

Anova Applied Electronics, Inc.

RF TEST REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK:

FCC Part 15.407 & ISED RSS-247 RF report

Model:

AN300-10,
AN350-10

REPORT NUMBER:

240301065SHA-004

ISSUE DATE:

July 25, 2024

DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER:

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TEST REPORT

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Report no.: 240301065SHA-004

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FCC ID: 2APBOAN300

IC: 23717-AN300

SUMMARY:

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification:

47CFR Part 15 (2023): Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

RSS-247 Issue 3 (February 2023): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02: Compliance Measurement Procedures for Unlicensed-National Information Infrastructure Devices Operating In The 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz Bands Incorporating Dynamic Frequency Selection

KDB 905462 D03 NII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02: U-NII CLIENT DEVICES WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION CAPABILITY

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Reviewer
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TEST REPORT

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
240301065SHA-004	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	July 25, 2024

Measurement result summary

TEST ITEM	FCC CLAUSE	IC CLAUSE	TEST RESULT
Initial Channel Availability Check Time	15.407(h)(2)	RSS-247 clause 6.3	NA
Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check & End of the Channel Availability Check Time	15.407(h)(2)	RSS-247 clause 6.3	NA
Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Time	15.407(h)(2)	RSS-247 clause 6.3	Pass
Non-occupancy period	15.407(h)(2)	RSS-247 clause 6.3	Pass
UNII Detection Bandwidth Measurement	15.407(h)(2)	RSS-247 clause 6.3	NA
Statistical Performance Check	15.407(h)(2)	RSS-247 clause 6.3	NA

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product name:	Sous Vide Immersion Circulator
Type/Model:	AN300-10, AN350-10
Description of EUT:	EUT is a Sous Vide Immersion Circulator with BLE and WIFI functions, there are two models, they are the same except declared power. We tested AN300-10 as representative and listed the worst results in this report.
Rating:	120V AC, 60Hz, AN300-10: 850W; AN350-10: 800W
EUT type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
Sample received date:	October 28, 2022
Date of test:	November 6, 2022~ November 17, 2022

1.2 RF Technical Information

Specification Items	Description
Protocol	802.11a, 802.11n(HT20), 802.11n(HT40)
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
Channel Frequency	5250-5350MHz; 5470-5725MHz
Channel Bandwidth	20MHz, 40MHz
Max. EIRP Power	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> < 200mW <input type="checkbox"/> ≥ 200mW
Operating Mode	<input type="checkbox"/> Master <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Client without Radar Detection <input type="checkbox"/> Client with Radar Detection
Manufacturer Statement	Manufacturer statement confirming that information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms are not available to the end user.

TEST REPORT

1.3 Channel List

FCC

U-NII-2A					
802.11a/n(HT20)					
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
52	5260 MHz	56	5280 MHz	60	5300 MHz
64	5320 MHz				
802.11a/n(HT40)					
54	5270 MHz	62	5310MHz		
U-NII-2C					
802.11a/n(HT20)					
100	5500 MHz	104	5520 MHz	108	5540 MHz
112	5560 MHz	116	5580 MHz	120	5600 MHz
124	5620 MHz	128	5640 MHz		
802.11n(HT40)					
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
102	5510 MHz	110	5550MHz	118	5590 MHz
126	5630 MHz	134	5670 MHz		

IC

U-NII-2A					
802.11a/n(HT20)					
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
52	5260 MHz	56	5280 MHz	60	5300 MHz
64	5320 MHz				
802.11a/n(HT40)					
54	5270 MHz	62	5310MHz		
U-NII-2C					
802.11a/n(HT20)					
100	5500 MHz	104	5520 MHz	108	5540 MHz
112	5560 MHz	116	5580 MHz	132	5660 MHz
136	5680 MHz	140	5700 MHz		
802.11n(HT40)					
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
102	5510 MHz	110	5550MHz	134	5670 MHz

1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai
Address:	Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China
Telephone:	86 21 61278200
Telefax:	86 21 54262353

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by these organizations:	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L0139
	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN0175
	IC Registration Lab CAB identifier.: CN0014
	VCCI Registration Lab Member No: 3598 (Registration No.: R-14243, G-10845, C-14723, T-12252)
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02

2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2020): Radio Frequency Devices

RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02: Compliance Measurement Procedures for Unlicensed-National Information Infrastructure Devices Operating In The 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz Bands Incorporating Dynamic Frequency Selection

KDB 905462 D03 NII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02: U-NII CLIENT DEVICES WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION CAPABILITY

2.2 Mode of operation during the test

Stream the channel loading test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the test Channel for the entire period of the test if necessary.

2.3 Test peripherals used

Item No	Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Note
1	Laptop computer	DELL 5480	-	-
2	Digital Home ONU (Master)	Alcatel-Lucent	A-240Z-A	FCC ID: 2ADZRA240ZA IC: 21694-A240ZA

2.4 Instrument list

RF test					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2023-03-14
<input type="checkbox"/>	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2023-03-14
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2023-03-14
<input type="checkbox"/>	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	EC5944	2023-01-20
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2023-03-14
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mobile Test System	Litepoint	lqxel	EC 5176	2023-01-11
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2022-12-09
<input type="checkbox"/>	Climate chamber	GWS	MT3065	EC 6021	2023-03-06
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9030B	EC 6078	2023-06-04
Additional instrument					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3783	2023-03-10
<input type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3481	2022-12-22
<input type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 5198	2023-02-27
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3325	2023-04-07
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2023-07-14

Test Software	Manufacturer	Function
Pulse Building	Agilent	Radar Signal Generation Software
DFS Tool	Agilent	DFS Test Software

2.5 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Maximum peak output power	$\pm 0.74\text{dB}$
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	$\pm 4.90\text{dB}$
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	$\pm 5.02\text{dB}$
Emission outside the frequency band	$\pm 2.89\text{dB}$
Power line conducted emission	$\pm 3.19\text{dB}$

3 DFS Detection Thresholds and Radar Test Waveforms

Test result: Pass

3.1 Interference Threshold values

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)
≥ 200 mW	-64 dBm
< 200 mW	-62 dBm
<p><i>Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.</i></p> <p><i>Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.</i></p>	

3.2 DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
<i>Non-occupancy period</i>	Minimum 30 minutes
<i>Channel Availability Check Time</i>	60 seconds
<i>Channel Move Time</i>	10 seconds See Note 1.
<i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
<i>U-NII Detection Bandwidth</i>	Minimum 80% of the 99% power bandwidth See Note 3.
<p><i>Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.</i></p> <p><i>Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.</i></p> <p><i>Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.</i></p>	

3.3 Radar Test Waveforms Minimum Step

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

3.4 Test Result

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μs)	PRI (μs)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1a	1	15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Note 2	Roundup $\{(1/360) * (19 * 10^6 / \text{PRI})\}$	60%	30
1b		15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066μsec, with a minimum increment of 1 μsec, excluding PRI values selected in radar type 1a			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

Note 2: Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Radar Type 1a

Pulse Repetition Frequency No	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (us)
1	1930.5	518
2	1858.7	538
3	1792.1	558
4	1730.1	578
5	1672.2	598
6	1618.1	618
7	1567.4	638
8	1519.8	658
9	1474.9	678
10	1432.7	698
11	1392.8	718
12	1355	738
13	1319.3	758
14	1285.3	778
15	1253.1	798
16	1222.5	818
17	1193.3	838
18	1165.6	858
19	1139	878
20	1113.6	898
21	1089.3	918
22	1066.1	938
23	326.2	3066

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.

For example, if in Short Pulse Radar Type 1 Test B a PRI of 3066us is selected, the number of pulses would be

$$\text{Roundup} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{3066} \right) \right\} = \text{Roundup} \{17.2\} = 18.$$

3.5 Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μs)	PRI (μs)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Each waveform is defined as follows:

- 1) The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- 2) There are a total of 8 to 20 *Bursts* in the 12 second period, with the number of *Bursts* being randomly chosen. This number is *Burst_Count*.
- 3) Each *Burst* consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each *Burst* within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- 4) The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a *Burst* will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different *Bursts* may have different pulse widths.
- 5) Each pulse has a linear frequency modulated chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a *Burst* will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different *Bursts* may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- 6) If more than one pulse is present in a *Burst*, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a *Burst*, the random time interval between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the random time interval between the second and third pulses.
- 7) The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to *Burst_Count*. Each interval is of length $(12,000,000 / \text{Burst_Count})$ microseconds. Each interval contains one *Burst*. The start time for the *Burst*, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and $[(12,000,000 / \text{Burst_Count}) - (\text{Total Burst Length}) + (\text{One Random PRI Interval})]$ microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each *Burst* is chosen randomly.

A representative example of a Long Pulse Radar Type waveform:

- 1) The total test waveform length is 12 seconds.
- 2) Eight (8) *Bursts* are randomly generated for the *Burst_Count*.
- 3) *Burst 1* has 2 randomly generated pulses.
- 4) The pulse width (for both pulses) is randomly selected to be 75 microseconds.
- 5) The PRI is randomly selected to be at 1213 microseconds.
- 6) *Bursts 2* through 8 are generated using steps 3 – 5.
- 7) Each *Burst* is contained in even intervals of 1,500,000 microseconds. The starting location for Pulse 1, *Burst 1* is randomly generated (1 to 1,500,000 minus the total *Burst 1* length + 1 random PRI interval) at the 325,001 microsecond step. *Bursts 2* through 8 randomly fall in successive 1,500,000 microsecond intervals (i.e. *Burst 2* falls in the 1,500,001 – 3,000,000 microsecond range).

3.6 Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μs)	PRI (μs)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

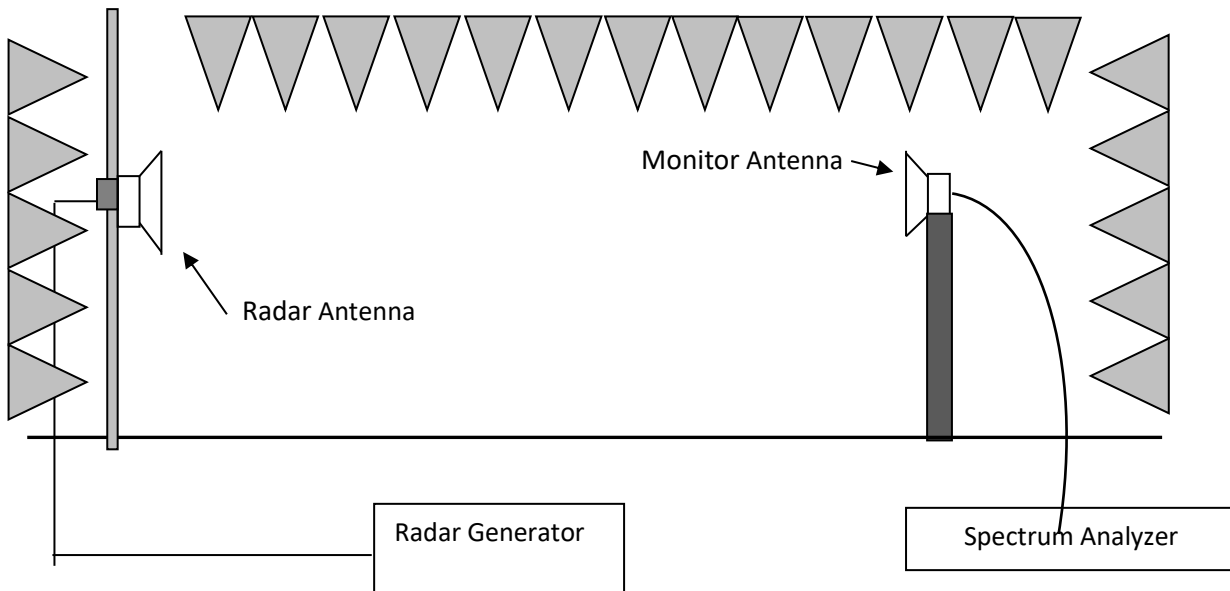
For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same Burst parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 – 5724MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.

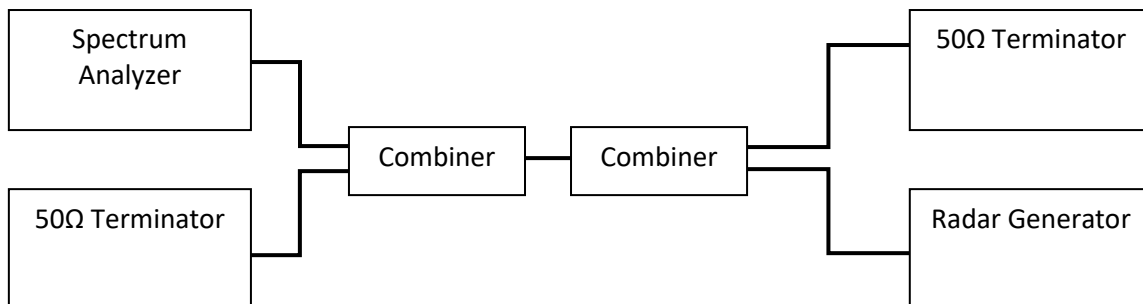
Note: If a segment does not contain at least 1 frequency within the U-NII Detection Bandwidth of the UUT, then that segment is not used.

3.7 Calibration Setup

☐ Radiated Method



☒ Conducted Method



3.8 Radar Waveform Calibration Procedure

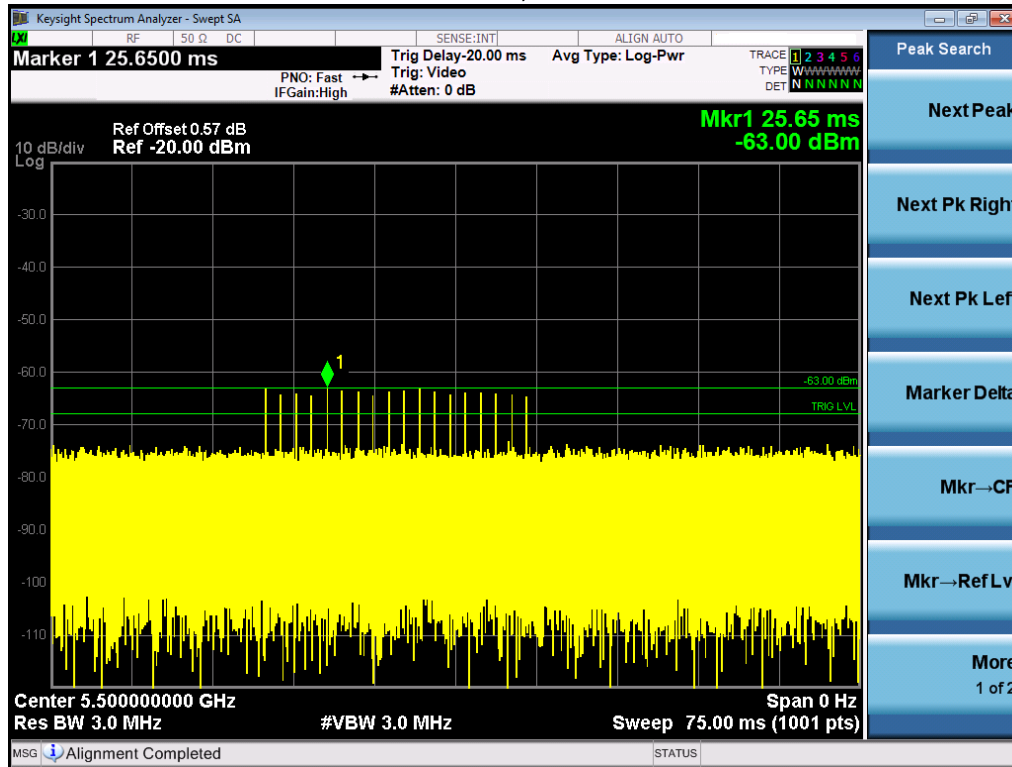
The Interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is -64dBm or -62dBm + 0 [dBi] + 1 dB that had been taken into account the output power range and antenna gain. The above equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted Radar Waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50ohm terminal form Master and Client device and no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (Time Domain) at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to at least 3MHz. The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -64dBm or -62dBm + 0 [dBi] + 1 dB. Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar types, long pulse radar type and hopping radar waveform.

Central Frequency of Calibration:

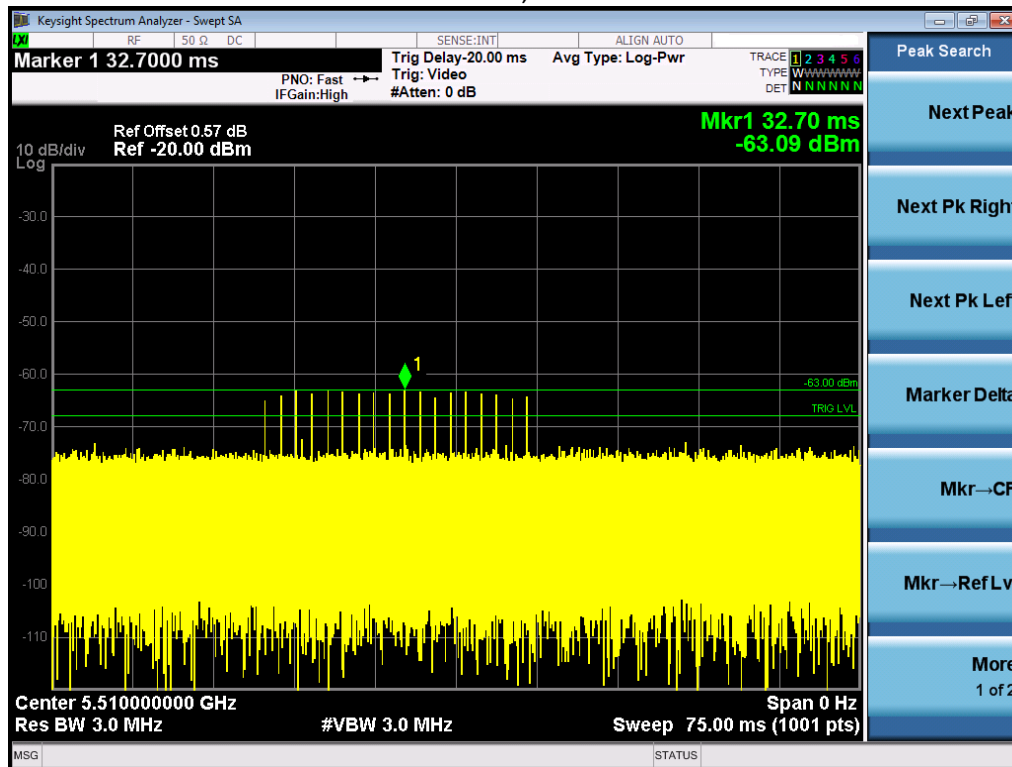
- ☒ Bandwidth 20MHz: 5500MHz
- ☒ Bandwidth 40MHz: 5510MHz
- ☐ Bandwidth 80MHz: 5530MHz

3.9 Radar Waveform Calibration Result

5500MHz, Radar 0



5510MHz, Radar 0



4 In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time, and Non-Occupancy Period.

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mention parameters when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB (-63dBm) is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client Device will associate with the UUT (Master) at 5530MHz. Stream the MPEG test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the selected Channel for the entire period of the test.

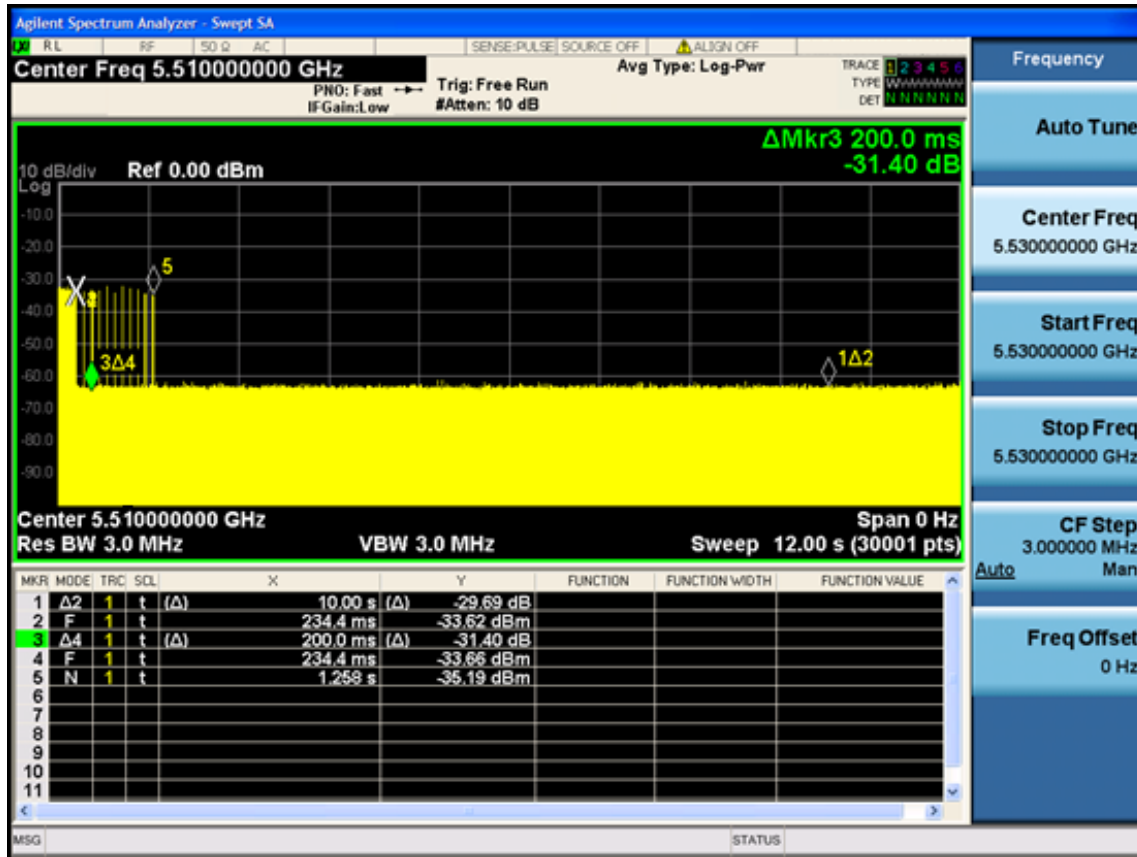
At time T0 the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for each of the radar types at -63dBm.

Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

Type 0 radar was used for these tests.

4.1 Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time

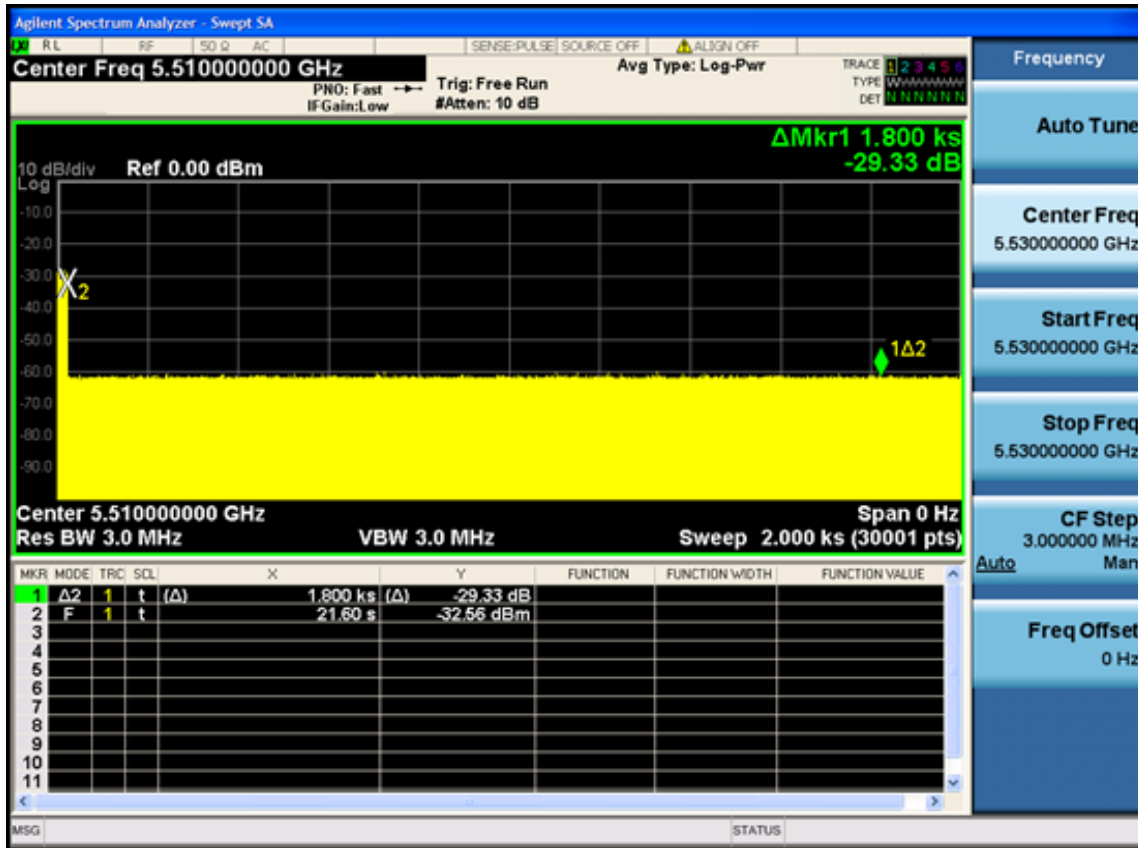
5510MHz



Test Item	Limit	Results
Channel Move Time	10 s	Pass
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200ms + an aggregate of 60ms over remaining 10 second period.	Pass

4.2 Non-Occupancy Period

5510MHz



Test Item	Limit	Results
Non-Occupancy Period	30 minutes	Pass

***** END *****