FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Zebra Technologies Corporation

EQUIPMENT : Personnel Badge

BRAND NAME : ZEBRA

MODEL NAME : MPACT-BRDGM

FCC ID : UZ7MPACTBRDGM

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Este man?

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



Report No.: FA6O0724

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Page 1 of 32

Form version.: 160427

Table of Contents

| 1. Statement of Compliance | |
|---|----|
| 2. Administration Data | |
| 3. Guidance Applied | |
| 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information | |
| 4.1 General Information | |
| 5. RF Exposure Limits | |
| 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment | |
| 5.2 Controlled Environment | |
| 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) | |
| 6.1 Introduction | |
| 6.2 SAR Definition | |
| 7. System Description and Setup | |
| 7.1 E-Field Probe | |
| 7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) | |
| 7.3 Phantom | |
| 7.4 Device Holder | |
| 8. Measurement Procedures | |
| 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation | 12 |
| 8.2 Power Reference Measurement | 13 |
| 8.3 Area Scan | |
| 8.4 Zoom Scan | |
| 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures | |
| 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring | |
| 9. Test Equipment List | |
| 10. System Verification | |
| 10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids | |
| 10.2 Tissue Verification | |
| 10.3 System Performance Check Results | |
| 11. RF Exposure Positions | |
| 11.1 Body Worn Accessory | 18 |
| 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm) | |
| 13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied | 23 |
| 14. Antenna Location | |
| 15. SAR Test Results | |
| 15.1 Body Worn SAR | |
| 15.2 Repeated SAR Measurement | |
| 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis | |
| 16.1 Body-Worn Exposure Conditions | 28 |
| 17. Uncertainty Assessment | |
| 18. References | 32 |
| Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check | |
| Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement | |
| Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate | |
| Appendix D. Test Setup Photos | |

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Revision History

| REPORT NO. | VERSION | DESCRIPTION | ISSUED DATE |
|------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|
| FA6O0724 | Rev. 01 | Initial issue of report | Dec. 07, 2016 |
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TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Issued Date : Dec. 07, 2016 Form version. : 160427

Report No.: FA6O0724

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Zebra Technologies Corporation, Personnel Badge, MPACT-BRDGM, are as follows.

Report No.: FA6O0724

| Equipment Class | Frequency Band | Highest SAR Summary Body (Separation 0mm) | Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| DTS | 2.4GHz WLAN | 1g SAR (W/kg) 0.04 | 0.08 |
| NII | 5GHz WLAN | 0.15 | 0.19 |
| Date of Testing: | | 2016/11/1 | ~ 2016/11/8 |

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

| Testing Laboratory | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. | | |
| Test Site Location | No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978 | |

| Applicant Applicant | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Company Name Zebra Technologies Corporation | | |
| Address | 1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742 | |

| Manufacturer Manufacturer | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Company Name | Zebra Technologies Corporation | |
| Address | 1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742 | |

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version.: 160427

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 4 of 32

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

Report No.: FA6O0724

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

| Product Feature & Specification | | |
|---|---|--|
| Equipment Name | Personnel Badge | |
| Brand Name | ZEBRA | |
| Model Name | MPACT-BRDGM | |
| FCC ID | UZ7MPACTBRDGM | |
| S/N | 162575230D0168 | |
| Frequency Range | WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz · 802.11a/b/g/n HT20 | |
| Mode | · Bluetooth LE | |
| Wifi Code version | 6.0.109.9 | |
| Wifi Tools version | 9.0.0.341360 | |
| EUT Stage | Identical Prototype | |
| Remark : 1. WLAN operation in 5600 MHz ~ 5650 MHz is notched | | |

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA6O0724

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Dec. 07, 2016

Form version.: 160427 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 6 of 32

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

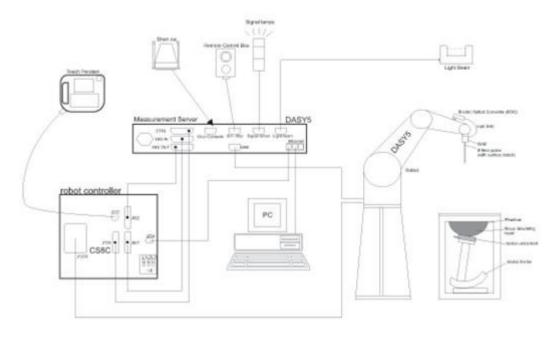
TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 7 of 32

Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version.: 160427

Report No.: FA6O0724

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA6O0724

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors | |
|---------------|---|--|
| | Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) | |
| | ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; | |
| | Linearity: ±0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) | |
| | Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) | |
| | Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm | |



Report No.: FA6O0724

<EX3DV4 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges | |
|---------------|---|--|
| | PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic | |
| _ | solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz – >6 GHz | |
| | Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) | |
| | ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g – >100 mW/g | |
| | Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g) | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) | |
| | Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) | |
| | Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 | |
| | mm | |



7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version: : 160427

Page 9 of 32

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm | |
|-------------------|---|-----|
| Filling Volume | Approx. 25 liters | - |
| Dimensions | Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet | 7 5 |
| Measurement Areas | Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom | |

Report No.: FA6O0724

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

| \EET Hanton | | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%) | |
| Filling Volume | Approx. 30 liters | |
| Dimensions | Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm | |

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA6O0724

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

Page 11 of 32

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Issued Date : Dec. 07, 2016

Form version. : 160427

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA6O0724

- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume (c)
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA6O0724

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|--|---|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | 5 ± 1 mm | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° |
| | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one |

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA6O0724

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|--|----------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Maximum zoom scan s | patial reso | lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom} | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*] | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$ | |
| | uniform | grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ | ≤ 5 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$ | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded grid Δ | Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | |
| | | Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ | | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z | | | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID : UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 14 of 32 Form version. : 160427

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Serial Number | Calib | ration |
|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Seriai Number | Last Cal. | Due Date |
| SPEAG | 2450MHz System Validation Kit | D2450V2 | 736 | Aug. 30, 2016 | Aug. 29, 2017 |
| SPEAG | 5GHz System Validation Kit | D5GHzV2 | 1040 | Jun. 17, 2016 | Jun. 16, 2017 |
| SPEAG | 5GHz System Validation Kit | D5GHzV2 | 1006 | Sep. 27, 2016 | Sep. 26, 2017 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE3 | 393 | Jan. 12, 2016 | Jan. 11, 2017 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 1399 | Nov. 23, 2015 | Nov. 22, 2016 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 679 | Jun. 13, 2016 | Jun. 12, 2017 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3753 | May. 11, 2016 | May. 10, 2017 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3955 | Nov. 24, 2015 | Nov. 23, 2016 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3898 | Jul. 11, 2016 | Jul. 10, 2017 |
| TESTO | Hygro meter | 608-H1 | 34852481 | Sep. 21, 2016 | Sep. 20, 2017 |
| WonDer | Thermometer | WD-5015 | TM685 | Oct. 12, 2016 | Oct. 11, 2017 |
| Wisewind | Thermometer | HTC-1 | TM560 | Oct. 12, 2016 | Oct. 11, 2017 |
| SPEAG | Device Holder | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| R&S | Signal Generator | MG3710A | 6201502524 | Dec. 18, 2015 | Dec. 17, 2016 |
| Agilent | ENA Network Analyzer | E5071C | MY46316648 | Jan. 12, 2016 | Jan. 11, 2017 |
| SPEAG | Dielectric Probe Kit | DAK-3.5 | 1126 | Jul. 19, 2016 | Jul. 18, 2017 |
| LINE SEIKI | Digital Thermometer | LKMelectronic | DTM3000SPEZIAL | Sep. 05, 2016 | Sep. 04, 2017 |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1419002 | May. 10, 2016 | May. 09, 2017 |
| Anritsu | Power Sensor | MA2411B | 1339124 | May. 10, 2016 | May. 09, 2017 |
| Anritsu | Spectrum Analyzer | MS2830A | 6201396378 | Jun. 21, 2016 | Jun. 20, 2017 |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZVE-8G+ | D120604 | Mar. 16, 2016 | Mar. 15, 2017 |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZHL-42W+ | QA1344002 | Mar. 16, 2016 | Mar. 15, 2017 |
| ATM | Dual Directional Coupler | C122H-10 | P610410z-02 | No | te 1 |
| Woken | Attenuator 1 | WK0602-XX | N/A | No | te 1 |
| PE | Attenuator 2 | PE7005-10 | N/A | No | te 1 |
| PE | Attenuator 3 | PE7005- 3 | N/A | No | te 1 |

Report No.: FA6O0724

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

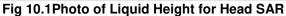
FCC ID : UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 15 of 32 Form version. : 160427

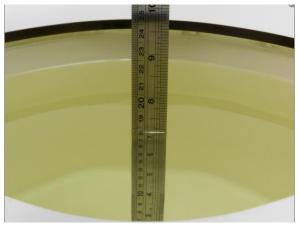
10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







Report No.: FA6O0724

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Issued Date : Dec. 07, 2016 Form version. : 160427

Page 16 of 32



10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

Report No.: FA6O0724

tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Frequency (MHz) | Water (%) | Sugar (%) | Cellulose (%) | Salt (%) | Preventol (%) | DGBE (%) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (εr) |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | (1.1) | (1.1) | (**/ | For Head | (**/ | (**/ | (-, | \-\(\frac{1}{2}\) |
| 750 | 41.1 | 57.0 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.89 | 41.9 |
| 835 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.90 | 41.5 |
| 900 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.97 | 41.5 |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 55.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 44.5 | 1.40 | 40.0 |
| 2450 | 55.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 |
| 2600 | 54.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 45.1 | 1.96 | 39.0 |
| | | | | For Body | | | | |
| 750 | 51.7 | 47.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.96 | 55.5 |
| 835 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.97 | 55.2 |
| 900 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 1.05 | 55.0 |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 70.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 29.4 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 2450 | 68.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31.4 | 1.95 | 52.7 |
| 2600 | 68.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 31.8 | 2.16 | 52.5 |

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

| Ingredients | (% by weight) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Water | 64~78% |
| Mineral oil | 11~18% |
| Emulsifiers | 9~15% |
| Additives and Salt | 2~3% |

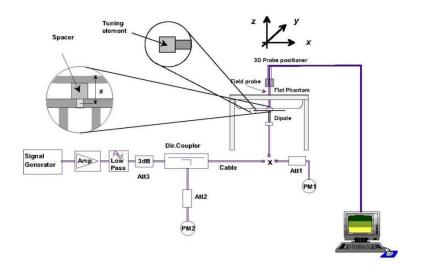
<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

| Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Liquid Temp. (℃) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ϵ_r) | Conductivity Target (σ) | Permittivity Target (ε _r) | Delta (σ) (%) | Delta (ε _r) (%) | Limit (%) | Date |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 2450 | MSL | 22.5 | 2.001 | 52.722 | 1.95 | 52.70 | 2.62 | 0.04 | ±5 | 2016/11/1 |
| 2450 | MSL | 22.2 | 1.983 | 54.452 | 1.95 | 52.70 | 1.69 | 3.32 | ±5 | 2016/11/8 |
| 5300 | MSL | 22.2 | 5.507 | 47.823 | 5.42 | 48.90 | 1.61 | -2.20 | ±5 | 2016/11/2 |
| 5600 | MSL | 22.2 | 5.907 | 47.313 | 5.77 | 48.50 | 2.37 | -2.45 | ±5 | 2016/11/2 |
| 5600 | MSL | 22.6 | 5.898 | 47.252 | 5.77 | 48.50 | 2.22 | -2.57 | ±5 | 2016/11/8 |
| 5750 | MSL | 22.2 | 6.117 | 47.063 | 5.94 | 48.28 | 2.98 | -2.52 | ±5 | 2016/11/2 |

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

| Date | Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Input Power (mW) | 17/10/01/E | Probe S/N | DAE S/N | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg) | Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg) | Deviation (%) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2016/11/1 | 2450 | MSL | 250 | D2450V2-736 | EX3DV4 - SN3753 | DAE3 Sn393 | 12.00 | 52.10 | 48.00 | -7.87 |
| 2016/11/8 | 2450 | MSL | 250 | D2450V2-736 | EX3DV4 - SN3898 | DAE4 Sn679 | 13.50 | 52.10 | 54.00 | 3.65 |
| 2016/11/2 | 5300 | MSL | 100 | D5GHzV2-1040 | EX3DV4 - SN3753 | DAE3 Sn393 | 7.00 | 76.40 | 70.00 | -8.38 |
| 2016/11/2 | 5600 | MSL | 100 | D5GHzV2-1006 | EX3DV4 - SN3955 | DAE4 Sn1399 | 7.88 | 78.60 | 78.80 | 0.25 |
| 2016/11/8 | 5600 | MSL | 100 | D5GHzV2-1006 | EX3DV4 - SN3955 | DAE4 Sn1399 | 8.36 | 78.60 | 83.60 | 6.36 |
| 2016/11/2 | 5750 | MSL | 100 | D5GHzV2-1006 | EX3DV4 - SN3955 | DAE4 Sn1399 | 7.03 | 74.60 | 70.30 | -5.76 |





Report No.: FA6O0724

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA6O0724

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1>

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|-------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | CH 1 | 2412 | | 13.85 | 14.50 | 100.00 |
| | 802.11b | CH 6 | 2437 | 1Mbps | 18.70 | 19.00 | |
| 2.4GHz WLAN | | CH 11 | 2462 | | 14.85 | 15.00 | |
| ANT 1 | | CH 1 | 2412 | | 14.07 | 14.50 | 96.55 96.32 |
| | 802.11g | CH 6 | 2437 | 6Mbps | 17.50 | 18.00 | |
| - | | CH 11 | 2462 | | 10.29 | 10.50 | |
| | | CH 1 | 2412 | | 14.00 | 14.50 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 6 | 2437 | MCS0 | 17.55 | 18.00 | |
| | | CH 11 | 2462 | | 10.13 | 10.50 | |

Report No.: FA6O0724

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2>

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|-------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 1 | 2412 | | 14.00 | 14.50 | |
| | 802.11b | CH 6 | 2437 | 1Mbps | 18.78 | 19.00 | 100.00 |
| 2.4GHz WLAN | | CH 11 | 2462 | | 14.97 | 15.00 | |
| ANT 2 | 802.11g | CH 1 | 2412 | | 14.29 | 14.50 | 96.55 |
| | | CH 6 | 2437 | 6Mbps | 17.95 | 18.00 | |
| | | CH 11 | 2462 | | 10.42 | 10.50 | |
| | | CH 1 | 2412 | | 14.16 | 14.50 | 96.32 |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 6 | 2437 | MCS0 | 17.67 | 18.00 | |
| | | CH 11 | 2462 | | 10.23 | 10.50 | |

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Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 20 of 32

<5GHz WLAN ANT1>

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 36 | 5180 | | 15.88 | 16.00 | |
| | 802.11a | CH 40 | 5200 | 6Mbps | 16.91 | 17.00 | 97.22 |
| 5.2GHz WLAN ANT 1 | | CH 44 | 5220 | | 16.92 | 17.00 | |
| 7 | | CH 48 | 5240 | | 16.94 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 36 | 5180 | | 15.76 | 16.00 | 96.32 |
| | | CH 40 | 5200 | MCS0 | 16.86 | 17.00 | |
| | | CH 44 | 5220 | IVICSU | 16.88 | 17.00 | |
| | | CH 48 | 5240 | | 16.78 | 17.00 | |

Report No.: FA6O0724

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 52 | 5260 | | 16.91 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.11a | CH 56 | 5280 | 6Mbps | 16.90 | 17.00 | 97.22 |
| 5.3GHz WLAN ANT 1 | | CH 60 | 5300 | | 16.19 | 16.50 | |
| 7.1.1 | | CH 64 | 5320 | | 15.15 | 15.50 | |
| | | CH 52 | 5260 | | 16.74 | 17.00 | 96.32 |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 56 | 5280 | MCCO | 16.72 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.1111-H120 | CH 60 | 5300 | MCS0 | 16.19 | 16.50 | |
| | | CH 64 | 5320 | | 15.10 | 15.50 | |

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 100 | 5500 | | 15.97 | 16.50 | |
| | AN 802.11a | CH 116 | 5580 | 6Mbps | 16.38 | 16.50 | 97.22 |
| 5.5GHz WLAN ANT 1 | 002.11d | CH 132 | 5660 | | 16.36 | 16.50 | 97.22 |
| 7 | | CH 140 | 5700 | | 14.63 | 15.00 | |
| | | CH 100 | 5500 | | 15.86 | 16.50 | |
| | 000 11n UT00 | CH 116 | 5580 | MCS0 | 16.26 | 16.50 | 96.32 |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 132 | 5660 | IVICSU | 16.24 | 16.50 | 90.32 |
| | | CH 140 | 5700 | | 14.54 | 15.00 | |

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 149 | 5745 | | 14.33 | 14.50 | |
| 5.8GHz WLAN ANT 1 | 802.11a | CH 157 | 5785 | 6Mbps | 15.20 | 15.50 | 97.22 |
| | | CH 165 | 5825 | | 14.65 | 15.00 | |
| | | CH 149 | 5745 | | 15.11 | 15.50 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 157 | 5785 | MCS0 | 15.10 | 15.50 | 96.32 |
| | | CH 165 | 5825 | | 14.63 | 15.00 | |

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Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

<5GHz WLAN ANT2>

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 36 | 5180 | | 15.90 | 16.00 | |
| | 802.11a | CH 40 | 5200 | 6Mbps | 16.83 | 17.00 | 96.55 |
| 5.2GHz WLAN ANT 2 | | CH 44 | 5220 | | 16.95 | 17.00 | 96.55 |
| 7 2 | | CH 48 | 5240 | | 16.98 | 17.00 | |
| | | CH 36 | 5180 | | 15.77 | 16.00 | |
| | 000 44 - LITO | CH 40 | 5200 | MCS0 | 16.88 | 17.00 | 97.04 |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 44 | 5220 | IVICSU | 16.89 | 17.00 | 97.04 |
| | | CH 48 | 5240 | | 16.79 | 17.00 | |

Report No.: FA6O0724

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 52 | 5260 | | 16.93 | 17.00 | |
| 5 0011 NU AND | 802.11a | CH 56 | 5280 | 6Mbps | 16.95 | 17.00 | 96.55 |
| 5.3GHz WLAN ANT 2 | | CH 60 | 5300 | | 16.22 | 16.50 | 96.55 |
| 7001 2 | | CH 64 | 5320 | | 15.21 | 15.50 | |
| | | CH 52 | 5260 | | 16.75 | 17.00 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 56 | 5280 | MCS0 | 16.74 | 17.00 | 97.04 |
| | | CH 60 | 5300 | IVICSU | 16.23 | 16.50 | 97.04 |
| | | CH 64 | 5320 | | 15.14 | 15.50 | |

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 100 | 5500 | | 16.17 | 16.50 | |
| | AN 802.11a | CH 116 | 5580 | 6Mbps | 16.45 | 16.50 | 96.55 |
| 5.5GHz WLAN ANT 2 | 002.11d | CH 132 | 5660 | | 16.44 | 16.50 | 96.55 |
| 7 2 | | CH 140 | 5700 | | 14.65 | 15.00 | |
| | | CH 100 | 5500 | | 15.88 | 16.50 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 116 | 5580 | MCS0 | 16.30 | 16.50 | 97.04 |
| | 602.1111 - 1120 | CH 132 | 5660 | IVICSU | 16.27 | 16.50 | 97.04 |
| | | CH 140 | 5700 | | 14.55 | 15.00 | |

| | Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Average power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit | Duty Cycle % |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | CH 149 | 5745 | | 14.35 | 14.50 | |
| 5.8GHz WLAN ANT 2 | 802.11a | CH 157 | 5785 | 6Mbps | 15.23 | 15.50 | 96.55 |
| = | | CH 165 | 5825 | | 14.85 | 15.00 | |
| | | CH 149 | 5745 | | 15.13 | 15.50 | |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | CH 157 | 5785 | MCS0 | 15.12 | 15.50 | 97.04 |
| | | CH 165 | 5825 | | 14.78 | 15.00 | |

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Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 22 of 32

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

| Mode Band | Average power(dBm) |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Mode Dand | Bluetooth-LE |
| 2.4GHz Bluetooth | 0 |

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

Report No.: FA6O0724

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

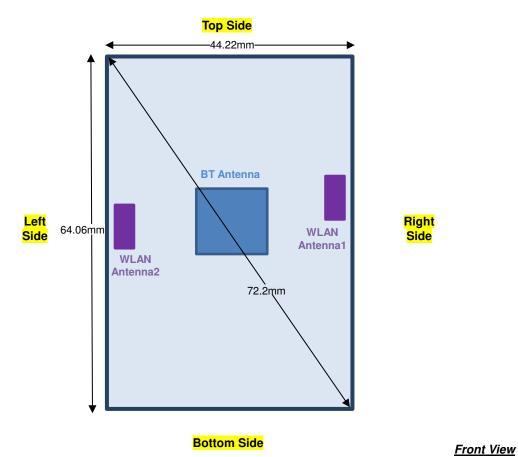
| Bluetooth Max Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Frequency (| GHz) | exclusion thresholds |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------|----------------------|
| 0 | < 5 | 2.48 | | 0.31 |

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.31 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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14. Antenna Location



Report No.: FA6O0724

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Page 24 of 32

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA6O0724

- b. Transmission duty cycle: the upper limit of transmission duty cycle is 4% that the device operates in the normal usage scenarios, and the detailed information can be found in "usage profile description analysis exhibit"
- c. Duty cycle: the WLAN transmission duty cycle during SAR test in which the test software was used drive the WLAN radio transmit continuously
- d. Duty cycle Scaling factor= Transmission duty cycle / Duty cycle
- e. WLAN Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle Scaling factor* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Transmission duty cycle: the upper limit of transmission duty cycle is 4% that the device operates in the normal usage scenarios, and the detailed information can be found in "usage profile description analysis exhibit"
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions /
 configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all
 required channels are tested.
- 6. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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 Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016

FCC ID : UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 25 of 32 Form version. : 160427



15.1 Body Worn SAR

<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Antenna | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle % | Transmission Duty Cycle % | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|---------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 6 | 2437 | 18.70 | 19.00 | 1.072 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.14 | 0.707 | 0.030 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 1 | 6 | 2437 | 18.70 | 19.00 | 1.072 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.19 | 0.444 | 0.019 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 6 | 2437 | 18.78 | 19.00 | 1.052 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.09 | 0.779 | 0.033 |
| 01 | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 1 | 2412 | 14.00 | 14.50 | 1.122 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.1 | 0.856 | 0.038 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 11 | 2462 | 14.97 | 15.00 | 1.007 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.06 | 0.648 | 0.026 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 2 | 6 | 2437 | 18.78 | 19.00 | 1.052 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | 0.01 | 0.227 | 0.010 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 52 | 5260 | 16.91 | 17.00 | 1.020 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.12 | 2.000 | 0.084 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 1 | 52 | 5260 | 16.91 | 17.00 | 1.020 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.19 | 0.298 | 0.012 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 56 | 5280 | 16.95 | 17.00 | 1.012 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.09 | 2.090 | 0.087 |
| 02 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 60 | 5300 | 16.22 | 16.50 | 1.066 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.02 | 2.620 | 0.115 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 2 | 56 | 5280 | 16.95 | 17.00 | 1.012 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.04 | 0.466 | 0.019 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 116 | 5580 | 16.38 | 16.50 | 1.027 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 1.900 | 0.080 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 1 | 116 | 5580 | 16.38 | 16.50 | 1.027 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.15 | 0.232 | 0.010 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 116 | 5580 | 16.45 | 16.50 | 1.011 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.06 | 3.020 | 0.125 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 100 | 5500 | 16.17 | 16.50 | 1.078 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.06 | 2.520 | 0.111 |
| 03 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 132 | 5660 | 16.44 | 16.50 | 1.014 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.1 | 3.620 | 0.150 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 140 | 5700 | 14.65 | 15.00 | 1.083 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.18 | 3.040 | 0.135 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 2 | 116 | 5580 | 16.45 | 15.00 | 0.716 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.15 | 0.903 | 0.026 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 157 | 5785 | 15.20 | 15.50 | 1.071 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.12 | 1.240 | 0.054 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 1 | 157 | 5785 | 15.20 | 15.50 | 1.071 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.18 | 0.152 | 0.007 |
| 04 | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 157 | 5785 | 15.23 | 15.50 | 1.064 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 3.090 | 0.135 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 149 | 5745 | 14.35 | 14.50 | 1.035 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.07 | 2.660 | 0.113 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 165 | 5825 | 14.85 | 15.00 | 1.035 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.02 | 2.360 | 0.100 |
| | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Back | 0mm | Ant 2 | 157 | 5785 | 15.13 | 15.50 | 1.088 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.17 | 0.557 | 0.025 |

Report No.: FA6O0724

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 26 of 32



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

15.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

| No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Antenna | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Dower | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | | | Transmission Duty Cycle % | | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Ratio | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----|------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|---------|-----|----------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|
| 1st | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 1 | 2412 | 14.00 | 14.50 | 1.122 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.1 | 0.856 | | 0.038 |
| 2nd | WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 1 | 2412 | 14.00 | 14.50 | 1.122 | 100 | 4.0 | 0.040 | -0.1 | 0.833 | 1.03 | 0.037 |
| 1st | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 52 | 5260 | 16.91 | 17.00 | 1.020 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.12 | 2.000 | | 0.084 |
| 2nd | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 52 | 5260 | 16.91 | 17.00 | 1.020 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.12 | 1.942 | 1.04 | 0.081 |
| 1st | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 60 | 5300 | 16.22 | 16.50 | 1.066 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.02 | 2.620 | | 0.115 |
| 2nd | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 60 | 5300 | 16.22 | 16.50 | 1.066 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.02 | 2.550 | 1.04 | 0.111 |
| 1st | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 116 | 5580 | 16.38 | 16.50 | 1.027 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 1.900 | | 0.080 |
| 2nd | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 116 | 5580 | 16.38 | 16.50 | 1.027 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 1.833 | 1.04 | 0.077 |
| 1st | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 132 | 5660 | 16.44 | 16.50 | 1.014 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.1 | 3.620 | | 0.150 |
| 2nd | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 132 | 5660 | 16.44 | 16.50 | 1.014 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.1 | 3.480 | 1.03 | 0.145 |
| 1st | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 157 | 5785 | 15.20 | 15.50 | 1.071 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.12 | 1.240 | | 0.054 |
| 2nd | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 1 | 157 | 5785 | 15.20 | 15.50 | 1.071 | 97.22 | 4.0 | 0.041 | 0.12 | 1.170 | 1.06 | 0.051 |
| 1st | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 157 | 5785 | 15.23 | 15.50 | 1.064 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 3.090 | | 0.135 |
| 2nd | WLAN5GHz | 802.11a 6Mbps | Front | 0mm | Ant 2 | 157 | 5785 | 15.23 | 15.50 | 1.064 | 96.55 | 4.0 | 0.041 | -0.04 | 2.950 | 1.05 | 0.129 |

Report No.: FA6O0724

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 27 of 32 Form version.: 160427

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission Configurations | Body |
|-----|--|------|
| 1. | WLAN Antenna 1 + Bluetooth | Yes |
| 2. | WLAN Antenna 2 + Bluetooth | Yes |

Report No.: FA6O0724

General Note:

- Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously with WLAN Ant 1 or WLAN Ant 2, however WLAN Ant 1 cannot transmit simultaneously with WLAN Ant 2.
- 2. The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WLAN.
- 3. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 4. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 5. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

| Bluetooth | Exposure Position | Body |
|-----------|----------------------|------------|
| Max Power | Test separation | 5 mm |
| 0 dBm | Estimated SAR (W/kg) | 0.042 W/kg |

16.1 Body-Worn Exposure Conditions

| Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | 3+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | 4+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1 | 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2 | 5GHz WLAN Ant 1 | 5GHz WLAN Ant 2 | Bluetooth | 1+5 Summed 1g SAR | 2+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | | |
| | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | (W/kg) | | | |
| Front | 0.030 | 0.038 | 0.084 | 0.150 | 0.042 | 0.072 | 0.080 | 0.126 | 0.192 |
| Back | 0.019 | 0.010 | 0.012 | 0.026 | 0.042 | 0.061 | 0.052 | 0.054 | 0.068 |

Test Engineer: Jeff Lee Steven Chang and Iran Wang

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA6O0724

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

| Uncertainty Distributions | Normal | Rectangular | Triangular | U-Shape |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| Multi-plying Factor ^(a) | 1/k ^(b) | 1/√3 | 1/√6 | 1/√2 |

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016

Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM Page 29 of 32

| Report No.: FA6O0724 | |
|----------------------|--|
| | |

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | (Ci) 10g | Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%) | Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Boundary Effects | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Linearity | 4.7 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| System Detection Limits | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Modulation Response | 3.2 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Readout Electronics | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Response Time | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Integration Time | 2.6 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Probe Positioner | 0.4 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Probe Positioning | 2.9 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Max. SAR Eval. | 2.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 3.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Device Holder | 3.6 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Power Drift | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Power Scaling | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 6.1 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| SAR correction | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 0.84 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity Repeatability | 0.2 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 2.5 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Temp. unc Conductivity | 3.4 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Liquid Permittivity Repeatability | 0.15 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Liquid Permittivity (mea.) | 2.5 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Temp. unc Permittivity | 0.83 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Cor | mbined Std. Un | certainty | | | | 11.4% | 11.4% |
| Co | verage Factor | for 95 % | | | | K=2 | K=2 |
| Ехр | anded STD Un | certainty | | | | 22.9% | 22.7% |

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

| Issued Date : Dec. 07, 2016 | Page 30 of 32 | Form version. : 160427

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | (Ci) 10g | Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%) | Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%) |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 7.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Boundary Effects | 2.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Linearity | 4.7 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| System Detection Limits | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Modulation Response | 3.2 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Readout Electronics | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Response Time | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Integration Time | 2.6 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Probe Positioner | 0.4 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Probe Positioning | 6.7 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Max. SAR Eval. | 4.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 3.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Device Holder | 3.6 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Power Drift | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Power Scaling | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 6.6 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| SAR correction | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 0.84 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity Repeatability | 0.2 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 2.5 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Temp. unc Conductivity | 3.4 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Liquid Permittivity Repeatability | 0.15 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Liquid Permittivity (mea.) | 2.5 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Temp. unc Permittivity | 0.83 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| | nbined Std. Ur | | | | | 12.8% | 12.7% |
| | verage Factor | | | | | K=2 | K=2 |
| Ехр | anded STD Ur | certainty | | | | 25.5% | 25.4% |

Table 17.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Page 31 of 32

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: UZ7MPACTBRDGM

Issued Date: Dec. 07, 2016 Form version.: 160427

Report No.: FA6O0724

18. References

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Report No.: FA6O0724

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- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
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- [7] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.