TABLE OF CONTENTS LIST FOR PART 90 UHF DEVICE

APPLICANT: TOPAZ3, LLC

FCC ID: O7KSD164

TEST REPORT:

EXHIBITS CONTAINING:

GENERAL INFORMATION REQUIRED
FOR TYPE ACCEPTANCE

2.1033 (c)(1)(2) TOPAZ3, LLC will sell the FCC ID: O7KSD164 UHF transceiver in quantity, for use under FCC RULES PART 90.

2.1033 (c) TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION
2.1033 (3) User Manual See Exhibit 14

2.1033 (c) TECHNICAL_DESCRIPTION

2.1033(c)(3) Instruction book. A draft copy of the instruction manual is included as EXHIBIT 6.

2.1033(c) (4) 90.209 Type of Emission: 10K6F3E

Bn = 2M + 2DK
M = 3000
D = 2300
Bn = 2(3000)+2(2300) = 10.6k

90.217(b) Authorized Bandwidth 11.25 kHz

2.1033(c) (4) 90.209 Type of Emission: 11K25F2D

Bn = 2M + 2DK
M = 9600
D = 825
Bn = 2(9600)+2(825) = 11.25k

90.217(b) Authorized Bandwidth 11.25 kHz

2.1033(c) (4) 90.209 Type of Emission: 15K4F3E

Bn = 2M + 2DK
M = 3000
D = 4200
Bn = 2(3000)+2(4200) = 6000+8400 = 15.4k

90.217(b) Authorized Bandwidth 11.25 kHz

2.1033 (5) Frequency Range: 450-490 MHz

(6) Power Range and Controls: There are NO user Power controls.

(7) Power Output shall not exceed 2.2Watts into a 50 ohm resistive load.

(8) DC Voltages and Current into Final Amplifier:

POWER INPUT
FINAL AMPLIFIER ONLY

Frequency: 450.10 MHz	Frequency: 470.00 MHz	Frequency: 489.00 MHz
Vce = 12 Volts	Vce = 12 Volts	Vce = 12 Volts
IC = .570 A	IC = .580 A	IC = .580 A

(9) Tune-up procedure. The tune-up procedure is given in EXHIBIT 8.

2.1033 (10) Complete Circuit Diagrams: The circuit diagram is included as EXHIBIT 2. The block diagram is included as EXHIBIT 3.

(11) Function of each electron tube or semiconductor device or other active circuit device:
-SEE EXHIBIT 7.

2.1033(c)(11) A photograph or drawing of the equipment identification label is shown in Exhibit 1.

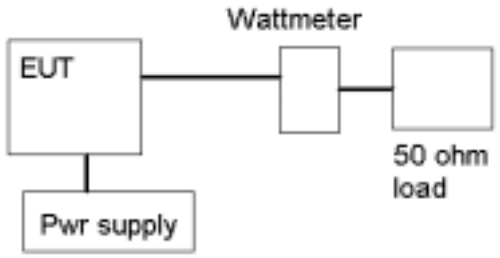
2.1033(c)(12) Photographs of the equipment of sufficient clarity to reveal equipment construction and layout and label location are shown in Exhibit 4-5.

2.1033(c)(13) For equipment employing digital modulation, a detail description of the modulation technique. This UUT uses FSK to modulate the transmitter.

2.1033(c)(14) data required for 2.1046 to 2.1057 See Below

2.1046(a) RF power output.
RF power is measured by connecting a 50 ohm, Resistive wattmeter to the RF output connector. With a nominal battery voltage of 12 VDC, and the transmitter properly adjusted the RF output measures:

OUTPUT POWER: HIGH – 2.2 Watts

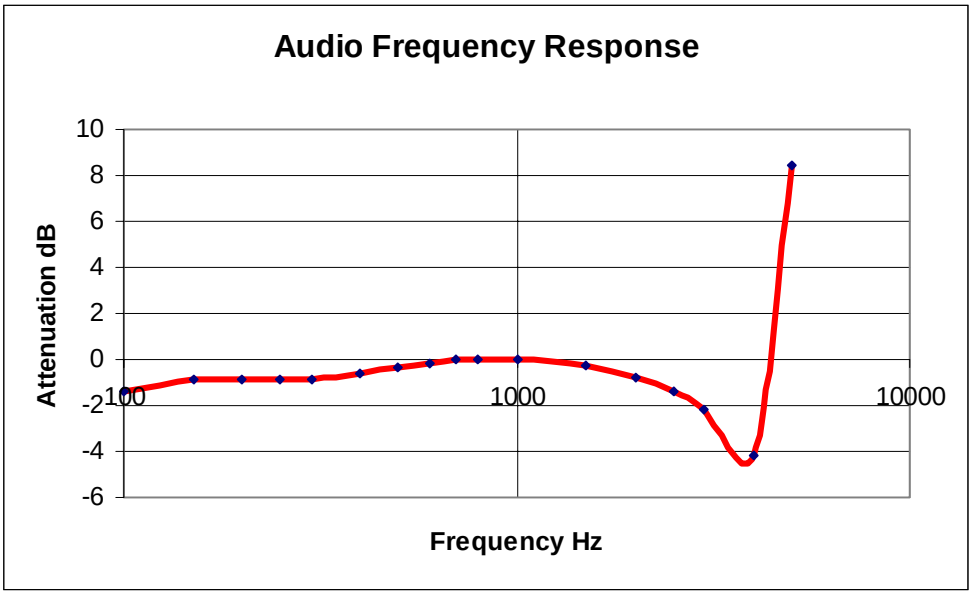


2.1047(a)(b) Modulation characteristics:

AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE

The audio frequency response was measured in accordance with TIA/EIA Specification 603. The audio frequency response curve is shown below.

The audio signal was fed into a dummy microphone circuit and into the microphone connector. The input required to produce 30 percent modulation level was measured.

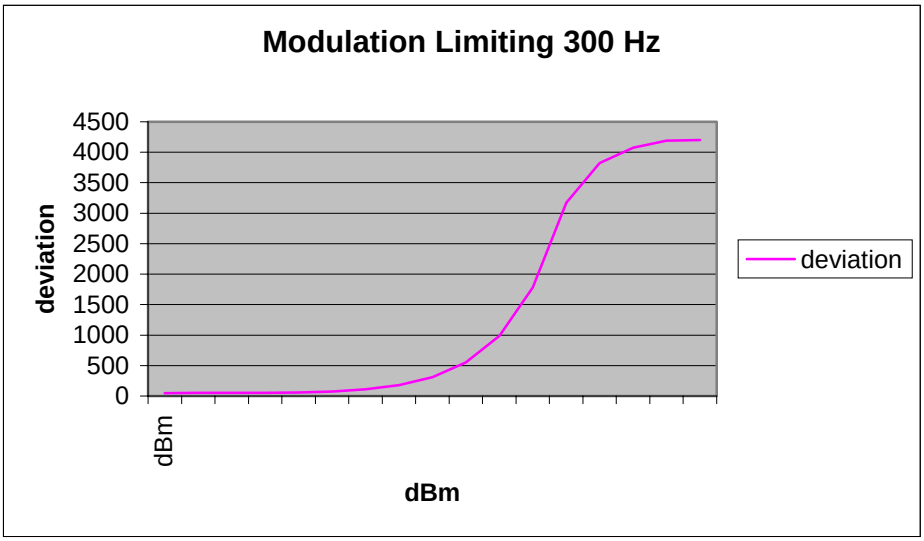


2.1047(a)(b) Modulation characteristics

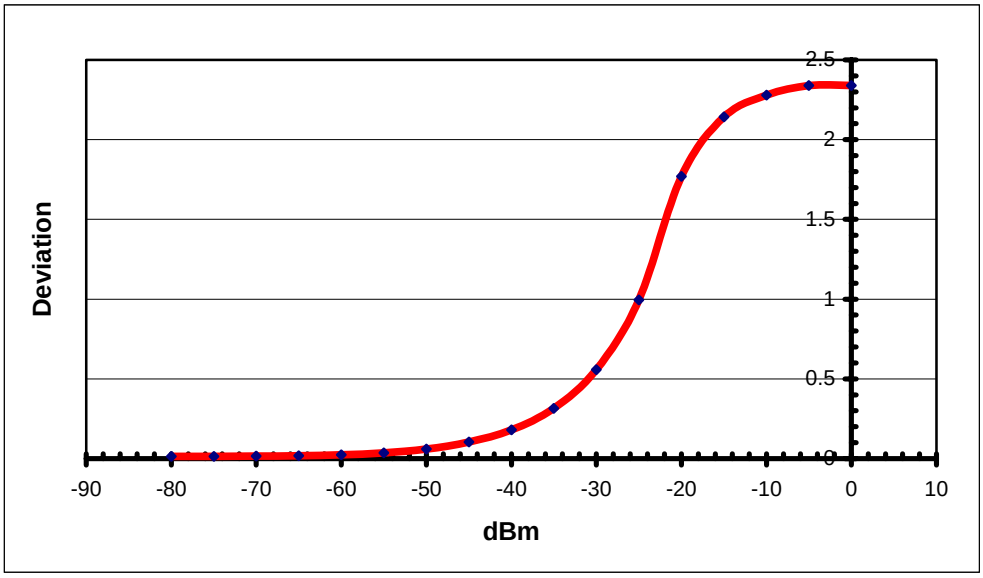
2.1047(b) Audio input versus modulation

The audio input level needed for a particular per-percentage of modulation was measured in accordance with TIA/EIA Specification 603. The audio input curves versus modulation are shown in pages 6-8. Curves are provided for audio input frequencies of 300, 1000, and 2500 Hz.

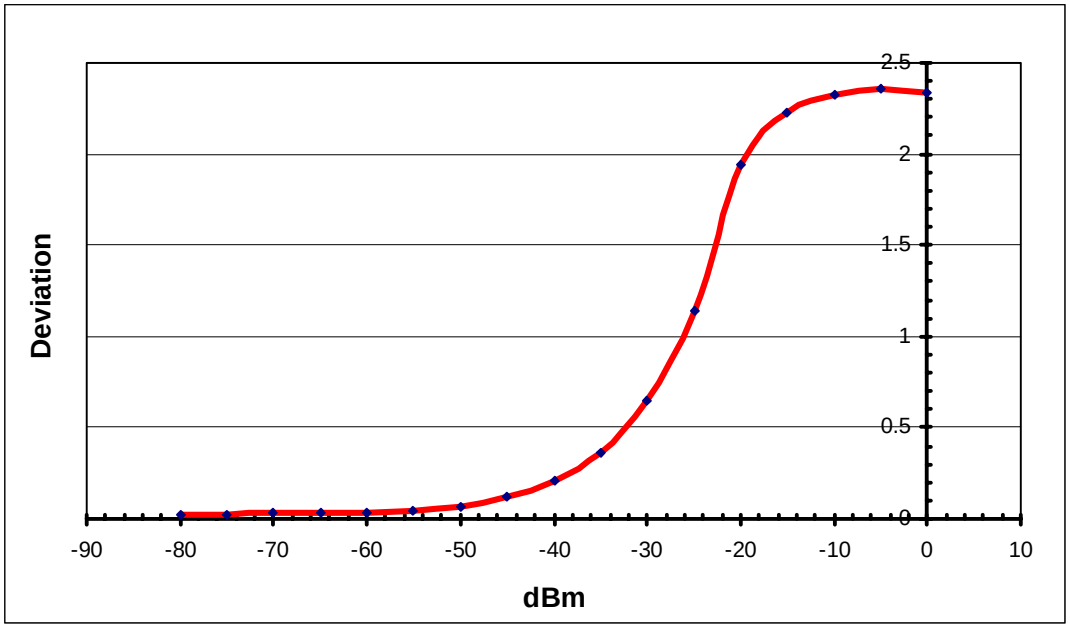
MODULATION LIMITING PLOT – 300 Hz – WIDE BAND



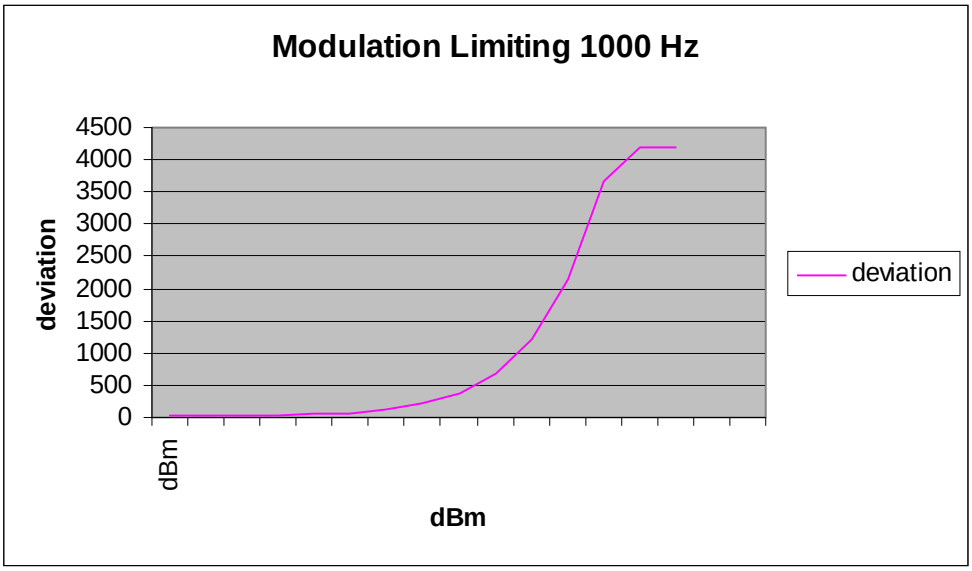
MODULATION LIMITING PLOT – 300 Hz – NARROW BAND



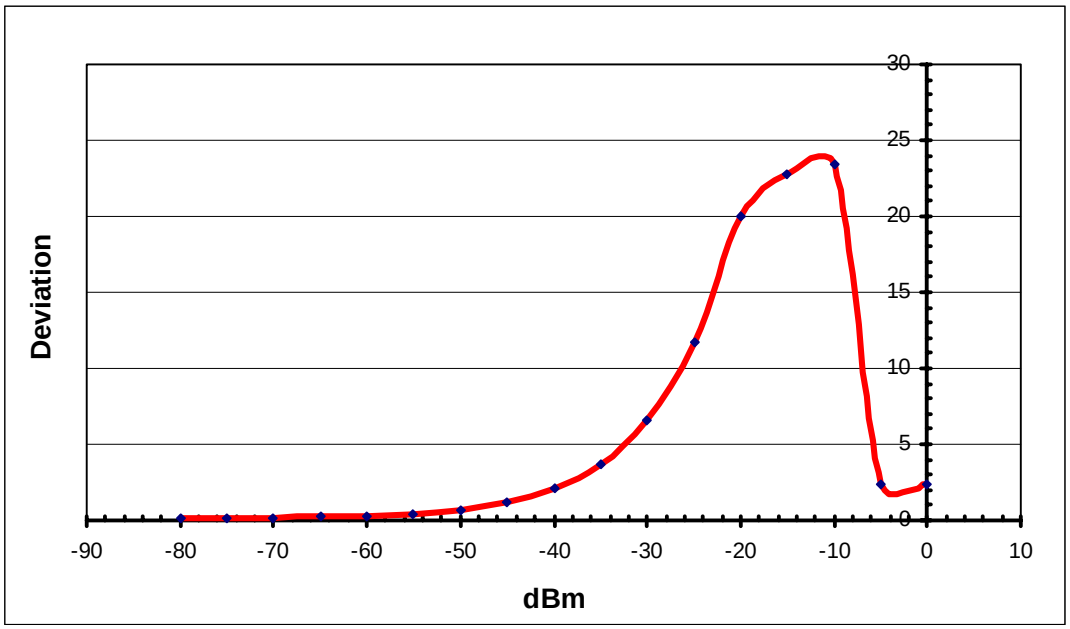
MODULATION LIMITING PLOT – 1000 Hz – NARROW BAND



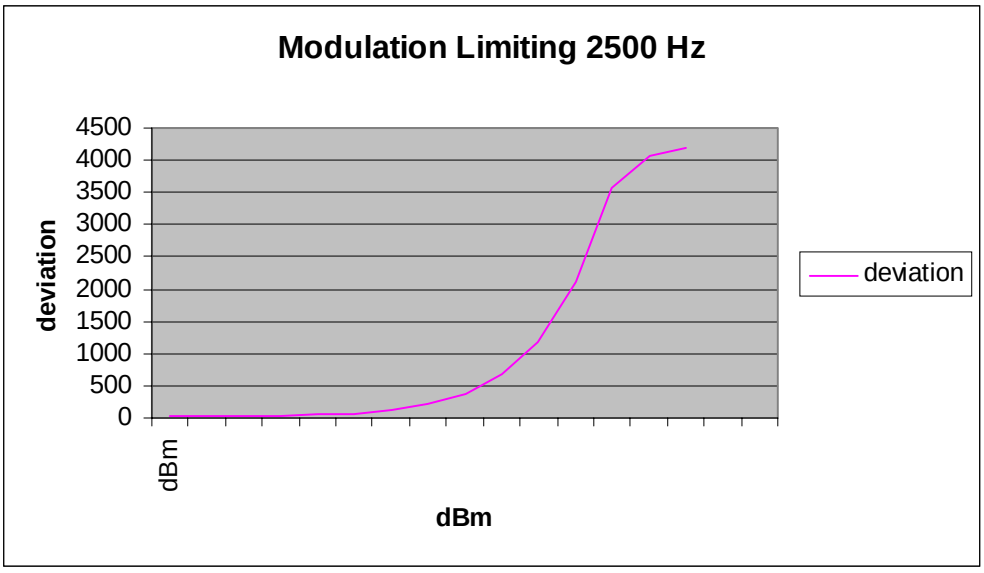
MODULATION LIMITING PLOT – 1000 Hz – WIDE BAND



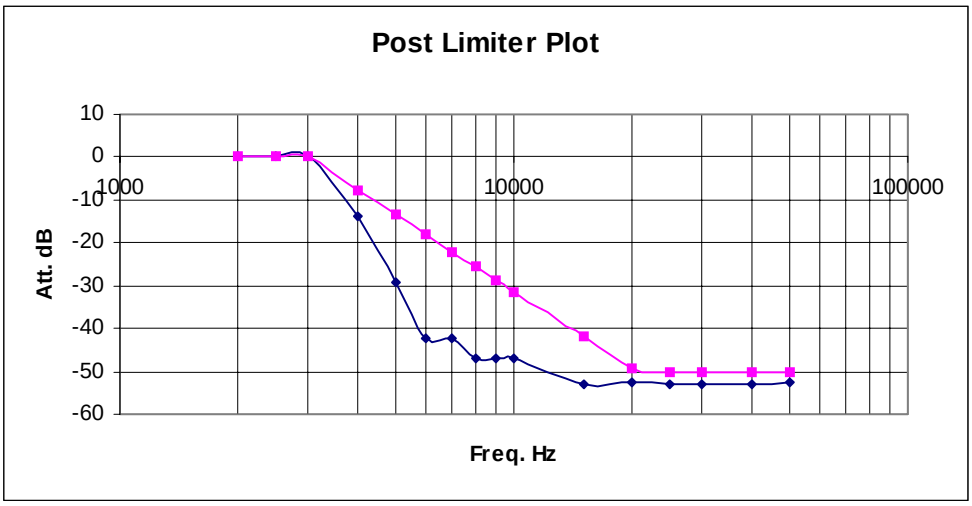
MODULATION LIMITING PLOT – 2.5 k – NARROW BAND



MODULATION LIMITING PLOT – 2.5 k – WIDE BAND



Post Limiter Filter The filter must be between the modulation limiter and the modulated stage. At any frequency between 3 & 20 kHz the filter must have an attenuation of 60log (f/3) greater that the attenuation at 1kHz. See the plot below.



2.1049 Occupied bandwidth:

90.210(d) Emission Mask D - 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

(1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth f0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f0: Zero dB.

(2) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: At least 7.27 (fd - 2.88 kHz) dB.

(3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

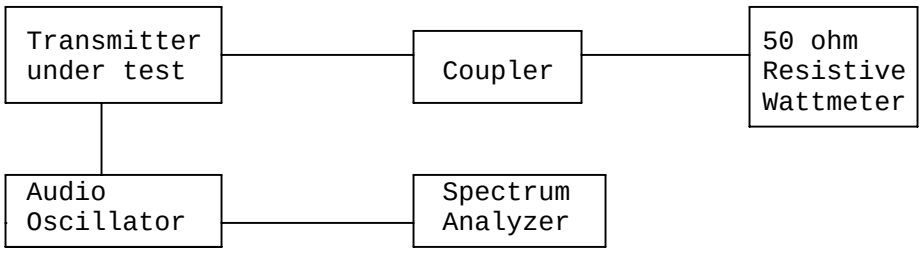
Data in the plots show that on any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50%, but not more than 100%: At least 25dB. On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100%, but not more than 250%: At least 35 dB. On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250%, of the authorized bandwidth: At least 43+log(P)dB.

Radiotelephone transmitter with modulation limiter.

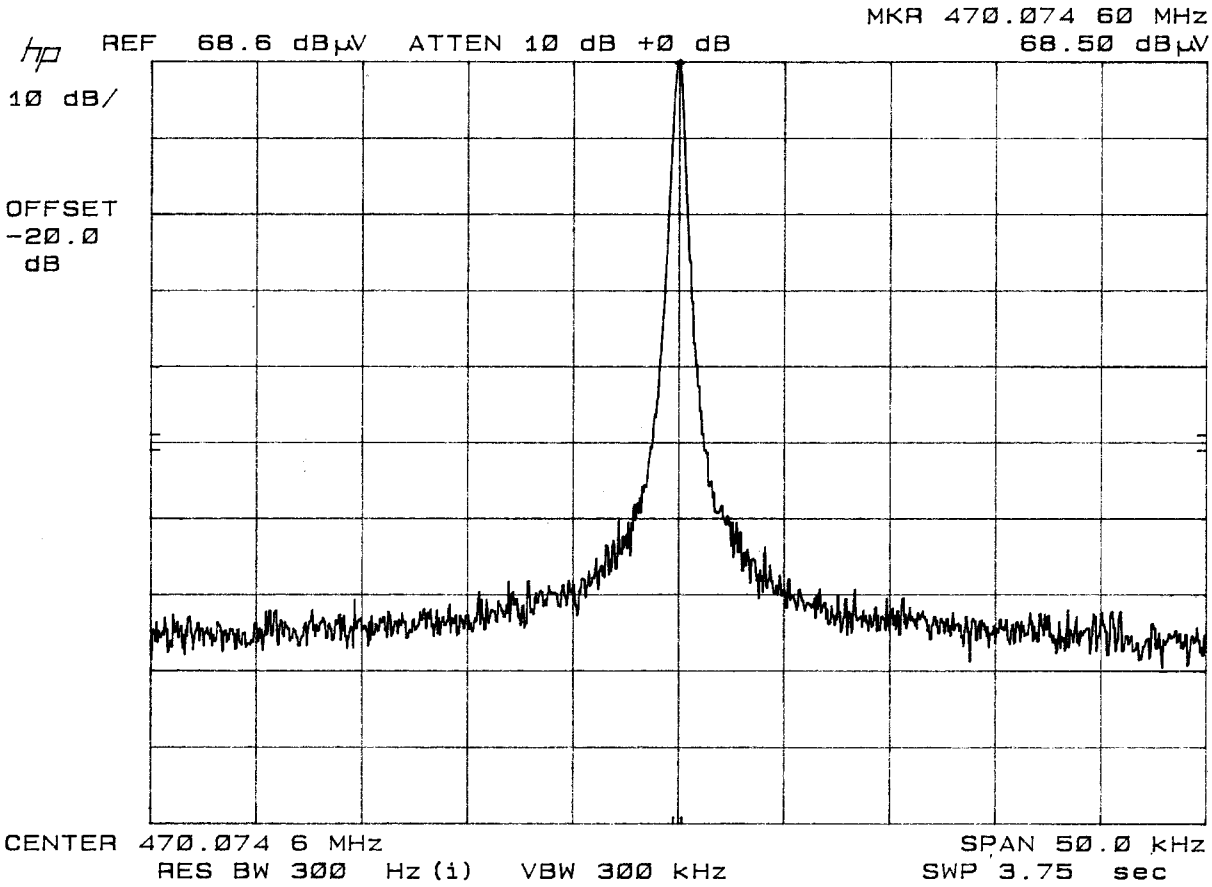
Test procedure: TIA/EIA-603 para 2.2.11 , with the exception that various tones were used.

Test procedure diagram

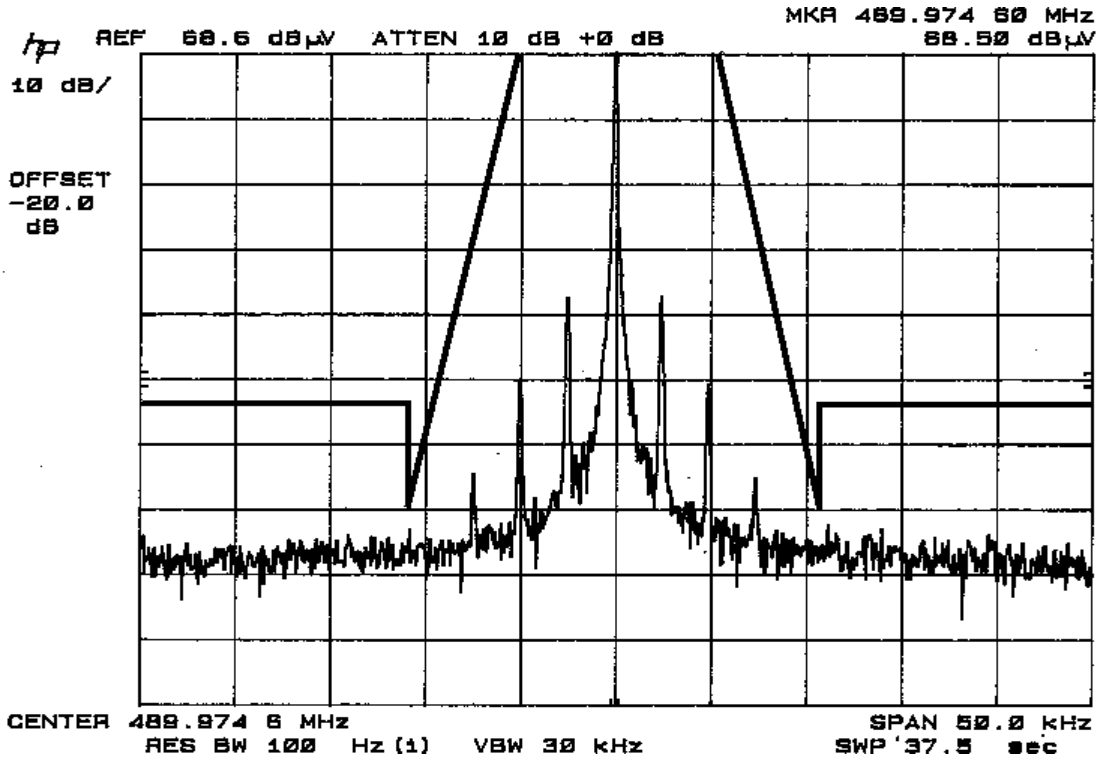
OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT



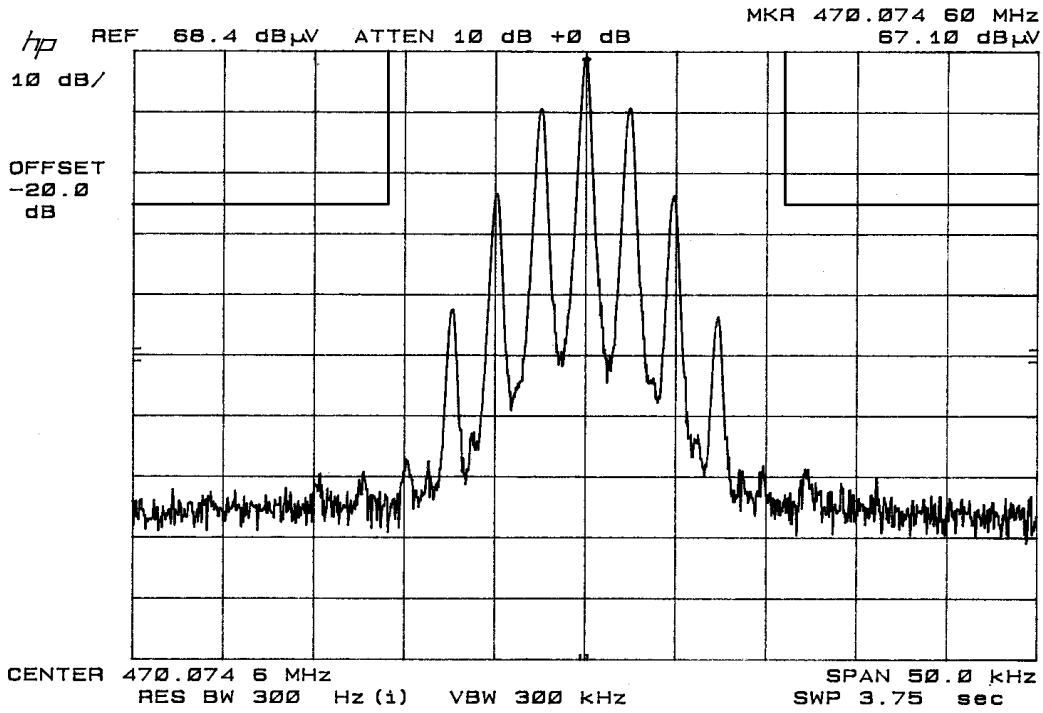
Occupied Bandwidth Plot – CW



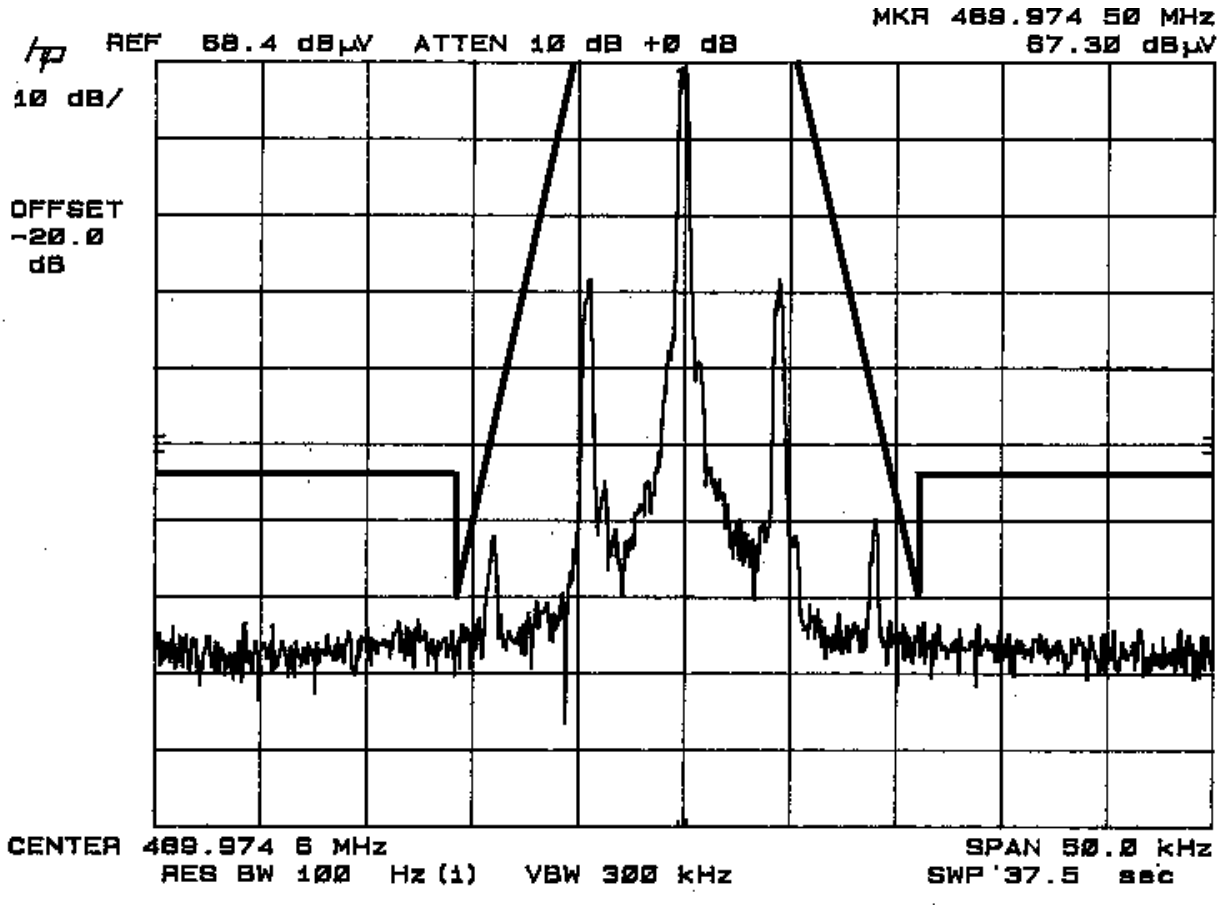
Occupied Bandwidth
Occupied BW for a 12.5 KHz channel with F3E emission.



Occupied BW for a 25 KHz channel with F3E emission.



Occupied Bandwidth



Occupied BW Plot for 9600 Baud data
Mask is for a 12.5 kHz channel
Reference level set at 68.4 dBuV which is the level of the unmodulated carrier.

2.1051 Spurious emissions at antenna terminals(conducted):
2.1052 Data on the following page shows the level of conducted spurious responses. The carrier was modulated 100% using a 2500 Hz tone. The spectrum was scanned from 0.4 to at least the 10th harmonic of the fundamental. The measurements were made in accordance with standard TIA/EIA-603.

REQUIREMENTS: Emissions must be 43 +10log(Po) dB below the mean power output of the transmitter.
For 25 kHz 43 + 10log(2.2) = 43- 3.0 = 46.4 dB
For 12.5 kHz 50 + 10log(2.2) = 50- 3.0 = 53.4 dB

Low Channel

EMISSION FREQUENCY MHz	dB BELOW CARRIER
450.1	0
900.2	65
1350.3	77.8
1800.4	63.5
2250.6	81
2700.7	95.5
3150.8	90.2
3600.9	94.3
4051.00	90.8
4501.20	87.9

Mid Channel

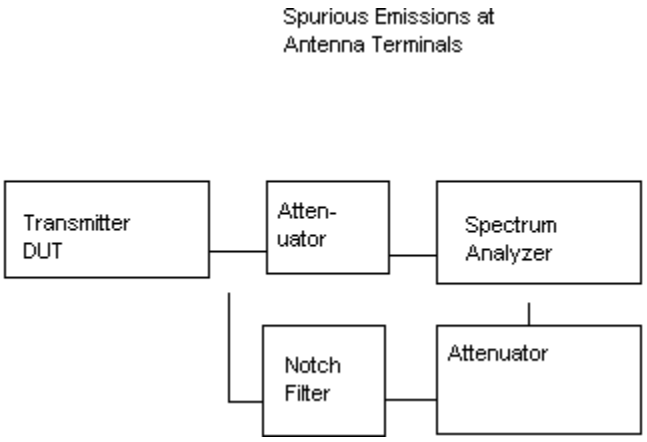
EMISSION FREQUENCY MHz	dB BELOW CARRIER
470	0
940.1	66.2
1410.2	62.6
1880.3	71.1
2350.4	95.3
2820.4	104.6
3290.5	80.3
3760.6	91.3
4230.7	92.7
4700.8	79.4

Spurious emissions at antenna terminals(conducted):

High Channel

EMISSION FREQUENCY MHz	dB BELOW CARRIER
489.9	0
979.9	68.3
1469.9	73.3
1959.8	79.4
2449.8	94.7
2939.8	106.6
3429.7	92.6
3919.7	85
4409.7	89.2
4899.7	106.8

Method of Measuring Conducted Spurious Emissions



METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The procedure used was TIA/EIA-603 STANDARD without any exceptions. An audio generator was connected to the UUT through a dummy microphone circuit and the output of the transmitter connected to a standard load and from the standard load through a pre-selector filter of the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum was scanned from 400 kHz to at least the tenth harmonic of the fundamental using a HP model 8566B spectrum analyzer. The measurements were made using the shielded room located at TIMCO ENGINEERING INC. 849 N.W. State Road 45, Newberry, Florida 32669.

2.1053 Field strength of spurious emissions:

NAME OF TEST: RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

REQUIREMENTS: Emissions must be 50 +10log(Po) dB below the mean power output of the transmitter.

50 + 10log(2.2) = 53 dB

Low Channel

Emission Frequency	dB below carrier	dBm
450.1	0	33
900.2	71	-38
1350.4	76	-43
1800.5	111	-78
2250.7	83	-50
2700.8	87	-54
3150.9	83	-50
3601.1	82	-49
4051.2	80	-47
4501.4	82	-49

Mid Channel

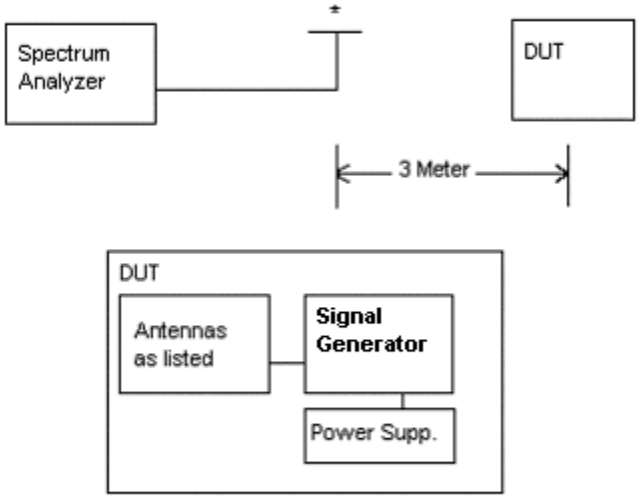
Emission Frequency	dB below carrier	dBm
470.0	0	33.4
940.1	68	-35
1410.2	68	-35
1880.3	80	-47
2350.4	78	-45
3290.6	78	-45
3760.7	75	-42
4230.8	83	-50
4700.9	74	-41

High Channel

Emission Frequency	dB below carrier	dBm
489.9	0	33
979.9	71	-38
1469.9	77	-44
1959.9	81	-48
2449.9	79	-46
2939.9	88	-55
3429.9	76	-43
3919.9	71	-38
4409.9	79	-46
4899.9	77	-44

METHOD OF MEASUREMENTS: The tabulated data shows the results of the radiated field strength emissions test. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to at least the tenth harmonic of the fundamental. This test was conducted per TIA/EIA STANDARD 603 using the substitution method. Measurements were made at the open field test site of TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC. located at 849 NW State Road 45, Newberry, FL 32669.

Method of Measuring Radiated Spurious Emissions



2.1055 Frequency stability:
90.213(a)(1)

Temperature and voltage tests were performed to verify that the frequency remains within the .00015%, 1.5 ppm specification limit, for 25kHz spacing & 0.00025% for 12.5kHz spacing and 0.0001% for 6.25kHz spacing. The test was conducted as follows: The transmitter was placed in the temperature chamber at 25 degrees C and allowed to stabilize for one hour. The transmitter was keyed ON for one minute during which four frequency readings were recorded at 15 second intervals. The worse case number was taken for temperature plotting. The assigned channel frequency was considered to be the reference frequency. The temperature was then reduced to -30 degrees C after which the transmitter was again allowed to stabilize for one hour. The transmitter was keyed ON for one minute, and again frequency readings were noted at 15 second intervals. The worst case number was recorded for temperature plotting. This procedure was repeated in 10 degree increments up to + 50 degrees C.

Readings were also taken at the end point of the battery voltage of 12VDC, which we estimate to be the battery endpoint.

MEASUREMENT DATA:

Assigned Frequency (Ref. Frequency): 470.074 794 MHz

TEMPERATURE_°C	FREQUENCY_MHz	PPM
REFERENCE	470.074 794	00.0
-30	470.074 683	-00.24
-20	470.075 794	+02.13
-10	470.075 147	+00.75
0	470.074 446	-00.74
+10	470.074 318	-01.01
+20	470.074 686	-00.23
+30	470.074 877	+00.18
+40	470.075 184	+00.83
+50	470.075 713	+01.96

Battery End-Point 10.2 VDC 470.074797 +00.01

2.1055(a)(1) Frequency stability:
90.214 Transient Frequency Behavior

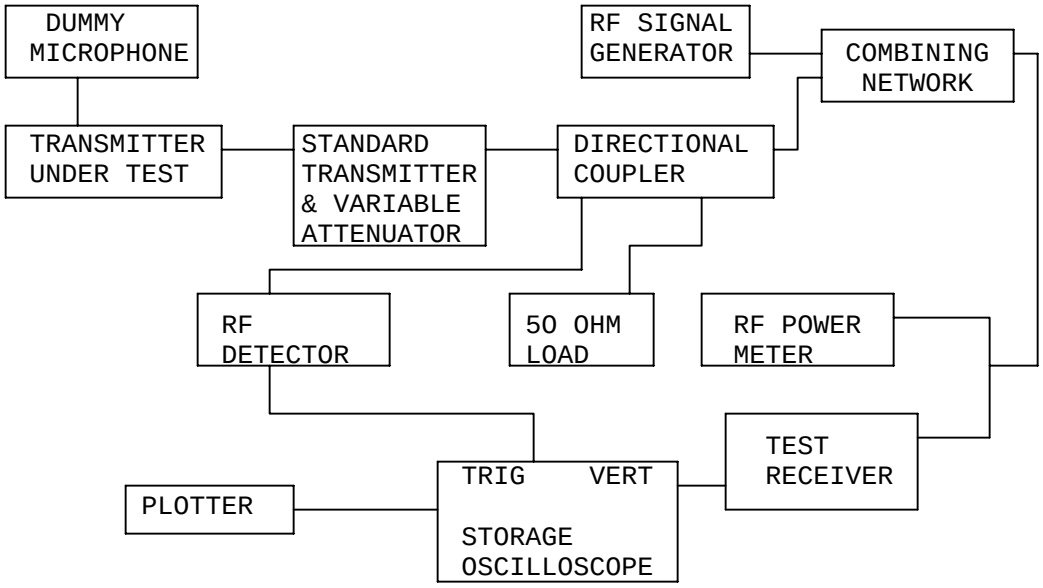
REQUIREMENTS: In the 450-500MHz frequency band, transient frequencies must be within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time interval indicated below for 12.5kHz Channels:

Time Interval	Maximum Frequency	Portable Radios 450-500 MHz
t1	+12.5 kHz	10.0 ms
t2	+6.25 kHz	25.0 ms
t3,t4	+12.5 kHz	10.0 ms

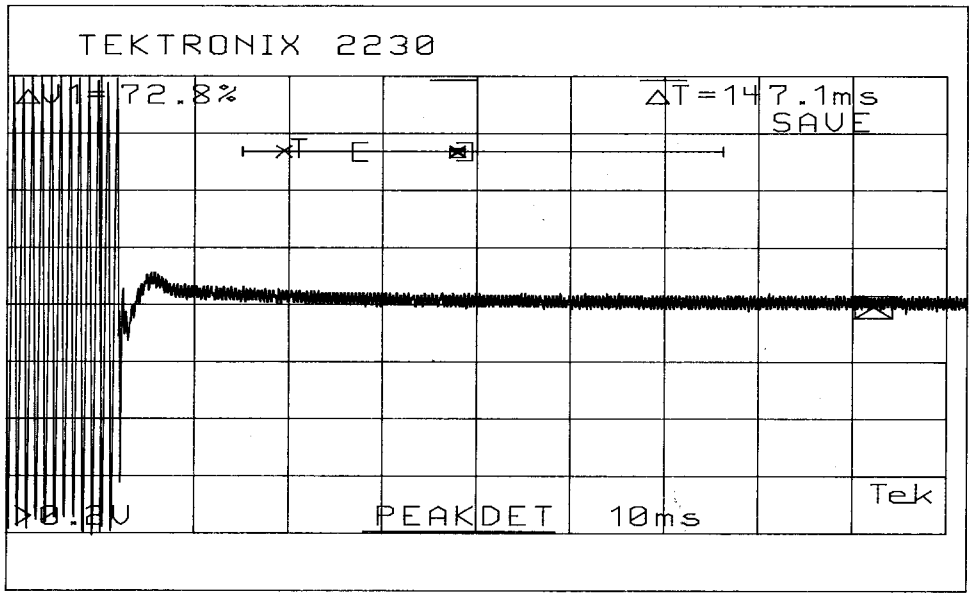
TEST PROCEEDURE: TIA/EIA TS603 PARA 2.2.19, the levels were set as follows;

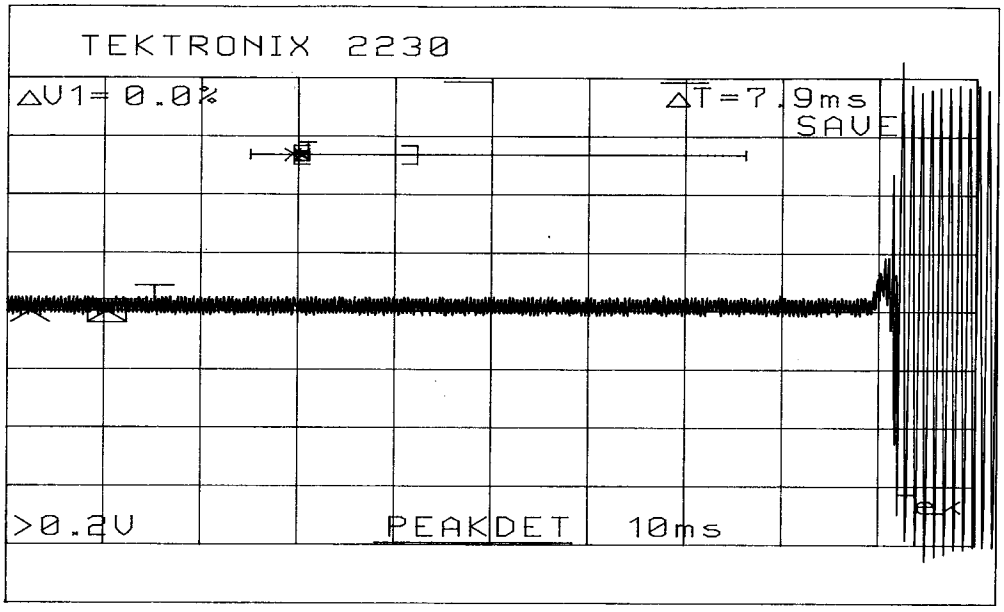
1. Using the variable attenuator the transmitter level was set to 40 dB below the test receivers maximum input level, then the transmitter was turned off.
2. With the transmitter off the signal generator was set 20dB below the level of the transmitter in the above step, this level will be maintained with the signal generator through-out the test.
3. Reduce the attenuation between the transmitter and the RF detector by 30 dB.
4. With the levels set as above the transient frequency behavior was observed & recorded.

2.1055 Frequency stability:
90.214 Transient Frequency Behavior
(Continued)

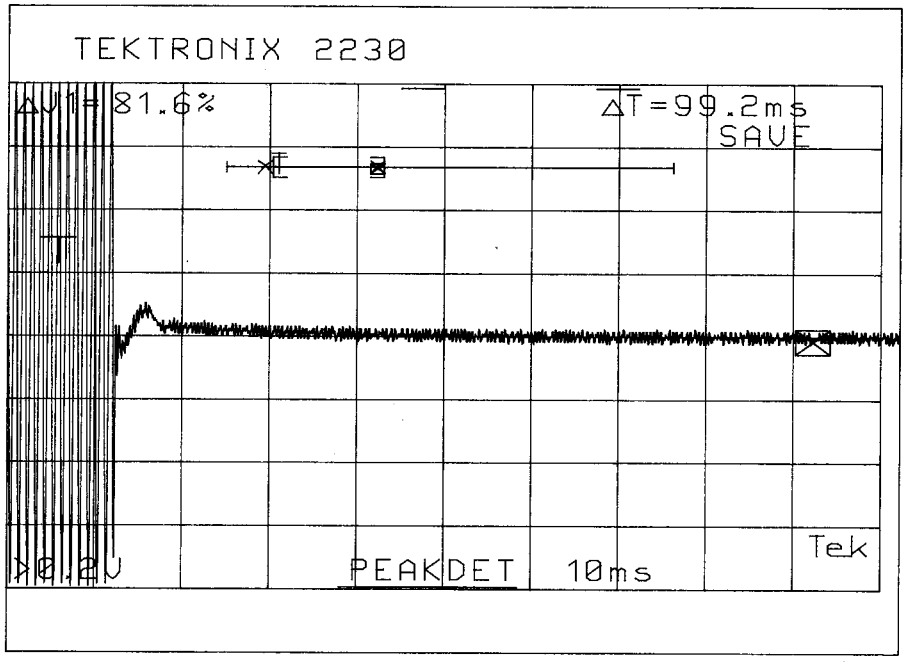


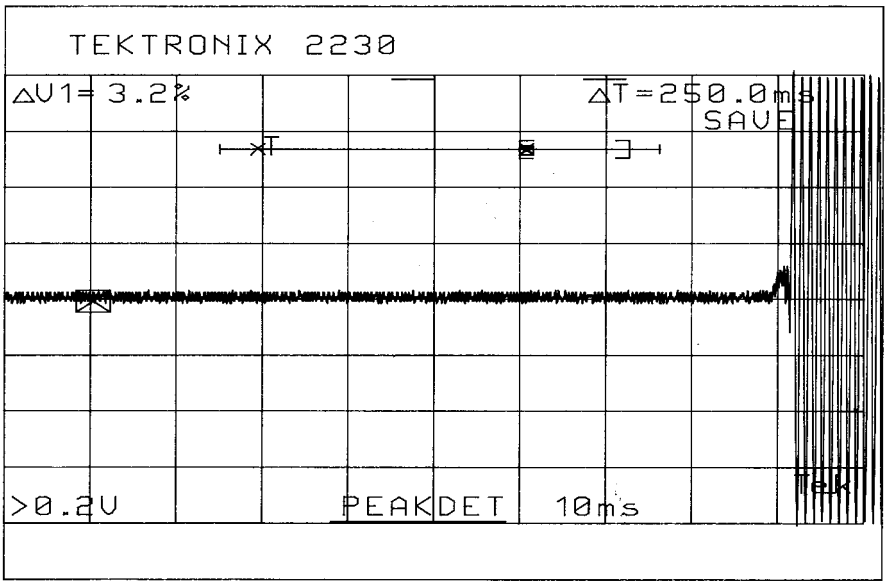
TRANSIENT FREQUENCY RESPONSE PLOTS – 12.5 kHz





TRANSIENT FREQUENCY RESPONSE PLOTS – 25 kHz





MPE CALCULATION

$W := 2.2$ power in Watts $D := 1$ Duty Factor in decimal % (1=100%)

$E := 15$ exposure time in minutes $U := 30$ (use 6 for controlled and 30 for uncontrolled)

$$Wexp := W \cdot D \cdot \left(\frac{E}{U} \right) \qquad PC := \frac{E}{U}$$

$PC = 0.5$ percent on time

$Wexp = 1.1$ Watts

$Po := 1100$ mWatts $dBd := 7$ antenna gain $f := 450$ Frequency in MHz

$G := dBd + 2.15$ gain in dBi

$Gn := 10^{\frac{G}{10}}$ gain numeric $S := \frac{f}{1500}$ S is f/1500 for uncontrolled exposure.

$Gn = 8.222$ $S = 0.3$

$$R := \sqrt{\frac{(Po \cdot Gn)}{(4 \cdot \pi \cdot S)}} \qquad Rinches := \frac{R}{2.54}$$

$R = 48.981$ distance in centimeters required for compliance

$Rinches = 19.284$

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

	DEVICE	MFGR	MODEL	SERNO	CAL/CHAR DATE	DUE DATE or STATUS
X	3-Meter OATS	TEI	N/A	N/A	Listed 12/22/99	12/22/02
	3/10-Meter OATS	TEI	N/A	N/A	Listed 3/26/01	3/26/04
	Receiver, Beige Tower					
	Spectrum Analyzer (Tan)	HP	8566B Opt 462	3138A07786 3144A20661	CAL 8/31/01	8/31/03
	RF Preselector (Tan)	HP	85685A	3221A01400	CAL 8/31/01	8/31/03
	Quasi-Peak Adapter (Tan)	HP	85650A	3303A01690	CAL 8/31/01	8/31/03
X	Receiver, Blue Tower					
X	Spectrum Analyzer (Blue)	HP	8568B	2928A04729 2848A18049	CHAR 10/22/01	10/22/03
X	RF Preselector (Blue)	HP	85685A	2926A00983	CHAR 10/22/01	10/22/03
X	Quasi-Peak Adapter (Blue)	HP	85650A	2811A01279	CHAR 10/22/01	10/22/03
X	Biconnical Antenna	Electro-Metrics	BIA-25	1171	CAL 4/26/01	4/26/03
	Biconnical Antenna	Eaton	94455-1	1096	CAL 10/1/01	10/1/03
	Biconnical Antenna	Eaton	94455-1	1057	CHAR 3/15/00	3/15/02
	BiconiLog Antenna	EMCO	3143	9409-1043		
X	Log-Periodic Antenna	Electro-Metrics	LPA-25	1122	CAL 10/2/01	10/2/03
	Log-Periodic Antenna	Electro-Metrics	EM-6950	632	CHAR 10/15/01	10/15/03
	Log-Periodic Antenna	Electro-Metrics	LPA-30	409	CHAR 10/16/01	10/16/03
	Dipole Antenna Kit	Electro-Metrics	TDA-30/1-4	152	CAL 3/21/01	3/21/04
	Dipole Antenna Kit	Electro-Metrics	TDA-30/1-4	153	CHAR 11/24/00	11/24/03
	Double-Ridged Horn Antenna	Electro-Metrics	RGA-180	2319	CAL 12/19/01	12/19/03
	Horn Antenna	Electro-Metrics	EM-6961	6246	CAL 3/21/01	3/21/03
	Horn Antenna	ATM	19-443-6R	None	No Cal Required	
	Passive Loop Antenna	EMC Test Systems	EMCO 6512	9706-1211	CHAR 7/10/01	7/10/03

	DEVICE	MFGR	MODEL	SERNO	CAL/CHAR DATE	DUE DATE or STATUS
	Line Impedance Stabilization . . .	Electro-Metrics	ANS-25/2	2604	CAL 10/9/01	10/9/03
	Line Impedance Stabilization . . .	Electro-Metrics	EM-7820	2682	CAL 3/16/01	3/16/03
	Termaline Wattmeter	Bird Electronic Corporation	611	16405	CAL 5/25/99	5/25/01
	Termaline Wattmeter	Bird Electronic Corporation	6104	1926	CAL 12/12/01	12/12/03
	Oscilloscope	Tektronix	2230	300572	CHAR 2/1/01	2/1/03
	Temperature Chamber	Tenney Engineering	TTRC	11717-7	CHAR 1/22/02	1/22/04
	AC Voltmeter	HP	400FL	2213A14499	CAL 10/9/01	10/9/03
	AC Voltmeter	HP	400FL	2213A14261	CHAR 10/15/01	10/15/03
	AC Voltmeter	HP	400FL	2213A14728	CHAR 10/15/01	10/15/03
X	Digital Multimeter	Fluke	77	35053830	CHAR 1/8/02	1/8/04
	Digital Multimeter	Fluke	77	43850817	CHAR 1/8/02	1/8/04
	Digital Multimeter	HP	E2377A	2927J05849	CHAR 1/8/02	1/8/04
	Multimeter	Fluke	FLUKE-77-3	79510405	CAL 9/26/01	9/26/03
	Peak Power Meter	HP	8900C	2131A00545	CHAR 1/26/01	1/26/03
	Digital Thermometer	Fluke	2166A	42032	CAL 1/16/02	1/16/04
	Thermometer	Traulsen	SK-128		CHAR 1/22/02	1/22/04
X	Temp/Humidity gauge	EXTech	44577F	E000901	CHAR 1/22/02	1/22/04
	Frequency Counter	HP	5352B	2632A00165	CAL 11/28/01	11/28/03
	Power Sensor	Agilent Technologies	84811A	2551A02705	CAL 1/26/01	1/26/03
	Service Monitor	IFR	FM/AM 500A	5182	CAL 11/22/00	11/22/02
	Comm. Serv. Monitor	IFR	FM/AM 1200S	6593	CAL 5/12/02	5/12/04
	Signal Generator	HP	8640B	2308A21464	CAL 11/15/01	11/15/03
	Modulation Analyzer	HP	8901A	3435A06868	CAL 9/5/01	9/5/03
	Near Field Probe	HP	HP11940A	2650A02748	CHAR 2/1/01	2/1/03

	DEVICE	MFGR	MODEL	SERNO	CAL/CHAR DATE	DUE DATE or STATUS
	BandReject Filter	Lorch Microwave	5BR4-2400/ 60-N	Z1	CHAR 3/2/01	3/2/03
	BandReject Filter	Lorch Microwave	6BR6-2442/ 300-N	Z1	CHAR 3/2/01	3/2/03
	BandReject Filter	Lorch Microwave	5BR4-10525/ 900-S	Z1	CHAR 3/2/01	3/2/03
	High Pas Filter	Microlab	HA-10N		CHAR 10/4/01	10/4/03
	Audio Oscillator	HP	653A	832-00260	CHAR 3/1/01	3/1/03
	Frequency Counter	HP	5382A	1620A03535	CHAR 3/2/01	3/2/03
	Frequency Counter	HP	5385A	3242A07460	CHAR 12/11/01	12/11/03
	Preamplifier	HP	8449B-H02	3008A00372	CHAR 3/4/01	3/4/03
	Amplifier	HP	11975A	2738A01969	CHAR 3/1/01	3/1/03
	Egg Timer	Unk			CHAR 8/31/01	8/31/03
	Measuring Tape, 20M	Kraftixx	0631-20		CHAR 2/1/02	2/1/04
	Measuring Tape, 7.5M	Kraftixx	7.5M PROFI		2/1/02	2/1/04
	Coaxial Cable #51	Insulated Wire Inc.	NPS 2251-2880	Timco #51	CHAR 1/23/02	1/23/04
	Coaxial Cable #64	Semflex Inc.	60637	Timco #64	CHAR 1/24/02	1/24/04
	Coaxial Cable #65	General Cable Co.	E9917 RG233/U	Timco #65	CHAR 1/23/02	1/23/04
	Coaxial Cable #106	Unknown	Unknown	Timco #106	CHAR 1/23/02	1/23/04