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SHIBA NO.3 AMEREX BLDG. 3-12-17 MITA, MINATO-KU TOKYO 108-0073, JAPAN

September 3, 1999

Federal Communications Commission Authorization and Evaluation Division Laboratory Division 7435 Oakland Mills Road Colombia, MD 21046

Ref.: Radio Shack Model 20-196, FCC ID: AAO2000196:

This is to clarify that the above equipment is incapable of operating (tuning) or readily being altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service.

The frequencies in question are deleted from the ROM during manufacture, and cannot be restored through any readily available process or component such as: installation of cuts, jumper wires, resistors, diodes, or plug-in IC's; deletion of such items; or reprogramming via access codes or external devices such as a personal computer.

The receiver is incapable of converting digital cellular transmissions to analog voice audio.

# Assessing the vulnerability of the receiver to possible modification

The receiver has the possibility of reducing the threshold value to discern transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service by making modification such as adding jumper wire to the RF bandpass filters.

# Design features that prevent modification of the receiver to receive Cellular Service

The scanning receiver is designed to prevent any attempt for the user to modify the receiver to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service by using epoxy to cover the required parts of the RF circuitry including control circuits and bandpass filters.

# Testing method used to determine compliance with the 38 dB rejection ratio

The scanning receiver prevents transmissions more than 38 dB from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service from being received for the following reasons:

1. The image frequencies in the frequency range from 29 MHz to 512 MHz are shown as follows:

# PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT & MANUFACTURING

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These image frequencies are not included within the Cellular Radiotelephone Service Frequency Band.

2. The image frequencies in the frequency range from 806 to 811 MHz are shown as follows:

These image frequencies are not included within the Cellular Radiotelephone Service Frequency Band.

3. The image frequencies in the frequency range from 811.0125 to 820.7375 MHz, 849 to 868.9875 MHz, and 894 to 960 MHz are shown as follows:

```
FR = 811.0125 to 820.7375 MHz, 849 to 898.9875 MHz, 894 to 960 MHz

IF = 257.5 MHz

FR - 2 x IF = IMAGE FREQ.

(811.0125 to 820.7375) - (2 x 257.5) = 296.0125 to 305.7375 MHz ..... IMAGE FREQ.

(849 to 868.9875) - (2 x 257.5) = 334 to 353.9875 MHz ..... IMAGE FREQ.

(894 to 960) - (2 x 257.5) = 379 to 445 MHz ...... IMAGE FREQ.
```

These image frequencies are not included within the Cellular Radiotelephone Service Frequency Band.

4. The image frequencies in the frequency range from 820.75 to 823.9875 MHz are shown as follows:

```
FR = 820.75 to 823.9875 MHz

IF = 260 MHz

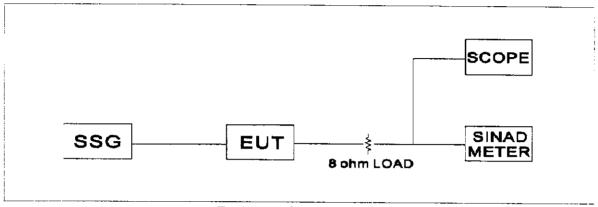
FR - 2 x IF = IMAGE FREQ.

(820.75 to 823.9875) - (2 x 260) = 300.75 to 303.9875 MHz ...... IMAGE FREQ.
```

These image frequencies are not included within the Cellular Radiotelephone Service Frequency Band.

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The 12 dB SINAD measurement method in the Cellular Radiotelephone Service used for frequencies that the receiver tunes and the signal rejection ratio gained by the measurement.



Equipment Setup Block Diagram

#### Measurement method

Tune the receiver to the received frequency and output the receiving frequency from SG to obtain its 12 dB SINAD. Then output the interference frequency to obtain its 12 dB SINAD. The signal rejection ratio is the ratio between these two SSG output levels.

Test Results (1)

Frequency	Cellular frequency	Received	Interference	Signal	Equation for interference
ran <b>ge</b>	range included	frequency	frequency	rejection	frequency reception
(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	ratio (dB)	(MHz)
29. <b>00</b> 0	830.500	<b>29</b> .000	830.500	68	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + IF = 830.500
to	to	34.000	840.500	70	1 <sup>s1</sup> LO x 2 + IF = 840.500
38. <b>25</b> 0	849.000	38.250	849.000	69	1 <sup>s1</sup> LO x 2 + IF = 849.000
48.250	869.00 <b>0</b>	48.250	869.000	68	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + IF = 869.000
to	to	51.00 <b>0</b>	874.500	68	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + IF = 874.500
54.000	880.500	54.000	880,500	68	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + IF = 880.500
108.000	839.000	108.000	839.000	76	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + FR = 839,000
to	to	110.000	845.000	76	1st LO x 2 + FR = 845.000
111.300	848.900	111.300	848.900	77	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + FR = 848.900
118.000	869.000	118. <b>00</b> 0	<b>86</b> 9. <b>00</b> 0	82	1st LO x 2 + FR = 869,000
to	to	122.000	<b>881.00</b> 0	80	1st LO x 2 + FR = 881,000
126.300	<b>89</b> 3.900	126.300	<b>89</b> 3.9 <b>0</b> 0	73	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 + FR = 893.900
29.000	888.500	29.000	888.500	68	1st LO x 4 + FR = 888.500
to	to				
30.375	894.000	30.375	894.000	70	1st LO x 4 + FR =894.000

IF = 257.500 MHz FR = received frequency

1st LO = FR + IF

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Test Results (2)

Frequency	Cellular frequency	Received	Interference	Signal	Equation for interference
range	range included	frequency	frequency	rejection	frequency reception
(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	ratio (dB)	(MHz)
952.7500	824.0000	952.7500	824.0000	49	FR - 1 <sup>st</sup>  F/2 = 824,0000
to	to	956.0000	827.2500	49	FR - 1 <sup>st</sup>  F/2 = 827.2500
960.0000	831.2500	960.0000	831.2500	48	FR - 1st IF/2 = 831.2500
819.6500	824.0000	819.6500	824.0000	64	1 <sup>st</sup> LO x 2 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> LO – 2 <sup>nc</sup> IF = 824.0000
to	to				
820.7375	826.1750	820.7375	826.1750	66	1st LO x 2 - 2nd LO - 2nd IF = 826.1750
849.0000	882.7000	849.0000	882.7000	66	1st LO x 2 - 2nd LO - 2nd IF = 882.7000
to	to	852.0000	888.7000	65	1st LO x 2 - 2nd LO - 2nd IF = 888.7000
854.6500	894.0000	854.6500	89 <b>4</b> .00 <b>00</b>	66	1st LO x 2 - 2nd LO - 2nd IF = 894,0000
937.7000	824.0000	937.7000	824.0000	57	1st LO x 2 - 2nd LO x 2 + 2nd  F = 824.0000
l to	to	944.0000	836.6000	56	$1^{st} LO \times 2 - 2^{nd} LO \times 2 + 2^{nd} IF = 836.6000$
950.2000	849.0000	950.2000	849.0000	55	$1^{st} LO \times 2 - 2^{nd} LO \times 2 + 2^{nd} IF = 849.0000$

1<sup>st</sup> IF = 257.500 MHz 2<sup>nd</sup> IF = 21.400 MHz FR = received frequency  $1^{st}$  LO = FR -  $1^{st}$  |F  $2^{nd}$  LO =  $1^{st}$  |F +  $2^{nd}$  |F

The above test results indicate that all the signal rejection ratios for the Cellular Radiotelephone Service Band are higher than 38 dB.

### Label Requirement

The scanning receiver has a label affixed to the product shown on the attached drawing of the model label, which reads as follows:

WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.

Based on the above, we hereby attest that the equipment in question compiles fully with the provisions of 15.121 of FCC Rules.

M. Ishizuka, Chief Engineer