## FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

## **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

Report No.: RA230421-21182E-RF-00A

a) According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

## **Measurement Result**

## For worst case:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up power		Calculated Distance	Calculated	Threshold	SAR Test
	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	Value	(1-g SAR)	Exclusion
2402-2480	4.0	2.51	5	0.8	3.0	Yes

Result: No Standalone SAR test is required