

RF Exposure Report

Report No.: SA170313E12

FCC ID: 2ACTO-APX320

Test Model: APX 320

Received Date: Mar. 13, 2017

Test Date: Apr. 22 to May 04, 2017

Issued Date: Aug. 14, 2017

Applicant: Sophos Ltd

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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
SA170313E12	Original release.	Aug. 14, 2017

1 Certificate of Conformity

Product: Sophos Access Point

Brand: SOPHOS

Test Model: APX 320

Sample Status: ENGINEERING SAMPLE

Applicant: Sophos Ltd

Test Date: Apr. 22 to May 04, 2017

Standards: FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1091)

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

IEEE C95.1-1992

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

Prepared by :



Date: Aug. 14, 2017

Wendy Wu / Specialist

Approved by :



Date: Aug. 14, 2017

May Chen / Manager

2 RF Exposure

2.1 Limits For Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	1.0	30

f = Frequency in MHz ; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

2.2 MPE Calculation Formula

$$P_d = (P_{out} \cdot G) / (4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^2)$$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm²

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

π = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

2.3 Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 30cm away from the body of the user.

So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.

2.4 Antenna Gain

Radio 1							
WLAN - 2.4GHz + 5GHz							
Antenna No.	Transmitter Circuit	Brand	Model No.	Antenna Net Gain (dBi)	Frequency Range (GHz)	Antenna Type	Connector Type
1	Chain (0)	WNC	NA	3.48 6.79	2.4~2.4835 5.47~5.85	PIFA	i-pex(MHF)
2	Chain (1)	WNC	NA	3.74 6.16	2.4~2.4835 5.47~5.85	PIFA	i-pex(MHF)
Radio 2							
WLAN 5GHz							
Antenna No.	Transmitter Circuit	Brand	Model No.	Antenna Net Gain (dBi)	Frequency Range (GHz)	Antenna Type	Connector Type
1	Chain (0)	WNC	NA	4.87	5.15~5.35	PIFA	i-pex(MHF)
2	Chain (1)	WNC	NA	5.64	5.15~5.35	PIFA	i-pex(MHF)
Radio 3							
Bluetooth - 2.4GHz							
Antenna No.	Transmitter Circuit	Brand	Model No.	Antenna Net Gain (dBi)	Frequency Range (GHz)	Antenna Type	Connector Type
1	Chain (0)	WNC	NA	1.87	2.4~2.4835	PIFA	i-pex(MHF)

2.5 Calculation Result of Maximum Conducted Power

For WLAN (Radio 1):

Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (mW)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
2412-2462	398.107	6.62	30	0.16164	1
5745-5825	794.328	9.49	30	0.62452	1

NOTE:

2.4GHz: Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20})^2 / 2] = 6.62\text{dBi}$

5GHz:

UNII-3: Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20})^2 / 2] = 9.49\text{dBi}$

For WLAN (Radio 2):

Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (mW)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
5180-5240	251.189	8.27	30	0.14912	1

NOTE:

UNII-1: Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20})^2 / 2] = 8.27\text{dBi}$

For Bluetooth (Radio 3):

Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (mW)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
2402-2480	5.012	1.87	30	0.00068	1

NOTE: 1. This power include tune-up tolerance range that specified in APX 320 Tune Up power table.

Conclusion:

The formula of calculated the MPE is:

$CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

WLAN 2.4GHz <Radio 1> + WLAN 5GHz (UNII-1) <Radio 2> + Bluetooth <Radio 3> = $0.16164 / 1 + 0.14912 / 1 + 0.00068 / 1 = 0.31144$

WLAN 5GHz (UNII-3) <Radio 1> + WLAN 5GHz (UNII-1) <Radio 2> + Bluetooth <Radio 3> = $0.62452 / 1 + 0.14912 / 1 + 0.00068 / 1 = 0.77432$

Therefore the maximum calculations of above situations are less than the “1” limit.

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