

FCC TEST REPORT

FOR

Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Tablet PC

Test Model: MID-16Q1E

List Model No.: MD-16Q1E, MW-16Q1E, TM101A730M

Prepared for : Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
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Date of receipt of test sample : April 27, 2017

Number of tested samples : 1

Serial number : 20170104010

Date of Test : April 27, 2017~May 17, 2017

Date of Report : May 17, 2017

FCC TEST REPORT
FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C(15.247)

Report Reference No. : **LCS170427087AE**
Date of Issue : May 17, 2017

Testing Laboratory Name : **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**
Address : 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Testing Location/ Procedure : Full application of Harmonised standards
Partial application of Harmonised standards
Other standard testing method

Applicant's Name..... : **Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.**
Address : 3F, South Tower, Jiuzhou Electric Building, Southern No, 12Rd, High-tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Test Specification
Standard : FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C(15.247) / ANSI C63.10: 2013
Test Report Form No. : LCSEMC-1.0
TRF Originator..... : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF : Dated 2011-03

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Test Item Description. : **Tablet PC**
Trade Mark..... : HENA, NuVision
Test Model : MID-16Q1E
Ratings : DC 3.7V by Li-ion Battery(5000mAh)
Input:100~240V, 0.3A, Output: 5V,2A
Result : **Positive**

Compiled by:



Kyle Yin/ Administrators

Supervised by:



Glin Lu/ Technique principal

Approved by:



Gavin Liang/ Manager

Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	May 17, 2017	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Device (EUT)

The Hena Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.'s Model: MID-16Q1E or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Tablet PC
Model Number	MID-16Q1E
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	2.0dBi (max.) for BT and WLAN
WLAN FCC Operation frequency	IEEE 802.11a: 5180-5240MHz/5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz/5180-5240MHz/5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40:2422-2452MHz/5190-5210MHz/5755-5795MHz
BT FCC Operation frequency	2402MHz-2480MHz
WLAN FCC Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT20: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT40: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK)
BT Modulation Type	GFSK,8DPSK, π /4DQPSK(BT V4.0)
Hardware version	7500-M16Q1E-01R
Software version	TM101A730M
WLAN	Supported 802.11a/b/g /n
Bluetooth	Supported BT V4.0
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.40VDC to 4.20VDC (nominal: 3.70VDC)

1.2 Support Equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Mass Power Electronic Limited	Power Adapter	NBS10B050200 VUU	---	FCC VoC

1.3 External I/O

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
Earphone Port	1	N/A
USB Port	1	N/A

1.4 Description of Test Facility

CNAS Registration Number. is L4595.

FCC Registration Number. is 899208.

Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.

ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.

UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.

TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.

TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and one line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.10: 2013, CISPR 22/EN 55022 and CISPR16-1-4 SVSWR requirements.

1.5 Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	9KHz~30MHz	3.10dB	(1)
	30MHz~200MHz	2.96dB	(1)
	200MHz~1000MHz	3.10dB	(1)
	1GHz~26.5GHz	3.80dB	(1)
	26.5GHz~40GHz	3.90dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	150kHz~30MHz	1.63dB	(1)
Power disturbance	30MHz~300MHz	1.60dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1. 6 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Cal Date	Due Date
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz – 2.75GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
Signal analyzer	Agilent	E4448A(External mixers to 40GHz)	US44300469	9kHz~40GHz	Jul 16, 2016	Jul 15, 2017
LISN	MESS Tec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
LISN	EMCO	3819/2NM	9703-1839	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
ISN	SCHAFFNER	ISN ST08	21653	9KHz-30MHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30M-18GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
Amplifier	SCHAFFNER	COA9231A	18667	9kHz-2GHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1GHz-26.5GHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6F-260400	9121372	26.5GHz-40GHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9k-30MHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	30MHz-1GHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6741	1GHz-18GHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA917015	15GHz-40GHz	Apr 18, 2016	Apr 17, 2017
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30MHz-1GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1GHz-40GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	DC-40GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z81	100458	DC-30GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	30MHz-6GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
DC power Source	GW	GPC-6030D	C671845	DC 1V-60V	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
RF CABLE-1m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20MHz-7GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
RF CABLE-2m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB035-2m	20MHz-1GHz	Jun 18, 2016	Jun 17, 2017
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	10016	10MHz~40GHz	Jul 16, 2016	Jul 15, 2017
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50510140	10Hz~26.5GHz	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-1	/	/	Nov 19,	Nov 18, 2017
Test Software	Ascentest	AT890-SW	20141230	Version:	N/A	N/A
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZAPD-50W 4.2-6.0 GHz	NN25640042 4	/	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
Splitter/Combine (Qty: 2)	MCLI	PS3-7	4463/4464	/	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
ATT (Qty: 1)	Mini-Circuits	VAT-30+	30912	/	Oct 27, 2016	Oct 26, 2017
EMC Test Software	Audix	E3	/	/	/	/

1.8 Description of Test Modes

Bluetooth operates in the unlicensed ISM Band at 2.4GHz. With the introduction of the enhanced data rate (EDR) feature, the data rates can be up to 3 Mb/s. An increase in the peak data rate beyond the basic rate of 1 Mb/s is achieved by modulating the RF carrier using GFSK techniques, resulting in an increase of two to three times the number of bits per symbol. The 2 Mb/s EDR packets use a $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation and the 3 Mb/s EDR packets use 8DPSK modulation. The following operating modes were applied for the related test items. For radiated measurement, the test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in Y position. All test modes were tested, only the result of the worst case was recorded in the report.

Mode of Operations	Frequency Range (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)
GFSK	2402	1
	2441	1
	2480	1
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2402	2
	2441	2
	2480	2
8-DPSK	2402	3
	2441	3
	2480	3
For Conducted Emission		
Test Mode	TX Mode	
For Radiated Emission		
Test Mode	TX Mode	

For pre-testing, when performed power line conducted emission measurement, the input Voltage/Frequency AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/50Hz were used. Only recorded the worst case in this report.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

AC conducted emission pre-test at both at power adapter and power from PC modes, recorded worst case;

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 KHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was determined to be TX Mode (1Mbps-Hopping).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was determined to be TX-Middle Channel Mode (1Mbps).

***Note: Using a temporary antenna connector for the EUT when conducted measurements are performed.

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10: 2013, FCC CFR PART 15C 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 and DA 00-705.

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

2.3 General Test Procedures

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10: 2013, AC power-line conducted emissions shall be measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table and the turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10: 2013

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition by engineer mode (**#63646633#**) enter engineer mode provided by application.

3.2 EUT Exercise Software

N/A.

3.3 Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/ unshielded	Notes
1	PC	Lenovo	Ideapad	A131101550	/	/	DOC
2	Power adapter	Lenovo	CPA-A090	36200414	1.00m	unshielded	DOC

3.4 Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document.

3.5 Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.6 Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

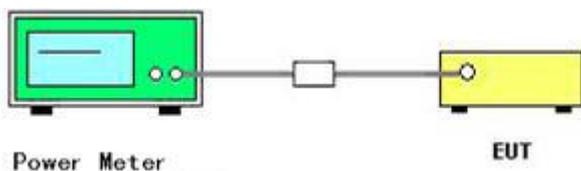
Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart C		
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Separation And 20 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number Of Hopping Frequency	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time Of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
§15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated and Conducted Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant

Note: This is a DSS test report for Tablet PC;

5. ANTENNA PORT MEASUREMENT

5.1 Conducted Peak Output Power

5.1.1 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.1.2 Limit

According to §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

5.1.3 Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Power Meter. According to ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for frequency-hopping spread-spectrum (FHSS) devices; this is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the power meter, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

5.1.4 Test Results

Temperature	24.2°C	Humidity	35.7%
Test Engineer	Kyle Yin	Configurations	BT

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Maximum Power (dBm)		Limits (dBm)	Verdict
			Peak	Average		
GFSK	0	2402	6.78	4.21	30.00	PASS
	39	2441	6.63	4.31		
	78	2480	6.06	4.12		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	0	2402	5.74	3.25	21.00	PASS
	39	2441	5.60	3.31		
	78	2480	5.03	2.21		
8DPSK	0	2402	5.85	3.42	21.00	PASS
	39	2441	5.71	3.25		
	78	2480	5.14	2.93		

Remark:

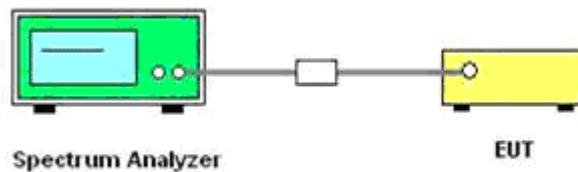
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. Measured output power at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
3. Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation type;
4. Average power is for report only;

5.2 Frequency Separation and 20 dB Bandwidth

5.2.1 Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

5.2.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.2.3 Test Procedure

- A. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- B. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum Analyzer.
- C. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
- D. For carrier frequency separation measurement, use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels;
RBW / VBW=100 KHz/ 300KHz; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;
Trace = max hold.
- E. For 20dB bandwidth measurement, use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;
RBW/VBW=30 KHz/ 100KHz; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;
Trace = max hold.

5.2.4 Test Results

5.2.4.1 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Bandwidth (KHz)		Limits (KHz)	Verdict
			99%	20dB		
GFSK	0	2402	839.14	824.50	No Limits	PASS
	39	2441	839.68	809.10		
	78	2480	825.34	817.50		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	0	2402	1063.70	1115.00	No Limits	PASS
	39	2441	1063.90	1118.00		
	78	2480	1062.80	1116.00		
8DPSK	0	2402	1102.00	1158.00	No Limits	PASS
	39	2441	1101.30	1160.00		
	78	2480	1101.90	1156.00		

Remark:

- 1. Test results including cable loss;*
- 2. Measured 20dB Bandwidth at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
- 3. Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation type;*
- 4. Please refer following test plots;*

20dB Bandwidth and 99% Bandwidth

GFSK

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.402000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.402 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	13.1 dBm
839.14 kHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-3.231 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
824.5 kHz		

π /4DQPSK

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.402000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.402 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	11.9 dBm
1.0637 MHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-2.803 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
1.115 MHz		

Channel 0 / 2402 MHz

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.441000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.441 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	13.0 dBm
839.68 kHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-3.987 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
809.1 kHz		

Channel 0 / 2402 MHz

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.441000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.441 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	12.0 dBm
1.0639 MHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-3.087 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
1.118 MHz		

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.48 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	12.4 dBm
825.34 kHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-8.950 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
817.5 kHz		

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.48 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	11.4 dBm
1.0628 MHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-3.057 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
1.116 MHz		

Channel 78 / 2480 MHz

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.48 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	12.4 dBm
825.34 kHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-8.950 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
817.5 kHz		

Channel 78 / 2480 MHz

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW

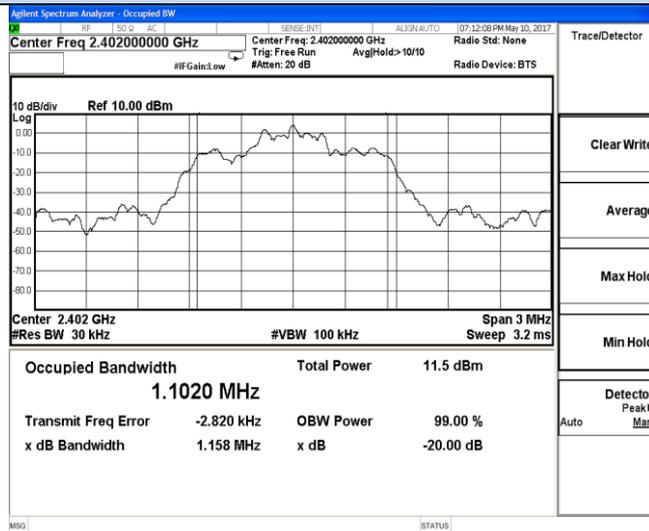
Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz
 Trig: Free Run
 #Atten: 20 dB
 Radio Device: BTS

Center 2.48 GHz
 #Res BW 30 kHz
 #VBW 100 kHz
 Span 3 MHz
 Sweep 3.2 ms

Occupied Bandwidth	Total Power	11.4 dBm
1.0628 MHz		
Transmit Freq Error	OBW Power	99.00 %
-3.057 kHz	x dB	-20.00 dB
x dB Bandwidth		
1.116 MHz		

20dB Bandwidth and 99% Bandwidth

8DPSK



Trace/Detector

Clear Write

Average

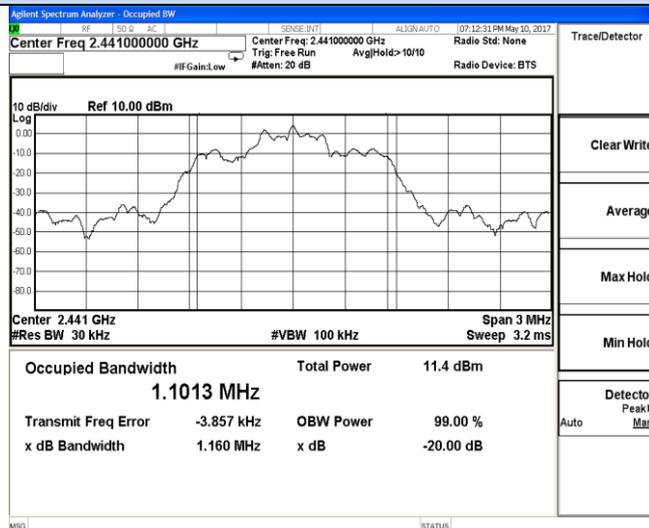
Max Hold

Min Hold

Detector Peak

Auto Man

Channel 0 / 2402 MHz



Trace/Detector

Clear Write

Average

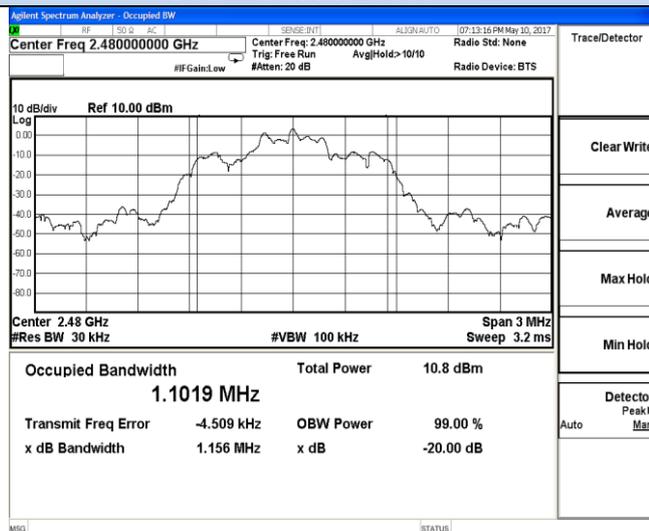
Max Hold

Min Hold

Detector Peak

Auto Man

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz



Trace/Detector

Clear Write

Average

Max Hold

Min Hold

Detector Peak

Auto Man

Channel 78 / 2480 MHz

5.2.4.2 Frequency Separation

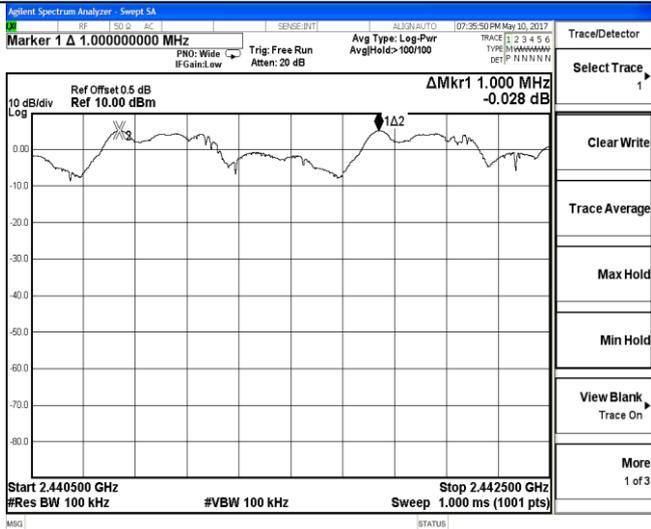
The Measurement Result With 1Mbps For GFSK Modulation				
Channel	20dB Bandwidth (KHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
Low	824.50	1.000	832.70	Pass
Middle	809.10		829.90	Pass
High	817.50		829.90	Pass
The Measurement Result With 2Mbps For $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Modulation				
Channel	20dB Bandwidth (KHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
Low	1115.00	1.000	745.33	Pass
Middle	1118.00		744.67	Pass
High	1116.00		745.33	Pass
The Measurement Result With 3Mbps For 8-DPSK Modulation				
Channel	20dB Bandwidth (KHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
Low	1158.00	1.000	776.67	Pass
Middle	1160.00		776.00	Pass
High	1156.00		776.67	Pass

Remark:

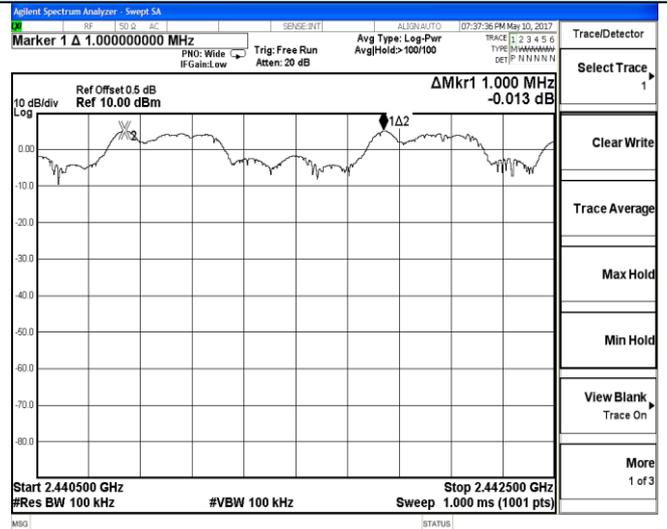
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. Please refer to following plots;
3. Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
4. Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation type;
5. We measured low, middle and high channels, recorded worst case at middle channel;

Frequency Separation

GFSK



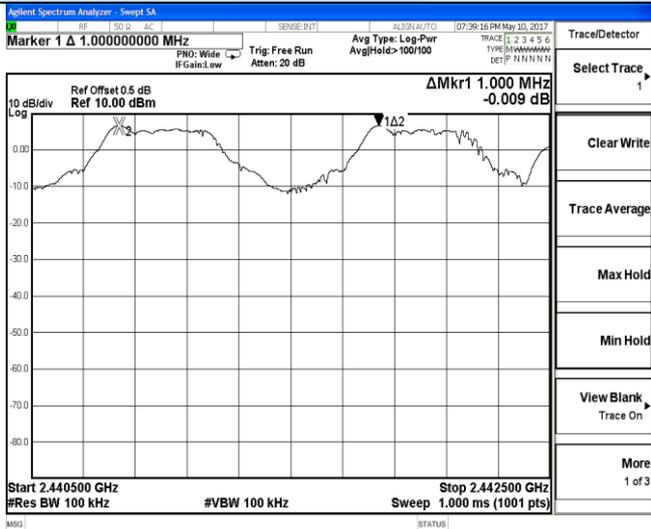
π /4DQPSK



Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

8DPSK



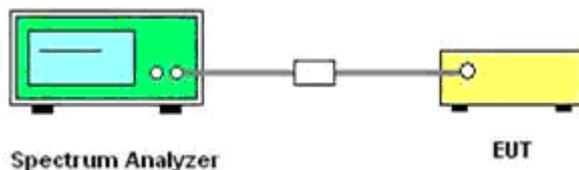
Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

5.3 Number of Hopping Frequency

5.3.1 Limit

According to §15.247(a) (1) (iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

5.3.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.3.3 Test Procedure

- A. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- B. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum Analyzer.
- C. Set Spectrum Analyzer Start=2400MHz, Stop = 2483.5MHz, Sweep = auto.
- D. Set the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW, VBW=1MHz.
- E. Max hold, view and count how many channel in the band.

5.3.4 Test Results

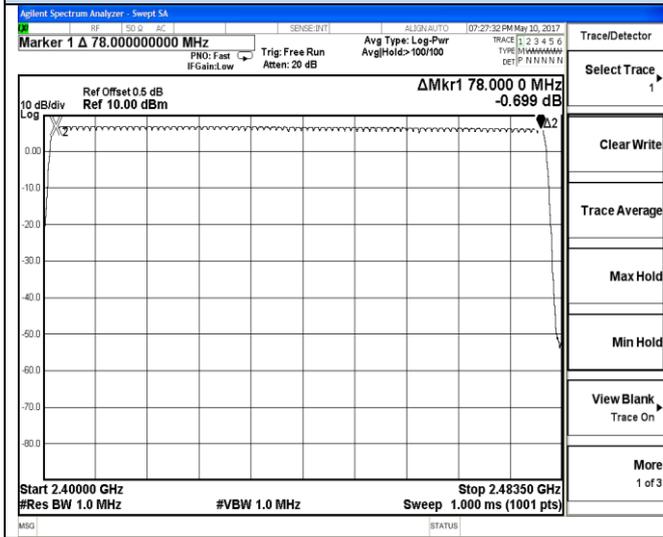
Test Mode	Measurement Result (No. of Channels)	Limit (No. of Channels)	Result
GFSK	79	≥15	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79	≥15	PASS
8DPSK	79	≥15	PASS

Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. Measured Number of Hopping Frequency at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
3. Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation type;
4. Record test plots only for GFSK;
5. Please refer following test plots;

Number of Hopping Frequency

GFSK

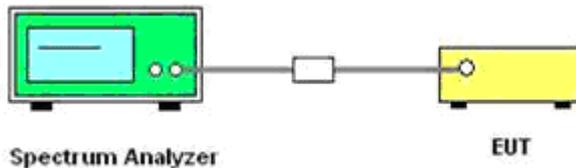


5.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

5.4.1 Limit

According to §15.247(a) (1) (iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz- 2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

5.4.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.4.3 Test Procedure

- A. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- B. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum Analyzer.
- C. Set center frequency of Spectrum Analyzer = operating frequency.
- D. Set the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW, VBW=1MHz, Span = 0Hz, Sweep = auto.
- E. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

5.4.4 Test Results

The Dwell Time=Burst Width*Total Hops. The detailed calculations are showed as follows:

The duration for dwell time calculation: $0.4[s]*\text{hopping number}=0.4[s]*79[\text{ch}] =31.6[s*\text{ch}]$;

The burst width [ms/hop/ch], which is directly measured, refers to the duration on one channel

hop.

The hops per second for all channels: The selected EUT Conf uses a slot type of 5-Tx&1-Rx and a hopping rate of 1600 [ch*hop/s] for all channels. So the final hopping rate for all channels is $1600/6=266.67 [\text{ch}*\text{hop}/\text{s}]$

The hops per second on one channel: $266.67 [\text{ch}*\text{hops}/\text{s}]/79 [\text{ch}] =3.38 [\text{hop}/\text{s}]$;

The total hops for all channels within the dwell time calculation duration: $3.38 [\text{hop}/\text{s}]*31.6[s*\text{ch}]=106.67 [\text{hop}*\text{ch}]$;

The dwell time for all channels hopping: $106.67 [\text{hop}*\text{ch}]*\text{Burst Width} [\text{ms}/\text{hop}/\text{ch}]$.

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Burst Type	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell Time (S)	Limit (S)	Verdict
GFSK	2441	DH1	0.3671	0.1175	0.4	PASS
		DH3	1.624	0.2598	0.4	PASS
		DH5	2.872	0.3063	0.4	PASS
π/4-DQPSK	2441	2DH1	0.3752	0.1201	0.4	PASS
		2DH3	1.622	0.2595	0.4	PASS
		2DH5	2.875	0.3067	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	2441	3DH1	0.3711	0.1188	0.4	PASS
		3DH3	1.620	0.2592	0.4	PASS
		3DH5	2.877	0.3069	0.4	PASS

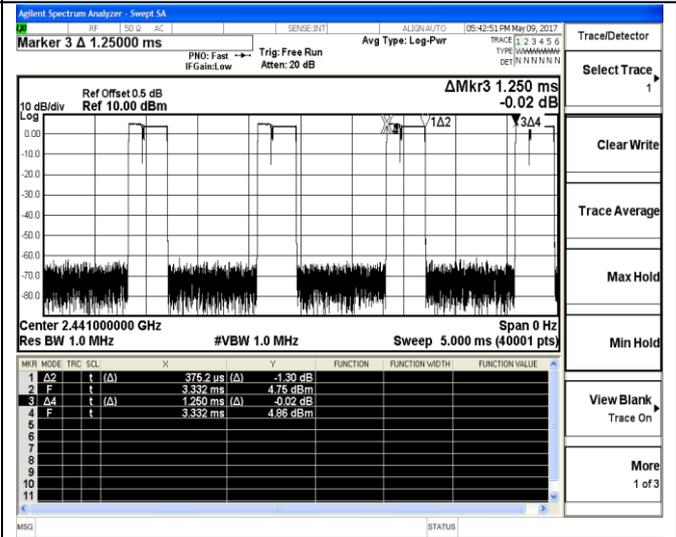
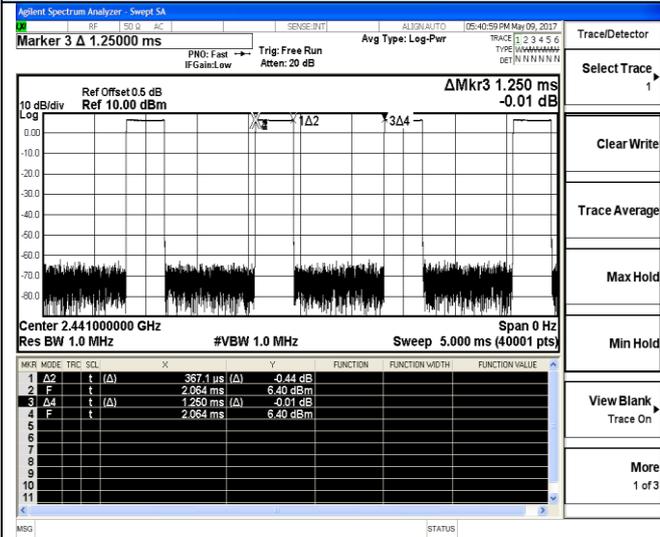
Remark:

1. *Test results including cable loss;*
2. *Please refer to following plots;*
3. *Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
4. *Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK ,8DPSK modulation type;*
5. *Dwell Time Calculate formula:*
DH1: Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 2 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second
DH3: Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 4 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second
DH5: Dwell time=Pulse Time (ms) \times (1600 \div 6 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second
6. *Measured at low, middle and high channel, recorded worst at middle channel;*

Dwell time

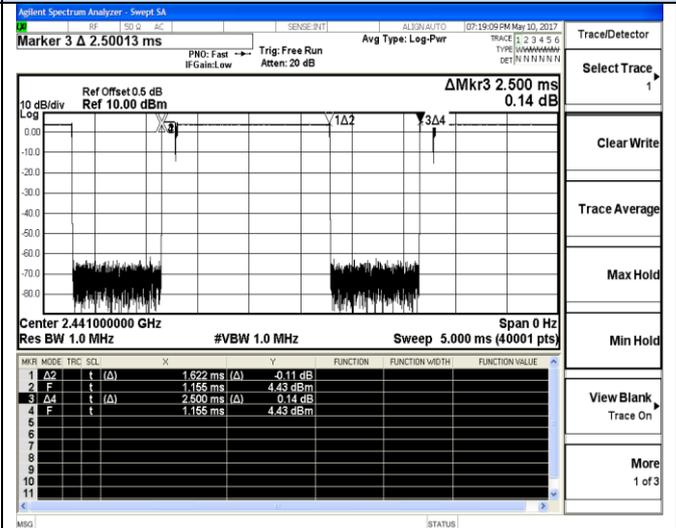
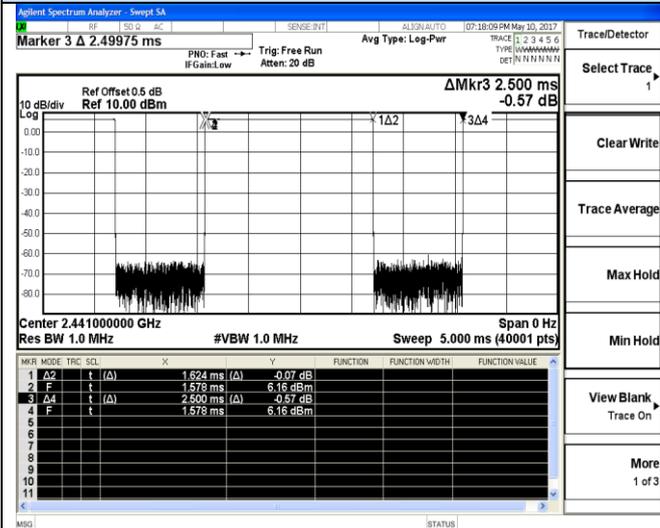
GFSK

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK



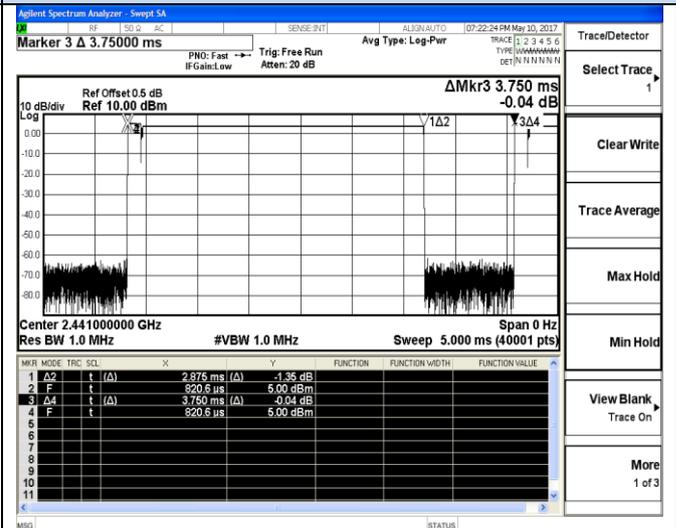
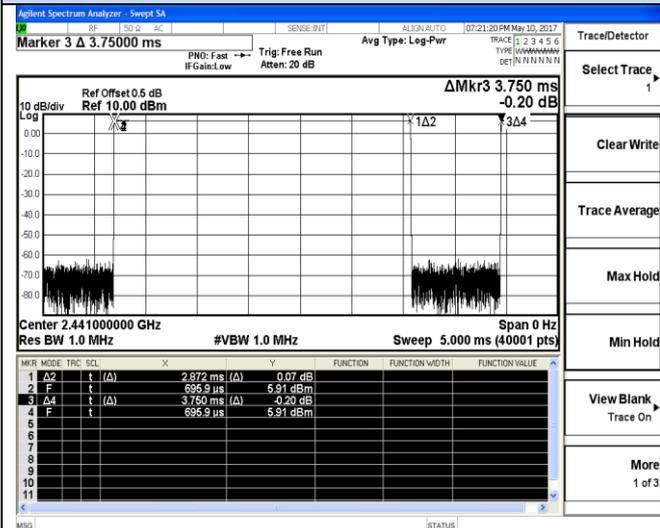
Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – DH1

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz - 2DH1



Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – DH3

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz - 2DH3



Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – DH5

Channel 39 / 2441 MHz - 2DH5

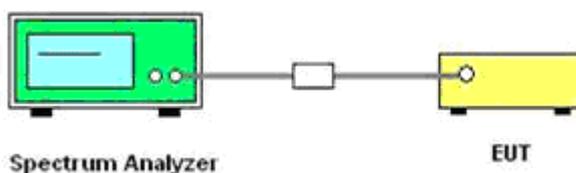
Dwell time																																														
8DPSK																																														
<p style="text-align: center;">8DPSK</p> <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep SA Marker 3 Δ 1.25000 ms Ref Offset 0.5 dB Ref 10.00 dBm ΔMkr3 1.250 ms -0.05 dB Center 2.441000000 GHz Span 0 Hz Res BW 1.0 MHz #VBW 1.0 MHz Sweep 5.000 ms (40001 pts)</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRIG</th> <th>SCL</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>A2</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>371.1 μs</td> <td>-0.41 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>F</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>881.5 μs</td> <td>4.75 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>A4</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>1.250 ms</td> <td>-0.05 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>F</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>881.5 μs</td> <td>4.75 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRIG	SCL	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	A2	t	(A)	371.1 μ s	-0.41 dB				2	F	t	(A)	881.5 μ s	4.75 dBm				3	A4	t	(A)	1.250 ms	-0.05 dB				4	F	t	(A)	881.5 μ s	4.75 dBm				<p>Trace/Detector</p> <p>Select Trace 1</p> <p>Clear Write</p> <p>Trace Average</p> <p>Max Hold</p> <p>Min Hold</p> <p>View Blank Trace On</p> <p>More 1 of 3</p>
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Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – 3DH1																																														
<p style="text-align: center;">Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – 3DH1</p> <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep SA Marker 3 Δ 2.50050 ms Ref Offset 0.5 dB Ref 10.00 dBm ΔMkr3 2.501 ms 0.74 dB Center 2.441000000 GHz Span 0 Hz Res BW 1.0 MHz #VBW 1.0 MHz Sweep 5.000 ms (40001 pts)</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRIG</th> <th>SCL</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>A2</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>1.620 ms</td> <td>-0.63 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>F</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>1.111 ms</td> <td>4.19 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>A4</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>2.501 ms</td> <td>0.74 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>F</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>1.111 ms</td> <td>4.19 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRIG	SCL	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	A2	t	(A)	1.620 ms	-0.63 dB				2	F	t	(A)	1.111 ms	4.19 dBm				3	A4	t	(A)	2.501 ms	0.74 dB				4	F	t	(A)	1.111 ms	4.19 dBm				<p>Trace/Detector</p> <p>Select Trace 1</p> <p>Clear Write</p> <p>Trace Average</p> <p>Max Hold</p> <p>Min Hold</p> <p>View Blank Trace On</p> <p>More 1 of 3</p>
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Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – 3DH3																																														
<p style="text-align: center;">Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – 3DH3</p> <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep SA Marker 3 Δ 3.75025 ms Ref Offset 0.5 dB Ref 10.00 dBm ΔMkr3 3.750 ms 0.21 dB Center 2.441000000 GHz Span 0 Hz Res BW 1.0 MHz #VBW 1.0 MHz Sweep 5.000 ms (40001 pts)</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRIG</th> <th>SCL</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>A2</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>2.877 ms</td> <td>-0.81 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>F</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>358.0 μs</td> <td>4.69 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>A4</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>3.750 ms</td> <td>0.21 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>F</td> <td>t</td> <td>(A)</td> <td>358.0 μs</td> <td>4.69 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRIG	SCL	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	A2	t	(A)	2.877 ms	-0.81 dB				2	F	t	(A)	358.0 μ s	4.69 dBm				3	A4	t	(A)	3.750 ms	0.21 dB				4	F	t	(A)	358.0 μ s	4.69 dBm				<p>Trace/Detector</p> <p>Select Trace 1</p> <p>Clear Write</p> <p>Trace Average</p> <p>Max Hold</p> <p>Min Hold</p> <p>View Blank Trace On</p> <p>More 1 of 3</p>
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4	F	t	(A)	358.0 μ s	4.69 dBm																																									
Channel 39 / 2441 MHz – 3DH5																																														

5.5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

5.5.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.5.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.5.3 Test Procedure

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 KHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 KHz.

Measurements are made over the 9 KHz to 26.5GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels

5.5.4 Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions

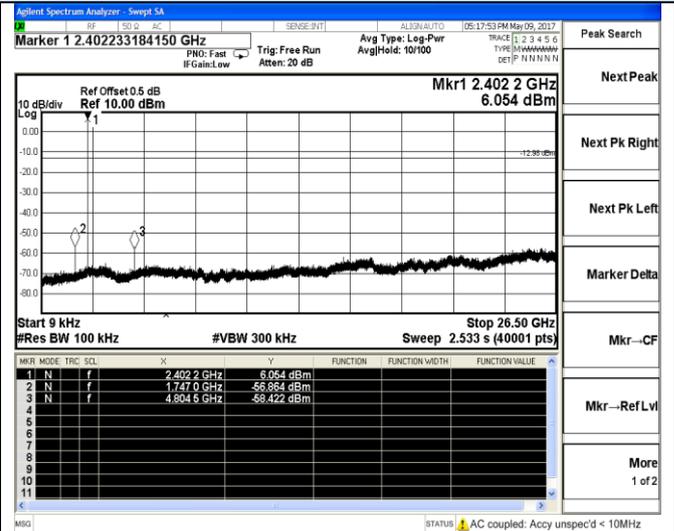
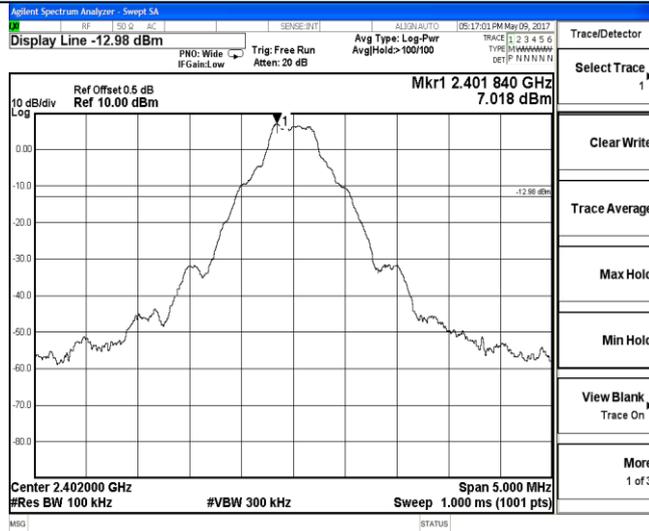
No non-compliance noted. Only record the worst test result (TX-GFSK) in this report. The test data refer to the following page.

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission (dBc)	Limits (dBc)	Verdict
GFSK	0	2402	<-20	-20	PASS
	39	2441	<-20		
	78	2480	<-20		
π/4-DQPSK	0	2402	<-20	-20	PASS
	39	2441	<-20		
	78	2480	<-20		
8DPSK	0	2402	<-20	-20	PASS
	39	2441	<-20		
	78	2480	<-20		

Remark:

- 1. Test results including cable loss;*
- 2. Please refer to following plots;*
- 3. Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
- 4. Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation type;*

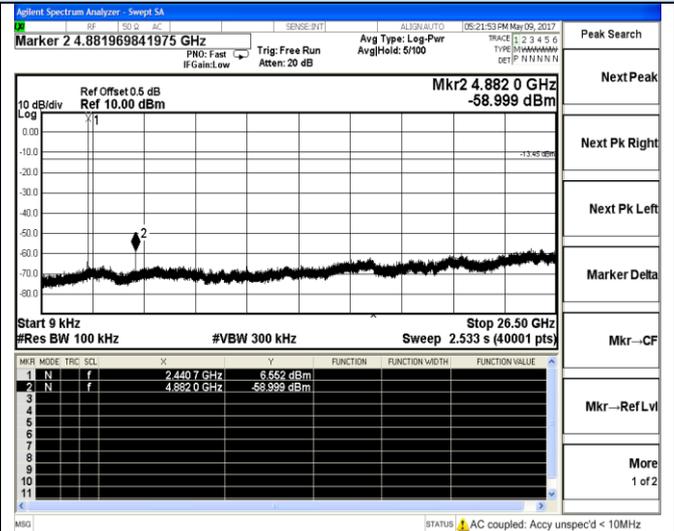
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions GFSK – Channel 0 / 2402 MHz



2399.5 – 2404.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

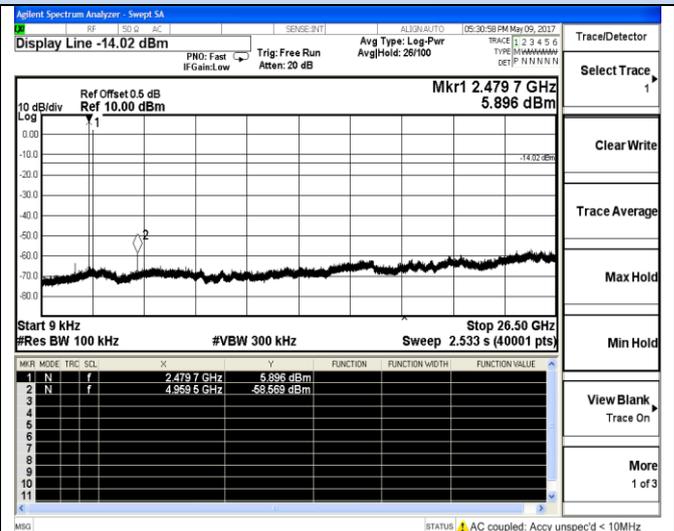
GFSK – Channel 39 / 2441 MHz



2438.5 – 2443.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

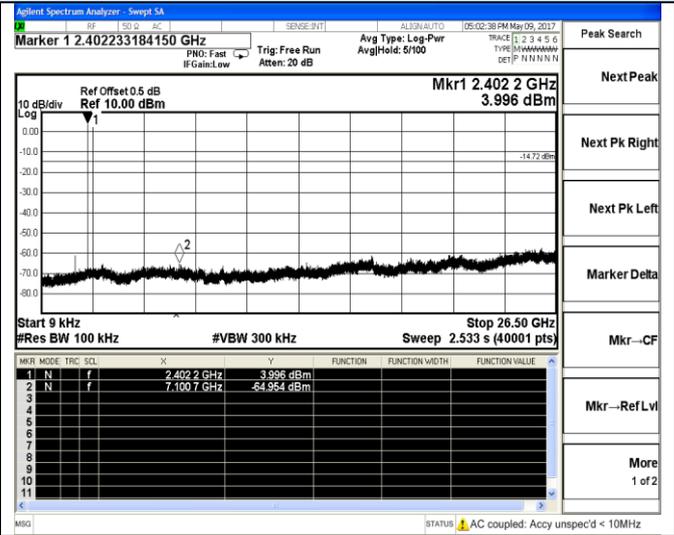
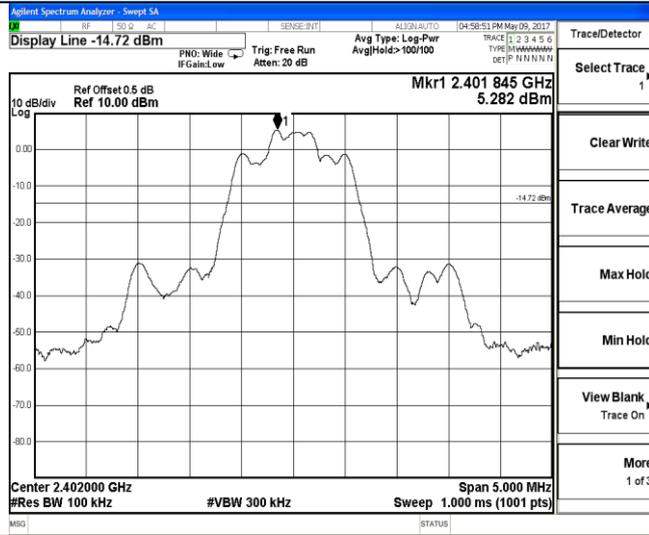
GFSK – Channel 78 / 2480 MHz



2477.5 – 2482.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

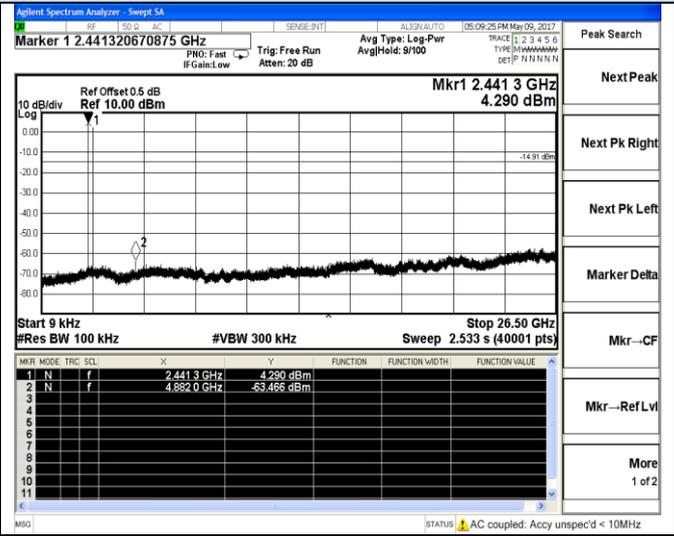
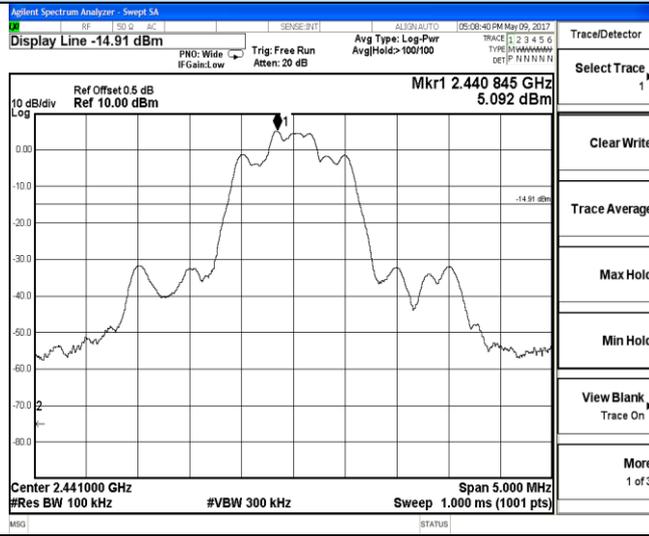
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions
 $\pi/4$ DQPSK – Channel 0 / 2402 MHz



2399.5 – 2404.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

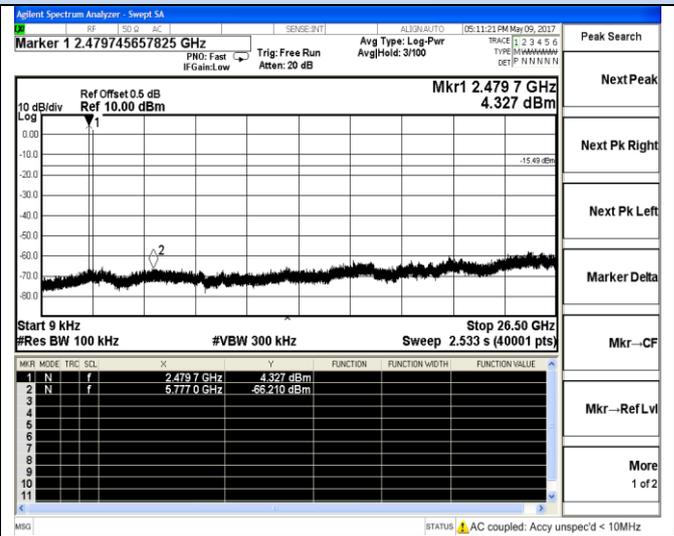
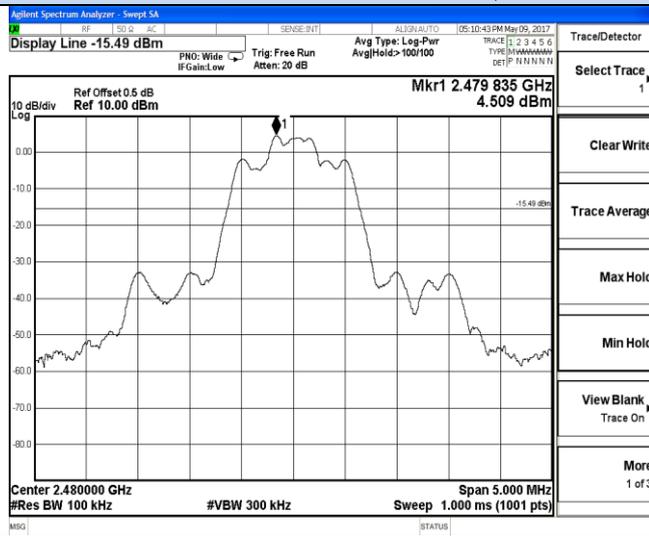
$\pi/4$ DQPSK – Channel 39 / 2441 MHz



2438.5 – 2443.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

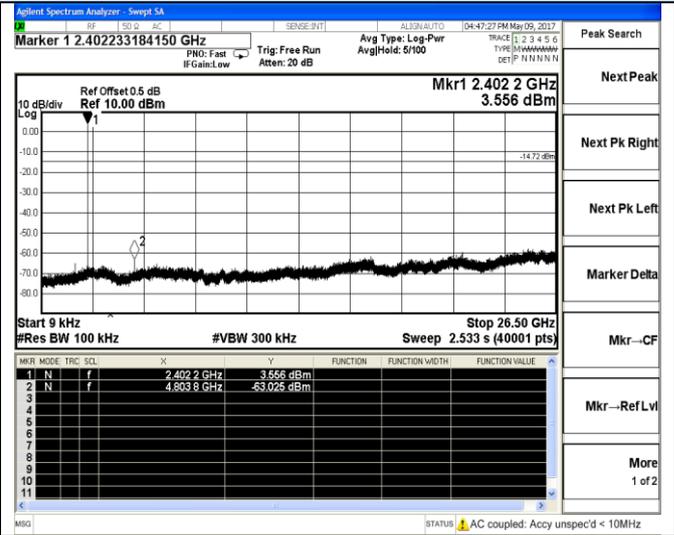
$\pi/4$ DQPSK – Channel 78 / 2480 MHz



2477.5 – 2482.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

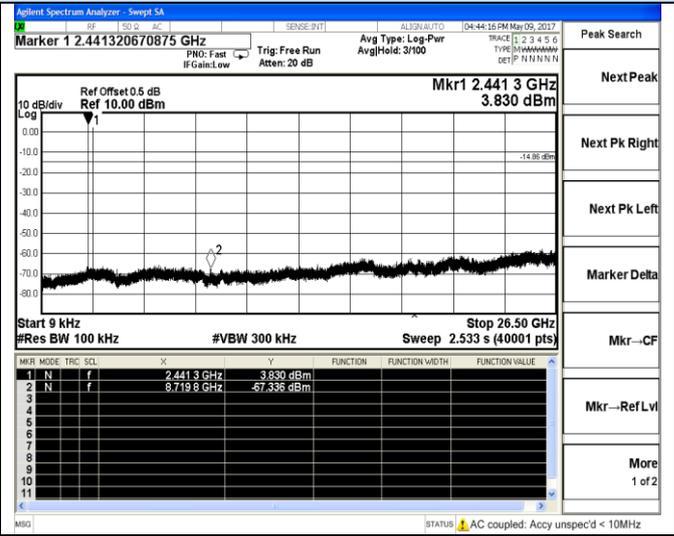
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions 8DPSK – Channel 0 / 2402 MHz



2399.5 – 2404.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

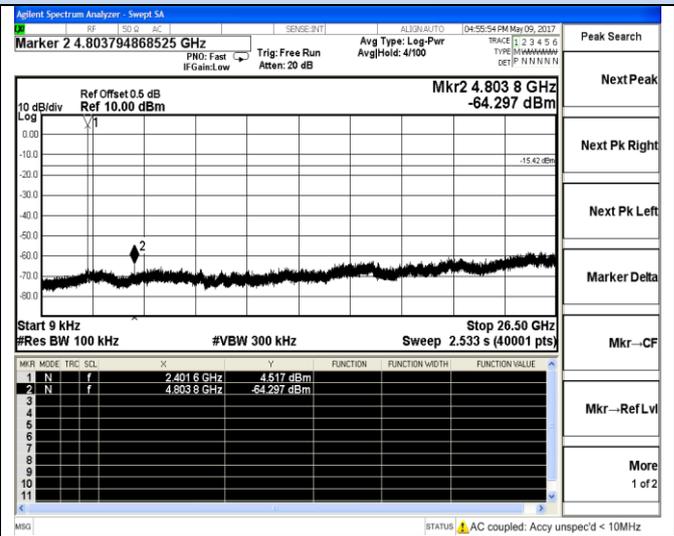
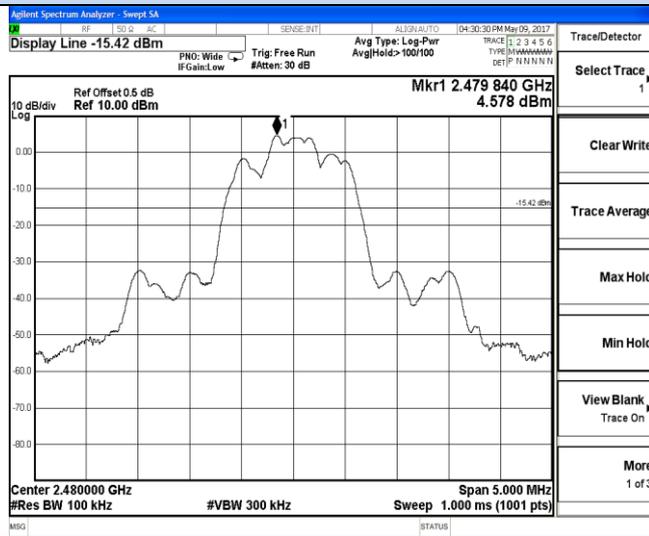
8DPSK – Channel 39 / 2441 MHz



2438.5 – 2443.5 MHz

9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

8DPSK – Channel 78 / 2480 MHz

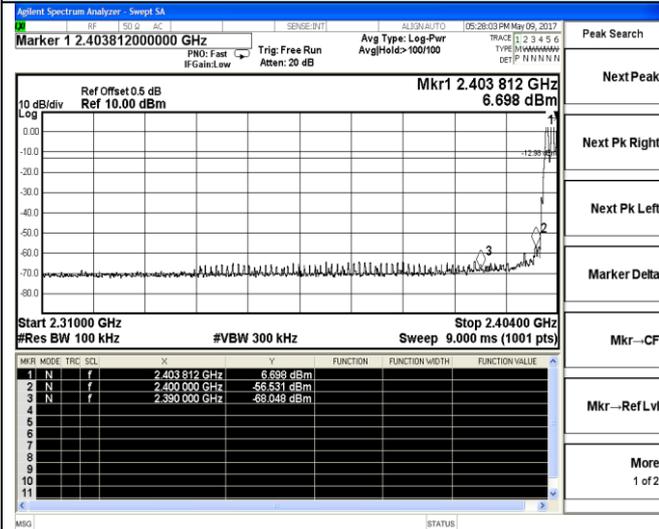


2477.5 – 2482.5 MHz

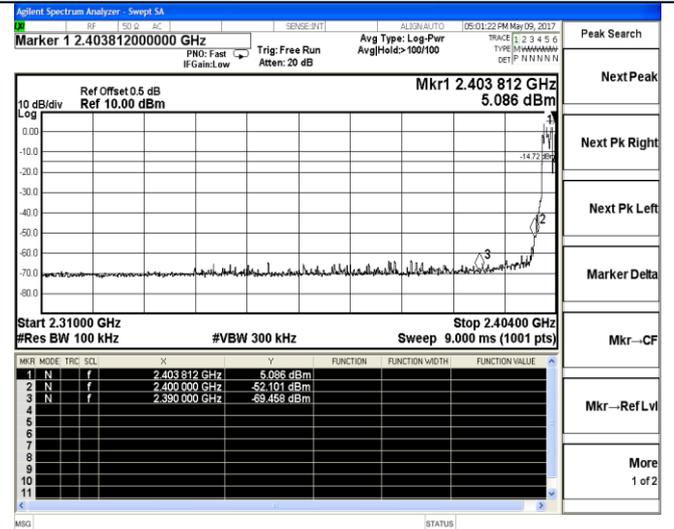
9 KHz – 26.5 GHz

Band-edge for RF conducted emissions

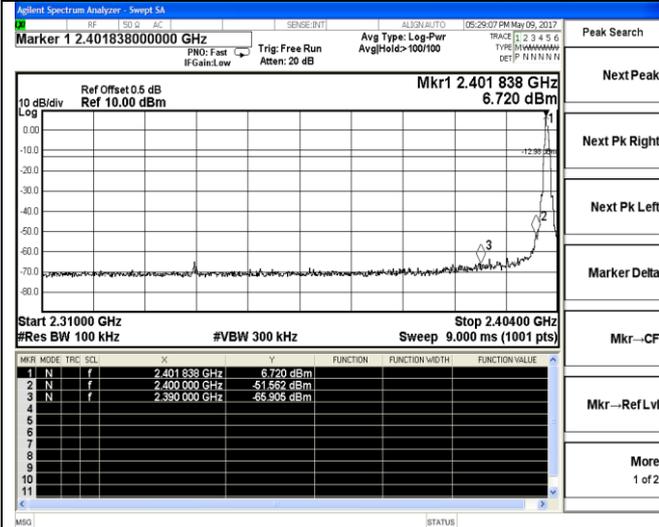
GFSK



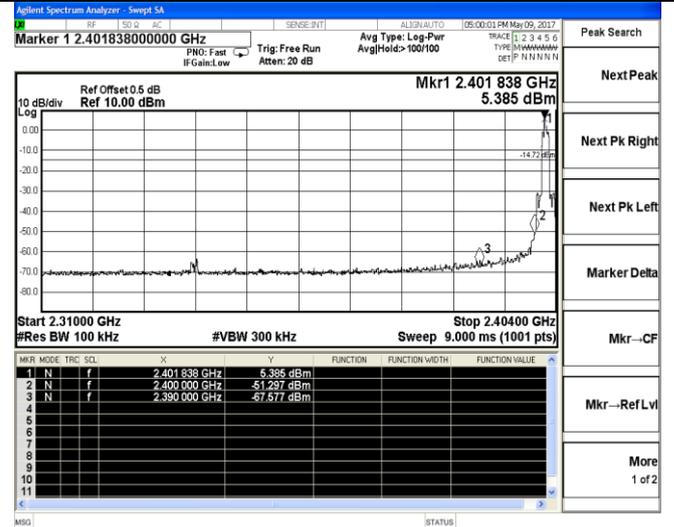
π /4DQPSK



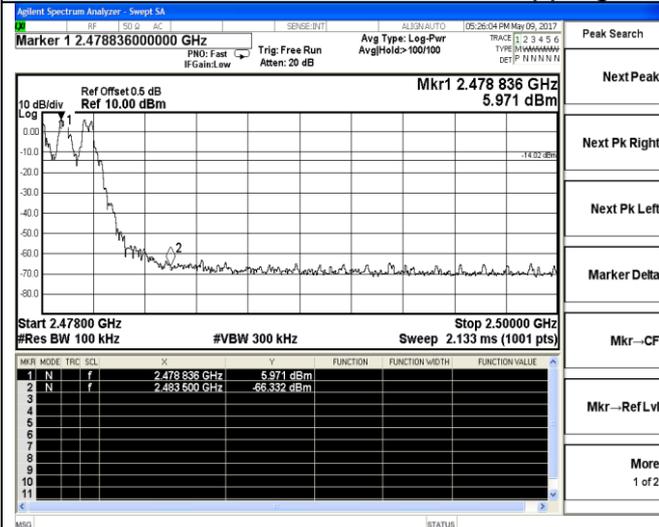
Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Hopping



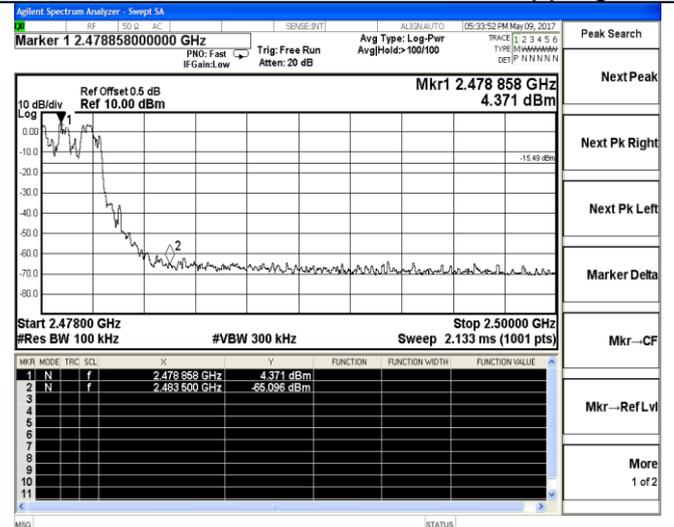
Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Hopping



Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Non-Hopping



Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Non-Hopping



Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Hopping

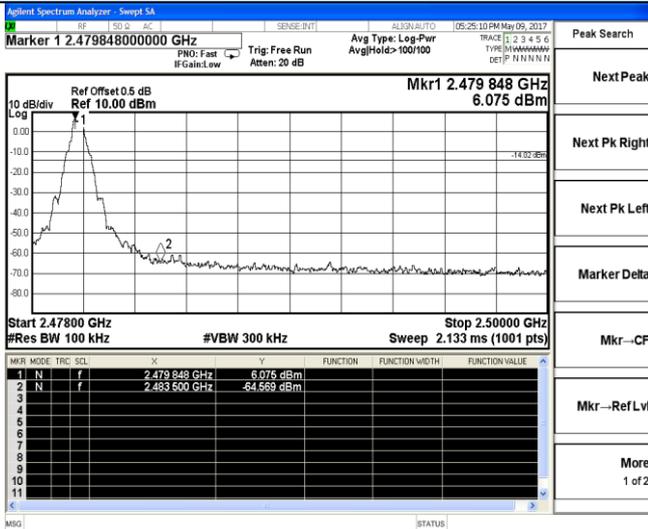


Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Hopping

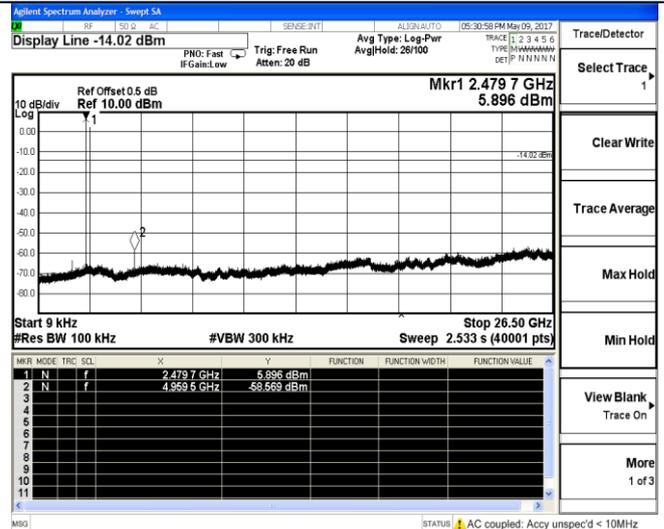


Band-edge for RF conducted emissions

GFSK

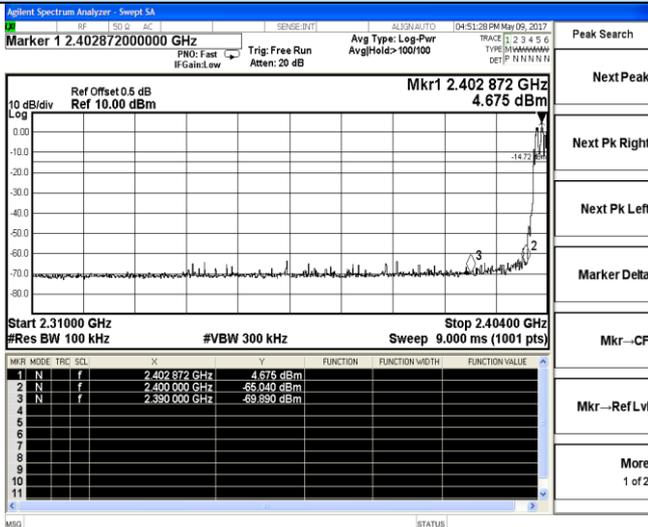


$\pi/4$ DQPSK



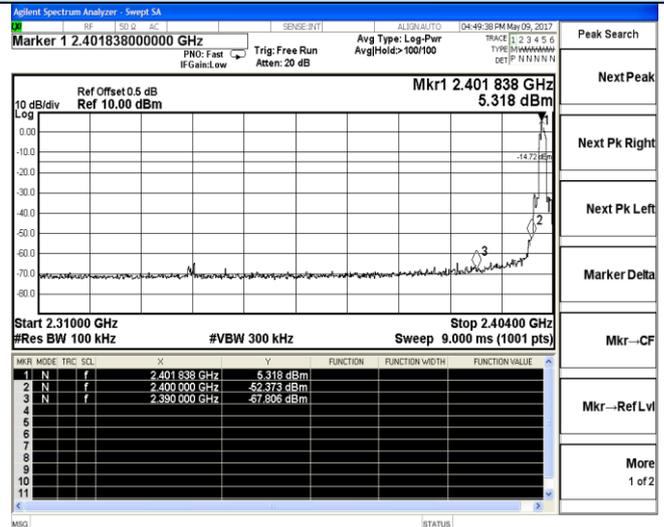
Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Non-Hopping

8DPSK

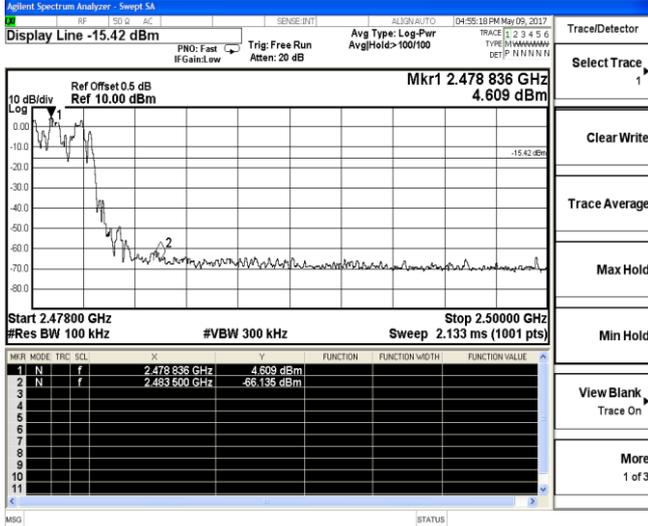


Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Non-Hopping

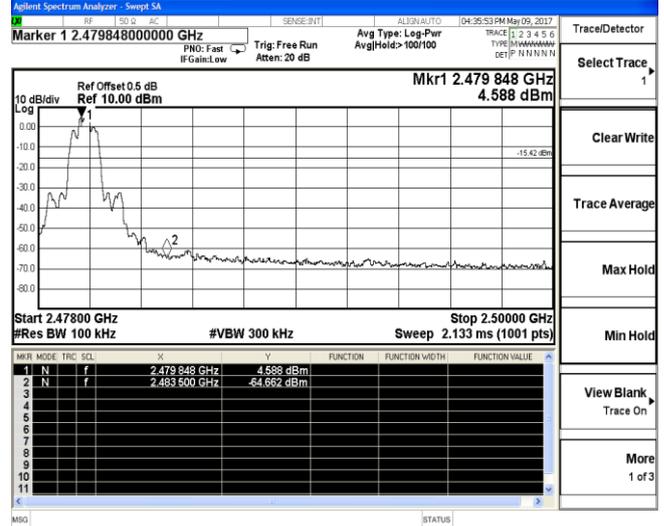
8DPSK



Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Hopping



Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Non-Hopping



Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Hopping

Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Non-Hopping

6. RADIATED MEASUREMENT

6.6.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293.	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2\)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

According to §15.247 (d): 20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

6.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

6.6.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 0.8 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

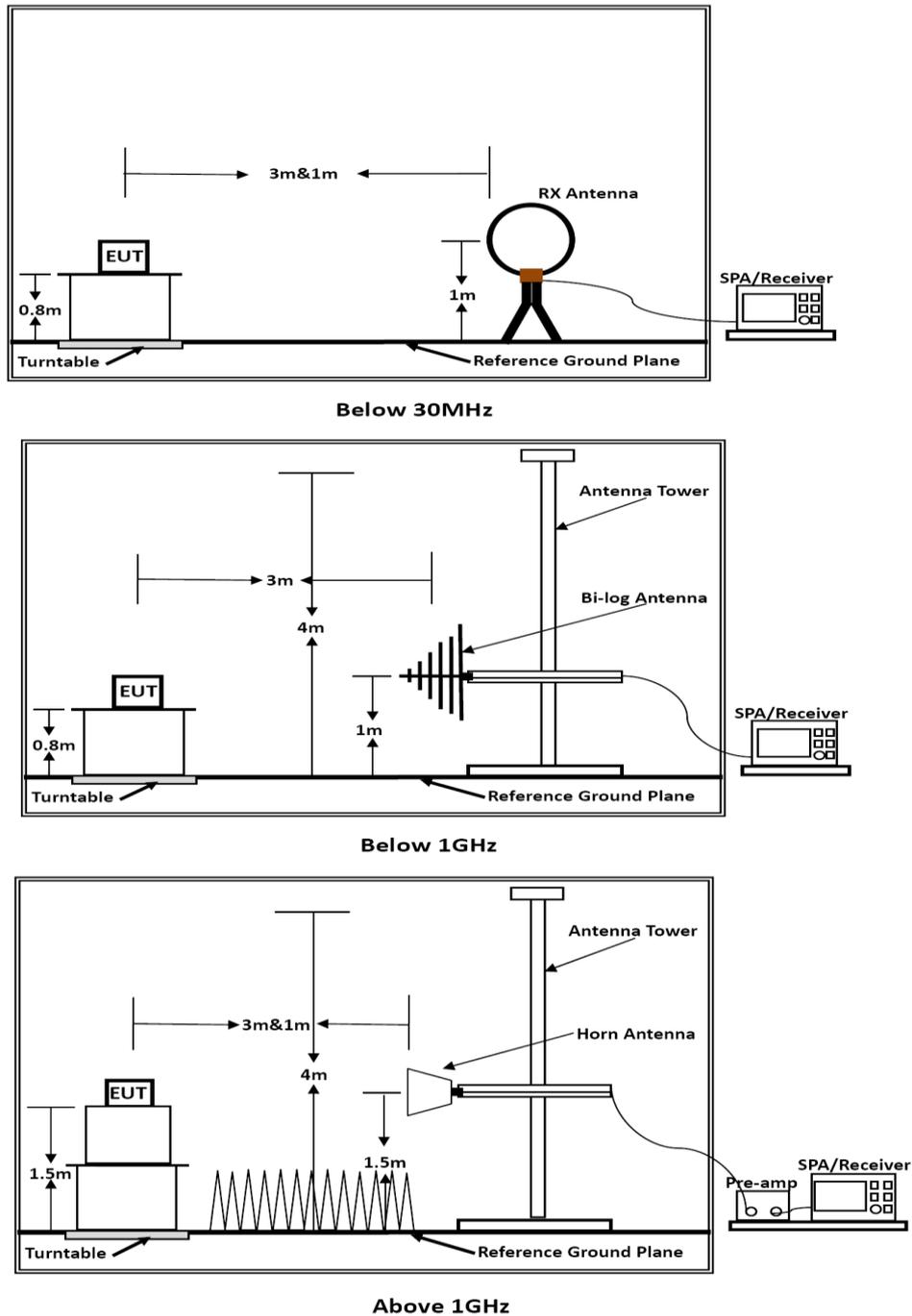
Premeasurement:

- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

6.6.4. Test Setup Layout



Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{specific distance [3m]} / \text{test distance [1.5m]})$ (dB);
 Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

6.6.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

6.6.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	25°C	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	Chaz	Configurations	BT

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log$ (specific distance / test distance) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

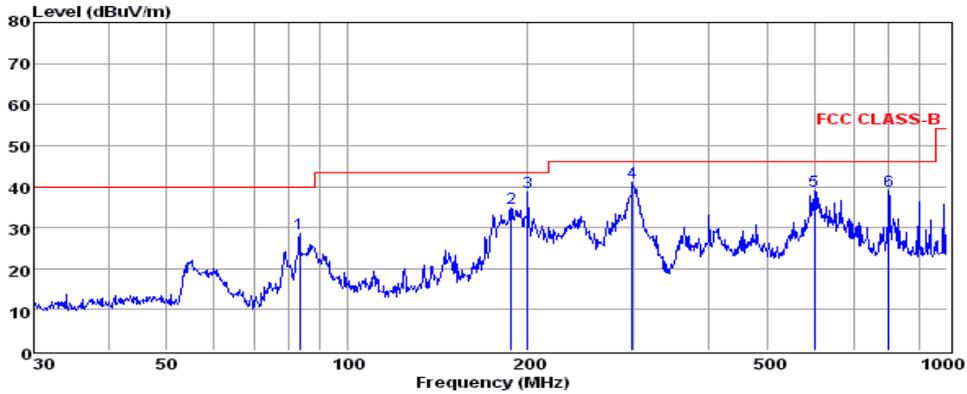
PASS.

Only record the worst test result in this report.

The test data please refer to following page.

Below 1GHz

Horizontal:

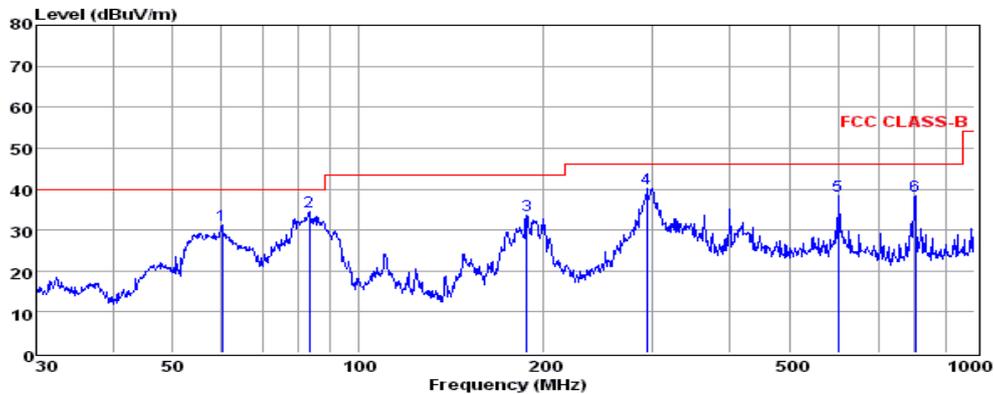


Env./Ins: 24°C/56%
 pol: HORIZONTAL

	Freq	Reading	CabLos	Antfac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	83.23	18.20	0.54	9.68	28.42	40.00	-11.58	QP
2	187.75	23.58	0.98	10.36	34.92	43.50	-8.58	QP
3	199.99	27.38	0.84	10.57	38.79	43.50	-4.71	QP
4	298.27	26.93	1.12	13.03	41.08	46.00	-4.92	QP
5	601.43	18.97	1.43	18.46	38.86	46.00	-7.14	QP
6	798.98	17.10	1.68	20.05	38.83	46.00	-7.17	QP

Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.
 2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
 3. The emission that ate 20db below the official limit are not reported

Vertical:



Env./Ins: 24°C/56%
 pol: VERTICAL

	Freq	Reading	CabLos	Antfac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	60.07	17.99	0.49	12.66	31.14	40.00	-8.86	QP
2	83.23	24.29	0.54	9.68	34.51	40.00	-5.49	QP
3	187.75	22.16	0.98	10.36	33.50	43.50	-10.00	QP
4	294.11	26.13	1.08	12.95	40.16	46.00	-5.84	QP
5	601.43	18.36	1.43	18.46	38.25	46.00	-7.75	QP
6	801.79	16.56	1.72	20.08	38.36	46.00	-7.64	QP

Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.
 2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
 3. The emission that ate 20db below the official limit are not reported

***Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (TX-Mid Channel (1Mbps)).
 Emission level (dBUV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
 Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

Above 1GHz

Note: Only recorded the worst test result.

The worst test result for GFSK, TX-Low Channel:

The worst test result for GFSK, Channel 0 / 2402 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4804.0	55.63	33.06	35.04	3.94	57.59	74.00	-16.41	Peak	Horizontal
4804.0	40.00	33.06	35.04	3.94	41.96	54.00	-12.04	Average	Horizontal
4804.0	58.20	33.06	35.04	3.94	60.16	74.00	-13.84	Peak	Vertical
4804.0	41.21	33.06	35.04	3.94	43.17	54.00	-10.83	Average	Vertical

The worst test result for GFSK, Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4882.0	56.22	33.16	35.15	3.96	58.19	74.00	-15.81	Peak	Horizontal
4882.0	44.18	33.16	35.15	3.96	46.15	54.00	-7.85	Average	Horizontal
4882.0	60.14	33.16	35.15	3.96	62.11	74.00	-11.89	Peak	Vertical
4882.0	42.76	33.16	35.15	3.96	44.73	54.00	-9.27	Average	Vertical

The worst test result for GFSK, Channel 78 / 2480 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4960.0	54.51	33.26	35.14	3.98	56.61	74.00	-17.39	Peak	Horizontal
4960.0	43.27	33.26	35.14	3.98	45.37	54.00	-8.63	Average	Horizontal
4960.0	57.68	33.26	35.14	3.98	59.78	74.00	-14.22	Peak	Vertical
4960.0	43.02	33.26	35.14	3.98	45.12	54.00	-8.88	Average	Vertical

Notes:

- 1). Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz - 10th harmonic (ex. 26GHz), No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30 MHz.
- 2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz - 10th harmonic (ex. 26GHz) were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3). 18~25GHz at least have 20dB margin. No recording in the test report.

7. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

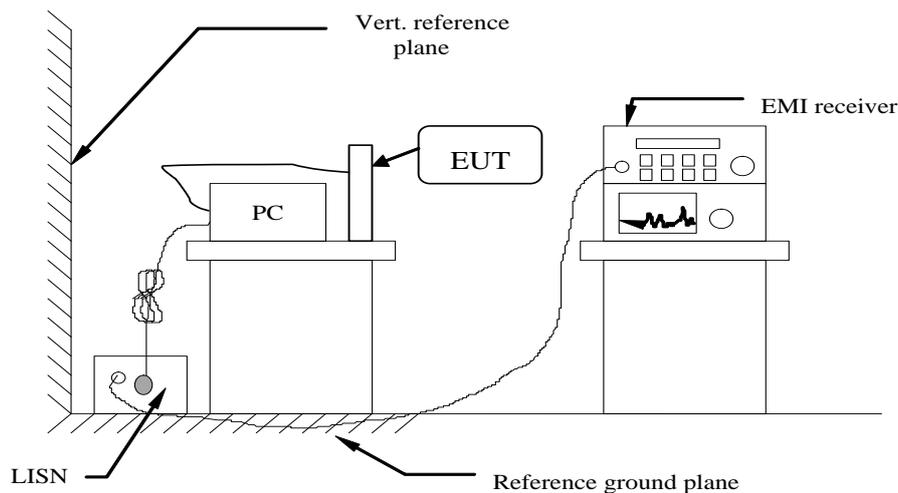
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



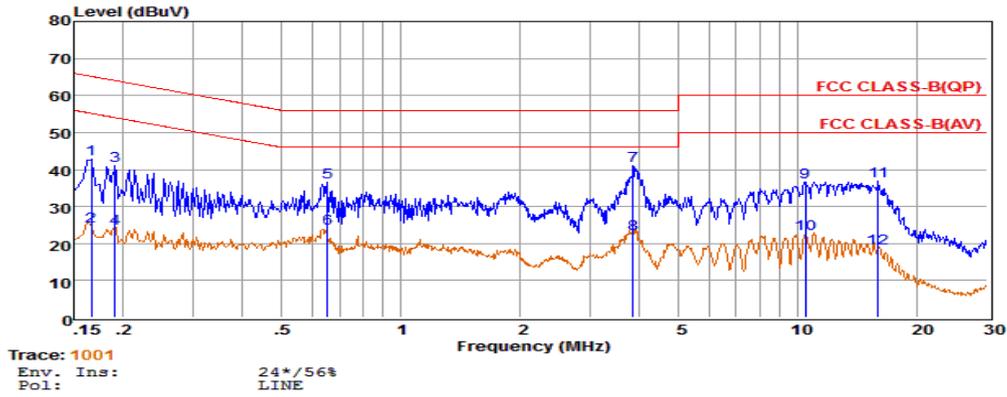
7.3 Test Results

PASS.

The test data please refer to following page.

AC Conducted Emission of power adapter @ AC 120V/60Hz @ GFSK (worst case)

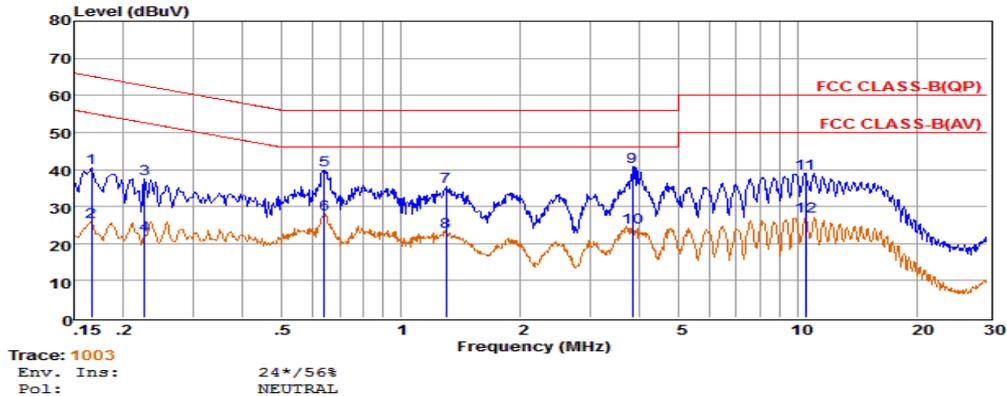
Line:



Line	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	LISNFac dB	CabLos dB	Aux2Fac dB	Measured dB	Limit dBuV	Over dBuV	Remark
1	0.17	23.11	9.59	0.02	10.00	42.72	65.16	-22.44	QP
2	0.17	5.02	9.59	0.02	10.00	24.63	55.16	-30.53	Average
3	0.19	21.52	9.62	0.02	10.00	41.16	64.02	-22.86	QP
4	0.19	4.38	9.62	0.02	10.00	24.02	54.02	-30.00	Average
5	0.65	17.04	9.64	0.04	10.00	36.72	56.00	-19.28	QP
6	0.65	4.26	9.64	0.04	10.00	23.94	46.00	-22.06	Average
7	3.84	21.28	9.65	0.06	10.00	40.99	56.00	-15.01	QP
8	3.84	2.93	9.65	0.06	10.00	22.64	46.00	-23.36	Average
9	10.45	16.88	9.69	0.08	10.00	36.65	60.00	-23.35	QP
10	10.45	2.74	9.69	0.08	10.00	22.51	50.00	-27.49	Average
11	15.97	16.92	9.72	0.11	10.00	36.75	60.00	-23.25	QP
12	15.97	-0.99	9.72	0.11	10.00	18.84	50.00	-31.16	Average

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.
 2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.

Neutral:



Line	Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	LISNFac dB	CabLos dB	Aux2Fac dB	Measured dB	Limit dBuV	Over dBuV	Remark
1	0.17	20.79	9.66	0.02	10.00	40.47	65.16	-24.69	QP
2	0.17	6.30	9.66	0.02	10.00	25.98	55.16	-29.18	Average
3	0.23	18.00	9.59	0.03	10.00	37.62	62.61	-24.99	QP
4	0.23	2.80	9.59	0.03	10.00	22.42	52.61	-30.19	Average
5	0.64	20.23	9.63	0.04	10.00	39.90	56.00	-16.10	QP
6	0.64	8.33	9.63	0.04	10.00	28.00	46.00	-18.00	Average
7	1.30	15.60	9.63	0.05	10.00	35.28	56.00	-20.72	QP
8	1.30	3.39	9.63	0.05	10.00	23.07	46.00	-22.93	Average
9	3.82	21.10	9.65	0.06	10.00	40.81	56.00	-15.19	QP
10	3.82	4.68	9.65	0.06	10.00	24.39	46.00	-21.61	Average
11	10.45	19.12	9.72	0.08	10.00	38.92	60.00	-21.08	QP
12	10.45	7.51	9.72	0.08	10.00	27.31	50.00	-22.69	Average

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.
 2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.

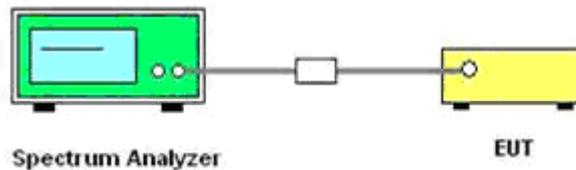
***Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report;

8. BAND-EDGE MEASUREMENTS FOR RADIATED EMISSIONS

8.1 Standard Applicable

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

8.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



8.3 Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

8.4. Test Procedures

According to KDB 412172 section 1.1 Field Strength Approach (linear terms):

$$\text{eirp} = p_t \times g_t = (E \times d)^2/30$$

Where:

p_t = transmitter output power in watts, .

g_t = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless), .

E = electric field strength in V/m, .

d = measurement distance in meters (m).

$$\text{erp} = \text{eirp}/1.64 = (E \times d)^2/(30 \times 1.64)$$

Where all terms are as previously defined.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=1/B for Peak detector.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
11. Perform radiated spurious emission test duress until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.5. Test Results

GFSK – Non-Hopping							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-61.522	2.000	0.0	35.738	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-56.162	2.000	0.0	41.098	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-57.556	2.000	0.0	39.704	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-62.204	2.000	0.0	35.056	Peak	74.00	PASS

$\pi/4$DQPSK – Non-Hopping							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-60.547	2.000	0.0	36.713	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-52.105	2.000	0.0	45.155	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-53.214	2.000	0.0	44.046	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-60.808	2.000	0.0	36.452	Peak	74.00	PASS

8DPSK – Non-Hopping							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)	Detector	Limit (dBuV/m)	Verdict
2310.000	-63.121	2.000	0.0	34.139	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-57.610	2.000	0.0	39.650	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-51.848	2.000	0.0	45.412	Peak	74.00	PASS
2500.000	-59.656	2.000	0.0	37.604	Peak	74.00	PASS

Remark:

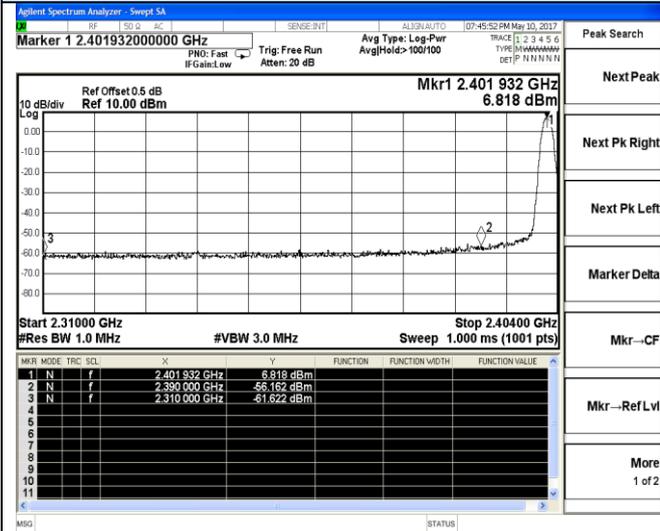
1. Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, 2DH5 for $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 3DH5 for 8DPSK modulation type;
3. Measured at Hopping and Non-Hopping mode, recorded worst at Non-Hopping mode.
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.
6. Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=330KHz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak;
7. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall

be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

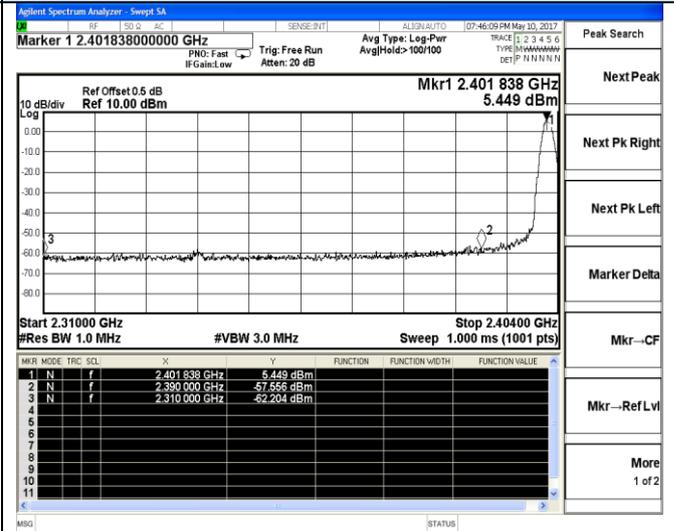
- 8. Please refer to following test plots;*

Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions

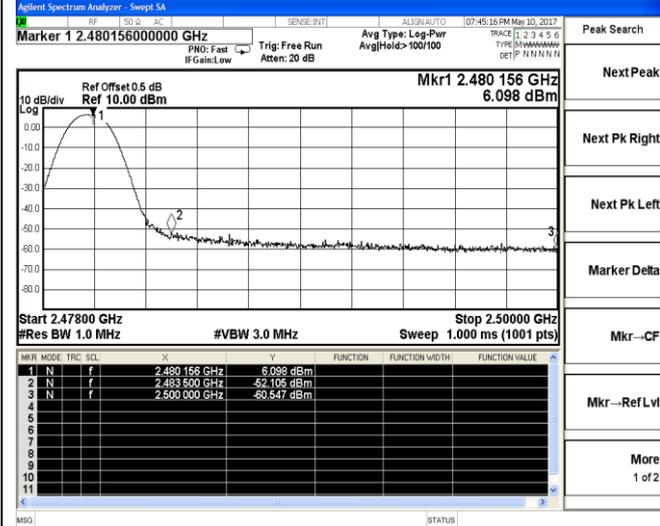
GFSK



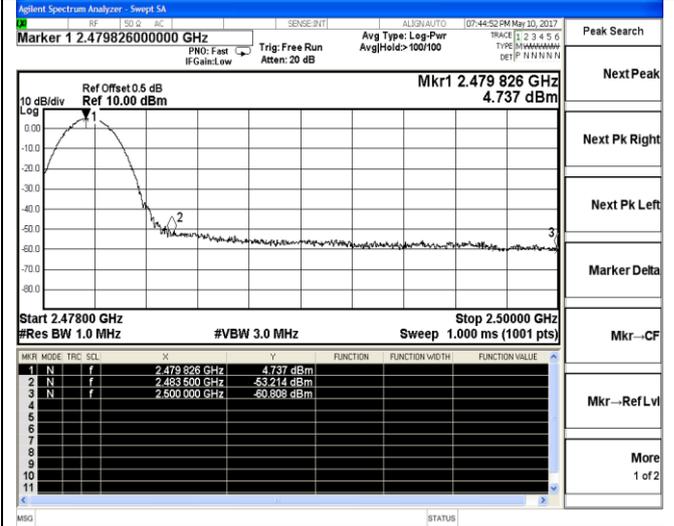
$\pi/4$ DQPSK



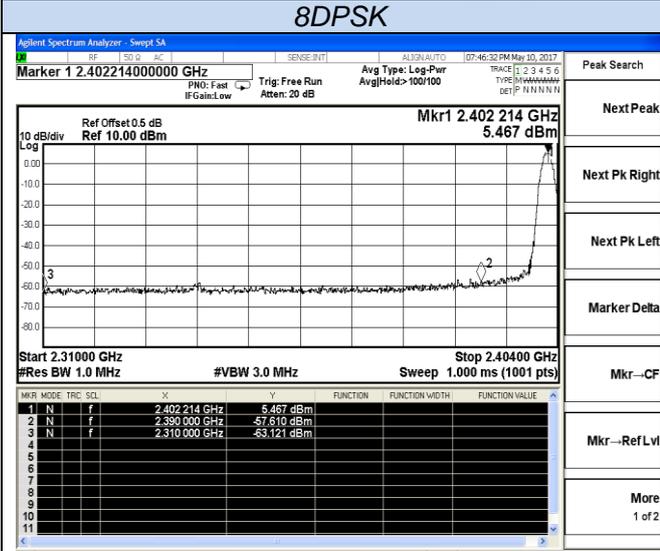
Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Non-Hopping – Peak



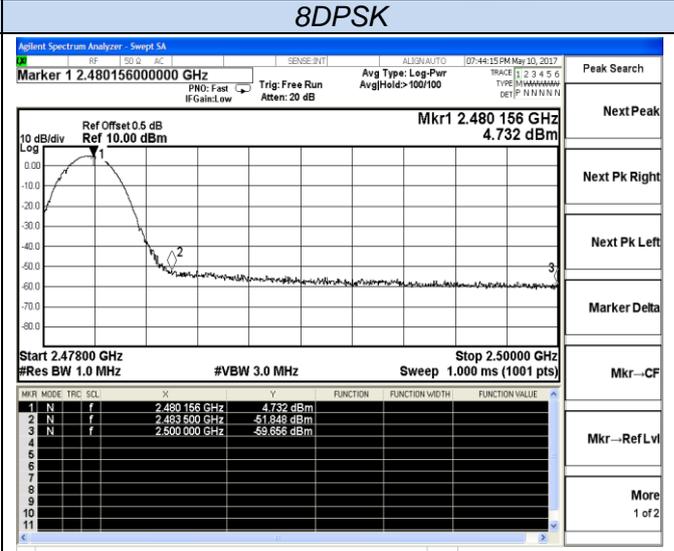
Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Non-Hopping – Peak



Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Non-Hopping – Peak



Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Non-Hopping – Peak



Channel 0 / 2402 MHz – Non-Hopping – Peak

Channel 78 / 2480 MHz – Non-Hopping – Peak

9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to antenna requirement of §15.203.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to §15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

9.2 Antenna Connected Construction

9.2.1. Antenna Connector Construction

The antenna used for transmitting is permanently attached and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

The BT and WLAN share same PIFA antenna, the maximum gain is -1.50dBi for BT; more information as follows.

9.2.2. Results: Compliance.

Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refers ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for frequency-hopping spread-spectrum (FHSS) devices.

Radiated power refers to ANSI C63.10:2013 Radiated emissions tests.

Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep Time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz
Video bandwidth:	3MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max hold

Limits

FCC	IC
Antenna Gain	
6 dBi	

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For normal Bluetooth devices, the GFSK mode is used.

T_{nom}	V_{nom}	Lowest Channel 2402 MHz	Middle Channel 2441 MHz	Highest Channel 2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		6.777	6.627	6.055
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		6.149	7.938	6.558
Gain [dBi] Calculated		-0.628	1.311	0.503
Measurement uncertainty			± 1.6 dB (cond.) / ± 3.8 dB (rad.)	

10. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

11. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

12. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

-----THE END OF REPORT-----