

# **FCC SAR Test Report**

Report No. : ES180208008W03

Applicant : Invengo Information Technology co.,Ltd.

Address : 3/F , No.T2-B, High-tech industrial Park South, Shenzhen 518057, china :

Product Handheld Reader

FCC ID : TQ4XC2600

Brand : (invengo

Model No. : XC2600

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013

KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

KDB 447498 D01 v06

Sample Received Date : Mar. 07, 2018

Date of Testing : Mar. 08, 2018

**CERTIFICATION:** The above equipment have been tested by **EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

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 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 10f29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018

# **FCC SAR Test Report**



Page No.

: 2of29

Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018

# **Table of Contents**

| Rel |        | Control Record  |          |
|-----|--------|---|----------|
| 1.  | Sumn   | nary of Maximum SAR Value   | 4        |
| 2.  | Descr  | ription of Equipment Under Test   | <u>5</u> |
| 3.  | SAR I  | Neasurement System  | 6        |
|     | 3.1    | Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)                                    | 6        |
|     | 3.2    | SPEAG DASY System   | 6        |
|     |        | 3.2.1 Robot   |          |
|     |        | 3.2.2 Probes  |          |
|     |        | 3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)  |          |
|     |        | 3.2.4 Phantoms  |          |
|     |        | 3.2.5 Device Holder   |          |
|     |        | 3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles   |          |
|     |        | 3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids   |          |
|     | 3.3    | SAR System Verification   |          |
|     | 3.4    | SAR Measurement Procedure   |          |
|     |        | 3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure  |          |
|     |        | 3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure   |          |
|     |        | 3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring  |          |
|     |        | 3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation   | 16       |
|     |        | 3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods  | 16       |
| 4.  | SAR I  | Measurement Evaluation  |          |
|     | 4.1    | EUT Configuration and Setting   | 17       |
|     | 4.2    | EUT Testing Position  | 17       |
|     |        | 4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions  |          |
|     |        | 4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations  | 18       |
|     |        | 4.2.3 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities                                   | 19       |
|     | 4.3    | Tissue Verification   |          |
|     | 4.4    | System Validation   |          |
|     | 4.5    | System Verification   |          |
|     | 4.6    | Maximum Output Power  |          |
|     |        | 4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power   |          |
|     |        | 4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result   |          |
|     | 4.7    | SAR Testing Results   |          |
|     |        | 4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations   |          |
|     |        | 4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap) | 23       |
|     |        | 4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability   |          |
| _   |        | 4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation                           | 25       |
|     |        | ration of Test Equipment  |          |
| 6.  |        | urement Uncertainty   |          |
| 7.  | Inforr | nation on the Testing Laboratories  | 29       |

Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement
Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole
Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup



# **Release Control Record**

| Report No.     | Reason for Change | Date Issued   |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| ES180208008W03 | Initial release   | Mar. 23, 2018 |
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 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 30f29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

| Equipment<br>Class                    | Mode      | Highest Reported<br><b>Body SAR</b> <sub>1g</sub><br>(0 cm Gap)<br>(W/kg) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|
| DSS                                   | Bluetooth | N/A   |
| DSS                                   | Wireless  | 0.41  |
| Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR |           | Body<br>(W/kg)  |
| DSS +DSS                              |           | 0.44  |

#### Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR<sub>1g</sub>1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR<sub>10g</sub> 4.0 W/kg) for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 4of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

| EUT Type                        | Handheld Reader           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| FCC ID                          | TQ4XC2600                 |
| Brand Name                      | (invengo) Invengo         |
| Model Name                      | XC2600                    |
| Tx Frequency Bands              | Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480   |
| (Unit: MHz)                     | Wireless: 902.75 ~ 927.25 |
| Uplink Modulations              | Bluetooth : GFSK          |
| •                               | Wireless : ASK            |
| Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power | Bluetooth: -1.0           |
|                                 | Wireless: 17.5            |
| Antenna Type                    | Fixed Internal Antenna    |
| EUT Stage                       | Identical Prototype       |

### Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 5of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 3. SAR Measurement System

### 3.1 <u>Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)</u>

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 6of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



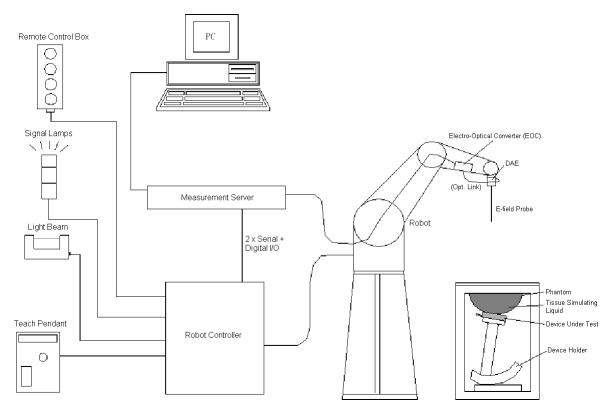
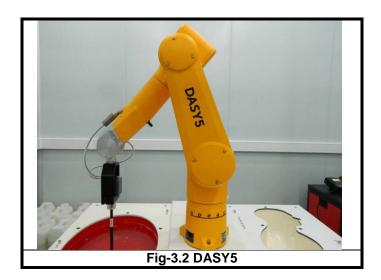


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

#### 3.2.1 Robot

The DASYsystem uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- · High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 7of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



### 3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

| Model         | EX3DV4   |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). |  |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to 6 GHz<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB   |  |
| Directivity   | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)  |  |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g to 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)   |  |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm                           |  |

| Model         | ES3DV3  |       |
|---------------|---|-------|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). |       |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to 4 GHz<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB  |       |
| Directivity   | ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)  |       |
| Dynamic Range | 5 µW/g to 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB   | AST . |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm  |       |

# 3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| Model                   | DAE3, DAE4  |         |
|-------------------------|---|---------|
| Construction            | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. |         |
| Measurement<br>Range    | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)  | الطاريا |
| Input Offset<br>Voltage | < 5μV (with auto zero)  |         |
| Input Bias Current      | < 50 fA   |         |
| Dimensions              | 60 x 60 x 68 mm   |         |

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 8of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



### 3.2.4 Phantoms

| Model           | Twin SAM  |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Construction    | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. | No. of the last of |
| Material        | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)  |  |
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)  |  |
| Dimensions      | Length: 1000 mm<br>Width: 500 mm<br>Height: adjustable feet   |  |
| Filling Volume  | approx. 25 liters   |  |

| Model  | ELI   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Construction                                       | Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. |  |
| Material   | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)  |  |
| Shell Thickness                                    | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)   |  |
| Dimensions  Major axis: 600 mm  Minor axis: 400 mm |   |  |
| Filling Volume                                     | approx. 30 liters   |  |



 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 90f29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



#### 3.2.5 Device Holder

| Model        | Mounting Device   | - |
|--------------|---|---|
| Construction | In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). |   |
| Material     | POM   |   |

| Model        | Laptop Extensions Kit   |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| Construction | Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. |  |
| Material     | POM, Acrylic glass, Foam  |  |

# 3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

| Model            | D-Serial  |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| Construction     | Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions. |  |
| Frequency        | 750 MHz to 5800 MHz   |  |
| Return Loss      | > 20 dB   |  |
| Power Capability | > 100 W (f < 1GHz),> 40 W (f > 1GHz)  |  |

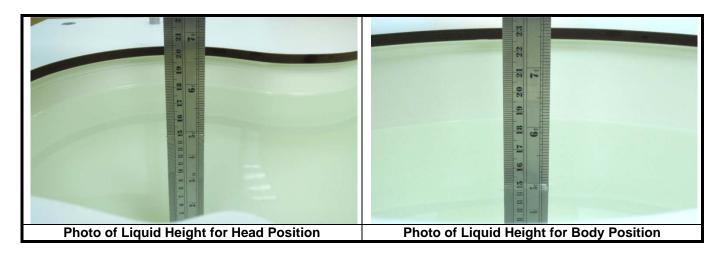
 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 10of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



#### 3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE1528,and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 11of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



**Table-3.1Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

| Frequency | -                   | Range of    | Target       | Range of    |
|-----------|---------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| (MHz)     | Target Permittivity | ±5%         | Conductivity | ±5%         |
| (WII IZ)  | 1 Crimitarity       | For Head    | Conductivity | ±3 /0       |
| 750       | 41.9                | 39.8 ~ 44.0 | 0.89         | 0.85 ~ 0.93 |
| 835       | 41.5                | 39.4 ~ 43.6 | 0.90         | 0.86 ~ 0.95 |
| 900       | 41.5                | 39.4 ~ 43.6 | 0.97         | 0.92 ~ 1.02 |
| 1450      | 40.5                | 38.5 ~ 42.5 | 1.20         | 1.14 ~ 1.26 |
| 1640      | 40.3                | 38.3 ~ 42.3 | 1.29         | 1.23 ~ 1.35 |
| 1750      | 40.1                | 38.1 ~ 42.1 | 1.37         | 1.30 ~ 1.44 |
| 1800      | 40.0                | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40         | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 1900      | 40.0                | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40         | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 2000      | 40.0                | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40         | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 2300      | 39.5                | 37.5 ~ 41.5 | 1.67         | 1.59 ~ 1.75 |
| 2450      | 39.2                | 37.2 ~ 41.2 | 1.80         | 1.71 ~ 1.89 |
| 2600      | 39.0                | 37.2 ~ 41.2 | 1.96         | 1.86 ~ 2.06 |
| 3500      | 37.9                | 36.0 ~ 39.8 | 2.91         | 2.76 ~ 3.06 |
| 5200      | 36.0                | 34.2 ~ 37.8 | 4.66         | 4.43 ~ 4.89 |
| 5300      | 35.9                | 34.1 ~ 37.7 | 4.76         | 4.52 ~ 5.00 |
| 5500      | 35.6                | 33.8 ~ 37.4 | 4.96         | 4.71 ~ 5.21 |
| 5600      | 35.5                | 33.7 ~ 37.3 | 5.07         | 4.82 ~ 5.32 |
| 5800      | 35.3                | 33.5 ~ 37.1 | 5.27         | 5.01 ~ 5.53 |
| 3000      | 55.5                | For Body    | 5.21         | 0.01 ~ 0.00 |
| 750       | 55.5                | 52.7 ~ 58.3 | 0.96         | 0.91 ~ 1.01 |
| 835       | 55.2                | 52.4 ~ 58.0 | 0.97         | 0.92 ~ 1.02 |
| 900       | 55.0                | 52.3 ~ 57.8 | 1.05         | 1.00 ~ 1.10 |
| 1450      | 54.0                | 51.3 ~ 56.7 | 1.30         | 1.24 ~ 1.37 |
| 1640      | 53.8                | 51.1 ~ 56.5 | 1.40         | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 1750      | 53.4                | 50.7 ~ 56.1 | 1.49         | 1.42 ~ 1.56 |
| 1800      | 53.3                | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52         | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 1900      | 53.3                | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52         | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 2000      | 53.3                | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52         | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 2300      | 52.9                | 50.3 ~ 55.5 | 1.81         | 1.72 ~ 1.90 |
| 2450      | 52.7                | 50.1 ~ 55.3 | 1.95         | 1.85 ~ 2.05 |
| 2600      | 52.5                | 49.9 ~ 55.1 | 2.16         | 2.05 ~ 2.27 |
| 3500      | 51.3                | 48.7 ~ 53.9 | 3.31         | 3.14 ~ 3.48 |
| 5200      | 49.0                | 46.6 ~ 51.5 | 5.30         | 5.04 ~ 5.57 |
| 5300      | 48.9                | 46.5 ~ 51.3 | 5.42         | 5.15 ~ 5.69 |
| 5500      | 48.6                | 46.2 ~ 51.0 | 5.65         | 5.37 ~ 5.93 |
| 5600      | 48.5                | 46.1 ~ 50.9 | 5.77         | 5.48 ~ 6.06 |
| 5800      | 48.2                | 45.8 ~ 50.6 | 6.00         | 5.70 ~ 6.30 |
|           |                     | .0.0 00.0   | 0.00         | 3 3         |

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 12of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Tissue<br>Type | Bactericide | DGBE | HEC | NaCl | Sucrose | Triton<br>X-100 | Water | Diethylene<br>Glycol<br>Mono-<br>hexylether |
|----------------|-------------|------|-----|------|---------|-----------------|-------|---|
| H750           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.5  | 56.0    | -               | 42.1  | -   |
| H835           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.5  | 57.0    | -               | 41.1  | -   |
| H900           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.4  | 58.0    | -               | 40.2  | -   |
| H1450          | -           | 43.3 | -   | 0.6  | -       | -               | 56.1  | -   |
| H1640          | -           | 45.8 | -   | 0.5  | -       | -               | 53.7  | -   |
| H1750          | -           | 47.0 | -   | 0.4  | -       | -               | 52.6  | -   |
| H1800          | -           | 44.5 | -   | 0.3  | -       | -               | 55.2  | -   |
| H1900          | -           | 44.5 | -   | 0.2  | -       | -               | 55.3  | -   |
| H2000          | -           | 44.5 |     | 0.1  | -       | -               | 55.4  | -   |
| H2300          | ı           | 44.9 | ı   | 0.1  | -       | -               | 55.0  | -   |
| H2450          | -           | 45.0 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -               | 54.9  | -   |
| H2600          | -           | 45.1 |     | 0.1  | -       | -               | 54.8  | -   |
| H3500          | ı           | 8.0  | ı   | 0.2  | -       | 20.0            | 71.8  | -   |
| H5G            | -           | ı    | -   | ı    | -       | 17.2            | 65.5  | 17.3  |
| B750           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 0.8  | 48.8    | -               | 50.0  | -   |
| B835           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 0.9  | 48.5    | -               | 50.2  | -   |
| B900           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 0.9  | 48.2    | -               | 50.5  | -   |
| B1450          | -           | 34.0 |     | 0.3  | -       | -               | 65.7  | -   |
| B1640          | ı           | 32.5 | ı   | 0.3  | -       | -               | 67.2  | -   |
| B1750          | 1           | 31.0 | ı   | 0.2  | -       | -               | 68.8  | -   |
| B1800          | ı           | 29.5 | ı   | 0.4  | -       | -               | 70.1  | -   |
| B1900          | ı           | 29.5 | ı   | 0.3  | -       | -               | 70.2  | -   |
| B2000          | -           | 30.0 | -   | 0.2  | -       | -               | 69.8  | -   |
| B2300          | -           | 31.0 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -               | 68.9  | -   |
| B2450          | -           | 31.4 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -               | 68.5  | -   |
| B2600          | -           | 31.8 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -               | 68.1  | -   |
| B3500          | -           | 28.8 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -               | 71.1  | -   |
| B5G            | -           | -    | -   | -    | -       | 10.7            | 78.6  | 10.7  |

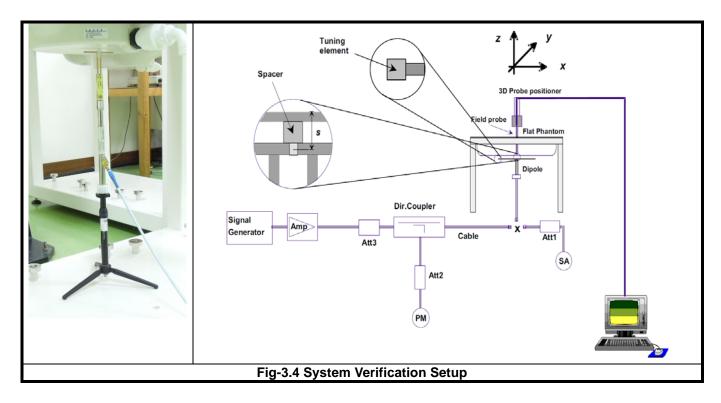
 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 13of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



## 3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 14of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



### 3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

#### 3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

| Items                 | <= 2 GHz | 2-3 GHz  | 3-4 GHz  | 4-5 GHz  | 5-6 GHz  |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Area Scan<br>(Δx, Δy) | <= 15 mm | <= 12 mm | <= 12 mm | <= 10 mm | <= 10 mm |
| Zoom Scan<br>(Δx, Δy) | <= 8 mm  | <= 5 mm  | <= 5 mm  | <= 4 mm  | <= 4 mm  |
| Zoom Scan<br>(Δz)     | <= 5 mm  | <= 5 mm  | <= 4 mm  | <= 3 mm  | <= 2 mm  |
| Zoom Scan<br>Volume   | >= 30 mm | >= 30 mm | >= 28 mm | >= 25 mm | >= 22 mm |

#### Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <=1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of  $\Delta x / \Delta y$  (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

#### 3.4.2 VolumeScan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 15of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



#### 3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

#### 3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 16of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 4. SARMeasurement Evaluation

## 4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

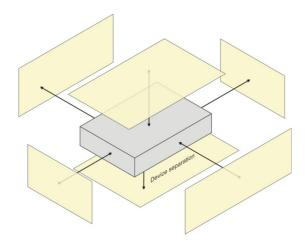
#### <Considerations Related to Wireless for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Wireless engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Wireless SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

## **4.2 EUT Testing Position**

#### 4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions

For this device, We will evaluate SAR testing All surfaces and the separation distance between EUT and phantom is 0 cm. Without metal on the back of the product, and shall not affect the product function, we remove the antenna and the test on the back of the antenna, in order to achieve more rigorous testing.



 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No.
 : 17of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date
 : Mar. 23, 2018



#### 4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and theminimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance <= 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \le 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g, } \le 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[ \text{(Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1)} + \text{(Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm)} \times \left( \frac{f_{\text{(MHz)}}}{150} \right) \right]_{\text{(mW)}}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz  $\left[ (\text{Threshold at } 50 \text{ mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times 10 \right]_{(mW)}$ 

|          | Max.                      | Max.                     |                         | FrontFace            |                            |                         | RearFace             |                            |                         | Left Side            |                            |
|----------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Mode     | Tune-up<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Tune-up<br>Power<br>(mW) | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? |
|          |                           |                          | 5                       | 10.8                 | Yes                        | 10                      | 5.4                  | Yes                        | 5                       | 10.8                 | Yes                        |
|          |                           |                          |                         | RightSide            |                            |                         | TopSide              |                            |                         | BottomSide           |                            |
| Wireless | 17.5                      | 56.23                    | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? |
|          |                           |                          | 5                       | 10.8                 | Yes                        | 35                      | 1.5                  | No                         | 5                       | 10.8                 | Yes                        |
|          |                           |                          |                         | FrontFace            |                            |                         | RearFace             |                            | Left Side               |                      |                            |
|          |                           |                          | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? |
| BT       | 1.0                       | -1.0 0.79                | 130                     | 895 mW               | No                         | 20                      | 0.1                  | No                         | 10                      | 0.1                  | No                         |
| ы        | -1.0                      |                          |                         | RightSide            |                            |                         | TopSide              |                            |                         | BottomSide           |                            |
|          |                           |                          | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? | Ant. to Surface<br>(mm) | Calculated<br>Result | Require<br>SAR<br>Testing? |
|          |                           |                          | 50                      | 0.0                  | No                         | 5                       | 0.3                  | No                         | 5                       | 0.3                  | No                         |

#### Note:

- 1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0 for SAR-1g exposure condition, or <= 7.5 for SAR-10g exposure condition, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.
- 2. When separation distance > 50 mm and the device output power is less than the calculated result (power threshold, mW) shown in above table, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 18of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



### 4.2.3 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

| Simultan<br>Combi |   | Capable Transmit Configurations | Body Exposure Condition |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1                 | I | Wireless (Data) + BT (Data)     | Yes                     |

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 19of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



## 4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

| Test<br>Date  | Tissue<br>Type | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Liquid<br>Temp.<br>(℃) | Measured<br>Conductivity<br>(σ) | Measured<br>Permittivity<br>(ε <sub>r</sub> ) | Target<br>Conductivity<br>(σ) | Target<br>Permittivity<br>(ε <sub>r</sub> ) | Conductivity<br>Deviation<br>(%) | Permittivity<br>Deviation<br>(%) |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Mar. 08, 2018 | Body           | 900                | 23.1                   | 22.1                            | 1.046   | 55.218                        | 1.05  | 55.00                            | -0.38                            |

#### Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within  $\pm 2\%$ .

## 4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

| Took          | Toot Broke   |           | Measured | Measured         | Va                             | lidation for C       | w                  | Valida            | tion for Modu      | lation      |      |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|------|
| Test<br>Date  | Probe<br>S/N | Calibrati | on Point | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ) | Sensitivity<br>Range | Probe<br>Linearity | Probe<br>Isotropy | Modulation<br>Type | Duty Factor | PAR  |
| Mar. 08, 2018 | 3970         | Body      | 900      | 1.046            | 55.218                         | Pass                 | Pass               | Pass              | ASK                | N/A         | Pass |

# 4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification istabulated as below.

| Test<br>Date  | Mode | Frequency<br>(MHz) | 1W Target<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Measured<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Normalized<br>to 1W<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Deviation<br>(%) | Dipole<br>S/N | Probe<br>S/N | DAE<br>S/N |
|---------------|------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Mar. 08, 2018 | Body | 900                | 11.10                         | 2.82                         | 11.28                                   | 1.62             | 1d121         | 3970         | 1418       |

#### Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 20of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 4.6 Maximum Output Power

## 4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

| Mode | Wireless |
|------|----------|
| ASK  | 17.5     |

| Mode | 2.4G Bluetooth |
|------|----------------|
| GFSK | -1.0           |

### 4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

#### < Wireless >

| Mode                      | Wireless FSK                       |       |       |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Channel / Frequency (MHz) | 0 (902.75) 25 (914.75) 50 (927.25) |       |       |  |  |  |  |
| Average Power             | 17.01                              | 17.18 | 17.23 |  |  |  |  |

#### <Bluetooth>

| Mode                      | Bluetooth GFSK |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Data Rate                 | DH5            |
| Channel / Frequency (MHz) | Hopping        |
| Average Power             | -1.58          |

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 21of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



## 4.7 SAR Testing Results

#### 4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

### <KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 22of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

| Plot<br>No. | Band     | Mode | Test<br>Position | Separation<br>Distance<br>(cm) | Ch. | Max.<br>Tune-up<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Measured<br>Conducted<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Scaling<br>Factor | Power<br>Drift<br>(dB) | Measured<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Scaled<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) |
|-------------|----------|------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1           | Wireless | ASK  | Front Face       | 0                              | 50  | 17.5                              | 17.23                                   | 1.06              | -0.03                  | 0.388                        | <mark>0.41</mark>          |
|             | Wireless | ASK  | Rear Face        | 0                              | 50  | 17.5                              | 17.23                                   | 1.06              | -0.01                  | 0.384                        | 0.41                       |
|             | Wireless | ASK  | Left Side        | 0                              | 50  | 17.5                              | 17.23                                   | 1.06              | -0.17                  | 0.271                        | 0.29                       |
|             | Wireless | ASK  | Right Side       | 0                              | 50  | 17.5                              | 17.23                                   | 1.06              | -0.04                  | 0.215                        | 0.23                       |
|             | Wireless | ASK  | Bottom Side      | 0                              | 50  | 17.5                              | 17.23                                   | 1.06              | -0.02                  | 0.242                        | 0.26                       |

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 23of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



### 4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probecalibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and bodytissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurementprocedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measuredSAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both headand body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest dividedby smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium maybe used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The testdevice should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured 1-g SAR are less than 0.8 W/, the repeated measurement is not required.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 24of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



#### 4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

### <Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max.Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min.Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

| Mode / Band    | Frequency<br>(GHz) | Max.Tune-up<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Test<br>Position | Separation<br>Distance<br>(mm) | Estimated<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Wireless (DSS) | 0.93               | 17.5                          | Top Side         | 35                             | 0.21                       |

| Mode / Band | Frequency<br>(GHz) | Max.Tune-up<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Test<br>Position | Separation<br>Distance<br>(mm) | Estimated<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| BT(DSS)     | 2.48               | -1.0                          | Body             | 0                              | 0.03                       |

#### Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 25of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



#### <SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR $_{1g}$  of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR $_{1g}$  1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR $_{1g}$  is greater than the SAR limit (SAR $_{1g}$  1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

| No.         | Conditions<br>(SAR1 + SAR2) | Exposure<br>Condition | Test<br>Position | Max.<br>SAR1 | Max.<br>SAR2 | SAR<br>Summation | SPLSR<br>Analysis           |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
|             |                             |                       | Front Face       | 0.41         | 0.03         | 0.44             | ΣSAR < 1.6,<br>Not required |
|             |                             |                       | Rear Face        | 0.41         | 0.03         | 0.44             | ΣSAR < 1.6,<br>Not required |
|             | Wireless (DSS)              | + Body                | Left Side        | 0.29         | 0.03         | 0.32             | ΣSAR < 1.6,<br>Not required |
| 1 +<br>BT(D | +<br>BT(DSS)                |                       | Right Side       | 0.23         | 0.03         | 0.26             | ΣSAR < 1.6,<br>Not required |
|             |                             |                       | Top Side         | 0.21         | 0.03         | 0.24             | ΣSAR < 1.6,<br>Not required |
|             |                             |                       | Bottom Side      | 0.26         | 0.03         | 0.29             | ΣSAR < 1.6,<br>Not required |

Test Engineer: Lexian Wu

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 26of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 5. Calibration of Test Equipment

| Equipment                    | Manufacturer | Model       | SN          | Cal. Date     | Cal. Interval |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| System Validation Dipole     | SPEAG        | D900V2      | 1d121       | Jun. 28, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Dosimetric E-Field Probe     | SPEAG        | EX3DV4      | 3970        | Nov. 02, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG        | DAE4        | 1418        | Oct. 09, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| ENA Series Network Analyzer  | Agilent      | E5071B      | MY42404246  | May. 20, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Signal Analyzer              | Agilent      | N9010A      | My53470879  | May. 21, 2017 | 1Year         |
| Signal Generator             | Agilent      | N5181A      | MY50145187  | May. 21, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Power Meter                  | BOONTON      | 4232A       | 10539       | May. 21, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Power Sensor                 | BOONTON      | 51011EMC    | 34236/34238 | May. 21, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Temp. & Humi. Recorder       | CLOCK        | HTC-1       | EE-334      | Jul. 15, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Electronic Thermometer       | FeiHong      | HY          | TP101       | May. 20, 2017 | 1 Year        |
| Coupler                      | Woken        | 0110A056020 | COM27RW1A3  | Sep. 27, 2017 | 1 Year        |

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 27of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 6. Measurement Uncertainty

| Source of Uncertainty  | Tolerance<br>(± %) | Probability<br>Distribution | Divisor | Ci<br>(1g) | Ci<br>(10g) | Standard<br>Uncertainty<br>(± %, 1g) | Standard<br>Uncertainty<br>(± %, 10g) | Vi           |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System   |                    |                             |         |            |             | _                                    |                                       |              |
| Probe Calibration  | 6.0                | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | 1           | 6.05                                 | 6.05                                  | 8            |
| Axial Isotropy   | 4.7                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.7        | 0.7         | 1.9                                  | 1.9                                   | 8            |
| Hemispherical Isotropy   | 9.6                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.7        | 0.7         | 3.9                                  | 3.9                                   | 8            |
| Linearity  | 4.7                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 2.7                                  | 2.7                                   | 8            |
| Probe Modulation Response  | 2.4                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 1.4                                  | 1.4                                   | 8            |
| Detection Limits   | 0.25               | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 0.14                                 | 0.14                                  | 8            |
| Boundary Effect  | 1.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 0.6                                  | 0.6                                   | 8            |
| Readout Electronics  | 0.3                | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | 1           | 0.3                                  | 0.3                                   | 8            |
| Response Time  | 0.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 0.0                                  | 0.0                                   | 8            |
| Integration Time   | 1.7                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 1.0                                  | 1.0                                   | 8            |
| RF Ambient Conditions – Noise  | 3.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 1.7                                  | 1.7                                   | 8            |
| RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections  | 3.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 1.7                                  | 1.7                                   | 8            |
| Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions  | 0.4                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 0.2                                  | 0.2                                   | 8            |
| Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell                              | 2.9                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 1.7                                  | 1.7                                   | 8            |
| Post-processing  | 2.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 1.2                                  | 1.2                                   | 8            |
| Test Sample Related  |                    |                             |         |            |             |                                      |                                       |              |
| Device Holder Uncertainty  | 4.2 / 1.8          | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | 1           | 4.2                                  | 1.8                                   | 32           |
| Test Sample Positioning  | 1.5 / 0.7          | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | 1           | 1.5                                  | 0.7                                   | 32           |
| Power Scaling  | 0.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 0.0                                  | 0.0                                   | 8            |
| Power Drift of Measured SAR  | 5.0                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 2.9                                  | 2.9                                   | 8            |
| Phantom and Setup  |                    |                             |         |            |             |                                      |                                       |              |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)                         | 7.2                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | 1           | 4.2                                  | 4.2                                   | 8            |
| Algorithm for Correcting SAR for Deviations in Permittivity and Conductivity | 1.2 / 0.97         | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | 0.84        | 1.2                                  | 0.8                                   | 8            |
| Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)  | 1.0                | Normal                      | 1       | 0.78       | 0.71        | 0.8                                  | 0.7                                   | 25           |
| Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)  | 0.5                | Normal                      | 1       | 0.23       | 0.26        | 0.1                                  | 0.1                                   | 25           |
| Liquid Conductivity– Temperature Uncertainty                                 | 2.2                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.78       | 0.71        | 1.0                                  | 0.9                                   | ∞            |
| Liquid Permittivity Temperature Uncertainty                                  | 1.9                | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.23       | 0.26        | 0.3                                  | 0.3                                   | <sub>∞</sub> |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty  |                    |                             |         |            |             |                                      | ± 11.4 %                              |              |
| Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)   |                    |                             |         |            |             |                                      | ±22.8%                                |              |
| Expanded Uncertainty (K=2) ±24.2% ±22.8% ±22.8%                              |                    |                             |         |            |             |                                      |                                       |              |

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 28of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# 7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD., were founded in 2000 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Site Description

EMC Lab. : Accredited by CNAS,2016.10.24

The certificate is valid until 2022.10.28

The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with

CNAS-CL01:2006 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2005) The Certificate Registration Number is L2291.

Accredited by TUV Rheinland Shenzhen 2016.5.19

The Laboratory has been assessed according to the requirements ISO/IEC

17025.

Accredited by FCC, August 03, 2017

Designation Number: CN1204

Test Firm Registration Number: 882943 Accredited by A2LA, July 31, 2017

The Certificate Registration Number is 4321.01.

Accredited by Industry Canada, November 24, 2015 The Certificate Registration Number is 4480A

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

TEL: 86-755-26954280 FAX: 86-755-26954282

Email: csg@emtek.com.cn
Web Site: www.emtek.com.cn

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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 Report Format Version 1.0.0
 Page No. : 29of29

 Report No. : ES180208008W03
 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018



# Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 1.0.0 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018

Report No.: ES180208008W03



# Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 1.0.0 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018

Report No.: ES180208008W03



# Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Report No. : ES180208008W03



# Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup

Report Format Version 1.0.0 Issued Date : Mar. 23, 2018

Report No.: ES180208008W03