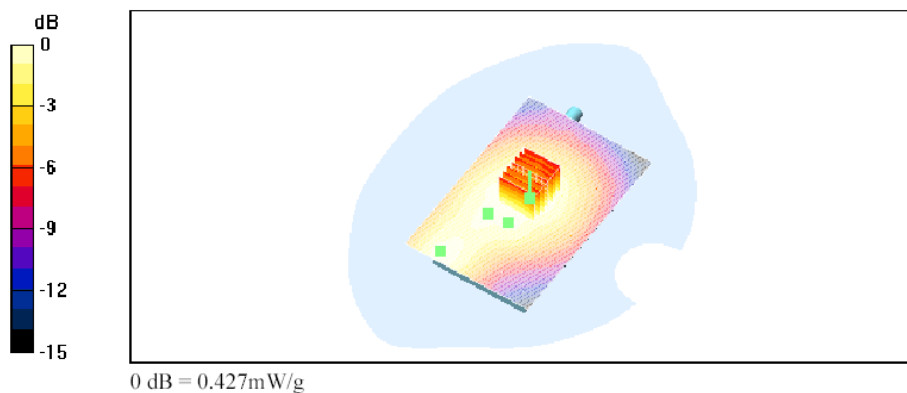
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.483 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.398 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 mW/g


Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.4 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.427 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

Body-worn with Vertical Foam Holster; Mid frequency (815.50 MHz); Retracted antenna; Front side; Sanyo battery; Ambient temp. 24.4; Liquid temp. 23.4 deg.cel

DUT: BlackBerry 7510 Wireless Handheld; Type: Sample (Retracted Ant.)

Communication System: IDEN ; Frequency: 815.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: M 835 Medium parameters used: $f = 815.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1080
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.641 mW/g

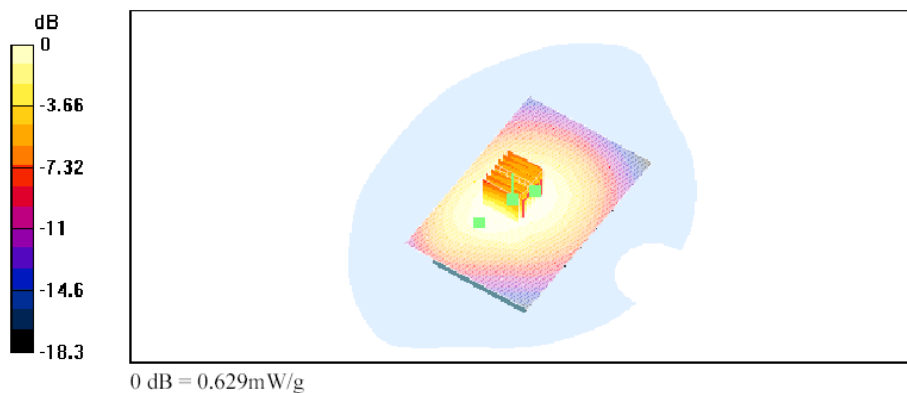
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.728 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.598 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.462 mW/g


Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 25.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.629 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

Body-worn with Vertical Foam Holster; Mid frequency (815.50 MHz); Retracted antenna; Front side; higher cap battery; Ambient temp. 24.4; Liquid temp. 23.3 deg.cel

DUT: BlackBerry 7510 Wireless Handheld; Type: Sample (Retracted Ant.)

Communication System: IDEN ; Frequency: 815.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: M 835 Medium parameters used: $f = 815.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1080
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 mW/g

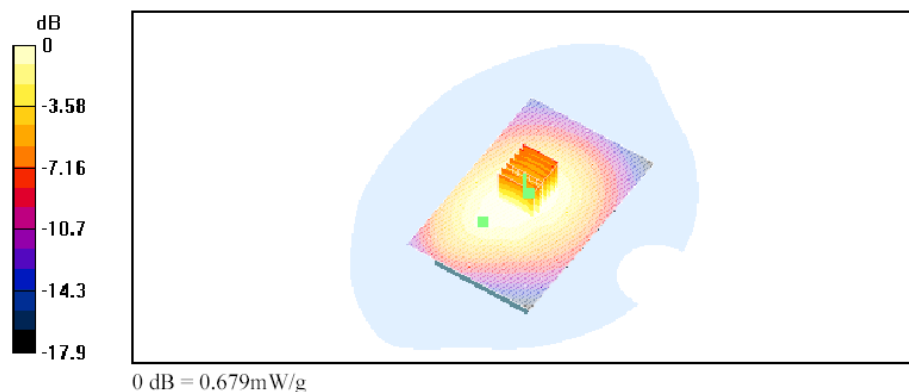
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.777 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.634 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.486 mW/g


Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.679 mW/g



file://C:\Program%20Files\DASY4\Print_Templates\Body-worn%20with%20Vertical%2... 13/08/2004

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Date/Time: 08/13/04 11:48:40

Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

Body-worn with Horizontal Foam Holster; Mid frequency (815.50 MHz); Retracted antenna; Back side; higher cap battery; Ambient temp. 24.9; Liquid temp. 23.1 deg.cel

DUT: BlackBerry 7510 Wireless Handheld; Type: Sample (Retracted Ant.)

Communication System: IDEN ; Frequency: 815.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: M 835 Medium parameters used: $f = 815.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1080
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.853 mW/g

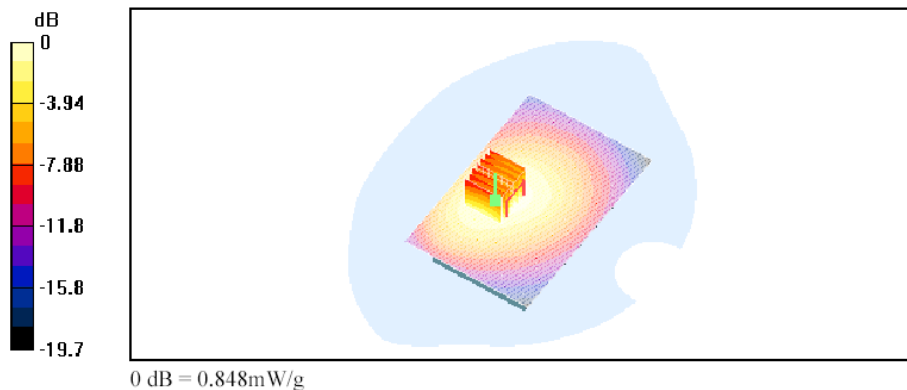
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.775 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.541 mW/g


Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.848 mW/g



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Date/Time: 08/13/04 12:32:47

Test Laboratory: Research In Motion Limited

Body-worn with Horizontal Foam Holster; Mid frequency (815.50 MHz); Extended antenna; Back side; higher cap battery; Ambient temp. 24.8; Liquid temp. 23.0 deg.cel

DUT: BlackBerry 7510 Wireless Handheld; Type: Sample

Communication System: IDEN ; Frequency: 815.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: M 835 Medium parameters used: $f = 815.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1643; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 09/10/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn473;
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1080
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.568 mW/g

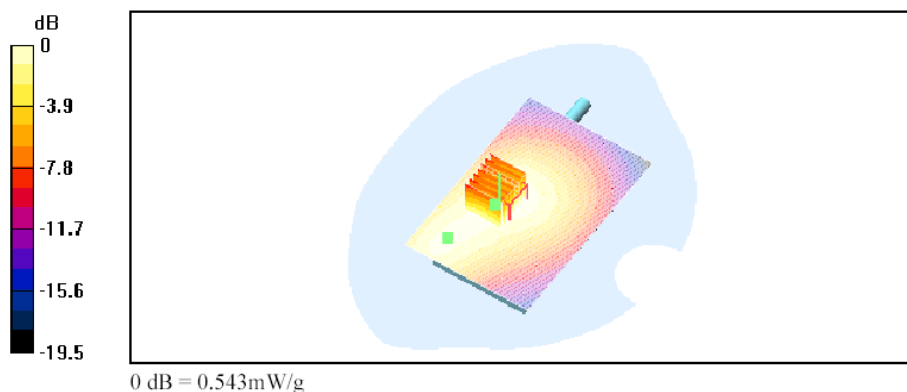
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.728 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.516 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.369 mW/g


Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB


Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.543 mW/g



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APPENDIX C: PROBES AND VALIDATION DIPOLE CALIBRATION



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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

RIM

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1643																																		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes																																		
Calibration date:	October 9, 2003																																		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)																																		
<p>This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Model Type</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)</th> <th>Scheduled Calibration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power meter EPM E4419B</td> <td>GB41293874</td> <td>2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)</td> <td>Apr-04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41495277</td> <td>2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)</td> <td>Apr-04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: 5086 (20b)</td> <td>3-Apr-03 (METAS No. 251-0340)</td> <td>Apr-04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702</td> <td>SN: 6295803</td> <td>8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E-030020)</td> <td>Sep-04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td> <td>MY41092180</td> <td>18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918)</td> <td>In house check: Oct 03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RF generator HP 8684C</td> <td>US3642U01700</td> <td>4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)</td> <td>In house check: Aug-05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td> <td>US37390585</td> <td>18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)</td> <td>In house check: Oct 03</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04	Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-Apr-03 (METAS No. 251-0340)	Apr-04	Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E-030020)	Sep-04	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918)	In house check: Oct 03	RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	In house check: Oct 03
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Calibrated by:	Name Nico Vetterli	Function Technician	Signature 																																
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokavc	Function Laboratory Director	Signature 																																
Date issued: October 9, 2003																																			
<p>This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.</p>																																			

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

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Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, <http://www.speag.com>


Probe ET3DV6

SN:1643

Manufactured: November 7, 2001
Last calibration: September 24, 2002
Recalibrated: October 9, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ET3DV6 SN:1643

October 9, 2003

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1643

Sensitivity in Free Space

Diode Compression

NormX	1.73 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	96	mV
NormY	1.88 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	96	mV
NormZ	1.81 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	96	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	6.5 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.5 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.37
ConvF Z	6.5 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.72

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.47
ConvF Z	5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.87

Boundary Effect

Head 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.8	6.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.4	0.6

Head 1800 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	14.5	10.1
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.1

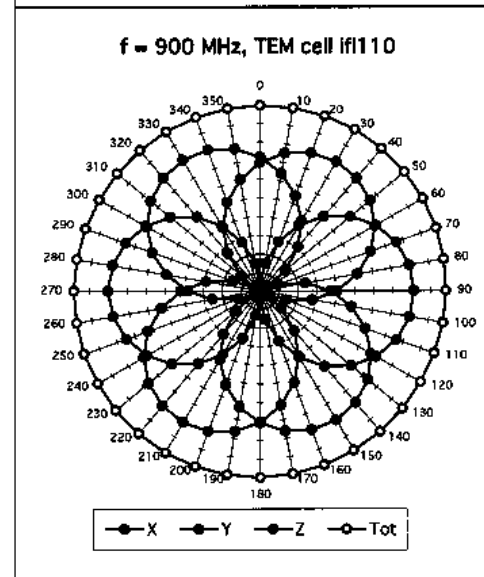
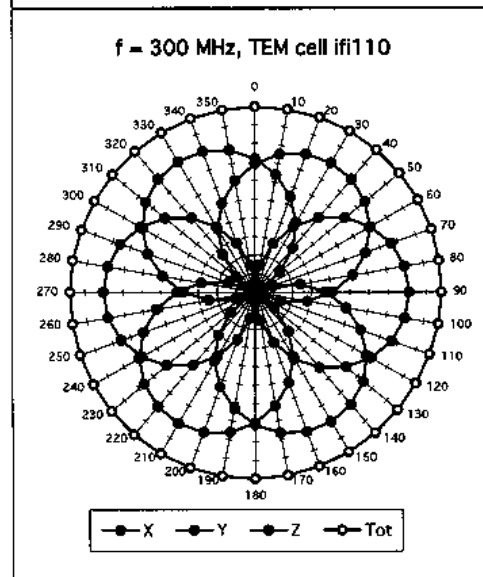
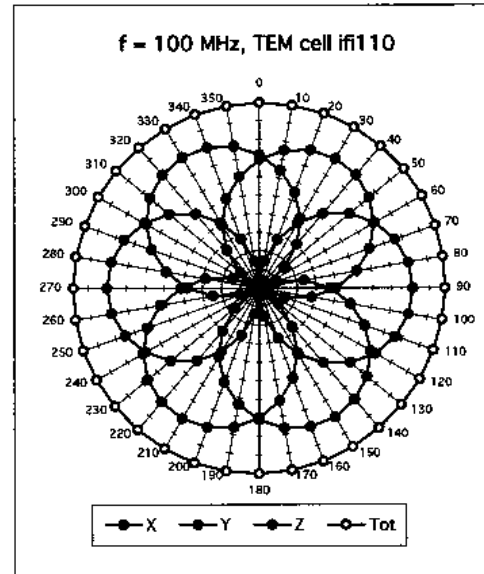
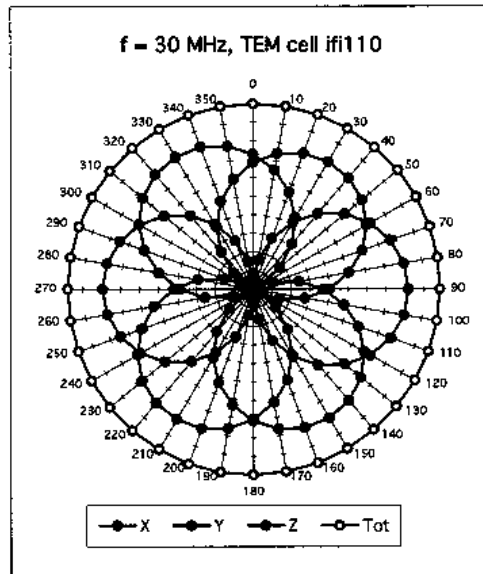
Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.4 \pm 0.2	mm

ET3DV6 SN:1643

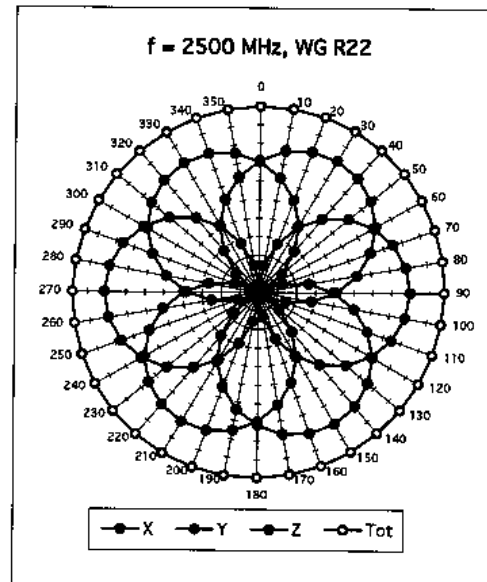
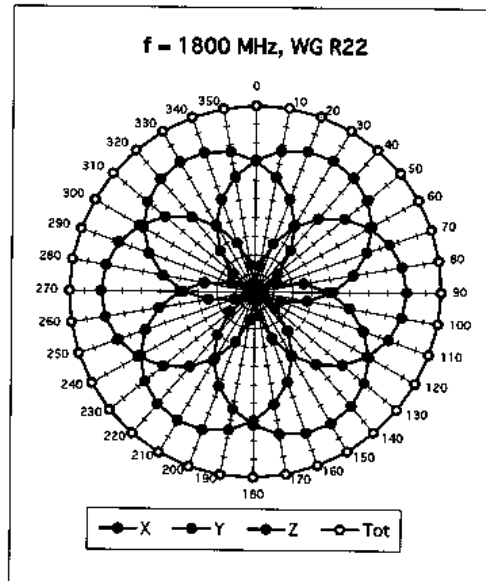
October 9, 2003

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

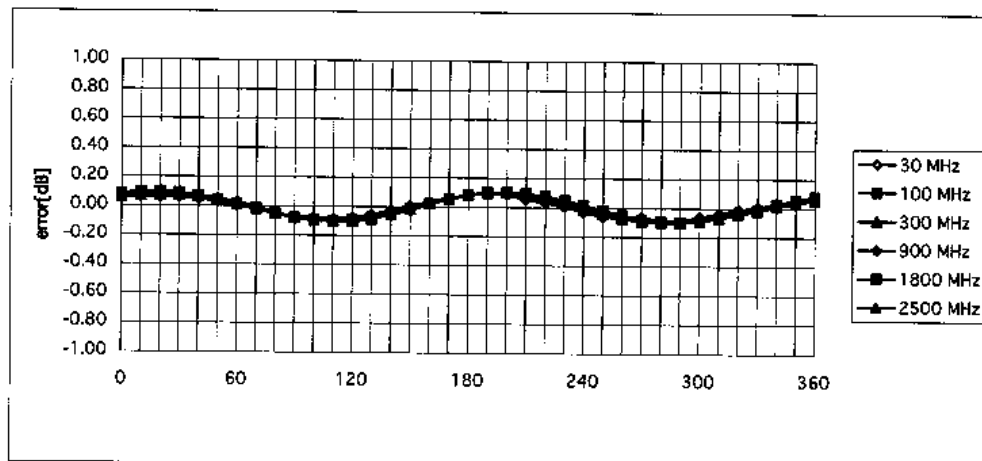


ET3DV6 SN:1643

October 9, 2003



Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

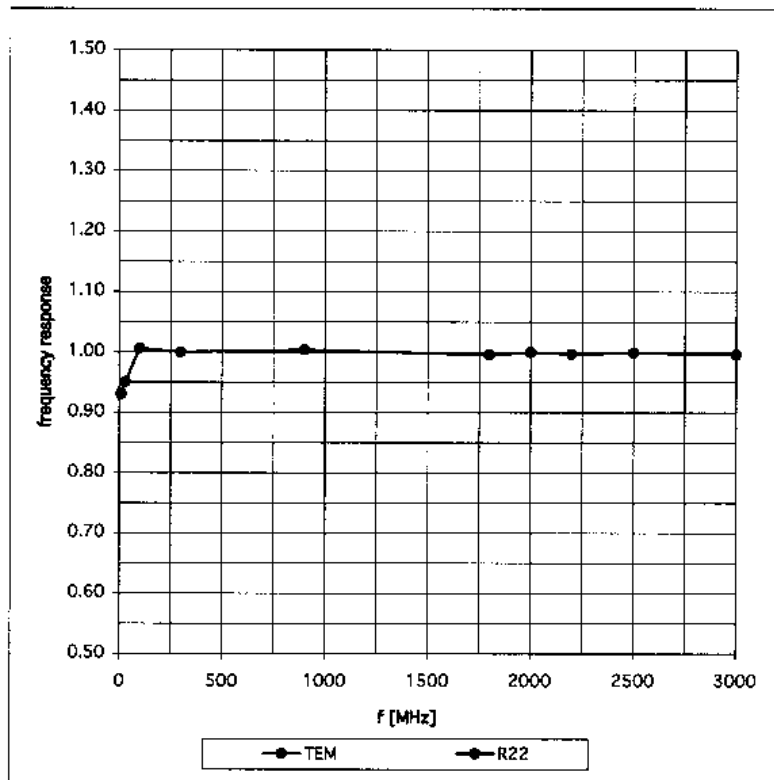


ET3DV6 SN:1643

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Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)

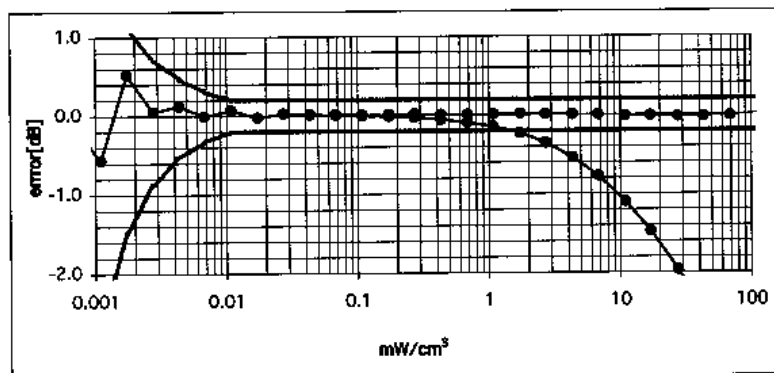
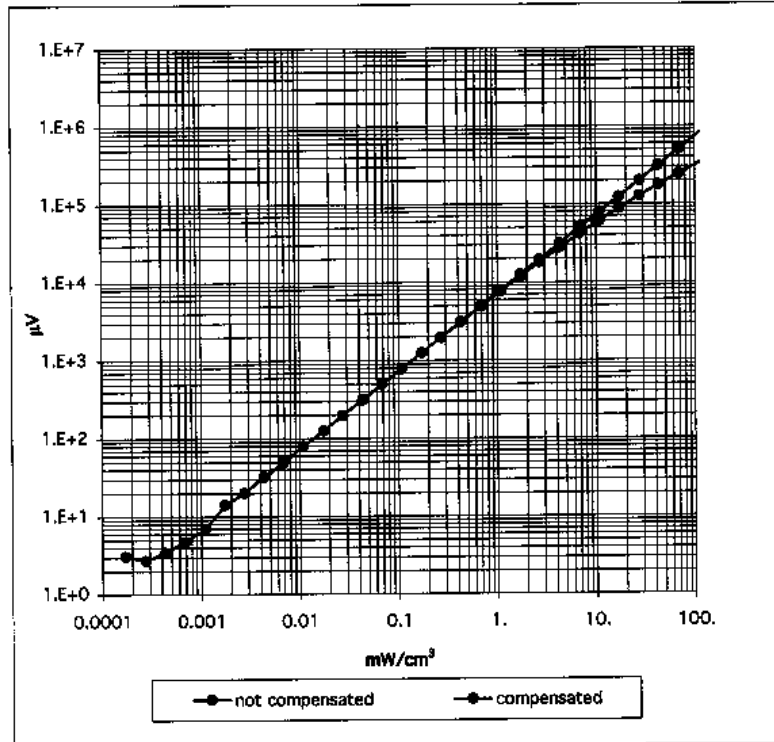


ET3DV6 SN:1643

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Dynamic Range f(SARhead)

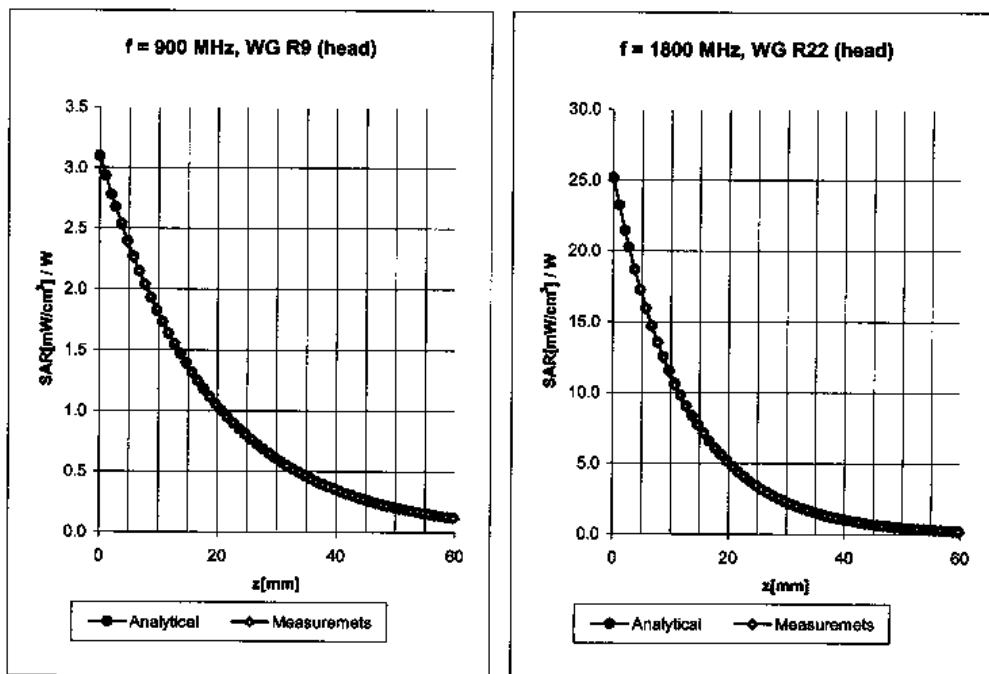
(Waveguide R22)



ET3DV6 SN:1643

October 9, 2003

Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	$6.5 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	$6.5 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha
ConvF Z	$6.5 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth

0.37

2.72

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	$5.2 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	$5.2 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha
ConvF Z	$5.2 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth

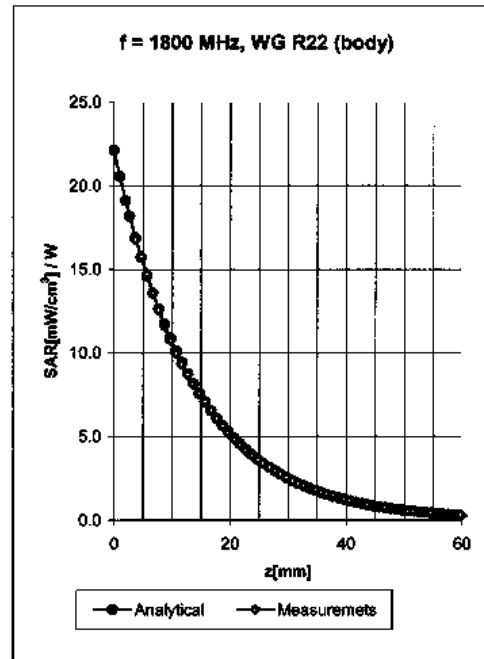
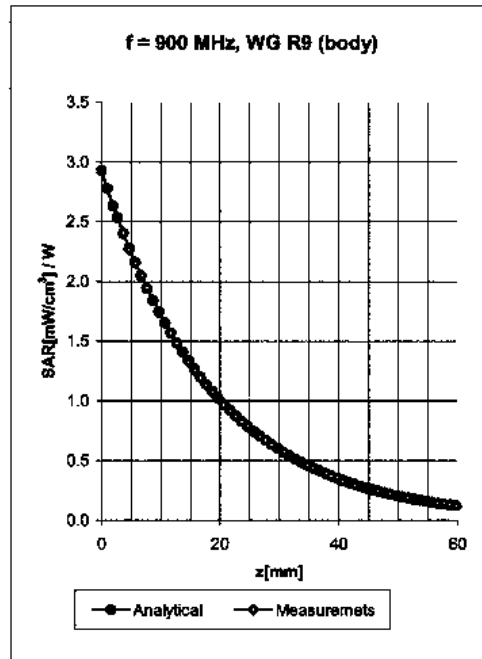
0.47

2.87

ET3DV6 SN:1643

October 9, 2003

Conversion Factor Assessment



Body 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ mho/m


Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	6.3 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.3 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.43
ConvF Z	6.3 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.49

Body 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	4.8 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.8 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.57
ConvF Z	4.8 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.74

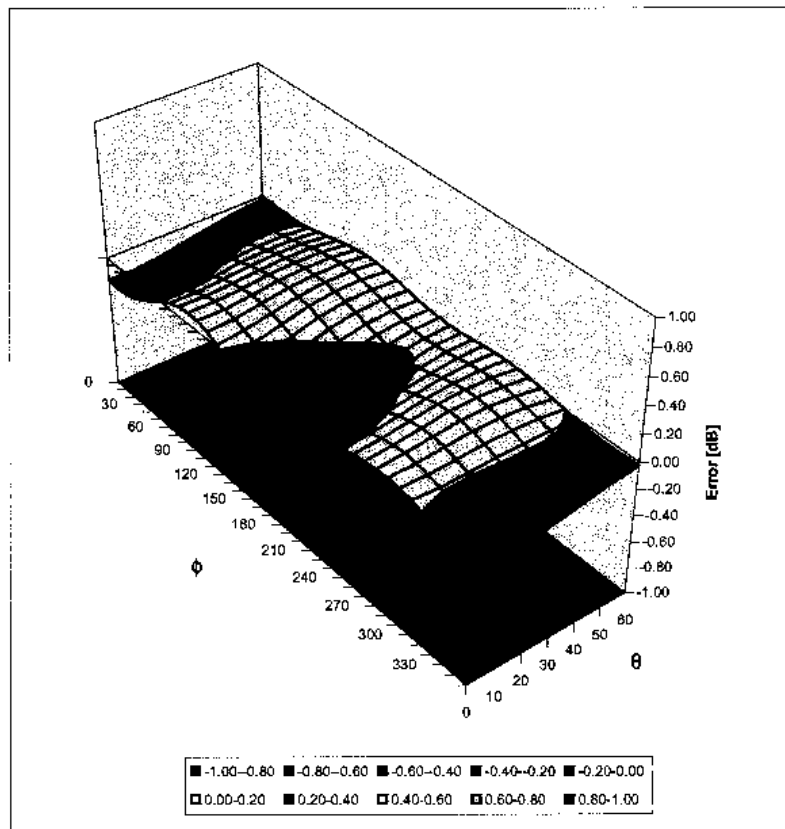
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October 9, 2003

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

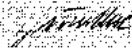
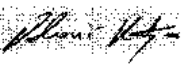
Error (θ, ϕ), $f = 900$ MHz




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Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **RIM**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object(s)	D835V2 - SN 446		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	August 21, 2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)		
<p>This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p>			
Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02 (METAS, No. 252-0236)	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	In house check: Oct 03
Calibrated by:	Name Jueth Mueller	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Karja Pokovic	Function Laboratory Director	Signature 
Date issued: August 22, 2003			
<p>This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed</p>			

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FCC ID L6ARAL10IN		

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

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Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, <http://www.speag.com>


DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D835V2

Serial: 446

Manufactured: October 24, 2001
Calibrated: August 21, 2003

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1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	43.3	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	0.91 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.7 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.


The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW $\pm 3\%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of tissue:	9.60 mW/g $\pm 16.8\%$ (k=2)¹
averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of tissue:	6.24 mW/g $\pm 16.2\%$ (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

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3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: **1.395 ns** (one direction)
Transmission factor: **0.983** (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz: $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 48.9 \Omega$

$\text{Im}\{Z\} = -5.5 \Omega$

Return Loss at 835 MHz **-24.9 dB**

4. Handling


Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Date/Time: 08/21/03 10:03:51

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN446_SN1507_HSL835_210803.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN446
Program: Dipole Calibration

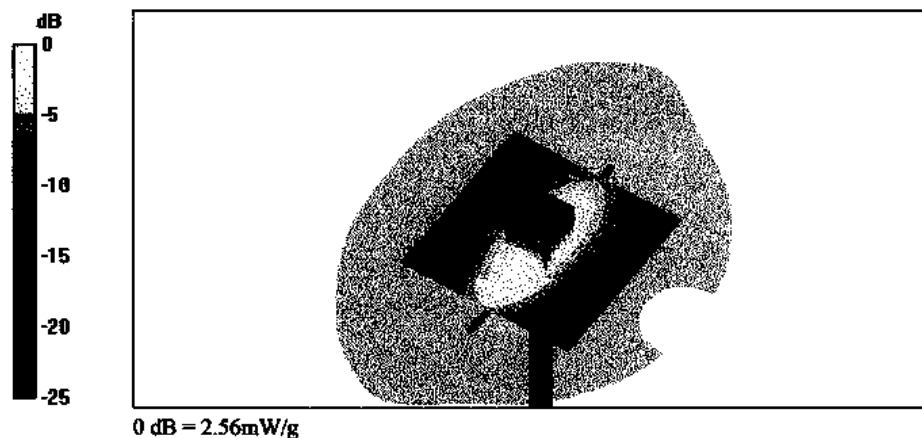
Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 835 MHz ($\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 43.28$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)


DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

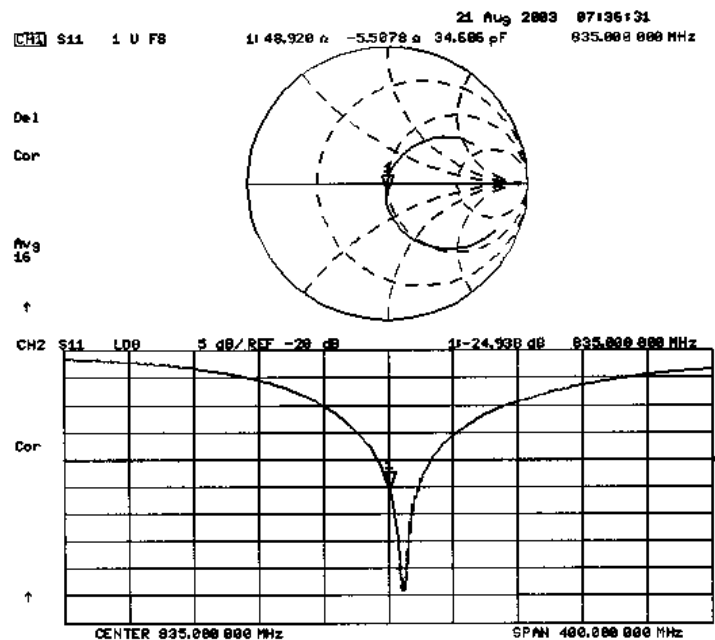
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Reference Value = 55.3 V/m
Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 2.55 mW/g


Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g
Reference Value = 55.3 V/m
Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 2.56 mW/g



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APPENDIX E: SAR SET UP PHOTOS


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Figure E1. Body worn configuration with Vertical Foam holster


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Figure E2. Body worn configuration with Horizontal Foam holster