



## **SAR EVALUATION REPORT**

**IEEE Std 1528-2013**

*For*  
**Bluetooth Earbud**

**FCC ID: BCG-A2565**  
**Model Name: A2565**

**Report Number: 13685813-S2V2**  
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**Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	9/20/2021	Initial Issue	--
V2	9/29/2021	Section 9.1 – Updated duty cycle	Dave Weaver

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## 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	APPLE INC.			
FCC ID	BCG-A2564			
Model Name	A2565			
Applicable Standards	Published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE Std 1528-2013			
Exposure Category	SAR Limits (W/Kg)			
	Peak spatial-average (1g of tissue)	Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)		
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6	4		
RF Exposure Conditions	<a href="#">Equipment Class</a> - Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
	PCE	DTS	NII	DSS
Head	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.068
Body-worn	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.626
Date Tested	8/31/2021 to 9/28/2021			
Test Results	Pass			
<p>UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.</p> <p>This report contains data provided by the customer which can impact the validity of results. UL Verification Services Inc. is only responsible for the validity of results after the integration of the data provided by the customer.</p> <p>The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical components. All samples tested were in good operating condition throughout the entire test program. Measurement Uncertainties are published for informational purposes only and were not taken into account unless noted otherwise.</p> <p>This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government, or any agency of the U.S. government.</p>				
Approved & Released By:		Prepared By:		
				
Devin Chang Senior Test Engineer UL Verification Services Inc.		Florencio Pesigan Laboratory Technician UL Verification Services Inc.		

## 2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, ANSI C63.10, the following FCC Published RF exposure [KDB](#) procedures:

- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- [TCB workshop](#) October 2016; RF Exposure Procedures (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- [TCB workshop](#) October 2016; RF Exposure Procedures (DUT Holder Perturbations)
- [TCB Workshop](#) April 2019; RF Exposure Procedures (Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL))

## 3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	SAR Lab 5
SAR Lab F	SAR Lab 6
SAR Lab G	SAR Lab 7
SAR Lab H	SAR Lab 8

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by A2LA, Certificate Number 0751.05

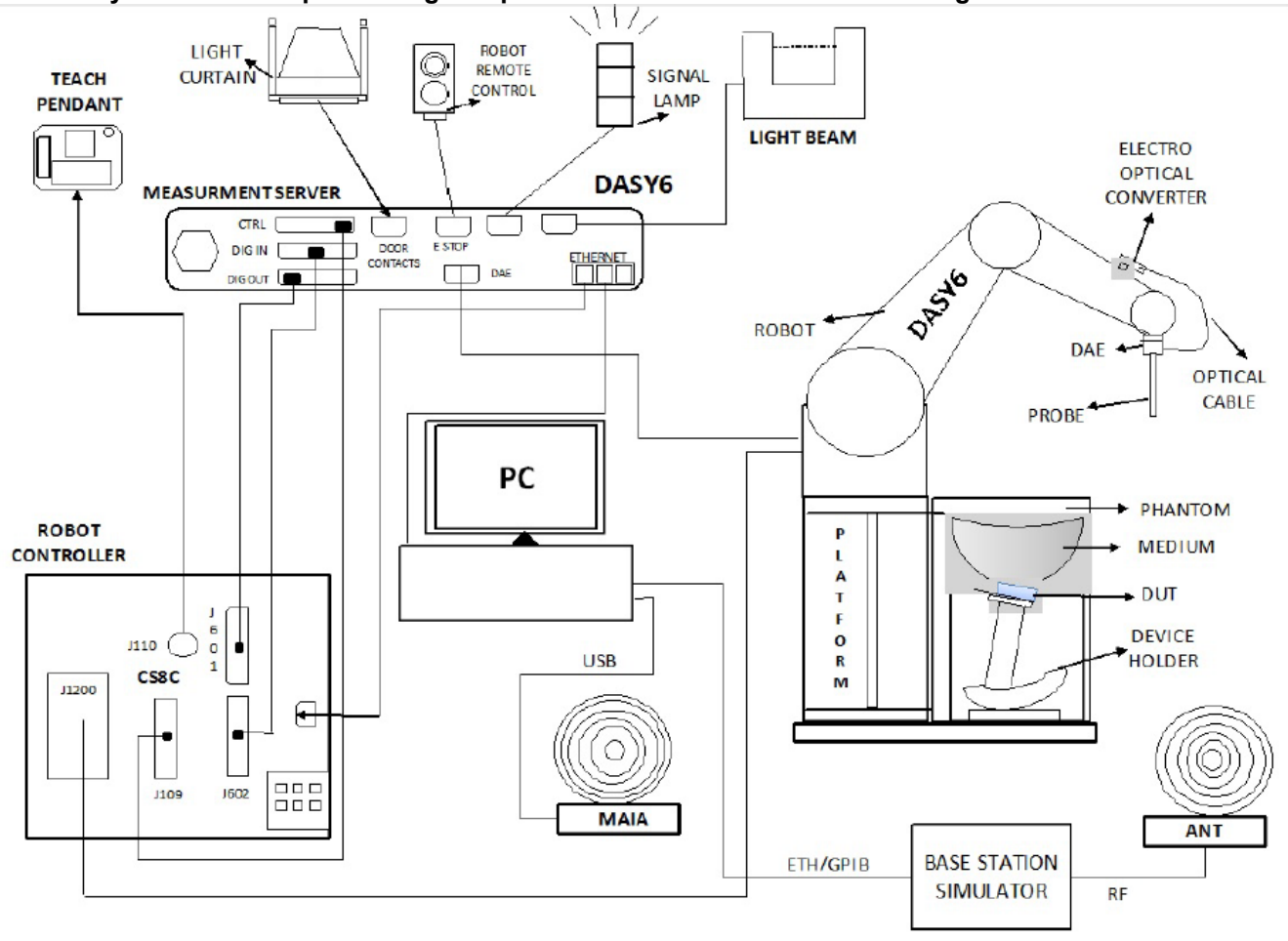
The Test Lab Conformity Assessment Body Identifier (CABID)

Location	CABID	Company Number
47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, CA, 94538 UNITED STATES	US0104	2324A
47266 Benicia Street, Fremont, CA, 94538 UNITED STATES		22541

## 4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

### 4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7, Win10 and the DASY52<sup>1</sup> and DASY6<sup>2</sup> software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

<sup>1</sup> DASY52 software used: DASY52.10.4 & S 14.6.14 and older generations.

<sup>2</sup> DASY6 software used: DASY6.14 & S 14.6.14 and older generations.

## 4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

**Step 3: Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

**Step 4: Power drift measurement**

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

### 4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### Dielectric Property Measurements

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK200BA	11/12/2021
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ZNLE6	101274	2/26/2022
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1082	9/9/2021
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK200DA	9/9/2021
Thermometer	Fischer Scientific	N/A	N/A	2/14/2022

#### System Check

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Signal Generator	Keysight Technologies	N5181A-506	MY50140610	1/21/2022
Power Meter	Keysight Technologies	N1912A	MY50001018	1/21/2022
Power Sensor	Keysight Technologies	N1921A	MY53020038	1/28/2022
DC Power Supply	Ametek	XT15-4	1802A01877	N/A
Amplifier	Miteq	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795092	N/A
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A03	180969	2/16/2022
3-Path Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP18A	100992	2/16/2022
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A03	180970	2/16/2022
Power Meter	Keysight Technologies	437B	3125U11347	1/26/2022
3-Path Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP18A	100995	2/26/2022
Bi-Directional Coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	4063	N/A
Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	1137.9009.02.106321-pu	7/1/2022
Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	1137.9009.02-101575-em	7/17/2022
Power Meter	HP	NRX	1424.7005K02-102214-ea	7/2/2022
Amplifier	RF/Microwave Instrumentation	20S1G4M4	337209	N/A

#### Note(s):

\*Equipment not used past calibration due date.

#### Lab Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab G)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3902	3/18/2022
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab G)	SPEAG	DAE4	1258	3/18/2022
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	899	4/13/2022
Thermometer	Fisher Scientific	TRACEABLE	140493798	9/1/2022

#### Other

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Keysight	N1911A	MY55196015	1/20/2022
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY52200012	1/28/2022

## 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of  $k = 2$ . If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

## 6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

### 6.1. DUT Description

A2565 is a Bluetooth earbud for the right ear. It has an integral battery, microphone and antenna. It can charge via bottom contacts with charging case. It is designed to work in conjunction with left earbud, A2564.

Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width x Height): 31.0 mm x 19.84 mm x 18.2 mm
Battery Options	The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.

### 6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	BR, EDR, and LE	29.6% (BR) DM1

### 6.3. Maximum Output Power from Tune-up Procedure

KDB 447498 sec.4.1.(3) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit

RF Operating mode	Max. RF Output Power (dBm)
Bluetooth BR (DM1)	<b>12.50</b>
Bluetooth EDR	<b>9.50</b>
Bluetooth LE	<b>10.00</b>

## 7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Wireless technologies	DUT-to-User Separation	Test Position	Antenna-to-edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
Bluetooth	0 mm	Right Touch	< 25mm	Yes	
		Right Flat	< 25mm	Yes	

## 8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

### 8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

The dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$ ) and conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for  $\epsilon_r$  and  $\sigma$  may be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$ . This is limited to frequencies  $\leq 3\text{ GHz}$ .

#### Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

#### IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

#### Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

SAR Lab	Date	Band (MHz)	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )			Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )		
					Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Measured	Target	Delta (%)
G	8/31/2021	2450	Head	2450	37.73	39.20	-3.75	1.83	1.80	1.61
				2400	37.76	39.30	-3.91	1.80	1.75	2.65
				2480	37.62	39.16	-3.94	1.84	1.83	0.52
G	9/7/2021	2450	Head	2450	37.63	39.20	-4.01	1.88	1.80	4.39
				2400	37.74	39.30	-3.96	1.84	1.75	4.93
				2480	37.49	39.16	-4.27	1.90	1.83	3.63

## 8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0  $\pm$  0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq$  15.0 cm for SAR measurements  $\leq$  3 GHz and  $\geq$  10.0 cm for measurements  $>$  3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.  
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.  
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within  $\pm 10\%$  of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target. Refer to Appendix B for the SAR System Check Plots.

SAR Lab	Date	Tissue Type	Dipole Type _Serial #	Dipole Cal. Due Date	Measured Results for 1g SAR				Measured Results for 10g SAR				Plot No.
					Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta $\pm 10\%$	Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta $\pm 10\%$	
G	8/31/2021	Head	D2450V2 SN:899	4/13/2022	5.320	53.20	50.96	4.40	2.500	25.00	23.89	4.65	1,2
G	9/7/2021	Head	D2450V2 SN:899	4/13/2022	4.980	49.80	50.96	-2.28	2.330	23.30	23.89	-2.47	3,4

## 9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

### 9.1. Bluetooth

#### Maximum Output Power (Tune-up Limit) for Bluetooth

From October 2016 TCB workshop, Power and SAR measurements were performed with test software using DM1 modulation, Please see duty cycle plot below.

SAR measurement is not required for the EDR and LE. When the secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode.

#### Bluetooth Measured Results

Band	Mode	Ch #	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
				Meas Pwr	Tune-up	SAR Test (Yes/No)
2.4 GHz	BR (DM1)	0	2402	12.32	12.50	Yes
		39	2441	12.32	12.50	
		78	2480	12.32	12.50	

#### Duty Factor Measured Results

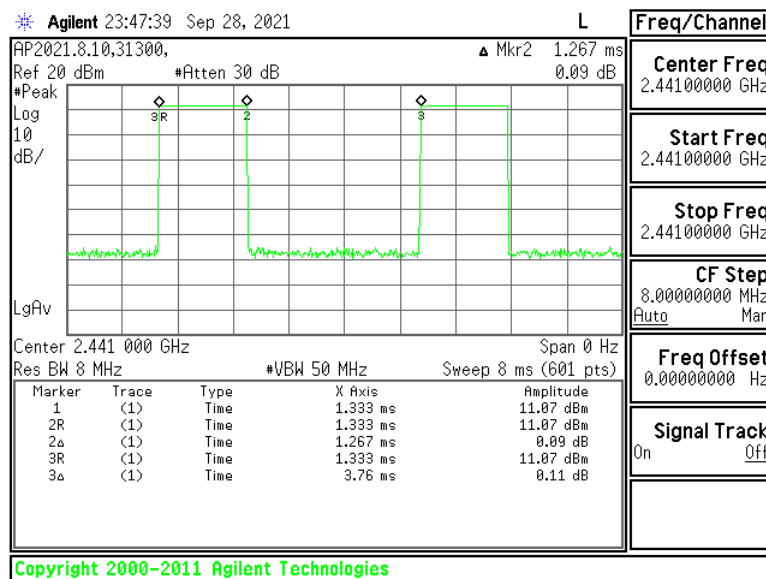
Mode	Type	T on (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor (1/duty cycle)
BR	DM1	1.267	3.76	33.70%	2.97

#### Note(s):

Duty Cycle = (T on / period) \* 100%

### Duty Cycle plot

BR



## 10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

### SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

- Reported SAR(W/kg) for Bluetooth = Measured SAR \*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Duty Cycle scaling factor = 1 / Duty cycle (%)

### KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

### 10.1. Bluetooth

Mode	Dist. (mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		10-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.
					Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	
BR (DM1)	0	Right Touch	39	2441	12.50	12.32	0.065	0.068	0.021	0.022	1
		Right Flat	0	2402	12.50	12.32	0.580	0.605	0.155	0.162	
			39	2441	12.50	12.32	0.601	0.626	0.165	0.172	2
			78	2480	12.50	12.32	0.579	0.604	0.163	0.170	

### Notes:

- SAR Testing was performed on the Flat Phantom for normal use for Head. Additional SAR Testing was performed on the location closest to the Antenna (Rear of the Device) of similar configuration to demonstrate compliance. This was reported as the highest SAR.
- BR mode uses DM1 packet type and has a maximum of 34% duty cycle.

## 11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the **ratio of largest to smallest SAR** for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

### Note(s):

Repeated measurement is not required since the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 W/kg (1-g) or 2 W/kg (10-g) .

## 12. Simultaneous Transmission Conditions

N/A

## **Appendixes**

**Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.**

**Appendix A: SAR Setup Photos**

**Appendix B: SAR System Check Plots**

**Appendix C: SAR Highest Test Plots**

**Appendix D: SAR Tissue Ingredients**

**Appendix E: SAR Probe Certificates**

**Appendix F: SAR Dipole Certificates**

**END OF REPORT**