Compliance list INTEGRATION INSTRUCTIONS for 996369 D03 OEM the and 996369 D03 OEM by Sections 2.2 through 2.10.

Requirement	Yes	N/A	Comment
2.2 List of applicable FCC rules	YES	1.,,,,	Refer to instruction
List the FCC rules that are applicable to the	123		Neter to motification
modular transmitter. These are the rules that			FCC standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15
specifically establish the bands of operation,			Subpart C Section 15.247
the power, spurious emissions, and operating			Subpart & Section 13.2 17
fundamental frequencies. DO NOT list			
compliance to unintentional-radiator rules			
(Part 15 Subpart B) since that is not a			
condition of a module grant that is extended			
to a host manufacturer. See also Section 2.10			
below concerning the need to notify host			
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manufacturers that further testing is			
required. ₃ 2.3 Summarize the specific operational use	YES		Refer to instruction
conditions	TES		Refer to instruction
Describe use conditions that are applicable to			Integral antonna with antonna gain 2dB:
the modular transmitter, including for			Integral antenna with antenna gain 2dBi
example any limits on antennas, etc. For			
example, if point-to-point antennas are used			
that require reduction in power or			
compensation for cable loss, then this			
information must be in the instructions. If the			
use condition limitations extend to			
professional users, then instructions must			
state that this information also extends to the			
host manufacturer's instruction manual. In			
addition, certain information may also be			
needed, such as peak gain per frequency band			
and minimum gain, specifically for master			
devices in 5 GHz DFS bands.		21/2	Not conficely.
2.4 Limited module procedures		N/A	Not applicable
If a modular transmitter is approved as a "limited module," then the module			
manufacturer is responsible for approving the			
host environment that the limited module is			
used with. The manufacturer of a limited			
module must describe, both in the filing and in			
the installation instructions, the alternative			
means that the limited module manufacturer			
uses to verify that the host meets the necessary			
requirements to satisfy the module limiting			
conditions.			
A limited module manufacturer has the			
flexibility to define its alternative method to			
address the conditions that limit the initial			
approval, such as: shielding, minimum			

	,		
signaling amplitude, buffered modulation/data			
inputs, or power supply regulation. The			
alternative method could include that the			
limited module manufacturer reviews detailed			
test data or host designs prior to giving the host			
manufacturer approval.			
This limited module procedure is also			
*			
applicable for RF exposure evaluation when it			
is necessary to demonstrate compliance in a			
specific host. The module manufacturer must			
state how control of the product into which the			
modular transmitter will be installed will be			
maintained such that full compliance of the			
product is always ensured. For additional hosts			
other than the specific host originally granted			
with a limited module, a Class II permissive			
change is required on the module grant to			
register the additional host as a specific host			
also approved with the module.			
2.5 Trace antenna designs		N/A	Not applicable
For a modular transmitter with trace antenna		,	
designs, see the guidance in Question 11 of			
KDB Publication 996369 D02 FAQ – Modules			
for Micro-Strip Antennas and traces. The			
integration information shall include for the			
TCB review the integration instructions for the			
following aspects: layout of trace design, parts			
list (BOM), antenna, connectors, and isolation			
requirements.4			
a) Information that includes permitted			
variances (e.g., trace boundary limits,			
thickness, length, width, shape(s), dielectric			
constant, and impedance as applicable for each			
type of antenna);			
b) Each design shall be considered a different			
type (e.g., antenna length in multiple(s) of			
frequency, the wavelength, and antenna shape			
(traces in phase) can affect antenna gain and			
must be considered);			
c) The parameters shall be provided in a			
manner permitting host manufacturers to			
design the printed circuit (PC) board layout;			
design the printed eneart (1 %) sould layout,			
d) Appropriate parts by manufacturer and			
specifications;			
a) Test procedures for design weiting and			
e) Test procedures for design verification; and			
f) Production test procedures for ensuring			

compliance.		
The module grantee shall provide a notice that any deviation(s) from the defined parameters of the antenna trace, as described by the instructions, require that the host product manufacturer must notify the module grantee that they wish to change the antenna trace design. In this case, a Class II permissive change application is required to be filed by the grantee, or the host manufacturer can take responsibility through the change in FCC ID (new application) procedure followed by a Class II permissive change application.		
2.6 RF exposure considerations	YES	Refer to instruction
It is essential for module grantees to clearly and explicitly state the RF exposure conditions that permit a host product manufacturer to use the module. Two types of instructions are required for RF exposure information: (1) to the host product manufacturer, to define the application conditions (mobile, portable – xx cm from a person's body); and (2) additional text needed for the host product manufacturer to provide to end users in their end-product manuals. If RF exposure statements and use conditions are not provided, then the host product manufacturer is required to take responsibility of the module through a change in FCC ID (new application).		This modular complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
2.7 Antennas	YES	Refer to instruction
A list of antennas included in the application for certification must be provided in the instructions. For modular transmitters approved as limited modules, all applicable professional installer instructions must be included as part of the information to the host product manufacturer. The antenna list shall also identify the antenna types (monopole, PIFA, dipole, etc. (note that for example an "omni-directional antenna" is not considered to be a specific "antenna type")). For situations where the host product manufacturer is responsible for an external connector, for example with an RF pin and antenna trace design, the integration instructions shall inform the installer that		Integral antenna with antenna gain 2dBi

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unique antenna connector must be used on the		
Part 15 authorized transmitters used in the host		
product. The module manufacturers shall		
provide a list of acceptable unique connectors.		
2.8 Label and compliance information	YES	Refer to instruction
Grantees are responsible for the continued		If the FCC identification number is not
compliance of their modules to the FCC rules.		visible when the module is installed inside
This includes advising host product		another device, then the outside of the
manufacturers that they need to provide a		device into which the module is installed
physical or e-label stating "Contains FCC ID"		must also display a label referring to the
with their finished product. See Guidelines for		enclosed module. This exterior label can
•		
Labeling and User Information for RF Devices –		use wording such as the following:
KDB Publication 784748.		"Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID:
		2AATL-6162C-IC Or Contains FCC ID:
		2AATL-6162C-IC"
2.9 Information on test modes and additional	YES	
testing requirements₅		Refer to instruction
Additional and described to the described		Annual control of the first state of the first stat
Additional guidance for testing host products is		Any company of the host device which
given in KDB Publication 996369 D04 Module		install this modular with modular approval
Integration Guide. Test modes should take into		should perform the test of radiated &
consideration different operational conditions		conducted emission and spurious
for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host,		emission, etc. according to FCC part 15C:
as well as for multiple simultaneously		15.247 and 15.209 &15.207 ,15B Class B
transmitting modules or other transmitters in a		requirement, Only if the test result comply
host product.		with FCC part 15C: 15.247 and 15.209
The grantee should provide information on		&15.207,15B Class B requirement, then
how to configure test modes for host product		the host can be sold legally.
evaluation for different operational conditions		the host can be sold legally.
for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host,		
versus with multiple, simultaneously		
transmitting modules or other transmitters in a		
host.		
Grantees can increase the utility of their		
modular transmitters by providing special		
means, modes, or instructions that simulates or		
characterizes a connection by enabling a		
transmitter. This can greatly simplify a host		
manufacturer's determination that a module as		
installed in a host complies with FCC		
requirements.		
2.10 Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B	YES	Refer to instruction
disclaimer		Any company of the host device which install this modular
		with modular approval should perform the test of radiated
The grantee should include a statement that		& conducted emission and spurious emission,etc. according to FCC part 15C: 15.247 and 15.209
the modular transmitter is only FCC		&15.207,15B Class B requirement, Only if the test result
authorized for the specific rule parts (i.e., FCC		comply with FCC part 15C : 15.247 and 15.209
transmitter rules) listed on the grant, and that		&15.207 ,15B Class B requirement, then the host can be
the host product manufacturer is responsible		sold legally

for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. If the grantee markets their product as being Part 15 Subpart B compliant (when it also contains unintentional-radiator digital circuity), then the grantee shall provide a notice stating that the final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed.6

When the module is installed inside another device, the user manual of the host must contain below warning statements;

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- —Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- —Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- —Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to $\label{eq:connection} \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$
- which the receiver is connected.
- —Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.