

## FCC ID: YI6RL-9805TX

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Modulation	Frequency MHz	Output Power (dBuV/m)	Output Power (dBm)
ASK	433.92	84.67	-15.23

Below 1GHz:  $\text{dBm} = \text{dBuV/m} - 95.2 - 4.7$

Modulation	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Result calculation	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ASK	0.434	-15.23	0.029992	-15±1	-14.00	0.039811	<5	0.005245	3.00	YES

### Conclusion:

For the max result :  $0.005245 < 3$ , the SAR testing is not required.