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# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

For

**SWAGTEK** 

10.1 inch 4G Tablet

Model No.: T10L, Stream 10, NT10

FCC ID: O55104320

Prepared For : SWAGTEK

Address : 10205 NW 19th St. STE101, Miami, Florida, United States, 33172

Prepared By : Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

Address : 1/F., Building1, SEC Industrial Park, No.0409 Qianhai Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel:(86)755-26066440 Fax:(86)755-26014772

Report Number : SZAWW191017009-01

Date of Test : Dec.14, 2020 ~ Dec.18,2020

Date of Report : Dec.21,2020





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# TEST REPORT

Applicant : SWAGTEK

Manufacturer : SWAGTEK

Product Name : 10.1 inch 4G Tablet

Model No. : T10L, Stream 10, NT10

Trade Mark : LOGIC, iSWAG, UNONU

Rating(s) : DC 3.8V from battery

Test Standard(s) : IEEE 1528-2013; IEC 62209-2:2010; ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005; FCC 47

CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013);

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-2:2010, FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013), ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Prepared By

Prepared By

Anbotek
Preduction Line

(Supervisor / Calvin Liu)

Approved & Authorized Signer

(Manager/TomChen)

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

Hotline 400-003-0500 www.anbotek.com



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# Version

Version No.	Date	Description
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Pupolek Pupor	ak Anti-	Anboth Ann Aboth Anboth Ar
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# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

# <Highest SAR Summary>

P	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)		SAR Test Limit	
Frequency Band	Body	Hotspot	(W/Kg)	
GSM 850	0.753	0.731	1.6	
PCS 1900	0.652	0.612	1.6	
WCDMA Band 2	0.609	0.583	1.6	
WCDMA Band 5	0.634	0.562	1.6	
LTE Band 4	0.659	0.608	1.6	
LTE Band 5	0.912	0.787	1.6	
LTE Band 7	0.682	0.654	1.6	
LTE Band 12	0.754	0.714	1.6	
WIFI 2.4G	0.538	0.525	1.6	
Simultaneous SAR	Pull Park apole	450	1.6	
Test Result	ofer Mupo. W.	Pass	tek dodek	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



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# 2. General Information

# 2.1 Client Information

Applicant:	SWAGTEK		
Address of Applicant:	10205 NW 19th St. STE101, Miami, Florida, United States, 33172		
Manufacture:	SWAGTEK		
Address of Manufacture:	10205 NW 19th St. STE101, Miami, Florida, United States, 33172		

# 2.2 Testing Laboratory Information

Test Site:	Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited	
Address:	1/F.,Building1,SECIndustrialPark,No.0409QianhaiRoad,NanshanDistrict,Shenzhe	
	n,Guangdong,China	

# 2.3 Description of Equipment Under Test(EUT)

Product Name:	10.1 inch 4G Tablet
Model/Type reference:	T10L Annotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
Power supply:	DC 3.8V from battery
Hardware version:	SF960C-G-MB-V1.0
Software version:	LOGIC_T10L_TIGO_18092020
GSM	
Operation Band:	GSM850, PCS1900
Supported Type:	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class 4 PCS1900:Power Class 1
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GPRS, 8-PSK for EGPRS
GSM Release Version	R6 and Antione Antione Antione Antione Antione Antione Antione
GPRS Multislot Class	12 Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
Antenna type:	12 Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek



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Antenna gain:	FPC antenna
WCDMA	
Operation Band:	FDD Band II, FDD Band V
Power Class:	Power Class 3
Modilation Type:	QPSK for HSUPA/HSDPA
WCDMA Release Version:	Rel-R8
HSDPA Category:	Category 14
HSUPA Category:	Category 6
Antenna type:	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	-0.5 dBi for WCDMA Band V; 1.2dBi for WCDMA Band II
LTE	
Operation Band:	E-UTRA Band 4, band5, band7, band12
Support Bandwidth:	Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz,5MHz,10MHz,15MHz,20MHz Band 5: 1.4MHz,3MHz,5MHz,10MHz Band 7: 5MHz,10MHz,15MHz,20MHz Band 12: 1.4MHz,3MHz,5MHz,10MHz
TX/RXFrequency Range:	Band 4: 1710MHz-1755MHz/2110MHz-2155MHz Band 5: 824MHz-849MHz/869MHz-894MHz Band 7: 2500MHz-2570MHz/2620MHz-2690MHz Band 12: 699MHz-716MHz/729MHz-746MHz
Modulation Type:	QPSK, 16QAM
Release Version:	Release 10
Category:	Cat 4
Antenna Type:	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.8dBi for LTE Band 4 0.8dBi for LTE Band 5 0.5 dBi for LTE Band 7 -3.5 dBi for LTE Band 12
WIFI	Dr. ' V - 100° - 100° - 100°
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20)

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802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/802.11n(H20): OFDM		
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# 2.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. according to IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:((IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz).

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.







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# 2.5 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005
- IEC 62209-2:2010
- IEC 62209-2:2010
- KDB 248227 D01
- KDB 447498 D01
- KDB 616217 D04
- KDB 648474 D04
- KDB 865664 D01
- KDB 941225 D01
- KDB 941225 D06
- KDB 941225 D07

# 2.6 Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

# 2.7 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests. For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.



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# 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

## 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$ is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

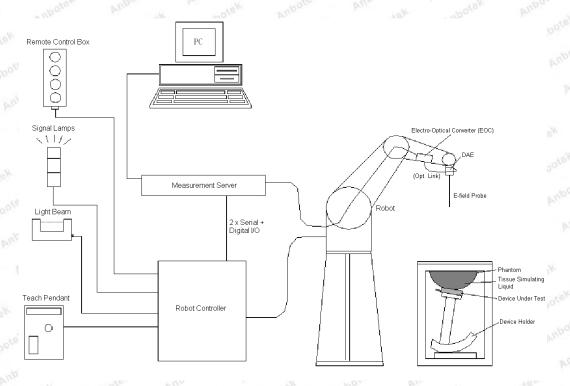
Where: $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



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# 4. SAR Measurement System



**DASY System Configurations** 

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- ➤ A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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## 4.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

# E-Field Probe Specification

## <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



# > E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

# 4.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.





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Photo of DAE

#### 4.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäublirobot series have many features that are important for our application:

- $\triangleright$  High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)
- ➤ High reliability (industrial design)
- ➤ Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



**Photo of DASY5** 

#### **Measurement Server** 4.4

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

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The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Photo of Server for DASY5

## 4.5 Phantom

## <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	10 - 400
	Center ear point: $6 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	200, 100
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	
	Anbore An atek Anbotek P	
	Alboton Allow tek abotek	· July
	Augor Angor An Pork	Kon
	lek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek	Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

# <ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis:400 mm
3	Anbotek Ambotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbo
	Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the





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frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

### 4.6 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



**Device Holder** 



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## 4.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

# Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [W/kg]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

**Probe parameters:** - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>, a<sub>i0</sub>, a<sub>i1</sub>, a<sub>i2</sub>

Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>

**Device parameters:** - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

**Media parameters:** - Conductivity

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:





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$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

with  $V_i$ = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes:  $\mathbf{E_i} = \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{V_i}}{\mathbf{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}}$ 

H-field Probes:  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ 

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i,(i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub>= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ij</sub>= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub>= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H<sub>i</sub>= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/kg

E<sub>tot</sub>= total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.





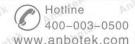
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# 5. Test Equipment List

M 6 4	Name of Francisco	T (M - J - 1	Carial Name	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	<b>Due Date</b>
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1163	Sep.03,2019	Sep.02,2022
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	Jun.16,2018	Jun.15,2021
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1021	Jul.03,2019	Jul.02,2022
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	Jun.15,2019	Jun.14,2022
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	Jun.15,2018	Jun.14,2021
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1058	Jun.19,2019	Jun.18,2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sep.06.2020	Sep.05.2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7396	May.06,2020	May.05,2021
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Nov.03,2020	Nov.02, 2021
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004AA	2058	NCR	NCR
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Nov.03, 2020	Nov.02, 2021
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Nov.03, 2020	Nov.02, 2021
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Nov.03, 2020	Nov.02, 2021
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Nov.03, 2020	Nov.02, 2021
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O-10	COM5BNW1A2	Nov.03, 2020	Nov.02, 2021

## Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it

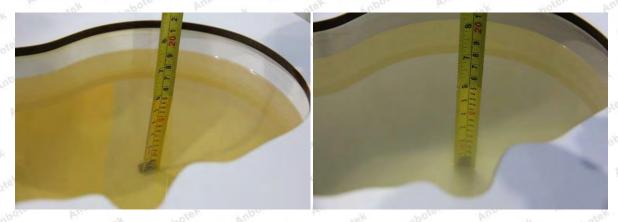




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# 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



Liquid depth in the Head&body Phantom (750MHz)Liquid depth in the Head&body Phantom (835MHz)



Liquid depth in the Head&body Phantom (1750MHz)Liquid depth in the Head&body Phantom (1900MHz)



Liquid depth in the Head&body Phantom (2450MHz)Liquid depth in the Head&body Phantom (2600MHz)



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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(er)
				For Hea	ıd			
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1750	55.2	0 ,,,,,	tok 0 Maps	0.3	0.00	44.5	1.37	40.1
1800,1900,2000	55.2	o* 0	boten 0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	Arthur O	O toolek	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Boo	ly			
900	50.8	48.2	0,0000	0.9	0.1	0 1000	0.97	55.2
1750	70.2	0	call 0 probo	0.4	0	29.4	1.49	53.4
1800,1900,2000	70.2	0	antek 0	0.4	4.000° 0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	Prupo	31.4	1.95	52.7



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The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

# **Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid**

TP*	Measured	Target '	Tissue		Measur	T * * 1			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	σ	εr	σ	<b>Dev.</b> (±5%)	εr	Dev. (±5%)	Liquid Temp.	Test Data
750B	750	0.96	55.5	0.94	-2.08%	55.32	-0.32%	22.4	12/15/2020
835B	900	0.97	55.2	0.99	2.06%	54.68	-0.94%	22.6	12/14/2020
1750B	1750	1.49	53.4	1.52	2.01%	54.11	1.33%	22.4	12/14/2020
1900B	1900	1.52	53.3	1.48	-2.63%	53.29	-0.02%	22.6	12/15/2020
2450B	2450	1.95	52.7	1.97	1.03%	50.54	-4.10%	22.7	12/16/2020
2600B	2600	2.16	52.5	2.10	-2.78%	51.34	-2.21%	22.5	12/16/2020



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# 7. System Verification Procedures

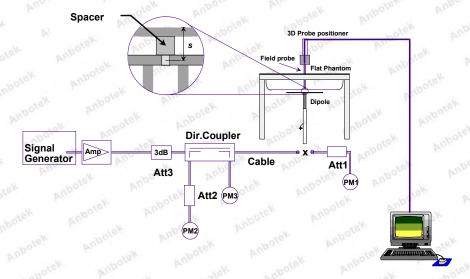
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

# Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### > System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



**System Setup for System Evaluation** 





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**Photo of Dipole Setup** 

# **Validation Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Date
750B	Body	250	8.78	2.19	8.76	-0.23%	12/15/2020
835B	Body	250	9.57	2.41	9.64	0.73%	12/14/2020
1750B	Body	250	36.7	9.16	36.64	-0.16%	12/14/2020
1900B	Body	250	40.1	10.05	40.20	0.25%	12/15/2020
2450B	Body	250	51.8	12.96	51.84	0.08%	12/16/2020
2600B	Body	250	56.8	14.22	56.88	0.14%	12/16/2020

### Note:

- 1. The graph results see system check.
- 2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate.

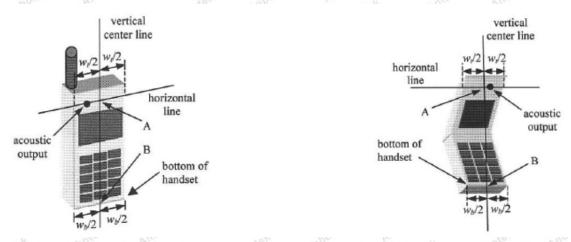


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# 8. EUT Testing Position

# 8.1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w<sub>t</sub> of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



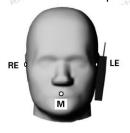
**Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines** 



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### 8.2. Position for Cheek/Touch

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.







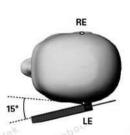
**Cheek Position** 

### 8.3. Position for Ear / 15° Tilt

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.3).







**Tilt Position** 

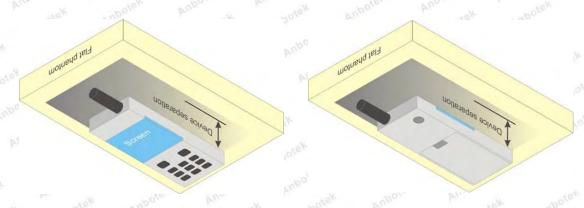


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### 8.4. Body Worn Position

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.



**Body Worn Position** 



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# 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

# 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to





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surface

(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

LEGIT ATT	- 10 P	LACO DE
	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

#### 9.4 Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.





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	200			12.57		
P	Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
N		uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
20	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	lution, $1^{st}$ two points closest $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
16		grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)	
0	Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

# 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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# 10. Conducted Power

# <GSM Conducted power>

## Conducted power measurement results (GSM850/1900)

Mode	Txslot	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up Limit	Calculation	Frame-Averaged Power (dBm)		
		128	190	251	(dBm)	(dB)	128	190	251
GS	SM	32.09	32.33	32.22	33	-9.03	23.06	23.30	23.19
2222	1Txslot	32.66	32.11	32.55	33	-9.03	23.63	23.08	23.52
GPRS	2Txslot	29.69	29.82	29.76	30	-6.02	23.67	23.80	23.74
850 (CMSK)	3Txslot	27.56	27.27	27.41	28	-4.26	23.30	23.01	23.15
(GMSK)	4Txslot	25.54	25.83	25.98	26	-3.01	22.53	22.82	22.97
	1 Txslot	26.83	25.83	26.04	27	-9.03	17.80	16.80	17.01
EGPRS	2Txslot	24.74	24.87	24.88	25	-6.02	18.72	18.85	18.86
850	3Txslot	22.20	22.72	22.85	23	-4.26	17.94	18.46	18.59
(8PSK)	4Txslot	20.78	20.75	20.74	21	-3.01	17.77	17.74	17.73
Mode	Txslot	Burst A	/erage Pow	ower (dBm)  Tune-u		Calculation	Frame-Averaged Power (dBm)		
		512	661	810	(dBm)	(dB)	128	190	251
GS	SM	30.24	30.32	29.80	31	-9.03	21.21	21.29	20.77
	1Txslot	30.31	30.90	30.74	31	-9.03	21.28	21.87	21.71
GPRS	2Txslot	27.05	27.49	27.45	28	-6.02	21.03	21.47	21.43
1900	3Txslot	24.74	24.73	24.76	25	-4.26	20.48	20.47	20.50
(GMSK)	4Txslot	23.54	23.75	23.25	24	-3.01	20.53	20.74	20.24
	1 Txslot	25.28	25.55	25.63	26	-9.03	16.25	16.52	16.60
EGPRS	2Txslot	23.46	23.81	23.83	24	-6.02	17.44	17.79	17.81
1900	3Txslot	21.24	21.90	21.46	22	-4.26	16.98	17.64	17.20
(8PSK)	4Txslot	19.83	20.00	20.52	21	-3.01	16.82	16.99	17.51

# NOTES:

# 1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

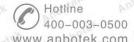
2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

 According to the conducted power as above, the body& hotspot SAR was test at the highest frame-average power GPRS 2 Tx slots for GSM850and GPRS 1 Tx slots for PCS1900.

## Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited





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# <WCDMA Conducted power>

# Conducted power measurement results (WCDMA Band II/V)

	Bond	FDD	D Band II result (dE	Bm)	Tune-up
Item	Band		Limit		
	ARFCN	9262	9400	9538	(dBm)
AMR	12.2kbps AMR	22.92	22.99	22.84	24
RMC	12.2kbps RMC	23.78	23.61	23.49	24
	Sub - Test 1	21.91	22.03	22.44	23
HODDA	Sub - Test 2	21.18	21.38	20.80	22
HSDPA	Sub - Test 3	21.54	21.73	21.57	22
	Sub - Test 4	20.17	20.82	19.76	21
	Sub - Test 1	21.82	21.70	22.52	23
	Sub - Test 2	21.51	20.70	21.51	22
HSUPA	Sub - Test 3	20.76	20.79	21.32	22
	Sub - Test 4	19.81	20.40	20.45	21
	Sub - Test 5	20.09	20.12	20.72	21

	Band	FDD	Band V result	(dBm)	Tune-up		
Item	Band		Test Channel				
	ARFCN	4132	4183	4233	(dBm)		
AMR	12.2kbps AMR	22.80	22.80	22.79	24		
RMC	12.2kbps RMC	23.81	23.56	23.28	24		
	Sub - Test 1	22.60	22.68	22.83	23		
HODDA	Sub - Test 2	20.87	21.78	20.71	22		
HSDPA	Sub - Test 3	21.17	21.74	20.82	22		
	Sub - Test 4	20.47	20.76	19.82	21		
	Sub - Test 1	21.93	22.85	22.00	23		
	Sub - Test 2	21.75	20.75	20.92	22		
HSUPA	Sub - Test 3	20.82	21.48	21.48	22		
	Sub - Test 4	20.28	20.55	20.13	21		
	Sub - Test 5	20.78	19.70	19.82	21		

Per KDB 941225 D01 v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.



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# <LTE Conducted Power>

# Conducted Power Measurement Results (LTE FDD Band 4)

TX Channel	RB Size/Offset	Frequency		ge Power dBm]	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
Bandwidth	abote Ann sotek	(MHz)	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Anbolok	Vupores Pup	1710.7	23.40	22.47	23.5	23.0
All work	1 RB low	1732.5	22.63	21.77	23.5	23.0
Anto	anbotek Anbore	1754.3	22.76	21.83	23.5	23.0
kupoto	ok sholak Anbo	1710.7	22.51	21.45	23.5	23.0
ok Anbo	1 RB mid	1732.5	22.89	21.94	23.5	23.0
botak A	1 KB mid	1754.3	23.07	22.06	23.5	23.0
motok.	Anboron Anbu	1710.7	23.18	22.18	23.5	23.0
Anna	1 RB high	1732.5	22.74	21.63	23.5	23.0
Anhu	abatok Anboto	1754.3	23.26	22.30	23.5	23.0
brupor	ok hotek whole	1710.7	23.06	22.12	23.5	23.0
1.4 MHz	50% RB low	1732.5	22.28	21.25	23.5	23.0
otek an	DOTEL AUDIN PAR	1754.3	22.43	21.42	23.5	23.0
New York	Anborar Anbor	1710.7	22.21	21.34	23.5	23.0
anbo lak	50% RB mid	1732.5	22.60	21.46	23.5	23.0
Anbow	All notek Anboten	1754.3	22.81	21.87	23.5	23.0
Ambatak	Arro stak anbote	1710.7	22.91	21.89	23.5	23.0
k Vupot	50% RB High	1732.5	22.44	21.46	23.5	23.0
Nek kni	potek Augor W.	1754.3	22.96	21.82	23.5	23.0
10K	Potek Nupote	1710.7	22.80	21.90	23.5	23.0
rupote <sub>R</sub>	100% RB	1732.5	22.02	20.97	23.5	23.0
Aupole	Ans stek subotek	1754.3	22.14	21.24	23.5	23.0
Vupores.	Winn tek apole	1711.5	23.01	21.95	23.5	23.0
6.nbott	1 RB low	1732.5	23.28	22.34	23.5	23.0
	olak Anbora Anti	1753.5	22.70	21.73	23.5	23.0
otor Ant	Hotel Anbole A	1711.5	22.99	22.04	23.5	23.0
mbole	1 RB mid	1732.5	23.32	22.22	23.5	23.0
Anboton	And abotek	1753.5	23.41	22.37	23.5	23.0
3 MHz	bupo. Polel	1711.5	22.67	21.54	23.5	23.0
3 MHz	1 RB high	1732.5	23.14	22.24	23.5	23.0
ray bu	otek Aupoter Vup	1753.5	22.82	21.74	23.5	23.0
Dro Wille	"otek Pupotes W	1711.5	22.71	21.74	23.5	23.0
upoter	50% RB low	1732.5	22.94	21.84	23.5	23.0
Anbotek	Pupo, My Wolek	1753.5	22.35	21.37	23.5	23.0
- upatek	Anbor An	1711.5	22.70	21.72	23.5	23.0
by,	50% RB mid	1732.5	23.00	22.00	23.5	23.0



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r apolek Anbota Am	1753.5	23.13	22.15	23.5	23.0
dek Pupotek Vupote, Vupo	1711.5	22.41	21.26	23.5	23.0
50% RR High	1732.5	22.88	21.93	23.5	23.0
30 % NB Tilgii	1753.5	22.55	21.46	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Alberten Anbotek	1711.5	22.42	21.34	23.5	23.0
100% RB	1732.5	22.62	21.54	23.5	23.0
Annotak Anbotan Anno	1753.5	22.02	21.02	23.5	23.0
Anni stay Anbotes Anbo	1712.5	22.87	21.81	23.5	23.0
1 RB low	1732.5	23.34	22.26	23.5	23.0
potek Anbole And tootek A	1752.5	22.76	21.65	23.5	23.0
1 DD Mid	1712.5	22.72	21.59	23.5	23.0
1 RB mid	1732.5	23.39	22.35	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek	1752.5	23.34	22.42	23.5	23.0
	1712.5	23.05	21.98	23.5	23.0
1 RB high	1732.5	22.90	22.03	23.5	23.0
Potek Vipoler Vipo	1752.5	23.07	22.16	23.5	23.0
otek arbote Are tek	1712.5	22.59	21.46	23.5	23.0
5 MHz 50% RB low	1732.5	23.03	22.15	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbotek	1752.5	22.45	21.40	23.5	23.0
Wilhotek Wilhotek Wilhousek	1712.5	22.41	21.41	23.5	23.0
50% RB mid	1732.5	23.14	22.00	23.5	23.0
polek Vupor <sub>ty</sub> Vupor Tek	1752.5	23.03	22.14	23.5	23.0
hotel an otel Anoo sek	1712.5	22.74	21.66	23.5	23.0
50% RB High	1732.5	22.55	21.61	23.5	23.0
Anbott States Anbotes	1752.5	22.72	21.82	23.5	23.0
Aupoto, Mr. Stak, Wildelin	1712.5	22.30	21.39	23.5	23.0
100% RB	1732.5	22.75	21.87	23.5	23.0
otek anboth Anbot As	1752.5	22.19	21.05	23.5	23.0
tox Woley Mupor My	1715.0	22.75	21.66	23.5	23.0
1 RB low	1732.5	22.68	21.76	23.5	23.0
Aupole Tun Plak Vupolek	1750.0	23.41	22.41	23.5	23.0
Anboten Ann tek mbotek	1715.0	23.50	22.50	23.5	23.0
1 RB mid	1732.5	22.67	21.77	23.5	23.0
10 MHz	1750.0	23.40	22.45	23.5	23.0
TO MINZ	1715.0	22.52	21.60	23.5	23.0
1 RB high	1732.5	23.05	21.97	23.5	23.0
Vupojes Pup Flex apolek	1750.0	23.11	22.08	23.5	23.0
Anbotek knoc ak notek	1715.0	22.50	21.62	23.5	23.0
50% RB low	1732.5	22.39	21.54	23.5	23.0
Andrew Ambotes Ambo	1750.0	23.13	22.11	23.5	23.0

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todek Anbolt Alli dek	1715.0	23.23	22.17	23.5	23.0
50% RB mid	1732.5	22.42	21.46	23.5	23.0
Anno Anno Anno Anno	1750.0	23.10	22.00	23.5	23.0
Potek Yupans Yun	1715.0	22.24	21.16	23.5	23.0
50% RB High	1732.5	22.72	21.73	23.5	23.0
Will Work William Will	1750.0	22.86	21.77	23.5	23.0
Ann Anhorar Anhorar	1715.0	22.17	21.27	23.5	23.0
100% RB	1732.5	22.06	21.01	23.5	23.0
ek Anbore ok Ane Hotek Anbor	1750.0	22.86	21.95	23.5	23.0
poten Anbo H wotek an	1717.5	23.14	22.07	23.5	23.0
1 RB low	1732.5	22.75	21.76	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek	1747.5	22.75	21.82	23.5	23.0
Anton Antone Antone Antone	1717.5	22.93	22.03	23.5	23.0
1 RB mid	1732.5	22.52	21.52	23.5	23.0
ando.	1747.5	22.94	21.86	23.5	23.0
otek Anboan Annotek Ant	1717.5	23.12	22.03	23.5	23.0
1 RB high	1732.5	23.30	22.42	23.5	23.0
anbotak Anbota	1747.5	23.33	22.35	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek	1717.5	22.82	21.97	23.5	23.0
15 MHz 50% RB low	1732.5	22.42	21.33	23.5	23.0
Aupotek, Wugo, Wk. Bos Pole	1747.5	22.46	21.36	23.5	23.0
tek Yupot k malek Plus	1717.5	22.68	21.54	23.5	23.0
50% RB mid	1732.5	22.24	21.22	23.5	23.0
	1747.5	22.61	21.68	23.5	23.0
Aupotek Pupotek Vupotek	1717.5	22.84	21.83	23.5	23.0
500/ DD 11:k	1732.5	22.96	21.95	23.5	23.0
50% RB High	1747.5	23.08	22.11	23.5	23.0
tek Vulpos y Vulpos Vulpos	1717.5	22.48	21.51	23.5	23.0
100% RB	1732.5	22.13	21.10	23.5	23.0
hoose All hotek Anbotek A	1747.5	22.20	21.21	23.5	23.0
Anbore An Abotek	1720.0	23.50	22.39	23.5	23.0
1 RB low	1732.5	23.04	21.98	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbote An otel	1745.0	23.11	22.02	23.5	23.0
tek Anborok Anborok Amb	1720.0	22.53	21.39	23.5	23.0
1 RB mid	1732.5	23.04	22.00	23.5	23.0
20 MHz	1745.0	22.55	21.54	23.5	23.0
anbotek hotek	1720.0	23.33	22.35	23.5	23.0
1 RB high	1732.5	22.69	21.58	23.5	23.0
Parek Vupoter Vup	1745.0	22.65	21.69	23.5	23.0
50% RB low	1720.0	23.24	22.15	23.5	23.0



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Aupora Aupora VIII	1732.5	22.70	21.59	23.5	23.0
hotel Anboten	1745.0	22.77	21.90	23.5	23.0
and And Anholes	1720.0	22.18	21.03	23.5	23.0
50% RB mid	1732.5	22.78	21.76	23.5	23.0
anbotek Albon ak botek	1745.0	22.24	21.33	23.5	23.0
Anbott Anbott	1720.0	23.06	22.14	23.5	23.0
50% RB High	1732.5	22.37	21.26	23.5	23.0
	1745.0	22.36	21.43	23.5	23.0
elen Aug ok wpolak	1720.0	22.91	21.98	23.5	23.0
100% RB	1732.5	22.36	21.35	23.5	23.0
abotek Albote And alek	1745.0	22.42	21.50	23.5	23.0

# Conducted Power Measurement Results (LTE FDD Band 5)

TX Channel  RB Size/Offset  Bandwidth	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power [dBm]		Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
		QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	
Anbotek Angoles Angolesk	824.7	22.75	21.75	23.5	23.0	
MOTON.	1 RB low	836.5	22.78	21.79	23.5	23.0
And		848.3	23.30	22.35	23.5	23.0
Anbo	1 RB mid	824.7	22.60	21.47	23.5	23.0
AUDOL		836.5	23.06	21.99	23.5	23.0
yek Vupor		848.3	22.96	22.07	23.5	23.0
olek kupotek Anbas Ak	824.7	22.64	21.77	23.5	23.0	
49K	1 RB high	836.5	23.07	21.95	23.5	23.0
Pupper.		848.3	23.17	22.31	23.5	23.0
Aupor	1.4 MHz 50% RB low	824.7	22.49	21.39	23.5	23.0
1.4 MHz		836.5	22.53	21.58	23.5	23.0
tel Anbote		848.3	22.95	21.93	23.5	23.0
	50% RB mid	824.7	22.25	21.27	23.5	23.0
Pos by		836.5	22.74	21.60	23.5	23.0
Anbore		848.3	22.64	21.70	23.5	23.0
Anbote	Anbotek Anbotek	824.7	22.30	21.43	23.5	23.0
50% RB High	836.5	22.80	21.81	23.5	23.0	
	848.3	22.89	21.97	23.5	23.0	
100% RB	824.7	22.22	21.08	23.5	23.0	
	836.5	22.19	21.18	23.5	23.0	
	848.3	22.70	21.82	23.5	23.0	
3 MHz 1 RB low	825.5	23.24	22.17	23.5	23.0	
	836.5	22.68	21.74	23.5	23.0	
	847.5	23.15	22.26	23.5	23.0	

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	220WC00157201		O55104320	- nbotak	Page 37	of 150
k spotok	Aupor Min	825.5	23.10	22.07	23.5	23.0
dak kinbotek	1 RB mid	836.5	23.13	22.01	23.5	23.0
h. h.		847.5	22.73	21.69	23.5	23.0
nbotek Anber	tok spotek	825.5	22.69	21.66	23.5	23.0
-10-	1 RB high	836.5	22.84	21.81	23.5	23.0
Anbolok		847.5	23.41	22.51	23.5	23.0
All worker	Aupoton Aup	825.5	22.93	21.83	23.5	23.0
Anti	50% RB low	836.5	22.37	21.52	23.5	23.0
tek Pupate,		847.5	22.81	21.86	23.5	23.0
ipotek Pupo	ok has bostok to	825.5	22.79	21.76	23.5	23.0
Anbotak An	50% RB mid	836.5	22.85	21.95	23.5	23.0
World K		847.5	22.40	21.55	23.5	23.0
Anbotek	Viporek Vupo,	825.5	22.37	21.50	23.5	23.0
1000	50% RB High	836.5	22.56	21.66	23.5	23.0
6k bupor		847.5	23.10	22.15	23.5	23.0
botek Anbol	N. Stak	825.5	22.68	21.54	23.5	23.0
workey pro	100% RB	836.5	22.07	21.16	23.5	23.0
Anv otel		847.5	22.54	21.61	23.5	23.0
Anth	Botek Aupor	826.5	23.22	22.08	23.5	23.0
Physica - A	1 RB low	836.5	23.13	22.25	23.5	23.0
an Anbotek		846.5	22.73	21.59	23.5	23.0
Jek sabota	PLID.	826.5	23.01	22.02	23.5	23.0
hotek Anb	1 RB mid	836.5	22.97	22.07	23.5	23.0
(*)		846.5	22.67	21.53	23.5	23.0
Anbotek	notek Bupote	826.5	23.24	22.15	23.5	23.0
Aupoto	1 RB high	836.5	22.89	21.76	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbotek		846.5	23.23	22.27	23.5	23.0
5 MHz	Anbo	826.5	22.94	21.97	23.5	23.0
5 MHz	50% RB low	836.5	22.86	21.90	23.5	23.0
Aupo, ok bi.		846.5	22.42	21.33	23.5	23.0
Anbote	otek Anbotek	826.5	22.76	21.84	23.5	23.0
Anboten	50% RB mid	836.5	22.72	21.72	23.5	23.0
k PUROTOK	Anbo ak and	846.5	22.33	21.33	23.5	23.0
otek kupotee	Aupor Au	826.5	22.92	21.81	23.5	23.0
o. bo.	50% RB High	836.5	22.60	21.54	23.5	23.0
Upote VIII	otek knhotek	846.5	22.89	21.86	23.5	23.0
Anboten M	tek spotek	826.5	22.64	21.69	23.5	23.0
Anbotok	100% RB	836.5	22.59	21.66	23.5	23.0
k abatek		846.5	22.17	21.26	23.5	23.0
10 MHz	1 RB low	829.0	22.61	21.51	23.5	23.0



Report No.: 18220WC00157201 FCC ID: 055104320 Page 38 of 150 836.5 23.19 22.22 23.5 23.0 21.62 844.0 22.62 23.5 23.0 829.0 22.51 21.40 23.5 23.0 1 RB mid 836.5 22.78 21.70 23.5 23.0 844.0 23.41 22.29 23.5 23.0 829.0 23.17 22.11 23.5 23.0 21.97 23.5 23.0 1 RB high 836.5 23.11 844.0 23.24 22.27 23.5 23.0 21.29 829.0 22.33 23.5 23.0 50% RB low 836.5 22.86 21.82 23.5 23.0 22.35 844.0 21.28 23.5 23.0 829.0 22.23 21.29 23.5 23.0 836.5 22.43 21.58 23.5 23.0 50% RB mid 844.0 23.14 22.21 23.5 23.0 22.89 829.0 21.89 23.5 23.0 50% RB High 836.5 22.86 21.79 23.5 23.0 844.0 22.89 21.85 23.5 23.0 829.0 22.02 21.03 23.5 23.0 100% RB 836.5 22.57 21.60 23.5 23.0 844.0 22.09 21.09 23.5 23.0

## Conducted Power Measurement Results (LTE FDD Band 7)

TX Channel	RB Size/Offset	Frequency (MHz)	. Alle	e Power Bm]	Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
Bandwidth	anbotek Anboten		QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	
Pupo.	wotek aupotes	2502.5	22.90	21.97	23.5	23.0	
	1 RB low	2535	22.87	21.89	23.5	23.0	
	Ando ak ab	2567.5	22.89	21.87	23.5	23.0	
	orak Bupo, k	2502.5	23.27	22.14	23.5	23.0	
	1 RB mid	2535	23.15	22.00	23.5	23.0	
	Min Polek Bupotek	2567.5	22.64	21.52	23.5	23.0	
	Will Tek Publish	2502.5	22.89	21.78	23.5	23.0	
5 MHz	1 RB high	2535	22.61	21.63	23.5	23.0	
	Anbore An	2567.5	23.47	22.40	23.5	23.0	
	otek Anbore Ans	2502.5	22.60	21.59	23.5	23.0	
	50% RB low	2535	22.53	21.40	23.5	23.0	
Anbote.	no dek subotek	2567.5	22.57	21.63	23.5	23.0	
	Run, ak sporek	2502.5	22.96	22.05	23.5	23.0	
anbolek.	50% RB mid	2535	22.84	21.89	23.5	23.0	
	Anbote Anb	2567.5	22.31	21.38	23.5	23.0	



Report No.: 18220WC00157201 FCC ID:055104320 Page 39 of 150 22.57 21.59 2502.5 23.5 23.0 50% RB High 2535 22.34 21.49 23.5 23.0 23.20 22.08 23.0 2567.5 23.5 2502.5 22.32 21.43 23.5 23.0 2535 22.27 21.34 100% RB 23.5 23.0 22.28 21.27 23.5 23.0 2567.5 2505 22.99 22.11 23.5 23.0 1 RB low 2535 22.87 22.00 23.5 23.0 2565 22.65 21.72 23.5 23.0 2505 22.97 21.89 23.5 23.0 2535 22.74 21.81 23.5 23.0 1 RB mid 2565 23.18 22.19 23.5 23.0 2505 22.82 21.78 23.5 23.0 1 RB high 2535 23.34 22.29 23.5 23.0 2565 22.61 21.51 23.5 23.0 2505 22.72 21.64 23.5 23.0 50% RB low 2535 22.57 21.49 23.5 23.0 10 MHz 2565 22.31 21.36 23.5 23.0 22.69 21.81 23.5 23.0 2505 22.41 50% RB mid 2535 21.36 23.5 23.0 22.87 21.86 23.5 2565 23.0 2505 22.47 21.58 23.5 23.0 23.06 22.15 23.0 50% RB High 2535 23.5 2565 22.28 21.40 23.5 23.0 22.42 21.38 23.0 2505 23.5 100% RB 2535 22.32 21.32 23.5 23.0 22.06 21.00 23.5 2565 23.0 2507.5 23.47 22.44 23.5 23.0 1 RB low 2535 22.75 21.87 23.5 23.0 22.15 23.5 23.0 2562.5 23.12 2507.5 23.14 22.14 23.5 23.0 1 RB mid 2535 22.91 21.96 23.5 23.0 2562.5 22.74 21.87 23.5 23.0 2507.5 22.80 21.77 23.5 23.0 15 MHz 1 RB high 2535 23.26 22.26 23.0 23.5 2562.5 23.00 21.85 23.5 23.0 2507.5 23.16 22.24 23.0 23.5 50% RB low 2535 22.47 21.49 23.5 23.0 21.71 2562.5 22.82 23.5 23.0 50% RB mid 2507.5 22.81 21.93 23.5 23.0



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L abolek	Ambout Am olek	2535	22.60	21.66	23.5	23.0
Hak kinbatek	Anboten Ano	2562.5	22.49	21.41	23.5	23.0
	tak Aupolan Aupo	2507.5	22.50	21.55	23.5	23.0
aboter And	50% RB High	2535	22.94	21.85	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Al	por An hotek	2562.5	22.69	21.83	23.5	23.0
Porofek.	Pupore buy	2507.5	22.83	21.73	23.5	23.0
P. Morek	100% RB	2535	22.20	21.24	23.5	23.0
Anti	upotek Aupor	2562.5	22.47	21.38	23.5	23.0
Ola, Vun.	ok apolak Mupo,	2510	22.72	21.78	23.5	23.0
abotek Anbo	1 RB low	2535	22.51	21.51	23.5	23.0
Anbotak An	pote Anv. otek	2560	23.25	22.38	23.5	23.0
All	Anbores Ans	2510	23.03	22.08	23.5	23.0
And	1 RB mid	2535	22.85	21.72	23.5	23.0
Andr.	botok Anboto	2560	23.37	22.46	23.5	23.0
Tek bupore	work andol	2510	23.48	22.56	23.5	23.0
loolek Anbol	1 RB high	2535	23.26	22.36	23.5	23.0
Anbotak An	Poten Pupp, 184	2560	22.87	21.88	23.5	23.0
PUP.	Auporak Aupo	2510	22.42	21.45	23.5	23.0
20 MHz	50% RB low	2535	22.21	21.11	23.5	23.0
Napole N	Will Woley Wilporter	2560	22.90	22.04	23.5	23.0
lak Vupote,	An stok supote	2510	22.68	21.69	23.5	23.0
potek Anbot	50% RB mid	2535	22.60	21.58	23.5	23.0
wolek and	otak Anbar Air	2560	23.08	21.94	23.5	23.0
Bupp.	-potsk Nupote	2510	23.16	22.06	23.5	23.0
brugos.	50% RB High	2535	22.96	21.95	23.5	23.0
Pupoto	An atek anbotek	2560	22.61	21.48	23.5	23.0
ek anbotek	Ann Park	2510	22.09	21.03	23.5	23.0
botek kupoti	100% RB	2535	21.87	20.80	23.5	23.0
Pro Pro	olek Aupole Auc	2560	22.59	21.56	23.5	23.0

## Conducted Power Measurement Results (LTE FDD Band 12)

TX Channel	RB Size/Offset	Frequency	" UD.	ge Power lBm]	Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
Bandwidth		(MHz)	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	
Tek Kopole	e William by	699.7	22.84	21.93	23.5	23.0	
1 RB low	1 RB low	707.5	23.02	21.98	23.5	23.0	
POL PLA	notek Anhoten A	715.3	22.67	21.76	23.5	23.0	
1.4 MHz	otek Anbotek	699.7	23.25	22.40	23.5	23.0	
Anboton	1 RB mid	707.5	23.10	22.12	23.5	23.0	
"upotok Pupos V		715.3	23.00	21.97	23.5	23.0	
ok botel	1 RB high	699.7	22.50	21.56	23.5	23.0	





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r 20010x	Amboro Am	707.5	23.22	22.19	23.5	23.0
stek Pupotek	Anbotel Anbo	715.3	22.99	22.14	23.5	23.0
	ik Popolek Villa	699.7	22.57	21.64	23.5	23.0
aboter And	50% RB low	707.5	22.73	21.69	23.5	23.0
THOTOK AND	ore Yu.	715.3	22.36	21.25	23.5	23.0
Anbolek k	Tupore, Prin,	699.7	22.99	21.91	23.5	23.0
All	50% RB mid	707.5	22.75	21.64	23.5	23.0
Anti	suppress Aupor	715.3	22.65	21.54	23.5	23.0
tex Pupate.	k apolok Anbo	699.7	22.15	21.12	23.5	23.0
abotek Anbolo	50% RB High	707.5	22.90	21.94	23.5	23.0
Anbotak Anb	ore Ann Mak	715.3	22.72	21.61	23.5	23.0
All MOTOR	upoto, Mun	699.7	22.32	21.43	23.5	23.0
You wek	100% RB	707.5	22.48	21.61	23.5	23.0
Anhotek	abatok Anboto	715.3	22.05	21.08	23.5	23.0
FBIA BUDDO	k hotek Anbor	700.5	22.61	21.49	23.5	23.0
potek Anbote	1 RB low	707.5	22.61	21.51	23.5	23.0
notel Andr	Hak Antion An	714.5	22.57	21.58	23.5	23.0
Anv otek	upotak Anbo	700.5	22.64	21.50	23.5	23.0
Anba	1 RB mid	707.5	22.69	21.80	23.5	23.0
Anbound	Anboter Anboter	714.5	22.75	21.88	23.5	23.0
ak Auboro	Art otok anbote	700.5	22.62	21.55	23.5	23.0
potek Aupotar	1 RB high	707.5	22.98	21.92	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbo	tek Anbote Ant	714.5	23.17	22.18	23.5	23.0
Puptok	ipotek Wilborn	700.5	22.35	21.44	23.5	23.0
3 MHz	50% RB low	707.5	22.32	21.43	23.5	23.0
Amball	An alek Anbotek	714.5	22.25	21.38	23.5	23.0
ek Anbotek	Anu notek anbote	700.5	22.31	21.38	23.5	23.0
otek Augotek	50% RB mid	707.5	22.37	21.33	23.5	23.0
stok snto	ek Anboien Anb	714.5	22.50	21.59	23.5	23.0
Ambo. lek	botok Anboto A	700.5	22.27	21.12	23.5	23.0
Vupor W	50% RB High	707.5	22.70	21.75	23.5	23.0
Anboro	kun sek supotek	714.5	22.84	21.96	23.5	23.0
Anboten Anboten	Anto-	700.5	22.08	21.01	23.5	23.0
otek kubotek	100% RB	707.5	21.97	20.85	23.5	23.0
to be a view	ek Pupor Pur	714.5	21.96	21.02	23.5	23.0
TUPO BY	oolek Anhotes A	701.5	22.61	21.70	23.5	23.0
Anbotek An	1 RB low	707.5	22.62	21.56	23.5	23.0
5 MHz	Vunn Waley	713.5	22.95	22.06	23.5	23.0
k Anbolek	1 RB mid	701.5	22.70	21.60	23.5	23.0
halon you	Aupora and Au	707.5	23.09	22.15	23.5	23.0



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c spotok Ambe	V VIII	713.5	22.58	21.72	23.5	23.0
tek kindotek k	upore, Muo.	701.5	22.50	21.57	23.5	23.0
No.	1 RB high	707.5	23.22	22.08	23.5	23.0
upotek. Vupote	W. Polak Wo	713.5	23.16	22.12	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Abbete	hotek b	701.5	22.36	21.41	23.5	23.0
W. Work Whork	50% RB low	707.5	22.33	21.32	23.5	23.0
An atek subs	ran Aupo	713.5	22.70	21.62	23.5	23.0
Pup.	ipolek Hupor	701.5	22.36	21.50	23.5	23.0
	50% RB mid	707.5	22.84	21.81	23.5	23.0
shotek Anbolo	Array and	713.5	22.28	21.28	23.5	23.0
Anbotak Arbotak	Pring.	701.5	22.20	21.28	23.5	23.0
Ann otek Anborek	50% RB High	707.5	22.88	21.85	23.5	23.0
And sek	ek Anhore	713.5	22.87	21.76	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbot	notek Anbotan	701.5	22.03	21.15	23.5	23.0
lax bupage, bu	100% RB	707.5	22.02	21.09	23.5	23.0
POSEL PUDO, BL	And who	713.5	22.38	21.32	23.5	23.0
notek Andotek	Anbo	704.0	22.56	21.62	23.5	23.0
Anbotek Anbote	1 RB low	707.5	22.81	21.69	23.5	23.0
Aupor K Not	ek Anborer	711.0	22.86	21.93	23.5	23.0
Muporp. Hop	atek anbotek	704.0	23.49	22.51	23.5	23.0
ek Anbotek An	1 RB mid	707.5	23.39	22.34	23.5	23.0
porek Pupotak	Vupor ok by	711.0	23.15	22.14	23.5	23.0
ov to total	Anbate Ant	704.0	22.63	21.51	23.5	23.0
Aupon K. Putek	1 RB high	707.5	23.39	22.51	23.5	23.0
Anbotak Anbota	sk subotek	711.0	22.56	21.45	23.5	23.0
"apojo, Vie	rek abotok	704.0	22.26	21.11	23.5	23.0
10 MHz	50% RB low	707.5	22.50	21.38	23.5	23.0
rek hootek	Anboto And	711.0	22.52	21.57	23.5	23.0
20, br. Cofek	Wupojan briga	704.0	23.23	22.20	23.5	23.0
Anboto Ani	50% RB mid	707.5	23.14	22.16	23.5	23.0
Anboten Anbo	k spolek	711.0	22.85	21.89	23.5	23.0
Aupotak Aupon	notek.	704.0	22.33	21.19	23.5	23.0
A Abolek And	50% RB High	707.5	23.11	22.02	23.5	23.0
by. 2016	Tupojes, Pupr	711.0	22.25	21.18	23.5	23.0
lore Mun Tek	Anborok Anbo	704.0	21.95	21.08	23.5	23.0
Aupotes Aup	100% RB	707.5	22.16	21.04	23.5	23.0
supotek supor	k wotek	711.0	22.20	21.34	23.5	23.0



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Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	AVG Power(dBm)	Test Rate Data		
	anboter An	2412	12.84	1 Mbps		
802.11b	6	2437	14.58	1 Mbps		
	11,01ek	2462	13.89	1 Mbps		
	y 1 work	2412	11.71	6 Mbps		
802.11g	6	2437	13.96	6 Mbps		
	Anbolan 11 Anbu	2462	11.47	6 Mbps		
	na Parada	2412	11.26	MCS0		
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	13.19	MCS0		
	11 404	2462	12.93	MCS0		

### <Bluetooth Conducted Power>

## Conducted Power Measurement Results (Bluetooth)

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Conducted Peak Output Power			
			(dBm)	(mW)		
An stek subote	00	2402	4.578	2.869		
GFSK	39	2441	6.024	4.003		
	78	2480	4.180	2.618		
otek tupore b	00	2402	3.847	2.425		
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	4.925	3.108		
	78	2480	3.293	2.135		
Anthony tak abotel	00	2402	3.778	2.387		
8DPSK	39	2441	5.063	3.208		
	78	2480	3.366	2.171		
Hek Wupole, B	00	2402	-8.452	0.143		
BLE GFSK	19	2440	-4.932	0.321		
	39	2480	-6.437	0.227		

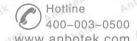
#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] . [  $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3 for 1-g SAR and]  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison







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Test Frequency (MHz)	Minimum Separation Distance (mm)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Output Power with tune up (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	calculated value	exclusion thresholds	9
2441.00	5	6.024	Amb 7	5.012	1.6	3	

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.6which is ≤ 3, SAR testing is not required.



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## .Transmit Antennas



	Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge										
Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	<b>Bottom Side</b>	Left Side	Right Side					
WWAN	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm					
BT&WLAN	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	>25mm	>25mm					

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	<b>Bottom Side</b>	Left Side	Right Side				
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No				
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No				

**General Note:** Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.





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# 11.SAR Test Results Summary

#### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) \* Scaling Factor

- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary
- Per KDB 941225 D05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is
   ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated
   measurement is required.</li>



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### **SAR Values GSM 850**

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift ± 0.21dB	Limit S		.R <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg		
Position	Frequency( MHz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Report ed SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results	
		Test p	osition	of Body-w	orn accessor	y(Distance	omm)		Holek		
Rear Side	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.82	-0.10	0.722	1.04	0.753	Figure 1	
Front Side	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.82	-0.05	0.604	1.04	0.630	N/A	
			Н	otspot Mod	e (Distance 1	0mm)					
Rear Side	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.82	0.02	0.701	1.04	0.731	N/A	
Front Side	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.82	-0.04	0.586	1.04	0.611	N/A	
Left Edge	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.82	0.02	0.354	1.04	0.369	N/A	
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Top Edge	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.82	0.03	0.611	1.04	0.637	N/A	
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Ve Vila	10 N	Worst C	Case Po	sition of Bo	ody with EGP	RS(Distan	ce 0mm)	a/r bro.	-botek	Anbote	
Front Side	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	25.00	24.87	-0.07	0.533	1.03	0.549	N/A	

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- 5.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## **SAR Values PCS 1900**

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift $\pm$ 0.21dB			R <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg		
Position	Frequency(M Hz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Report ed SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results	
pupote	v. Pupo	Test	position	of Body-w	orn accessoi	ry(Distance	e0mm)	Pupo.	400	ri.	
Rear Side	661/1880	1Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	30.90	0.06	0.637	1.02	0.652	Figure 2	
Front Side	661/1880	1Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	30.90	-0.10	0.574	1.02	0.587	N/A	
		Te	st posit	ion of Hots	pot Mode (Di	stance 10n	nm)	1			
Rear Side	661/1880	1Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	30.90	0.05	0.598	1.02	0.612	N/A	
Front Side	661/1880	1Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	30.90	-0.03	0.485	1.02	0.496	N/A	
Left Edge	661/1880	1Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	30.90	0.05	0.278	1.02	0.284	N/A	
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Top Edge	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	30.90	-0.07	0.564	1.02	0.577	N/A	
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Aupas	A. abotek	Worst	Case Po	sition of Bo	ody with EGP	RS(Distan	ce 0mm)	bar abote	N. P	nboten	
Front Side	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	24.00	23.81	-0.01	0.368	1.04	0.384	N/A	

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup> When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output

<sup>4.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported

SAR was  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required. 5.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq$  ½ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

- 32	Channel	Channel/		Maximu m	Conducte	Drift ± 0.21dB  Drift (dB)	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg				
Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Duty Cycle	Allowed Power (dBm)	d Power (dBm)		Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reporte d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results	
ek "nb	otek Pup.	Tes	t positio	n ofBody-	worn access	ory(Distan	ce0mm)	sk bi	upota.	Pille	
Rear Side	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.56	-0.07	0.573	1.11	0.634	Figure 3	
Front Side	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.56	0.10	0.426	1.11	0.471	N/A	
	Te	st position	of Body	/-worn acc	essory &Hot	spot Mode	(Distance 1	l0mm)			
Rear Side	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.56	-0.09	0.527	1.11,00	0.583	N/A	
Front Side	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.56	0.04	0.405	5 1.11 <sub>ps</sub>	0.448	N/A	
Left Edge	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.56	0.03	0.238	1.11	0.263	N/A	
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Top Edge	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.56	0.05	0.476	1.11	0.527	N/A	
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Note: 1.The value with green color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup> When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output

<sup>4.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

<sup>5.</sup> When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift ± 0.21dB	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub>		R <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg	, 1.6 W/kg	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results	
Mahak	Pupp.	Te	est posi	tion of Bod	y-worn acces	sory(Dista	nce0mm)	PUL	10- P	Holek	
Rear Side	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.61	-0.12	0.557	1.09	0.609	Figure4	
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.61	0.07	0.403	1.09	0.441	N/A	
	1	est position	on of Bo	dy-worn ac	cessory &Ho	tspot Mod	e (Distance	10mm)			
Rear Side	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	111	24.00	23.61	0.03	0.514	1.09	0.562	N/A	
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1.	24.00	23.61	0.05	0.374	1.09	0.409	N/A	
Left Edge	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.61	0.04	0.205	1.09	0.224	N/A	
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Top Edge	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.61	-0.03	0.422	1.09	0.462	N/A	
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup>When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output

<sup>4.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

<sup>5.</sup> When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## **SAR Values [LTE Band 4]**

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift <u>+</u> 0.21dB	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg			
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results
otek an	poter. Pu	Tes	t positio	on of Body-	vorn accesso	ry(Distance	e0mm)	Aupo	A Par	olok
Rear Side	1720.0	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.33	-0.07	0.625	1.04	0.650	Figure 5
Front Side	1720.0	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.33	0.10	0.548	1.04	0.570	N/A
Rear Side	1720.0	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.24	-0.05	0.621	1.06	0.659	N/A
Front Side	1720.0	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.24	0.01	0.542	1.06	0.575	N/A
	150	Te	est posi	tion of Hots	spot Mode (D	istance 10	mm)	2.00		
Rear Side	1720.0	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.33	-0.12	0.585	1.04	0.608	N/A
Front Side	1720.0	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.33	0.06	0.415	1.04	0.432	N/A
Left Edge	1720.0	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.33	0.05	0.304	1.04	0.316	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	1720.0	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.33	0.02	0.452	1.04	0.470	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rear Side	1720.0	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.24	-0.03	0.534	1.06	0.567	N/A
Front Side	1720.0	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.24	0.10	0.402	1.06	0.427	N/A
Left Edge	1720.0	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.24	0.05	0.289	1.06	0.307	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	1720.0	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.24	0.06	0.428	1.06	0.454	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1.The value with green color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
  3.When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported
- SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required. 5.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not

required for the secondary mode



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## **SAR Values [LTE Band 5]**

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift ± 0.21dB	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg			
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results
wotek on	poter, but	Tes	st positi	on ofBody-v	vorn accesso	ry(Distance	e0mm)	Pupo-	- JA - JA	olok
Rear Side	844.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.41	-0.01	0.893	1.02	0.912	Figure 6
Front Side	844.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.41	0.05	0.755	1.02	0.771	N/A
Rear Side	829.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.17	0.10	0.835	1.08	0.901	N/A
Rear Side	836.5	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.14	0.07	0.824	1.09	0.895	N/A
Rear Side	844.0	10M/50%RB	o <sup>12</sup> 1:1	23.50	23.14	-0.09	0.822	1.09	0.893	N/A
Front Side	844.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.14	-0.03	0.713	1.09	0.775	N/A
Rear Side	829.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	22.89	-0.05	0.711	1.15	0.818	N/A
Rear Side	836.5	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	22.86	0.04	0.706	1.16	0.818	N/A
Rear Side	836.5	100%RB	1:1	23.50	22.57	0.10	0.687	1.24	0.851	N/A
	-	Test position	of Body	-worn acce	ssory& Hots	pot Mode	(Distance 10	mm)		
Rear Side	844.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.41	0.07	0.747	1.02	0.763	N/A
Front Side	844.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.41	0.04	0.625	1.02	0.638	N/A
Left Edge	844.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.41	0.06	0.368	1.02	0.376	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	844.0	10M/1RB	1:10	23.50	23.41	0.03	0.654	1.02	0.668	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rear Side	844.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.14	-0.07	0.724	1.09	0.787	N/A
Front Side	844.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.14	-0.01	0.611	1.09	0.664	N/A
Left Edge	844.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.14	-0.04	0.351	1.09	0.381	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	844.0	10M/50%RB	1:100	23.50	23.14	-0.05	0.628	1.09	0.682	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3.When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

<sup>4.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

<sup>5.</sup>When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## **SAR Values [LTE Band 7]**

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift ± 0.21dB	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> 1.			
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results
otek an	poter Pup	Tes	st position	on of Body-	vorn accessoi	y(Distance	e0mm)	Pupo-	No. in	Majo
Rear Side	2510	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.48	-0.02	0.657	1.00	0.660	Figure 7
Front Side	2510	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.48	0.11	0.544	1.00	0.547	N/A
Rear Side	2510	20M/50%R B	1:1	23.50	23.16	-0.05	0.631	1.08	0.682	N/A
Front Side	2510	20M/50%R B	1:1	23.50	23.16	-0.03	0.517	1.08	0.559	N/A
		Te	est posi	tion of Hots	spot Mode (D	istance 10	mm)			
Rear Side	2510	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.48	0.05	0.635	1.00	0.638	N/A
Front Side	2510	20M/1RB	1:1015	23.50	23.48	0.11	0.489	1.00	0.491	N/A
Left Edge	2510	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.48	-0.04	0.211	1.00	0.212	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	2510	20M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.48	-0.03	0.505	1.00	0.507	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rear Side	2510	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.16	-0.07	0.605	1.08	0.654	N/A
Front Side	2510	20M/50%RB	1:10	23.50	23.16	-0.02	0.472	1.08	0.510	N/A
Left Edge	2510	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.16	-0.05	0.205	1.08	0.222	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	2510	20M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.16	-0.09	0.493	1.08	0.533	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup> When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

<sup>4.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

<sup>5.</sup>When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## **SAR Values [LTE Band 12]**

Test	Channel/	Test	Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift ± 0.21dB	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg			
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Cycle	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results
otek an	poter, bu	Tes	st positi	on ofBody-v	vorn accessor	y(Distance	e0mm)	Aupo	No. 10	olok
Rear Side	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.49	0.02	0.752	1.00	0.754	Figure 8
Front Side	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.49	0.05	0.684	1.00	0.686	N/A
Rear Side	704.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.23	0.02	0.705	1.06	0.750	N/A
Front Side	704.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.23	-0.04	0.657	1.06	0.699	N/A
		Te	est posi	tion of Hots	spot Mode (D	istance 10	mm)			
Rear Side	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.49	0.02	0.687	1.00	0.689	N/A
Front Side	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.49	0.05	0.498	1.00	0.499	N/A
Left Edge	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.49	-0.03	0.274	1.00	0.275	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.49	-0.03	0.514	1.00	0.515	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rear Side	704.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.23	0.02	0.671	1.06	0.714	N/A
Front Side	704.0	10M/50%RB	1:1	23.50	23.23	-0.04	0.475	1.06	0.505	N/A
Left Edge	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.23	-0.03	0.262	1.06	0.279	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	704.0	10M/1RB	1:1	23.50	23.23	-0.03	0.511	1.06	0.544	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
  3.When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported
- SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

  5. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode



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## **SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]**

Test	Channel/		Duty	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Drift $\pm$ 0.21dB	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg			
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Service	Cycle		Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Graph Results
pubote	P.Up.	Tes	st positi	on of Body	-worn access	ory(Distar	nce0mm)	Anbo	- A	Majak
Rear Side	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	15.00	14.58	-0.06	0.488	1.10	0.538	Figure 9
Front Side	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	15.00	14.58	-0.075	0.475	1.10	0.523	N/A
		T	est pos	ition of Ho	tspot Mode (	Distance	10mm)			
Rear Side	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	15.00	14.58	-0.03	0.477	1.10	0.525	N/A
Front Side	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	15.00	14.58	0.02	0.452	1.10	0.498	N/A
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	15.00	14.58	-0.07	0.413	1.10	0.455	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with green color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

**Remark:** The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was 0.502 W/Kg(0.538\*(14/15)= 0.502) So ODFM SAR test is not required.

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup>Per KDB 248227-SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration.

<sup>4.</sup> Per KDB 248227- Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement. And when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

5. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is 

1.2 W/kg the ODFM SAR test is not required.



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## 12. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

SAR Measurement Variability

4010	B.O.	-01	cusul cilicii	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18.	Lang.	No.
Frequency (MHz_	Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
844.0	LTE band 5 10M/1RB Body-worn	Rear Side	0	0.893	0.911	1.02	N/A
829.0	LTE band 5 10M/1RB  Body-worn	Rear Side	0	0.835	0.860	1.03	N/A
836.5	LTE band 5 10M/1RB  Body-worn	Rear Side	0	0.824	0.849	1.03	N/A
844.0	LTE band 5 10M/50% RB Body-worn	Rear Side	0	0.822	0.830	1.01	N/A



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# 13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

#### **Application Simultaneous Transmission information:**

Mode	Air-Interface	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
ATTE LOW	WWAN+BT2.4G	YES	No Maria
2	WWAN+WLAN2.4G	YES	YES

#### NOTE:

- 1) The EUT support WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE), WLAN(WIFI 2.4GHz/BT) technology.
- 2) WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3) The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 4) Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - a) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - b) SPLSR =  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}$  / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
  - c) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
  - d) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg
- 5) For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
  - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $.[\sqrt{f(GHz)}/x]$  W/kg for test separation distances  $\le 50$  mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - b) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

	Estimated stand alone SAR												
, N	Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (including tune-up tolerance) (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)							
U.S.	Bluetooth*	2441	Body Worn	potek 7100	water Art	0.209							



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### Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

#### Simultaneous Transmission WWAN+WLAN/BT

8		GSM	GSM	WCDMA	WCDMA	LTE	LTE	LTE	LTE	WIFI	BT	MAX.	Peak location
l		850	1900	Band V	Band II	Band 4	Band 5	Band 7	Band 12	2.4G		$\Sigma SAR_{1g}$	separation ratio
	Rear Side	0.753	0.652	0.634	0.609	0.659	0.912	0.682	0.754	0.538	0.209	1.450	N/A
I	Front Side	0.630	0.587	0.471	0.441	0.575	0.775	0.559	0.699	0.523	0.209	1.298	N/A

MAX.  $\Sigma SAR_{1g} = 1.450$  W/kg<1.6W/kg, so the Simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scan are not required for WIFI 2.4G/BT and GSM/WCDMA/LTE

#### WWAN+WLAN Hotspot mode:

#### Hotspot SAR for WIFI 2.4G and GSM/WCDMA/ LTE

13/1	5.40		0-			- 200		COV-			. No. V
	GSM	GSM	WCDMA	WCDMA	LTE	LTE	LTE	LTE	WIFI	MAX.	Peak location
	850	1900	Band V	Band II	Band 4	Band 5	Band 7	Band 12	2.4G	$\Sigma SAR_{1g}$	separation ratio
Rear Side	0.731	0.612	0.583	0.562	0.608	0.787	0.654	0.714	0.525	1.312	N/A
Front Side	0.611	0.496	0.448	0.409	0.432	0.664	0.510	0.505	0.498	1.162	N/A
Left Edge	0.369	0.284	0.263	0.224	0.316	0.381	0.222	0.279	N/A	0.381	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	0.637	0.577	0.527	0.462	0.470	0.682	0.533	0.544	0.455	1.137	N/A
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

MAX.  $\Sigma SAR_{1g} = 1.312$  W/kg<1.6W/kg, so the Simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scan are not required for WIFI 2.4G and GSM/WCDMA/LTE



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# 14. Measurement Uncertainty

	- W WO	27,0		134		Pag.	Stand.Un Stand.Un		U/g.
NO	Source	Uncert.	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	cert. ui (1g)	cert. ui (10g)	Veff
1	Repeat	0. 4	N	, 1	anbore 1	e*1	0. 4	0. 4	9
nstru	iment								
2	Probe calibration	7 100	N	2018	1	Mpole.	3.5	3.5	∞ ∞
3.00	Axial isotropy	4.7	Anto R R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
4	Hemispherical isotropy	9.4	R <sub>Milb</sub> o	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	× ∞
5	Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	Ambore.	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
6	Linearity	4.7	And R	$\sqrt{3}$	oto lek	1 AU	2.7	2.7	× ×
7	Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	p.Jook	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
8	Readout electronics	0.3	N N	1	1 1	Job et	0.3	0.3	$\infty$
9	Response time	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	w <sup>ll</sup> 1	p.koot	0.5	200	$\infty$
10	Integration time	2.6	Rotek	$\sqrt{3}$	nbotak 1	× 1	1.5	1.5	$\infty$
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R R	√3	I <sub>Ant</sub>	078 I	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	oo <sup>to*</sup> R	$\sqrt{3}$	1 No.	nbote 1	1.7	1.7 M	$\infty$
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.4	R. tek	$\sqrt{3}$	ootek I	1 <sup>Ant</sup>	Upor	0.2	œ
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R Anbote	$\sqrt{3}$	And And	nbol <sup>1</sup>	1.7	ton by	8
	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	Anbotek R R	$\sqrt{3}$	oo'd*	I <sub>A</sub> nb	0.6	0.6	$\infty$



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	ample related		10/4	100°	P			6	-
16	Device positioning	3.8	nboteN	Pupok	1	Publicies	3.8	3.8	99
17	Device holder	5.1	An'N	1 <sup>p.m</sup>	obotek	1	5.1	5.1	5
18	Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	PI <sub>ppo</sub>	ek 1 -otek	2.9	2.9	$\infty$
han	tom and set-up			- 583	<u>'</u>				
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	o <sup>tol</sup> i	Inbo	2.3	2.3	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
21	Liquid conductivity (meas)	2.5	N N	potek 1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	$\infty$
22	Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.5	∞
23	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	8
Con	ibined standard	ek Anbo	RSS	$U_c$	$=\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n C}$	$U_i^2 U_i^2$	11.4%	11.3%	236
- 1	anded ertainty(P=95%)	Aupote <sub>K</sub>	U = k U	$J_c$ ,k=	nboton 2	P. W.	22.8%	22.6%	Pupo,



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# Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos



**Body Front** 

**Body Back** 



Top side

**Bottom side** 



Left side

Right side



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# Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

## System Performance Check at 750 MHz Body

Date: 12/15/2020

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1163

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 55.32$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(10.09, 10.09, 10.09); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.31 W/kg

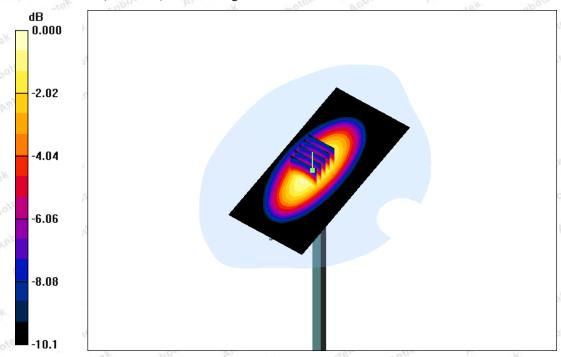
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.19W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg



System Performance Check 750MHz Body 250mW



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### System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

Date: 12/14/2020

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d154

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f =835MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.99 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 54.68;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 W/kg

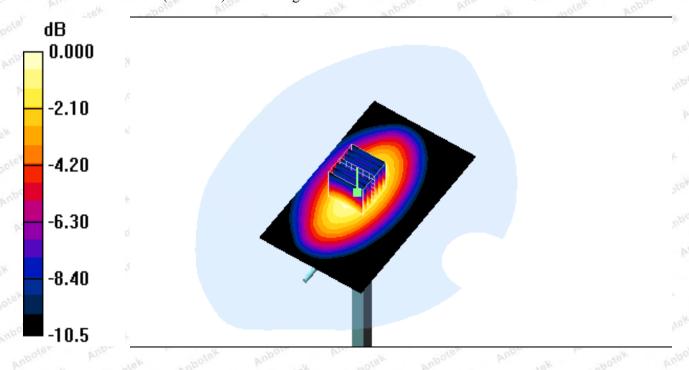
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.523 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.068 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW



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System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body

Date: 12/14/2020

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52 \text{mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 54.11$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.60 W/kg

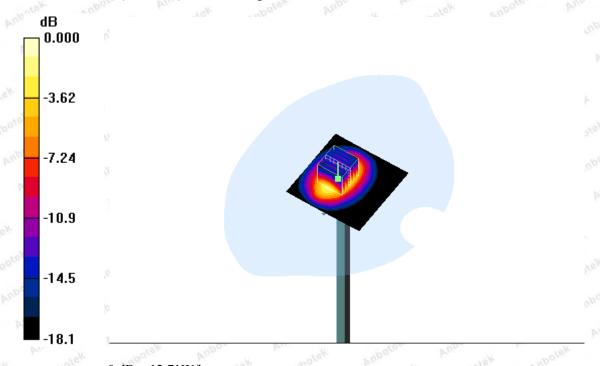
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.16W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.74 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.71 W/kg



0 dB = 12.71 W/kg

System Performance Check 1750MHz Body 250mW





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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

Date: 12/15/2020

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 53.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 -7396; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 W/kg

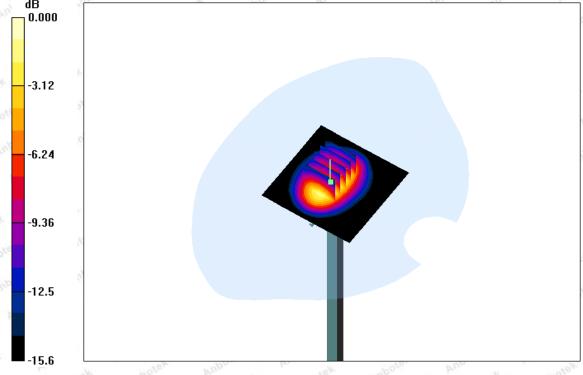
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.05W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.39W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.47W/kg dΒ



0 dB = 12.47 W/kg

System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 250mW



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System Performance Check at 2450MHz Body

Date: 12/16/2020

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 910

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 50.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

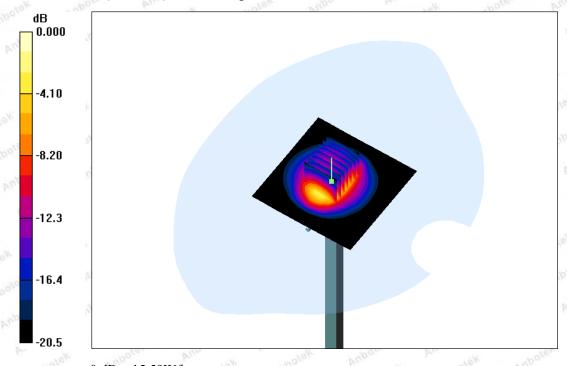
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.2W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.96W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.47W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.59W/kg



0 dB = 15.59 W/kg

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 250mW



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System Performance Check at 2600MHz Body

Date: 12/16/2020

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1058

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.10 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 51.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

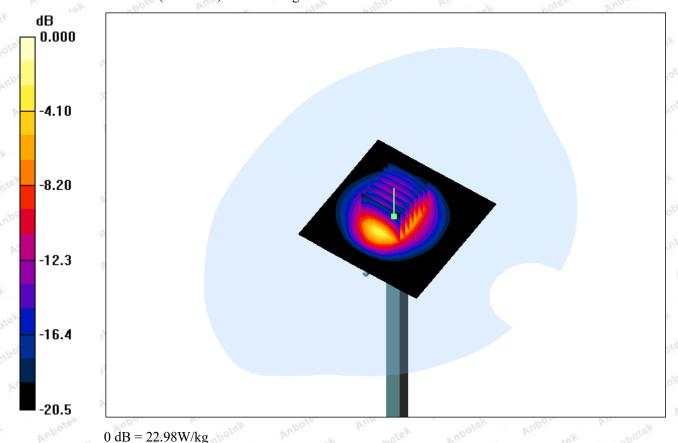
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 25.1W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.39 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.98 W/kg



System Performance Check 2600MHz Body 250mW

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# **Appendix C.** Plots of SAR Test Data

SAR plots for **the highest measured SAR** in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02

#### GSM850 Rear side 0mm

Date: 14/12/2020

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.965$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 55.94$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.925 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =24.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.722 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

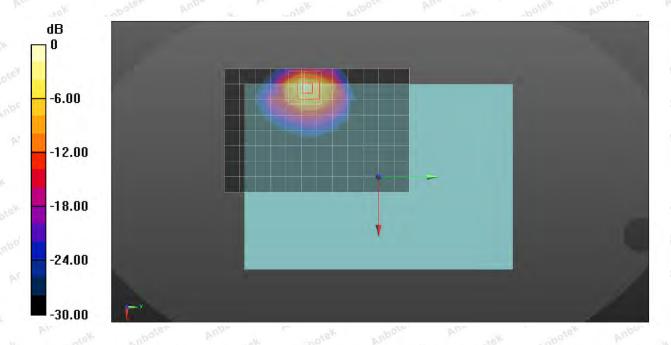


Figure 1: GSM850 Front side 0mm



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### PCS 1900\_Rear side\_0mm

Date: 12/15/2020

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.558$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.99$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.801W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.637W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.316W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.927W/kg

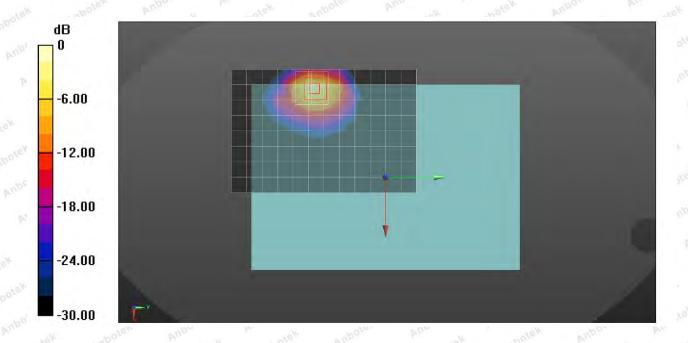


Figure 2: PCS1900 Rear side 0mm



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WCDMA Band V RCM Rear side 0mm

Date: 12/14/2020

Communication System: W850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 55.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.659W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.573W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.297W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.780W/kg

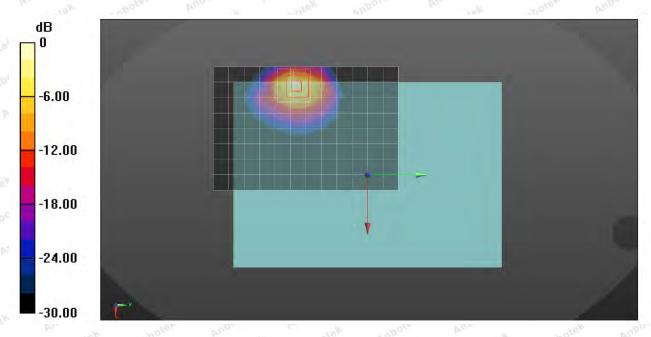


Figure 3: WCDMA Band V RCM Rear side 0mm



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WCDMA Band II RCM Rear side 0mm

Date: 12/15/2020

Communication System: W1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.657W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.557W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.276W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.809W/kg

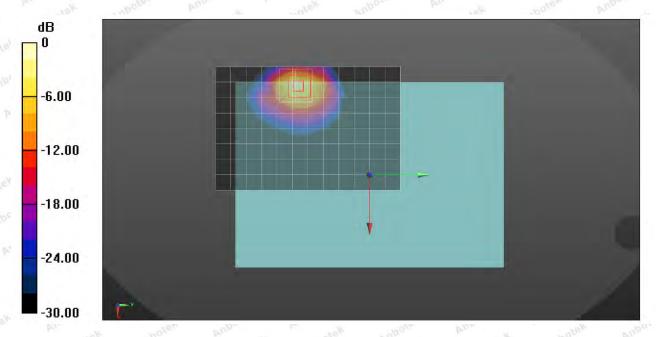


Figure 4: WCDMA Band II RCM Rear side 0mm



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LTE Band 4 QPSK Rear side 0mm

Date: 12/14/2020

Communication System: LTE B4; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 52.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 -7396; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.781 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =1.24W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.625 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.953 W/kg

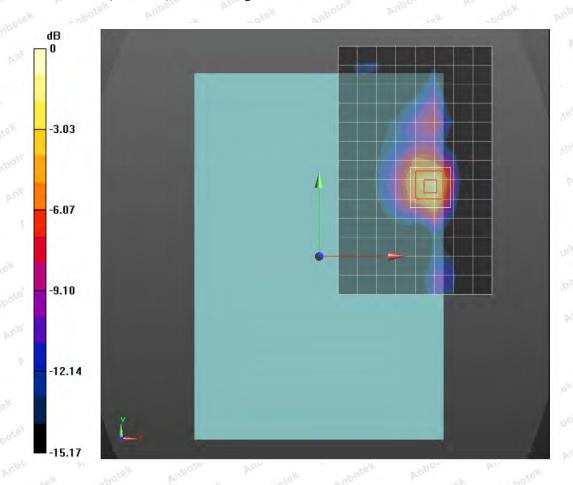


Figure 5: LTE Band 4 QPSK Rear side 0mm



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#### LTE Band 5 QPSK Rear side 0mm

Date: 12/14/2020

Communication System: LTE B5; Frequency: 844.0MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 844.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.979 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 55.306$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.20W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.893W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.485W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) =1.20W/kg

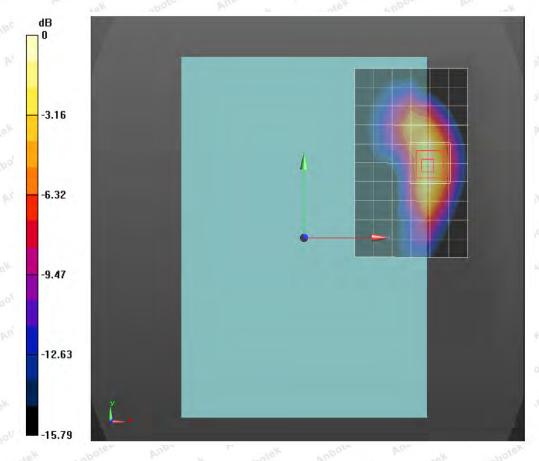


Figure 6: LTE Band 5 QPSK Rear side 0mm

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#### LTE Band 7\_QPSK\_Rear side\_0mm

Date: 12/16/2020

Communication System: LTE B7; Frequency: 2560MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 50.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.809W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.360W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814W/kg

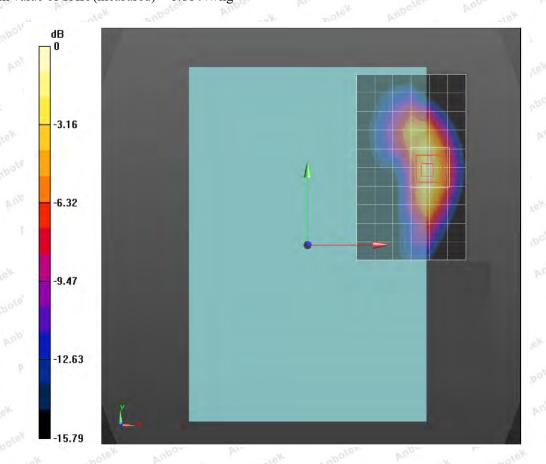


Figure 7: LTE Band 7 QPSK Rear side 0mm

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#### LTE Band 12\_QPSK\_Rear side\_0mm

Date: 12/15/2020

Communication System: LTE B12; Frequency: 711.0MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 711.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.952 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 55.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(10.09, 10.09, 10.09); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.701W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.752W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.411W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08W/kg

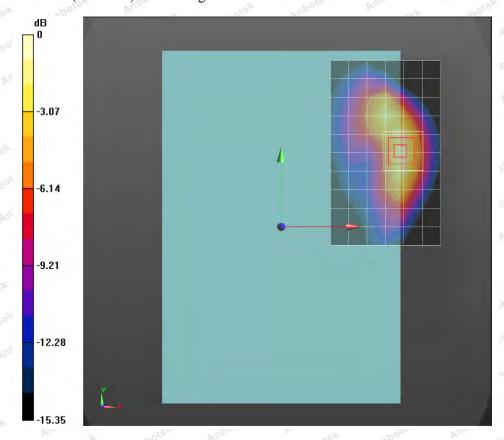


Figure 8: LTE Band 12 \_QPSK \_ Rear side\_0mm

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WLAN2.4G Rear side 0mm

Date: 12/16/2020

Communication System: 802.11; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 –7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/6/2020;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 09.06.2020

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.65W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.488 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

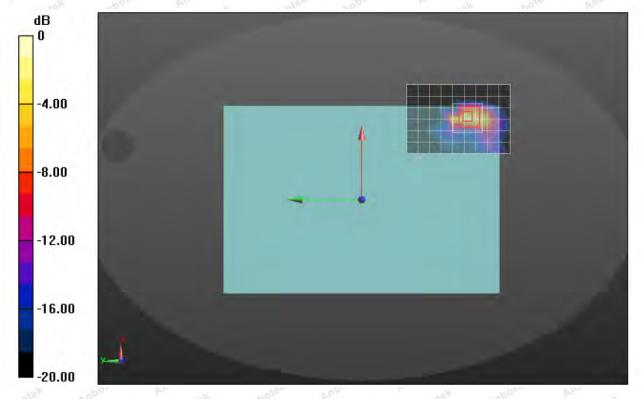


Figure 9: WLAN 2.4G Rear side 0mm



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# Appendix D. DASY System Calibration Certificate



中国以列 国际互认 校准 CNAS 位在 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

hinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn
Anbotek (Auden) Certificate No: Z20-68716

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7396

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-007-03

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: May06, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) T and humidity<70%.

#### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	20-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J18X07447)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J18X07447)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J18X07447)	Jun-20
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-20(CTTL,No.J19X01547)	Mar-21
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-20(CTTL, No.J19X01548)	Mar-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep18)	Sep-20
DAE4	SN 549	13-Dec-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec18)	Dec -20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J18X04776)	Jun-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-20 (CTTL, No.J19X00285)	Jan -21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	E
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	191.76
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	200
		Issued: May 07	7.2020
This calibration certificate sh	hall not be reprod	luced except in full without written approval of	the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-68716 Page 1 of 1



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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A.B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)". February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010.
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 0=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

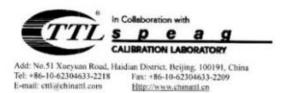
Certificate No: Z20-68716

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# Probe EX3DV4

SN: 7396

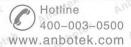
Calibrated: May 06, 2020

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z20-68716

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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)2)A	0.54	0.53	0.50	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.8	104.5	102.5	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

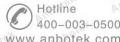
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>6</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	199.9	±2.4%
	83835	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		203.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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400-003-0500 www.anbotek.com

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.30	0.85	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.71	9.71	9.71	0.15	1.36	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.87	9.87	9.87	0.16	1.37	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.24	1.01	±12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.24	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.50	0.75	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.45	1.35	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.45	1.45	±13.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.09	10.09	10.09	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	9.88	9.88	9.88	0.19	1.32	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.23	1.15	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.24	1.06	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.19	1.24	±12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.19	1.39	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.55	0.80	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.46	0.89	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.52	0.80	±12.1%
5250	48.9	5.36	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.45	1.80	±13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.48	1.90	±13.3%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.48	1.95	±13.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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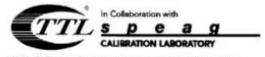
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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

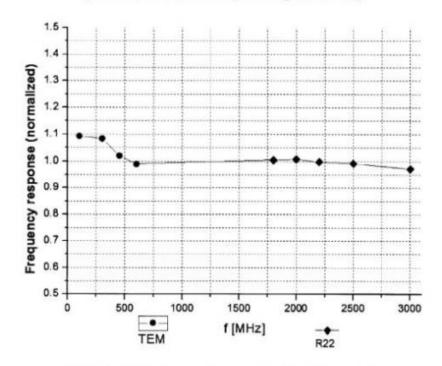


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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No: Z20-68716

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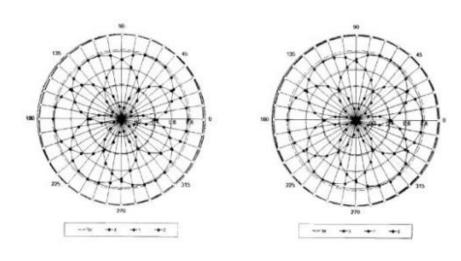


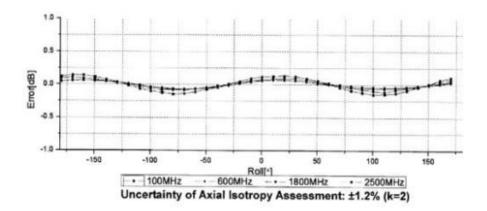
Http://www.chinattl.cn

# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

# f=1800 MHz, R22





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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz) 105 Input Signal[µV] 104 10 10-2 10° 10 10 10<sup>2</sup> SAR[mW/cm3] not compensated -1 10 2 10 SAR[mW/cm3] not compensated compensated Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

Certificate No: Z20-68716





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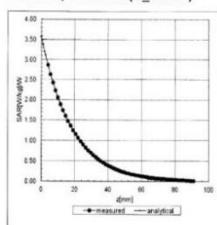


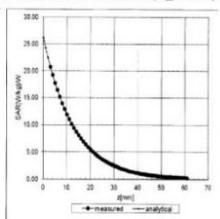
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# Conversion Factor Assessment

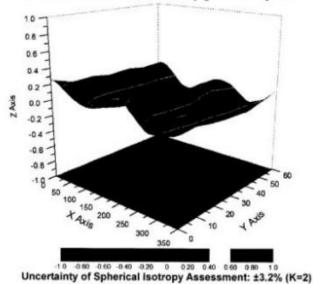
#### f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

# f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)





# Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7396

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	156.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstresse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizie svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Anbotek (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-387\_Sep10

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 387

Calibration procedura(s) QA CAL-06, v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: September 06, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity = 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	15-Aug-20 (No:21092)	Aug-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE LIWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS OUR AA 1002	05-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

Calibrated by:

Dominique Steffen

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Function Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

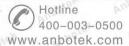
Sven Kühn Deputy Manager

1. V Blumo

issued: September 05, 2020

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA.

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

 DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at ±10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-387\_Sep10

Fage 2 of 5



Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Tel:(86)755-26066440 Fax:(86)755-26014772 Email:service@anbotek.com





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#### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 6.1µV, full range = -100...+300 mV Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3rnV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

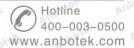
Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	404.489 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.852 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.862 ± 0.02% (k=2)
		3.95875 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

#### Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	53.0 ° ± 1 °
---	--------------

Certificate No: DAE4-387\_Sep10

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# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)	
Channel X + Input	200032.85	-3.31	-0.00	
Channel X + Input	20007.64	1.88	0.01	
Channel X - Input	-20003.48	1.18	-0.01	
Channel Y + Input	200034.23	-1,43	-0.00	
Channel Y + Input	20006.60	0.91	0.00	
Channel Y - Input	-20004.04	0.72	-0.00	
Channel Z + Input	200035.38	-0.83	-0.00	
Channel Z + Input	20003.69	-2.11	-0.01	
Channel Z - Input	-20006.38	-1.59	0.01	

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)	
Channel X + Input	2001.63	0.08	0.00	
Channel X + Input	202.29	0.70	0.35	
Channel X - Input	-197.90	0.60	-0.30	
Channel Y + Input	2001.33	-0.07	-0.00	
Channel Y + Input	200.86	-0.60	-0.30	
Channel Y - Input	-199.87	-1.23	0.62	
Channel Z + Input	2001.61	0.27	0.01	
Channel Z + Input	200.60	-0.70	-0.35	
Channel Z - Input	-199.51	-0.85	0.43	

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	13.50	11.56
	- 200	-8.64	-11.18
Channel Y	200	-0.81	-1.28
	- 200	1.05	0.09
Channel Z	200	7,17	6.91
	- 200	-9.46	-9.01

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		-1.70	0.33
Channel Y	200	10.70		-0.38
Channel Z	200	7.11	7.89	-

Certificate No: DAE4-387\_Sep10

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### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15969	17466
Channel Y	15661	16162
Channel Z	15990	16190

#### Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MQ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.73	-2.58	3.29	0.62
Channel Y	0.41	-0.49	1,23	0.40
Channel Z	-0.80	-1.88	0.30	0.42

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

# 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

# Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Z19-60291

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 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 http://www.chinattl.cn

CTTL(South Branch) Certificate No: Client

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D750V3 - SN: 1163

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-711-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: September 3, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) To and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	一大大
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	The a

Issued: September 6, 2019

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)". July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

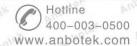
e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY52	V52.10.2
Advanced Extrapolation	
Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
15 mm	with Spacer
dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
750 MHz ± 1 MHz	
	Advanced Extrapolation  Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C  15 mm  dx, dy, dz = 5 mm

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.6 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.53 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.70 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.9 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.78 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.87 W/kg ±18.7 % (k=2)

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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5Ω- 4.53jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.9dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5Ω- 3.38jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.5dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	0.900 ns
Electrical Belay (one direction)	0.900 118

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

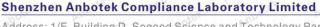
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SDEAG
Manufactured by	SPEAG

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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1163

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.904$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.62$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 09.03.2019

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019

Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062

 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

#### Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

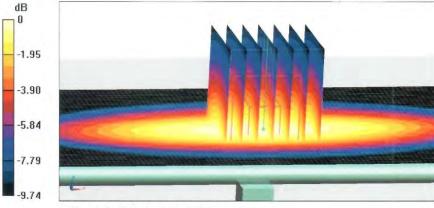
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.11 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg



0 dB = 2.81 W/kg = 4.49 dBW/kg

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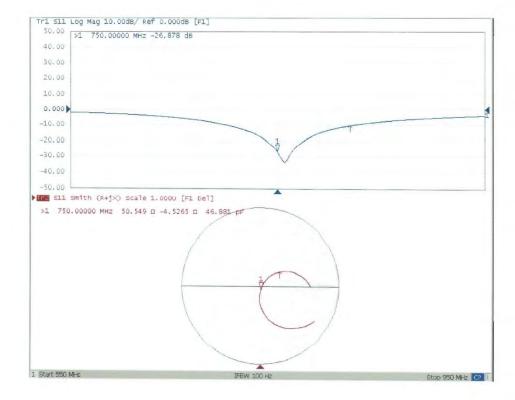


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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Date: 09.03.2019



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1163 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.942$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019

Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062

 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

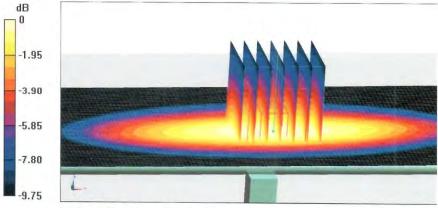
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg

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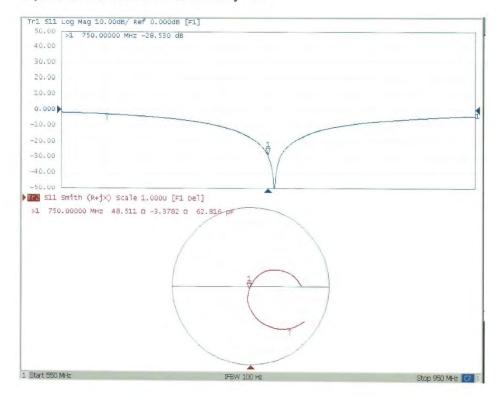


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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

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**Certificate No:** 

Z18-97089

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d154

Anbotek (Auden)

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-2-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: Jun 16, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) °C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

101919	04 I.J. 47 (OTTL No. 147V040EC)	
	01-Jul-17 (CTTL, No.J17X04256)	Jun-18
101547	01-Jul-17 (CTTL, No.J17X04256)	Jun-18
SN 7307	19-Feb-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb18)	Feb-19
SN 771	02-Feb-18(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011)	Feb-19
ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
MY49071430	01-Feb-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00893)	Jan-19
MY46110673	26-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00894)	Jan-19
	SN 7307 SN 771 ID# MY49071430	SN 7307 19-Feb-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb18) SN 771 02-Feb-18(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z18-97011)  ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) MY49071430 01-Feb-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00893)

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	是先
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	-2002
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	In wife
		Terror de Terr	47 db.0.

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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#### Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010 d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.30 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.24 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.02 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.4 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.57 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.36 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

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In Collaboration with

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#### **Appendix**

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2Ω- 3.11jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.8dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6Ω- 2.33jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.4dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.508 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

PEAG
,

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d154 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.891$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2/19/2018;

Date: 06.16.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2018-02-02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

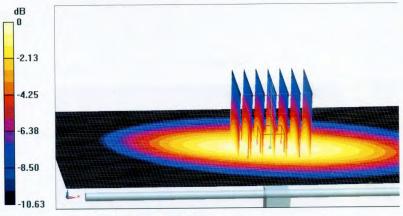
 $\textbf{Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:} \ \ \textbf{Measurement grid:} \ \ dx=5mm, \\$ 

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.14V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



0 dB = 2.91 W/kg = 4.64 dBW/kg

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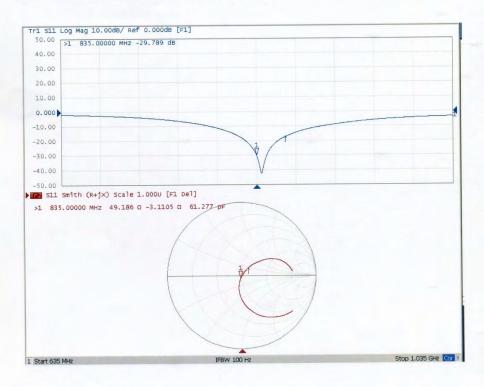


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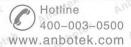
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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.991$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(9.83,9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2/19/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2018-02-02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Date: 06.16.2018

#### Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

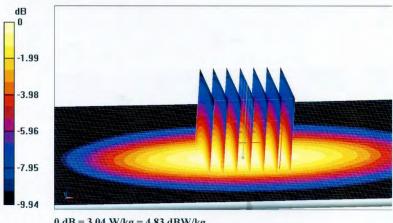
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.04 W/kg



0 dB = 3.04 W/kg = 4.83 dBW/kg

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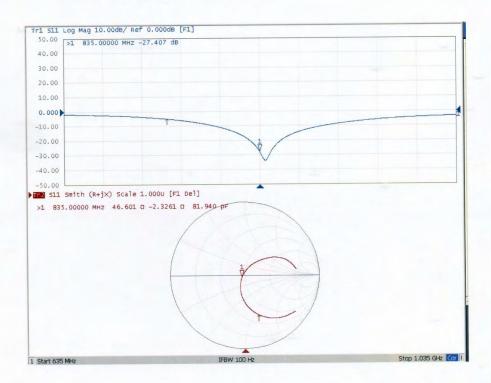




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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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中国认可 国际互认 CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570** 

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Client

Anbotek (Auden)

Certificate No: Z19-97103

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D1750V2 - SN: 1021

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: July 3, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X04777)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X04777)	Jun-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb19)	Feb-20
DAE4	SN 771	02-Feb-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-97011)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00893)	Jan-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00894)	Jan-20
Network / mary zer zeor re	1111 10110010	20 000 10 (0112) 1100 1010 1010	12011

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	<b>凌</b> 者
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	DOB!
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	172 HSTZ
		Issued: July 4	1, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured N/A

- Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:
  a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.

  Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
- point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL .	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.5 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.17 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.9 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.94 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.8 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.1 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.25 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.7 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.94 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.7 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

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