Date/Time: 11/22/04 15:37:52

Test Laboratory: QUALCOMM Incorporated

2004-11-22 sn 361 Flat - holster-PCS

DUT: Casper; Type: Phone; Serial: P2b-361

Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1800 body Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1534; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 3/18/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn566; Calibrated: 4/29/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: 209
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 37; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 109

Belt Clip - Low/Area Scan (61x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Reference Value = 8.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 mW/g

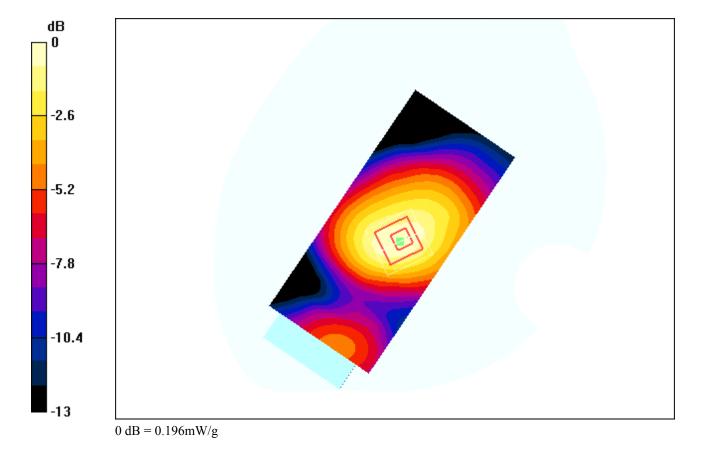
Belt Clip - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.196 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.285 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g



file://\\Sarlab1\Output reports\2004-11-22 sn 361 Flat - holster-PCS-1.htm

Date/Time: 11/22/04 15:37:52

Test Laboratory: QUALCOMM Incorporated

2004-11-22 sn 361 Flat - holster-PCS

DUT: Casper; Type: Phone; Serial: P2b-361

Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1800 body Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1534; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 3/18/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn566; Calibrated: 4/29/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: 209
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 37; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 109

Belt Clip - Middle/Area Scan (61x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

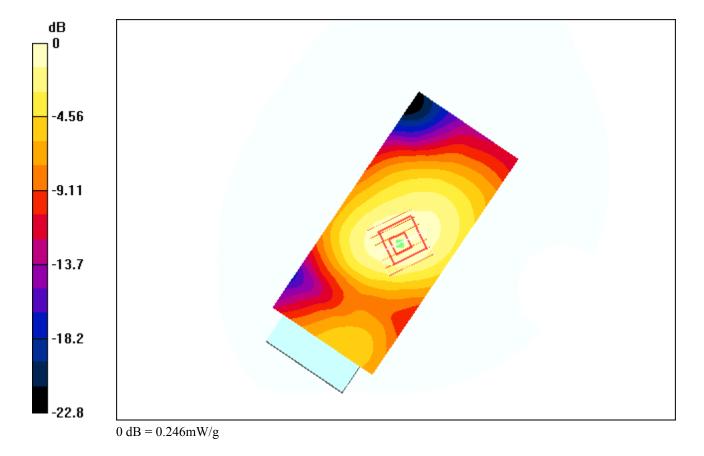
Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 mW/g

Belt Clip - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.246 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.366 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/g



Date/Time: 11/22/04 15:37:52

Test Laboratory: QUALCOMM Incorporated

2004-11-22 sn 361 Flat - holster-PCS

DUT: Casper; Type: Phone; Serial: P2b-361

Communication System: CDMA PCS; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1800 body Medium parameters used: f = 1908.75 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1534; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 3/18/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn566; Calibrated: 4/29/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: 209
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 37; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 109

Belt Clip - High/Area Scan (61x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Reference Value = 8.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.4 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 mW/g

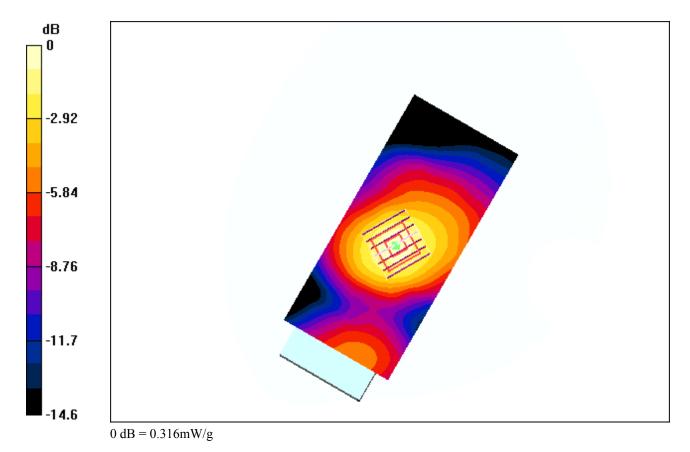
Belt Clip - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.4 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.485 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g



A.7 Equipment Calibration

A.7.1 Calibration Summary

Equipment Mfr & Type	Serial number	Last Calibrated	Next Calibration
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Dosimetric E-field Probe, ET3DV5	1543	27 May 2004	27 May 2005
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG dipole validation kit, D1900V2	5d019	12 Dec. 2003	12 Dec. 2004
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG dipole validation kit, D900V2	083	14 July 2004	14 July 2005
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Data Acquisition Electronics, DAE3 V1	566	29 Apr 2004	29 Apr 2005
Gigatronics 8541C RF Power Meter	K82228	5 Aug 2004	5 Aug 2005
Hewlett-Packard 8714C Vector Network Analyzer	K82012	27 Jan 2004	27 Jan 2005
Hewlett-Packard 85070M Dielectric Probe System	N/A	N/A	N/A
835 Mhz Head Tissue Simulating Liquid	N/A	April 2004	N/A
835 Mhz Body Tissue Simulating Liquid	N/A	October 2002	N/A
1800/1900 Mhz Head tissue Simulating Liquid	N/A	January 2004	N/A
1800/1900 Mhz Body Tissue Simulating Liquid	N/A	January 2003	N/A

A.7.2 Calibration Certificates

The following pages are calibration certificates for the equipment shown above.

A-10 80-R0923-1 Rev B

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Qualcomm USA

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 566				
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v7 Calibration procedure	e for the data acquisit	tion unit (DAE)		
Calibration date:	29.04.2004				
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (accordi	ing to the specific cal	ibration document)		
17025 international standard.			conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC		
All calibrations have been conducte	d in the closed laboratory facility:	: environment temperature 22 +	-/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.		
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)				
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration		
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03	Sep-04		
	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	Said		
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	F. Bruhll		
/			Date issued: 29.04.2004		

Certificate No.: 680-SD000D03AA-566-040429 Page 1 of 3

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for

1. DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Υ	z
High Range	405.214	404.511	405.334
Low Range	3.97016	3.95374	3.94127
Connector Angle to be used	in DASY System	95 °	

High Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000	199999.9	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000	19997.96	-0.01
Channel X	- Input	20000	-19994.13	-0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	200000	199999.7	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000	19997.79	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	20000	-19994.04	-0.03
Channel Z	+ Input	200000	200000.5	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000	19997.80	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	20000	-19996.58	-0.02

Low Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	200.23	0.12
Channel X - Input	200	-200.51	0.25
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.21	-0.39
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.34	0.17
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.35	-0.32
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.63	0.81

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Reading (μV)	Low Range Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	9.99	9.76
	- 200	-8.73	-9.45
Channel Y	200	7.99	6.89
	- 200	-9.05	-9.03
Channel Z	200	-6.45	-5.87
	- 200	4.47	4.75

Certificate No.: 680-SD000D03AA-566-040429

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		-0.07	-0.05
Channel Y	200	0.80	·•	2.47
Channel Z	200	-3.46	-0.25	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16269	16508
Channel Y	15703	16495
Channel Z	16130	15738

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input $10M\Omega$

TIPUL TOWISZ	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.36	-0.32	0.94	0.26
Channel Y	-1.67	-3.44	-0.65	0.40
Channel Z	-1.71	-2.49	-0.97	0.33

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	200.9
Channel Y	0.2000	202.0
Channel Z	0.2001	203.2

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage

typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption

typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No.: 680-SD000D03AA-566-040429

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Qualcomm USA

Object(s)	D900V2 - SN	1083	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v Calibration p	rocedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	July 14, 2004		
		(according to the specific calibratio	n document)
international standard.	nents traceability of M&TE	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures are calibration procedures and calibration procedures are calibration procedures are calibration procedures are calibration procedures and calibration procedures are calibration proc	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170
This calibration statement docum international standard. All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&)	nents traceability of M&TE cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration)	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and calibration procedures are calibration procedures.	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 relsius and humidity < 75%.
This calibration statement docum international standard. All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&Model Type	nents traceability of M&TE cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID #	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and calibration procedures are calibration procedures.	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 relatives and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration
This calibration statement docum international standard. All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&Model Type Power meter EPM E442	nents traceability of M&TE eted in the closed laborate TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and calibration procedures ar	the procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 relsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration Nov-04
This calibration statement documinternational standard. All calibrations have been conducted to the conduct	nents traceability of M&TE eted in the closed laborate TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibrate of the calibration of the calibrate of the calibration of t	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 relsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04
This calibration statement documinternational standard. All calibrations have been conducted to the conduct	nents traceability of M&TE cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration of t	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 felsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04
This calibration statement docum international standard. All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	nents traceability of M&TE eted in the closed laborate TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibrate of the calibration of the calibrate of the calibration of t	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 relsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04
This calibration statement documinternational standard. All calibrations have been conducted to the conduct	nents traceability of M&TE cted in the closed laborate TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	he procedures with the ISO/IEC 170 relsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05

Date issued: July 14, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Page 1 (1) 880-KP0301061-A

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D900V2

Serial: 083

Manufactured: August 21, 2000 Calibrated: July 14, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 41.0 $\pm 5\%$

Conductivity **0.97 mho/m** $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.18 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 11.0 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **7.00 mW/g** \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.390 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.987

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 49.3 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -8.0 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz

-21.8 dB

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **body simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity

53.9

+5%

Conductivity

1.05 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.02 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue:

11.0 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)²

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue:

7.16 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)²

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz:

 $Re\{Z\} = 46.2 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -8.6 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz

-20.2 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty

Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 07/12/04 14:54:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN083

Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 2/19/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.95 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

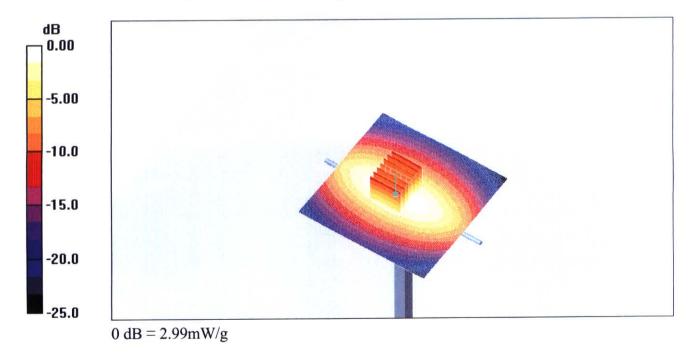
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

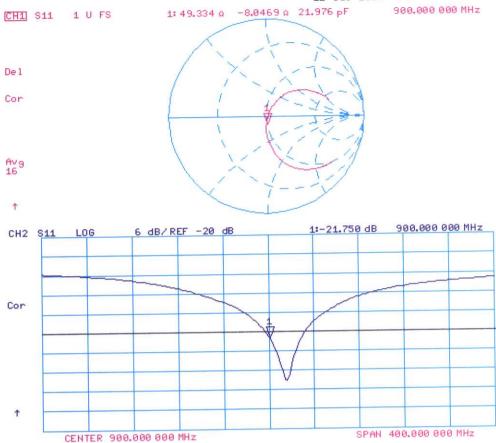
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.75 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.99 mW/g







Date/Time: 07/14/04 11:09:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN083

Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.05 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 1/23/2004

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 2/19/2004

• Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.00 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

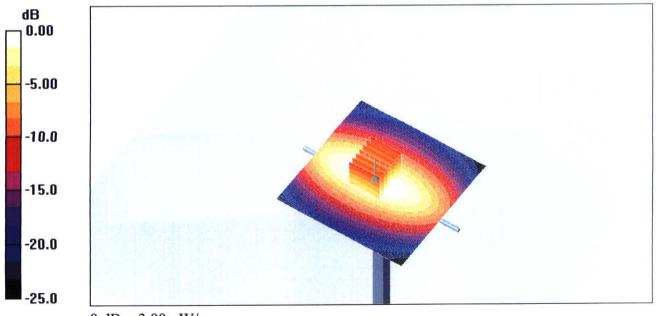
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

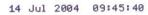
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.06 W/kg

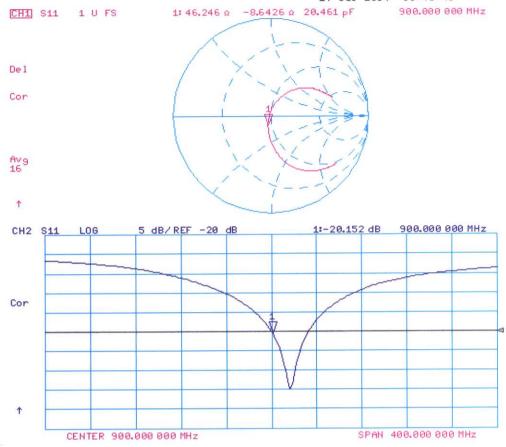
SAR(1 g) = 2.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.79 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.00 mW/g



0 dB = 3.00 mW/g





F74701

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Qualcomm USA

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits			
Calibration date:	December 12, 2003			
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)			
This calibration statement docum 17025 international standard.	ents traceability of M&TE	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of	the procedures with the ISO/IEC	
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborat	ory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%.	
			Celsius and humidity < 75%.	
Calibration Equipment used (M&			Celsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration	
Calibration Equipment used (M&	ΓE critical for calibration)			
Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442	FE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04	
Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04	
Calibration Equipment used (M& and a second control of the control	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04	
Calibration Equipment used (M& and a second control of the control	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check; Mar-05	
All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05	
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05	

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d019

Manufactured:

June 4, 2002

Calibrated:

December 12, 2003

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head** simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 38.7 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.47 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.2 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: **41.2 mW/g** \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **21.4 mW/g** \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.196 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.988

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz:

 $Re\{Z\} = 50.7 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = 2.2 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz

-32.9 dB

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **body simulating tissue** of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity

52.9

±5%

Conductivity

1.60 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.8 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 42.8 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)²

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **22.6 mW/g** \pm 16.2 % (k=2)²

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 48.7 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = 4.4 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -26.6 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty

ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2)Date/Time: 12/12/03 17:51:33

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d019

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 1900 MHz (σ = 1.47 mho/m, ϵ_r = 38.68, ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 60

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 88.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.6 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

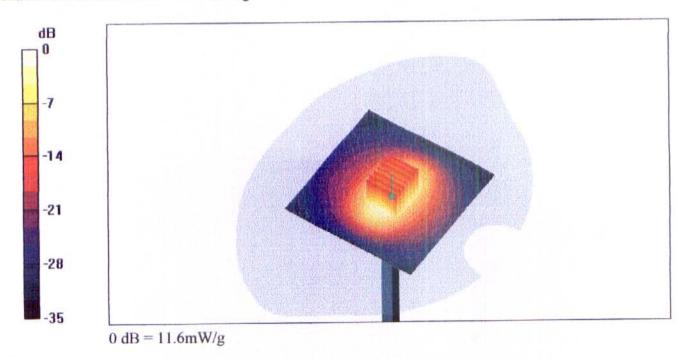
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

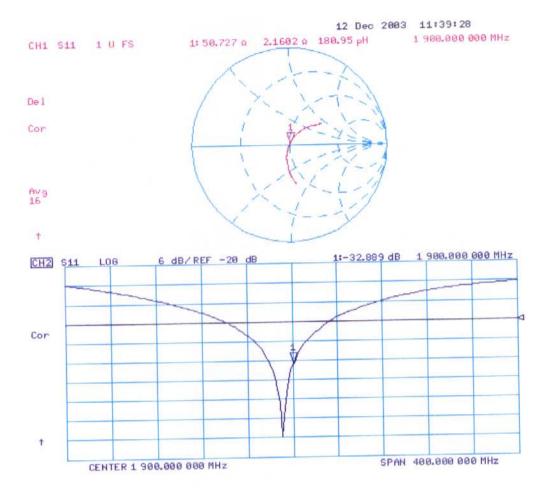
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 mW/g

Reference Value = 88.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.6 mW/g





Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d019

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz (σ = 1.6 mho/m, ϵ_r = 52.93, ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 60

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 91.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 12.2 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 mW/g

Reference Value = 91.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 12 mW/g

